Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO THURSDAY, APRIL 1 1897. NO. 281

JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
AGENTS FOR E. & D. and CRESCENT WHEELS - - -
Best Bicycles on Earth.

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Opening

WE are to-day opening up to do business in the future on strictly cash principles.

We would invite our customers and the public to call and have a look through our large stock and see the very low prices Dry Goods can be bought for, when bought for cash.

All goods are marked in plain figures, and only one price to everybody.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

True Blues.
Civic Committees.
C. O. F. Juv. Foresters.
Belleville 81, I. O. O. F.
Forest and Stream Club.
Select Knight of Canada.
Service—St. Thomas' Church.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Belleville Lodge A F. & A. M.
C. O. O. F. Loyal Moira Lodge.
Choir Practice—John st. Church.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

APR. 1—Prince Bismarck born, 1815.
Simcoe granted reserve on Bay of Quinte, 1793.

THE WEATHER.

Unbroken fine weather. Predictions of rain go for naught. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	22	Min	28
8 a. m	28	8 a. m	44
Noon	40	Noon	47

PROBABILITIES.

Fresh to strong northeasterly to easterly winds; fine and mild.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

At 3 a.m.

It is said that a youth who imagines he has "love's young dream" was rudely awakened from his slumbers at 3 o'clock this morning and informed that his lady love was leaving by the 4 a.m. train for the west. He was not "Laing" in getting there, only to be greeted at the station by the few who were there (who had been informed by telephone of the joke) with a salvo of "try the next train; she ain't going by this one; remember this is the 1st of April."

Boys' Three-Piece Suits.

The Oak Hall generally have the best value to be had in clothing. This is true all over the store, but we have something very special this spring in boys' three-piece suits at $3, $3.50, and $5. These are very low prices for good goods. Remember, we do not carry shoddy, and no matter how low our prices, we sell you suits that will wear.

Spring Underwear.

Medium weight underwear suitable for spring $1.00 a suit at Harry's.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Bread has declined to 10c. per loaf.

March went out like a docile young sheep.

The veterans of '66 at Peterborough will organize.

Company drill of the 15th Battalion will begin on April 15th.

The officers of Court Moira, I. O. F. No. 33 will be installed this evening.

This is "All Fools Day" and we are told "that everyone is more or less a fool."

There was a good market this morning. Eggs sold as low as 8c. and butter 16c.

The new Lee-Enfield rifles for the 15th are expected here to-morrow or Saturday.

To Mr. Hardy—"Governments are like garments, we outgrow them and seek new ones."

Mr. Haggerty has introduced into the Legislature a Bill respecting Police Magistrates.

To be generous in the true sense of the word, is to part with what we have least of, and need most.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

Operations have been begun for an addition to the cold storage warehouse of Thos. Watkin at the station.

Take notice that Mrs. J. C. Jamieson's sale will take place on Tuesday, April 13.—J. G. DAVIDSON, Auctioner.

Adjourned sale of household goods at the O'Brien House will be held on Saturday at 10 o'clock. 2tp.

A big crowd of people lined up in front of Haines & Lockett's store this afternoon waiting the opening of the fire sale.

Mrs. Theodore Spafford, Foster Ave., will sell her household effects on Wednesday, Apr. 7th.—J. G. DAVISON, Auctioneer. dlt

The ice on the bay is very rotten and is breaking up rapidly. A strong wind from west or southwest would carry it out rapidly.

Messrs. Poupore & Fraser and McDonald & Manning are employing between forty and fifty men at the Point Ann quarries. When navigation opens the gangs will be largely increased.

We will sell for 3 days. Men's Fast Colored Regatta Shirt, 2 collars, 1 pair of cuffs separate, for 83c. Same quality sold elsewhere for $1.00. These are all new Spring goods.—W. B. DEACON. 2t.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

If many more of the merchants, and outside advertisers insist upon the use of the INTELLIGENCER's columns, enlargement of the paper will become a necessity; but don't let this deter you. If you want to let the public know your business, come on, and we will make the space and set the pace, as we hitherto have done.

We do not claim that our Daily circulation is double that of our contemporaries, but it is equal to, if not larger, than any other in the city. Our Weekly circulation exceeds that of any other journal in Central Ontario, it reaches the farming community and outside villages. It is by far the best advertising medium in this part of the country.

Every spring and fall, pedestrians who use the south side of Bridge street, from William to Ann sts., have either to walk in the mud in lieu of a sidewalk or they have the alternative of crossing to the north side, which is not very much trouble, it is true; but is it not a pity that the principal residential street in our city should be allowed to remain in this condition?

OBITUARY.

ALBERT HORTON.

A well-known farmer of the sixth concession of Thurlow, died last evening in the person of Albert Horton. Deceased had been in poor health for several years and his death was not unlooked for. He was about fifty-five years of age. His wife, who was a daughter of the late Simeon Ashley, of West Huntingdon, two sons and one daughter (a Mrs. Campbell) survive. Deceased was a brother of the Rev. Gilbert Horton, of Trenton, and a brother-in-law of Mr. I. Huffman, of this city. His remains will be taken to Stirling for interment. He was well and favorably known in Thurlow.

LEW B. STINSON.

On Tuesday Mr. Lew B. Stinson a highly respected resident of Picton died. Deceased, who was 78 years of age, leaves a widow and a family of four sons and one daughter. Miss R. B. Cooper of this city, is a daughter of deceased. The funeral takes place to-morrow.

White Duck Coats.

Barbers and bartenders can now find a complete range of sizes in white duck coats, price $1.00, at Harry's.

Married at Toronto.

Dr. Perry G. Goldsmith, son of Dr. Goldsmith of this city, was married this afternoon at the residence of Senator Cox, Toronto, to Miss Alice Davis, neice of the Senator.

Haines & Lockett's Sale.

Promptly at two o'clock to-day the doors will open and the fun commence.

Mining Note.

On Tuesday Walter Fanning secured a three month's option on a silver property adjoining the McFee-Lazier claim in Barrie township, Addington County.

THE LIFE OF DR. CHASE.

As a compiler of Chase's Recipe Book, his name is familiar in every household in the land, while as a physician his works on simple formulas left an imprint of his name that will be handed down from generation to generation. His last great medicine, in the form of his Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, is having the large public patronage that his Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure are having. Dr. Chase's syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is especially adapted for all bronchital and asthmatic troubles.

SPORTING NEWS.

THE WHEEL.

Wheelmen Getting Ready for the Season—Officers Elected.

A large number of the wheelmen of the city met last evening in Mr. W. S. Cook's office for the purpose of re-organizing the bicycle club. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed and with the increased number of wheelmen in the city this season the club promises to be in a very healthy condition in a few weeks. Mr. T. W. R. McRae was appointed Chairman and Mr. J. Cook, Secretary, pro tem. The election of officers resulted as follows:

Honorary President—J. J. B. Flint.
President—F. S. Foster.
Vice-President—H. P. Thompson.
Secretary—H. Austin.
Treasurer—F. M. McKeown.
Executive Committee—Chas. Schuster, J. H. McGuire, Wm. Robertson and T. W. R. McRae.
Captain—J. H. McGuire.
First Lieutenant—C. P. McKay.
Second Lieutenant—A. Armistead.
Bugler—J. Bell Rathbun.
Auditors—Jas. Gibson and F. S. Brintnell.

It was decided to call the club "The Belleville Ramblers."

The membership fee was fixed at $1, and it is to be hoped everyone who owns a wheel will join, as the fee entitles the holder of tickets to full privileges in the club, membership in the C.W.A., and the Canadian Wheelman, the official journal of the wheelmen of Canada, for one year.

The meeting adjourned for a week.

Membership tickets will be issued at once and they can be obtained from the Secretary or members of the Club.

BASKET BALL.

Y. M. C. A. Juniors Play Finals in Basket Ball.

Last night the juniors held the gymnasuim for and an hour and a half The programme was:

A game between Reds No. 1 and Reds No. 2, in which Reds No. 2 were victorious with a score of 5 to 3. The Yellows played the Blues; Yellows won by 5 to the Blues' 2. Then the final. Reds No. 2 played the Yellows, which resulted in the game for the Reds; score 5 to 4, making the Reds No. 2 champions of the junior department. They are Alfred Luscombe, Abel Finkle, W. Wilson, Harold Saunders, Geo. Bates.

The Blues did the best playing of the evening, but the Reds had the heavier team.

Speaking of the Y. M. C. A. team the Kingston Whig says:

"The Belleville team is composed of athletic young men of fine physique. They p'ay the old style game, against which combination work must prevail. They will be sure to profit by their experience in meeting with the Kingston team."

FOOTBALL.

The Maple Leaf Football Team met last night in the Y.M.C.A. parlor and elected the following officers for the season:

Honorary President—R. Bogle.
President—Ex-Ald. F. M. Clarke.
1st Vice-President—Ald. I. O. Frost.
2nd Vice-President—Jacob E. Finkle.
Business Manager—M. J. Clarke.
Captain—H. J. Luscombe.
Sec.-Treas.—I. F. Ackerman.

Boys' Shirts and Sweaters.

We are showing an elegant range of Boys' Sweaters, fine wool, blue, white and tan; also Boys' colored shirts, with fine blue and pink stripes, 2 collars and pair cuffs detachable. Also a range of light and dark blues with attached collars and cuffs at SCHUSTER'S.

A Bit of Thread.

One of the latest additions to the "Merchant Princes" of Belleville, whose merry eyes tell what a fund of humor and joke he is possessed of, had lying very innocently on his shoulder this morning a bit of thread. His friends in greeting him, while admiring the latest bow he wears and the sit of his new spring suit, also noticed the bit of white thread, and in their desire to make him look at his best proceeded to remove it. It was not until they had drawn out several yards of the thread that it dawned on them that he "had a string on them" and that it's a new way they were fooled, so early in the day of All Fools day.

Cheap Slippers.

Tweed slippers, 12c. per pair. Good carpet slippers, 25c. per pair. No. 1 stock Prunella slippers, 40c. Split slippers, 30c. All new stock.—VERMILYEA & SON.

"April Fool" Tricks.

The old, old "chestnut" of putting a brick in a hat and placing it on the sidewalk was "tried on" by a couple of clerks in the vicinity of Gough's store this morning. These youths have recently come from stores "away back," or they never would have tried to perpetrate a trick as fossilized as that. They stood with open mouths and expansive grin expecting to see it take, but it didn't. Passers by looked at the hat, then at the "greenies," and called them "April Fools."

$1.25 Colored Shirts for 75c.

With fine blue, pink and black stripes, also 2 collars and pair cuffs, detachable open front at SCHUSTER'S.

Sir Henry Joly De Lotbiniere's Son.

Sir Henry Joly de Lotbiniere's son, Edmond G. Joly de Lotbiniere, advocate, Quebec, has written to the author of the new preparation for toothache, healing wounds, and removing pain, saying, "'Pheno-Banum' or 'Quickcure' has always relieved the pain instantly and I will never be without it."

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

Belleville and the North.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

SIR,—When the railway from Belleville to Peterborough was first proposed the late Mr. Wm. Wallbridge expressed his opinion to the writer that it would conduce much more to the business advantage of Belleville if the North Hastings line were extended north to Bancroft. His ideas, unfortunately in one sense for the good of that city, were unpopular at that time, as it was thought that the trade of the back country was secure; but on the completion of the unexpected line from Trenton to Coe Hill, the trade alluded to was diverted into different channels, and almost totally lost to Belleville and Madoc. At a moderate calculation this business was worth $200,000 yearly, on the supposition that, taking the average of the summer and winter traffic, twenty loads a week were transported, consisting of grain, pork, flour, dry goods, groceries and other merchandise averaging in value $200 each load, some of the loads being worth from $200 to $1,000.

That the business acumen of the usually wide awake merchants of Belleville should be slow in any endeavor to regain their lost advantages, has long been a surprise and inconvenience to the now large and increasing population of the North, reaching far into the Nipissing District, so that the trade of the back country for, say, over 12,000 inhabitants, is undoubtedly three or four times the amount it was before the construction of any railway.

Unfortunately for Belleville, other places were not so slow in seeing their opportunity. Toronto has encouraged the I.B. & O., also the Parry Sound and Ottawa lines are both in operation, and next year it is possible that another line may be run from Killaloe, on the Arnprior, to Toronto, through this district.

We wish to draw attention to the fact that a continuation of the C.O.R. much farther in the northerly direction, affording the North Hastings running powers thereon, would still be found to be one of the most important lines that could possibly be established. In addition to the commerce before mentioned, if the line were extended to Whitney, the amount of the produce of the forest in railway ties, cedar, furniture wood, and what is now becomming of great consequence, pulp wood, seeing that it is currently reported by the American papers that wood fitted for this purpose will be exhausted in the United States in three years, and with this and all the above named timber, an amount exists in the townships through which a line ought to run that would take ages to exhaust.

It is reported that four thousand carloads of sawn lumber are transported in one year from Whitney to Ottawa; now as a route directly to the south would doubtless be preferred as being nearer the market across the line, this is surely worth consideration; it must be understood, however, that we have no wish to antagonize one line against the other, seeing that railways crossing each other at right angles are invariably mutually advantageous.

The country north of Maynooth is marvellously fine and picturesque, abounding in lakes and watercourses well stocked with trout, right through to the Algonquin Park. We have been several times called to visit the Ottawa and Perry Sound line, and on each visit a magnificent private train of carriages with their own splendid engine from the Vermont Central have been stationed there, having brought some of the American millionaires to enjoy the fine bracing air of the north, and avail themselves of the enjoyment that hunting and fishing so amply affords in every direction; and it is reported that ex-President Cleveland may be looked for in the near future in the district, as he is an expert angler.

In all this it is apparent that, attention having been drawn to this fine northern country, we in these southern parts should not be backward in realizing the advantages of profitable intercourse presented in every way, and in fact the market for farm produce and labor to the most important lumbering district remaining in Ontario, reaching to and beyond the C.P.R., would be again opened up to us in the south.

As to mines and minerals, what the district will be remains to be seen, but there is a certain prospect in view that by the end of this year much will have to be recorded.

J. CLEAK.

A Well-Dressed Man.

To be well dressed does not necessarily mean to be expensively dressed. With the splendid fitting garments being turned out by wholesale ready-to-wear houses, a man with limited means can to-day make a better appearance than he could with an expensive tailor-made suit a few years ago. No where can this argument be better demonstrated than at the Oak Hall Clothing House. Mr. Vermilyea has conducted the business for over ten years and his success is due to the fact that he has endeavored to buy exclusively from houses that turned out reliable goods. Mr. Vermilyea has acted upon the principle that a small profit quickly received is preferable to a large profit long delayed. The Oak Hall are ready with their new spring goods in every line from the two-piece suit worn by the smallest boy up to clothing for the largest man. His children's goods are all of the celebrated Sanford make, which is sufficient guarantee of their quality. In youths' and men's suits this house shows an immense range in all kinds of cloth and at prices to suit any purse. That very serviceable garment, the spring overcoat, is much in evidence just now and the Oak Hall have several beautiful lines. This house claim they can give any man a perfect fit and this is the chief factor in a well-dressed man. Mr. Vermilyea employs a capable staff of clerks, whose business it is to show goods, and they will be delighted to have you call and look through the stock. Read the Oak Hall ad. on the second page of the INTELLIGENCER. It will save you dollars.

Display of Wilkinson Hats.

Drab, Fawn, Black and Bronze in Hard and Soft Hats at SCHUSTER'S. Everything brand new.

Mrs. R. H. Smith, wife of President, Quebec Bank, writes: "'Quickcure' stopped toothache and its use prevented any further trouble during a trip to Europe and back."

Under eminent scientific control.

"APENTA"

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER

Relieves the kidneys, unloads the liver, & opens the bowels.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Goldsmith is at Toronto.

Mr. Jas. Boldrick, Stirling was in town to-day.

W. T. Fisher, Nottingham, is at the Quinte.

Mrs. Scott, of Colborne, is visiting friends in the city.

D. R. Murphy, Esq., Trenton, was in the city to-day.

Miss Lettie Boldrick, Stirling, is registered at the Quinte.

Mrs. W. H. Dingle is visiting her friends in Brockville.

Mrs. J. Davis, Albert st., is seriously ill with erysipelas.

Mrs. Terrill, Octavia st., is recovering from an attack of la grippe.

Mr. W. A. Carson is in Toronto at a meeting of the Canners' Association.

Dr. Hudson, Mrs. Hudson and Miss Hudson, of Roslin, were in the city to-day.

Mr. D. Stroud, of the big Montreal tea house, is registered at the Quinte.

Mrs. W. Jeffers Diamond is giving a "thimble party" this afternoon.

Mr. "Don" Bleecker, has arrived home from the medical school in Toronto.

Mrs. (Dr.) Quackenbush, George st., who has been very ill, is slowly improving.

Mrs. D. B. Solmes, of Solmesville, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. (Dr.) Clinton.

Miss Irene Brignall, George st., entertained a number of friends last night at her home.

Mrs. (Rev. Dr.) Galbraith is visiting numerous relatives and friends in her native city, Kingston.

Many friends will regret to learn that Mr. Wm. Connor, Albert st., is very low with pneumonia.

Col. Ponton has received an invitation to attend the annual dinner of the V. R. I. Club at Ottawa on the 15th inst.

R. E. Companion S. C. Warner, of Napanee, will pay an official visit to Moira Chapter A. F. and A. M. on Tuesday evening next.

Mr. Frank Sandys, G.T.R. Station Agent at Stirling, will be removed to Peterborough, where he will occupy a like position.

Miss Helen Caldwell, niece of Jos. Caldwell, L.D.S., has graduated as a trained nurse from the city hospital at Rochester and received her diploma.

A Los Angeles (California) paper says: "The engagement is announced of Miss May Bleecker, daughter of Henry Bleecker, the well-known attorney, and Percy F. Bonebrake, son of Major Geo. Bonebrake."

Sergts. A. Loutitt and H. Sharp, Bugler H. Taylor, and Privates H. Brown, W. Dunn, T. Pringle, W. Hagerman and C. Hollins have completed their three months' courses at the London and Toronto Military Schools and returned to the city to-day.

John Edgeworth, Jas. E. Anderson, J. C. Horner, Jas. H. King, J. C. Brackenridge, Chas. H. Hollins, C. W. Maguire, J. N. Storr and U. E. Tarbox, Toronto; J. W. McIntyre, A. F. Tytler and C. P. McNulty, London; B. Robinson, Lindsay; H. Hutchinson, Hamilton; A. W. H. Callaghan, Kingston; Thos. E. Hawkins, Creemon; Wm. Creighton, Montreal; Dr. S. Hudson, wife and daughter, Roslin; C. S. Saunderson, Ormsby, are registered at the Anglo.

J. A Cameron, Robt. B. Fairbairn, J. B. McDunnough, D. Stroud, Montreal; J. G. Lunday, T. S. G. Pepler, J. Hardy, J. Johnston, R. Mathews, J. W. Shouldice, R. P. Templeton, W. H. Brophy, Toronto; W. E. Rice, Minden City, Mich.; Miss Lettie Boldrick, Stirling; D. R Murphy, Trenton; W. T. Fisher, Nottingham; Jas. H. Milnes, Buffalo; H. E Buttary, A. B. Green, London, are at the Quinte.

Guaranteed.

We have secured the agency for Belleville for Hone's Pure Mixed Paints. We guarantee every can to give satisfaction or refund the money. We have no hesitation in stating this as we made a thorough test of these paints last season and every can gave perfect satisfaction. Floor paints a specialty.—ALEX. RAY.

Keeping in the Procesion.

The improvements of Bridge st. east are not completed yet. Mr. George Wallbridge's venerable fence has been removed from around his fine residence. And this morning ground was broken for alterations to Mrs. Furnival's residence. When finished it will in exterior and interior be a modern double house.

DEATHS.

STEVENSON—At Belleville, on Wednesday, March 31st, ALEXANDER, fourth son of Mr. Robert Stevenson, in his 33rd year

The funeral will take place from the family residence, West Bridge st., on Friday afternoon at 2:30.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind and Door Factory.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HARRIS & WALTON, OF THE CITY OF BELLEVILLE, INSOLVENTS.

TENDERS addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,685 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,208 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to

WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

Are You Moving OR Housecleaning
IF SO
TAKE the ELEVATOR

To our second and third floors, where you will find a complete assortment of House Furnishings and Carpets that will brighten up your home.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Brussels Carpets.
Wilton Carpets.
Tapestry Carpets.
Moquette Carpets.
All Wool Carpets.
Union Carpets.
Hemp Carpets.
Church Carpets.
China Mattings.
Floor Oilcloths.
Floor Rugs.
Table Covers.
White Quilts.

Brussels Net Curtains.
Nottingham Lace Curtains.
Chenille Curtains.
Tapestry Curtains.
Silk Curtains.
Light Fancy Curtains.
Curtain Materials.
Curtain Poles.
Window Shades.
Fancy Fringes.
Art Denims.
Cretonnes.
Furniture Coverings, &c.

AGENTS FOR "CROSSLEY'S" CARPETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

- THERE IS NO END -
To what we might tell you regarding the good features of our
Millinery Department
Which is now open for your inspection.

We shall be pleased to have you visit our store and see the Spring Styles in

Ladies' and Children's Headwear.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.
IMPORTERS.

A Lady's Views About WALL PAPER.

We have a letter from a lady at a distance to whom we sent wall paper samples a few days ago.

She describes our paper as the best she has seen anywhere, and the prices are so much lower than prices quoted by other Wall Paper houses as to seem almost ridiculous.

One extract from her letter says: "I found the papers in Book 'V' very superior to other papers, at 60c. a roll, with which I compared them."

By consulting our Book V price list we find the prices range from 8c. to 15c. a roll.

The difference was so great we could scarcely credit it, but in three or four places in the letter our correspondent particularly emphasizes this point.

We know our goods are right and our prices are right as compared with other towns and cities.

We have an interesting collection of letters from every quarter in Canada, all telling us the same story of choice papers at low prices.

C. B. Scantlebury.

Orange and Lemon Slices

Are the Latest New York Novelties in Cakes. . . . .

They may be seen in our window or store any day now. They are pretty, they are delicious and only 10c. per doz.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
TERMS CASH.

CURTAINS,
—CURTAIN MUSLINS and
—NETS,
—FURNITURE COVERINGS,
—CRETONNES,
—ART DRAPERIES, &c.

Dozens of patterns and popular prices, at

T. P. BROWN'S
Carpet and Curtain Store.

Picture Framing.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUOHEY proprietor. dif

J. A. Vandervoort,
390 Front St.

New Hats
Up-to-Date Styles.
In New and Nobby Colors.
FROM LEADING MAKERS.
AT POPULAR PRICES.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Hatter and Men's Furnisher.

HATS . . .
THAT . .
WEAR

That's what WAKEFIELD'S HATS do—wear till you are tired of them. Did you ever wear a Wakefield Fedora? If not, then your next new Fedora should be a Wakefield, for several reasons: Because WAKEFIELD'S ENGLISH FEDORAS are the best wearing goods in the world for the money. Then again we guarantee every hat to keep its shape and color until worn out. And besides being good wearers they are the most fashionable hats in the market. Six different shapes and colors.

Sold by
J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

CURED WEAK BACK FOR 25 CTS.

For two years I was dosed, pilled and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cts.

You may get over that slight cold all right, but it has left its mark on the membranes lining your throat. You are liable to take another cold and the second one will hang on longer than the first. Scott's Emulsion is not an ordinary cough specific, but it is "the ounce of prevention." It builds up the system, checks inflammation and heals inflamed membranes. "Slight" colds never bring serious results when it is promptly taken.

Book on the subject free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

Daily Intelligencer.

HOW DO THEY LIKE IT?

Commenting on the action of the French Canadians in electing the Government candidates in Bonaventure and Wright, "Le Soleil," the French Liberal organ at Quebec, predicts that on the 7th of April Champlain will also range itself under the Liberal banner, and that on the 11th of May, when the Conservative Government of the province will go to the people, their defeat will be more decisive than was that of the Conservatives in June last, because of the school issue.

"Without doubt," continues Mr. Laurier's organ (Pacaud, the notorious, editor) "in great measure, the gratitude "which our compatriots and co-religionists "continue to manifest to Mr. Laurier is for "having re-established in the schools of "Manitoba the Catholic and French, "which had been excluded from them during the last six years of the Conservative "Administration."

"Le Soleil," whether intentionally or not, is disingenuous in the way in which it presents this subject to its readers. In saying that its co-religionists have secured, through Mr. Laurier, the rights of "the Catholics and French," that which "they "had been excluded from during the "last six years of the Conservative "Administration," it would lead the reader, not acquainted with the facts, to the conclusion that the French and the Catholics had had their rights—whatever they were—taken from them by the "Conservative Administration." It is true that the minority of Manitoba were deprived of their rights during the six years, but it was because the Liberal Government of Manitoba, which had deprived them of their rights, refused to redress the wrongs which had been committed. This "Le Soleil" knows well. This, however, is not what we desire more particularly to point out, but to ask, what those Conservatives who last year aided in defeating their party, in the belief that by so doing they would secure non-denominational schools for Manitoba, think of the crowing of "Le Soleil" over their discomfiture?

It is to be hoped that they enjoy their jump from the frying-pan into the fire.

A BOLD CONFESSION.

All Conservatives who opposed the late Government's Remedial Bill on the ground that it gave too much to the minority in Manitoba, must have been delighted when they read the statement of the present Government that they had secured more for the Roman Catholics than their predecessors proposed to give. That delight must have been greatly accentuated when they read Mr. Fitzpatrick's statement that the so-called "settlement" is not final—is, in fact, only a first instalment. "Better to bear the sorrows that we have than fly to others that we know not of," is doubtless the reflection of many of the self deceived ones to-day, now that the scales have been removed from their eyes, and the double-dealing of Laurier & Co. has been boldly confessed. Better by far have stuck to the principle enunciated by Sir Mackenzie Bowell and embodied in the Bill introduced by his Government, of restoring to the minority their rights under the constitution of which they had been deprived, regardless of all other considerations and influences whatsoever.

"SWELLED HEAD."

The Stratford Herald, of the 27th March, takes exception to our views, as expressed a short time ago, upon the policy of adopting the principle of electing Registrars and to their appointment by municipal Councils as a part of the Conservative policy. The Herald, however, does not attempt to deal with the question at issue, but indulges in about three-quarters of a column of personal abuse of the supposed writer of the article. When our contemporary rises to the dignity of discussing the principle of electing officials instead of appointing them by the Crown, we will have no objection to enter the field of controversy.

Personal abuse is a weapon which requires very little brains to use, and as a rule he who begins it is the most vulnerable. Such tactics, however, we shall leave to our amiable western friend.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

Five years ago Mr. J. W. Longley, Attorney-General of Nova Scotia, published in the Toronto Week, over his own signature, an article in which he said: "Frequent changes of Administration are necessary to a healthy development of public affairs." Mr. Longley has been nearly thirteen years in office, and yet he is fighting desperately to secure another four years' lease of power for the Government of which he is a member. Why does he not practice what he preaches and, applying his doctrine to his own case, retire from the contest and thus aid in carrying out his expressed opinion?

The Liberals have a strong penchant for Papal interference in Canada's domestic affairs. Witness the Jesuits' Estates Bill and the Manitoba School question. They have appealed to the Pope as a last desperate resort in the school question. The verdict is not unlikely to prove their undoing.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

The Pope's Ablegate.

Catholic Register.

If the ablegate comes here to settle the school question, then Mr. Laurier must have appealed to the Pope to say whether, in order to satisfy the Catholics as citizens of the Dominion of Canada, he must do all that the Privy Council has decided. The Catholics being dissatisfied with his "concessions," the Pope should intervene to fix a just measure of relief. This is exactly the point which the Privy Council abstained from touching. The judgment declared that it was not for the Privy Council to define what exact measure of relief should be applied.

Hard on a Typical Liberal.

Montreal Witness.

In addition to being saddled with a debt of twenty-six million dollars, upon which an annual interest of a million and a quarter dollars has to be paid, the hapless taxpayers of Montreal have to wade through streets ankle-deep in slush, and all for the privilege of having Alderman Prefontaine and his allies for rulers.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now,

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

ONTARIO ASSEMBLY.

Bill Introduced to Tax Departmental Stores.

Also a Government Measure to Encourage the Manufacture of Steel and Iron in the Province—Court of Appeal Bill Passed—Technical School for Adults—Bonuses and the National Policy Discussed—The Question of Gratuities and Applicants for Office.

Toronto, April 1.

The Legislature yesterday transacted an unusually large amount of business. A considerable number of public as well as private bills were advanced a stage. A number of important bills were also introduced. Hon. J. M. Gibson brought down his amendments to the mining laws yesterday. The introduction of the bill was merely a formal affair, and it will be passed upon in council to-day before its contents are made public. Hon. G. W. Ross' bill to set aside Crown lands for the use of Toronto University will be up to-day.

Mr. Middleton—Respecting departmental stores. The bill provides that the council of any city having a population of 30,000 or over may pass bylaws for imposing a special tax upon stores carrying on more than three distinct kinds of business. The tax is to be in respect of each additional class of business, and in fixing the tax the same is to be regulated by bylaw, so as to provide for a uniform tax in respect of each additional class of business, or the same may be graded in such manner as may be proper. The bylaw requires a two-thirds vote of the members of the council and the Act is not to take effect until January 1, 1898.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton)—To encourage the manufacture of steel and iron in the province. The bill provides that where the Legislature has heretofore authorized or may hereafter authorize the payment of money to any railway company by way of a subsidy there may be delivered to the company at the discretion of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council as an equivalent for and in lieu of the bonus, wholly where so provided by the terms of the subsidy, or agreed to by the company, and in either case in part not exceeding 50 per cent. of such subsidy railway steel or iron manufactured in the province from ore of which at least two-thirds has been obtained from the mines of the province and the provincial scrip or certificates in payment of the steel or iron so delivered may be issued to the manufacturer by whom the same has been so delivered in lieu of the railway company. Tenders for supplies of steel and iron rails may be called for by the Government, and where the tenders are unsatisfactory or where there is but one tender and th price at which the steel or iron is to be delivered to the railway company is a matter of difference between the railway company and the manufacturer, the Lieutenant-Governor shall determine the same. Unless and until properly fixed and applied as part of the permanent way, such steel and iron shall remain the property of the province, and if not so applied within the period limited by the order-in-Council the province may at any time after the expiration of such period resume possession of such steel or iron and may make other disposition of the same.

Dr. Willoughby moved for a return showing a detailed statement of the surplus existing at the time the Sandfield Macdonald Government went out of power; a statement of receipts and expenditures from 1867 to the end of the last fiscal year; a statement of receipts from the sale of and bounties from Crown lands and timber limits from 1867 to the end of the fiscal year; a statement of receipts from mineral lands and bounties thereon from 1867 to the end of the last fiscal year; a detailed statement of surplus at the close of the last fiscal year, together with details of all assets and liabilities and all outstanding accounts at the close of the last fiscal year.

Mr. Harcourt suggested that the return be compiled to contain as well the expenditures for the various provincial departments during the Macdonald regime and also in the years since that time. He consented to have the return brought down in that shape.

On motion of Mr. German a return will be brought down showing the total amount of money at present deposited in the High Court of Justice for Ontario. The style of cause of each action or proceeding in which such money has been so paid in, together with the amount standing to the credit of each such action or proceeding. The names of all persons entitled to share in such money and the amounts to which each such person is entitled.

In moving for a return of copies of all correspondence between the Chief Game Warden and Alexander Dixon touching the conduct of Deputy Game Warden Smith, Dr. Ryerson stated that there had been allegation that Mr. Smith had approached Mr. Dixon with the purpose of being bribed to preserve silence. Mr. Dixon had been charged with having furs out of season.

Hon. Mr. Gibson stated that there was no truth in the allegation that Mr. Smith had approached Mr. Dixon with the purpose of being bought off. The correspondence would be brought down.

Mr. Haggerty moved for a return showing how many acres of land are contained in the farm proper at the Ontario Agricultural College, and how many horses, cattle, sheep and pigs were kept on the farm in the year 1896; showing as well, if the farm produced sufficient food or fodder to maintain the stock for the whole year; and showing how much it cost, over and above what was raised on the farm, to maintain the stock for the year.

This return will also be brought down.

In reply to Mr. Whitney, the Attorney-General stated that no appointment had yet been made to the office of Registrar of Deeds for the county of Ontario. He could not give the names of the applicants, but the Government had made as yet no selection.

Mr. Whitney moved for a return giving the names of all applicants for the position of Registrar of Deeds for the county of Ontario, together with copies of all applications received by the Government for such position. The Opposition leader hoped the Attorney-General would override any technical objections and bring down the return.

The Attorney-General thought Mr. Whitney was going too far, when he tried to get after those who were after office as well as those who were in office. The order was intended to throw light on the case of Dryden v. Smith. He would satisfy Mr. Whitney that the information would throw no light upon that case. To bring down the order would be to depart from his predecessor's precedents.

Mr. Whitney appealed to the Attorney-General and to Hon. John Dryden to waive all technical objections and establish a new precedent.

The Attorney-General could not grant the order because the information wanted was of a purely confidential nature.

The order was accordingly withdrawn.

Mr. Meacham moved for return showing: (1) Amounts paid for gratuities since January 1, 1880; (2) name of person to whom, or on whose account, such gratuities were granted; (3) position held by such persons; (4) number of years' service, and (5) salary received.

Upon suggestion of Mr. Harcourt he added another clause, as follows: (6) Special circumstances or reasons in each case.

The subject of gratuities, said Hon. Mr. Gibson, had been for some time considered by the Government, but he could as yet announce no definite matured policy.

Mr. Marter wanted to know if employes of the Government had any rights to gratuities, and if so, what were those rights?

Hon. Mr. Hardy explained that the matter was regulated to a certain degree according to the circumstances of the Government employe.

Mr. Marter considered it unwise to leave the matter to the discretion of the Government. He mentioned the case of Mr. N. Gaughan, who was discharged, and though a young and healthy man, had received a gratuity of $125. The discharge of the Central Prison Guard Hartley with a retiring allowance of $850 was worth explanation.

Hon. Mr. Gibson replied that Gaughan had been discharged with one or two others because of an effort to reduce the staff, not because he was incapable. Hartley, the other guard, had been tired of his service after being in it about 20 years, and had been granted a retiring allowance of $850 in recognition of his services.

Mr. German's private bill allowing the town of Thorold to grant a bonus to a manufacturing concern was opposed by Mr. Howland, who claimed that it would be doing injustice to a minority, and establishing a dangerous precedent.

Mr. German defended his bill on the ground that it was intended to prevent the exodus of Canadian workers and their families to the States from Thorold.

Mr. Gibson of Huron also opposed the bill.

Mr. Whitney charged that the motive in the agitation for the bill prohibiting the granting of bonuses consisted of a desire to render unpopular the National Policy of the Conservative Government at Ottawa. This remark was greeted with Ministerial "Oh! Oh's," but Mr. Whitney refused to withdraw it.

The Attorney-General felt called upon to answer this charge. He denied that the agitation had had any such motives. The late Hon. Mr. Balfour had introduced his bill in order to prevent large and wealthy municipalities from robbing smaller ones of manufacturing concerns by offering them financial inducements which the smaller municipality could not afford to offer.

Messrs. Garrow and Pattullo concluded the discussion and the second reading was carried.

A bill with a similar purpose, introduced by Mr. Moore and concerning the town of New Hamburg, caused a renewal of the same arguments on the part of Messrs. Howland, Garrow, Gibson (Huron), McLean and others, and the second reading passed.

Mr. Little's desire to fathom the methods alleged to be used by the Government will be gratified. His motion for a return showing the expenditure on colonization roads, bridges and other roads in the province, for the last five years, showing in each case the electoral district or districts in which each of said colonization roads, bridges and other roads was situated, was carried.

The following private bills were read a second time:

Respecting the Village of Kemptville—Mr. Bush.

Respecting the Village of Drayton—Mr. Tucker.

To amend the Act incorporating the South Essex Electric Railway Company—Mr. Auld.

Respecting the Fort Erie Ferry Railway Company—Mr. German.

Respecting the City of Toronto—Mr. Marter.

Respecting the Metropolitan Street Railway Company—Mr. Richardson.

To incorporate the Lanark County Electric Railway Company—Mr. Preston.

Respecting the marriage settlement of Robert George Dickson and Mary Catharine Dickson—Mr. St. John.

Respecting the Village of Preston—Mr. Moore.

Mr. German's bill respecting cemetery companies also passed the second reading.

Mr. McDonald, the Patron member for Centre Bruce, made a somewhat lengthy but forcible speech in favor of his motion for the second reading of his bill to permit the garnishee of wages for debt of Government employes.

It was 6 o'clock, and as the Attorney-General intended to be absent during the evening, he moved the adjournment of the debate.

The consideration of various bills was the work of the evening session.

Mr. Carnegie's bill to amend the Municipal Act defined a deviation road on a boundary line. Mr. Stratton characterized it as a scheme to have a bridge at Kinmount in the county of Victoria transferred to the county of Peterborough. The latter county did not want the obligation thrown upon them, and Mr. Stratton accordingly moved the six months' hoist. Mr. Blezard also opposed the bill on the ground that it would necessitate the expense of having deputations coming down to oppose it in committee. Messrs. Matheson and McKay of West Victoria supported the bill, but it was lost on division.

Hon. J. M. Gibson's bill to consolidate the Acts respecting insurance was read a second time. The mover explained that it would consolidate the various laws relating to insurance. It would provide for burglary and bicycle insurance and for an extension of the benefits to grandchildren. Perhaps the most important clause was that which placed American companies doing business in Canada under Canadian law as regards the money in which benefits are to be paid. This provision would prevent the payment of policies in silver.

Hon. Mr. Gibson's bills to amend the Mechanics' and Wage-earners' Act and respecting land surveyors were also read a second time.

After the Provincial Secretary's bill to amend the General Road Companies' Act had been likewise dealt with, the House went into committee on the Attorney-General's bill respecting the Court of Appeal of Ontario. The bill passed.

In moving the second reading of his bill respecting technical schools, Hon. Mr. Ross informed the House that it was intended to establish technical schools for adults, as well as to provide for the alteration of a High School building into a technical school if the municipality so desired. Col. Matheson objected that the change involved in the last mentioned clause should be left to a vote of the ratepayers. The bill passed.

A number of other bills were considered and the Speaker left the chair at a quarter to 11.

DR CHASE'S CURES ITCHING PILES, ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM OINTMENT

D. S. Doan, of Clinton, says: "Dr. Chase's Ointment will cure Salt Rheum when all else has failed; believe what I say and try it. Don't go on suffering for years as I did."

DR CHASE'S I suffered with piles for years. Chase's Ointment completely cured me. Mrs. Jas. Gentle, Fergus. OINTMENT

Mrs. F. Pearson, Inglewood, Ont., says: "My baby, five months old, had eczema very badly on his face and head. I procured two boxes of the Ointment and when they had been used all signs of the disease had disappeared."

DR CHASE'S Edmanson, Bates & Co. PRICE 60c. 45 Lombard St., Toronto OINTMENT

A Desperate Woman.

Experts in insanity tell us that when anyone goes insane, frequently their whole nature is reversed. They do and say exactly the opposite things to what they would do in their sane minds. A mother whose mind breaks down under extreme nervous tension may turn upon the one object in all the world most precious to her—her baby.

The terrible nervous tension under which many women live and suffer because of some weakness or disease of their sex, keeps them on the very verge of insanity. The constant drag and drain upon the complicated and delicate organism affects the whole nervous system and works upon the brain with an almost irresistible madness.

Thousands of suffering women have been literally saved from the insane asylum by the timely influence of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the one perfect and positive specific for every derangement of woman's special organism. It is a scientific and permanent cure for those severe, chronic, complicated cases which doctors usually consider hopeless. It is the only medicine of its kind devised by an educated and skilled physician.

Mrs. Sarah E. Rains, of Dayton, Cass Co., Mo., in a letter to Dr. Pierce, writes: "It was in the winter of 1890 that my sufferings commenced. It was close to my time of confinement. I took the grip, and that with the labor pains all went to my head. I suffered dreadfully, and when I gave birth to my little boy I kept getting worse. I doctored but nothing did me any good. I had nervous spasms and was delirious—Oh, no tongue can express my sufferings. I was advised by a lady to try your medicine and I did. I got one bottle of the 'Favorite Prescription' and one of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I had taken two-thirds of the medicine when it commenced its work. I began to feel better, and still continued getting better. In a short time I felt like another woman. I gained strength and flesh. I am now forty-one years of age. This is true, and it was your medicine that saved my life."

Dr. Pierce's 1000-page book, "The People's Medical Adviser" sent, paper-bound, free for the cost of customs and mailing *only*, 31 one-cent stamps; or, cloth-bound 50 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

DOES NOT SUIT ROME.

The School Settlement Condemned at the Vatican.

The Ablegate is Not Sent on the Report of the Propaganda, But on the Recommendation of the Pontifical Secretary of State, to Obtain a Settlement More Favorable to the Catholic Minority—Mr. Fitzpatrick Went to Rome as a Minister of the Canadian Government, to Point Out the Excesses of the Clergy—The Delegate Comes to Aid the Bishops to Obtain the Concessions Desired by the Holy See.

Montreal, March 31.—(Special.)—The Quebec Conservative papers publish this morning two important cables said to have passed between a prominent Roman Catholic of this city and an influential ecclesiastic in Rome, neither of whom, however, is named. The latter, nevertheless, is believed to be Archbishop Begin. They are as follows:

"Quebec, March 25, 1897.

"To X, Rome, Italy:

"News circulates here that the Papal delegate named by the Pope on the subject of Manitoba schools is important. Liberals affirm that he comes to force acceptance of the school settlement, and to blame the bishops. Will you obtain and send positive information? Our population desire exact information. (Signed) C."

The answer came yesterday, as follows:

"Rome, March 30.

"To C., Quebec:

"Monsignor Raphael Mery Del Val has been named apostolic delegate to Canada. His mission is not to secure the approval of the school settlement made by Mr. Laurier with Manitoba. That settlement is not acceptable. Rome condemns it, and the Congregation of the Propaganda is unable to approve this pretended settlement, which is contrary to Catholic doctrine. The Holy Father and the Cardinal Prefect have declared to several Canadian bishops, not only Mgr. Langevin and Mgr. Begin, that the pretended settlement cannot be accepted, and they have agreed to fight it. The Pope has not changed this decision, which is immutable, and the delegate has not been sent to undo what His Holiness has encouraged the bishops to do. Mgr. Mery Del Val does not, then, go to Canada to have the bylaw accepted, neither to blame your bishops, who are held here in high esteem. He is not sent on a report of the propaganda, but on the recommendation of the Pontifical Secretary of State, to obtain a settlement more favorable and more conformable to Catholic doctrine. The Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick came here as a Minister of the Canadian Government. He bore a petition signed by the Liberal Catholic members of Parliament. The clergy had fallen into regrettable excesses, which threatened to destroy religious peace in Canada. In consequence of these representations, the Holy Father named Mery Del Val to obtain by diplomacy and a mission of peace an acceptable settlement for the Manitoba Catholic minority. In other words, the delegate goes to Canada to aid the bishops to obtain the concessions desired by the Holy See. You may consider this information as certain. Mgr. Begin, who is here, had a long interview yesterday with His Holiness, and left him, saying that the Holy See acted with its usual goodness and solicitude in endeavoring to obtain by diplomacy the rights of the Catholics, that have been refused them up to the present, and that the position taken by the bishops will be supported, as they deserve to be."

The following announcement has been issued at the Archbishop's Palace to-day:

"His Excellency Mgr. Raphael Mery Del Val, apostolic delegate for Canada, will arrive at Montreal, Dalhousie square, Thursday evening, at 7.55, by the Canadian Pacific train coming from Quebec.

"On this occasion, the priests of the city and neighboring parishes are requested to have the church bells rung from 8 to 8.30 o'clock, post meridiem. All the clergy and the faithful of the diocese are specially invited to the official reception which will take place at the Metropolitan Church immediately after the arrival of His Excellency.

"By order of the vicar capitular, Alfred Archambault, canon, chancellor."

Negotiations are being conducted between representatives of the C.P.R. and G.T.R. with a view of securing a uniform rate between points east and the Kootenay District. At present the C.P.R. rate is a trifle lower than that over the G.T.R. and Great Northern.

Mr. Davis, general passenger agent of the G.T.R., speaking of this matter, and alluding to a report that a rate war was being waged between the two Canadian companies, said: "There is nothing that looks like a rate war between the C.P.R. and G.T.R. There are negotiations under way with a view to securing a uniform rate on both lines between the East and West. There is no reason why there should not be uniform rates between these companies, and there will be at an early date. We both quote equal rates to Chicago, and very soon we will be able to quote equal rates to the Kootenay."

ABOUT.... ....CLOTHING!

In Buying Your Clothing.....

there are a great many points to be taken into consideration. There is a big difference between a good tailor and a poor tailor, and there is a big difference between good ready-made clothing and poor ready-made clothing. One thing about our spring suits and overcoats, they are good. This word good means a big lot to the purchaser. We sell you an all wool suit for a man of any size, at $5, and it is good. There are lots of suits sold for this same money that are not good. See the difference? Then again if you are wanting a good article, suppose you think of paying the tailor $20, just come and see our $10 and $12 ones. If our suits at these prices this spring are not equal to the finest ordered work we will not expect you to buy. Our spring overcoats are taking the lead as usual; we have all prices from $5 up, but probably those at $10 are the favorites.

We are prepared to save you good big money in your spring clothing.

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten Season

Fresh Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines in Tins. Finest Brands.
Bloater Paste in Small Jars.
Anchovy Paste in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—130 and 187.

Ask your Dealer
FOR A SPOOL OF THREAD—
and he will give you the kind he makes most profit on—and small blame to him.
But ask him
For a spool of CLAPPERTON'S THREAD, and you'll get the kind that will give you most profit and satisfaction—and it costs no more than inferior kinds are sold for.
It pays you to get
CLAPPERTON'S THREAD.
Does not break or snarl.

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McIntee.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her.—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietus to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

Nearly all infants are subject more or less to diarrhœa and such complaints while teething, and at this period of their lives is the most critical, mothers should not be without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. This medicine is a specific for such complaints and is highly spoken of by those who have used it. The proprietors claim it will cure any case of cholera or summer complaint.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

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A Turkey Apiece.

(Continued.)

every way by the men, and so continued to stay with the company at that wet season when drill and parades were impracticable.

The idea of a Thanksgiving dinner for half a million men by sea and land fascinated Charley's imagination, and cheered him mightily. But I could not see that his strength increased, as he often alleged.

"Ned, you bet I'll be on hand when them turkeys are served out," he would say. "You won't need to carry my Thanksgiving dinner up from Brownie's. Say, ain't it bully for the folks at home to be giving us a Thanksgiving like this? Turkeys, sausages, mince-pies! They say there's going to be apples and celery for all hands!"

"S'pose you'll be able to eat, Charley?"

"Able! Of course I'll be able! I'll be just as spry as you be on Thanksgiving. See if I don't carry my own turkey all right. Yes, by gum, if it weighs twenty pounds!"

"There won't be a turkey apiece."

"No, eh! well, that's what I figure on. Half a turkey, anyhow. Got to be; besides chickens, hams, sausages, and all that kind of fixin's. You heard what Bill Sylvester's girl wrote from Philamakink-a-daisy-oh? No, eh? Well, he come in a-purpose to read me the letter. Says there's going to be three or four hundred thousand turkeys, besides them fixin's! Sherman's boys can't get any; they're marched too far away, out of reach. The Shenandoah boys 'll get some, and Butler's crowd, and us chaps, and the blockading squadrons. Bill's girl says so. We'll get the whole lot between us. Four hundred thousand turkeys! Of course there'll be a turkey apiece; there's got to be, if there's any sense in arithmetic. Oh, I'll be choosin' between breast-meat and hind-legs on Thanksgiving,—you bet your sweet life on that!"

This expectation that there will be a turkey a-piece was not shared by Company I; but no one denied it in Charley's hearing. The boy held it as sick people often do fantastic notions, and all fell into the humor of strengthening the reasoning on which he went.

It was clear that no appetite for turkey moved my poor "buddy," but that his brain was busy with the "whole-turkey-a-piece" idea as one significant of the immense liberality of the folks at home, and their absorbing interest in the army.

"Where's there any nation that ever was that would get to work and fix up four hundred thousand turkeys for the boys?" he often remarked, with ecstatic patriotism.

I have often wondered why "Bill Sylvester's girl" gave that flourishing account of the preparations for our Thanksgiving dinner. It was on searching the newspaper files recently that I surmised her sources of information. Newspapers seldom reached our regiment until they were several weeks old, and then they were not much read, at least by me. Now I know how enthusiastic the papers of November, '64, were on the great feast.

For instance, on the morning of that Thanks-giving day, the 24th of November, the New York Tribune said editorially:—

"Forty thousand turkeys, eighty thousand turkeys, one hundred and sixty thousand turkeys, nobody knows how many turkeys have been sent to our soldiers. Such masses of breast-meat and such mountains of stuffing; drumsticks enough to fix out three or four Grand Armies, a perfect promontory of pope's noses, a mighty aggregate of wings. The gifts of their lordships to the supper with Grangousier spread to welcome Gargantua were nothing to those which our good people at home send to their friends in the field; and no doubt every soldier, if his dinner does not set him thinking too intently of that home, will prove himself a valliant trencherman."

Across the vast encampment before Petersburg a biting wind blew that Thanksgiving day. It came through every cranny of our hut; it bellied the canvas on one side and tightened it on the other; it pressed flat down the smoke from a hundred thousand mud chimneys, and swept away so quickly the little coals which fell on the canvas that they had not time to burn through.

When I went out towards noon, for perhaps the twentieth time that day, to learn whether our commissary waggons had returned from City Point with the turkeys, the muddy parade ground was dotted with groups of shivering men, all looking anxiously for the feast's arrival. Officers frequently came out, to exchange a few cheery words with their men, from the tall, close hedge of withering pines stuck on end that enclosed the officers' quarters on the opposite side of the parade ground.

No turkeys at twelve o'clock! None at one! two, three, four, five o'clock passed by, and still nothing had been heard of our absent waggons. Charley was too weak to get out that day, but he cheerfully scouted the idea that a turkey for each man would not arrive sooner or later.

The rest of us dined and supped on "commissary." It was not good commissary either, for Brownie, the "greasy cook," had gone on leave to visit a "doughboy" cousin of the Sixth Corps.

"You'll have turkey for dinner, boys," he had said, on serving out breakfast. "If you're wanting coffee, Tom can make it." Thus we had to dine and sup on the amateur productions of the cook's mate.

A multitude of woful rumors concerning the absent turkeys flew round that evening. The "Johnnies," we heard had raided round the army, and captured the fowls! The officers had "gobbled" the whole consignment for their own use! The whole story of the Thanksgiving dinner was a newspaper hoax! Nothing was too incredible for men so bitterly disappointed.

Brownie returned before "lights out" sounded and reported facetiously that the "doughboys" he had visited were feeding full of turkey and all manner of fixings. There were so many waggons waiting at City Point that the roads round there blocked for miles. We could not fail to get our turkeys to-morrow. With this exception we went, pretty happy, to bed.

"There'll be a turkey apiece, you'll see, Ned," said Charley, in a confident, weak voice, as I turned in. "We'll all have a bully Thanksgiving to-morrow."

The morrow broke as bleak as the preceding day, and without a sign of turkey for our brigade. But about twelve o'clock a great shouting came from the parade ground.

"'The turkeys have come!" cried Charley, trying to rise. "Never mind picking out a big one for me; any one will do. I don't believe I can eat a bite, but I want to see it. My! ain't it kind of the folks at home!"

I ran out and found his surmise as to the return of the waggons correct. They were filing into the enclosure around the quartermaster's tent. Nothing but an order that the men should keep to company quarters prevented the whole regiment helping to unload the delicacies of the season.

Soon foraging parties went from each company to the quartermaster's enclosure. Company I sent six men. They returned, grinning, in about half an hour, with one box on one man's shoulders.

(To be continued.)

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

DIFFERENT IN OFFICE.

Will the Three Ex-Premiers Carry Out Promises

And Bring In An Insolvency Bill?—The Government Must Take the Full Responsibility for Appealing to Rome—The Manitoba School Matter is Buried—Nailing Mr. J. Israel Tarte to His Former Annexation Talk—Speech Day in the Commons.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—Three bills of a public character were introduced at the opening of the House this afternoon. They were Mr. Charlton's, to secure a better observance of the Lord's day, Mr. McLennan's to compel railway companies to sell second-class return fare tickets on the same basis as first-class and Mr. Wood's (Hamilton) respecting building societies and loan companies carrying on business in Ontario.

There was a great batch of questions on the order paper, but none of special interest.

Mr. McInerney resumed the debate on the address. He took up the question of the tariff and read the past declarations of Liberal members to show how in swallowing the proposed new tariff they were doing the jumping jim crow act. When the history of this tariff provision came to be read, it would be known as the Laurier-Mowat somersault act. [Conservative cheers.] He proceeded to refer to the school question, and pointed out that in the petition to Rome the Liberals, Senators and members, spoke for the Liberal party, that being expressly stated. Moreover, the petition stated that previous communications had gone to the Pope. He (Mr. McInerney) was anxious to know now what those communications were. He charged Mr. Tarte with having made the declaration that, unless justice was granted to the minority and the guarantees under the constitution secured for the French minority, they would annex themselves to the United States.

Mr. Tarte: "You are altogether wrong. I never made any such statement in the House, nor out of it."

Mr. McInerney said: "Just wait until I have finished. In the House on the 6th March, 1893, Mr. Tarte referred at some length to the position of Catholics, and wound up with this sentence: 'There is a large space where we could get protection, and where our rights would not be assailed.'" [Conservative cheers.]

Mr. Tarte: "Is that all?"

Mr. McInerney: "That is enough. It is nothing more or less than a threat that the hon. gentleman is prepared either to unite to the States or else rebel against the constitutional auhority of this country." He claimed that the school settlement was not a settlement, because it had not been accepted by the Roman Catholic minority. The bishops had certainly the same right to express their views as had Anglican Synods or Methodist Conferences.

Mr. W. F. Maclean followed: I desire after the speeches to take up the attention of the House for but a very few minutes. I wish merely to say that I repudiate any responsibility for what might be construed as an attempt to introduce again a measure coercive of Manitoba on the school question. I desire to repudiate responsibility for any such action or desire on my own behalf as a Conservative coming from Ontario, and further to repudiate any connection with anything which might be construed to imply that the Ontario Conservatives are not in sympathy with the people of Quebec in any attempt they may make to protect their civil liberties. I have every sympathy with what has been said concerning the attempt now being made by the Liberal representatives of the Province of Quebec to vindicate their civil liberties. These people have not only my sympathy in that attempt, but in my newspaper I have backed them as well as I could. This school question, in my opinion, and I believe in the opinion of all Conservatives in the Province of Ontario, is a question that has been settled forever. While the minority of Manitoba had a grievance, and I believe the highest court of this country decided that they had, and while that grievance was sought to be remedied under the constitution, the question was still an open one, but now that that has been settled by constitutional means, we have not the right to bring it up again.

With us, different from what is the case under the constitution of the United States, our Government must assume the political responsibility of every act done by this House; that, for the administration of the constitution, no matter what the courts have decided, the Government, the dominant party, is responsible. The courts may have declared that the minority had rights which had been taken away, but the restoration of those rights was a matter of policy, a matter of responsibility, and that responsibility I am glad to know from the approval of the hon. gentlemen opposite they are prepared to assume. I am glad to see that even the Prime Minister accepts that responsibility of the settlement which has been made. The Liberals as a party accept the responsibility of the settlement, and, speaking of parliamentary responsibility, I come to another point.

After what was said on this point yesterday in this House by the Solicitor-General (Mr. Fitzpatrick), after what was said by the Minister of Public Works (Mr. Tarte), after treating of that celebrated document last night, I say that the Government and their party must take full responsibility for that mission to Rome. They cannot escape that responsibility. They have said that it is on behalf of their party that they went there, and, seeing that we are governed by the principle of Parliamentary responsibility, they must accept that responsibility before the people. They say that they went to Rome to vindicate the civil liberties of the people of Quebec. Mr. Speaker, while I sympathize with them in their efforts to conserve their political liberties, I do not agree with them in the authority to which they went to protect those liberties. It is not in St. Peter's, it is not in the Vatican, it is not in the Seven Hills of Rome that the political, the civil liberties of British citizens are conserved. If there is a temple sacred to British liberty, if there is a place where our rights are to be protected, that temple is within these walls of Parliament. The shrine of our liberties is on the floor of the House, and we, the members of the House, are the sacristans of that temple; we are the priests, the ministers at this shrine; we, worthy or unworthy as we may be, are the men who must protect the civil liberties of the people.

What will happen to gentlemen on the other side of the House if it turns out that the ablegate now in this country does not come to their relief and does not pronounce in their favor and guarantee their civil liberties, which they now profess they seek to protect? They will have to come down here to defend and protect these liberties if they are assailed. If they do come to Parliament, I will aid and support them in doing what they should, now, here, and not outside, to protect the liberties, not only of the people of Quebec but of the people of Canada.

I must take objection to the statement of the Solicitor-General (Mr. Fitzpatrick) last night in the comparison he made between His Holiness and Her Gracious Majesty. We who are Canadians say that there is no one but Her Majesty to appeal to in the protection of the civil liberties of British subjects the world over. She is the guardian of our civil liberties, not His Holiness of Rome, and as a Conservative I hope to have the support of all the Conservative party in at least making the statement. And there were names mentioned in that statement in regard to civil liberty. I have the greatest respect for the present Pope of Rome. He is known to be a liberal man, but the Liberals must invoke some other name in regard to liberty than that of Pio Nono. When we read the history of the unification of Italy, when we recall the names of Garibaldi and Mazzini, and the other heroes of that struggle, he is not the man whose name would be quoted by the Liberal party in the vindication of the liberties of the people of this country. Now, Mr. Speaker, this is all I have to say on the school question, but I think it is very important, and I think I speak the views of the great bulk of the Conservatives of Ontario in regard to that question.

From this I wish to pass to another point in the address, and just for the moment to look at the pledge of the hon. gentlemen on the other side. In 1887, there was a conference in the city of Quebec of representatives from the Local Governments in the Dominion of Canada. These gentlemen, after long, long consultation at the Ancient Capital reached certain conclusions in regard to the government of the country and they drew up a paper which was signed by them. The first name appended to this document appears as O. Mowat, Prime Minister of Ontario and Attorney-General. There is a great group of Prime Ministers' names appended to the document. I only recognize one Prime Minister in the countr yand that is my honorable friend of the opposite side (Mr. Laurier). But the first of the number of these petty Prime Ministers whose names appear here is O. Mowat. That gentleman has begun already to repudiate his former title of Prime Minister, for, in a letter to his successor, he addresses that gentleman as "My dear Premier." The next is Honore Mercier, Prime Minister of Quebec and Attorney-General, of whom nil nisi bonum. The next is W. S. Fielding, Prime Minister of Nova Scotia and Provincial Secretary, and the next is Andrew Blair, Prime Minister of New Brunswick and Attorney-General. We have now here a Government which includes these three Prime Ministers of the seven provinces of that time, being associated with the Prime Minister in the carrying on of the Government of the country. They are bound, if they are honest men, to stand by their records in that celebrated document. What does that document call for?

Among other things it declares that they pledge themselves to the conservation of provincial autonomy against Federal power. But the B.N.A. Act, according to them, is obscure and must be revised and amended. Since they have got into the Cabinet and this Parliament these three celebrated Prime Ministers have not brought forward a measure to either revise or amend the constitution.

That was the policy of these hon. gentlemen then. Have they any intention now of bringing forth any such policy? Now, Mr. Speaker, they have other planks in this meeting of the Provincial Premiers. They had one in regard to insolvency, and if the hon. gentlemen opposite have real intentions of benefiting the commercial interests of this country, if Sir Oliver Mowat wishes to make good his pledges which he then gave in that convention it is his duty to-day in another chamber to make good his pledges, to bring forward a measure dealing with insolvency in this country, rather than the measure which we have now before us, dealing with the franchise, which will be of no practical benefit at the present time. Sir, I submit that hon. gentlemen opposite have no intention of carrying out the pledges they gave at this inter-provincial conference.

In conclusion, Mr. Speaker, I just wish to reiterate what I said before, namely, that we in Ontario consider the school question settled. We sympathize as far as we can with the people of Quebec in their efforts to maintain their civil rights, but if they wish to vindicate them we feel they ought to vindicate them in this chamber and not by a roundabout mission to Rome. [Applause.]

Mr. Macpherson, in a maiden speech, dealt with a number of topics referred to in the speech from the throne. He believed the Government would carefully work out the details of the tariff bill, and that it would be acceptable to the country. On the subject of prohibition, he expressed himself as entirely opposed to it, and hinted that a plebiscite would not show a majority in favor of prohibition. He believed in the view put forward by Lord Salisbury, who took the ground that tea dealers should pay their share of taxation, that in the same way liquor dealers should pay their fair share of taxation.

Clarke Walace lost no time in tackling the school settlement, to several clauses of which, he said, he would have objected had it come up in Parliament, but he recognized the sovereignty of the Legislature of Manitoba in the matter. He protested against the appeal of the Canadian public men to Rome to settle this question. First Abbe Proulx, then Chevalier Drolet, then Mr. Charles Russell and lastly Mr. Fitzpatrick had gone to Rome to appeal to the Pope in a matter which should never be adjudicated upon but by a British subject. It was not a domestic religious matter the Papal ablegate was coming out to settle, because in an interview the ablegate found fault because, forsooth, the Legislature of Manitoba had not deferred its school legislation until his arrival. What right had these Liberal members and Senators to appeal to Rome as representatives of the Canadian people? What right had Mr. Tarte, as a member of the Government, to sign it?

Mr. Somerville: He did not. Read his speech again.

Mr. Wallace: "I will read it again for the honorable gentleman's benefit," and he read from Mr. Tarte's speech as follows: "I say that, as a member of the Government, I signed it (the petition) and I am proud to say so."

Continuing, Mr. Wallace said that, from the remarks of the Papal Ablegate, he was going to lay pipes to have the matter re-opened and amendments made to the bill next session of the Legislature. The Solicitor-General breathed the same sentiment when he said that the minority had not got all they were entitled to, or all they should agitate for. Mr. Wallace added that the people of Quebec who had refused to submit to the hierarchy would not be coerced by this delegate from the Pope of Rome. Referring to the suppression of L'Electeur by the bishops, Mr. Wallace declared that such interference with the liberty of the subject should not be tolerated in a free country, and if there was no law to punish the Government should lose no time in having such a law passed.

Mr. Casey accused Mr. Wallace of having thrown off his mantle of independence and come out in his true Tory colors. He defended the appeal to Rome as being the only means of settling a difference between the clergy and laity of the Roman Catholic Church.

Then John Ross Robertson took up the parable and made the fur fly for a few minutes. He expressed the opinion that the school question was dead and buried. The sooner the Conservative party recognized this the better it would be for them. He extended his congratulations to Mr. Tarte for his frank and fearless utterances. With reference to the appeal to Rome, as long as Catholics settled their civil troubles in Parliament he did not care where they settled their spiritual difficulties. It was time the hell and damnation arguments on behalf of certain Conservatives in Quebec were stopped. If the Pope had been a party to the school settlement, he (Mr. Robertson) would have opposed it, but, on the other hand, this Parliament had no right to interfere with any member or with a member of the Government in his spiritual affairs. In his judgment the settlement went too far and gave the Roman Catholics too much. For instance, it was not right to exclude Protestant teachers from certain schools. Again, he thought it a mistake to provide for the teaching of any language other than English. The people of Quebec were deceived if they thought Conservatives of Ontario sympathized with the attempt to keep this question open. It is time, John Ross said, Conservatives dropped the minority of Manitoba out of their affections. Sympathy with minorities was a weakening disease. The skeletonized condition of the Conservative party showed this. The school question was now buried, and not buried on the instalment plan either. The Conservative party could not afford to be kept wandering about the graveyard any longer. [Cheers.]

Mr. Talbot devoted considerable time to the discussion of the attitude of the bishops. He said the only pledge he had given was to favor legislation on the lines of the judgment of the Privy Council.

Mr. Clancy, in a spirited address, criticized the policy of the Liberal party on the school question. He said if the Conservatives had effected a settlement Mr. Laurier would have been the first man to carry the torch of discord through the country. Without doubt Mr. Laurier had signed the petition to Rome in his capacity as Prime Minister simply to get himself out of a hole. The Liberals were now asking for peace. Well, if there was to be peace, and he would welcome it, let it be peace in fact and not in name. [Applause.]

Mr. Maxwell moved the adjournment of the debate. The House adjourned at 11.25 p.m.

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makes clothes sweet, clean, white, with the least labor.
USE SURPRISE SOAP
Its remarkable lasting and cleansing properties make SURPRISE most economical and
Best for Every Day

CATARRH CONQUERED.

IT IS A BLOOD DISEASE.

PROOF POSITIVE THAT RYCKMAN'S KOOTENAY CURE THOROUGHLY ERADICATES THIS WIDE-SPREAD DISEASE.

Of all the diseases that have been exploited by charlatans and quacks Catarrh is one that has received more than its share of attention.

Snuffs, sprays, douches, inhalations, etc., have all had their day, and after their use the Catarrh has remained as bad as before, so that now many sufferers have become convinced that they are possessed of an incurable affection that must remain with them to their dying day, sapping their strength and rendering them miserable and disgusting to their friends.

Let's tell you that Ryckman's Kootenay Cure gets at Catarrh through the blood. It destroys the germ that is the immediate cause of the trouble and sends rich pure blood to the part, so that all offensive discharges cease and a rapid cure is effected.

Here's a case in point, Mr. W. G. Cox, who conducts a flour and feed store at 374 King Street West, Hamilton, was troubled with Catarrh for ten years, tried nearly all the catarrh remedies advertised without success till he began taking Ryckman's Kootenay Cure. He says the results have exceeded his most sanguine expectations.

Mrs. Margaret Sovereign, living at 376 King Street, in the same city, under oath makes a declaration to the effect that her daughter Lulu, aged 14, was troubled with Catarrh for two years and had poor health. The doctor said she had inflammation of the lungs and Catarrh. She became so run down that until she commenced taking Kootenay her mother was alarmed about her. After she had taken a bottle and a half of this wonderful remedy and the "new ingredient" had a chance to get in its work, the Catarrh disappeared, her cheeks became rosy and she gained eleven pounds. These cases ought to be enough to convince the most sceptical, but if you are desirous of more proof, send to the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont., and sworn statements of cures will be sent you free.

One bottle lasts over a month.

MR. TARTE AND THE ABLEGATE.

There is a Difference Which May Cause Some Trouble Hereafter.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—There is considerable speculation to-day over the accuracy of Mr. Tarte's inferences from the action of the Vatican on the Canadian petition sent to Rome last October.

Mr. Tarte said the ablegate had been sent out to report on the action of the bishops last year, but the public utterances of Mgr. Mery Del Val do not tally with this inference. The ablegate says his mission has to do with the school question. The discrepancy between Mr. Tarte's statements and the ablegate's mission is explained in this way: There are two bodies at the Vatican who might have been communicated with by Canadian Liberal Senators and members. There is the Congregation of the Propaganda, which has chiefly to do with internal or domestic affairs of the Catholic Church, and then there is the Foreign Department, of which Cardinal Rampolla is the head. The Canadian petition went to the Propaganda, but it is claimed by those in a position to know that no action has been taken upon it by that body, but that, on the other hand, the ablegate has really been sent out by Cardinal Rampolla, his instructions being to endeavor to effect a settlement of the school question, as he himself has stated.

In due time it will be seen how far Mr. Tarte's inferences are correct. He is coming in for great commendation to-day for his outspoken utterances, but there are Quebec Catholics who do not hesitate to affirm that there is trouble ahead for the Minister.

There are 49 Catholic Senators and members supporting the Liberal party. Of this number, all but four signed the petition to the Pope. The others were either out of the country or could not be reached.

Kansas City Got a Taste.

Kansas City, Mo., March 31.—The cyclone which destroyed Chandler, O. T., last night, also passed across the State of Kansas, though in less destructive form.

At Florence, Kansas, a portion of the Santa Fe round house was unroofed and several wooden buildings were blown down.

Boils
It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of
Impure
blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering.
"I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our
Blood
built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." MRS. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.
Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

THE INTELLIGENCER BINDERY
Makes a Specialty of
Ledgers, Journals,
Cash Books,
And all Descriptions of
Blank Account Books.
MAGAZINES - - - - -
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NAPOLEON SERIAL NUMBERS
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MAP MOUNTING AND VARNISHING.
Estimates cheerfully furnished for every class of work
Address—
INTELLIGENCER, Belleville.

Our Special Agent will spend two weeks in Belleville and endeavor to show the great advantages of using
MADDEN CEREAL FOOD COFFEE.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE
— AND —
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
Representing the following first-class Companies:
The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.
The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.
The London and Lancashire,
Of Liverpool, England.
REAL ESTATE.
Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.
Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.
APPLY TO
JAMES BOOTH

Give the Baby a Chance
The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is
Martin's Cardinal Food
a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.
KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

BLOOD POISON
A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Odoroma
IMPART
Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.
O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists
THE Perfect Tooth Powder

Dont Play . .
With Two Kinds of Fire!
You insure against one kind, don't risk that by another kind—like new-fangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.
W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

R. W. ADAMS
REPRESENTS the following good companies: Insurance Company of North America; Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.; office with Northrup & Roberts, barristers, 12 Bridge st.

MRS. TUGNETT
HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Easter Rates.
ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:
Teachers and Students
(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)
Single First Class Fare and One-Third.
Good going March 27th to April 17th, inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97
General Public . . .
Single First Class Fare
Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive. Return until April 20th, '97.
To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East
S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent, Belleville.

"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER
I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.
I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief. —J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.
It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.
Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

Who are the Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Varnish In Canada ?
ANSWER:
Baylis
Manufacturing Co.,
Makers of the Celebrated Crown and Anchor Carriage Varnishes, House Varnishes and Boat Varnishes.
All guaranteed, by results of lengthy and severe tests, to be the equal of any Imported Varnishes, and considerably cheaper. feb14d1y

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

THE "INTELLIGENCER"

Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

MAN to set out 70,000 hop poles. Apply to F. SHOEBRIDGE, Foreman Corby's farm. 3-30d5tw1t

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

FIRST-CLASS Dining Room Girl wanted. Apply to D. COYLE, Anglo-American. 3-31d6tp

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

SHOP TO LET AND HOUSE TO LET—Apply to THOMAS & LAZIER, Solicitors, No, 319 East Front st. 3-27d6tp

DWELLING in Bellevue Terrace; possession given 1st of May. Apply to MRS. GRAHAM, Bellevue Terrace. deod1m.

ALBERT ST., near Bridge; House to let. Part of double house, recently occupied by Charles Nosworthy; also Office in Nosworthy Block. Apply Henry Pringle. m10eod7t

HOUSES FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 15th April, 1897, for the premises at present occupied by Geo. Moxam, being part Lot 17 on West side of Pinnacle st., Belleville. Cash payment. W. JEFFERS DIAMOND, Solicitor for Administrator. 3-30d6t

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. f76deodtf

FOR SALE.

A HIGHLY cultivated vacant lot on Albert st., nearly opposite Mrs. J. C. Jamieson's residence. Apply to MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, Albert st. [M24deod6tp

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.G.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

TENDERS WANTED.

TO remove Barn on the east side of George st. at H. Corby's house to lot opposite. Tenders to close Friday night, April 2nd. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Apply for particulars to CHARLES RAINBOW, on premises. 3-30d15t

"THE AGENCY."

CLOTHING RENOVATED—Ladies and Gentlemen, kindly bear in mind that I am still in the Dyeing and Scouring business and represent A. Parker of Peterboro, the best establishment of its kind in Canada.—CHAS. DICKENS, Agent. N.B.—Ask me for price list. 3-26dw1y

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

An Honest Profession when Convinced of Merit, Speaks:

Every dentist, without exception, who has thoroughly investigated "Phenobanum" ("Quickcure") endorses it, and prescribes its use in emergencies for all toothaches. Read Quickcure Book, sent free.

Daily Intelligencer.

REJECTED THE BILL.

Attitude of the Toronto Methodist Conference on the Harcourt Bill Officially Announced by the Temperance Committee.

The Standing Committee of the Toronto Methodist Conference on Prohibition and Temperance assembled on Monday afternoon at 2:30 at the Wesley Buildings, Toronto, Rev. M. L. Pearson, ex-President of the Conference, in the chair. The Committee includes Rev. M. L. Pearson, Chairman; Rev. D. V. Lucas, D. D., Secretary; Rev. E. E. Scott, Rev. S. D. Chown, Rev. J. C. Speer, Rev. A. Browning, Messrs. J. J. McLaren, Q. C., R. J. Fleming, T. N. Scripture, and N. W Rowell.

Those present were Revs. M. L. Pearson, D. V. Lucas, D.D., E. E. Scott, J. C. Speer, A. Browning, S. D. Chown, and Messrs. T. N. Scripture and J. J. Maclaren, C.

The Secretary explained that the Committee had not been convened before because of his prolonged absence on the Pacific coast.

An object of this Committee is to secure the working of Committees, in the different congregations of the Conference, for temperance work.

Rev. A. C. Courtice, editor of the Christian Guardian, asked that the amendments to the Liquor License law, now before the Legislature, should be passed upon by the committee, and the request was acceded to, a lengthy discussion ensuing.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted: Moved by Rev. E. E. Scott, "That while on the whole the recent amendment to the License Bill in the Local Legislature is satisfactory to this Committee in extending power of Municipal Councils, and more closely restricting shops and druggists, and not allowing licensed places near churches and schools, and raising the age limit, we are sorry to find the latter clause vitiated by the word "apparently" being still retained. We cannot accept the amended Bill as an adequate response to the reasonable expectations of temperance workers, as there is no further reduction in licenses, and no increase in prohibited hours, and no adequate control of sale by clubs. The power of petition in residential localities is hampered with the difficulties of vexatious and unworkable conditions. We are pleased to learn that strong men in the Opposition ranks are prepared to support the Government in advanced temperance legislation, and hereby express our commendation of their loyalty to the moral interests of the country."

At Harry's.

You will find good value in suspenders at Harry's. Mohair ends with underwear supporters attached in good web and a variety of colors, only 25c.

The Commandant of Bisley Team in 1894.

Dr. E. B. Ibbotson, Major Royal Scots, Montreal, writes: "Quickcure is a treasure, and does just what you say for it; when it is known every household will have it. It is worth its weight in gold to parents, who should keep it in the house for emergencies such as toothache, burns, cuts, etc."

William Lee, Esq., Mayor of Parish of Quebec, writes: "I have used 'Quickcure' for most painful rheumatism and got almost instant relief, and the pain has not returned since last spring; it also healed a wound caused by a rusty nail in a marvellous manner. I consider it the healing remedy of the age. We do not fear even toothache now, as we always keep 'Quickcure' on hand."

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

The Court Closed.

THURSDAY, April 1st.

The non-jury sittings were concluded this morning and the court rose about ten o'clock.

Dart vs. McCullough—This was an action brought by Dwight W. Dart, of Deseronto, insolvent, against John McCullough, of that town, assignee, for the unlawful handling of his estate. The alleged irregularities consisted of the assignee buying in a portion of the goods for his own benefit and influencing his friends to buy them in. Judgment for plff. for $130; question of costs reserved. Clute, Williams & Morden for plff.; G. E. Deroche and W. B. Northrup for deft.

Gallivan vs. Frost was the last case. This was an action brought by Mary Gallivan, of Sidney, against Wm. Frost, of Murray, to compel him to fulfil an agreement. The parties traded farms and deft. agreed under bond to give plff. good title to farm, which he failed to do. Judgment to compel deft. to carry out his agreement. Question of costs and damages reserved until conveyance is made. E. Guss Porter for plff.; J. E. Halliwell and C. D. Macaulay for deft.

Nothing Hunts Out Corns

Like tight boots. A sure, certain and painless remedy is found in Putman's Corn Extractor, which removes the worst corns in twenty-four hours.

Customs Returns.

The customs returns of the port of Belleville for the past month of March compare as follows with those for the same month of 1896:

IMPORTS.

	Value.	Duty.
1896	$27,781	$6,134.82
1897	27,142	7,552.50
Dec.	$ 639	Inc. $1,417.68

EXPORTS.

	Value.
1896	$19,225
1897	7,756
Dec.	$11,469

DR. CHASE CURES BACKACHE.

Kidney trouble generally begins with a single pain in the back, and in time developes into Bright's Disease. People troubled with stricture, impediments, stoppage of water, or a frequent desire to urinate at night, will find Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a blessing. Read the wonderful cures in another column. One pill is a dose, and if taken every other night will positively cure kidney trouble.

—The Cornwall Canal will be ready for navigation by the last week of April.

A Sermon Without Words.

BY MRS. ZELLA R. CRONYN BERNARDSTON, MASS.

Behind the other worshippers I sat,
A stranger to them all.
I marked the lovely arches at the roof,
The carvings on the wall,
The softened lights through many a costly pane
Like blessings seemed to fall.

Arrayed in rich and beautiful attire
Came many a woman fair,
Who sought her quiet place among the rest,
Then bowed her head in prayer.
The organ's tender prelude floated forth
Upon the sacred air.

Anon the chanting choir with voices sweet
Broke forth in moving strain;
'Twas "Blessed are the merciful" they sang,
"They mercy shall obtain."
Then all the people, reverent and still,
Bowed down their heads again.

But when the preacher, eloquent and wise,
Chained every ear and eye,
I suddenly descried dim, hovering shapes
That fluttered up on high,
And heard, or thought I heard, a wail
Or echo of a cry.

Forms perched in special rows on polished beams,
Or flitted to and fro;
No joyous twitter gushing from their throats,
Only a note of woe.
I saw they were the wraiths of martyred birds,
With counterparts below.

One dipping low, poised once, and then,
Above a fair girl's head,
I saw among the ribbons of her hat
A warbler, stark and dead.
And she who sat beside her raised aloft
A pair of wings outspread.

Aigrette upon aigrette from bonnets rare
Stood up in white array—
The stately heron's lovely, fatal gift,
With, oh, what price to pay—
To leave their nestlings crying for their food,
And dying day by day!

Full oft the phantom humming-birds above
Would fondly hover o'er
The poor distorted remanants of themselves
These gentle women bore;
These women with adornments loaded down,
Yet ever wanting more!

Oh, slaughtered innocents, I heard your cry;
My heart with pity stirred.
'Twas not a minister who preached that day,
Oh, no! it was a bird.
The sermon had no hint of earthly speech,
And yet I plainly heard.

The tiny spectres folded up their wings
And faded through the wall,
Just as the first soprano raised her voice
Like some sweet angel's call—
To sing the closing anthem; something old—
About the sparrow's fall.

Extract from Editorial in "Dominion Dental Journal."

Since the article appeared by Dr. Ievers in the last issue, a large number of testimonials from outside and impartial sources, have been sent to us as to the value of 'Quickcure.' Eminent physicians express the same opinion from practical experience in its use in boils and wounds. We have had practical proof of its value in a burn, and repeated experience in its efficacy in exposed pulps, and various pathological conditions of the gums and the mouth. Dr. Ievers, of Quebec city, has for over eleven years had such invariable success with his preparation, that he had little trouble to persuade many of his colleagues to experiment in the same direction, and the general consensus of professional opinion has been decidely in its favor."

Magistrate Flint's Court.

HORSE TRADING CASE.

Jas. Chisholm and Jas. Hudgins were interested in a dispute over a horse trading case this morning in Police Court. Hudgins traded the horse to Chisholm and the evidence showed it not to be as represented. The Magistrate charged that Hudgins was guilty of fraud. Judgment a week from to-day.

IMPOUNDING HORSES.

Garbutt, Leavens and Snook, an adjourned horse case, where twenty-two horses were impounded, was again before the court to-day and is still in progress.

Mrs. E. B. Garneau, wife of President, Quebec Board of Trade, writes; "'Quickcure' has always given instant relief to my children."

Police Notes.

Two men named Geo. Cummings and John Orr, had a little scrap last night in front of McMahon's livery. Some names were called Orr by Cummings and Orr knocked him down.

Mrs. Gunn complained to the police that a loose plank in the walk at the corner of Bridge and Front sts., had hurt her leg while passing at that point.

The chief constable of Renfrew, has a card out asking for the arrest of a man named William Young, who is wanted on the charge of theft. He is 35 years of age, 5 ft. 6½ inches in height, weighs 135 lbs., slim build, thin face, sallow complexion, sharp nose, blue around the eyes, light hair and sandy moustache.

—Dr. Trudel, Liberal, and Mr. Marcotte, Conservative, were nominated for Champlain yesterday.

—The Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway passes into the control of the Michigan Central road to-day.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—While Mr. Robert Bruce, of Valentia, was clipping a horse he was kicked over the heart and died instantly.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Alex Ray

—The Ottawa Citizen quotes a private letter to the effect that Lieut.-Governor Kirkpatrick's case is hopeless.

Miller's Compound Iron Pills cure St. Vitus Dance. 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

—Rev. Edward Hutchinson, formerly Secretary of the Church Missionary Society of England, died at Forest.

Experience proves the merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

—Major Sir John Willoughby, the only one of the Transvaal raiders to serve his full sentence, has been discharged from the gaol.

Blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all the disagreeable results of impure blood disappear with the use of this medicine.

—The Minister of Railways stated in the House of Commons in reply to a question that the C. P. R. had on March 10 filed the plans in his office for a line running through the Crow's Nest Pass.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

—President Kruger's grandson, an officer of the Government at Krugersdorp, is reported to have used insulting language to the Queen. He has been suspended and an inquiry ordered.

—Mr. Hoar's amendment to the Anglo American treaty of arbitration, eliminating all questions of national policy and the Monroe doctrine from the treaty, and giving the Senate general supervision of all matters to be submitted to arbitration, was adopted by the United States States by an overwhelming majority.

CHARM OF GRACIOUSNESS.

And Why All Women Should Seek to Possess It.

FEW charms possessed by womankind are more delightful than that which is known as "graciousness."

What is graciousness? It is simply the presence in the mind and the manifestation in the manner of an innate generous kindliness of spirit combined with unselfish tactfulness—as different, this last quality, from policy and diplomacy as is falsehood from truth.

The possession of the charm of graciousness is, indeed, the first factor in a woman's social success; she displays it alike in her intercourse with women and men—it succeeds with the former because they see in it something subtly flattering, a desire to be markedly amiable, and with the latter because it conveys a hint of warm appreciation of masculine superiority!

The Frenchwoman, whose charm of manner is proverbial, possesses the gift in the highest degree—with her it is not an attribute to be put off and on at will, it is a positive duty to be gracious—she is gracious to the clerk what waits upon her in the shop, to the woman who manicures her nails, to the suitor whose attentions are unwelcome, to the tradesman who duns her with bills—in fact, to all sorts and conditions of men does she display the charm in so marked a degree that her manner has become a proverb, and to imitate it is the secret wish of every woman who has once fallen under its wondrous spell.

Nor is graciousness inconsistent with perfect truth and sincerity; it is not, as is too often supposed, a form of policy, a cloak to be put on to serve a purpose; it is, as I have already said, an outward manifestation of a kindly, gracious spirit—of a large-hearted generosity, whose fundamental basis is the old, old principle of doing unto others as one would be done by!

So, my sisters, do not from a fear of being misunderstood, or of being dubbed gushing, eschew the gentle charms of graciousness.

It was undoubtedly the possession of this same charm that has made the fame of many women resound to the uttermost parts of the earth; be sure it was that and nothing more which made men and women alike the devoted slaves of a Mary Sturat, a Marie Antoinette or a Madame de Stael.

MARGERITA KARAISKAKI.

A Cretan Woman Who Is a Brave General and Without Fear.

As if true to its ancient traditions of myth and fable, Crete has produced, in the person of Margerita Karaiskaki, a genuine amazon who is as fearless and as efficient as were the traditional daughters of Hesperia. This young woman is a granddaughter of the noted Karaiskaki, who was one of the heroes of the Cretan revolution of 1821, and the blood of her patriotic grandsire flows freely in her warlike veins. Her great capacity as a leader and her wonderful influence over men have induced the insurgent chiefs to give her a command, and she has ever led her soldiers to victory. The Cretans under her, who probably never heard of the island amazons, look up to her as a new Jeanne d'Arc and are ready to follow her into whatever positions she elects to lead them. She is an able general, a talented strategist, and is totally wanting in the sentiment of fear. Her love for her native island is boundless. While brave and martial, she is, in every sense, womanly. She is pretty, strong, a great horsewoman, a skillful swordswoman and is only 23 years old.

MARGERITA KARAISKAKI OF CRETE.

CONSERVATIVE CAUCUS.

The Franchise Bill Will Be Looked Into—School Question Will Not Be Brought Up in the House.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—A caucus of the Conservative party was held in the Railway Committee room this morning. Mr. Bennett presided, and there was a large attendance. Many speeches were made with regard to the work of the session, and it was held to be inimical to the interests of the country to allow the franchise bill to go until such time as the tariff is introduced. A committee was appointed to look into the franchise bill.

There was some discussion on the question of party organization.

It is understood the school question will not be raised by any member of the Opposition side in the form of a direct motion.

Clarke Wallace, John Ross Robertson and W. J. Poupore did not attend the caucus.

Berks to Leave for Fredericton.

Halifax, N.S., March 31.—A detachment of the Royal Berkshire Regiment, consisting of three officers and sixty-seven men, will leave Halifax for Fredericton to-morrow morning. The Dominion Atlantic Railway will transport them as far as Digby and the Canadian Pacific Railway will take them the remainder of the journey. The company of the Fredericton regular militia which are exchanging with the Berks will come to Halifax over the Intercolonial, arriving at Halifax to-morrow afternoon. They will be located in the quarters of the regular troops in this city. The transportation of the Berks is provided for by the Imperial authorities through Gen. Montgomery Moore, while the militia regulars are transported by the Canadian Government through General Gascoigne.

Rushing Whisky Out of Bond.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—There is a great rush on the part of liquor-dealers to close their goods out of bond, anticipatory of the new tariff. Mr. Harry Corby, M.P., is being deluged with orders, and since last Friday has paid duty to the amount of $100,000. Only legitimate orders of the trade for duty paid spirits are being filled.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Business very dull, with prices heavy. Straight rollers nominal at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade limited, with offerings small, ton lots quoted at $9 to $10, west, and shorts $10 to $11 for car lots.

Wheat—The local wheat market continues dull, with the feeling unsettled. Offerings are moderate, while millers are holding off. Red winter is quoted at 72c to 73c, west, and white sold at 74c on the Northern. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 83c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 80c to 81c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices easier at 26c to 27c, west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 31c, No. 2 at 28c, No. 3 extra at 24c to 25c, and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is less active, and prices steady. Sales of white at 19c, west, and of mixed at 17½c to 18c, west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with sales at 28c, west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c outside.

Who's to Blame?

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED.

If you look shabby on the street it is not our fault. We have put the prices of our stock of clothing down to such figures that all semblance of profit is about gone. While clothes do not make the man, the first impressions people receive are very often lasting, and it will be worth your while to try the experiment of seeing how much better you will look and feel from an investment with us.

Our prices are the lowest for strictly first-class goods. Call and be convinced.

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

New Millinery,
New Veilings,
New Blouses,
New Corsets,
New Laces,
—AT—
A. BRIGNALL'S

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

AUCTION SALE!

MRS. FURNIVAL will sell by Public Auction at her residence, corner of Bridge and Charles streets, on

Friday, April 2nd, 1897,

at 10 o'clock a.m., a number of household effects, including a black walnut sideboard, wardrobe, extension table, several other tables, chairs, bedroom furniture, mantel bed, couches, etc.

Terms cash.

D. J. FAIRFIELD,
m30d3t Auctioneer.

Belleville Markets.

INTELLIGENCER Office,
Mar. 31, 1897.

There is no change in the local market to note, but prices are generally firm at our quotations, which are as follows:

WHEAT—White, 75c to 80c.
Red, 75c to 80c.
Spring, 75c to 80c.
BARLEY—No. 1, 28c.
No. 2, 25c.
No. 3, 20c to 23c.
OATS—White, 17c to 18c.
Mixed, 17c.
RYE—30 to 32c.
PEAS—Common, 40c to 43c.
Runner, 45c.
BUCKWHEAT—25c to 28c.
BUTTER—Roll, 15c to 22c.
EGGS—8c. to 12c. per doz.
LIVE HOGS—$4.00 to $4.60 per 100 lbs.
DRESSED HOGS—$5.00 to $6.50.
DRESSED BEEF—Hinds, 5 to 6c.
DRESSED BEEF—Fores, 2c to 3c.
LAMB—6 to 7c.
HIDES—No. 1, $7.00; No. 2, $6.00
VEAL—5c.
VEAL HIDES—7c per lb.
DEAKINS—30c to 40c.
SHEEP SKINS—Butchers prime $1.
TALLOW—Rough, 1½c
TALLOW—Rendered, 2½c.
LARD—9c. to 10c.
POTATOES—35c. to 50c. per bag.
HAY—$9 to $11.00 per ton.
CHICKENS—40c. to 50c. per pair.
DUCKS—50c. to 60c.
TURKEYS—75c. to $1.00.
ONIONS—20c. per peck.

The Editor of the "Dominion Dental Journal" and Dean of the Dental College, Montreal.

Dr. W. George Beers writes; "Dr. Ievers has been fortunate enough to produce a preparation ('Quickcure') which really has no rival in the Materia Medica of dentistry. I have investigated its merits, and find it, without exception, the most useful and convenient preparation for the purpose I have met with. We know very well, too, that chemists sell a lot of preparations which do more harm than good. From personal experience, and the unanimous verdict of Dr. Ievers' confreres in Quebec city and Montreal, we have no hesitation in recommending the preparation, not only as an invaluable addition to dental therapy, but as a family friend in emergencies, where one cannot at once reach the dentist."

If you build a large building, and fail to dig the foundation deep enough, that settles it.

A Graduate of Toronto University says:

"My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure

J. S., says: "I was in a dreadfully weak and nervous condition, unable to rest and utterly unfit for work, and Miller's Comp und Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

Feather Dusters,
Lambs' Wool Dusters,
Paint Brushes,
Varnish Brushes,
Whitewash Brushes,
Paperhangers' Brushes.

A full supply and of the best quality now on hand.

THE PHARMACY,
D. M. WATERS.

THE ALE AND PORTER

OF

JOHN LABATT,

LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN
WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,
AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Ride the Cleveland, THE Easy Running Wheel, at FOSTER'S

Our Star Portland Cement

Is the best in the market, having been proved so by tests. Sold by all the dealers in the city.

For Sale Cheap.

DRY SOFT WOOD.

A Good Horse for Farm or Cart.

To Rent.

A Good Office on Bridge Street.

The Rathbun Company

Quickcure

The Great Modern Remedy for

Tooth Ache ...and All Pain

Has received more honest, unsolicited testimonials from reputable people, than any other remedy of the age.

Note the statements from well known people published in the news columns of this issue.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

Removal Sale!

Only a few days left now before we vacate our present stores.

Everything is reduced in price so as to greatly reduce our stock for moving, and it is your greatest chance to buy almost anything you want at cost and under.

IN THE FAIR . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Crockery,
Dishes,
Woodenware,
Brooms,
Glassware,
Agateware,
Tinware,
Teas and Coffees.

IN THE BEEHIVE . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Fancy Goods,
Wools,
Felts,
Silks,
Novelties,
Toys,
Soaps,
Combs,
Brushes,
Mirrors,
Whisks,
Braces,
Dolls, and General Smallwares.

And if you want to save money on your purchases come this week, as sale only lasts a few days longer.

Come with the crowds to

The Beehive and The Fair

REMOVAL SALE.

CHAS. N. SULMAN

FLOWER'S BARGAIN HOUSE

IF YOU WANT FIRST-CLASS GOODS CHEAP CALL ON US—WE KEEP ALMOST EVERYTHING.

Front Street - - - Belleville.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

New Features,
New Specialties
IN
PLUMBING!

CONSULT . . .

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.

before doing anything in this line.

Estimates Cheerfully Given.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Phone 189.

EASTER NOVELTIES.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF EASTER GOODS NEXT WEEK

OYSTERS ARRIVING AS USUAL.
CHOICE BANANAS 20cts. per doz.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
AGENTS FOR E. & D. and
CRESCENT WHEELS - - -
Best Bicycles on Earth.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO FRIDAY, APRIL 2 1897. NO. 282

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Opening

WE are to-day opening up to do business in the future on strictly cash principles.

We would invite our customers and the public to call and have a look through our large stock and see the very low prices Dry Goods can be bought for, when bought for cash.

All goods are marked in plain figures, and only one price to everybody.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Benjamin L.O.L., 274.
Executive Committee.
Select Knights, No. 61.
Church Choir Practices.
Knights of the Maccabees.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
C. O. O. F. Loyal Moira Lodge.
Boys' Brigade—St. Andrew's church.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

APR. 2—Emile Zola born, 1840
Massacre at Frog Lake, 1885.
Mr. Whitney chosen leader of Opposition in Legislature, 1896
Richard Cobden died, 1865.

THE WEATHER.

This has been the warmest day of the season—bright and summer-like. Comparison with date last year.

1896		1897	
Min	32	Min	26
8 a. m	36	8 a. m	40
Noon	38	Noon	51

PROBABILITIES.

Fine; not much change in temperature.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, [illegible]er of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Divis[illegible]ourt Office, Bridge st., opposite the Po[illegible]ffice; residence, first house east of [illegible] W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

NEWS OF THE MINES.

A Great Influx.

(Toronto World.)

Word from the west says that as soon as warm weather arrives a great influx of men from the northwestern states into the Kootenay will take place. Fully 5000 people are expected to emigrate from Tacoma and Seattle alone, and other Pacific coast points will send large contingents. And as we come east the situation is much the same. The inhabitants of St. Paul and Chicago and more eastern cities are flooding the railways with questions as to transportation facilities. And taking all indications into consideration, the passenger traffic from Eastern Canada and the Eastern States is likely to be the heaviest on record. In view of this expected rush to British Columbia's mining regions, the question naturally arises, can the Kootenay in its present state of partial development support them all?

This seems an opportune time to again warn men without either means or sure employment in view to avoid the Kootenay.

O. S. Doan, of Clinton, says not to go on suffering as he did for years with Salt Rheum, when a few boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment will cure you. Dr. Chase's Ointment cured Hiram Frey, of Norwood, after suffering ten years with Eczema of the leg. Chase's Ointment also cured his little girl of Eczema on her face.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

The latest style in New York and London Silk Hats at Brasier's.

Mr. Walter Moy has purchased the Potter vineyard in Ameliasburg.

A tri-weekly stage route between Stirling and Belleville is being established.

A number of young men gave an assembly in the Prentice Boys' hall last evening.

The steamer Pierrepont broke her way from Kingston to Wolfe Island yesterday.

Adjourned sale of household goods at the O'Brien House will be held on Saturday at 10 o'clock. 2tp.

A considerable quantity of cheese of this season's make has been contracted in the Belleville district at 9½c to 9¾c.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

D. W. Ketcheson's team ran away this afternoon with a lumber waggon from Front st. to Pinnacle st. and badly damaged the waggon.

The dust on Front st. is a great nuisance to the merchants of Front st. as well as other citizens. The watering cart should be put on the main streets at once.

See our large stock of newest styles in Stiff and Soft Hats, all colors, before buying. Our stock of Hats for children is now complete. Call and see them at Brasier's.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

The young man who was reported to be the victim of the 3 a.m. "April Fool," says that his name was used without warrant, and that he has no knowledge of such an affair.

Work has been commenced on the refitting of the north store in the Thompson block, corner Front and Bridge sts., for Messrs. Templeton & Muir's wholesale drug business.

Wheelmen's attention is drawn to the advertising card of Victor Wensley, who has opened up a Bicycle Emporium at 331 Front st., in the old "Fair" store. Mr. Wensley will also give riding lessons.

Mr. W. W. Chown, who is well and favorably known in the hardware trade, has leased the shop lately occupied by Lewis & Sills, and makes his announcement in our advertising columns, which see for farther particulars.

A Kid Glove Bargain.

We will put on the counter to-morrow (Saturday) morning 300 pairs Ladies' Kid Gloves all sizes in 4 button and 4 dome fasteners, Black, Tan, Brown, etc., at 50c and 75c a pair. Every pair of these is good value at $1.00.—GEO. RITCHIE & CO.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Cameron Brown is in Toronto.

Robt. Fraser, Trenton, is at the Quinte.

A. J. Demony, Buffalo, is at the Quinte.

Dr. Mackenzie, Toronto, is at the Quinte.

Mr. John C. Stevenson, Deseronto, is in the city.

Mr. Walter G. Munroe, of Newport, R.I., is in the city.

Mr. C. J. Boldrick, of Stirling, is recovering slowly from a severe illness.

Mrs. W. N. Ponton returned this afternoon from an extended trip through Forida.

Mr. Templeton, General Agent of the Manchester Fire Insurance Company, is in town.

Mrs. Consaul, corner Catharine and Coleman sts., had a second stroke of paralysis yesterday.

Miss A. Chisholm has returned home after spending a couple of weeks with her sister at Baltimore.

Mr. Phil. McGuire, of the St. George's Hotel, who has been ill for three months, is still very low.

Mr. W. C. Austin, of Brockville, is in the city attending the funeral af his brother-in-law, J. W. Hicks.

Mr. S. W. Hicks, of Montreal, is in the city to attend the funeral of his brother, the late J. W. Hicks

Mr. S. W. Vermilyea has returned from a business trip to Quebec. He says there is two feet of snow there.

Mr. Wm. Stevenson and Mr. Robt. Stevenson, of Kingston, are in the city to aetend the funeral of their brother, the late Alex. Stevenson.

Miss Mary Keegan is following her previous successes on the English stage with additional assumptions, in which she has won warm encomiums from the critics. Her many friends in Belleville are following her career with much interest.

Mr. Reuben Fax is playing "Father Knickerbocker" in the musical comedy "Miss Manhattan," which is now running at Wallack's theatre, New York, and will last until the end of the season. Mr. Fax's work is praised in generous terms by the critics,

H. H. Stevens, Port Elgin; R. Fisher, J. Blackley, Montreal; Thos. Wood, Brockville; Dr. B. E. Mackenzie; N. T. Lyon, F. Smiley, J. Johnston, Ed. Egan, Toronto; P. Doyle, Quebec; H. N. Robertson, Kingston; Robt. Fraser, Trenton; A. J. Demony, Buffalo; Fred Argall, Three Rivers, are registered at the Quinte.

J. H. Brown, Midland; R. M. Copeland, Alex. King, G. H. Umpharp, D. Grigg, Toronto; H. R. St. Michie, W. C. Turner and S. W. Hicks, Montreal; Sam P. Morden, Wellington; W. T. Forbes and Gus Haskins, Hamilton; Wm. H. Mossman, Prescott; F. B. Builtner, Buffalo; J. A. Kuppenheimer, New York; W. C. Austin, Brockville; John McDonald, Frankford, are registered at the Anglo.

SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL.

At a meeting of the football enthusiasts of the High School last evening their club was organized, and the following officers elected for the coming year:

Honorary Patrons—Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Messrs. H. Corby, M. P., J. Hurley, M. P., T. Ritchie, W. B. Northrup, ex-M. P. and W. H. Biggar, M. P. P.

President—Mr. E. F. Milburn, M. A.
First Vice Pres.—Mr. H. J. Clarke.
Second Vice Pres.—Mr. W. F. Libby.
Captain—W. Collins.
Sec. Treas.—E. R. Gordon.
Committee of Management—A. Carmichael, J. Matheson and D. Thompson.

The members of the team will be chosen as soon as possible and the boys feel confident that they will have a first class team and hope to win the Corby Cup.

—The thirteen-year-old daughter of Mr. J. D. Liscum, Toronto Junction, was burned to death while playing round a bush fire.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

—Two special trains, having on board over 500 new settlers for the Province and the Territories, arrived in Winnipeg from the east.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

—The Newfoundland Government has decided to enforce the Act which prohibits French fishermen from St. Pierre taking bait in Newfoundland waters.

—The Most Rev. William Plunket, D. D. (Baron Plunket), Protestant Archbishop of Dublin, died yesterday after a brief illness. He was sixty-nine years of age.

LICENSE APPLICATIONS.

A List of the People Who Want to do Hotel and Liquor Business in East and West Hastings.

Following are the applications for licenses received by the License Inspectors of West and East Hastings:

WEST HASTINGS.

BELLEVILLE—Taverns—Hotel Quinte, D. Coyle, Jos. Dumesnil, John Mackie, C. H. Kyle, Norah Feehery, D. Callaghan, W. H. Bottum, S. Curry, Wm. Decter, E. J. Taylor, B. Truaisch, T. H. Vanalton, Chas. P. Hunter, Jas. Logan, Martin Wims, Jas. A. O'Neil, Philip McGuire, Richard Burke, John T. Cockram, McGuire Bros., Jos. McCormack, James V. Jenkins, Jas. E. Ketcheson. Shops—Wesley Bullen, Geo. Wallbridge and Leavens & Deshane.—Wholesale—H. Corby.

TRENTON.—Taverns—Jas. A. Polky, Jas. Stevenson, A. J. Sweet, Isabel Bleecker, John Cullanane, Louise Filion, Sarah Ventriss, T. Garrett, J. A. Tompkins. Shops—Stuart Hooey and S. S. Bonter.

SIDNEY—Taverns Stephen Tufts, Jas. V. Brennan, Mary McCambridge, G. W. Clark and Jas. Sweetman.

EAST HASTINGS.

DESERONTO.—Taverns—Robt. Adams, Wm. Hatch, Wm. Jamieson, John Callaghan. Shop—Robt. Adams.

TYENDINAGA—Taverns—Wm. Ryan, John Doreen, J. W. Davidson, Mrs. S. Reid, John Fahey, Patrick Doyle, Jas. O'Leary, Patrick Farrell.

THURLOW—Taverns—R. C. Fairman, R. R. Palmer, Geo. Thrasher, Jas. Farrell, F. P. Sine, Fred Tunnicliff.

HUNGERFORD—Taverns M. Fitzgerald, Jos. Farrell, Mrs. M. Hinch, Henry West.

TWEED—Taverns—E. R. Huyck, F. Lynch, Richard Coulter. Shops—J. Quinn.

Boys' Shirts and Sweaters.

We are showing an elegant range of Boys' Sweaters, fine wool, blue, white and tan; also Boys' colored shirts, with fine blue and pink stripes, 2 collars and pair cuffs detachable. Also a range of light and dark blues with attached collars and cuffs at SCHUSTER'S.

Civic Committees.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT.

This committee passed a number of accounts last night.

MARKET AND CITY PROPERTY.

Some accounts were passed; the Clerk was instructed to advertise for tenders for the market; the basement of the market building was ordered to be whitewashed.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Several accounts were passed, and it was recommended that the tender of W. W. Lee for steel girders and repairs to the upper bridge be accepted, $600; that action be taken as to the dumping ground corner Canifton and Station sts.; and that they meet on Monday afternoon on vacant property between East Pinnacle and West Church sts.

Cheap Slippers.

Tweed slippers, 12c. per pair. Good carpet slippers, 25c. per pair. No. 1 stock Prunella slippers, 40c. Split slippers, 30c. All new stock.—VERMILYEA & SON.

I.O.F. Court Moira, No. 33.

J. Parker Thomas, D.S.C.R., and C.D.H.C.R. of the High Court of Ontario East, and D.S.C.R. of the Supreme Court of the I.O.F., assisted by Bro. Robt. Mathison, High Vice Chief Ranger, installed the officers of Court Moira last night. The list of officers was published in Saturday's issue of the INTELLIGENCER.

White Duck Coats.

Barbers and bartenders can now find a complete range of sizes in white duck coats, price $1.00, at Harry's.

Amusement Notes.

CHICAGO MARINE BAND.

The subscription list for the Chicago Marine Band, the greatest popular music band in the world, assisted by Miss Sibyl Sammis, the phenomenal soprano, will open at Riggs' music store on Tuesday, April 6th, at 10 a.m. sharp. Subscribers to have first choice of seats. Prices 25c., 35c., 50c. and 75c.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Mr. Thos. Stewart will lead the men's meeting Sunday afternoon.

The boys will be addressed by Mr. W. Doyle at 10 o'clock Sunday morning.

Display of Wilkinson Hats.

Drab, Fawn, Black and Bronze in Hard and Soft Hats at SCHUSTER'S. Everything brand new.

VIN MARIANI
(MARIANI WINE)
THE IDEAL FRENCH TONIC.

An INFALLIBLE REMEDY in all cases of OVERWORK or EXHAUSTION of

Body
Brain
and Nerves

Delicious in Taste,
Immediate and lasting in Effect,
no unpleasant reaction.

DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day, CHILDREN half the quantity.

Sold at Druggists, Fancy Grocers and Wine Merchants.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.,
MONTREAL,
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA

ALSO FOR Gold Lack Sec Champagne
Old Empire Rye Whisky

FIRE AT DESERONTO.

Sample Rooms Burned—Other Buildings Scorched—Loss Stated at $6,300.

(Special to the INTELLIGENCER.)

DESERONTO, April 2.—About 3:30 this morning the citizens were aroused from their slumbers by the fire alarm. It was found that the two-story frame building used as sample rooms for the O'Connor House was all ablaze. The west end of the O'Connor House was badly scorched, the window casings being burned out. The windows are all broken and many of the rooms are damaged by smoke and water. The window frames in the east end of the Baker block were burned out, and the Deseronto Opera House suffered, the windows being broken and furnishings being damaged by water and heat.

J. J. Kerr was probably the heaviest loser. His shop is in the lower flat of the block and the water came through from the opera house and damaged his large stock of new spring importations.

The intense heat did much damage to the buildings across the street, the woodwork being blistered.

Four large plate glass windows in Stafford's hardware store were broken, one plate glass window in Egar's drug store is cracked, and the window in Woodcock's grocery and Carter's shoe store is also cracked.

It is generally thought that the fire was the work of an incendiary.

J. A. Jocker a traveller for Gowans, Kerr & Co., Toronto lost his crockery samples.

Loss estimated about as follows:

O'Connor House, $1400; J. J. Kerr, $3000; R. J. Adams, $800; A. H. Baker, $500; Mr. Jocker, $200; sundry losses about $400. Total $6,300.

$1.25 Colored Shirts for 75c.

With fine blue, pink and black stripes, also 2 collars and pair cuffs, detachable open front at SCHUSTER'S.

Two Funerals.

The funeral of the late Alexander Stevenson took place this afternoon from his late residence West Bridge st., to the cemetery. Services were conducted at the house by Rev. T. J. Thompson, Pastor of John st. Church. The bearers were all near relatives of deceased.

A large number of the friends of the late John W. Hicks gathered at his late residence this afternoon to pay their last tribute to the dead. Rev. A. C. Maybee conducted a short service, after which the Masons, under whose auspices the funeral was conducted, proceeded with their ceremony. There was a good turn-out of Masons, who accompanied the remains as far as the Canifton road. The bearers were Messrs. H. Pringle, L. R. Terwilligar, W. N. Ponton, E. B. Mott, W. Alford and Rev. D. F. Bogert. The remains were interred at Plainfield.

At Harry's.

You will find good value in suspenders at Harry's. Mohair ends with underwear supporters attached in good web and a variety of colors, only 25c.

Albert College Notes.

The Albert College Athletic Association met this week to organize for the season, appointing the following officers: President, Mr. Pearson; Vice-President, Mr. Johnson; Secretary, Mr. Branscombe; Treasurer, Mr. Barbaree; Team Committee, Messrs. Branscombe, Stone, Knight and Rogers.

The Philomathian Society will hold its final concert of the season this evening. The public are cordially invited and a large attendance is expected. The following programme has been provided: Piano Solo, Miss Henry; reading, Mr. More; quartette, "Old Oaken Bucket," Messrs. Freligh, Pearson, Gladney and McCredie: piano solo, Miss Sharpe; dual recital, "School for Scandal," Miss Brignall and Prof. Shepard; vocal solo, Miss Coleman; reading, Mr. Wrinch; quartette, "Some Day I'll Wander Back Again"; mandolin solo, Miss Lockerty; reading, W. M. Sheckel; chorus, Glee Club.

Spring Underwear.

Medium weight underwear suitable for spring $1.00 a suit at Harry's.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

FRIDAY, April 2.

WAGES.

Jesse Joyce sued J. E. Phillips of Prince Edward, for $27.12 wages alleged to be due.

Benjamin Sanford sued John Smith for $1.75 and got judgment without costs.

DRUNK.

Peter Brousseau, drunk was fined $10 and costs.

Bicycle Suits.

The man who rides a wheel with his ordinary business suit is using false economy. The Oak Hall can sell you a splendid suit, coat and pants, for $5 or $6, and you can save your good suit. Then again, think of the comfort of wheeling in proper costume. Bicycle suits are here to stay and they are not at all out of place for business wear.

The Executive Committee.

The Executive Committee of the Epworth League of Bridge st. church was in session for a couple of hours last night. A review of the work being done by the League was part of the business. The class in the county gaol on Sunday mornings, the cottage prayer meetings, the weekly meetings on Monday evenings, and the free reading room all were considered. It was reported that the free reading room never was as much appreciated as now. The League will be recommended to send a delegate to the Madoc Convention on the 16th and 17th of April.

Call and See Our Cavalier.

The beautifully designed, transferring and narrow tread, which makes it noticeable. Dunlop tires.—S. C. CHOWN.

—Over 100 buffalo have been seen in the vicinity of Fort Smith, Athabasca, during the past winter.

J. S., says: "I was in a dreadfully weak and nervous condition, unable to rest and utterly unfit for work, and Miller's Compound Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

—George L. Gregory, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., crossed to Prescott and hanged himself to a railway bridge.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

MONTREAL BANK CHANGES

Mr. T. S. Clark goes to Kingston—Mr. Robert Tannahill Succeeds Mr. Clark—Mr. Harry Dean to Picton.

Mr. T. S. Clark, who for fourteen years has been Accountant at the Bank of Montreal here, was notified by the Head Office yesterday that he had been promoted to a like position in the Kingston office, and would remove there during this month. Mr. Clark is to have as his successor Mr. Robert Tannahill, of the Sarnia Branch, oldest son of our esteemed citizen Mr. Robert Tannahill.

It will be a matter of general regret not only by the customers of the bank, but by our citizens generally, that Mr. Clark has to leave us. In his official position he has been most attentive to his duties; is deservedly popular with the numerous customers of the bank for his courteous manner and constant desire to oblige them as far as in him lay; and his abilities as an accountant are of so high an order that the City Council and commercial institutions have secured his services.

Mr. Clark, while first giving closest attention to his bank duties, has so usefully employed his leisure hours and so identified himself with the city that his loss will be felt.

He has been an enthusiastic wheelsman; one of the originators of the Rambler's Club, and largely through him the meet of 1885 was held here.

For a number of years he was a member of the Argyle Light Infantry, and several times declined a commission in it, prefering to be of the "rank and file"

He is a valued and useful official of Bridge st. Methodist church. In 1894 he succeeded the late Mrs. Nathan Jones as teacher of her large class of men in Bridge st. Sunday School and since then has been so useful as a teacher that sometimes the class has numbered nearly a hundred. He is also a member of the choir.

Mr. Clark's successor will be welcomed back to his native city by many friends, and returns with a reputation as a bank official and a gentleman which is an honor to him.

We also understand that Mr. "Harry" Dean, so long the popular Teller here, and who has been in the Deseronto Agency for a couple of years, has been promoted to the Picton Agency.

Guaranteed.

We have secured the agency for Belleville for Hone's Pure Mixed Paints. We guarantee every can to give satisfaction or refund the money. We have no hesitation in stating this as we made a thorough test of these paints last season and every can gave perfect satisfaction. Floor paints a specialty.—ALEX. RAY.

Our Medical Memos.

From New York Medical Record.

WETNURSES FOR INVALIDS.—A writer in The Lancet says that during an attack of dysentery he was advised to take milk and soda water, but found that milk warm from the cow was more beneficial. He asks if there is not some sucker arrangement to attach to a cow's udder by which milk can be drawn off and sucked through a tube without being exposed to the air at all? If delicate growing children and invalids would take milk in this way, he thinks it would do them far more good than milk, especially boiled milk, which has been exposed to the air. He inquires whether wetnurses ever gave their services to invalids, and wants to know, if not, why not?

HIS BEST PATIENTS.—The late Dr. John Merrimen, of Kensington, used to say that the poor were "his best patients, because he took no money from them, and God paid for them."

SEASICKNESS.

℞ Chloroform pure..........aa 10 gtt
Tinct. nucis vomica.......... 4 gm
Tinct. lavandular comp.......... 35 gm
M.S.—Teaspoonful every hour until cessation of vomiting.—Barber.

A CRYING FIT.—A fourteen-year-old daughter of John Wilson, of Augusta, Ky., is reported to have been crying all her life; whether she plays, sleeps or goes visiting, the cry is always the same, sounding as if it came from one in great grief. The child insists that she is unconscious of producing the sounds voluntarily.

BRONCHITIS.

℞ Acidi benzoice.............. 0.3 dgm
Tannin.............. 0.15 cgm
For one powder; four such daily.
—MARAGLIANO.

FLOWER'S BARGAIN HOUSE

IF YOU WANT FIRST-CLASS GOODS CHEAP CALL ON US—WE KEEP ALMOST EVERYTHING.

Front Street - - - Belleville.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. Lesser, Manager.

One Night Only—THURSDAY, APRIL 15th.

The Greatest Popular Music Band in the World,—

The... CHICAGO MARINE BAND.....

T. B. Brooke, Leader.

Assisted by the phenomenal Soprano, MISS SIBYL SAMMIS.

Greeted throughout America with thunders of applause.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind a Door Factory.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HARRIS & WALTON, OF THE CITY OF BELLEVILLE, INSOLVENTS.

TENDERS addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,085 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,208 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to

WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

Are You Moving
OR Housecleaning
IF SO
TAKE the ELEVATOR

To our second and third floors, where you will find a complete assortment of House Furnishings and Carpets that will brighten up your home.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Brussels Carpets.
Wilton Carpets.
Tapestry Carpets.
Moquette Carpets.
All Wool Carpets.
Union Carpets.
Hemp Carpets.
Church Carpets.
China Mattings.
Floor Oilcloths.
Floor Rugs.
Table Covers.
White Quilts.
Brussels Net Curtains.
Nottingham Lace Curtains.
Chenille Curtains.
Tapestry Curtains.
Silk Curtains.
Light Fancy Curtains.
Curtain Materials.
Curtain Poles.
Window Shades.
Fancy Fringes.
Art Denims.
Cretonnes.
Furniture Coverings, &c.

AGENTS FOR "CROSSLEY'S" CARPETS.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Have You Ever Tried
PERRIN'S KID GLOVES?
If Not, Why Not?
THEY ARE THE BEST.
Prices $1 to $1.50. Every Pair Guaranteed.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

A Lady's Views About
WALL PAPER.

We have a letter from a lady at a distance to whom we sent wall paper samples a few days ago.

She describes our paper as the best she has seen anywhere, and the prices are so much lower than prices quoted by other Wall Paper houses as to seem almost ridiculous.

One extract from her letter says: "I found the papers in Book 'V' very superior to other papers, at 60c. a roll, with which I compared them."

By consulting our Book V price list we find the prices range from 8c. to 15c. a roll.

The difference was so great we could scarcely credit it, but in three or four places in the letter our correspondent particularly emphasizes this point.

We know our goods are right and our prices are right as compared with other towns and cities.

We have an interesting collection of letters from every quarter in Canada, all telling us the same story of choice papers at low prices.

C. B. Scantlebury.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY

Fine variety of Buns, Cakes and General Bakery Goods we will have for to-morrow. Among some of the new things we are making are Aberdeens, 10c doz, and Cherry Drops, 20c doz.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
TERMS CASH.

HATS...
THAT..
WEAR

That's what WAKEFIELD'S HATS do—wear till you are tired of them. Did you ever wear a Wakefield Fedora? If not, then your next new Fedora should be a Wakefield, for several reasons: Because WAKEFIELD'S ENGLISH FEDORAS are the best wearing goods in the world for the money. Then again we guarantee every hat to keep its shape and color until worn out. And besides being good wearers they are the most fashionable hats in the market. Six different shapes and colors.

Sold by
J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

J. A. Vandervoort,
390 Front St.

New Hats
Up-to-Date Styles.
In New and Nobby Colors.
FROM LEADING MAKERS.
AT POPULAR PRICES.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Hatter and Men's Furnisher.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

Hood's Pills are the best after dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE LICENSE LAW.

It begins to look as if Mr. Hardy and his colleagues are about, as we suggested some days ago, to exemplify the fable of the old man and the ass in their vacillation over the new License law.

The "dressing down" which Mr. Hardy received from the intemperate tongues of the gentlemen who interviewed him on behalf of the temperance workers, led to the addition of sundry amendments to the measure in the direction of which his assailants pointed, together with a small favor asked by the license holders. But, unhappily for the Government, their amendments have, as a whole, failed to give satisfaction in any quarter.

No sooner had the Temperance Committee of the Toronto Conference of the Methodist church expressed satisfaction with the amendments extending the power of Municipal Councils, and more closely restricting shops and druggists, and not allowing licensed places near churches and schools, and raising the age limit, then it is announced by the Toronto Star, a journal which supports the Government, that this very clause is to be thrown aside—abandoned. The Star says:—

> The recent amendments which the Government made to the Liquor License Act, providing that municipalities shall have power to further limit the hours of closing of taverns, may never become law, at least not this session. The amendment, it is understood, was only placed in the Bill as an experiment, and has been met with wholesale opposition and no favor.
>
> It may be noticed that neither Mr. Ross nor Mr. Hardy made mention of this clause in their addresses.
>
> There has been some dissatisfaction among the members of the Liberal party about this and other parts of the Bill, for the matter was never discussed in caucus.
>
> A large number of Liberal members say that they certainly will oppose that clause when it comes up in the committee of the whole House. Messrs. German, Hobbs, Mutrie, Cleland, McNish, Stratton, O'Keefe, Loughrin, and others will oppose the clause.
>
> If nothing is done by the Government, the Conservatives will bring in amendments of their own in this line.
>
> The clause, however, will probably be dropped.

And so it goes. The Government has no fixity of purpose, because it is not guided by principle, and is ready to act at the request of the latest counsellor. It is time for a change.

A FEW VOTES MAY DECIDE.

The Brantford Courier has given an interesting summary of the misdoings of the Hardy Government and of the circumstances which point to its defeat at the next general election. In connection therewith it gives a list of constituencies in which members were returned by majorities of less than a hundred. The following is the list revised, and brought up to date:

Liberals.	Maj.
W. Charlton, S. Norfolk	21
M. G. McLean, S. Huron	22
C. F. Farewell, E. Algoma	66
Hon. R. Harcourt, Monck	67
J. J. Flatt, N. Wentworth	70
T. W. Chapple, N. Ontario	75
J. T. Garrow, W. Huron	76
W. H. Biggar, W. Hastings	81
W. M. German, Welland	91
J. T. Middleton, E. Hamilton	109
Patrons and Inds.	**Maj.**
J. McNeil, S. Perth	23
A. Currie, W. Simcoe	87
A. F. Gurd, W. Lambton	88
Conservatives.	**Maj**
R. T. Preston, N. Lanark	26
J. Haggerty, N. Hastings	30
J. W. St. John, W. York	53
W. H. Reid, W. Durham	61

It will thus be seen that there are ten Liberals, three Patrons and Independents (all of whom may now be regarded as supporters of the Government), and only four Conservatives who were elected by majorities of one hundred or less. A change of a very few votes might thus result in the election of thirteen Conservatives in the constituencies given in the list.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

It was bad enough for so-called "Liberals" to appeal to the Pope to act as arbiter in a dispute as to Canadian legislation of a domestic character. It was meaner still of them to deny it.

The new tariff law is now in force in the United States. The new Canadian tariff will not be made known until after April 20th, on which date the Provincial elections will be held in Nova Scotia. Such is the "statesmanship" of Mr. Laurier, of which his followers boasted so much previous to the general election. Other people will call it trickery.

President Kruger has moderated the pretensions which he expressed a few days ago. When he saw the British lion beginning to show his claws the shrewd old Dutchman backed down. They know what lions are in South Africa, from experience.

Senator Ferguson has intimated that it is his intention to oppose the Franchise Bill in the Senate, and prevent the Federal Franchise being tinkered at by the local Legislatures. Senator Ferguson will have a great deal of support in Parliament and in the country in his proposal.

Bicyclists are to be given the same rights on the highway as are accorded to drivers of vehicles. This is something that ought to have been done long ago, as incidentally it gives to pedestrians the right of way over wheel riders—something that the latter have been inclined to dispute.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

New Statesmanship.

Mail and Empire.

Laurierism has given us something new in politics. Nova Scotia is told to re-elect the local Liberals or to lose protection for coal. We are learning a good deal under the new regime. This is the first time that blackmailing has become a distinct branch of statesmanship.

A Good Hit.

Montreal Herald.

The Ministerial Association—You have a right, which amounts at times to a duty, to criticize the press. But tell us in all good nature and candor, how did you learn that the papers published "minute and repulsive details of the prize fight?"

Getting Sensible

Hamilton Times.

England is the storehouse of the products of the world. Englishmen have on hand for sale the products of their own factories and the products of all other countries which export anything. Free trade with England is therefore an approximation to free trade with the world. When Canadians can buy from Britain free of duty, they need not care much about trade with other countries. England will sell them German sugar, Ceylon tea, American cotton, Brazilian coffee, Australian wool and French wine, just as readily as she will sell Scotch iron and Yorkshire cloth, and she will freely take Canadian products of all kinds in payment.

Bring on the Tariff.

Montreal Star, Ind.

A long debate on the address is not precisely the best way to hurry on the tariff announcement. If the Government want to consult their followers before submitting themselves to any set schedule of duties, they probably must be permitted to do so; but the task could certainly be sooner got along with if they were not kept constantly in the House debating the purely formal reply to the Speech from the Throne. That this has developed into a debate on the Manitoba School question—of which we are quite likely to hear enough—is hardly a recommendation for its continuance.

Sight should not be lost, however, of the fact that tariff uncertainty has now reached an acute stage. Parliament is sitting, and importers and manufacturers alike know that something will soon be done. Business can literally do nothing now but wait for the tariff changes; and every day of delay is a day of financial loss to the people of Canada. The American Congress is perfectly alive to the grave injury inflicted upon business by the prolongation of doubt about the tariff when once the time of final settlement is within sight; and so hastens to bring its new schedules into operation as soon as is at all possible. Our Government should be moved by the same haste. Time lost is now money lost; and the politicians will find few people willing to fling away much of the latter commodity.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now,

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

THE DOMINION HOUSE.

Messrs. Clarke and Osler Declare for the Settlement.

The Business of the Country Being Neglected by Parliament Because of This Vexatious Question—A Week Has Passed and Still the Address Has Not Been Adopted—Major Hughes, Mr. Bennett and Other Conservatives Took Part in the Debate Yesterday.

Ottawa, April 1.—(Special.)—Mr. Charlton's bill to amend the criminal code by making the seduction law more drastic was introduced this afternoon.

Mr. Maclean asked whether it is the intention of the Government to disallow an act passed by the Legislature of British Columbia in the 59th year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled, "British Columbia Southern Railway Aid Amendment Act, 1896"?

Mr. Blair replied that, so far as the Government is concerned, this is a purely local act, and it is not the intention of the Government to disallow it. "I may say further, that the Government has received no complaint against that act."

Mr. Paterson told Mr. Broder the Government did not intend to install David Halliday, who was appointed by the late Government, to the position of Collector of Customs at Morrisburg.

Mr. Blair informed Mr. Maclean that 17 tenders were received for sections 4 to 7 of the Soulanges Canal, and 13 for section 12. He did not consider it proper to say who the tenderers were or that it was in the public interest to give the aggregate amount of each tender until the work has been completed.

Mr. Laurier informed Mr. Casgrain that the Government did not know whether Mr. Dobell had promised a subsidy of $1,000,000 for a new bridge over the St. Lawrence. The policy of the Government was the same as last year, when it was announced that material assistance would be given to any responsible persons or company who were prepared to undertake the construction of the bridge.

Mr. Laurier told Mr. La Riviere that the negotiations between the Dominion and Manitoba Governments on the school question were verbal. There was no record of them. All the papers will be brought down.

Mr. Laurier declined to give Mr. Foster any information regarding the passing of an order-in-council granting $300,000 to the G. T. R. for reconstruction of Victoria Bridge, Montreal. He asked him to make a formal motion for papers.

Rev. Mr. Maxwell, the clerical representative of Burrard, B. C., resumed the debate on the address. His speech was in fine literary form and it evoked repeated applause from the Government side. He commended the conciliatory methods adopted by the present Government, and regarded the school settlement as fair, just and statesmanlike. He had every sympathy with the Quebec Liberals in their appeal to Rome for release from the clerical tyranny of three hundred years ago. He was a free trader, but in the meantime was prepared to accept the tariff of the Administration.

Major Hughes followed. He twitted the last speaker with his readiness to change his sentiments on the trade and other questions. He drew attention to the fact that, while the Premier was giving utterance to patriotic observations on the Diamond Jubilee, 's organ, Le Signal, was deploring the spread of British Imperialism and urging the people of Quebec to draw closer to France.

Dealing with the bye-election in North Ontario, he proceeded to tell of Liberal methods which contributed to their success. Liberal stumpers, he said, paraded Protestant sections, telling the people to stand to their guns, otherwise the bishops of Quebec would sweep Mr. Laurier from power. But in Roman Catholic townships the electors were told the settlement was a great thing, that Mr. Laurier had given the minority more than they would ever have received from the Tories. The people were told that the Postmaster-General had said he wanted a Protestant Liberal elected in North Ontario. They needed more in the House, because he was afraid of the Frenchmen who sat behind Mr. Laurier.

Mr. Mulock rose to deny that he had ever made such a statement.

Mr. Hughes said it was stated in the riding all the same. Another Grit report was that the Speaker of the House had closed the bar of the restaurant of the House in order to prevent Conservative members from getting drunk. [Loud laughter.] And where was the story told? asked the Major. "In a community of Methodists who were temperance people." [Renewed laughter.]

The debate was continued by Messrs. Richardson and Chauvin.

Mr. E. F. Clarke, who was received with Conservative cheers, said: I desire to emphasize the opinion that has been expressed by some hon. members on this side of the House, and to say that so far as I am concerned this Manitoba school question has been practically settled by the agreement which was reached between hon. gentlemen opposite and the Government of Manitoba, and by the crystallization of that agreement into an act of the Legislature which has received its third reading, and which has been assented to by the people of the Province of Manitoba. [Hear, hear.] I say that this question in my judgment is settled; not only for the reason I have given, but because, as I understand, there are only two legislative bodies in this Canada of ours which have the right or the authority to deal with that question. One of these bodies is the Parliament of Canada, and this Parliament at a recent session, a session held not more than 12 months ago, tried ineffectually by legislation to interfere with the school affairs of the Province of Manitoba. The failure which attended the efforts of the gentlemen who were then in power—efforts which were put forth, I am sure, with an idea of doing what they considered an act of justice to the minority in Manitoba—the failure which attended their efforts on that occasion will deter similar efforts from being made in the future in this House to coerce by legislation any of the provinces in regard to matters that have been relegated to them under the constitution. Since the Legislature of Manitoba enacted an amendment to the school law of 1890, I felt bound to consider the character of the amendments which have been made, and having done so, I am forced to the conclusion that it is my duty as a member of this House to support the agreement as reached, and to support the legislation which has been enacted by the province. The privileges which have been obtained through the settlement of this vexed question are not all that either side to the controversy desires, but when it is considered that this settlement is a compromise I think that most fair-minded men will agree that it is a fair compromise and a compromise that will meet with the support of the great majority of the people of this country. It has been pointed out by many hon. members who addressed the House that there are objections to this settlement. I am free to confess that there are many and grave objections, and I refer particularly to the clause which makes it compulsory for school trustees in certain districts and on certain conditions to employ a number of teachers of a particular faith. I think that is a grave objection, but as I understand the question, it was necessary in order to provide for religious instruction being given in the schools that such a condition as that should be embodied settlement. It is my opinion that in the employment of teachers the trustees should have the fullest liberty. In the appointment of a teacher his efficiency as an instructor of youth should, I believe, be the only qualification demanded from him. While I object to that clause of the agreement, still I think it is better, even with an objectionable clause of that kind, that it should be accepted and this school controversy settled. But, while there are objectionable points in the settlement, there are, no doubt, many points of advantage, and these ought not to be lost sight of. It is the consideration of these advantages that prompts me to give it my support. In the first place, this settlement secures and guarantees to the people of Manitoba for all time to come the existence of a national non-sectarian system of schools. [Hear, hear.] That is the aim and the prime reason why I support that settlement. The people of Manitoba had the experience for many years of a dual system of education, and they found that that system did not work as smoothly or as efficiently as a school system ought to work. In view of the present sparse settlement of the country, in view of the few inhabitants in the country, it was believed, and events have justified them in their action, that the wiping away of the old system and the establishment of a common national system would secure better results than had been obtained previously.

Other advantages of the settlement, in his judgment, were these: It secures qualified teachers for all the schools in the province, and provides for a rigid system of education, so that the schools shall be kept up to a standard, and provides for the election of school trustees by ballot; it places the same curriculum in all the schools; it brings under one roof the children of parents who hold diverse religious views; it meets the scruples of certain classes of people who desire to have religious instruction in the schools. Mr. Clarke asked if those who sought the support of that settlement would demand equal privileges for the children of a large number of people in the Province of Ontario, mentioning particularly the right to vote by ballot, and to employ qualified teachers.

Continuing, he said: "I support this settlement because I believe it is in the best interest, not only of the people of Manitoba, but the people of Canada generally, that this burning subject, that has received so much attention during the last five or six years, should be finally set at rest. I take the ground that, so far as this Parliament is concerned, the matter has passed out of our hands, and that any agitation for further amendments, if such are desired, should be confined to the Legislature of that Province."

Discussing the mission of the Papal Ablegate, Mr. Clarke said: "Within the last few weeks we have read and heard of delegations crossing the Atlantic and paying visits to the Eternal City, and for what purpose? We have been assured by the honorable gentlemen opposite and by their press throughout the country, that this Manitoba school business has been settled, but we ask why those delegations have been crossing the Atlantic in the middle of winter to Rome? We are told that they are being sent over to secure the aid and co-operation of His Holiness the Pope in settling domestic disputes in the church with regard to matters of faith and religion, with which, I take it, those who are not Catholics have nothing whatever to do. But, sir, when we examine what the distinguished gentleman and prelate who has been sent from Rome to Canada says with regard to his mission, we must come to the conclusion, as reasonable and honest men, that he has been sent out here to aid these gentlemen in making some further settlement, or some further arrangement, in connection with this school business. Now, sir, I think, from the speeches that have been made in this House by gentlemen who signed that famous manifesto to the Pope, and who knew whereof they spoke, I think it must be clear to every person in this House that this delegate has come to Canada in response to the petition which they sent to the Holy Father, and if the papal delegate expresses his views correctly in the interviews which I have quoted, he certainly understands that he is coming here not to settle a domestic dispute between members of the same Church, but rather as the representative of the Holy Father in the settlement of a matter which certainly ought to be settled by those most interested, the people of Canada, and by them alone."

Continuing, he entered his solemn protest against the Government seeking aid outside of the Dominion of Canada or the British Empire in settling a matter of prime importance to the people of this country. He condemned the grave abuses of power on the part of the bishops of Quebec, which had been exposed by the Minister of Public Works. Such things should not be permitted, and if the Government did not enact legislation against such things it would be held responsible for their continuance.

In conclusion, he declared his readiness to vote for the settlement.

The discussion was continued by Mr. Prefontaine, who discussed the action of the bishops in Quebec, and claimed the right of religious freedom for his compatriots in Quebec. He quoted from a sermon by the cure of Batiscan, delivered last Sunday, in which he said the Liberals were followers of Satan; that the country was being overrun by emissaries of that infidel, Wilfrid Laurier, and urged them to chase them away from their doors with sticks and to set dogs on them.

Mr. Broder followed in a brief, but practical speech. After him came Mr. Lemieux.

Mr. Osler, West Toronto, said he thought the school question had been relegated to the past, settled, and so far as this House was concerned, settled for all time. He believed the members had been wasting the time of the country discussing everything except matters of vital interest to the country. The main point had, in his judgment been lost sight of. The Manitoba people themselves would have to decide as to what was to be done with the school question. Personally he felt that the settlement had gone further than he would have liked. He considered that more concessions had been made to one church than was proper. He did not think any church should be allowed to control the education of the children of this country. [Hear, hear.] Our children should be brought up together. In a settlement of this kind there must be concessions on both sides. The concessions of Manitoba, in his judgment, had gone to the utmost limit, gone further, indeed, than he cared to see. The matter could now be fairly left to Manitoba to settle. If the question came to a vote in the House, he would support the agreement, because he believed it to be a reasonable compromise.

Mr. McCleary reminded the Liberals of some of their former pledges, to show what he called the inconsistent position in which they now stood. He raised the point that no reference had been made in the speech from the throne to the alien labor law.

Mr. Bennett, in a half hour's speech, scored Mr. Sifton and other Ministers for the manner in which they had secured their portfolios. Then he dealt with bye-elections, and said that while Mr. Laurier used one sort of argument in one part of the country, men like Col. O'Brien were sent to another part to win Protestant votes by altogether different arguments. The member for North Ontario did not owe his seat to the votes of the people, but to a partisan judge.

Mr. Bennett condemned the delay in bringing down the tariff, expressed his opposition to the franchise bill, although anxious for a cheap and inexpensive method of revising. He concluded with an eloquent reference to the Queen's Jubilee.

Mr. Fraser moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned at 11.25.

PINCHING THE CRETANS.

Foreign Admirals Will Not Allow Them to Trade at Canea Unless They Lay Down Arms.

Canea, April 1.—The admirals commanding the foreign fleets in Cretan waters have refused to allow the Christians at Akrotiri to sell sheep or produce in Canea, which is but a short distance from Akrotiri, unless they surrender their arms.

Asking for More Help.

London, April 1.—It is credibly stated here that the admirals commanding the fleets on duty at Canea and other Cretan ports have applied to their respective governments to each send 50 cavalry and half a battery of artillery, which they declare are required to be used for garrison purposes. It is stated that the admirals have announced that these forces will be used solely to defend the various forts.

Greek Vessels Captured.

Athens, April 1.—Some of the British warships employed in blockade duty in the waters of Crete have captured three small Greek sailing vessels. Much indignation is expressed here over the affair, as it is pretty clearly established that at the time the vessels were captured they were outside the limits of the blockade.

They are Ready.

Athens, April 1.—So far as essentials are concerned, the troops on the frontier are already prepared to take the field. There is no evidence of weakness on the part of the King or Government. M. Delyannis, the Prime Minister, conversing to-day with some members of the Boule, said: "Our efforts have been directed towards a friendly settlement of the trouble, but a pacific solution now appears improbable. Events however, will find us ready."

Blockade of Athens Agreed To.

London, April 1.—Any doubt that the powers have assented to a blockade of the Gulf of Athens has been finally removed, but the details of the scheme are nowise completed. The admirals of the international fleet in Cretan waters will decide whether and when the blockade will be effected. It is obvious that it cannot be established immediately, as the squadrons must be increased. This implies a delay of several days.

All the despatches received here from special correspondents concur that, if the step be taken, its inevitable result will be that the Greek troops in Thessaly will cross the frontier into Macedonia.

Domestic Science.

"My wife took a nap yesterday afternoon, and I kept the baby still two hours."

"How did you manage it?"

"Nailed his clothes to the floor and gave him a paper lampshade to play with."—Chicago Record.

LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

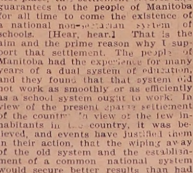
Linseed and Turpentine is not only a popular remedy, but the best known to medical science for the treatment of nervous membranes of respiratory organs.

DR. CHASE compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of the turpentine and linseed. It was the Doctor's last and greatest remedy, and more of it is sold in Canada than all other cough medicines combined.

A Banker's Experience

HEREAFTER HE INTENDS TO . . . . BE HIS OWN FAMILY DOCTOR

"I tried a bottle of *Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine* for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thomas Dewson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as simple, cheap and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."



A woman's attractiveness in the eyes of man depends largely on her physical appearance. Nature, in order to preserve the race, guides mankind by the instinctive preference for a mate who is physically sound and wholesome.

If intellect alone were chiefly sought, the offspring might be a generation of Solomons for wisdom, but they would perish in infancy for want of physical stamina.

A weak or unhealthy woman is unfitted to fulfil her part in perpetuating the race; she is unequal to the demands of motherhood and wifehood, she is robbed of her natural womanly attractiveness.

Many a woman is cheated of life's choicest gifts by a dyspeptic, bile-poisoned condition of the system, which shows itself in a pimply skin, sallow complexion, tainted breath, or thin, ungraceful form.

The most perfect remedy for all the mortifying symptoms of mal-nutrition and impure blood is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Through its remarkable effect upon the liver and digestive organs it sweeps all impurities out of the circulation and creates a fresh supply of new rich, life-giving blood.

It gives clearness and bloom to the complexion; sweetens the breath; rounds out the face and form, and invigorates the entire constitution with vital energy.

It restores the invincible beauty of wholesomeness and womanly capacity.

"I was a complete wreck; appetite gone, nervous system impaired; could not sleep, and was so weak that I could not stand on my feet ten minutes," writes Miss Ella Bartley, of No. 213½ South Grant Avenue, Columbus, Ohio: "I only weighed 95½ pounds when I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. After I had taken a half bottle I began to improve; could sleep soundly the whole night, and would awaken with an appetite for breakfast, which was a rare thing as I never had for two years back eaten a hearty breakfast. I now have an excellent appetite, and my friends say they never saw me looking better or in better spirits since they knew me. I tell them it is all due to Dr. Pierce's 'Discovery.'"

In all cases of obstinate constipation, the "Discovery" should be supplemented with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

ABOUT. . . .

. . . .CLOTHING!

In Buying Your Clothing..... there are a great many points to be taken into consideration. There is a big difference between a good tailor and a poor tailor, and there is a big difference between good ready-made clothing and poor ready-made clothing. One thing about our spring suits and overcoats, they are good. This word good means a big lot to the purchaser. We sell you an all wool suit for a man of any size, at $5, and it is good. There are lots of suits sold for this same money that are not good. See the difference? Then again if you are wanting a good article, suppose you think of paying the tailor $20, just come and see our $10 and $12 ones. If our suits at these prices this spring are not equal to the finest ordered work we will not expect you to buy. Our spring overcoats are taking the lead as usual; we have all prices from $5 up, but probably those at $10 are the favorites.

We are prepared to save you good big money in your spring clothing.

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten
Season

Fresh
Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.
Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.
Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—139 and 157.

Ask your Dealer
FOR A SPOOL
OF THREAD—
and he will give you the kind
he makes most profit on—
and small blame to him.
But ask him
For a spool of
CLAPPERTON'S THREAD,
and you'll get the kind that
will give you most profit
and satisfaction—and it costs
no more than inferior kinds
are sold for.
It pays you to get
CLAPPERTON'S
THREAD.
Does not break or snarl.

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse. one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McIntee.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excruciating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her.—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietus to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

Nearly all infants are subject more or less to diarrhœa and such complaints while teething, and at this period of their lives is the most critical, mothers should not be without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. This medicine is a specific for such complaints and is highly spoken of by those who have used it. The proprietors claim it will cure any case of cholera or summer complaint.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

BRISTOL'S
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Sarsaparilla
and
SUGAR COATED PILLS
The Greatest of all Liver, Stomach and Blood Medicines.
A SPECIFIC FOR
Rheumatism, Gout and Chronic Complaints.
They Cleanse and Purify the Blood.
All Druggists and General Dealers.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster
Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy: in fact, they act like magic.—A. Lapointe, Elizabethtown, Ont.
Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

STILL IN HIS PRIME.

North Hastings' Oldest Inhabitant Hale and Hearty.

Josias Moore, of Bancroft, Ont., one of the oldest and best-known residents of Hastings County, can boast of wonderful health and vigor for his age.

"Although I am over 84 years of age," he says, "I feel as young as ever I did."

Mr. Moore, however had a narrow escape from death about a year ago. "I was so bad with indigestion," he writes, "that the doctors gave me up. I tried various alleged remedies but found them no good. One day our popular druggist, F. C. Humphries, sent me a sample of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to try. The result was marvellous. After taking two I was able to get up. Then I sent for a box. I could soon eat anything. In a short time I was able to walk two miles, to Bancroft and back, with ease."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will, without fail, cure all kidney, liver, stomach and blood troubles. For sale by all dealers. Price 25 cents. One pill a dose; one cent a dose. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is the latest discovery for coughs asthma and consumption. It is pleasant, quick and certain. 25 cents.

4 FOUR GENERATIONS HAVE USED

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

AND ITS SALE IS STEADILY INCREASING.

Have you tried it?

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

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DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

P. D. GOLDSMITH, M.D., Ontario, L. S.A., L.R.C.P., and M.R.C.P., London, Eng., has permanently located in Belleville.

Office and residence, 55 Campbell street on the hill, just above Merchants Bank. Telephone 95. ju6d&wly

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BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Money to loan at lowest rate of interest. Office, North Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.
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Money to loan at 5 per cent interest.

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East Robertson Block, Front st., Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc. Private funds to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Mortgages and debentures purchased. Estates managed. Agents for the Canada Permanent Loan & Savings Co. Telephone 32.
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MISCELLANEOUS.

U. E. THOMPSON,

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DENTIST—Offices over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence on Forin Street. d w.

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

"THE GOLDEN CALF."

THE IMAGE OF AMERICAN IDOLATRY LOCATED IN WALL STREET.

Counting-Room Desks and Fire-Proof Safes Are Its Temples—The Raving of the Stock Exchange Is the Very Worship of the Calf Itself.

REV. DR. TALMAGE preached a sermon peculiarly appropriate to the money making spirit of the times. The subject was "The Golden Calf," from the text Exodus 32: 20, "And he took the calf which they had made and burnt it in the fire, and ground it to powder and strewed it upon the water and made the children of Israel drink of it."

People will have a god of some kind, and they prefer one of their own making. Here come the Israelites, breaking off their golden earrings, the men as well as the women, for in those times there were masculine as well as feminine decorations. Where did they get these beautiful gold earrings, coming up as they did from the desert? Oh, they "borrowed" them of the Egyptians when they left Egypt. These earrings are piled up into a pyramid of glittering beauty. "Any more earrings to bring?" says Aaron. None. Fire is kindled; the earrings are melted and poured into a mould, not of an eagle or a war charger, but of a calf; the gold cools off; the mold is taken away, and the idol is set upon its four legs. An altar is built in front of the shining calf. Then the people throw up their arms and gyrate, and shriek, and dance mightily, and worship. Moses has been six weeks on Mount Sinai, and he comes back and hears the howling and sees the dancing of these golden calf fanatics, and he loses his patience, and he takes the two plates of stone on which were written the Ten Commandments and flings them so hard against a rock that they split all to pieces. When a man gets mad he is very apt to break all the Ten Commandments! Moses rushes in and he takes this calf-god and throws it into a hot fire, until it is melted all out of shape, and then pulverizes it—not by the modern appliance of nitro-muriatic acid, but by the ancient appliance of nitre, or by the old-fashioned file. He makes for the people a most nauseating draught. He takes this pulverized calf and throws it in the only brook which is accessible, and the people are compelled to drink of the brook or not drink at all. But they did not drink all the glittering stuff thrown on the surface. Some of it flows on down the surface of the brook to the river, and then flows on down the river to the sea, and the sea takes it up and bears it to the mouth of all the rivers, and when the tide sets back the remains of this golden calf are carried into the Hudson and the East River, and the Thames, and the Clyde, and the Tiber, and men go out and they skim the glittering surface, and they bring it ashore and they make another golden calf, and California and Australia breaks off their golden earrings to augment the pile, and in the fires of financial excitement and struggle all these things are melted together, and while we stand looking and wondering what will become of it, lo! we find that the golden calf of Israelitish worship has become the golden calf of European and American worship.

I shall describe to you the god spoken of in my text, his temple, his altar of sacrifice, the music that is made in his temple, and then the final breaking up of the whole congregation of idolaters.

Put aside this curtain and you see the golden calf of modern idolatry. It is not like other idols, made out of stocks of stone, but it has an ear so sensitive that it can hear the whispers on Wall-street and Third-street; and the footfalls in the Bank of England, and a flutter of the Frenchman's heart on the Bourse. It has an eye so keen that it can see the rust on the farm of Michigan wheat and the insect in the Maryland peach-orchard, and the trampled grain under the hoof of the Russian war charger. It is so mighty that it swings any way it will the world's shipping. It has its foot on all the merchantmen and the steamers. It started the American Civil War, and under God stopped it, and it decided the Turko-Russian contest. One broker, in September, 1869, in New York shouted: "One hundred and sixty for a million!" and the whole continent shivered. This golden calf of the text, has its right front foot in New York, its left front foot in Chicago, its right back foot in Charleston, its left back foot in New Orleans, and when it shakes itself it shakes the world. Oh! this is a mighty god—the golden calf of the world's worship.

But every god must have its temple, and this golden calf of the text is no exception. Its temple is vaster than St. Paul's of the English, and St. Peter's of the Italians, and the Alhambra of the Spaniards, and the Parthenon of the Greeks, and the Taj Mahal of the Hindoos, and all the other cathedrals put together. Its pillars are grooved and fluted with gold, and its ribbed arches are hovering gold, and its chandeliers are descending gold, and its floors are tasselated gold, and its spires and domes are soaring gold, and its organ pipes are resounding gold, and its pedals are tramping gold, and its stops pulled out are flashing gold, while standing at the head of the temple, as the presiding deity, are the hoofs and shoulders and eyes and ears and nostrils of the calf of gold.

Further, every god must have not only its temple, but its altar of sacrifice, and this golden calf of the text is no exception. Its altar is not made out of stone as other altars, but out of counting-room desks and fire-proof safes, and it is a broad, a long, a high altar. The victims sacrificed on it are innumerable. What does this god care about the groans and struggles of the victims before it? With gold, metallic eye it looks on and yet lets them suffer. Oh! heaven and earth, what an altar! what a sacrifice of body, mind and soul? The physical health of a great multitude is flung on this sacrificial altar. They cannot sleep, and they take chloral and morphine and intoxicants. Some of them struggle in a nightmare of stocks, and at 1 o'clock in the morning suddenly rise up shouting: "A thousand shares of railroad stock—one hundred and eight and a half! take it!" until the whole family is affrighted, and the speculators fall back on their pillows and sleep until they are awakened again by a "corner" or a sudden "rise" in something else. Their nerves gone, their digestion gone, their brain gone, they die. The clergyman comes in and reads the funeral service; "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord." Mistake. They did not "die in the Lord;" the golden calf kicked them!

The trouble is, when men sacrifice themselves on this altar suggested in the text, they not only sacrifice themselves, but they sacrifice their families. If a man by an ill course is determined to go to perdition, I suppose you will have to let him go; but he puts his wife and children in an equipage that is the amazement of the avenues, and the driver lashes the horses into the whirlwinds, and the spokes flash in the sun, and the golden headgear of the harness gleams, until Black Calamity takes the bits of the horses and stops them, and shouts to the luxurious occupants of the equipage: "Get out!" They get out. They get down. That husband and father flung his family so hard they never got up again. There was the mark on them for life—the mark of a split hoof—the death-dealing hoof of the golden calf.

Solomon offered in one sacrifice, on one occasion twenty-two thousand oxen and one hundred and twenty thousand sheep; that was a tame sheep sacrifice compared with the multitude of men who are sacrificing themselves on the altar of the golden calf, and sacrificing their families with them. The soldiers of General Havelock, in India, walked literally ankle-deep in the blood of the "house of massacre" where two hundred women and children had been slain by the Sepoys; but the blood around this altar of the golden calf flows to the knees, flows to the girdle, flows to the shoulder, flows to the lip. Great God of Heaven and earth, have mercy! The golden calf has none.

Still the degrading worship goes on, and the devotees kneel and kiss the dust, and cross themselves with the blood of their own sacrifice. The music rolls on under the arches; it is made of clinking silver and clinking gold, and the rattling specie of the banks and brokers' shops and the voices of the exchanges. The soprano of the worship is carried by the timid voices of men who have just begun to speculate; while the deep basis rolls out from those who for ten years of iniquity have been doubly damned. Chorus of voices rejoicing over what they have made. Chorus of voices wailing over what they have lost. This temple of which I speak stands open day and night, and there is the glittering god with his four feet on broken hearts, and there is the smoking altar of sacrifice, new victims every moment on it, and there are the kneeling devotees; and the doxology of the worship rolls on, while Death stands with mouldy and skeleton arm beating time for the chorus—"More! more! more!"

Some people are very much surprised at the action of folk on the Stock Exchange. Indeed, it is a scene sometimes that paralyzes description, and is beyond the imagination of anyone who has never looked in. What snapping of finger and thumb and wild gesticulation, and raving like hyenas, and tramping like buffaloes, and swaying to and fro, and running one upon another, and deafening uproar until the president of the Exchange strikes with his mallet four or five times, crying: "Order! order!" and the astonished spectator goes out into the fresh air feeling that he has escaped from pandemonium. What does it all mean? I will tell you what it means. The devotees of every heathen temple cut themselves to pieces, and yell and gyrate. This vociferation and gyration of the Stock Exchange is all appropriate. This is the worship of the golden calf.

But my text suggests that this worship must be broken up, as the behaviour of Moses in my text indicated. There are those who say that this golden calf spoken of in my text is hollow, and merely plated with gold; otherwise they say Moses could not have carried it. I do not know that; but somehow, perhaps by the assistance of his friends, he takes up this golden calf, which is an open insult to God and man, and throws it into the fire, and it is melted, and then it comes out and is cooled off, and by some chemical appliance, or by an old-fashioned file, it is pulverized, and it is thrown into the brook, and, as a punishment, the people are compelled to drink the nauseating stuff. So, my hearers, you may depend upon it that God will burn and He will grind to pieces the golden calf of modern idolatry, and He will compel the people in their agony to drink it. If not before, it will be so on the last day. I know not where the fire will begin, whether at the "Battery," or Central Park, whether at Brooklyn Bridge or at Bushwick, whether at Shoreditch, London, or West End; but it will be a very hot blaze. All the Government securities of the United States and Great Britain will curl up in the first blast. All the money safes and depositing vaults will melt under the first touch. The sea will burn like tinder, and the shipping will be abandoned forever. The melted gold in the broker's window will burst through the melted window glass and into the street; but the flying population will not stop to scoop it up. The cry of "Fire" from the mountain will be answered by the cry of "Fire" from the plain. The conflagration will burn out from the continent toward the sea, and then burn in from the sea toward the land. New York and London with one cut of the red scythe of destruction will go down. Twenty-five thousand miles of conflagration! The earth will wrap itself round and round in a shroud of flame, and lie down to perish. What then will become of your golden calf? Who then so poor as to worship it? Melted, or between the upper and the nether millstone of falling mountains ground to powder. Dagon down. Moloch down. Juggernaut down. Golden calf down.

But, my friends, every day is a day of judgment, and God is all the time grinding to pieces the golden calf. Merchants of Brooklyn and New York and London, what is the characteristic of this time in which we live? "Bad," you say. Professional men, what is the characteristic of the times in which we live? "Bad," you say. Though I should be in a minority of one, I venture the opinion that these are the best times we have had for the reason that God is teaching the world, as never before, that old-fashioned honesty is the only thing that will stand. We have learned as never before that forgeries will not pay; that the spending of fifty thousand dollars on country seats and a palatial city residence, when there are only thirty thousand dollars income, will not pay; that the appropriation of trust funds to our own private speculation will not pay. We had a great national tumor, in the shape of fictitious prosperity. We called it national enlargement; instead of calling it enlargement, we might better have called it a swelling. It has been a tumor, and God is cutting it out—has cut it out, and the nation will get well and come back to the principles of our fathers and grandfathers when twice three made six instead of sixty, and when the apples at the bottom of the barrel were just as good as the apples at the top of the barrel, and a silk handkerchief was not half cotton, and a man who wore a five-dollar coat paid for was more honored than a man who wore a fifty-dollar coat not paid for.

The golden calf of our day, like the one of the text, is very apt to be made out of borrowed gold. Those Israelites of the text borrowed the earrings of the Egyptians and melted them into a god. That is the way the golden calf is made nowadays. A great many housekeepers not paying for the articles they get, borrow of their grocer and the baker and the butcher and the drygoods seller. Then the retailer borrows of the wholesale dealer. Then the wholesale dealer borrows of the capitalist; and we borrow and borrow, until the community is divided into two classes, those who borrow and those who are borrowed of; and after a while the capitalist wants his money and he rushes upon the wholesale dealer, and the wholesale dealer wants his money and he rushes upon the retailer, and the retailer wants his money and he rushes upon the customer, and we all go down together. There is many a man in this day who rides in his carriage and owes the blacksmith for the tire, and the wheelwright for the wheel, and the driver for unpaid wages, and the harness maker for the bridle, and the furrier for the robe, while from the tip of the carriage tongue clear back to the tip of the shawl fluttering out of the back of the vehicle, everything is paid for by notes that have been three times renewed.

It is this temptation to borrow, and borrow and borrow, that keeps the people everlastingly praying to the golden calf for help, and just at the minute they expect the help the golden calf treads on them. The judgments of God, like Moses in the text, will rush in and break up this worship; and I say let the work go on until every man shall learn to speak truth with his neighbor, and those who make engagements shall feel themselves bound to keep them, and when a man who will not repent of his business iniquity, but goes on wishing to satiate his cannibal appetite by devouring widows' houses, shall by the law of the land be compelled to exchange his mansion for Sing Sing. Let the golden calf perish!

But, my friends, if we have made this world our god, when we come to die we will see our idol demolished. How much of this world are you going to take with you into the next? Will you have two pockets—one in each side of your shroud? Will you cushion your coffin with bonds and mortgages and certificates of stock? Ah! no. The ferry boat that crosses this Jordan carries no baggage—nothing heavier than a spirit. You may, perhaps, take five hundred dollars with you two or three miles, in the shape of funeral trappings to Greenwood, but you will have to leave them there. It would not be safe for you to lie down there with a gold watch or a diamond ring; it would be a temptation to the pillagers. Ah, my friends! if we have made this world our god, when we die we will see our idol ground to pieces by our pillow, and we will have to drink it in bitter regrets for the wasted opportunities of a lifetime. Soon we will be gone. O! this is a fleeting world, it is a dying world. A man who had worshipped it all his days, in his dying moment described himself when he said: "Fool! fool! fool!"

I want you to change temples, and to give up the worship of this unsatisfying and cruel god for the services of the Lord Jesus Christ. Here is the gold that will never crumble. Here are securities that will never fail. Here are banks that will never break. Here is an altar on which there has been one sacrifice once for all. Here is a God who will comfort you when you are in trouble, and soothe you when you are sick, and save you when you die. When your parents have breathed their last, and the old, wrinkled, and trembling hands can not be put upon your head for a blessing. He will be to you father and mother both, giving you the defence of the one and the comfort of the other; and when your children go away from you, the sweet darlings, you will not kiss them good-bye forever. He only wants to hold them for you a little while. He will give them back to you again, and He will have them all waiting for you at the gates of eternal welcome. Oh! what a God He is! He will allow you to come so close this morning that you can put your arms around His neck, while He in response will put His arms around your neck, and all the windows of heaven will be hoisted to let the redeemed look out and see the spectacle of a rejoicing father and a returned prodigal locked in glorious embrace. Quit worshipping the golden calf, and bow this day before Him in whose presence we must all appear when the world has turned to ashes and the scorched parchment of the sky shall be rolled together like an historic scroll.

DON GETS HIS BERTH

Government Agent to South Africa or Somewhere.

Bisley Men All Want to Go—Sir Donald Smith Wants Views to Exhibit in Lanterns, to Show Old Country People That Canada Is Not a Wilderness—Ores on Exhibition—Orders Promulgated by the Militia Department An Effort Will Be Made to Settle the Crofter Difficulties—General Notes from Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 1.—(Special.)—A few weeks ago it was announced in The World that "Don" Sheppard of Saturday Night would be sent to South Africa or some other country as a commercial agent for Canada. The news was denied by the Government organs then, but now they are privileged to announce it.

Out of the first 20 on the list for the Bisley team, 19 acceptances have been received. There is a great desire on the part of riflemen to go to Bisley this year. Possibly some of the men will be permitted to leave ahead of the regular sailing of the team. A militia general order contains a direction from General Gascoigne that when the ranges for the Morris practice are fitted up in drill halls, their use should be confined to militiamen.

Sir Donald Smith is again in the city conferring with the Ministers on matters of importance. Speaking to your correspondent to-day he said his request to the different cities to supply him with views was designed with the object of having lantern slides made of them in order that when exhibited in England they might prove to disabuse the minds of the people that this is but a backwoods country or a second Siberia.

The Capital seems to be the Mecca of mining promoters just now. Ald. Andrews of Winnipeg is here trying to dispose of valuable property in the Slocan, while George H. Campbell and D. F. Blackwood of Winnipeg have on exhibition at the Russell House a splendid collection of ores from Mine Centre, in the Rainy River District, which have attracted great attention. The specimens come from the Ferguson, Preston, Foley and other mines. The samples were brought here for the purpose of showing to the members of the Government the resources of that district, in connection with the deputation which waited on the Government with regard to the building of the Ontario & Rainy River Railway.

In the militia general orders issued to-day are contained regulations respecting examinations passed by the officers under the Queen's regulations for promotion; regulations respecting the character of a non-commissioned officer or soldier when discharged; regulations respecting uniform inspection of cavalry; amendments to the "Infantry Drill, 1896," "Musketry Instructions (Lee-Metford rifle and carbine), 1896," and "Rifle and Carbine Exercises (Lee-Metford), 1896."

The Department of the Interior has agreed to co-operate with the Manitoba Government in sending a couple of delegates to London to endeavor to settle with the British Government the difficulties arising out of the Crofter enlargements. It is likely J. Lawlor of Killarney and John Nicholson of the crofter settlement will be the delegates.

Mrs. Ed Gravelle of Cumberland-street threatens an action for damages against the city for the death of her husband, whom she alleges died from diphtheria owing to "the neglect of the Medical Health Officer to attend her husband when summoned, and to provide for his treatment in the hospital with the remedies usually employed in combatting this malady." Dr. Robillard states he had the patient removed to the hospital, as was his duty, and had nothing whatever to do with the man's treatment thereafter.

James A. Smart commenced his duties as Deputy Minister of Interior today.

When the papal ablegate, Monsignor Mery Del Val, visits Ottawa University he will meet with a grand reception from the faculty and students. Addresses in French and English will be delivered. It is not expected that the distinguished visitor will arrive here until Monday.

A writ was issued in the High Court to-day for Maclean, Roger & Co. against Lieut.-Governor C. H. Mackintosh. It is to recover $1430, claimed for printing office supplies and arrears in rent, and money paid for the benefit of the defendant.

Mr. Maclean will ask if the C.P.R. has yet commenced construction of a railway through the Crow's Nest Pass and if the Government intends to allow them to begin work without first completing negotiations now going on for modifications in the clauses of the company's charter in the matter of construction of branch lines and regulation of rates and tolls charged by the company.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Mr. LaRiviere, M.P., addressed a meeting of Le Club Conservateur here to-night on political questions.

Dr. Sproule made his first appearance for the session to-day, and was warmly greeted by friends on both sides of the House.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries and Mrs. Davies entertained the following ladies and gentlemen at dinner to-night: The Speaker and Mrs. Edgar, Hon. A. G. and Mrs. Blair, the Solicitor-General and Mrs. Fitzpatrick, Mrs. (Justice) MacMahon, Mr. W. C. Edwards, M. P., and Mrs. Edwards, Mr. Bostock, M. P., and Mrs. Bostock, the Deputy Minister of Justice and Mrs. Newcombe, Mrs. Wilson, Mr. Darbarton, M. L. A., and Mr. Rogers, M. L. A. (Charlottetown).

BEST FOR WASH DAY USE SURPRISE SOAP BEST FOR EVERY DAY.

Mr. Edward Farrer is in town.

It is reported to-night that 19 employes of the Postoffice Department got their walking tickets to-day.

LIEUT.-GOVERNOR KIRKPATRICK.

His Honor Will Sail for Home on April 21—Is Now at Brighton and Feels Much Better.

Brighton, Eng., April 1.—(Telegram cable.)—I saw Hon. George A. Kirkpatrick, Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, to-day and he looks remarkably well. He is able to walk with the aid of a stick, and states that he feels much better for his sojourn in Brighton. He hopes to be able to leave for London on Monday or Tuesday next, where he will remain for a fortnight and then sail for home. During his stay here he enjoyed a daily airing in a Bath chair. He will take the journey to London in an invalid carriage.

SPANIARDS WHIPPED.

They Suffered Disaster at the Very Spot Where General Maceo Was Entrapped and Killed.

New York, April 1.—The Herald's Havana correspondent sends the following, via Key West: I learn of a decided insurgent success in the very place where Maceo was killed and against the famous San Quintin Battalion, whose soldiers killed him. The engagement occurred on March 27, near Punta Brava, 12 miles from Havana. The insurgents, 1000 strong, under Major Acosta, who was with Maceo when killed, and Col. Delgado had combined and surrounded 150 men of the third company of the San Quintin Regiment, under Capt. Ruiz, at the Lacostes estate, where the Spanish had gone for fodder.

The insurgents poured a volley into the Spanish column, and they replied. There was sharp fighting for half an hour, when the Spanish column attempted to retreat, only to find that they were surrounded. Then the insurgents charged with the machete, cutting the San Quintin soldiers down right and left. Only 20 of the 150 escaped. Forty were killed and 20 wounded. The survivors, after a brave fight against heavy odds, fled, leaving their dead comrades, and reached Punta Brava, where they told their story.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—Business very dull, with prices heavy. Straight rollers nominal at $3.60 to $3.65.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted here at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market continues dull, with the feeling unsettled. Offerings are moderate, while millers are holding off. Red winter is quoted at 72c to 73c, west, and white sold at 74c on the Northern. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 83c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 80c to 81c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices unchanged at 26c to 27c, west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c to 31c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c, and No. 3 at 21c.

Oats—The demand is less active, and prices steady. Sales of white at 19c, west, and of mixed at 17½c to 18c, west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with offerings at 28c, west, and 27c bid.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c outside.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 1.—Spring wheat, 6s 3½d to 6s 5½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 2d to 6s 3½d; corn, 2s 7d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet, on passage rather worse. English country markets 6d cheaper.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 5s 11½d for May and July and 5s 10d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 8¼d for May, 2s 10¼d for July and 2s 10½d for August. Flour 21s 9d.

Paris—Wheat 22f for May. Flour 45f for April and May.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat dull at 5s 11d for May and July and 5s 9½d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 6¾d for April, 2s 8¼d for May, 2s 10½d for July and 3s for Sept. Flour 21s 9d.

EX-MAYOR JAMESON

Is the Liberal Candidate Put Up in Winnipeg and He Will Probably Have a Walk-Over.

Winnipeg, April 1.—(Special.)—The Winnipeg Liberals met to-night in the Bijou Opera House to ballot for a candidate for the seat rendered vacant by Hon. Hugh John Macdonald's disqualification. There was a large attendance. The balloting resulted in the choice of ex-Mayor Jameson. As the Conservatives have practically decided not to put up a candidate under the present circumstances his election by acclamation is not improbable.

Death of Lord Plunket.

Dublin, April 1.—The Most Reverend William C. Plunket, D.D. (Lord Plunket), Protestant Archbishop of Dublin, died here this morning after a brief illness.

William Conyngham Plunket was born in 1828, elected Bishop of Meath in 1876, and translated to the Archbishopric of Dublin in 1884. He was a member of the Senate of the Royal University of Ireland.

Scrofula

Infests the blood of humanity. It appears in varied forms, but is forced to yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood and cures all such diseases. Read this:

"In September, 1894, I made a misstep and injured my ankle. Very soon afterwards,

A Sore

two inches across formed and in walking to favor it I sprained my ankle. The sore became worse; I could not put my boot on and I thought I should have to give up at every step. I could not get any relief and had to stop work. I read of a cure of a similar case by Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. Before I had taken all of two bottles the sore had healed and the swelling had gone down. My

Foot

is now well and I have been greatly benefited otherwise. I have increased in weight and am in better health. I cannot say enough in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. H. BLAKE, So. Berwick, Me.

This and other similar cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills the best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c.

THE INTELLIGENCER BINDERY

Makes a Specialty of

Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books,
And all Descriptions of
Blank Account Books.
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☞Estimates cheerfully furnished for every class of work
Address— INTELLIGENCER, Belleville.

Our Special Agent will spend two weeks in Belleville and endeavor to show the great advantages of using

MADDEN CEREAL FOOD COFFEE.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE
— AND —
REAL ESTATE AGENCY.
Representing the following first-class Companies:
The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co
Of Manchester, England.
The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.
The London and Lancashire,
Of Liverpool, England.
REAL ESTATE.
Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.
Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.
APPLY TO
JAMES BOOTH

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Odoroma
IMPART
Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.
O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists
THE Perfect Tooth Powder

Dont Play . .
With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don' risk that by another kind—like new-fangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

R. W. ADAMS

REPRESENTS the following good companies: Insurance Company of North America; Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.; office with Northrup & Roberts, barristers, 12 Bridge st.

MRS. TUGNETT

HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Easter Rates.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

Teachers and Students
(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)
Single First Class Fare and One-Third.
Good going March 27th to April 17th, inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97

General Public . . .
Single First Class Fare
Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive. Return until April 20th, '97.
To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent, Belleville.

"D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

Who are the Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Varnish In Canada?

ANSWER:

Baylis Manufacturing Co,

Makers of the Celebrated Crown and Anchor Carriage Varnishes, House Varnishes and Boat Varnishes.

All guaranteed, by results of lengthy and severe tests, to be the equal of any Imported Varnishes, and considerably cheaper. feb14d1y

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

"THE INTELLIGENCER"

Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTED.

MAN to set out 70,000 hop poles. Apply to F. SHOEBRIDGE, Foreman Corby's farm. 3-30d5tw1t

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

FIRST-CLASS Dining Room Girl wanted. Apply to D. COYLE, Anglo-American. 3 31d6tp

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

SHOP TO LET AND HOUSE TO LET—Apply to THOMAS & LAZIER, Solicitors, No. 319 East Front st. 3-27d6tp

DWELLING in Bellevue Terrace; possession given 1st of May. Apply to MRS. GRAHAM, Bellevue Terrace. deod1m.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 15th April, 1897, for the premises at present occupied by Geo. Moxam, being part Lot 17 on West side of Pinnacle st., Belleville. Cash payment. W. JEFFERS DIAMOND, Solicitor for Administrator. 3-30d6t

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

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Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices. R. W. ADAMS, 12 Bridge St., Belleville, Ont.

TENDERS WANTED.

TO remove Barn on the east side of George st. at H. Corey's house to lot opposite. Tenders to close Friday night, April 2nd. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Apply for particulars to CHARLES RAINBOW, on premises. 3-30d5t

"THE AGENCY."

CLOTHING RENOVATED—Ladies and Gentlemen kindly bear in mind that I am still in the Dyeing and Scouring business and represent A. Parker of Peterboro, the best establishment of its kind in Canada.—CHAS. DICKENS, Agent. N.B.—Ask me for price list. 3-26dwly

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. fJ15d&w:f

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUGNEY proprietor. d-f

—Mr. Robert Henry, who was the Conservative candidate at the recent election in South Brant, has secured a verdict for $500 in a libel suit, which he brought against T. H. Preston, publisher of the Brantford Expositor (Liberal.)

—The United States Senate has authorized the Secretary of the Navy to place a vessel of war and a chartered merchant vessel at the disposal of the collector of the port of New York for transporting contributions of wheat, flour and corn to relieve the famishing poor of India.

—Mgr. Merry del Val, the Papal Delegate to Canada, arrived in Montreal from Quebec yesterday. He stopped off for several hours at Three Rivers, and had a long conference with Bishop Laflèche. On his arrival in Montreal he was escorted by a posse of police and the police band to the cathedral, where he was presented with an address, to which he replied that he relied upon their loyal co-operation in the accomplishment of the delicate mission with which he had been entrusted.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free Sold by Alex. Ray

Daily Intelligencer.

Honor Roll for March.

OCTAVIA ST. SCHOOL.

Part I Senior Class.—Florence Thompson, Addie Vallance, Mabel Wrightmyer, Edna Clarke, Beatrice Kellaway, Mabel Rathman, Bessie Carmichael.

Junior Class.—Myrtle McGowan, Erma Panter, Annie Ham, Robbie Ford, Brock Shorey, Maude Fleming, Alfred Richmond, Robbie Craig.—Frankie Gardner, Teacher.

Part II Senior.—May McCoy, Grace Haye, Lorna Brown, Leon Walmsley, Minice Ham, Percy Hinds.

Junior—Theda Phillips, Cora Thompson, Irene Stewart, Dolbert Rapson, Etta Smith.—N. Yeomans, Teacher.

Junior Fourth. — Oscar Lynn, Mollie Warham, Ethel Walton, Stella Mills, Willie Thompson, Tottie Taft.

Senior Third.—Stewart Rathman, Pearl Reeves, Daisy Douzer, Bertha Cook, Pearl Thompson, Ruby Walton.—A Harold, teacher.

Intermediate Third—Olive Parks, Willie Orr, Walter Dobbs, Stanley Eccles, John Grotto, Ernest Geen.

Junior Third.—Fred Benson, Garnet Lynn, Albert Carr, Charlie Wills, Nellie Harwood, Eddie Harwood.—Annie Loselly, teacher.

Senior Second Class.—Celia Vandervoort, Maggie Parsons, Hector Post, Arthur Davis, Haidee Flagler, Beatrice Moon.

Junior Second Class.—Reggie Geen, Charlie Dulmage, Trenna Wilkins, Donald McCargar, Bessie Boyd, George Irvine Laura McArthur. — Bertha Richards, Teacher.

Senior Fourth.—Wm. Hudson, Lena McCrudden, Harold Eccles, H. Palen, L. Warham, Minnie Dulmage, Gertie Thompson, M. Coulson, H. Rathman, Alex. McCoy, Wm. Black, F. Lynn.

Junior Fourth,—Mabel Dulmage, Ralph Weese, F. Jones, Eddie Coulson, M. Canniff, H. Saunders, C. Taylor.—J. W. Dafoe, Teacher.

GRIER ST. SCHOOL.

First Division—Harry Pringle, Tommie Nutbrown, Willie Wilson, Herbert Mabee. Willie McCreary, Mabel Bateman, Mary Fisher, Eva Cook, Emma McQuigge, Ethel Bilton, Frankie Tedman, Nellie Child, Ethel Harkins, Gracie Cook, Walter Luscombe, George Stapley, Willie Walker, Maud Luscombe—S. F. Armistead, teacher.

Second Division — Charlie Hannah, Edgar Slater, Mary Wilder, George Matthews, Harry Snell, Bertha Wilson, Bert McCoy, Edith Mossman, Dora Ketcheson, Dessie Simonds, Mary Pope, Louisa Mallory, Bertie Peck, Lillie Bowler.—Luella Boseley, teacher.

Third Division—Bessie Clark, Cecil Armistead, Bella Ellenor, Lizzie Irvine, Willie Irvine, Willie Matthews, Ross Simonds, Ethel Luscombe, Fanny McNab, Eddie Clark, Harry Elvins, Blanche Deschane, Walter Moore.—Helen Yarwood, teacher.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie.

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

Reasons for Export Duties

In a recent interview Mr. Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture in President McKinley's cabinet, spoke some plain words on the subject of retaliation as a national policy. He was asked whether Germany would be allowed to continue to discriminate against U. S. meat products, and his reply was an emphatic no. All meat exported, he said, would be rigidly inspected before being shipped. "If the Germans discriminate against such meat they must show the reason why, and if they cannot, there will certainly be a discrimination against them as to the things which they send to this country. This matter of foreign trade is a business matter. If the Germans will not treat us fairly we can easily retaliate."

Secretary Wilson is right. It is purely a matter of business. If Canada claps an export duty on her own logs and pulp wood, it will not be an unfriendly act, it will be merely a business matter, even if it be admittedly done in retaliation for the Yankee duty on Canadian lumber and pulp.

However, the plea of retaliation is not necessary to justify such an export duty, especially an export duty on pulp wood, The best plea for such a course is the plea that it would be of vast benefit to this country. During the last fiscal year American mill owners imported from Canada $600,000 worth of pulp wood. They are annually becoming more dependent on this country for their supply. It is estimated that the U. S. supply, even supplemented with the supply from Canada, will not last longer than five or six years, and that if the Canadian supply were cut off the U. S. supply would be exhausted within three years. If an export duty was placed on Canadian spruce many U. S. mill owners would have to move to the source of supply; others near the border would continue to import Canadian wood, for they could better afford to do so and pay the export duty than haul their raw material a greater distance within their own country. There is enough spruce in the region between Ottawa valley and Georgian Bay on the south and James Bay on the north to keep all the pulp mills of the continent grinding for many years to come. Why should not the pulp be made near the source of supply? A few years of encouragement in the way of export duties would make Northern Ontario the greatest pulp and paper producing country in the world.—Hamilton Herald.

A Graduate of Toronto University says:

"My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure

Harper's Magazine for April.

The special features are: The awakening of a nation. (Part III.) by Charles F. Lummis; Paleontological Progress of the Century, by Henry Smith Williams, M. D.; The Green Color of Plants, by D. T. MacDougal; From Home to Throne in Belgium, by Clare De Graffenried; White Man's Africa, by Poultney Bigelow; Our Trade with South America, by Lieutenant Richard Mitchell, U. S. N.; Wild Things in Winter, by J. H. Kennedy. The leading fiction of the number is the seventh instalment of The Martian, with five illustrations by George Du Maurier. The short stories are: The Wisdom of Fools, by Margaret Deland; A Realized Romance, by Mary M. Mears; and The Solo Orchestra, by Brander Matthews, illustrated by W. T. Smedley. The number is profusely illustrated.

Nothing Hunts Out Corns

Like tight boots. A sure, certain and painless remedy is found in Putnam's Corn Extractor, which removes the worst corns in twenty-four hours.

VARSITY LAND GRANT

Discussed in the Ontario Assembly Yesterday.

Two Townships of Mining Lands Included in the Deal, Which Mr. Ross Says Is Recompense Due the University for Lands Utilized by Government—Appropriation for Technical Schools—High Schools May Become Technical by Municipal Bylaw—Insurance Bill Well Received.

The Government rushed through the second reading of Hon. Mr. Ross' bill to set aside six townships for the use of Toronto University at the Legislature last evening. The line of attack chosen by the Opposition was that the connection of the University with the Government was detrimental to the interests of that institution. The Minister of Education explained that the bill was a compromise, providing for a partial indemnification of the University for lands belonging to it which had been utilized at different times by the Government. The Attorney-General also informed the House that the lands included two townships of mining lands, and all would be sold in the same manner as other Crown lands, the proceeds going to the University.

It was the night of the Speaker's weekly dinner, so that it was wellnigh 9 o'clock when the Minister of Education arose to move the second reading of his bill setting apart certain wild lands of the Crown for the use of the University of Toronto.

Mr. Ross stated that the object of the bill was to settle some outstanding claims of the University. It would prevent expensive litigation against the Government. For some years back the revenue of the institution had not met the expenditures, although for the past couple of years there had been a surplus. It was a splendid occasion to settle once and forever certain outstanding debts, as it was the centenary anniversary of the establishment of the University.

In 1797, said Mr. Ross, an address had been presented to King George for permission to establish a university. In the same year as well 500,000 acres had been granted the institution, but of that amount considerable had since been taken by the Government of Ontario to endow grammar schools. This land had never been totally returned, and this was one of the grounds upon which Toronto University now based its claim for indemnification. It was asking for the full grant originally bestowed and including the lands so held in abeyance. This claim was estimated to value some $196,000.

Another claim of $225,000 was put in for the occupation and rental, with interest, of the old stone building belonging to the University, but occupied without payment of rent between the years 1853 and 1868 by the Government.

A third claim against the Government on the part of the University was occasioned by the taking away of certain University lands to endow Upper Canada College. This claim, together with interest, amounted to some $196,465.

There were various other claims the Minister explained, such as that for $2000 worth of University land made use of in the construction of the Tay Canal. This was properly a Dominion Government obligation.

Mr. Ross went on to explain that the lack of funds was largely due to the $855,000 spent in the erection of the various wings, departments, libraries, etc. of the University. The attendance at the University had increased from a total of 84 students in 1854 to 951 in 1896. The staff of professors, lecturers and fellows had increased from 19 to 46. Taking into account the various affiliated colleges, the University examined 4747 pupils, besides the 951 attending the University itself. These affiliated students were taught by some 303 professors and teachers. The work of the institution, therefore, merited any assistance which could be given.

But, besides the material grounds for help, the University appealed on the broader grounds of the religious, literary, scientific and artistic benefits which it caused. It also appealed upon national grounds. In Germany there were no less than 20 national universities, and the eloquent member for Middlesex considered it highly beneficial to national life to have a national university in Ontario. It was not a new thing to aid universities, said the speaker, and he proceeded to substantiate this by giving the sums expended by such advanced nations as Germany, Great Britain, France and the United States in aid of universities in the past three decades.

Of all the events whose anniversaries would be celebrated this year, the Minister of Education held, in conclusion, that the centenary of the establishment of Toronto University should receive the highest consideration. He moved the second reading of the bill.

Mr. Howland hoped that with the main purport of the bill the House would be unanimously favorable. It was a case of tardy restitution and the financial statement of the University showed that the endowment was much needed. A report of a London expert had estimated the minimum annual cost of a well equipped university to be £50,000, while Toronto University was managing with half that sum. But as to some particular phases of the bill he had to raise some objection. The bill would grant only a partial payment of the obligation, and, as this was not entirely satisfactory a deed of release was to be executed by officers of the University. If the effort to indemnify the University was to be successful, it should be an indemnity of the University, and not by the University, for the burdens which it was bearing as a protege of the Government. The best way to relieve the University was to cut it loose from cumbersome Government control. It could not be hoped that the funds of the province, now in such an unhappy condition, would meet its necessities. It was from the benefactions of private individuals that the aid must come. How could the University of Toronto hold out its hands for such benefactions when its history showed it to be a creature of the caprice of a Legislature deprived and endorsed at Government will? Concluding, the member for South Toronto held that, should the present bill become law, it should be immediately followed by a liberal measure which would cut the University loose from the winding sheet of control wound around it by the Government.

Mr. Beatty of Parry Sound believed the grant to be a needless interference with the free grant system of Ontario.

The Attorney-General explained that it was not intended to tie the land down. It was intended to sell it on the same terms as the ordinary Crown land around it, and all the exploration and bookkeeping was to be done by the Government. The University was to receive any moneys which the Government might derive from it. It would not interfere with free grant lands, because the land in the six townships was not in the free grant district at all. Two of the townships would be mining townships, so that there was no reason why, during the present mining fever, these lands might not be sold at a good figure in the interests of the University.

Dr. Willoughby concluded the debate. The question was then put, and the bill carried without division.

The House adjourned at 11 o'clock.

Among the bills introduced was one by Mr. Haycock to disqualify members of the Legislature for using railway passes.

Domestic Science.

"My wife took a nap yesterday afternoon, and I kept the baby still two hours."

"How did you manage it?"

"Nailed his clothes to the floor and gave him a paper lampshade to play with."—Chicago Record.

Removal Sale!

Only a few days left now before we vacate our present stores.

Everything is reduced in price so as to greatly reduce our stock for moving, and it is your greatest chance to buy almost anything you want at cost and under.

IN THE FAIR . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Crockery,	Glassware,
Dishes,	Agateware,
Woodenware,	Tinware,
Brooms,	Teas and Coffees.

IN THE BEEHIVE . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Fancy Goods,	Soaps,
Wools,	Combs,
Felts,	Brushes,
Silks,	Mirrors,
Novelties,	Whisks,
Toys,	Braces,

Dolls, and General Smallwares.

And if you want to save money on your purchases come this week, as sale only lasts a few days longer.

Come with the crowds to

The Beehive and The Fair

REMOVAL SALE.

CHAS. N. SULMAN

New Millinery,
New Veilings,
New Blouses,
New Corsets,
New Laces,

—AT—

A. BRIGNALL'S

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

A Magnificent Gift.

A few days ago we gave a description of the Wallace pictures, said to be the finest private collection in the world. At that time its fate was in doubt, but it is now authoritatively announced by the London Times that Lady Wallace has bequeathed the pictures to the nation, on condition that the Government build a museum in some central part of London for their reception. It is said that $15,000,000 were offered for the collection some years ago, and it is practically priceless. It includes 2 paintings by Gainsborough, 13 by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 11 by Murillo, 8 by Velasquez, 11 by Rubens, 6 by Van Dyke, 5 by Teniers, 11 by Rembrandt, 2 by Titian, 17 by Canaletto, 10 by Guardi, 2 by Claude, 11 by Watteau, 15 by Pater, 22 by Greuze, and 15 by Meissonier. In addition to this there are collections of old furniture, clocks, snuff boxes, miniatures, and armor, each unsurpassed. The whole is to be kept unbroken and by itself for the benefit of the nation, and will be a unique addition to the attractions of the English metropolis. The interest of this wonderful collection is enhanced by its curious history. It was made by the fourth Lord Hertford, son of the third Marquis, who was the original of Thackeray's Lord Steyne and Disraeli's Lord Monmouth. The fourth Marquis lived entirely in Paris, and never married; he kept a very modest establishment, and spent almost the whole of his immense income, up to his death in 1870, on the collection of art treasures. In this congenial task, which he made the pursuit of his life, he was assisted by a mysterious young man known to the household as "Monsieur Richard." He was suspected to be the illegitimate son of either the third or the fourth marquis, but if so the secret was well kept, and the truth was never known to the world. "Monsieur Richard" was employed on all sorts of artistic missions and developed a taste as keen as that of his patron. On the latter's death he inherited the whole of Lord Hertford's marvellous possessions, and transferred them to England. He was in great favor in high quarters, was made a baronet, and became an important personage in London society. His only son died under exceedingly painful circumstances, and Sir Richard Wallace, anxious to keep the collection together, wished to bequeath it to the nation. He made it a condition, however, that it should always be kept in Hertford House, and as that property is leasehold and not freehold, the Government could not accept the condition. Sir Richard was an imperious man, and without further discussion of the matter left the collection to his wife unconditionally. Lady Wallace, on his death, has fulfilled her husband's wishes, and thus visitors to London will have the opportunity of enjoying an art collection, which has a most interesting personal history and which not even the wealth of the Rothschilds has been able to surpass in artistic value.—Montreal Gazette.

A Horse Story.

"This is not a fish story," the story teller remarked. "It's a horse story, with a schooner attached. I heard it coming in on a train from Connecticut, and, as the man that told it was at least 80 years old, and had no reason for telling anything except the truth, at that time of life, I suppose it is true. We happened to be seated together, and, after talking about one thing and another, something induced him to ask, 'Did you ever hear of horses almost capsizing a schooner?' Of course I never had heard of anything like that, and I replied accordingly.

"'When I was a young man,' he continued, a schooner came to the town where I lived for a load of horses that had been picked up for the city. The skipper rigged up a lot of stalls on deck, and at high tide the horses were driven on board. It was late in the afternoon before the last one was barred in, and, being about feeding time, the crew opened a bundle of hay and fed the horses first on one side and then on the other. Then the strangest thing happened. The horses were hungry, and they were not long in sticking their heads into the feed. Those that had been fed began to eat first, of course.

"In a few minutes the schooner began to roll from side to side, and the crew ran about like wild men. They didn't know what to do, and the horses kept on eating. It was this way, you see: Every time the horses on one side of the vessel held their head down for hay, the horses on the other side, as it happened, held their heads up while maunching, and vice versa. The centre of gravity changed every time a horse moved, and as the horses were eating quickly the upward and downward motions affected the vessel so much that we thought she would capsize. Queer, wasn't it?' 'What did they do?' I was obliged to ask. 'I don't know,' the old gentleman replied. 'I had to leave then, but I heard they thought of taking away the feed.'"

Miller's Compound Iron Pills cure St. Vitus Dance. 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Wait for

W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S

New Opening.

HARDWARE & BICYCLES.

Sole Agents Gendron, New Barnes and Reliance Wheels; no better in the market; good value for your money.

Also a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. All NEW GOODS, bought at lowest prices.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890

GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE

CANADA'S FAVORITE BRAND

Sold everywhere, Used in Clubs, Hotels and Families.

Aged 7 Years in Oak Casks under Government supervision.

An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

The best Whisky ever distilled in this country

PURE MELLOW OLD

Contains purely and only

McDOUGALL'S V.O. 1890 WHISKY

of which we are sole controllers.

Lawrence A. Wilson & Co.

MONTREAL.

Sole Agents in Canada for

Gold Lack Sec Champagne,
Vin Mariani, (Mariani Wine)

The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain.

New Features,
New Specialties

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PLUMBING!

CONSULT . . .

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.

before doing anything in this line.

Estimates Cheerfully Given.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Phone 189.

Who's to Blame?

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED.

If you look shabby on the street it is not our fault. We have put the prices of our stock of clothing down to such figures that all semblance of profit is about gone. While clothes do not make the man, the first impressions people receive are very often lasting, and it will be worth your while to try the experiment of seeing how much better you will look and feel from an investment with us.

Our prices are the lowest for strictly first-class goods. Call and be convinced.

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.
QUOTATIONS—March 22nd.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8.00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	55
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	....
Crown Point	57
Evening Star	14½
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	17
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	8
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three	15
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	9
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

Mrs. S. James, Seaforth, suffered many years with what is called old people's rash. She was treated by many physicians without any result. Mr. Fear, the local druggist, recommended Dr. Chase's Ointment, which relieved the irritation at once, and speedily effected a permanent cure of the skin eruption. Mrs. James also says Dr. Chase's Ointment cured her of Itching Piles which she had been troubled with for years.

SWEET CAPORAL Cigarettes

10C. Per Package

Standard of the World

KINNEY BROS.,
NEW YORK.

Ride the Cleveland,

THE

Easy Running Wheel, at FOSTER'S

Our Star Portland Cement

Is the best in the market, having been proved so by tests. Sold by all the dealers in the city.

For Sale Cheap.

DRY SOFT WOOD.

A Good Horse for Farm or Cart.

To Rent.

A Good Office on Bridge Street.

The Rathbun Company

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

Sense . . . in Dress

Sense, comfort and style are combined in CRAVENETTE, cannot be distinguished from regular dress materials. In fact, it is a stylish dress fabric in itself—looks well, fits well, makes up well. Suitable for dress or cloak; for street wear or the country. More than this, it is thoroughly shower proof and dust proof. Not damp and clammy like others but porous, light, elastic. In six shades, Navy, Myrtle, Brown, Gray, Castor or Black.

Cravenette

The Wet Weather Dry Goods.

Delicious Soups and Gravies . . .

Many housewives do not know how conveniently these can be made, just think—

One Tablespoonful of Johnston's Fluid Beef with vegetables will make a Quart of Strong Soup.

One Dessertspoonful will make enough Rich Gravy for the dinner of an ordinary family.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

16 oz. Bottle, $1.00.

EASTER NOVELTIES.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF EASTER GOODS NEXT WEEK

OYSTERS ARRIVING AS USUAL.
CHOICE BANANAS 20cts. per doz.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Feather Dusters,
Lambs' Wool Dusters,
Paint Brushes,
Varnish Brushes,
Whitewash Brushes,
Paperhangers' Brushes.

A full supply and of the best quality now on hand.

THE PHARMACY,
D. M. WATERS.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
AGENTS FOR E. & D. and CRESCENT WHEELS
Best Bicycles on Earth.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO SATURDAY, APRIL 3 1897. NO. 283

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Opening

WE are to-day opening up to do business in the future on strictly cash principles.

We would invite our customers and the public to call and have a look through our large stock and see the very low prices Dry Goods can be bought for, when bought for cash.

All goods are marked in plain figures, and only one price to everybody.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Forest and Stream Club.
St. Patrick's Society Meeting.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 3—Washington Irving b. 1783.
Richmond captured, 1865.
Lord Selkirk's house raided, 1815.
April 4—Oliver Goldsmith d. 1774.
Fifth Sunday in Lent.
Behring Sea arbitration begun, 1893.

THE WEATHER.

Spring seems to have cast aside its fickleness, as fine day follows fine day, despite predictions of rain from the weather bureau. Our usual comparison follows:

1896		1897	
Min	18	Min	28
8 a. m	26	8 a. m	32
Noon	26	Noon	41

PROBABILITIES.

Continued fine and mild, with moderate winds.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st.
[J15d&wtf

AUCTION SALE.

MRS. THEODORE SPAFFORD, corner Foster ave. and Hotel st., will sell her Household Effects on WEDNESDAY, 7th inst., consisting of beautiful Parlor Suite, Dining, Kitchen and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Pictures, etc. Sunlight Range (new), Countess Heater (new). Sale to commence at 9:30 a.m.

J. G. DAVISON,
Auctioneer.
d3-6

March Weather.

The mean temperature at Toronto was 31.56, being 2.9 higher than the average of 56 years, and 7.99 higher than March, 1893. The highest temperature at Belleville, 52, occurred on the 19th and 30th, and the lowest, zero on the 1st. The warmest day was the 19th, mean temperature 42, and the coldest the 16th, mean temperature 13. On each of 16 days the mean temperature was above the average of that particular day, and below on 15 days.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

They are leaders—Brasier's 75c and $1 Fedoras.

Fifty-one deaths were registered in Kingston during March.

Boys' Golf Caps, all colors, a great variety, at 25c at Brasier's.

The 13th Battalion of Hamilton will visit Kingston on May 24th.

YOUR NEW SPRING HAT.—Wear a Jarman, the latest out, for $2.25 at Brasier's.

The ice in Big Bay is still intact. As soon as it gives way navigation will open.

Large headed men can be fitted at Brasier's with the latest Stiff and Fedora Hats.

The street sprinkler made its first appearance on the streets to-day and the dust-choked citizens welcomed it.

If you would like to see the finest and largest display of Spring Hats drop into Brasier's.

The week of April 4th to April 11th is by special request of the Lord's Day Alliance to be observed as a week of special prayer in the interest of Sabbath observance throughout Ontario.

Mothers, see the nice display of children's Tam O'Shanters for 25c, 50c and 75c at Brasier's.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

An immense hen's egg has been left at our office by Mr. W. E. Vanderwater, 2nd con. of Sidney. It weighs 4½ ozs. and is 8¼ by 6¼ inches.

Reuben Henderson, Picton, who served in the U. S. army in the late rebellion, has been awarded a pension of $6 per month and $405 back pay.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

A special Canadian three cent letter stamp is to be issued in commemoration of the Queen's Jubilee. The Hon. Mr. Mulock, the Postmaster General, has decided that this would be an appropriate act on the part of Canada. A design of the proposed stamp has been submitted to Mr. Mulock.

One of the best and largest markets that have been seen this spring greeted the citizens this morning. There was plenty of everything. The market meat stands look neat and the meat offered for sale seemed good. Maple sugar sold at 8c per lb.; syrup, 75c per gallon; eggs, 7c and 10c per dozen; butter, 16c to 20c per lb. and chickens 40c to 50c per pair.

Have just handed Mr. London, of the INTELLIGENCER Office, a cheque for a matured endowment taken with me ten years ago, and he is well satisfied with it. This, at a time when good securities are scarce, should set people thinking.—S. BURROWS

Mining is very popular, at present; how and when to go to the various mining regions, is also another subject for discussion. By having a talk with S. Burrows, General Ticket Agent, you can get much information, as well as several valuable books, and pamphlets, which are to be had for the asking.

It is the intention of the G.T.R. to introduce a new type of passenger coach on all their divisions. Several of them have already been completed, and contain the new feature of a smoking room built after the fashion of those in the Pullman cars. The G.T.R. will, in all probability, make many improvements in the equipment of their rolling stock during the next few years, this being one of the points of policy of the new management.

William Lee, Esq., Mayor of Parish of Quebec, writes: "I have used 'Quickcure' for most painful rheumatism and got almost instant relief, and the pain has not returned since last spring; it also healed a wound caused by a rusty nail in a marvellous manner. I consider it the healing remedy of the age. We do not fear even toothache now, as we always keep 'Quickcure' on hand."

Honor Roll for March.

CANIFTON STREET SCHOOL.

Senior III.—Lily Hough, Jessie Smith, Harry Palos, Rossie Leavens, Lilly Hulley, Nellie Davis.

Junior III.—Tom Emsley, Nellie Cook, Jessie Hodgins, Harry Hagerman, Minnie Ruttan, Lily Rickett.

II.—Alex. Hodgins, Delbert Smith, George Brown, James Huddleston, Helen Andrews, Flora Coleman.

STATION SCHOOL.

Sr. Part II.—George Bowen, Hattie Hough.

Jr. Part II.—Maud Coleman, Willie Coleman, James Craig.

Part I.—Russell Cousins, Mattie Mills, Ena Marshall, Percy Emsley.—L. M. Phelps.

A Graduate of Toronto University says: "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years. Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure.

Methodist Transfers.

The following transfers to and from the Bay of Quinte Conference of the Methodist Church have been decided upon:

Rev. W. C. Beer, from Bay of Quinte to London.

Rev. J. E. Moore, from London to Bay of Quinte.

Rev. W. B. Tucker, from Bay of Quinte to Montreal.

Rev. G. H. H. Davis, from Montreal to Bay of Quinte.

Rev. E. I. Badgley, from Bay of Quinte to Toronto.

Rev. George Brown, from Bay of Quinte to Toronto.

Mrs. E. B. Garneau, wife of President, Quebec Board of Trade, writes; "'Quickcure' has always given instant relief to my children."

Police Notes.

Alexander Jackson got drunk yesterday afternoon and was locked up and discharged this morning.

Seven tramps occupied the cells last night.

There are a number of hoodlums who nightly make themselves disagreeable on Great St. James street. The police intend cleaning them out if their nightly carousals do not cease.

County Court Without Jury.

The only case entered for hearing at the non-jury sittings of the County Court, which opens on Tuesday next before Judge Lazier, is Stainton vs. Dalton. This is an action for wages and commission brought by Joseph Stainton, of Deseronto, against John Dalton, of the same town. G. E. Deroche for plff.; C. E. Lyons for deft.

"Was it whiskey that brought you here?" asked the prison visitor.

"I think, lady, from the way the copper smelt," answered Dismal Dawson, "that it was gin."

THE UNIVERSITY BOAT RACE.

Oxford Won Easily by Three Boat Lengths.

(Special to the INTELLIGENCER.)

LONDON, April 3.—The inter-University boat race between Oxford and Cambridge was rowed this afternoon over the Thames championship course of 4¼ miles, from Putney to Mortlake.

The weather was damp and raw, and the wind blew in gusts throughout the forenoon. Nevertheless the usual great crowds turned out to witness the race.

Cambridge won the toss and chose the Middlesex side of the river.

The start was made at 2:24. Oxford shot to the front, and though Cambridge fought gamely all the way they were unable to get the better of the dark blues, who finished three lengths ahead of their competitors.

Halifax Suits for $5.

When you get a good Halifax tweed suit, you get something that means sure wear. There is no doubt but you get just as much wear out of such a suit as you would out of any $10 suit made, and they look well, too. The Oak Hall have the good kind, and they are only $5, all made up nice and neat. Two colors, brown and grey.

Albert College Notes.

A good audience last evening enjoyed the programme given at Massey Hall in the final entertainment of the Philomathian Society. The usual debate was dispensed with, and an entertainment consisting of readings and music was substituted. Misses Henry and Sharpe gave piano solos; Miss Coleman, who kindly favored the society by giving a vocal solo, was greatly appreciated. Miss Lockerty's mandolin solos were as good as they were unusual here, and made a decided hit. The "School for Scandal," in which Prof. Sheppard and Miss Brignall appeared as Sir Peter and Lady Teazle, was one of the features of the evening. Miss Brignall is a former pupil of the Professor's and her delivery of this delightful role reflects credit on her ability and speaks well of the instruction she has received. Messrs. Moore, Wrinch and Shackle gave readings. The latter took considerable liberties, especially after his hand-cuffs came off. The quartette—Messrs. Freleigh, Gladney, Pearson and McCredie—in their selections delighted the audience with the harmony of the blended voices and the unusual style of their singing. The Glee Club, enlarged somewhat, closed the programme with a rousing chorus, but an extra number by Prof. Shephard, "Me an' Jim" was received as selections by the genial Prof. always are, and the audience dispersed in the best of humor.

The officers of the team now step out of the positions which they have occupied, and the President, Mr. Parker, in a few well chosen words, said farewell for all his fellow officers. He showed his Irish in the announcement of the sugar social at University Sunday School, which takes place on Tuesday evening, by saying, "sugar social two for a quarter."

On Friday evening next the farewell concert by Prof. Sheppard will be given, and all his city friends will welcome this opportunity of enjoying a college entertainment.

Extract from Editorial in "Dominion Dental Journal."

Since the article appeared by Dr. Ievers in the last issue, a large number of testimonials from outside and impartial sources, have been sent to us as to the value of 'Quickcure.' Eminent physicians express the same opinion from practical experience in its use in boils and wounds. We have had practical proof of its value in a burn, and repeated experience in its efficacy in exposed pulps, and various pathalogical conditions of the gums and the mouth. Dr. Ievers, of Quebec city, has for over eleven years had such invariable success with his preparation, that he had little trouble to persuade many of his colleagues to experiment in the same direction, and the general consensus of professional opinion has been decidely in its favor."

Canadian Jubilee Battalion.

There is a movement on foot in Montreal and Ottawa to form a Canadian regiment to take part in the Queen's Jubilee in London, Eng., in June. Mr. H. Corby, M.P., has received a letter from Lt.-Col. Burland, of Montreal, the officer who will command the battalion, asking the Belleville militia to co-operate in the scheme and send some representatives. The men sent must be over a prescribed height, weight and chest measurement. It is proposed that the Regiment shall pay its own maintenance, which will require the following amounts: For captains, $400 each; lieutenants, $300; non-commissioned officers, $60; privates, $50. Col. Ponton this morning saw several of the local enthusiasts and, although the rates seem rather high, several non-commissioned officers spoke as though they would go. It is proposed to have the regiment leave Canada about the 1st of June.

Ladies' Boots.

Our ladies' boots you will find very cheap. A very good boot for only 75c per pair. For one dollar you can buy a neat dongola kid boot of No. 1 stock.—VERMILYEA & SON.

Amusement Notes.

CHICAGO MARINE BAND.

Of Brooke and his famous Chicago Marine Band, for which a subscription list will be opened on Tuesday, April 6th, at 10 a.m. sharp at Riggs' music store, the New York Press says: "Brooke has captivated everybody on the tour, the almost universal verdict being that he leads all military bands of the continent. He was offered the leadership of the band of one of New York's best regiments, has been offered a life-long engagement for the St. Mary's Home concerts in New York, which were for years given by P. S. Gilmore, and many other offers have been made, which show that he is becoming recognized for his superlative talents and ability as a bandmaster." Subscribers to have first choice of seats.

$1.25 Colored Shirts for 75c.

With fine blue, pink and black stripes, also 2 collars and pair cuffs, detachable open front at SCHUSTER'S.

THOSE WHO SIGNED

The Appeal of Pope Leo XIII—Hon Mr. Laurier Headed the List; Other Subscribers.

Ottawa, April 2.—It has been ascertained that the memorial to His Holiness the Pope, asking for the appointment of a Delegate to investigate the politico-religious situation in the Province of Quebec, was signed by practically every Liberal Senator and member in the House at the close of last session.

Hon. Mr. Laurier's name was the first and the others were: Hon. J. I. Tarte, Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Hon. R. W. Scott, Hon. C. A. Geoffrion, Hon. C. A. P. Pelletier, Hon. J. R. Thibaudeau, Hon. F. Bechard, Hon. A. A. Thibaudeau and the following members of the Commons: R. Prefontaine, O. E. Talbot, C. R. Devlin, L. P. Brodeur, C. A. Angers, P. M. Guay F. Langelier, C. Beausoleil, R. Lemieux, A. A. Bruneau, J. A. C. Ethier, D. Monet, M. E. Bernier, J. A. C. Madore, P. V. Savard, H. G. Carroll, T. Fortin, P. A. Choquette, D. Demarais, C. I. Rinfret, G. Turcot, J. H. Legris, H. S. Harwood, Joseph Lavergne, H. Dupre, C. Bazinet, Joseph Gauthier, I. Proulx, N. A. Belcourt, J. B. R. Fiset, J. H. N. Bourassa, R. M. S. Migneault, A. Bourbonnais, C. E. Paulliot, Joseph Godbout and A.M. Dechene.

Guaranteed.

We have secured the agency for Belleville for Hone's Pure Mixed Paints. We guarantee every can to give satisfaction or refund the money. We have no hesitation in stating this as we made a thorough test of these paints last season and every can gave perfect satisfaction. Floor paints a specialty.—ALEX. RAY.

How the O. B. C. is Increasing Our City's Fame—Another Honor Conferred.

"The American Accountants' Manual," Vol. 1, has just been issued by the President of the American Association of Public Accountants, which is incorporated under the laws of the State of New York. In it a number of well known books are recommended for students of accounts. "The Canadian Accountant," the famous text book of the Ontario Business College of this city, stands second in the long list. American Accountants have the good sense not to allow national prejudice to prevent them recognizing the merits of a Canadian work. The choice was unknown to the principals of O. B. C. until they saw the "Manual." We may add that "The Canadian Accountant" stands first in the list of works on bookkeeping authorized by the Education Department for Ontario, and also by the Institute of Chartered Accountants. Thursday's Toronto Globe has a highly complimentary notice of the eleventh edition.

WONDERFUL.

PILES CURED IN 3 TO 6 NIGHTS—ITCHING, BURNING SKIN DISEASES RELIEVED IN ONE DAY.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure all cases of itching piles in from three to six nights. One application brings comfort. For blind and bleeding piles it is peerless. Also cures tetter, salt rheum, eczema, barber's itch, and all eruptions of the skin. Relieves in a day. 35 cents. Sold by R. Templeton.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The West Belleville male quartette will sing at the men's meeting Sunday at 4:15. Mr. Thos. Stewart will conduct the meeting. All men invited.

A blackboard talk will be given to the boys Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. A large attendance is asked.

The General Secretary would like to meet the following young men from 8:30 to 9:30 Monday evening for re-measurement: E. McMullen, Jas. Quinn, Geo. Moore, Wm. Hitchon, H. Hitchon, Robt. Howe, C. C. Reid.

All who are interested in the formation of a Y.M.C.A. Road Club will please meet with Capt. McMullen Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the parlor.

Those students of the Business Colleges and High School wishing a physical class for themselves please consult the Bulletin Board at the rooms.

At Harry's.

You will find good value in suspenders at Harry's. Mohair ends with underwear supporters attached in good web and a variety of colors, only 25c.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

WAGES.

In the enlarged case of J. Joyce, of Ameliasburg, charging A. E. Phillips, of the same place, with the non-payment of wages to the amount of $27.12, the Magistrate gave judgement in favor of the plff. W. Carnew acted in his behalf.

NEGLECT TO SEND CHILD TO SCHOOL.

Mrs. Folley, a woman who works for her living, was charged with neglecting to send her child to school. It appears that she sends the youngster to school, but the child does not always reach there. She was given another chance.

Boys' Shirts and Sweaters.

We are showing an elegant range of Boys' Sweaters, fine wool, blue, white and tan; also Boys' colored shirts, with fine blue and pink stripes, 2 collars and pair cuffs detachable. Also a range of light and dark blues with attached collars and cuffs at SCHUSTER'S.

India Famine Fund.

The local branch of the Merchants Bank ask us to acknowledge the following subscriptions to the Indian Relief Fund:

Jno. J. Farley, M.D.	$10 00
Wm. Knight, High School	4 00
Miss Nellie W. Meyers	1 00
J. W. Turner	1 00
Rev. Dan'l. Williams	2 00
Rev. W. G. Clark	2 00
H. Carre, jr.	1 50
Henry Brigden, Roslin	25

Spring Underwear.

Medium weight underwear suitable for spring $1.00 a suit at Harry's.

An Honest Profession when Convinced of Merit, Speaks:

Every dentist, without exception, who has thoroughly investigated "Pheno-Banum" ("Quickcure") endorses it, and prescribes its use in emergencies for all toothaches. Read Quickcure Book, sent free.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

PERSONAL.

Mr. W. C. Nunn, Toronto, is in the city.

Miss Lilian Stickle, Stirling, is in the city.

W. H. Pearson, jr, Toronto, is at the Quinte.

Dr. Zwick and wife, Stirling, are at the Quinte.

Capt. Sewell will command the Passport this year.

Miss Greaves, of this city, is visiting in Deseronto.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell arrived in the city this evening from Ottawa.

Miss Davy and Miss Butler, of this city, have been visiting in Napanee.

Dr. Craft, of Plainfield, left to-day for Willow City, North Carolina.

Mr. W. D. Robb, the new Master Mechanic at Toronto, has arrived there.

Mr. Henry Corby, M.P., arrived home for Sunday from Ottawa last night.

Mrs. John Merrin and Miss Carrie Merrin, of Kingston, are visiting friends here.

Mr. Walter Mills, who has been attending Dental College in Toronto, has returned home.

Mrs. D. L. Vanalstine and daughter, of Parkhill, are in the city, having been called here by the death of Mrs. Vanalstine's father, the late Richard Parsons.

Mr. John Miller returned from Ottawa last night, where he has been carrying on business for some time. Mr. Miller will travel through Ontario during the summer and return to Ottawa next fall.

J. W. McIntyre, London; Thos. F. Fleming, A. Gowans and S. Pritchard, Toronto; W. H. Britton, Kingston; J. R. Walker, F. Dumouchel and G. Dumouchel, Campbellford; W. W. Goslin, Brighton; John L. Doran, Brantford, are registered at the Anglo.

J. A. Burns, R. B. Fraser, Montreal; C. S. Proctor, W. C. Nunn, W. H. Pearson, W. H. Dean, R. H. Flett, R. Matthews, R. P. Templeton, Toronto; Dr. Zwick and wife, Lilian Stickle, Stirling; J. Randal, Hamilton; Jas. H. Milnes, Buffalo; W. McLean, Fredericton, N. B., are at the Quinte.

Sir Henry Joly De Lotbiniere's Son.

Sir Henry Joly de Lotbiniere's son, Edmond G. Joly de Lotbiniere, advocate, Quebec, has written to the author of the new preparation for toothache, healing wounds, and removing pain, saying, "'Pheno-Banum' or 'Quickcure' has always relieved the pain instantly and I will never be without it."

OBITUARY.

GEORGE FANNING.

From the Chebanse, Ills., Herald of March 27th, we learn that George Fanning, of that place, died on the 22nd of March, in his 83rd year. Deceased, who was born in Kingston, formerly lived in the 2nd con. of Sidney, and was an uncle of Mr. Walter Fanning, of this city. He removed to the United States in 1865, and leaves a numerous family. He is survived by two brothers—John B., of Rawdon, and Sylvester, of Havelock, and one sister, Mrs. Heagle, of Chebanse.

White Duck Coats.

Barbers and bartenders can now find a complete range of sizes in white duck coats, price $1.00, at Harry's.

Executive Committee.

At the meeting of the Executive Committee last evening the accounts recommended by the other Committees were passed.

Mayor Johnson and Ald. Doyle were appointed as a deputation to attend a meeting of representatives of towns and cities of Ontario to consider the abolition of exemption from taxation. In Belleville upwards of half a million of dollars' worth of property is exempt.

The Committee recommended that the Council concur in a memorial to the Government from Sault Ste. Marie for a duty on pulp wood.

Ald. Falkiner objected to the manner in which Ald. Luscombe secured tenders for repairs to the upper bridge. Ald. Luscombe called upon the three firms in the city who do iron work of that kind and asked for offers for the work. Ald. Falkiner contended that was an improper way of doing business. Tenders should be advertised for and outside contractors given a chance.

Display of Wilkinson Hats.

Drab, Fawn, Black and Bronze in Hard and Soft Hats at SCHUSTER'S. Everything brand new.

Two Fine Views.

Mayor Johnson has secured two very fine views of the city to forward to Sir Donald Smith, Canadian High Commissioner, in London, Eng., for the purpose in assisting in Sir Donald's emigration scheme. One view was taken at Albert College looking south and shows up the northern portion of the city to good advantage. The other was taken from the city clock tower looking up Front st. The views, which were the work of R. McCormack, are well brought out.

Wait for

W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S

New Opening.

HARDWARE & BICYCLES.

Sole Agents Gendron, New Barnes and Reliance Wheels; no better in the market; good value for your money.

Also a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. All NEW GOODS, bought at lowest prices.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

Special Bargains IN ....Kid Gloves

We have put on sale to-day 300 pairs of Ladies' Kid Gloves in Black and Colors, nearly all 4-dome fasteners, at 50c and 75c a pair. The regular value of these is $1.00 a pair.

ANOTHER LOT

Of 150 pairs Black 5-hook lacing Gloves, worth 90c a pair, for 50c; all sizes.

A FULL ASSORTMENT

Of all our regular lines of Kid Gloves in stock, the very best makes, in plain and fancy stitchings, every pair at $1.00 and up guaranteed.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Have You Ever Tried

PERRIN'S KID GLOVES?

If Not, Why Not?

THEY ARE THE BEST.

Prices $1 to $1.50. Every Pair Guaranteed.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

A Lady's Views About WALL PAPER.

We have a letter from a lady at a distance to whom we sent wall paper samples a few days ago.

She describes our paper as the best she has seen anywhere, and the prices are so much lower than prices quoted by other Wall Paper houses as to seem almost ridiculous.

One extract from her letter says: "I found the papers in Book 'V' very superior to other papers, at 60c. a roll, with which I compared them."

By consulting our Book V price list we find the prices range from 8c. to 15c. a roll.

The difference was so great we could scarcely credit it, but in three or four places in the letter our correspondent particularly emphasizes this point.

We know our goods are right and our prices are right as compared with other towns and cities.

We have an interesting collection of letters from every quarter in Canada, all telling us the same story of choice papers at low prices.

C. B. Scantlebury.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY

Fine variety of Buns, Cakes and General Bakery Goods we will have for to-morrow. Among some of the new things we are making are Aberdeens, 10c doz, and Cherry Drops, 20c doz.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
TERMS CASH.

**HATS . . .
THAT . .
WEAR**

That's what WAKEFIELD'S HATS do—wear till you are tired of them. Did you ever wear a Wakefield Fedora? If not, then your next new Fedora should be a Wakefield, for several reasons: Because WAKEFIELD'S ENGLISH FEDORAS are the best wearing goods in the world for the money. Then again we guarantee every hat to keep its shape and color until worn out. And besides being good wearers they are the most fashionable hats in the market. Six different shapes and colors.

Sold by

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls - - AND - - DISINFECTANTS

AT—

R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S

PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

J. A. Vandervoort,

390 Front St.

New Hats

Up-to-Date Styles.
In New and Nobby Colors.
FROM LEADING MAKERS.
AT POPULAR PRICES.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Hatter and Men's Furnisher.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

Hood's Pills are the best after dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

We tell your doctor all there is in Scott's Emulsion, just how much cod liver oil, hypophosphites, glycerine. But we do not tell him how these are combined. You have your secrets; this is ours. This knack of making the very best thing has come to us from years of experience with just one thing. We make only Scott's Emulsion—all our energy is bent on making that better than any other emulsion in the world. We have no other business thought. Is it any wonder that it is the standard?

Daily Intelligencer.

EXTRA-CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Laurier has had great honor conferred upon him by his colleagues in that they have imitated him in all things: and imitation is the sincerest form of flattery.

In the session of last year Mr. Laurier, when asked embarassing questions, at once became afflicted with weakness which was distressing to behold; and lo! When Mr. Laurier's colleagues were asked questions of a similar character, their faculty of recollection failed as suddenly and as completely as had that of their leader.

Again, the Premier announced his policy, by means of an interview with a representative of the Chicago Record, through that journal; and since that time Messrs. Tarte (who bought out an old opponent's newspaper for that purpose) Dobell and others of Mr. Laurier's colleagues have acquired the "newspaper habit" to an extent unprecedented amongst the public men of Canada.

To such an extent has this practice attained, that it has attracted the attention of Sir Mackenzie Bowell, the Conservative leader in the Senate, who, as a former Premier and a journalist of many years' experience, ought to be thoroughly versed in the ethics and proprieties in that regard.

In the Senate on the 1st, Sir Mackenzie read an alleged interview given by Dr. Borden, M.P., Minister of Militia, to a New York newspaper, in which he was credited with saying, among other things, that the Dingley Bill was calculated to put an end to the hope of more friendly relations with the United States, and that the Canadian Government would certainly retaliate by putting export duties on white pine and spruce. He found, Sir Mackenzie said, no fault with the principle expressed in the interview, but would like to know if Canadians were to obtain the first instruction of the policy of the Government from interviews with individual members of the Government through foreign newspapers, before even Parliament was taken into the confidence of the Ministry. He also read an editorial from the Toronto Globe, in reference to the extension of the Intercolonial Railway to Montreal, to the effect that the Government would grant $300,000. This announcement of the policy of the Government by individual members thereof and by Liberal newspapers, he conceived to be a gross violation of the duties of responsible Ministers and an insult to Parliament.

Sir Oliver Mowat, who no doubt agrees with Sir Mackenzie Bowell, rebuked his talkative colleague by replying that "he "would be sorry to have to assume re-"sponsibility for the interviews published "in New York newspapers."

If a brake be thus put on the tongues of babbling Ministers, Sir Mackenzie will have rendered a valuable service to the country and to the Premier, who was on the same day obliged to repudiate the promise of a million dollars for the Quebec bridge by his irrepressible "Minister without portfolio," Mr. R. R. Dobell, whose tongue has led him into many scrapes.

THE POPE IS SUPREME.

At the nomination for the House of Commons in Champlain, Dr. Trudel, the Liberal candidate, made the following declaration as to his attitude on the Manitoba School question:

"I hereby declare most solemnly, under the shadow of the walls of the Church, that although I approve of the School settlement effected by Mr. Laurier as being the best arrangement that could be made under the circumstances, yet, if the Delegate of the Holy father now in Canada condemns this settlement then I will also condemn it. If the Papal Delegate shall declare that it is impossible under existing conditions to be a Liberal and a Catholic at the same time, then shall I cease to be a Liberal and shall remain a Catholic. But if, as I believe, the Delegate will declare that it is possible to be at the same time Catholic and Liberal, I shall remain as I am, a good Catholic and a Liberal."

And of such are the men who profess to be fighting against priestly domination in political matters in Quebec.

Dare the Liberals of Quebec, in face of the declarations of Solicitor-General Fitzpatrick, of the Papal Delegate, and of the foregoing object and humiliating pledge by one of their number, longer pretend that they bow to the Papal authority in matters of spiritual import only!

Their boldness of assertion and abilities in deceiving are undeniably great; but now they have been forced to appear in their true colors. When the decision of Mgr. Merry del Val shall be made public, then we shall see what we shall see.

THEY MUST GO.

When the present Ontario Government are defeated and good sensible business men are put in their places, remarks a contemporary, then, and not till then, can we hope to have a Premier worthy of the name, viz., Mr. J. P. Whitney; to have our school system remodelled and adapted to the needs of the country and rescued from the thraldom of that faddist and educational crank, the Hon. G. W. Ross; to have our finances rescued from the claws of Hon. Mr. Harcourt, who is now running the province behind at the rate of $1,200 a day; to have our mining and timber lands safe from the foolishness of the present Commissioner, the Hon. Mr. Gibson, who gives an option on 64,000 acres of our best mining lands away to a company almost for nothing; to have the affairs of the Agricultural College at Guelph administered soundly and our agricultural affairs generally looked after by a man who has no axe to grind; to have our public buildings properly erected and insured, and in fact all our Provincial affairs put on a business basis; to have officials appointed only when necessary, and then not forced to become mere party hacks and ward-heelers.

Hardy must go! so must Ross, Dryden, Harcourt, Davis, Harty and all the rest of this brood of bunglers. The electors have the remedy in their own hands; let them apply it.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

The Editor of the "Dominion Dental Journal" and Dean of the Dental College, Montreal.

Dr. W. George Beers writes; "Dr. Ievers has been fortunate enough to produce a preparation ('Quickcure') which really has no rival in the Materia Medica of dentistry. I have investigated its merits, and find it, without exception, the most useful and convenient preparation for the purpose I have met with. We know very well, too, that chemists sell a lot of preparations which do more harm than good. From personal experience, and the unanimous verdict of Dr. Ievers' confreres in Quebec city and Montreal, we have no hesitation in recommending the preparation, not only as an invaluable addition to dental therapy, but as a family friend in emergencies, where one cannot at once reach the dentist."

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

A Lot of Business Got Through With Yesterday—$5000 Voted to Mrs. Balfour.

The Legislature yesterday voted the sum of $5000 as a gratuity to the widow of late Hon. W. D. Balfour. The Attorney-General proposed the grant and Messrs. Whitney and Haycock cordially assented to it.

The business opened with the consideration in Committee of the Whole of Hon. Mr. Gibson's bill respecting land surveyors and the survey of lands. The various sections were carried with slight amendment.

The Attorney-General's bill with reference to the registration of instruments in respect of unpatented lands, and the valuation of mining lands for the purpose of assurance under the Land Titles Act passed in a similar manner.

Considerable criticism was offered by Messrs. Matheson and Meacham to the Attorney-General's bill to amend the Wills Act. The bill provided that every will should be revoked by the testator's marriage, except in two cases: 1. Where the will declared that it was made in contemplation of marriage; 2. Where the wife or husband of the testator elected to take under the will.

In moving the second reading of his bill respecting the appointment of Queen's Counsel, the Attorney-General recalled that the Court of Appeal had decided that the Provincial Government had power to appoint Queen's Counsel. It was then thought advisable to limit the number of the appointments of that nature which might be made. The bill would permit of the appointment by the Government of only 20 in four years. Mr. Whitney considered it proper to limit the number of Government appointments, but objected to the clause which allowed exceptional appointments to be made by the Court of Appeal.

Attention was then diverted to the private bills and Mr. Farwell's bill, to incorporate the Fort Frances and Pacific Railway Company, was considered. The proposed company is composed of Horace Thorne, James Pearson, William Parsons, Robert Home, Joseph Delamere, Abner Nelson, Edward Anderson, Craig Pew and John Williamson Tait, all of the City of Toronto, and is empowered to construct a railway from Fort Frances to a point on the C. P. R., between Raleigh and Vermillion. The bill passed.

The House passed in supply, Mr. Stratton in the chair, the estimate of $87,349 for colonization purposes. Even the irreconcilable Col. Matheson allowed that the money was to be expended in most cases where it would do most good.

In moving for an appropriation of $125,275 for Crown lands, the Commissioner remarked upon the urgency of adequate expenditure for fire ranging. The usual amounts were asked for surveys of new lands. The item passed.

On motion the sum of $29,100 will be spent upon mining development, the vote of last year being but $16,030. There will be spent $36,600 on mining roads, distributed as follows: English River and Saw Bill Lake-road, to construct 33 miles as a waggon road, $12,000; Jackfish Bay and Long Lake Mining-road, to grade and extend northward, $600; mining trail from Shuniah Township via Shuniah mines camp to Empress mine at Jackfish with branch to Schreiber, about 2140 miles, $1000; Moss Township Mining Trail, about 40 miles, $600; Rat Portage and Rainy Lake Mining-road, through a swamp about seven miles from Rat Portage, $300; Rossland Mining-road, to change location and open about three miles, $600; Shoal Lake and Bad Vermillion Lake Mining-road, to improve and extend, $500; Turtle Lake Mining-road, to open from Bad Vermillion-road to mines at Turtle Lake, $2000; Wabigoon, Manitou and Rainy Lake Mining roads, to open about 14 miles and construct dam, etc., $8000; and other mining roads, to construct where upon examination they are deemed necessary, $10,000.

The principal items of interest in the miscellaneous appropriations were the gratuities proposed to be given to the windows of deceased public servants. When the item "special grant to widow of Hon. W. D. Balfour, late Speaker and Provincial Secretary, $6000," was reached, every voice in the Chamber was hushed and all eyes were directed upon the seats occupied by the Ministers.

Slowly the Attorney-General arose, and, with a noticeable tremor in his voice, proceeded to move that the item should pass. He confidently asked the House to sanction the grant. At an ordinary rate of interest it would mean an annuity of $400 to the late Speaker's widow, in whose present circumstances the money would prove a boon. The circumstances surrounding the case made the grant particularly appropriate and he had no doubt that the House would display its usual generosity in such cases and accede to the appropriation.

THE TRAIL OF DEATH

It begins at the Throat and ends at the Grave How many a human life is unnecessarily sacrificed.

There are many remedies on the market for the cure of consumption, but consumption, once it reaches a certain stage, cannot be cured. In professing, therefore, to do what is impossible, these remedies prove themselves to be simply humbugs.

Consumption is a disease which destroys the tissue of the lungs. Once gone, no medicine can replace that tissue. Good medicine may arrest the disease even after one lung is wholly gone, as long as the other remains sound. Once both are attacked, however, the victim is doomed.

Just why people should risk their lives to this dread disease and go to great expense afterwards to check it, it is hard to conceive. It is much easier prevented than cured. Throat troubles and severe colds are its usual forerunners. A 25-cent bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine will drive these away. It is, without doubt, the best medicine for the purpose to be had anywhere.

Mr. Whitney believed there should be less objection if there was objection at all, to this item than to any other. The facts as he had learned them were as the Attorney-General had stated them. It did seem that the circumstances were such as would but very infrequently arise. Public opinion, however, had to be taken into account in such grants, and the House, he, therefore believed, would be justified in going to the extent of a grant of $5000. Any person acquainted with the facts would approve of the grant.

Mr. Haycock also concurred in the grant, although he opposed gratuities as a principle. The argued that $5000 would be a very adequate appropriation, but the circumstances were such that rendered the item above criticism.

To this the members of both sides added a fervent "hear, hear," and the item was changed to $5000 and passed.

These bill were also read a second time:

To amend the act respecting joint stock companies for the construction of piers, wharves, dry docks and harbors.—The Attorney-General.

To amend the act respecting joint stock companies for the erection of exhibition buildings.—The Attorney-General.

To confirm and legalize a bylaw of the corporation of the town of Collingwood.—Mr. Paton.

The following passed the committee stage:

Respecting the town of Thorold.—Mr. German.

To confirm bylaw No. 241 of the village of New Hamburg.—Mr. Moore.

Respecting the village of Kemptville.—Mr. Bush.

Respecting the village of Drayton.—Mr. Tucker.

To amend the act incorporating the South Essex Electric Railway Company.—Mr. Auld.

Respecting the Fort Erie Ferry Railway Company.—Mr. German.

Respecting the marriage settlement of Robert George Dickson and Mary Catherine Dickson.—Mr. St. John.

IT IS WAR TO THE KNIFE.

The Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific Liable to have a battle over rates to the Kootenay.

Montreal, April 2.—(Special.)—The rush of Easterners to the British Columbia gold fields seems likely to be considerably accelerated very soon by low rates, via both the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railway. It is practically a case of war to the knife between the two roads—at least that was the impression created by the remarks made this morning by Messrs. McNicoll and Reeve, the heads of the passenger departments of the two railways.

As announced yesterday the Grand Trunk issued a new tariff of passenger rates to the Kootenay district, which places their rates at exactly the same figure as the C. P. R. The C. P. R. claim the right to a differential on this business, on account of their part-water route. The Grand Trunk claim that they have no such right—that is that they should not be allowed to quote a lower rate than the Grand Trunk do via their United States connections. That is where the difficulty hinges.

Mr. E. P. Hannaford, late chief engineer of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, whose dismissal from the company's service on the advent of Mr. C. M. Hay's, as general manager, was the first of a series, has taken an action against the company, through Messrs. Carter and Goldstein, for $6000 damages. He complains that he was wrongfully dismissed; that, as a permanent official of the company, his commission could not be revoked in the summary manner adopted by Mr. Hays, and that he has suffered damages by reason of loss of salary, etc., to the amount claimed by him in his present action.

Seven Canucks Sent Back.

Port Huron, April 2.—Since the transfer of Customs Officer Fred Buzzle from the city to the Tunnel Depot office, the aliens coming to this country to work have had a hard time. Buzzle yesterday sent back to Canada seven men who had made contracts to go to work in the States. He is especially busy, now that the marine season is opening up.

Young Married People Killed.

Ayer Junction, Mass., April 2.—Lyman Cutting and wife, while driving across Harris Crossing, in Shirley, to-day, were instantly killed and the wagon demolished. Mr. and Mrs. Cutting were married two months ago.

A sea-captain may navigate his ship safely across the ocean, but when he comes into port he must have a pilot who knows all the difficulties and dangers of that particular channel. In the voyage of life there are many perilous places where we need the help of a pilot who has a thorough knowledge of the special difficulties and dangers to be avoided.

In those delicate physical weaknesses and diseases peculiar to women a general practitioner or ordinary doctor has no opportunity to become thoroughly proficient. Still less to be trusted is the advice of any mere nurse or unscientific person.

Only a specialist who has given a life of study to this particular field of practice, is competent to treat the diseases of woman's intricate and complicated organism.

Any woman suffering from these delicate troubles may obtain the most eminent professional advice free of charge by writing to Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. During nearly 30 years' at the head of his splendid staff of specialists, he has successfully treated many thousands of cases of obstinate feminine complaints.

His "Favorite Prescription" was devised for the sole purpose of curing the diseases and weaknesses of the feminine organs. No other medicine has been so marvelously successful in this particular field of practice. No other medicine so completely overcomes all the dangers and nearly all the pains of motherhood.

"It is with pleasure I recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to suffering ladies," writes Mrs. J. Ferguson, Box 29, Douglas Station, Selkirk Co., Manitoba. "After suffering untold tortures I thank God I found relief and cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

The greatest book for women ever published is Dr. Pierce's thousand-page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," sent free in paper covers for cost of customs and mailing only, 31 one-cent stamps; cloth-bound 50 stamps. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

LATEST FROM CRETE.

Col. Vassos Tells of the Situation in the Island.

European Marines Said To Have Wrecked Houses by Hitching Chains About Them and Pulling Them from Their Foundations—Wanton Waste of Provisions in Order to Keep Them from the Insurgents—General News from the Disturbed Island.

London, April 2.—The Canea correspondent of The Chronicle sends a despatch to that paper in which he says that the following incidents have occurred during the current week.

A force of British marines with guns went to Tripeti in Sphakia and searched the houses there for provisions, which, whenever they were found, were destroyed, lest they should be used by the insurgents. A similar expedition went to a village near Sellino searching for flour and grain. Two warships, one of which was British, sent armed boats to Kolumbari to seize small mercantile craft that were lying at that place. The peasants refused to surrender the vessels, whereupon the marines threatened to destroy the village. Eventually the boats were yielded.

The most astounding incident reported, however, is the following: A British detachment which was sent to Kissamo Kastelli passed chains around the houses of certain Christians. Cables were then attached to the chains and these were passed to war ships, which pulled upon them until the houses fell. The correspondent of The Standard makes mention of this affair, but adds that under cover of these houses the insurgents were attempting to undermine the fort.

Interview With Col. Vassos.

The Daily Telegraph will to-morrow print an interview had by the correspondent in Crete with Col. Vassos. The Greek commander declared that the protest recently sent by him to the foreign admirals would be the last document of the sort that would be sent. Col. Vassos does not regard the admirals as the true representatives of the European attitude. He claims that he has quieted the entire Christian population and repressed every form of crime, rendering life and property as secure as in England or France. He has established hospitals and prisons, built bridges and appointed judges and sanitary officers. Such a satisfactory state of things was never before known in Crete. Everything has been effected in seven weeks. Col. Vassos explains his success as being due to his knowledge of the people, who he declares recognize him and his troops as kin.

"If," said Col. Vassos, "the European forces had done in the towns what I have done in the country, perfect peace might reign until Greece completed the negotiations with Europe for a recognition of her claims to Crete and not a drop of blood need have been shed."

Proceeding, Col. Vassos indignantly related the incidents of the proceedings of the international forces here during the week. He added that the Bashi Bazouks, who were formally forbidden to carry arms, issued from Canea Wednesday evening and marched towards Vigla. Their advance was covered by the guns of the Turkish warships, but the progress of the Bashi Bazouks was slow. The international fleet came to their assistance, firing 52 rounds from their heavy guns.

The Christians retreated and the Turks entered the village and set fire to the houses, a church and a monastery. "This," Col. Vassos exclaimed, "is the work of Cristian Europe. The condition of affairs is now infinitely worse than ever before. The Admirals have made ti so. I say deliberately and reluctantly that unless the European peoples listen to the voice of humanity before it is too late, this unhappy island will be deluged throughout with torrents of blood."

In conclusion Col. Vassos emphatically repudiated the absurd statement made in the British House of Commons that he made war on the powers.

Mountain Batteries for Crete.

London, April 2.—In the House of Commons to-day Right Hon. George N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, replying to a question by Mr. J. G. S. MacNeil, anti-Parnellite member for South Donegal, stated that the admirals commanding the foreign squadrons in Cretan waters had asked their respective governments to send three mountain guns each to Crete. Mr. Curzon added that he was not aware of the character of the replies of the powers to the request, if indeed any answer had been made, except in the case of Russia, which Government, he said, was sending a mountain battery to Crete in accordance with the recommendation of the Russian admiral.

Turkey Tired of Delay.

Constantinople, April 2.—The reports of fighting in Crete which are being received here daily are having a very bad impression upon the Government and the people alike, and in consequence the Porte has informed the representatives of the Turkish Government abroad that the present position is no longer tenable. This information is accompanied by the declaration on the part of the Porte that, unless a settlement of the Cretan difficulty shall be speedily reached, the Porte will propose to the powers that Turkey take matters in their own hands. It is also feared here that a blockade of Greece by the warships of the powers will hasten a conflict between the Turks and the Greeks on the frontier of Thessaly.

A Big Fight Brewing.

New York, April 2.—A special to The Herald from St. Petersburg says. Troops are ready to start from Odessa in the same numbers as the arrangements with the other powers, and if these are not sufficient there will be more ready to go if the admirals think it necessary.

It is looked upon here as almost certain that Greece will make a show of fighting; otherwise the dynasty must fall. The only way out of the troubles is deemed here to be disciplinary measures towards the Cretans and their Greek instigators. Turbulence can only be replied to by firmness. Greece's protests are ignored, as she has defied and broken all international laws.

Mr. Gladstone's Advice.

London, April 2.—Philip J. Stanhope, M.P. for Burnley, has received a letter from Mr. Gladstone, in which the ex-Prime Minister says he hopes that Parliament will firmly resist the claim of the powers to choose a ruler for the Cretans. The powers, Mr. Gladstone adds, are entitled to claim that whoever shall be selected as Prince of Crete shall be disposed and able to fairly recognize Ottoman suzerainty in the island, but beyond that the selection of a ruler is purely a Cretan affair.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The receipts at the western markets today were large, with a slight weakness in the general tone. There were 80 car loads, including 1500 hogs and 100 sheep and lambs. The demand for export cattle was fair, with choice grades firm, selling at 4¼c to 4⅜c per lb. Ordinary shippers sold at 3¾c to 4c. Stockers sold at 2¾c to 3¼c per lb. Bulls for export, 3¼c to 3½c per lb. Butchers' cattle were a trifle easier, owing to good supply; the best qualities sold at 3¼c to 3⅜c; good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, and inferior as 2c to 2¼c per lb. Milch cows sell at $20 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $7 each.

Spring lambs sold at $4 to $5.50 each. Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 100 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3¼c per lb., and butchers' at 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5c to 5½c per lb. Hogs are weaker, with receipts of 1500. The best sold at 5¼c, weighed off cars; thick fats at 4½c to 4¾c; lightweights at 4⅛c, sows at 3¼c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per lb.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 2.—Spring wheat, 6s 3s to 6s 5d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 1d to 6s 2½d; corn, 2s 7¼d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 60s 0d; lard, 22s 3d; bacon, l. c., heavy, 22s 0d; do. light, 20s 0d.

ABOUT.... ....CLOTHING!

In Buying Your Clothing..... there are a great many points to be taken into consideration. There is a big difference between a good tailor and a poor tailor, and there is a big difference between good ready-made clothing and poor ready-made clothing. One thing about our spring suits and overcoats, they are good. This word good means a big lot to the purchaser. We sell you an all wool suit for a man of any size, at $5, and it is good. There are lots of suits sold for this same money that are not good. See the difference? Then again if you are wanting a good article, suppose you think of paying the tailor $20, just come and see our $10 and $12 ones. If our suits at these prices this spring are not equal to the finest ordered work we will not expect you to buy. Our spring overcoats are taking the lead as usual; we have all prices from $5 up, but probably those at $10 are the favorites.

We are prepared to save you good big money in your spring clothing.

OAK HALL.

For the ...
Lenten Season

Fresh Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.

Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.

Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—139 and 187.

IT'S EASIER TO THREAD YOUR NEEDLE

With....

CLAPPERTON'S THREAD

Than with many other kinds, the twist is so firm that it's not so apt to unravel as some,—and that's what gives it its extraordinary strength.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McIntee.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

Nearly all infants are subject more or less to diarrhœa and such complaints while teething, and at this period of their lives is the most critical, mothers should not be without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. This medicine is a specific for such complaints and is highly spoken of by those who have used it. The proprietors claim it will cure any case of cholera or summer complaint.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Roo Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The bes to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

Murray & Lanman's
FLORIDA WATER

THE SWEETEST
MOST FRAGRANT, MOST REFRESHING
AND ENDURING OF ALL
PERFUMES FOR THE
HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc:
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

THE "BIG" FOUR.

A Quartette of Remedies that are Effecting Wonderful Cures.

Dr. Chase's four great remedies are: Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, Dr. Chase's Ointment, Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, and Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, his latest and greatest discovery for all throat and lung affections.

"I was sick for three years," says James Simpson, of Newcomb Mills. "I tried various alleged patent cures and several boxes of a certain pill which has been greatly cracked up. I got no relief. Then I tried Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Since, I have been able to work every day and feel like a new man. Your pills alone cured me at a cost of 25c."

"I have been subject to severe colds every fall and spring," says Miss Hattie Delaney, of 174 Crawford street, Toronto. "I used many cough medicines, but none cured me until at a cost of 25 cents I tried Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine."

"My husband was troubled with the worst kind of piles," writes Mrs. Jane Potts, of Meyersburg. "He was often unable to work. Since using your Chase's Ointment he is completely cured. It is truly worth its weight in gold instead of the price you charge, only 60 cents."

"I bought a box of your Catarrh Cure for 25 cents at Mr. Boyle's drug store here," says Henry R. Nicholls of 176 Rectory street, London, Ont. "I am thankful to say it cured me."

Chase's remedies at all dealers. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manfrs., Toronto.

NO DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION

necessary
to enable you to buy
a cake of

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Be sure and get the genuine—
wherever you can—
and you will have
the best soap made.

+

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.
Montreal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MEDICAL.

DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

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THE ADDRESS PASSED

And Now There Will be a Lull in the Oratory.

Mr. McNeill Followed Messrs Maclean, Clarke and Osler in Support of the School Settlement—Hon. John Costigan Condemned the Settlement and Made an Eloquent Reference to the Queen's Jubilee—Mr McMullen Also Had His Say Before the Address Passed.

Ottawa, April 2.—(Special.)—The election for Winnipeg may be expected very shortly, the Speaker having today issued his warrant for a writ for a new election.

The debate on the address was continued by Mr. Fraser of Guysboro.

After routine in the House yesterday, Mr. Speaker announced that he had issued his warrant for the writ for Winnipeg, the seat having been vacated by judgment of the courts, unseating Mr. Macdonald.

Mr. Fraser (Guysboro) accused the Opposition of having cooled in their ardor for the Manitoba minority, and of being divided in their allegiance to former principles. The Conservative party having put themselves on the shoulders of the bishops, who failed to bring them to power, are now on the other tack, howling because a delegate has been brought from Rome, said he. For himself he believed it made little difference who brought the message so long as it was a correct message. It might be as well charged against the Speaker as a fault that he should appeal to the Presbyterian Assembly, supposing that church court sat outside of Canada. The talk of Papal aggression was unworthy and unmanly. He ridiculed the suggestion of a Federal law to punish clerical terrorism in political matters. Then he turned his attention to the Conservative benches and chaffed different members for the discordant position which in his judgment they occupied. He said that nine or ten years ago when the Grand Old Man of Ontario returned from England, flushed with triumph, and there was a great demonstration in his honor, Major Hughes rode a white horse and carried a banner. "What was inscribed on that banner?"

Bennett: Business is business. [Loud laughter.]

No, it was Mowat and Victory. Continuing, he said it was unseemly to discuss the tariff before it was brought down. [Cheers.]

Mr. McNeill said he was heartily glad to know that the school question was settled. Some details he did not agree with, but, taken on the whole, it was a most admirable one. From first to last he held the proper course was, "Hands off Manitoba." Dealing with the position of the Solicitor-General, he said that it might appear as if Mr. Fitzpatrick had broken faith with his bishop. But in justice to the Solicitor-General, he desired to say that if he had given a pledge to a bishop in return for political support, and that support was not forthcoming, he would certainly not feel himself bound by the pledge he had given.

Proceeding, Mr. McNeill demanded an explicit statement of the reasons for substituting Mr. Charles Russell as Canadian Solicitor in London for Bompar, Bischoff, & Co. Had the trip to Rome anything to do with it? Continuing, Mr. McNeill read from the appeal to Rome, to show that the relief desired was not spiritual but political. It pointed out that the existing state of affairs constituted a grave danger to the constitution of the country. "Was that not political?"

Mr. Sutherland: "They asked for civil liberty."

Mr. McNeill: And must we appeal to Rome for civil liberty? So far as civil liberty went, he believed the Liberal party in Quebec did at the outset of the campaign enter upon a fight for civil and religious liberty against ecclesiastical domination. They were very brave to begin with, those Liberals, but at the very first shot from the enemy, the suppression of a Liberal paper, the whole Liberal party turned tail and ran for shelter. And where did they run to? To the very chief of their ecclesiastical forces, and before him they grovelled, praying him for God's sake to intervene between the land and the captains of his hosts. In this they betrayed the liberties of the people, by calling in to their assistance the very power they professed to defy. In conclusion, Mr. McNeill said that when this action of the Liberals came to be understood by the people of Canada, it would be held worthy of their complete condemnation.

Mr. McMullen defended the appeal to the Pope, because it was a protest against the imposition of spiritual pains and penalties upon Liberals. He would like to see Mr. Wallace introduce a bill to provide that no Roman Catholic elector should, by reason of having voted for Mr. Laurier, be denied the sacraments of the Roman Catholic Church; and that such deprivation on the part of bishop or priest should be a misdemeanor. Would he bring in such a bill?

Mr. Wallace: "My bill would have but one clause. It would declare it to be a criminal offence for anyone in Canada to intimidate or threaten in any way an elector in the exercise of the franchise."

Mr. McMullen said that we had such a law already, but would the honorable gentleman enforce it, that law to oblige a priest to accord to the body of a Roman Catholic burial in consecrated ground?

Mr. Wallace: "That has already been decided in the Guibord case."

Mr. McMullen, continuing, said it was absurd to characterize the petition as a political appeal.

Hon. John Costigan, resuming the debate after recess, held that on every question upon which the people had been appealed to last election, the country had endorsed the Conservative policy. While he would be glad to see the Manitoba School question settled, with the record he had made for himself for consistency, at all events, he could not stand in his place in the House and declare that settlement a satisfactory one. The question was not dead and buried, nor would it be while the constitutional guarantees to minorities remained part of our charter of national existence, and yet rights under them were withheld. From the day that Parliament was seized with jurisdiction for redress, this power and obligation remained with Parliament. It was not as an old Conservative, or as a Roman Catholic, that he opposed this settlement, for he would solemnly assert that, were he a Protestant, he would take exactly the same ground. [Applause.] It was with reluctance he touched upon the mission from Rome, and because the House was not apprised of the object of that mission he thought too much had been said about it already. In signing the memorial to His Holiness, Mr. Tarte and his friends were quite within their rights, but with the discussion of this matter in advance of the report upon the investigation of Mgr. Mery del Val he did find fault. This talk, therefore, about a delegate coming here to run this country was a tempest in a teapot, a cry that was too silly for Canadians to indulge in in this advanced age. He took a fling at Mr. McMullen, whose sympathy, rather than his sneers, he fully expected. "I'm out," said Mr. Costigan, "after having been in. He's out, never having been able to get in at all." [Laughter.]

Going back to his early career in Parliament, Mr. Costigan said he first became a Conservative because of the policy of toleration, patriotism and equal rights to all as upheld by Sir John Macdonald and Sir G. E. Cartier. That was the policy of the Conservative party to-day, else he would not be Conservative. If the policy of the Conservative party was to make a dead letter of the constitution he would forsake such a party.

Then, addressing himself to Mr. Clarke, for whose open avowal of opinion he expressed admiration, Mr. Costigan asked how much more noble it would be in that honorable gentleman, although disbelieving in separate schools, to say, as one of the Protestant majority: I shall see to it that faith shall be kept with the Roman Catholic minority. As to clerical interference he could tell the House that in his province the English-speaking clergy of the Roman Catholic Church were mostly Liberal. Now, all the circumstances of the mandement taken into consideration, could it be said that the return of Mr. Laurier was a triumph over the clergy of Quebec? The mandement left all free to vote for whomsoever they would, provided the candidate was one who would promise justice to the Manitoba minority, and nearly all the candidates on both sides gave that pledge. He did not cavil at the exercise of citizenship by the clergy of all denominations, for they were surely better fitted to advise the people than many who at election times were sent to persuade the electorate.

On the subject of the Queen's Jubilee reference in the speech, Mr. Costigan grew truly eloquent. He endorsed all that had been said in recognition of the beneficence of Her Majesty's reign and the splendid growth of the Empire, and when the great monument to her Jubilee is to be erected, how it would add to the enthusiasm with which it would be hailed were it to be rounded off with a tablet subscribed to Home Rule for Ireland! Yet, were it not to be, none the less would Irishmen join heartily in the acclaim which would arise throughout the Empire in congratulation upon the event, still hoping that before her glorious reign was ended Her Majesty would sign a bill, and he knew it would be a pleasure to her to do so, giving to Ireland a measure of home rule enjoyed in this Dominion of Canada.

After giving contradiction to the numerous reports as to his early retirement, Mr. Costigan closed amidst applause from both sides of the House by trusting that he would continue to enjoy the courteous regard of members on both sides.

Mr. Britton disagreed with the idea of sending Canadian military representatives to London, fearing that they would be eclipsed in the parade beside the trained troops of England, and perchance of the warlike nations of the earth. He thought the attendance of Mr. Laurier would be sufficiently representative of this Dominion. He spoke at some length on the school question, holding that Manitoba was well within its right in passing the School Act. He trusted the question was now dead forever, so far as Parliament was concerned.

On the franchise question he believed that anything would be better than the present act, although he had his doubts about a varied franchise for the Dominion.

The address then passed without a division.

A committee was appointed to strike the usual committees.

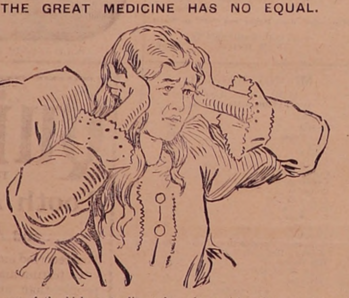
On motion of Mr. Laurier the Debates Committee was appointed as follows: Messrs. Beausoleil, Bergeron, Charlton, Choquette, Craig, Davin, Earle, Ellis, Haley, LaRiviere, Monet, Richardson, Scriver, Somerville and Taylor.

The House adjourned at 10.40 o'clock.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Saves Sleepless, Nervous and Despondent People From Insanity.

THE GREAT MEDICINE HAS NO EQUAL.



Medical men of the highest standing, and a host of others competent to judge, declare that Paine's Celery Compound is the only effective medicine for the banishment of all the troubles that lead to sleeplessness or insomnia.

In the spring season thousands are restless, fretful, nervous, despondent and gloomy. They find it impossible to obtain restful and sweet sleep, and soon become physically exhausted; some already are mere wrecks of humanity.

Such sufferers cannot with safety trifle with sleeplessness and continued unrest. All in such a condition demand immediate succor and aid before nature becomes too overtaxed. The weakened, exhausted and irritated system must be strengthened.

For every form of sleeplessness or insomnia there is but one remedy, one healer; it is Paine's Celery Compound, the only medicine that acts in a truly natural way to produce sleep and perfect rest.

This wondrous remedy of nature should be used at once if satisfactory and immediate results are desired. Do not allow your run-down, nervous system to lead you to the very brink of the grave in spring time.

Putting off will only complicate your troubles, and deeper misery will be yours. Use Paine's Celery Compound and you are assured of perfect action of the heart, stomach, kidneys and liver, and sweet sleep will be your life blessing.

Get "Paine's," the kind that cures. Remember that there are miserable imitations—celery preparations that are worthless and dangerous as well. Ask your dealer for "Paine's" and take no other, if you seek for life and health.

New Features,
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IN
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CONSULT . . .
THE FOSTER CO., LTD.
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Estimates Cheerfully Given.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Phone 189.

For Your Own
Comfort's Sake
RIDE
Dunlop Tires
They always give perfect satisfaction

The only tools needed for them are your hands—anyone's hands! They are genuinely good—not an experiment, but an assured success—popular all over the world—fully guaranteed.

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The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable, if you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

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Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

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of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind and Door Factory.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HARRIS & WALTON, OF THE CITY OF BELLEVILLE, INSOLVENTS.

TENDERS addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,685 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,208 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TCONEY proprietor. dtf

Mrs. R. H. Smith, wife of President, Quebec Bank, writes: "'Quickcure' stopped toothache and its use prevented any further trouble during a trip to Europe and back."

Dr. Humphreys Says!!!
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"77"
is to
Grip & Colds
so is
Humphreys' No. 10
to
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion
Weak Stomach,
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A single dose of No. 10 relieves an acute attack; its persistent use cures the worst case of Dyspepsia.

Dr. Humphreys' Homœopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or mailed free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents or five for $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John sts., New York.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY

Proposal to Make May 24 a Permanent Holiday.

Petition from British Columbia to Restrict Japanese Immigration—Also to Put Up the Chinese Poll Tax from $50 to $500—The Wonderful Richness in Gold of the Yukon Country.

Ottawa, April 2.—(Special.)—Senator W. J. McDonald of British Columbia has struck a popular note in his bill to make the 24th of May a permanent annual holiday in commemoration of the glorious reign of Her Majesty. Canadians would miss their great spring holiday, and when a successor is on the throne of Great Britain, which one may fairly hope may not be for many years hence, the 9th of November will not be a very suitable day for a public holiday.

The preamble recites that, whereas the reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria is the longest and most distinguished in peace, civilization, art, commerce and the perfecting and adaptation of scientific discoveries to the interests of mankind in the history of the Empire, it is befitting that the same should be marked in every way that may do donor to Her Majesty and perpetuate her reign. Therefore it proposes to enact that the interpretation act be amended so as to constitute the 24th of May a holiday for all time in the Dominion.

The Papal delegate, it is said in Ottawa, will side with the Liberals and report to the Holy Father in favor of restraining the bishops of Quebec. Mr. Shaughnessy of the C.P.R. will do all he can to persuade Mgr. Mery Del Val in that direction. Mr. Shaughnessy and Sir William Van Horne are anxious to help the Government out of their troubles.

A numerously-signed petition from British Columbia on the subject of Japanese immigration was presented to Parliament to-day. It starts out with the statement that a large influx of Japanese is a serious menace to the prosperity and material development of this country, that the Japanese are accustomed to a low standard of living, and are therefore willing to accept a lower scale of wages; that they are seriously competing with white labor, and indeed in many cases leading to the exclusion of white laborers. The petition goes on to say that there is danger of the province becoming orientalized. It is urged that the term of residence in Canada for Japanese before they can become naturalized should be increased from three to five years; that the evidence of residence shall be given in open court and that it shall be verified by production of the passport which is issued by the Japanese Government to all its subjects on leaving for foreign countries. Consul-General Nosse's visit to Ottawa has anticipated this petition. Mr. Nosse says the statements of the influx of Japanese are grossly exaggerated, there being only 800 Japanese in the whole of Canada.

Another petition from British Columbia asks for an increase in the capitation tax on Chinese immigrants from $50 to $500.

There are many rumors in circulation with reference to the fast Atlantic steamship service, and it is said that immediately after Mr. Dobell's arrival in England, which will be to-morrow, an announcement will be forthcoming of a provisional arrangement for the establishment of the service.

The commissioners appointed to investigate the management of the Kingston Penitentiary have completed their labors. St. Vincent De Paul Penitentiary is next to be tackled. The Canada Gazette to-morrow will announce the appointment of J. B. Noxon, Toronto; O. K. Fraser of Brockville, and D. A. Lafontaine of Montreal as commissioners.

The commission was appointed as the outcome of protests of Mr. Fortin, M.P. for Laval. Mr. Fortin is anxious to work Warden Ouimet out of his job, and has a successor designated in the person of Capt. Chartrand, who is to be secretary of the commission.

The Canadian Yukon is a veritable eldorado. The Minister of the Interior has just received reports from William Ogilvie, the Dominion Land Surveyor, who wintered at Fort Cudahy. Mr. Ogilvie says that at Cloudy Ke, which is some 60 miles southeast of Fort Cudahy and further into British territory, some men are making from $1000 to $2000 per day. This is done by placer mining. The report is altogether a most remarkable one, showing gold to be found in abundance.

Col. Burland of the 6th Fusiliers has generously offered to contribute the sum of $10,000 towards the expenses of the proposed provisional regiment to represent Canada at the Queen's Jubilee celebration in London.

An Order-in-Council has been passed renewing the modus vivendi license for this year. It contains the significant statement that negotiations on trade relations and other matters between Canada and the States are still pending, and therefore it is advisable to continue this arrangement for another year.

Sour

Stomach, sometimes called waterbrash, and burning pain, distress, nausea, dyspepsia, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This it accomplishes because with its wonderful power as a blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates an appetite, gives refreshing sleep, and raises the health tone. In cases of dyspepsia and indigestion it seems to have "a magic touch."

"For over 12 years I suffered from sour

Stomach

with severe pains across my shoulders, and great distress. I had violent nausea which would leave me very weak and faint, difficult to get my breath. These spells came oftener and more severe. I did not receive any lasting benefit from physicians, but found such happy effects from a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I took several bottles and mean to always keep it in the house. I am now able to do all my own work, which for six years I have been unable to do. My husband and son have also been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla—for pains in the back, and after the grip. I gladly recommend this grand blood medicine." MRS. PETER BURBY, Leominster, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents

Stands for BLACKS, of this there's no doubt,—
The black on these faces will never wash out;
For wool, silk and cotton, Black Diamond Dyes
Are used without fear by the prudent and wise.

The above is taken from "Excelsior Rhyming A B C Book, Illustrated." Each letter of the Alphabet is 2½ inches long; no two letters of the same color. Just the Book for the little ones. Sent for 3-cent stamp to any address.
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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK
Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

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Break Up a Cold in Time
BY USING
PYNY-PECTORAL
The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes:
"Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

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"As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

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Single First Class Fare and One-Third.
Good going March 27th to April 17th, inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97
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Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive. Return until April 20th, '97.
To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East
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I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.
I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief. —J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.
It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.
Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

New Millinery,
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Cramps, Colic, Colds, | Croup, Coughs, Toothache,
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Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

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ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.
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THE "INTELLIGENCER" Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

Best for Wash Day
For quick and easy work
For cleanest, sweetest and whitest clothes
Surprise is best

USE SURPRISE SOAP

Best for Every Day
For every use about the house Surprise works best and cheapest.
See for yourself.

AN AWFUL SORE

A Babe's Untold Suffering And Mother's Many Sleepless Nights.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS.

I herewith write out in full the beginning and end of that terrible disease, Eczema, which caused my babe untold suffering, and myself many sleepless nights.

My baby was born seemingly a fair, healthy child, but when she was three weeks old a swelling appeared on the back of her head, and in course of time broke. Every one called it a boil, and, now it had broken, would soon heal, but that was only the beginning of the trouble. It did not heal but grew worse, and the sore spread from the size of a dime to that of a dollar. I used all kinds of remedies that I could think of but nothing seemed to help, in fact it grew worse, her hair fell out where the sore was and I feared it would never grow again. It continued until my aged father came on a visit, and when he saw the baby he told me "to get CUTICURA SOAP and CUTICURA ointment right away." To please him I did so, and to my surprise, by their use the sore began to heal over, the hair grew over it, and to-day she has a nice head of hair, her skin is as fair as a lily, and she has no scar left to recall that awful sore.

CUTICURA soothes and allays all itching and burning that cause a child to fret and the mother to worry, and gives rest and comfort both to parent and child.

MRS. WM. RYER, Elk River, Minn.

SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES and REST FOR TIRED MOTHERS in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), greatest of emollients and skin cures.

This treatment will give instant relief, permit rest for parent and sleep for child, and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, pimply, and crusted skin and scalp humors with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Skin and Blood Humor," free.

LUXURIANT HAIR with clean, healthy scalp produced by CUTICURA SOAP.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

COOK WANTED—For the tug Beaver. For particulars apply at 214 Church st. or to box 74, City. 4-3d3tp

MAN to set out 70,000 hop poles. Apply to F. SHOEBRIDGE, Foreman Corby's farm. 3-30d5tw1t

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

FIRST-CLASS Dining Room Girl wanted. Apply to D. COYLE, Anglo-American. 3 31d6tp

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

DO you want to make money? Why not try our system of speculation? It is within reach of all. Increase your income. Write for circular letter. Palmer & Co., 38 Wall Street, New York. M17w&s4t

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

SHOP TO LET AND HOUSE TO LET—Apply to THOMAS & LAZIER, Solicitors, No. 319 East Front st. 3-27d6tp

DWELLING in Bellevue Terrace; possession given 1st of May. Apply to MRS. GRAHAM, Bellevue Terrace. deod1m.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office. Apply to Institute by telephone between 12 and 1.30 p.m., and at residence of Mrs. Terrill, 14 Octavia st., after 3.30 p.m. 4-3d6tp

HOUSES FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 15th April, 1897, for the premises at present occupied by Geo. Moxam, being part Lot 17 on West side of Pinnacle st., Belleville. Cash payment. W. JEFFERS DIAMOND, Solicitor for Administrator. 3-29d6t

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. [76deodtf

FOR SALE.

A HIGHLY cultivated vacant lot on Albert st., nearly opposite Mrs. J. C. Jamieson's residence. Apply to MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, Albert st. [M24deod6tp

HOTEL TO RENT.

O'BRIEN HOUSE—Three-storey brick Hotel in the City of Belleville; thirty rooms; sheds and stable; doing a good farmer and general trade; splendid opening; immediate possession. Apply to C. D. MACAULEY, Barrister, Belleville. License guaranteed. 4-3d7t

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

TENDERS WANTED.

TO remove Barn on the east side of George st. at H. Coroy's house to lot opposite. Tenders to close Friday night, April 2nd. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Apply for particulars to CHARLES RAINBOW, on premises. 3-30d5t

"THE AGENCY."

CLOTHING RENOVATED—Ladies and Gentlemen, kindly bear in mind that I am still in the Dyeing and Scouring business and represent A. Parker of Peterboro, the best establishment of its kind in Canada.—CHAS. DICKENS, Agent. N.B.—Ask me for price list. 3-26dw1y

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

Daily Intelligencer.

The Kiss in Court.

Harper's Bazar.

A lawyer met a pretty miss
While he was walking out one day,
And stole from her a honeyed kiss—
Which was not just the proper way.

At once a case of tort was brought
Which legal rules could not deny,
The lawyer held no justice ought
So frail a suit as that to try.

The action, when it got in court,
Met with a jury lenient,
And many a quillet and retort
Day after day on it was spent.

The lawyer claimed no maiden should
So much rare loveliness display;
A kiss like this he understood
Was flotsam on the state's highway.

The maiden said her rosy lips
No easement were for him to use,
Though they all others might eclipse,
His answer was somewhat abstruse.

And thus progressed the argument
Concerning kisser and kissee,
When to the jury it was sent,
Who failed entirely to agree.

But, sent into their room again,
They gave their voice to the defense.
And found the girl in fault, for plain
"Contributory negligence."

LIFE'S A BURDEN

If the Stomach is Not Right.

Is there Nausea? Is there Constipation? Is the Tongue Coated? Are you light Headed? Do you have Sick Headaches?

Any and all of these denote Stomach and Liver Disorder.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills act quickly and will cure most stubborn and chronic cases. No unpleasantness. No griping. These little pills are little wonder workers and are far-famed. 40 in a vial for 20 cents. Sold by R. Templeton.

CHATTERTON.

Miss B. Sine is still improving.

Mrs. G. Baragar is in our vicinity making sugar.

Spring is opened and there is considerable moving done.

Miss Kate Reid has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Seeley.

Mr. E. Lott lost a valuable horse on his way home from Belleville.

Mrs. Massey attended the Women's Missionary meeting last Wednesday evening.

The stage passes through our little town from Stirling to Belleville, which will be quite an accomodation.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

Latest on Cheese.

Sales of about 300 boxes of fodders have been made on this market at 10c to 10¼c.; but 10¼c. is about the top that would be paid, and we quote 10c. to 10¼c. as fair current rates. Contracts have been made in the Belleville section at 9¼c. to 9⅝c., three factories getting 9⅝c., comprising in all about 3,500 boxes. It is expected, however, that the Belleville district will make about 5,000 to 6,000 between now and May 1st; and a careful computation made by one of our foremost shippers places the total amount of fodders up to May 15th at about 25,000 boxes, or 10,000 more than last spring. This, however, it is thought by some, will not be a drop in the bucket compared with the shortage in the English market, and a good windup is expected.—Trade Bulletin.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

Four Desperadoes Hanged

Santa Fe, N. M., April 2.—Frank and Antonio Borrego, Lauriano Alariad and Patricio Valencia, the murderers of ex-Sheriff Frank Chaves, were hanged at 9 o'clock this morning.

Miller's Compound Iron Pills cure St. Vitus Dance. 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

—Montreal bricklayers have gone on strike.

—The Badeni Ministry of Austria has resigned.

—It is reported that the Cubans are suing for peace.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

—A Paris despatch says that a new Atlantic cable is being manufactured at Calais and will shortly be laid.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—Vital Roy, aged 60, was asleep on the I.C.R. track one mile east of St. Valier, Que., when the Halifax express killed him.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

—All Canadian sugars were advanced one-eighth cent by the refiners yesterday. The Chicago wheat market was dull and narrow; May closed one-half cent firmer at 71c. Provisions closed five to ten cents lower for pork and short ribs. Lard was steady. Ontario and Manitoba wheats lower. New York stocks higher. Canadian securities firmer.

Stranger—Who is the most popular man staying at this hotel now?
Majah—You mean the man most sought after and with the largest following, sah?
Stranger—Yes.
Majah—The barkeep, sah, by all means, sah.

Blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all the disagreeable results of impure blood disappear with the use of this medicine.

"I've missed more fun this summer than you could shake your tail at," mused the brindle cow.
"How?" asked the family horse.
"To-day for the seventh time I let one of these new women get almost to the fence before I realized she wasn't a man."

Auction Sale!

ON TUESDAY, April 13th, the Household effects of MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, 186 Albert st., will be sold by auction.

The effects consist of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Furniture, Book Cases, Tables and all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Carpets, Pictures, Books, Range, Plants, China, Crockery, Glassware, etc.

There will also be sold a Carriage Horse, two Phaetons, Dog Cart, Waggon, Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, Robes and other stable articles. 4-3dtf

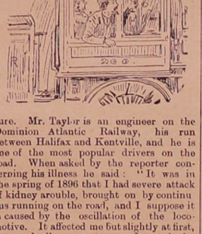
AN ENGINEER'S STORY.

LIFE ON A RAILROAD CONDUCTIVE TO DISEASE.

MR. WM. TAYLOR, OF KENTVILLE, ATTACKED WITH KIDNEY TROUBLE—SO-CALLED CURES PROVED USELESS, BUT DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS RESTORED HIS HEALTH.

(From the Kentville Advertiser.)

There are very few employments more trying to the health than that of an engineer. The hours of labor are frequently long, meals irregular, and rest and sleep hurriedly snatched "between runs." One of the troubles which very frequently attack railway trainmen is kidney disease, which up to a late period has been looked upon as a disease difficult, if not impossible, to totally cure. Although there exist numerous remedies claimed to be cures, the truth is that nothing had been found to successfully cope with this terrible disease until the advent of the now world-famed Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Chancing to hear one day that Mr. Wm. Taylor, a resident of this town, had been cured of kidney trouble through the agency of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a reporter called upon him at his home to hear from him personally what he thought of his cure. Mr. Taylor is an engineer on the Dominion Atlantic Railway, his run between Halifax and Kentville, and he is one of the most popular drivers on the road. When asked by the reporter concerning his illness he said: "It was in the spring of 1896 that I had severe attack of kidney arouble, brought on by continuous running on the road, and I suppose it is caused by the oscillation of the locomotive. It affected me but slightly at first, but gradually grew worse. I consulted a doctor and then tried two or three varieties of so-called cures. Some helped me for a time, but after stopping the use of them I grew worse than ever. I had noticed numerous testimonials in the papers concerning Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and reading of one cure that was almost indentical with my own I decided to give them a trial, and purchased four boxes at a cost of $2. But it was $2 well spent for I was completely cured by the use of the pills, and have not been troubled with my kidneys since. I can therefore recommend them to others similarly afflicted.



The experience of years has proved that there is absolutely no disease due to a vitiated condition of the blood or shattered nerves, that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will not promptly cure, and those who are suffering from such troubles would avoid much misery and save money by promptly resorting to this treatment. Get the genuine Pink Pills every time and do not be persuaded to take an imitation or some other remedy from a dealer, who for the extra profit to himself, may say is "just as good." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure when other medicines fail.

The Commandant of Bisley Team in 1894.

Dr. E. B. Ibbotson, Major Royal Scots, Montreal, writes: "Quickcure is a treasure, and does just what you say for it; when it is known every household will have it. It is worth its weight in gold to parents, who should keep it in the house for emergencies such as toothache, burns, cuts, etc."

Greece's Decline.

Reviewing the history of the Greek kingdom Harper's Weekly thus pictures the downward progress of Greece as a power:

"History has never accorded rule over others to those who cannot rule themselves. In great crisis the Greeks have displayed a patriotic ardor and a capacity for sacrifice that are worthy of unstinted praise; but in the humdrum days of peace they have been unable to subordinate partisan sentiment and selfish aims to the common good. Factional spirit has run riot; corruption has been excessive; the evils of the spoils system in representative Government have reached the most acute stage. Each successive Ministry acquires and holds power and pushes its measures through the Legislature by ceding to its supporters to control the administration, until it may be said without exaggeration that the administration legislates while the the Legislature administers the Government."

HEART PAIN.

DR. AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEART DEFIES THE MOST INTENSE PAINS—NO MATTER HOW LONG STANDING THE TROUBLE, IT MASTERS DISEASE IN HALF AN HOUR, AND IN THE CASE OF JOHN CROW FIVE BOTTLES CURED HEART DISEASE OF TEN YEARS' STANDING—HERE'S HIS TESTIMONY UNSOLICITED:—

John Crow, son of Mr. George Crow, farmer, near the village of Tara, Ont., writes: "I was alarmingly afflicted with palpitation and enlargement of the heart for nearly ten years. I doctored with best physicians and tried numerous remedies with very little benefit. In our local papers I noticed Dr. Agnew's cure for the heart advertised and I determined to give it a trial. Inside of half an hour I had relief. I have taken about five bottles, and feel to-day that I am as well as ever I was. I am completely cured." Sold by R. Templeton.

Delagoa Bay is Britain's

LONDON, April 2.—The Daily Mail will print a despatch from Cape Town to-morrow saying it is reported that Delagoa Bay has been leased to Great Britain for 30 years at an annual rental of half a million sterling, and that the Transvaal Government was not aware of the arrangement until it was completed.

PROMINENT BUSINESS MAN OF PETERBORO' CURED OF ECZEMA.

Mr. Thos. Gladman, bookkeeper for Adam Hall, Esq., stove and tinware dealer, Peterborough, writes the following facts: "Have been troubled for nine years with Eczema on my leg, and at times the itching was something terrible; tried many eminent doctors and was pronounced incurable. I had given up hopes of ever being cured when I was recommended by Mr. Madill, druggist, to try a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and I am happy to testify that after using two boxes I am completely cured."

Philippine Rebels Defeated.

Madrid, April 2.—The insurgents in the Philippine Islands have met with another serious defeat at the hands of the Spaniards according to the official advices received to-day. Nearly 200 rebels were killed in the battle.

WHETHER YOU BUY...

"TETLEY'S" 40c., 50c., 60c., or 70c. blend

You are getting the best value for your money.

Tetley TEAS

"FROM ANCIENT INDIA AND SWEET CEYLON."

A Healthful Drink MADDEN'S CEREAL

Our Special Agent will spend two weeks in Belleville and endeavor to show the great advantages of using

MADDEN CEREAL FOOD COFFEE.

"Continuous" Race Meets.

The horse-racing amendment to the Criminal Code, which Sir Oliver Mowat has introduced into the Senate, is along the line of an amendment which Mr. Dickey contemplated effecting in the criminal code, and which was actually in the last session of the last Parliament incorporated in a private bill. It strikes at the evils of "continuous" race meets which have been inaugurated in this country by some American capitalists who have set out their track and buildings at Windsor. These meets are condemned by lovers of legitimate horse-racing, and have been suppressed in New York, New Jersey and other States because of their immoral surroundings. They are entirely foreign to and subversive of horse-racing as it is known in England, and as it has been carried on in Canada by the large jockey clubs of this city and elsewhere. As a matter of fact the legislation which Mr. Dickey proposed, and which Sir Oliver Mowat is now to put into effect, was brought to Parliament's attention by the horse-racing and horse-breeding organizations. It is not difficult to understand their interest in this direction. It is somewhat analagous to the interest which in other fields of sport seeks to preserve the spirit of amateurism,—which may be broadly defined as the gentleman-like spirit. There are those, of course, who will deny that there is anything gentlemanly about horse-racing; they could as well say the same of almost any other sport. It may be admitted that there is something of another spirit clinging around the turf, but the legislation which we are now discussing is evidence that there is a desire on the part of patrons of horse-racing to keep it as free as possible from abuses.—Montreal Herald.

BABY ECZEMA AND SCALD HEAD.

Infants and young children are peculiarly subject to this terrible disorder, and if not promptly arrested it will eventually become chronic. Dr. Chase made a special study of Eczema and disease of the skin, and we can confidently recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to cure all forms of Eczema. The first application soothes the irritation and puts the little sufferer to rest.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.

BUT THIS TIME IT WAS A GOD-SEND TO MR. JOHN BROWN, A G.A.R. VETERAN, OF 2446 MARSHALL ST., PHILADELPHIA—DOGGED SHOT AND SHELL IN THE INTEREST OF HIS COUNTRY, ONLY TO BE ATTACKED BY THAT INSIDIOUS DISEASE CATARRH—BUT DR AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER CURED AND PERMANENTLY, TOO—THIS IS WHAT HE SAYS:—

"By a mere accident I came across Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. I was a great sufferer from that dread malady—catarrh. To-day it gives me unbounded pleasure to state for suffering humanity's sake that this wonderful remedy effected a speedy and permanent cure in my case, and I have been so thankful for that I am willing to spend the remainder of my days in spreading the good news to my fellow sufferers."—Sold by R. Templeton.

Nothing Hunts Out Corns

Like tight boots. A sure, certain and painless remedy is found in Putman's Corn Extractor, which removes the worst corns in twenty-four hours.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BRIDGE ST. METHODIST CHURCH.
to-morrow
11 a.m.—Sermon—Rev. Dr. Cade, Pastor of Holloway st. church.
2:30 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—Sermon—Rev. Chas. E. McIntyre. Subject—"Alone Before Jesus."
Strangers in the city, students at Albert College, the Business Colleges, the schools, and all other visitors welcomed.

HOLLOWAY ST. METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. Robt. Cade, D.D., Pastor.
(Services to-morrow, April 4th.)
Annual Missionary Sermons.
10 a.m.—Monthly Fellowship Meeting.
11 a.m.—Rev. C. E. McIntyre.
2:30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Rev. Dr. Galbraith.
Choir Leader—Mr. Frank Eaton.
Students, strangers and citizens always welcome.

TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH
Church St.
Rev. E. Roberts, Pastor.
10 a.m.—Fellowship Meeting.
11 a.m.—Rev. Dr. McDiarmid.
2.30—Sabbath School.
6.30—Epworth League prayer meeting.
7 p.m.—Rev. Dr. McDiarmid. Evangelistic service.
As these meetings are of special interest all are invited.

The Phrenoline Medicines

THE ONLY ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE PREPARATIONS ON THE MARKET

Pleasant, Pure and Healthful

PHRENOLINE Rheumatic Specific	Guaranteed to cure Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout and Neuralgia.
PHRENOLINE Pills	A sure cure for Headache, Dizziness Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Paralysis, Convulsions, Heart Disease, etc., etc.

Manufactured on Honor and Sold on Merit.

Sold in Belleville only by D. M. Waters. apr

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.

QUOTATIONS—March 22nd.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	55
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	....
Crown Point	57
Evening Star	14½
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	17
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	8
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three	15
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	9
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

J. S., says: "I was in a dreadfully weak and nervous condition, unable to rest and utterly unfit for work, and Miller's Compound Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. Lesser, Manager.

One Night Only—THURSDAY, APRIL 15th.

The Greatest Popular Music Band in the World,

The... CHICAGO MARINE BAND.....

T. B. Brooke, Leader.

Assisted by the phenomenal Soprano, MISS SIBYL SAMMIS.

Greeted throughout America with thunders of applause.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

The Time

has again come for putting away Furs. You need something to keep the moths away. We have it.

—CAMPHOR,
—MOTH BALLS,
—TAR PAPER, at

THE PHARMACY,

D M. WATERS.

These Competitions will be conducted monthly during 1897.

FIRST PRIZES—10 Stearns' Bicycles EACH MONTH.

SECOND PRIZES—25 Gold Watches EACH MONTH.

HOW TO OBTAIN THEM. Competitors to save as many "Sunlight" Soap Wrappers as they can collect. Cut off the top portion of each wrapper—that portion containing the heading "SUNLIGHT SOAP." These (called "Coupons") are to be sent enclosed with a sheet of paper on which the competitor has written his or her full name and address, and the number of coupons sent in, postage paid, to Messrs. Lever Bros., Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, marked on the postal wrapper (top left hand corner) with the number of the district competitor lives in. The districts are as follows:

NAME OF DISTRICT.

1 Western Ontario, consisting of Counties York, Simcoe and all Counties W. and S. of these.
2 Eastern Ontario, consisting of Counties Ontario, Muskoka and all Counties E. and N. of these.
3 Province of Quebec.
4 Province of New Brunswick.
5 Province of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

SEND THIS TOP PORTION "SUNLIGHT" SOAP. WHY DOES A WOMAN LOOK OLD

$1,625 Given Away EACH MONTH IN BICYCLES AND WATCHES FOR SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS.

The bicycles are the celebrated Stearns, manufactured by E. C. Stearns & Co., Syracuse, N. Y., and Toronto, Ont. Each wheel is guaranteed by the makers, and has complete attachments.

LEVER BROS., LTD.,
23 SCOTT STREET, TORONTO.

RULES. 1. Every month during 1897, in each of the five districts, prizes will be awarded as follows:

The two competitors who send in the largest numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside, will each receive, at winner's option, a lady's or gent's Stearns' Bicycle with complete attachments.

The five competitors who send in the next largest numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside, will each receive, at winner's option, a lady's or gent's Gold Watch, value $25.

2. The competition will close the last day of each month during 1897. Coupons received too late for one month's competition will be put into the next.

3. Competitors who obtain wrappers from unsold soap in dealer's stock will be disqualified. Employees of Messrs. Lever Bros., Ltd., and their families are debarred from competing.

4. A printed list of winners in competitor's district will be forwarded to competitors 21 days after each competition closes.

5. Messrs. Lever Bros. Ltd., will endeavor to award the prizes fairly to the best of their ability and judgment, but it is understood that all who compete agree to accept the award of Messrs. Lever Bros., Ltd., as final.

THE ALE AND PORTER

OF

JOHN LABATT,

LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN

WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,

AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

THE SLATER SHOE

Business Moods.

When a good man swears on a wet day it's more than likely the profanity comes from *his feet*.

The shoe that pinches spoils the temper, irritates the nerves, impairs digestion, and obscures the merry sunshine of life.

Success or failure in life oft hinges upon a man's mood at critical moments, and the way his *feet* feel sometimes sways destiny.

A pair of "Slater Shoes" may unconsciously save a fortune, but can't cost more than $5.00.

It's cheaper to *throw away* a shoe that hurts than to *keep* it, and mark this—*new* "Slater Shoes" need no *breaking in*.

A tag on each pair tells just what leather it is made of—how it will affect the feet—and the wear it *will*, or will *not* give, according to use.

The makers name and price stamped on the sole protects against imitations of Goodyear Welt, and ensures value *every* time to the wearer. $3.00, $4.00, $5.00

It had to fit the shoe.

AGENCY

SOLE AGENTS FOR BELLEVILLE, HAINES & LOCKETT.

Quickcure

The Great Modern Remedy for

Tooth Ache ...and All Pain

Has received more honest, unsolicited testimonials from reputable people, than any other remedy of the age.

Note the statements from well known people published in the news columns of this issue.

QUICKCURE

Our Star Portland Cement

Is the best in the market, having been proved so by tests. Sold by all the dealers in the city.

For Sale Cheap.

DRY SOFT WOOD.

A Good Horse for Farm or Cart.

To Rent.

A Good Office on Bridge Street.

The Rathbun Company

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

EASTER NOVELTIES.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF EASTER GOODS NEXT WEEK

OYSTERS ARRIVING AS USUAL.
CHOICE BANANAS 20cts. per doz.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Removal Sale!

Only a few days left now before we vacate our present stores.

Everything is reduced in price so as to greatly reduce our stock for moving, and it is your greatest chance to buy almost anything you want at cost and under.

IN THE FAIR . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Crockery,
Dishes,
Woodenware,
Brooms,
Glassware,
Agateware,
Tinware,
Teas and Coffees.

IN THE BEEHIVE . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Fancy Goods,
Wools,
Felts,
Silks,
Novelties,
Toys,
Soaps,
Combs,
Brushes,
Mirrors,
Whisks,
Braces,
Dolls, and General Smallwares.

And if you want to save money on your purchases come this week, as sale only lasts a few days longer.

Come with the crowds to

The Beehive and The Fair

REMOVAL SALE.

CHAS. N. SULMAN

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO MONDAY, APRIL 5 1897. NO. 284

JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
AGENTS FOR E. & D. and CRESCENT WHEELS - - -
Best Bicycles on Earth.

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Opening

WE are to-day opening up to do business in the future on strictly cash principles.

We would invite our customers and the public to call and have a look through our large stock and see the very low prices Dry Goods can be bought for, when bought for cash.

All goods are marked in plain figures, and only one price to everybody.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

City Council.
Moira L. O. L. 727.
Court Quinte, A. O. F.
Mizpah 127, I. O. O. F.
Forest and Stream Club.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Walltridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 5—Gov. Patterson, P. E. I., dismissed, 1787.
Algernon C. Swinburne born, 1837.
Rt. Hon. W. E. Foster d., 1887.

THE WEATHER.

Finer weather has never been experienced thus early in the season. Summer heat, in fact, prevailed yesterday and to-day. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min.	20	Min.	40
8 a. m.	30	8 a. m.	46
Noon	36	Noon	62

PROBABILITIES.

Moderate to fresh winds; local rains, but partly fair and mild.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

Mining Notes.

The second cleaning up took place last week at the Canada Gold Fields Company's works at Deloro. The exact result cannot be learned, but that it was highly satisfactory has been ascertained.

The Canada Gold Fields Company are advertising for 1,000 cords of wood to be delivered at their reduction works at Deloro.

(Toronto World.)

Superintendent McNaughton, of the Bannockburn mine, reported on Saturday that the results of last week's work in it were such that his expression of opinion, that if the lodes of Hastings County are worked systematically and scientifically the district may yet become one of the most important of its kind, is still further confirmed.

$1.25 Colored Shirts for 75c.

With fine blue, pink and black stripes, also 2 collars and pair cuffs, detachable open front at SCHUSTER'S.

Immigration Agents Sail.

Halifax, April 3.—Messrs. Griffiths and Duncan, two Manitobans, arrived from Winnipeg yesterday en route to Great Britain. They sailed this afternoon. The two gentlemen are new appointments of the present Canadian Government.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

City Council meets this evening.

Sixty-four prisoners will be released from the Central Prison this month.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

At the meeting of the Ministerial Association to day, the Rev. Mr. Dingman read a paper on "The Modern Opera."

A telephone line is being constructed through Canifton, Thrasher's Corners, Plainfield, Roslin and Thomasburg.

The tenders for the Bay of Quinte bridge have been opened and Richard Arnott secured the bridge for the next year for $4340.

The new rifles, to complete the equipment of 240 men, have arrived for the 15th Battalion and will be put into store at once.

It is expected that navigation will be opened on Wednesday, when the Ella Ross will arrive here in command of Capt. Christie.

The Committee appointed by the Horticultural Society for the purpose of revising their prize list, met on Saturday night and completed their work.

Missionary sermons were preached in Holloway st. church yesterday by Rev. Mr. McIntyre and Rev. Dr. Galbraith. The congregations were large.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

The mail contract with the steamer North King between Cobourg and Port Hope and Rochester, has been renewed for four years, but at a reduction in price from $1,500 to $1,000 per year.

A meeting of the non-coms. of the 15th will be held in their quarters this evening to consider the advisability of sending representatives with the Canadian Jubilee Batallion to England.

An explanation from the Police Magistrate and the police as to why the by-law against trotting on the bridges has not, for a long time, been enforced, is not only in order, but is overdue by some years. Those concerned had better speak now.

It is to be hoped that Mr. Mulock will be generous with his new jubilee stamp and order that more "gum-stickum" be placed on the new issue than the present one cent stamp is usually blessed with. It is very much lacking in its adhesive qualities.

The audit of the County accounts for the administration of justice was on this morning at the Court House. Judge Fraleck presided and Messrs. W. R. Aylsworth and County Councillor McFarlane were the other members of the committee.

Col. Ponton is in receipt of a petition from Toronto for the signatures of the Mayor, Col. Ponton and the veterans of this district to be forwarded to Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria praying that all Canadian Militia men who have done active service during her reign, be given a Canadian General Service War Medal with an appropriate clasp.

Amusement Notes.

CHICAGO MARINE BAND,

For which a subscription list will open to-morrow morning at 10 a.m. sharp at Riggs music store. Subscribers to have first choice of seats.

The New York press of March 8th, has the following to say of Brooke's Marine Band, which made its first appearance in New York on Saturday night in the Lennox Lyceum: "New Yorkers have come to regard Mr. Sousa's Band as the leading band of the country, but we do not hesitate to say that Mr. Sousa must look to his laurels. Mr. Brooke is particularly proud of his clarionet choir, and he has reasons to be so. Miss Sibyl Sammis, mezzo-soprano, a fine-looking girl, with a good fresh voice, sang the page's aria from "Les Huguenots," and took two encores. Mr. Brooke's manner of conducting and his perfect control of his men are worthy of unstinted praise."

Display of Wilkinson Hats.

Drab, Fawn, Black and Bronze in Hard and Soft Hats at SCHUSTER'S. Everything brand new.

Timely Presentation.

The following is copied from the "Western British American" (Chicago): "When Mr. Charles Corby, of 4062 Michigan Terrace, the President of the Cabinet of the National Union, was held up and robbed of his watch, diamond pin and money while on his way home from a banquet some time ago, he little thought that the disagreeable experience would have a pleasant sequel. On Feb. 26, however, on the occasion of his re-election to the Presidency of the Cook County Cabinet, National Union, Mr. Corby, who is a native of Belleville, Ont., was presented with a splendid watch and chain and locket from his friends in the organization. He was also presented with a handsome gold-mounted rosewood gavel. The watch was presented by Mr. Leo Canman, railroad editor of the Chicago Tribune, in a speech that teemed with sparkling wit and humor, while Justice Hamburgher, in presenting the gavel, made a most impressive little speech."

White Duck Coats.

Barbers and bartenders can now find a complete range of sizes in white duck coats, price $1.00, at Harry's.

A Family Case.

A complicated case involving a dispute between members of one family occupied the attention of Judge Lazier in County Court to-day. John Vanmeer has brought an action against George and Jeremiah Vanmeer to recover possession of a farm on the ground that defts had broken covenants. There are a large number of witnesses on both sides and the case will last two days. George Denmark for plff; W. P. McMahon for deft. George Vanmeer; Thomas & Lazier for deft. Jeremiah Vanmeer.

Listowel, Sept. 22nd, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Gentlemen,—I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chase's Ointment, Pil's and Catarrh Cure and Linseed and Turpentine are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of my customers have spoken highly in their praise. Yours truly,

J. A. HACKING.

OBITUARY.

HERBERT BURT RATHBUN.

About one o'clock yesterday Mr. Herbert B. Rathbun breathed his last. Mr. Rathbun was taken ill with pulmonary disease about four years ago, and he immediately sought the advice of leading physicians, but their efforts to check the progress of the fell disease were in vain. He spent a winter in the mild climate of California, but as soon as he returned to his home the disease progressed. He was able to be about town till the cool weather set in last fall, and since then he gradually grew weaker. About two weeks ago it was thought his dissolution was at hand, but he rallied and was apparently stronger for a few days. Deceased was the youngest surviving son of the late H. B. Rathbun, the founder of Deseronto, and was born in New York state thirty-six years ago. After a liberal education at the leading schools of the province, Mr. Rathbun joined his brothers in the management of the large interests of the Rathbun Co. at Deseronto, and for several years had charge of the yards and shipping department. About twelve years ago he was married to Miss Agnes Bell, second daughter of Mr. John Bell, Q. C., of this city. His wife and three children (two sons and a daughter) survive him. Of his own family there are four members living, namely E. W. Rathbun, Mayor of Deseronto; F. S. Rathbun, also of Deseronto; Mrs. Hindhaugh, Oswego; Mrs. Powell, Ottawa. Mr. Rathbun was a genial man and a general favorite with his acquaintances. He had lived in Belleville about two years. His wife and family have the warmest sympathy of a large circle of friends in their bereavement. The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon.

MRS. CHAS. SULMAN.

We deeply regret to announce the death of Mrs. Chas. Sulman. Mrs. Sulman gave birth to a daughter two weeks ago to-day, and since then she has hovered between life and death, at times showing slight improvement and again nearly collapsing, till 8 o'clock last evening, when she crossed the bar. Deceased was a daughter of Mr. Henry St. Garratt, of Toronto, but her mother having died when she was but two years of age, she lived with her grandfather, Mr. Stephen Garratt, Church st., until her marriage to Mr. Sulman on Oct. 1st, 1895. Deceased, who was 25 years of age, is survived by her infant daughter and sorrowing husband. Mrs. Sulman was for several years one of the city's leading vocalists and she was for a long time a member of Bridge st. church choir. She was a member of the same church, a teacher in the Sunday School, and took an active interest in other church organizations. In private life she was a most amiable person and her demise has occasioned universal regret. Mr. Sulman has the sympathy of his large circle of friends in his bereavement.

JAMES ROBERTSON.

One of Tyendinaga's oldest and most respected residents passed away yesterday in the person of James Robertson at the residence of his son, Donald, in the 3rd con. Deceased was born in Perthshire, Scotland, 87 years ago, and came to this country when seventeen years of age. He was a stone mason by trade. His wife died several years ago. Four daughters and two sons survive him. He was a Presbyterian and a staunch Conservative. His funeral takes place to-morrow.

Guaranteed.

We have secured the agency for Belleville for Hone's Pure Mixed Paints. We guarantee every can to give satisfaction or refund the money. We have no hesitation in stating this as we made a thorough test of these paints last season and every can gave perfect satisfaction. Floor paints a specialty.—ALEX. RAY.

Independent Order Foresters.

A meeting of the Executive of the High Court of the Independent Order of Foresters of Eastern Ontario was held in the hall of Deseronto Court, No. 93, on Tuesday, March 30th. There were present: Rev. Robt. McNair, of Carlton Place, H.C.R.; R. Mathison, of Belleville, P. H. C. R.; G. Spence, of Cobourg, H. V. C. R.; G. L. Dickinson, of Manotic, H. S.; Dr. M. B. Mallory, of Campbellford, T. T.; A. W. Fraser, of Ottawa, C. H.; Dr. C. D. Clarke, of Tamworth, High Physician. Dr. Oronhyatekha, S.C.R., was also present on the occasion. The principal item of business was the acceptance of the resignation of Rev. R. McNair, H.C.R., who has decided to go to the old country for two years, his health requiring a change. While in the old land he will look after the interests of the Order. Dr. Clarke, of Tamworth, was appointed to the position of High Chief Ranger for the balance of the year. The time of the High Court meeting at Deseronto was fixed for Tuesday and Wednesday, August 24th and 25th. The Temple at Toronto will be opened the week following. Other routine business was also transacted. The reports of the various offices showed that the High Court was doing energetic work. The Order had 25,000 applications during the year. All the members of the committee expressed their admiration of the beautifully decorated hall owned by Court Deseronto, which was kindly placed in their disposal, and and also of the many courtesies extended during their stay at town. There is general regret that the High Court will lose for a time the active services of such an energetic official as Rev. R. McNair, who has done so much to make the order popular in Eastern Ontario.

Worth Ten Dollars a Bottle.

Any person who has used Nerviline, the great pain cure, would not be without it if it cost ten dollars a bottle. A good thing is worth its weight in gold, and Nerviline is the best remedy for all kinds of pain. It cures neuralgia in five minutes; toothache in one minute; lame back at one application; headache in a few minutes; and all pains just as rapidly.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

ASSAULT CASE.

The enlarged assault case of Campeau vs. Stewart, came up this morning and some additional evidence was adduced. The result was that Stewart was fined $2 and $1.50 costs.

A PLUCKY GIRL.

She Stands Off Three Tramps With a Gun and Drives Them Away.

The hordes of tramps infesting the outskirts of the city are becoming very bold, and residents of those parts most frequented by this very undesirable class of people are living in terror. On Saturday afternoon three knights of the road called at Mr. Baird's residence on Herchmer avenue and demanded something to eat. Mrs. Baird and her daughter were alone, and when the three men threatened violence the young woman took down a gun and warned them that the first one who set foot inside the door would be shot. The girl's plucky conduct unnerved the ruffians and they withdrew.

On Saturday evening seven tramps entered Mr. Donovan's barn on Herchmer ave. and when asked what they wanted grew very insolent. Mr. Donovan fired off his gun to frighten them, but they did not frighten. He then took out his St. Bernard dog, and it had the desired effect.

A big stone pile in the gaol yard and a few hammers would, in our opinion, have a salutary effect in lessening the number of these individuals around here. The Council should take some action at once.

Young Men's Suits $5.

The Oak Hall have a big bargain in long pant suits in sizes 30 to 35. The color is a mixed gray and brown, very neat, they are lined with the best Italian linings, and every seam sewn with linen thread. This suit is worth every cent of $7. We cleared one hundred suits at a price, and are clearing them at $5.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

TO-NIGHT.

Y. M. C. A. Road Club meets for organization at 8 o'clock in parlor.

Physical measurement 8:30.

Gymnasium class for store boys at 7.

Mechanical Drawing at 8 in lecture room.

Mr. Weeks will be unable to meet the boys to-night.

The blackboard lesson by Mr. Doyle for the boys on Sunday morning was very interesting. His theme was "With the eye of faith we see Jesus." The drawings illustrated the subject and the lesson was exceedingly helpful.

Mr. Thos. Stewart addressed the men in the afternoon on "The only name." He began by showing what was in a name, power or safety or love, then he logically drew the attention to "the name above all other names" whereby men must be saved. Four young men sang very effectively "Sweet Peace." Mr. McArthur led the meeting.

Boys' Shirts and Sweaters.

We are showing an elegant range of Boys' Sweaters, fine wool, blue, white and tan; also Boys' colored shirts, with fine blue and pink stripes, 2 collars and pair cuffs detachable. Also a range of light and dark blues with attached collars and cuffs at SCHUSTER'S.

Belleville's Hospitality.

The Kingston Whig remarks with tears in its eyes: "It is reported, and on reliable authority, that a number of the commanding officers, whose regimental headquarters are in this military district, are quietly but strenuously endeavoring to secure the removal of the annual training camp from Kingston to Belleville this summer. It is stated that the motive is furnished by the Bellevillians' entertainment of the officers in contrast to the action of busy Kingstonians, who do nothing in this direction. It is scarcely credible that the officers, who are expected to set the example of self-sacrifice and cheerful submission to deprivation of ordinary comforts and conveniences, for the sake of the service, should desire to have the camp removed for such a reason as that adduced. But, if it be true that the removal is being sought for no other reason, Kingstonians could, no doubt, supply amusements during the leisure hours of the war-lords of No. 3 District, quite as well as the Bellevillians can."

This is not the first conquest won by Bay of Quinte hospitality, if such are the reasons for the officers' preference for Belleville. Had "busy Kingstonians" accorded the officers above mentioned ordinary civilities they would now have no reason for complaint.

At Harry's.

You will find good value in suspenders at Harry's. Mohair ends with underwear supporters attached in good web and a variety of colors, only 25c.

Honor Roll for March.

PINNACLE ST. SCHOOL.

Senior Third — Mary Hunter, Cecil Roberts, Willie Ayers and Bennie Backus (equal), Frank Smith.

Junior Third—Lena McConnell, Tommy Bland, Florence Harden.

Senior Second—Willie Haslett, Amelia Lazier, Arthur Cousins.

Junior Second—Eddie Foster, Aggie Clarke, Blanche Thompson.—A. McRae, teacher.

Senior Part II.—Clifford Clark, Richard Rushlow, Fred Duesbery.

Junior Part II.—Pauline Roblin, Harold McElrath, Mary Rushlow.

Senior Part I.—Julia Fitzpatrick, Fred Burke, John Ayres.—N. Meyers, teacher.

Spring Underwear.

Medium weight underwear suitable for spring $1.00 a suit at Harry's.

Reformed Episcopal Church.

Yesterday morning, Rev. Mr. Trotter's subject was, the Gospel Ideal of the Christian life, Heb. 12: 1, 2, Holy Communion, which was well attended. In the evening, he preached a graphic sermon on The Voyage of Life, from the words, 'So he bringeth unto the desired haven."

Ladies' Boots.

Our ladies' boots you will find very cheap. A very good boot for only 75c. per pair. For one dollar you can buy a neat dongola kid boot of No. 1 stock.—VERMILYEA & SON.

FATHER MURPHY DEAD.

Worry and Pneumonia Took Off the Man Who Gained Notoriety in the Gold Cure Business.

Montreal, April 4.—Father Murphy, the well-known promoter of the gold cure establishment, died at about a quarter past 8 this morning at his institute at Maisonneuve. The immediate cause of his death is given as pneumonia, but the attendants at the institute state that no doubt worry over his legal troubles had a great deal to do with hastening his end. He caught cold while in the Court House and took to his bed about nine days ago. He was conscious up till a late hour last night. None of his friends or relatives were near him when he died, but his brother, who is a priest at Scranton, Pa., is on his way here. The deceased came to Montreal about 6 years ago.

J. S., says: "I was in a dreadfully weak and nervous condition, unable to rest and utterly unfit for work, and Miller's Compound Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

PERSONAL.

Col. Jas. Brown is still seriously ill.

J. W. Dewson, Kingston, is at the Quinte

Mr. Wm. Reeves is able to be out again.

Mr. Sam Symons is laid up with a heavy cold.

D. Tisdale, Simcoe, is registered at the Quinte.

Mr. Hurley, M.P., returned to Ottawa to-day.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell left for Ottawa to-day noon.

Mr. H. Corby, M.P. returned to Ottawa last night.

Mr. Will Greatrix, of Toronto, is in the city on business.

G. H. Hensley, Deseronto, is registered at the Quinte.

Mrs. M. McDonald has returned from a visit to friends in Brockville.

Miss Butler is visiting Miss Florrie Murphy, Union st., Kingston.

Mr. E. Miles is growing gradually weaker and hopes of his recovery are slight.

Miss Emily Chandler, who has been visiting Mrs. Wilson, Napanee, returned home to-day.

Rev. Dr. McDiarmid, of Napanee, preached two able sermons in the Tabernacle yesterday.

Mr. Jas. Marshall, Station Road, has returned from Virginia, where he has been visiting his son.

Miss Ella Marshall entertained a large number of her young friends at her father's residence, Saturday night.

Sergt. Putnam, of F. Company, 15th formerly, left last night for Toronto, where he will take a three months course of instruction.

Dr. P. G. Goldsmith and bride arrived in the city on Saturday evening and are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Goldsmith, Campbell st. Mrs. P. G. Goldsmith will receive next week.

J. Moore and Wm. Moore, Plainfield; W. J. Taylor, Geo. F. Davis, P. B. Wallace, Thos. F. Fleming, Toronto; J. Wainwright, Peterborough; Alex. V. Wright, Duluth, are registered at the Anglo.

Sergeant P. Hamilton, of Kingston, claims to be the only man in the Province who fired in the feu-de-joie at the Queen's coronation in 1838. He also went through the Crimean war, and afterwards volunteered for service in India.

At Mrs. (Speaker) Edgar's reception on Saturday night the Misses Corby were in white with shoulder knots of crimson flowers. Mrs. Corby wore a handsome costume of black velvet and white satin, trimmed with jetted passementerie.

G. H. Hensley, Deseronto; J. Rutherford, Geo. W. Webster, Thos. Sutton, Montreal; Jno. S. Fielding, Hamilton; Ed. Egan, J. Johnston, W. G. Scott, W. H. Smith, W. S. Walker, W. E. Ramsay, E. W. Verney, F. F. Fleming, Jas. Callaghan, Toronto; W. J. Dewson, Kingston; D. Tisdale, Simcoe; D. E. K. Stewart, Madoc; Robt. Coughlin, London, are registered at the Quinte.

A Graduate of Toronto University says: "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years. Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure.

Police Notes.

Fifteen tramps crowded themselves into the police cells on Saturday night and it was not a good night for tramps either. Five more slept there last night.

A horse whip picked up on Front st. by Harry McKnight, awaits an owner at the police station.

Mrs. Rupert, Everett st. bought a bag of potatoes on the market on Saturday and paid for them. When the man delivered them he collected the price again. The woman is looking for that man.

DEATHS.

RATHBUN—In Belleville, on Sunday, April 4th, 1897, HERBERT B. RATHBUN, aged 35 years and 7 months.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Bridge street, on Tuesday, April 6th, at 2:30 p.m.

SULMAN—In Belleville, on Sunday, April 4th, 1897, EFFIE BELLE, beloved wife of Charles N. Sulman, in her 25th year.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, John street, Tuesday, April 6th, at 3 o'clock p.m. Service at the residence at 2:30.

Auction Sale!

ON TUESDAY, April 13th, the Household effects of MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, 186 Albert st., will be sold by auction. The effects consist of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Furniture, Book Cases, Tables and all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Carpets, Pictures, Books, Range, Plants, China, Crockery, Glassware, etc.

There will also be sold a Carriage Horse, two Phaetons, Dog Cart, Waggon, Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, Robes and other stable articles. 4-3dtf

Special Bargains

IN

....Kid Gloves

We have put on sale to-day 300 pairs of Ladies' Kid Gloves in Black and Colors, nearly all 4-dome fasteners, at 50c and 75c a pair. The regular value of these is $1.00 a pair.

ANOTHER LOT

Of 150 pairs Black 5-hook lacing Gloves, worth 90c a pair, for 50c; all sizes.

A FULL ASSORTMENT

Of all our regular lines of Kid Gloves in stock, the very best makes, in plain and fancy stitchings, every pair at $1.00 and up guaranteed.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Have You Ever Tried

PERRIN'S KID GLOVES?

If Not, Why Not?

THEY ARE THE BEST.

Prices $1 to $1.50. Every Pair Guaranteed.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

A Lady's Views About WALL PAPER.

We have a letter from a lady at a distance to whom we sent wall paper samples a few days ago.

She describes our paper as the best she has seen anywhere, and the prices are so much lower than prices quoted by other Wall Paper houses as to seem almost ridiculous.

One extract from her letter says: "I found the papers in Book 'V' very superior to other papers, at 60c. a roll, with which I compared them."

By consulting our Book V price list we find the prices range from 8c. to 15c. a roll.

The difference was so great we could scarcely credit it, but in three or four places in the letter our correspondent particularly emphasizes this point.

We know our goods are right and our prices are right as compared with other towns and cities.

We have an interesting collection of letters from every quarter in Canada, all telling us the same story of choice papers at low prices.

C. B. Scantlebury.

MERANGUE CAKE

Is the name of another new cake we are making. It looks very pretty; eats even better than it looks; is made of butter mixture; very light, and thereby making a small piece serve quite a number; half a pound will serve from 6 to 10 people. 20c per lb.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.

Phone 243. Goods delivered.
TERMS CASH.

HATS ... THAT .. WEAR

That's what WAKEFIELD'S HATS do—wear till you are tired of them. Did you ever wear a Wakefield Fedora? If not, then your next new Fedora should be a Wakefield, for several reasons: Because WAKEFIELD'S ENGLISH FEDORAS are the best wearing goods in the world for the money. Then again we guarantee every hat to keep its shape and color until worn out. And besides being good wearers they are the most fashionable hats in the market. Six different shapes and colors.

Sold by

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls

AND

DISINFECTANTS

AT—

R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S

PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

J. A. Vandervoort,
390 Front St.

New Hats

Up-to-Date Styles.

In New and Nobby Colors.

FROM LEADING MAKERS.

AT POPULAR PRICES.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Hatter and Men's Furnisher.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

Hood's Pills are the best after dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

Going East.	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

Going West.	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.

Going East.	(Arrive.)
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

YANKEE BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

The manner in which some of these companies are, and have been, managed is being brought to light through the means of an investigation now going on before a committee sitting in Boston.

It appears that the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association came into Canada some years ago, purchased the business of the Ontario Mutual and began operations, holding out to insurers the tempting bait of low life rates payable in monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit insurers and agents of the company. Its management of late has been of such a character as to induce the policy holders in Canada to appeal to the Finance Minister for protection. The said company having made the regular deposit under the Insurance Act with the Canadian Government, it is now sought to hold that deposit for sums which the policy holders allege have been improperly, if not illegally, exacted from them.

One gentleman has given us his experience with this Massachusetts Benefit Life Association. He says he took out a policy on the life of one of his family about thirteen years ago, the agreement being that he was to pay $1 on the death of each member, but in no case was the death rate payment to exceed $5.

The call began at the rate of $1, as per agreement, but was soon raised to $2, then to $3 and $5. So it continued increasing in amount until calls are now made every two months to the extent of $22.27 each, and an additional sum on each call for expenses. So that this insurer now finds himself in the position of having to pay $133.62 annually on his policy of $1,100 and an additional sum on each call for expenses, with the pleasing prospect of a rise each and every succeeding year. This Association is said to have at least 100,000 members, so that for expenses alone they mulct their members annually to the extent of about $222,000.

That, however, is not the worst feature in this company's transactions. There can be no doubt but that the whole scheme is to "freeze out" the older members of the Association, thereby lessening the death rate payments.

This brief history of the affairs and management of this Yankee concern would not be complete were we not to reproduce the evidence before the investigating committee of the Hon. W. A. Simmons, the first President of the organization. It is not only racy, but exposes a system of manipulation, to use no harsher term, not, we fear, uncommon in the management of this kind of organizations when guided by unscrupulous men.

The following, which we clip from the Boston Evening Record of the 10th March, '97, will give the reader a fair idea of how such Yankee Benefit Life Associations are managed :—

The affairs of the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association were ventilated at the State house this morning at the most sensational committee hearing that has been held on Beacon Hill this year, and considerable more information was brought out than has heretofore been made public.

Hon. W. A. Simmons, the first President of the organization, let out some of the secrets of the management, and presented a letter written him by Hon. H. B. Pierce in 1879 who prophesied that the 9 incorporators would be able to divide $270,000 among themselves.

The occasion was the hearing on the petition of Representative McCarthy for the termination of the work of the commission recently appointed to investigate the management of the Massachusetts Benefit and to order that commission to report as soon as possible to the Legislature.

Mr. McCarthy said that the state was practically overrun with commissions. The commission referred to had already demanded $3,500 for its five members as compensation for two months' work. It made no difference to him whether this money was coming out of the Association or the State. The principle was the same. No commissions were even before compensated before they had completed the work for which they were appointed.

Mr. Simmons, now of Chicago, formerly President of the Association, was introduced by Senator Bradford, of Hampden.

"I was at the helm," Mr. Simmons continued, "and Mr. Litchfield was the pilot. The latter presided when the original policies were called in and the organization was absorbed by an indefensible process." The speaker would not palliate his own course, but said that H. B. Pierce, G. S. Merrill, C. D. Haldeman and himself believed when they went in that the result was to be cheap insurance for many Grand Army men, they being themselves veterans. Instead of that, he resumed, by the creation of an expense fund the profits went into the pockets of Mr. Litchfield and his associates. He pointed out further how in the new policies the word "benefit" was inserted before the word "member," except in the case of the nine directors, who were "active members."

"Then," continued the speaker, "we smoked many a pipe together and congratulated ourselves that we were monarchs of all we surveyed. For 12 years I kept quiet because I believed good faith was being kept with my old Grand Army men."

SOME FACSIMILES.

Mr. Simmons, continuing his exposition, submitted fac-similes of the signatures of the "famous nine" and Dr. A. C. Pond and the agreement to maintain silence as to the compact. The survivors were to pay $2500 on the death of each and the last survivor was to hold the "pot."

The next disclosure called forth laughter and surprise. The speaker read the following letter which he said was written to him by H. B. Pierce on September 1, 1879 :—

My Dear Simmons: My prophetic eye sees the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association in 1890 composed of 100,000 policy holders paying an expense fee of $3 each. The actual expense would be $30,000, leaving $270,000 net. This divided by nine gives $30,000 to each. The President shall get $500 additional (not to be sneezed at).

Seriously, Simmons, I think the Association can be a magnificent success. Yours very truly,

H. B. Pierce.

The speaker said that neither himself nor Major Merrill was aware that any wrongful act had been done. He further stated that every director on the board of the association was there wrongfully and should be made to get out.

Criticising the board he said that the country and members have confidence in C. D. Wright and C. S. Hamlin. Rolker is the assistant manager, he said. Backall is the confidential agent of Litchfield, and E. S. Litchfield is his son. This meant that Litchfield had the board.

"FACETIOUSLY."

The speaker read various letters in which his name was coupled with that of W. H. Coolidge and together they were designated "dangerous parties."

"I do not know Mr. Coolidge," he added, "I have seen him four or five times up here. The only favor I have ever done him, I believe, was to turn his father out of the custom house."

Everybody laughed at this and the speaker assured the committee that he was merely speaking facetiously on this point. "Wendell Phillips used to say," he continued, "that he and I were champion letter writers."

With this quotation Mr. Simmons proceeded to read a letter written by himself to J. C. Rand Vice-President and Chicago manager of the company, remonstrating with the latter for threatening to show up his, Simmons', Boston career.

PLENTY OF EVIDENCE.

As far as the commission was concerned the speaker believed it should be compelled to submit its final report within 60 days. Fifteen hundred men lost their rights by the change in the policies, he said. Those rights should be restored. Mr. Litchfield got most of the returns in the years he was director, he said. The rest got $100 and an occasional cigar. The speaker said he earned what he got and he believed Maj. Merrill earned his.

"It was the policy of the company," he continued, "to make the changes and their effects as muddy as possible. That commission have evidence enough in their possession now to satisfy any court anywhere that these gentlemen have not and are not entitled to the confidence of policy holders anywhere in the world. Nothing but an entirely new management will save the Association. The meetings of the commission should have been open."

Mr. Simmons continued his testimony and answered questions of the committee. J. W. Smith said that in 1880 he was assessed $8 on $5000 insurance. Last year the assessment was over $50.

J. O. Wetherbee trusted that the committee would insist on a thorough explanation of the use of the funds. James Milligan testified concerning the increase in his assessments, which he deemed outrageous. Gen. Peach informed the committee that the commission, of which he is a member, would appear if wanted, and it was agreed to call them on Monday.

Moral—Have nothing to do with any such concerns.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now,

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

U. S. AID FOR INDIA.

Vessels Will be Chartered by the Government, But Anglophobes Had Their Fling in the Debate.

Washington, April 3.—A message was received from the Senate, transmitting the joint resolution, authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to transport in American vessels, which he shall charter, contributions of the people of the United States for the famine stricken in India. At the request of Mr. Grout (Rep., Vt.), it was taken from the Speaker's table for immediate consideration.

The matter of the cost of the proposed transportation came up, but it could not be answered, because no estimate had been received.

Mr. Cannon (Rep., Ills.), stated that he believed the cost would not exceed $50,000, but if it should run up to $70,000 he thought the House would pass the resolution.

Mr. McMillin (Dem., Tenn.), called attention to the spectacle that would be presented by the passage of the resolution. The United States contributing to the relief of the starving subjects of Great Britain in one part of the world, while she was bombarding suffering Christians in another part of the world. [Applause.] He asked that the resolution be allowed to go over until Wednesday.

Mr. Dockerey (Dem., Mo.), said that, without regard to the cost $15,000, $50,000 or $75,000, he proposed to vote for the resolution and hoped it would pass. [Applause.]

To this Mr. McMillin responded that if he could he would add to the resolution a section condemning the policy of Great Britain in the Grecian question.

Mr. Cannon deprecated the throwing of stones in connection with the performance of a gracious act of charity. "If it ever comes to a question of policy," he continued, "between the United States and Great Britain, in which the honor and safety of this country is involved, I will join the gentleman from Tennessee or anyone else in throwing stones, when it means something."

Mr. Grout set before the House the statements of the Viceroy of India, the necessity for prompt relief to the people of that country, saying that unless conditions there were changed, deaths would be numbered by the hundreds of thousands, if not millions.

The contributions in this behalf, he stated, were large, already, one ship load having been despatched on private account.

Mr. Simpson made a suggestion that Mr. McMillin was right. "We ought," he continued, "to accompany our charity with a statement of the evil which had brought these people to starvation." It was, he said, the effects of absentee landlordism, which had reduced the people of Ireland and other parts of the British Kingdom to their conditions.

Mr. Walker (Rep., Mass.): Wasn't Ireland a prosperous country until Great Britain abolished the protective tariff system?

Mr. Simpson: It was a prosperous country until British landlords began eating out its substance.

The joint resolution was passed.

BIG FIRE IN HAMILTON.

Bertram's Hardware Store and Stock Damaged to the Extent of $50,000.

Hamilton, April 4.—(From Our Staff Correspondent.)—The costliest fire that has occurred in Hamilton for about 15 years took place this morning. It started about 2 o'clock in Peter Bertram's hardware store, 65 King street east, and was practically confined to that building by the excellent work of the fire department. Cellars of adjoining stores were flooded, and it is roughly estimated that the total loss by fire and water is $50,000. It was 8 o'clock when the firemen returned to their stations.

The fire, it is thought, originated in the oil house in the rear of Bertram's four-storey store. It crept up the elevator shaft to the upper flats, and the building was in flames when the department arrived. Five hydrant streams of water were soon playing on the building, back and front, and two streams from the steam engine were used to keep the roofs of the adjoining buildings wet. There were four big explosions, but no person was hurt. When the fire reached the magazine there was a loud report, and in a few seconds thousands of cartridges went off. Bullets flew around the store, but, strange to say, no one was struck. There being so much inflammable material in the store the water had little effect, and the fire simply burned itself out. All that is left of the building are the walls. About 50 bicycles were destroyed. Mr. Bertram's stock was valued at about $22,000, and he had only $14,000 insurance. The building is owned by T. H. Platt and was insured for $7000. His loss is almost covered with insurance.

R. Wilson's shoe store, next door east, was completely flooded and the stock in his store and cellar is damaged to the extent of $5000. Hundreds of pairs of shoes in boxes floated in four feet of water in the cellar. The cellars of D. B. Pratt's shoe store and E. A. Powell's shoe store, on the east, were flooded, and about $700 damage done to goods.

The plate glass window of the Canada Glass House, Nos. 61 and 63, was broken, and the roof was burned in two places. The cellar was flooded and about $50 worth of goods damaged. The damage to the building, which is owned by the Stinson estate, amounts to about $300. The fire burned through the walls of this building, but two firemen, standing in four feet of water, kept it from spreading by playing a stream from the chemical engine on it ever and anon.

McKay Bros., drygoods dealers, Nos. 55 and 57, estimate their loss by water at $5000. Bales of cotton, rolls of carpets and other goods in the cellar were completely submerged. The cellar of Wood, Vallance & Co., hardware merchants, Nos. 51 and 53, was also flooded to the depth of three feet, and about $500 worth of goods damaged. Other merchants' cellars were flooded. At noon hand engines were secured to pump the water out of the cellars, but Chief Aitcheson learned that there was a large sewer in the cellar of the Wood-Vallance building. He set several firemen to work with iron bars to locate it. With much difficulty—they had to work in several feet of water—the men found the sewer, which was of iron pipe, and broke a hole in it. The water then began to run away, and by evening most of the water had soaked through the walls from the adjoining cellars.

Chief Aitcheson and his department deserve words of praise for the work done. There was a high wind blowing, and only their hard work saved the block of stores. The firemen had a difficult task to raise the ladders on account of the network of wires in front of the buildings. While cutting a live electric light wire, James Gallagher, an employe of the Electric Light Works, got his hands burned. He stepped on another live wire and got a severe shock.

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE

Cures cold in the head in ten minutes.
Cures incipient catarrh in from one to three days.
Cures chronic catarrh, hay fever and rose fever.
Complete, with blower free.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS
Price 25 Cents

THE SOUTHERN FLOODS.

Less Rain at St. Louis Than Was Anticipated—The Situation Shows Some Improvement.

Washington, April 4.—The following reports have been received to-day from the Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau officials in Chicago of the river districts:

St. Louis, Mo.—Less rain has fallen than has been anticipated and the rise will be slower. More water will come out of the Missouri River by Tuesday.

Cairo, Ill.—The river has risen 1-10 of a foot since Saturday morning. It is now on a stand ata 50.4.

Memphis—The flood situation shows no improvement, and in the vicinity of Helena it is hourly becoming more critical. Owing to heavy rains in this section, the river at Memphis shows a slight rise, but no marked change is expected at present.

Helena, Ark.—River 51.85 feet, rainfall 89-100 of an inch. Levee broke four miles below town and will flood the city. Damage in the country will be great, but in the city slight.

Vicksburg, Miss.—Crevasse reported at Flower Lake, Miss., six miles below Austin, Tunica County.

New Orleans—River rising, 17.8. This is within 1-10 of a foot of the highest water ever previously reported. Heavy rains have occurred in the past 24 hours in the water sheds of the Arkansas, Cumberland and Tennessee Rivers, and along the Mississippi, heavy rains or snows in the Upper Missouri and light rains in the Upper and Lower Mississippi and the Ohio Rivers.

The Mississippi has risen from St. Paul to the south, except a fall of 1-10 of a foot a Keokuk, St. Louis and Vicksburg. It is above the danger line at St. Paul and Lacrosse.

Flying to Higher Ground.

Sioux City, Ia., April 4.—Residents of the Floyd River bottoms here are again flying to higher ground. At Merrill, James and Hinton, points above here, the stream is out of its banks and flooding the valley. Here the bank is higher and a three-foot rise will be necessary before the floods of a fortnight ago can be repeated. The rise still progresses, however, at the rate of two or three inches an hour.

While repairing flood damage on the Milwaukee Road, John A. Bushnell, a brakesman, was drowned last night. He is the fourth victim in this locality.

"To tell the truth my mother has lived with one foot in the grave," writes Mrs. Eugene Stantzenberg, of No. 1604 Walker Ave., Houston, Texas, in a letter to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y.

"With a most thankful heart I will tell you about the wonderful cure effected in her case. She has been a perfect wreck for seven long years. No words can describe what she has suffered. She could not sleep on account of severe pains. She tried every doctor around here and spent hundreds of dollars without benefit. After hearing of your wonderful remedies I wrote to you. My mother has taken six bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and six of the 'Favorite Prescription,' and is now perfectly cured. Please receive the heartiest thanks and blessings from my father and seven children for saving the life of dear mother. May God bless you and your Institution, is the wish of your friend."

Tens of thousands of women have found complete and permanent relief from obstinate and seemingly incurable disease by using the wonderful remedies referred to above. The "Golden Medical Discovery" possesses the peculiar property of nourishing and vitalizing the blood with the life-giving red corpuscles which build up healthy flesh and muscular strength.

In the special weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organs, the "Favorite Prescription" is a perfect and positive specific. It is the only scientific medicine prepared for that purpose by an educated physician and specialist in that particular field of practice.

For weak and nervous women these two medicines taken conjointly constitute the most marvelously successful course of treatment known to the medical profession.

For nearly 30 years Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician to the Invalids Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., at the head of a splendid staff of associate specialists, graduates from the leading medical universities of America and Europe.

MR. DOBELL'S MISSION

Is to Make Arrangements Concerning the Fast Line.

Parliament Has Been in Session Ten Days and No Business Has Been Done—Government Will Have to Get a Move On if Mr. Laurier Goes Over to the Jubilee Celebration—Hon. David Mills Talks on the Dingley Tariff—Close Season for Pickerel and Bass—Ottawa General News.

Ottawa, April 4.—(Special.)—It now transpires that the object of Mr. Dobell's mission to England is to see the Colonial Secretary with the object of reaching a definite understanding with the Home Government respecting the Imperial contribution to the fast line, and a modification of certain of the conditions. It has all along been understood that the Imperial Government would contribute one-third of the subsidy, so that, if the deal with the Allans last year had gone through, the British contribution would have been £75,000 and Canada's £150,000. Report has it that Peterson, Tait & Co. are willing to undertake the service for a less figure, but make certain stipulations, which the Dominion Government will assent to if the consent of the home authorities can also be procured. A high authority informs me that it is as good as settled that Peterson & Co. will get the contract.

Parliament has been in session now for 10 days, with practically nothing accomplished. Even the committees are not yet organized. Within two months at the very outside, if Mr. Laurier is to represent Canada at the Queen's Jubilee, he must be on his way to England. In Conservative circles it is felt that the somewhat uncompromising spirit which the Liberals are manifesting regarding public business is not calculated to facilitate Mr. Laurier's geting away. Nearly all the Ministers are desirous that the Premier should go to England, and yet they want his guiding hand to complete the work of the session. They do not want to take any chances of an emeute such as occurred in the Conservative ranks over the French treaty after Sir John Thompson had left for England in 1893. Ministers have been talking of an adjournment for one month, from about June 3 or 4 until about July 8. A proposition of this kind on the part of the Government would not be very acceptable to members on either side. The British Columbia men would not feel disposed to travel to their homes during the hot weather and back again to Ottawa with such a short interval, and the objection would be all the greater on the part of every Senator or member when they would learn they would not receive any indemnity or mileage for the inconvenience to which they would be put. It is held that the wisest course the Government could pursue would be to drop the franchise bill after the second reading, and let it remain over until next session. As Sir Charles Tupper pointed out in the House on the opening day of the debate on the address, there is no immediate necessity for this bill, and the Liberal principles would not suffer if it were held over for another year.

Senator David Mills is well known throughout Canada as one of the ablest men in the ranks of the Liberal party. He reads the signs of the times in the United States, and has come to the conclusion that, in view of the adoption of the Dingley tariff by Congress, the chances are altogether against the successful negotiation of a treaty of reciprocity with that country. On being asked what he thought the Parliament of Canada should do in the event of a reciprocity treaty not being possible, he replied: "I notice that the Dingley bill now before Congress proposes many radical changes in the United States tariff, and that a great number of these changes are directly pointer against the trade of this country. In taking this course the United States legislators do not profess to be actuated by any ill-will towards us, but assert that they have wholly their own interests in view. Now, we may do the same thing. Let us carefully examine the proposed tariff; let us notice the special articles that Congress is legislating to exclude, and let us alter our tariff in respect to all these articles in such a way that Canada may become the field in which the purchases by individual consumers of the United States would be made. In my opinion, a very moderate Canadian duty on cutlery, West of England broadcloths, silks, gloves and a number of other articles, would give our Government a much larger revenue from these sources than they would derive from a very high tariff, because the wealthy classes of the Republic would purchase their goods in all our border towns and cities. During the American Civil War there was a very large trade in goods of these kinds in all our border towns and cities, and under the Dingley tariff precisely the same traffic would be again undertaken. I have no doubt whatever that the Canadian revenue would be much increased by this means."

Mr. Mills also believes that such action upon Canada's part would mean a good deal of smuggling of the low-priced goods from Canada into the United States. Considerable dissatisfaction would in consequence arise from prosecutions, and in that way public sentiment in the States would be influenced against [illegible] proposed tariff.

An order-in-cou[illegible] has been passed providing that th[illegible] season for pickerel in the w[illegible] of Lake Erie, Detroit River, La[illegible] Clair and River St. Clair, ex[illegible] from Point Pelee, Essex, to P[illegible]dward, shall be from May 1 to May 15, and that the close season for bass in the waters of Lake Erie immediately surrounding Pelee Island shall be from May 15 to June 15, both days inclusive in each case.

Hon. R. W. Scott, Secretary of State has informed a committee of the Printing Bureau staff that the proposal to organize a permanent staff at the Bureau cannot be entertained, at any rate for the present.

Firebugs are at work in Ottawa. An attempt was made to burn the Ottawa Car Works yesterday.

The annual meeting of the Parliamentary Press gallery was held yesterday. George Simpson of The Globe was elected president, Alfred Oliver of La Minerve, vice-president; Gerald H. Brown, Ottawa Free Press, secretary.

Major J. J. Mason of Hamilton is in town.

Hon. Sydney Fisher has arranged to send an exhibit of the products of British Columbia to the Stockholm Exhibition.

Dr. Seward Webb, President of the Wagner Palace Car Company, was in the city yesterday, and called upon the Premier.

The return of Messrs. Champagne and Guite was gazetted yesterday.

Knows What He Wants.

"Well, Johnny, I suppose you want to be an Indian fighter when you grow up?"

"Naw."

"Want to be a bold buccaneer, eh."

"Naw."

"A highwayman?"

"Naw."

"Pirate?"

"Naw."

"Well, what is your ambition?"

"Wanter be a trust."

"A trust? Why?"

"'Cause pa says there ain't nothin' worse 'n a trust."—New York Truth.

A Novel Spring Costume.

A novel costume for spring is made of dark blue and white shepherd's plaid with a wide plait, both back and front, on the bodice, narrowing toward the belt, and a plain skirt with a wide plait in front, spreading out wider at the foot and fastened down just below the waist with fancy buttons. Buttons also decorate the front plait on the bodice above the bust, and blue silk forms the collar and belt.

ABOUT....
....CLOTHING!

In Buying Your Clothing.....

there are a great many points to be taken into consideration. There is a big difference between a good tailor and a poor tailor, and there is a big difference between good ready-made clothing and poor ready-made clothing. One thing about our spring suits and overcoats, they are good. This word good means a big lot to the purchaser. We sell you an all wool suit for a man of any size, at $5, and it is good. There are lots of suits sold for this same money that are not good. See the difference? Then again if you are wanting a good article, suppose you think of paying the tailor $20, just come and see our $10 and $12 ones. If our suits at these prices this spring are not equal to the finest ordered work we will not expect you to buy. Our spring overcoats are taking the lead as usual; we have all prices from $5 up, but probably those at $10 are the favorites.

We are prepared to save you good big money in your spring clothing.

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten
Season

Fresh
Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.

Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.

Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones--130 and 157.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind and Door Factory.

In the Matter of the Estate of Harris & Walton, of the City of Belleville, Insolvents.

Tenders addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows :

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,685 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,208 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to

WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

There is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. Tuomey proprietor. dtf

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McIntee.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her.—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietus to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

Nearly all infants are subject more or less to diarrhœa and such complaints while teething, and at this period of their lives is the most critical, mothers should not be without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. This medicine is a specific for such complaints and is highly spoken of by those who have used it. The proprietors claim it will cure any case of cholera or summer complaint.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Roo Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

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Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. Lapointe, Elizabethtown, Ont.

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IT STRIKES HOME!

Chase's Ointment Cures All Skin Irritations.

GRACIE AITON.

Of the many skin diseases, eczema is one of the worst and most common. The one effective remedy so far discovered for it is Dr. Chase's Ointment. It has never been known to fail. Mr. Andrew Aiton, of Hartland, N.B., says: "My little daughter, Grace Ella, aged three and a half, was a dreadful sufferer from eczema for three years. We tried a number of alleged cures and several doctors, but all without effect. Her's was indeed a bad case. Her little body was entirely covered with rash. One day our local druggist, Mr. Wm. E. Thistle, recommended me to try Dr. Chase's Ointment. I did so, and four boxes effected a complete cure and saved our child."

Dr Chase's Ointment is just as effective for piles, salt rheum and sores of all descriptions. For sale by all dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto; price 60 cents.

There is nothing to equal Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for severe colds and lung troubles. Large bottle 25 cents.

NO DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION

necessary to enable you to buy a cake of

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Be sure and get the genuine—wherever you can—and you will have the best soap made.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

A Turkey Apiece.

(Continued.)

It was carried to Sergeant Cunningham's cabin, the nearest to the parade ground, the most distant from that of "the kids," in which Charley lay waiting. We crowded around the hut with some sinking of enthusiasm. There was no cover on the box except a bit of cotton in which some of the consignment had probably been wrapped. Brownie whisked this off, and those nearest Cunningham's door saw disclosed—two small turkeys, a chicken, four rather disorganized pies, two handsome bologna sausages, and six very red apples.

We were nearly seventy men. The comical side of the case struck the boys instantly. Their disappointment was so extreme as to be absurd. There might be two ounces of feast to each, if the whole were equally shared.

All hands laughed; not a man swore. The idea of an equal distribution seemed to have no place in that company. One proposed that all should toss up for the lot. Another suggested drawing lots; a third that we should set the Thanksgiving dinner at one end of the parade ground and a race for it, "grab who can."

At this Barney Donahoe spoke up.

"Begorra, yez can race for wan turkey av yez loike. But the other wan is goin' to Char-les Wilson!"

There was not a dissenting voice. Charley was altogether the most popular member of Company I, and every man knew how he had clung to the turkey apiece idea.

"Never let on a word," said Sargeant Cunningham. "He'll think there's a turkey for every man!"

The biggest bird, the least demoralized pie, a bologna sausage, and the whole six apples were placed in the cloth that had covered the box. I was told to carry the display to my poor "buddy."

As I marched down the row of tents a tremendous yelling arose from the crowd round Cunningham's tent. I turned to look behind. Some man with a riotous impulse had seized the box and flung its contents in the air over the thickest of the crowd. Next moment the turkey was seized by half a dozen hands. As many more helped to tear it to pieces. Barney Donahoe ran past me with a leg, and two laughing men after him. Those who secured larger portions took a bite as quickly as possible, and yielded the rest to clutching hands. The bologna sausage was shared in like fashion, but I never heard of any one who got a taste of the pies.

"Here's your turkey, Charley," said I entering with my burden.

"Where's yours, Ned?"

"I've got my turkey all right enough at Cunningham's tent."

"Did n't I tell you there'd be a turkey apiece?" he cried gleefully, as I unrolled the lot. "And sausages, apples, a whole pie—oh, say, ain't they bully folks up home!"

"They are," said I. "I believe we'd have had a bigger Thanksgiving yet if it wasn't such a trouble getting it distributed."

"You'd better believe it! There'd do anything in the world for the army," he said, lying back.

"Can't you eat a pie, buddy?"

"No; I'm not a mite hungry. But I'll look at it. It won't spoil before to-morrow. Then you can share it all out among the boys."

Looking at the turkey, the sick lad fell asleep. Barney Donahoe softly opened our door, stooped his head under the lintel, and gazed a few moments at the quiet face turned to the Thanksgiving turkey. Man after man followed to gaze on the company's favorite, and on the fowl which, they knew, tangibly symbolized to him the immense love of the nation for the flower of its manhood in the field. Indeed, the people had forwarded an enormous Thanksgiving feast; but it was impossible to distribute it evenly, and we were one of the regiments that came short.

Grotesque that scene was! Group after group, of hungry, dirty soldiers, gazing solemnly, lovingly, at a lone brown turkey and a pallid sleeping boy! Yes, very grotesque. But Charley had his Thanksgiving dinner, and the men of Company I, perhaps enjoyed a profounder satisfaction than if they had feasted more materially.

I never saw Charley after that Thanksgiving day. Before the afternoon was half gone the doctor sent an ambulance for him, and insisted that he should go to City Point. By Christmas his wasted body had lain for three weeks in the red Virginia soil.

THE END

GRANDPA'S WOLF STORY

Tell us a story, grandpapa."

"One that will last all the evening, chickens?"

"Yes, grandpapa, darling," said Jenny, while Jimmy clapped hands.

"What about?" said the old lumber king.

"About when you were a boy."

"When I was a boy," said the old gentleman, taking Jenny on his knee and putting his arm round Jimmy, "the boys and girls were as fond of stories as they are now. Once when I was a boy I said to my grandfather, 'Tell me a story, grandpa,' and he replied, 'When I was a boy the boys were as fond of stories as as they are now; for once when I was a boy I said to my grandfather, "Tell me a story, grandpa,—"'"

"Why, it seems to go on just the same story, grandpapa," said Jenny.

"That's not the end of it Jenny, dear," said grandpapa.

"No-o?" said Jenny, dubiously.

Jimmy said nothing. He lived with his grandfather and knew his ways. Jenny came on visits only, and was not well enough acquainted with the old gentleman to know that he would soon tire of the old joke, and reward patient children by a good story.

"Shall I go on with the story, Jenny?" said grandpapa.

"Oh, yes, grandpapa!"

"Well, then, when that grandpa was a boy, he said to his grandfather, 'Tell me a story, grandpapa,' and his grandfather replied—"

Jenny soon listened with a demure smile of attention.

"Do you like this story, dear?" said grandpapa, after pursuing the repetition for some minutes longer.

"I shall, grandpapa, darling. It must be very good when you come to your grandfather that told it. I like to think of all my grandfathers, and great, great, great, greater, greatest, great, great-grandpapas all telling the same story."

"Yes, it's a genuine family story, Jenny, and you're a little witch." The old gentleman kissed her. "Well, where was I? Oh, now I remember! And that grandpapa said to his grandfather, 'Tell me a story, grandpapa,' and his grandpapa replied, 'When I was a young fellow—'"

"Now it's beginning!" cried Jimmy, clapping his hands, and shifting to an easier attitude by the old man's easy-chair.

Grandpapa looked comically at Jimmy, and said, "His grandfather replied, 'When I was a young fellow—'"

(To be continued.

WAR CLOUD GROWING

Mr. Curzon, Foreign Secretary, Addresses His Constituents.

He Is Hopeful, However, That Prudent Statesmanship May Dispel the Cloud —Britain's Objects Are the Welfare of Crete and the Avoidance of War—Mr. Gladstone's Impracticable Scheme—Only a Knave Would Make the Suggestion That Britain Is Acting for the Turk—Vote of Confidence in the Government—Latest News.

London, April 4.—George T. Curzon, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, addressed his constituents at Southport yesterday. He made an extended reference to the arbitration treaty, with which, he said, the name of the Marquis of Salisbury would be perpetually linked in history. If the motives and tactics, which were alien to the spirit of the proposals they apparently intended to wreck, succeeded in strangling that agreement in its cradle, they would not succeed in depriving its authors, either on this side or the other side of the Atlantic, of the credit of its parentage, and a later date would surely come when their treaty, if not completed now, would take its place as a part of the code of the Anglo-Saxon brotherhood, and perhaps a part of the international law of the world. The law givers who originated it would ever afterward be held in honored remembrance.

Speaking of the eastern question, Secretary Curzon said that a war cloud was daily growing on the horizon, but he was hopeful that prudent statesmanship and the unselfish aims of the powers might yet dispel the cloud before it breaks into a cyclone of universal destruction. He presumed that the British people had two objects in view, the welfare of Crete and the avoidance of European war. The speaker excepted the Radicals, who, he said, held, without regard for facts, that whatever Greece did was right.

Secretary Curzon then referred to the integrity of the Ottoman Empire, and said that part of the international law which had heretofore been modified by the powers would be modified again, but that the distribution of the empire as it gradually breaks up must be undertaken by Europe and not left to individual powers to grab what they thought was their share of the spoils. The only effect, he said, of Lord Kimberley's or Sir William Harcourt's proposals to tear up the treaties and repudiate the obligations of Great Britain would be to alienate our allies and leave vacant a place in the concert of Europe, which was a league of peace. At the present moment nothing could be worse for Crete and nothing so unfortunate for Greece as that the ancient liberties of the former should be imperilled, or that the financial difficulties of the latter should be aggravated by a strain which annexation would impose. A constitution for Crete would be ready soon, and peace would be restored. More important points than the forming of a constitution were the creation of a supreme governing authority and the pacification of the island. The new Governor should be a Christian, nominated by the powers.

In this connection the speaker said that he could not imagine a more impracticable suggestion than Mr. Gladstone's that the Cretans be allowed to select their own Governor. The withdrawal of the Turkish troops was a logical sequence after the withdrawal of Crete from the authority of the Sultan. England was taking all the steps possible to get rid of the Turkish troops on the island, but the responsibility for their remaining rests with the insurgents and the Greek troops who were encouraging them. Only a knave would make the suggestion that we are acting for the Turks in this matter, and only an idiot would believe, if Greece declared war, as we read with shame, she would do it in order to spite herself on the powers. She could not act from a pettier or meaner motive or commit a greater crime. Our duty lies with the concert of the powers, because it is in the cause of peace. It is a cabinet of nations, marking the greatest advances of international law and international ethics which the century has seen.

At the conclusion of Mr. Curzon's remarks he received an ovation, and a vote of confidence in the Government was taken and unanimously carried.

BOTH AGAINST BRITAIN.

Germany and Russia Agreed—The Latter to Make for Constantinople.

New York, April 4.—James Creelman cables from Berlin to The Journal:

Germany has now reached a full understanding with Russia, and the Czar is the leader in the policy of coercing the Greeks. I am informed by very high authority that if the powers find it impossible to preserve the status quo Germany will not object to a Russian advance on Constantinople. Bismarck has told friends that he was willing to let the Russians take Constantinople in 1876, but the Iron Chancellor was afterwards Russia's most determined opponent.

It is all changed now. Germany recognizes England as her chief rival in commerce, and is resolved to make war on her everywhere, hence the sudden friendship which has sprung up between the Czar and Kaiser. English pretensions in Africa have alarmed Germany, and the whole adjustment of European power is rapidly changing. No details of the new Russo-German alliance further than those cabled recently are obtainable.

Having forced the powers to blockade Crete, the German Emperor has decided to temporarily retire from the leadership of the present international diplomacy and let the great struggle for supremacy between England and Russia go on. Germany has eagerly urged Austria to occupy Sand Jak at once under the terms of the Berlin treaty, so that if the Greeks declare war on Turkey the Austrian army can march across the heart of Macedonia, seize Salonica, and so control the situation, but the Emperor of Austria bluntly refused to act. Austria is already so overloaded with inharmonious population that she does not dare to add new elements to her confused domestic politics. This refusal has completely upset Emperor William's plans for enforcing peace in Central Europe.

SHAMEFULLY AMBUSHED.

Bashi-Bazouks Went Out From Canea and Attacked Fleeing Families

Canea, April 3.—The insurgents in the hills about the town of Akrotiri, on the peninsula of that name, recently asked the foreign admirals for permission to leave their positions, as they desired to leave the peninsula. The authorization was granted, and the insurgents with their families descended from the hills, driving their cattle before them, and not suspecting any danger. They had scarcely reached the lower ground, when 2000 Bashi-Bazouks suddenly fired upon them at a range of only 220 yards. The Bashi-Bazouks had emerged from Canea last evening and made their way to the insurgent position, having apparently received information that they were about to evacuate the peninsula.

The Turkish force consisted mainly of refugees who had been brought to Canea from Selino by Sir Alfred Biliotti, the British Consul here. After their arrival in Canea they had been armed by the Governor, in defiance of the promises that had been made to the admirals. Their arms had been taken from them when they were compelled to evacuate, but they experienced not the slightest difficulty in procuring other weapons by direction of the Governor.

The insurgents were armed, and they soon recovered from the surprise occasioned by the sudden attack of the Bashi-Bazouks. They then returned the fire, whereupon the latter returned to Canea. As they approached the town they quietly deposited their arms and ammunition in places where they would not be seen by the foreigners here. Part of the weapons were placed in ditches in the outskirts, while the remainder were deposited in the Medjes barracks.

The international forces ashore did not take any measures to prevent the collision, and the warships in Suda Bay did not fire a shot to check the Bashi-Bazouks.

The Mussulmans lost heavily in the engagements. Fifty dead and wounded were brought to Canea. Some of the Moslems, presumably refugees, attempted to bring their arms into the town, but they were stopped at the gates or fortified lines by Italian sailors and disarmed by the officers of the gendarmerie. The Mussulmans are very much incensed by this action, and are assembling in great numbers at Spiazza. It is stated this evening that British sailors were landed on the peninsula ostensibly to restrain the Bashi-Bazouks, but only when it was too late to do anything.

Foreign Admirals to Blame.

London, April 3.—Several of the correspondents of London newspapers, telegraphing from Canea, represent that the foreign admirals were seriously blameable for the fighting that occurred to-day between insurgents and Turkish irregular forces on the peninsula of Akrotiri. They state that Admiral Canevaro, the Italian officer who is in command of the combined fleets of the powers, had given his assent to the request of the insurgents that they be allowed to leave the peninsula and pass through Canea to the interior of the island. They evidently trusted that Admiral Canevaro would give them safe conduct, but it seems that no measures were taken to protect them.

When the admirals learned that the Bashi-Bazouks were barring the way of the Christians, they ordered that detachments of sailors and marines be sent to disarm them and compel them to return to Canea, but it was then too late for the detachments to carry out their orders. It does not appear why the foreign warships did not seize the Bashi-Bazouks.

GLADSTONE TO ZEIMIS.

The G. O. M. Says Discretion and Firmness Will Win the Day.

Athens, April 4.—M. Zeimis, President of the Boule, the single Greek legislative body, recently sent to Mr. Gladstone a message of gratitude for the stand he has taken in behalf of Greece and the Cretan Christians. In this message M. Zeimis said: "All your glorious life has been full of combats for justice and liberty. Now that the ellenic nation has risen to fight in favor of Crete, which is bedewed with blood, you come to uphold anew the rights of an oppressed race."

Mr. Gladstone's reply to this message was made public here to-day. He says: "My tract was not written to confer a favor on Greece, but to discharge a solemn duty, contributing to redeem my country from any risk of dishonor which would have been incurred by placing ourselves in antagonism to the high interests of justice and freedom. My opinion is that if the Greeks continue discreet and the Cretans firm their reasonable self-assertion will carry the day and the powers, if they should be so unwise as to take a hostile part, be both discredited and efeated."

Ominous Threat of Russia.

St. Petersburg, April 4.—The semi-official Journal de St. Petersburg says that the aggressive, provocative attitude that Greece continues to maintain with such deplorable obstinacy, forces the powers, much against their wish, to have recourse to a blockade of the Gulf of Athens. The paper denounces the retention of Col. Vassos in Crete, and says it refuses to believe it possible that Greece will indulge in such an extraordinary act of folly as a declaration of war would be.

Continuing, The Journal says: "In the event of such a thing happening, Greece undoubtedly would be the aggressor. She would also be answerable for and would certainly have to endure the most serious consequences. She could count on nobody's support."

THE PORTE NOTIFIES GREECE.

King George Told to Get His Troops Out of Crete.

Constantinople, April 4.—The Porte has prepared a note to Greece, demanding the withdrawal of the Greek troops in Crete. The note declares that in the event of the demand being refused the Porte will hold Greece answerable. It is stated that the note has already been presented to the Government at Athens.

It is reported here that disorders have occured at Kurji, in the Villayet of Bitlis. It is stated that several Armenians were killed, but no further details are given.

The ambassadors have called the attention of the Porte to the fears that are entertained that there will be a massacre of Armenians at Hadjin, in Anatolia, which place escaped the fury of the Turks and Kurds during the previous massacres.

Will Hold a Demonstration.

Athens, April 4.—The guilds and other public bodies here and at the Piraeus have arranged to hold a big demonstration on Tuesday next, the Greek independence day. They have offered to turn over to the Government all their funds, amounting to nearly 1,000,000 drachmas. They have invited the other towns of Greece to make a similar display of patriotism and to give all the financial aid possible to the authorities in order to enable the latter to continue their preparations to maintain the rights of Greece.

FOUGHT WITH ROBBERS.

A Railroad Man Attacked by Footpads in Rochester and Badly Beaten.

Rochester, April 3.—John McNeill of Portland, President of the Oregon Railway and Steamship Company, was taken to St. Mary's Hospital to-night, suffering from severe injuries sustained in a fight with robbers. McNeill was in a saloon when he was set upon by several men, one of whom struck him in the head and hand with an ax, rendering him unconscious. His valise, containing money and valuable papers, was stolen. He is in a dazed condition, and is unable to state where he was when assaulted.

DURRANT'S FIGHT FOR LIFE.

The Last Resort Fails as Far as the State of California is Concerned.

San Francisco, April 3.—The application of Theodore Durrant for a rehearing of his application for a new trial, previously denied, was refused by the Supreme Court of the State, settling the murderer's fate so far as the courts are concerned. The intervention of the Federal Courts will now be asked, and, failing in that, the clemency of the Governor will be invoked.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices are unchanged. Straight rollers nominal at $3.60 to $3.65.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market continues quiet and prices are inclined to be weaker. Red winter is quoted at 72c west, and white at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 82c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 79c to 80c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices unchanged at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c to 31c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 20c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with prices generally unchanged. Sales of white at 19c west, and of mixed at 17½c to 18c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38c to 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with offerings at 27c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is dull, car lots being quoted at 32c to 33c, outside.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 3.—Spring wheat, 6s 7d to 6s 8d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 1d to 6s 2½d; corn, 2s 7¼d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 6d; do., light, 26s 6d; do., short cut, 25s

Best for Wash Day makes clothes sweet, clean, white, with the least labor.

USE SURPRISE SOAP

Its remarkable lasting and cleansing properties make SURPRISE most economical and Best for Every Day

WELCOME AT OTTAWA

To the Representative of His Holiness the Pope.

The Premier and Other Members of the Cabinet, as Well as Members of the House, Took Part in the Welcome—The Address Presented Promised Loyal Obedience to Whatever His Holiness Should Order—All the Archbishops Summoned to Meet in Montreal Next Thursday.

Ottawa, April 4.—(Special.)—According to arrangement, Mgr. Mery Del Val, the papal delegate, arrived here last evening and was welcomed by Archbishop Duhamel and the local clergy. The papal representative spent to-day quietly at his quarters in Water-street Hospital, and to-night was accorded a formal welcome by the Catholics of Ottawa. The event took place in the Basilica. There were thousands inside the church and thousands unable to get in. Among the notables present were the Premier, Messrs. Tarte, Scott, Fitzpatrick, Costigan, Landerkin and McMullen.

An address of welcome in Latin to His Excellency was read by the Archbishop, the one in French by Mr. Taillon, President of Institut Canadien, and one in English by Mayor Bingham, who was attired in his robes of office, and wore his gold chain. The English address, among other things, said: "We welcome you for your noble Spanish blood, with a dash of Irish in it, which renders your Excellency all the dearer to many Canadian children of St. Patrick." The address assured Mgr. Del Val of the loyal acceptance by the Canadian Catholics of any decision which might be given by His Holiness.

The delegate in his reply said he was glad to know that, while the Roman Catholics of Canada differed as to their language, they were one in faith and united in their loyal submission to the decrees of the Holy Father. He combatted the idea prevalent in some quarters that the Catholics were not loyal to their earthly sovereign. No one joined more heartily than the Pope in congratulating the Queen on her Diamond Jubilee.

The proceedings closed about 9 o'clock.

After the congregation had dispersed a flash-light photo was taken of the sanctuary with the ablegate in the centre, Archbishop Duhamel on one side and Archbishop Langevin on the other and surrounded by the local clergy.

Messrs. Laurier and Scott made a formal call on the ablegate this afternoon.

All the Archbishops Summoned.

Montreal, April 4.—Mgr. Mery Del Val is losing no time in getting to work. He has called a meeting of the Roman Catholic Archbishops of the Dominion, to be held in the Archbishops' Palace at Montreal at 10 o'clock next Thursday. Invitations or notifications of this meeting were sent out last night by Father Archambault, Chancellor of the Arch-Diocese of Montreal, to these prelates: Archbishop O'Brien, Halifax; Archbishop Cleary, Kingston; Archbishop Walsh, Toronto; Archbishop Duhamel, Ottawa, and Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface, who is down here. Thursday's conference will be presided over by Mgr. Del Val.

THE LATE CZAR'S BONDS.

He Had $850,000 Deposited in the Bank of England and Wires Were Pulled to Avoid the Death Duties.

New York, April 4.—Mr. Ballard Smith cables from London to The World:

When the present Czar's father died he left bonds valued at £170,000 ($850,000), deposited in the Bank of England, which, in the ordinary course, should have paid about £10,000 ($50,000) death duty to the British Treasury, but the Russian Minister applied officially to Lord Rosebery, then the Foreign Secretary, for exemption from duty to the Czar's personalty in this country. Sir William Harcourt, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, assented, after the matter had been discussed by the Cabinet, although he personally was averse to making this exception. The Cabinet really was induced to take that course by Lord Rosebery, on the representation that a refusal might jeopardise the initiation of better relations between the two nations.

Though this arrangement was effected two years ago, it was only discovered accidentally this week by Mr. Gibson Bowles, in the discharge of his duty as a member of the Public Accounts Committee of the House of Commons. Further investigations established the fact that the exemption made for the Russian Emperor is a new precedent, for when, on the death of the last King of Portugal, his Government applied for a similar concession on his English personalty, it was refused.

The Czar's case will be discussed in Parliament on motion of Mr. Labouchere, whose hostility to the exemption is not modified by the circumstance that it was made at the instigation of his bete noir, Lord Rosebery.

Mothers

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter:

"It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not live over three months. She had a bad

Cough

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." MRS. ADDIE PECK, 12 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y.

"I will say that my mother has not stated my case in as strong words as I would have done. Hood's Sarsaparilla has truly cured me and I am now well." CORA PECK, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

THE INTELLIGENCER BINDERY

Makes a Specialty of

Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books,

And all Descriptions of

Blank Account Books.

MAGAZINES - - - - -
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NAPOLEON SERIAL NUMBERS NEATLY BOUND

MAP MOUNTING AND VARNISHING.

☞Estimates cheerfully furnished for every class of work

Address— INTELLIGENCER, Belleville.

A HEALTHFUL DRINK MADDEN'S CEREAL

Our Special Agent will spend two weeks in Belleville and endeavor to show the great advantages of using

MADDEN CEREAL FOOD COFFEE.

MORTGAGE SALE

UNDER and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, default having been made in the payment thereof, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the City Hall in the City of Belleville on Wednesday, the 21st day of April 1897 at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, that valuable residence premises in the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario being composed of Lot number Nine (9) on the North side of Moira street as laid down on the plan of Bleecker's Grove registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1848.

This property is very conveniently situated to the business part of the city, and upon the same is a good brick house and a good barn, and there is a nice garden lot in connection therewith fronting upon Moira street upon which another house could be built if desired.

TERMS OF SALE.

10 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, a further sum of 25 per cent of said purchase money within 30 days thereafter. The balance of said purchase money can either be paid in cash or a mortgage may be given therefor at six per cent interest payable as provided by the conditions of sale of said land, interest to be payable at said rate upon all unpaid purchase money from the day of sale.

For further particulars apply to Francis S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville.

FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Dated this 20th March, 1897. 2tawtd.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS. MONTREAL.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Odoroma IMPART

Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.

O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists

THE Perfect Tooth Powder

Dont Play . .

With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don't risk that by another kind—like new-fangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P. HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

MRS. TUGNETT

HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Easter Rates.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

Teachers and Students

(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)

Single First Class Fare and One-Third.

Good going March 27th to April 17th, inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97

General Public . . .

Single First Class Fare

Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive. Return until April 20th, '97.

To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East.

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent, Belleville.

"D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gives almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. MOORE, M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

New Millinery,
New Veilings,
New Blouses,
New Corsets,
New Laces,
—AT—
A. BRIGNALL'S

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Cramps, Colic, Colds. Croup, Coughs, Toothache.

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer (PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

R. W. ADAMS

REPRESENTS the following good companies: Insurance Company of North America; Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.; Office with Northrup & Roberts, barristers, 12 Bridge st.

THE INTELLIGENCER

Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

THE INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued, as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

COOK WANTED—For the tug Beaver. For particulars apply at 214 Church st. or to box 74, City. 4-3d3tp

MAN to set out 70,000 hop poles. Apply to F. SHOEBRIDGE, Foreman Corby's farm. 3-30d5tw1t

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

FIRST-CLASS Dining Room Girl wanted. Apply to D. COYLE, Anglo-American. 3-31d6tp

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

DO you want to make money? Why not try our system of speculation? It is within reach of all. Increase your income. Write for circular letter. Palmer & Co., 38 Wall Street, New York. M17w&s4t

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

LOST

ON Thursday night, between Post office and South John st., a pair gold filled Spectacles in leather case. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to Geen's drug store. 1tp

HOUSES TO LET.

DWELLING in Bellevue Terrace; possession given 1st of May. Apply to MRS. GRAHAM, Bellevue Terrace. deod1m.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office. Apply to Institute by telephone between 12 and 1.30 p.m., and at residence of Mrs. Terrill, 14 Octavia st., after 3.30 p.m. 4-3d6tp

HOUSES FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 15th April, 1897, for the premises at present occupied by Geo. Moxam, being part Lot 17 on West side of Pinnacle st., Belleville. Cash payment. W. JEFFERS DIAMOND, Solicitor for Administrator. 3-30d6t

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. f76deodtf

HOTEL TO RENT.

O'BRIEN HOUSE — Three-storey brick Hotel in the City of Belleville; thirty rooms; sheds and stable; doing a good farmer and general trade; splendid opening; immediate possession. Apply to C. D. MACAULEY, Barrister, Belleville. License guaranteed. 4-3d7t

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,
Honorary Spanish Consul.
Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26dly

"THE AGENCY."

CLOTHING RENOVATED—Ladies and Gentlemen, kindly bear in mind that I am still in the Dyeing and Scouring business and represent A. Parker of Peterboro, the best establishment of its kind in Canada.—CHAS. DICKENS, Agent. N.B.—Ask me for price list. 3 26dwly

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. fJ15d&wtf

Daily Intelligencer.

The Appeal to the Pope.

(Montreal Gazette.)

The letter read by Mr. Tarte in the House of Commons on Tuesday night was a very skilfully drawn document. It was designed to take attention away from the conditions that led up to the disagreement between a section of the Liberal party and the Roman Catholic episcopate, and turn the public mind to considering the theory on which the Church should be managed. The letter is most commendable; the action that was behind the situation that called it forth was anything but commendable. The Liberal party in this province simply fooled the R. C. Bishops, if it did not also fool the mass of R. C. electors. The situation was simple. In their perfectly natural sympathy with their coreligionists in Manitoba, the Bishops in Quebec, and the other provinces as well, issued a pastoral urging the members of their Church to support in the elections then coming on only candidates who would pledge themselves to work in Parliament for a restoration of the lost school privileges of the Manitoba minority. Mr. Laurier made such a pledge. So did Mr. Geoffrion, Mr. Fitzpatrick, and many other prominent members of the Liberal party. They even want further than the Conservatives and condemned the Remedial Bill of the late Government as insufficient and unsatisfactory. They were anxious, they said, to do more for their coreligionists than the Orangeman Bowell proposed to do. Mr. Laurier became Premier, and Mr. Geoffrion, Mr. Tarte and Mr. Fitzpatrick, members of his Administration. They did not do for the Manitoba Catholics what they had promised to do. They did not secure for them more than the Remedial Bill aimed at. They did not please the Catholics of Manitoba, and did please those ultra Protestants who were most prominent in resisting the Catholics' demands. The settlement terms were submitted to the Brandon Election Committee and to Mr. Dalton McCarthy before the Roman Catholic Archbishop learned what they were. It was the men who had taken away from the Catholics a cherished privilege that the Ministers showed themselves anxious to conciliate. Rome has been appealed to in order that a party of deceivers may escape the effect of such anger as the men it duped may feel against it. The letter signed by the 45 Catholic representatives supporting the Liberal Government, is skilfully drawn up to put these facts in the background and make it appear as if the Liberals were a party of saints suffering prosecution for their good deeds at the hands of a lot of wicked Prelates and Priests. The Liberal party played the game at the last election with two hands of cards. It deliberately discarded one, and now does not want its opponent to use against it that which it threw away. That is why Mgr. Merry de Val is here. It is not known what he will do in the matter. The time is past when he can do anything for the Manitoba Catholics, and it will hardly be his business to issue any declaration that can be made use of for partisan purposes by either party. Whatever he does or does not do, however, will have little effect on the minds of honor-loving men who make themselves acquainted with the beginning and history of the trouble that brought him here. By such, whether they be Liberals or Conservatives, Catholics or Protestants, the conduct, so far as this province is concerned, of Mr. Laurier and his leading associates must be condemned; and the cunningly devised sentences of Mr. Tarte's letter will fail in diverting attention from the serious fact that they did not pursue an honest course.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,
Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

SALEM.

It is reported that thieves have visited some of our neighbors.

Messers. Martin and Wheeler, of Stirling, were the guests of Mr. D. Sarles on Tuesday.

Mr Downs fell and injured his arm and is quite ill.

The Kingston Cheese Manufacturing Company commenced operations March 31st.

Mr. G. Sills, who has been ill for some time with pneumonia, is improving.

Mr. Patrick Cain has been ill with la grippe.

Mr. T. Brown and cousin, Miss L. Bateman, of Illinois, were the guests of Mr. Harry Brown on Sunday last near Stirling.

Mr. E. J. Tanner and Miss J. Tanner were the guests of Mr. W. Preston on Sunday last at Stirling.

Who's to Blame?

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED.

If you look shabby on the street it is not our fault. We have put the prices of our stock of clothing down to such figures that all semblance of profit is about gone. While clothes do not make the man, the first impressions people receive are very often lasting, and it will be worth your while to try the experiment of seeing how much better you will look and feel from an investment with us.

Our prices are the lowest for strictly first-class goods. Call and be convinced.

A. N. REID,
FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

The Time

has again come for putting away Furs. You need something to keep the moths away. We have it.

—CAMPHOR,
—MOTH BALLS,
—TAR PAPER, at

THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

FLOWER'S BARGAIN HOUSE

IF YOU WANT FIRST-CLASS GOODS CHEAP CALL ON US—WE KEEP ALMOST EVERYTHING.

Front Street - - - Belleville.

SPORTING NEWS.

BASKET BALL.

The Kingston News says: "The members of the Y.M.C.A may start a basket-ball league. Belleville, Albert College of Belleville, the Kingston Y. M. C. A. and the Kickatorial Union will be represented."

MISCELLANEOUS.

The touring Crescent A. C. lacrosse team of New York drew with the Manchester, Eng., twelve on Saturday.

George Orton, Canadian, won the American five-mile cross-country championship on Saturday at Morris Park, N. Y., beating a large field of starters.

—The Methodist church at Magnetawan was destroyed by fire.

—It is not expected that the new tariff will be brought in at Ottawa this week.

—Mr. Cecil Rhodes has left London on his return journey to South Africa.

—The farewell banquet to Mr. Bayard will take place in London on the 7th of May.

—There is great rejoicing in Madrid over the Spanish victories in the Philippine islands.

—Lady Lascelles, the wife of Sir Frank Lascelles, the British Ambassador to Germany, is dead.

—Princess Leopold of Prussia is taking a regular course of training as a hospital and field nurse.

—The Portuguese troops have been defeated in Guinea by the natives after a fight lasting eight hours.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

—The Anglo-American arbitration treaty will be temporarily side-tracked in the United States Senate this week.

—Eight Chinamen are under arrest in Malone, N. Y., who are alleged to have been smuggled across the border.

Miller's Compound Iron Pills cure St. Vitus Dance. 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

—Emperor Francis Joseph has reinstated the Badeni Ministry that resigned the other day.

—Conductor Hotrum, of Hamilton, is dead, as the result of injuries sustained at Woodstock in January last.

—The English Government has refused to allow stands to be erected in the London parks for the diamond jubilee.

—At the last ballot of the Reform Club in London every candidate bearing a German name was blackballed as a demonstration against Kaiser William.

—Owing to the failure of the efforts to close the quarrel between Lord Penryhn and his Welsh quarrymen, twenty-seven hundred workmen are still out of work.

—William Bloom, under arrest in Cleveland on a charge of arson, declares that he has been setting fire to buildings in various cities during the past five years.

—A Toronto syndicate which has acquired options on electric railway stock in Hamilton proposes to acquire and operate all properties working under city franchises, giving the city a voice in their control and a certain share of the profits.

—Lady Sholto Douglas, nee Loretta Addis, a San Francisco concert hall singer, has given birth to a son. Lord Douglas is the youngest son of the Marquis of Queensberry.

Spring Requires

That the impurities which have accumulated in your blood during the winter shall be promptly and thoroughly expelled if good health is expected. When the warm weather comes these impurities are liable to manifest themselves in various ways and often lead to serious illness. Unless the blood is rich and pure that tired feeling will afflict you, your appetite will fail and you will find yourself "all run down." Hood's Sarsaparilla tones and strengthens the system, drives out all impurities and makes pure, rich, healthy blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier and the best spring medicine. Be sure to get only Hood's.

QUEEN STELLA.

The Gypsy Queen Who Is the Successor of Ward McAllister.

Harry Germaine writes from New York that it is not to be expected that the fad will be a permanent one, but just now its existence cannot be denied.

Yes, New York society is under the rule of a gypsy queen. She is at every function. Her words are listened to with attention. Admirers surround her three deep. Her wishes are law, and her lightest utterances are treasured. Ward McAllister never, at his height, was held in such esteem.

Society's unquestioned leader at present is Stella, queen of the Gonzales tribe of gypsies. Her claims to leadership are that she is of royal blood and should sit upon the throne of the Moors.

QUEEN STELLA, THE NEW RULER OF SOCIETY.

She is magnificently educated, knowing more of Arabian literature than any living person.

She is beautiful. Her soft, brown eyes are mesmeric and her voice is music. Her laugh is a killer of the blues.

She is young, immensely talented and the wife of an American, a physician, whom she met in Pennsylvania when she first came to this country.

She is a good entertainer and prolific writer. And society wants her.

Like McAllister, she is a firm believer in the virtues of the stomach, and gives fine dinners, all of fruits and vegetables—for the new leader is a faddist.

She believes in dress, and wears many jewels. Her most priceless possession—for she has many that cannot be bought—is a necklace of pink pearls that was given by Mary Queen of Scots to Stella's ancestors for telling her fortune correctly.

Like all the new leaders, Stella is accomplished in odd ways, palmistry and fortunetelling being open arts to her.

Every afternoon you see in front of her home a long line of carriages. Upstairs there is laughter and perfume, fluttering gowns and rustling silks. The guests are from every city in the world. For every visitor in New York stops to see Queen Stella.

Stella is the forerunner of the Gonzales. There are sixty of them, and she is preparing to get them to this country.

She has been entertained at every large club in the United States and her table is stacked with invitations. At these she sings, tells fortunes, and reads palms. She has read the hands of Calve, the De Reszke brothers, and Mme. Eames, of Henry Irving, the Prince of Wales, and Chauncey M. Depew, and she has a story to tell of each, but not of what she has read in the hand.

How long the "Queen Stella" fad will last no one knows. It is undoubtedly the age of the eccentric in the social world. The set forms of entertainment have palled upon the intellectual palate, and society wants to be amused.

WITH A RAZOR HE DID IT.

Dr. J. H. Walton of Dubuque Killed Himself in View of Many People in Lincoln Park, Chicago.

Chicago, April 4.—Dr. J. H. Walton, a well-known physician of Dubuque, Ia., committed suicide in a sensational manner in Lincoln Park this afternoon. He was walking along one of the driveways with a friend, when suddenly he drew a razor from his pocket and cut his throat, dying in a few minutes. Dr. Walton arrived in the city this morning in company with Dr. Lindsay, also of Dubuque, both men registering at the Palmer House. Shortly before noon they walked out together to view the points of interest in the city, and about 1 o'clock arrived at Lincoln Park. The driveways were thronged with vehicles and bicycle riders. Many persons were walking and the seats throughout the park were filled. Almost up to the very moment Dr. Walton took his life he had been talking pleasantly with his companion. Suddenly he walked rapidly ahead, and as the razor flashed in the sunlight a scream went up from many throats. The act was witnessed by a large number of persons who had gone to the park to enjoy the beautiful spring weather, but almost before Dr. Lindsay or any of the horrified spectators could reach him the physician expired. Dr. Lindsay knows no cause for Dr. Walton's act. He believes, however, that the man was seized with insanity.

LONG RIDE ON HORSEBACK.

New Yorkers Did the Trip From Gotham to Philadelphia in Less Than 7 Hours.

Philadelphia, April 3.—Harrison K. Caner and his brother-in-law, Tristram C. Colkett, both of Philadelphia, rode from New York to this city on horseback in six hours and fifty-two minutes, establishing what is considered a remarkable record for the trip. The feat was accomplished with relays of horses, each of the riders using four different steeds for the journey. The finish was made several hours ahead of the time expected, and, with the exception of a slight fall which Mr. Colkett experienced in the streets of New York, the trip was entirely without accident to either of the riders or their horses. The distance from start to finish was in round figures one hundred miles, and an average gait of over fifteen miles an hour was maintained.

GONE BACK TO WORK.

Emperor Francis Joseph Wouldn't Accept the Resignation of His Ministers.

Vienna, April 4.—The Cabinet crisis that was brought about by the resignation on Friday of Count Badeni, the Prime Minister, and the other members of the Ministry, has been ended by Emperor Francis Joseph, who refuses to accept the resignations of his Ministers. After conferring with the Emperor Count Badeni and his colleagues decided to attempt to carry on the Government despite the fact that they had found it impossible to maintain a Liberal majority in the new Reichsrath. The Emperor therefore again confirmed the whole Cabinet.

U.S. TARIFF AND CANADIAN CATTLE

All Animals Not Bought by Importers Before April 1 Will Have to Pay the Dingley Duty.

East Buffalo, April 3.—Mr. Charles H. Webster, publisher of The Mercantile Review, devoted to the live stock trade, sent the following message to Lyman Gage, Secretary of the Treasury, relative to the new tariff bill and its effect on Canadian cattle shipments: "What effect will the tariff bill passed by the House have upon shipments of Canadian cattle, before final disposition of bill?"

Mr. Gage promptly replied: "Cattle hereafter imported, unless purchased before April 1, may become subject to provisions of the new tariff."

This means that unless the Senate removes the date effective provision, the tariff schedule of the Dingley Bill will be in effect and will affect all receipts after April 1.

Frogs to Be Farmed.

The United States Fish Commission just now is investigating the subject of frog farming. It is believed that there ought to be money in the business, considering the large demand for the hind legs at high prices. The principal market for them is in New York city, where they are gathered from all parts of the country, Fulton market alone selling from 75,000 to 100,000 pounds annually.

The frog crop at present is wholly wild, and the bulk of it is marketed in New York. Missouri is the greatest frog-producing State; the town of Kennett alone ships 60,000 pounds of dressed frog legs annually, and New Madrid is second with 25,000 pounds.

The experts of the Fish Commission say that the plant required for a frog farm is exceedingly simple and cheap. Shallow ponds may be found almost anywhere, and they need no preparation, unless the planting of bushes around the edges.

Frogs feed mainly on insects; the reason that they bite at a bit of red flannel is because they mistake it for a gaudy bug. It is a good idea to build a low board fence around the pond in order to keep out snakes and small mammals that are fond of frogs. The fence should be close to the water so that birds cannot stand on the inside of it and pick up the polywogs.

Naturally, the first thing to do is to secure some frogs for breeding. Any old frog will not do. Some people imagine that a frog is a frog, and that is all there is to be said. But there are, in fact, a good many species of frogs, and the real bullfrog is the kind, whose large and muscular hind legs are esteemed as a delicacy.—New York Journal.

To Look Young Dress in the Latest Style.

The most essential point, perhaps, in attaining every woman's object of "looking young," is to dress always in the latest mode. The French understand this to perfection, the English do not even pretend to. A dowager wears gowns of from five to twenty-five years old in style. A grand dame Parisienne looks always as though she had just stepped from the atelier of a smart couturiere.

A woman of 40, in an old-fashioned gown, and this and badly-dressed hair, looks passe entirely, while her friend of 55, in smartest array, is young in every movement. Her stylish gown swings about her with an air of distinction, and her fashionable hat shades her smooth forehead. Her face is framed in ruches and boas and Medici collars, and with softly pompadoured hair modishly undule. She stands and walks with the erect carriage and the little jerky trip of a young woman, she sits with her skirts sweeping the floor beside her, her feet together or easily crossed, instead of flouncing down on her back breadths and folding her hands over a wide lap. Altogether she is a replica of her daughter.—Boston Herald.

Bush Lima Beans.

Our experience with the bush limas shows once more that it takes years in order to discover all the good and poor points about any new thing. At first the bush limas were "just the thing," and "filled a long-felt want." We thought we could make them take the place of the pole limas altogether, but now find that they will not do it. If we had to dispense with either kind, it would be with the bush limas, which are not nearly so productive as the pole limas. One fault of Burpee's big bush lima is that they revert to the running type, and we have not been able to stop them even by the most careful removal of all plants showing this tendency. The advantage of any lima bean however, is that the time of gathering and marketing extends over a long period. The crop is not a perishable one. We can gather them as fast as we have a chance to sell them, or time to gather and dispose of them. They hang on the vines, and even if we let them get ripe, we can still make use of them and get a good price for them. The bush limas, even if not exactly what we want on our soil, may do first-rate for gardeners having rich, light, warm loam.—T. Greiner, in Practical Farmer.

Wait for

W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S
New Opening.

HARDWARE & BICYCLES.

Sole Agents Gendron, New Barnes and Reliance Wheels; no better in the market; good value for your money.

Also a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. All NEW GOODS, bought at lowest prices.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

Wilson's Old Empire Rye 1890 (GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE)

CANADA'S FAVORITE BRAND
Sold everywhere.
Used in Clubs, Hotels and Families.
Aged 7 Years in Oak Casks
under
Government supervision.
An Official Government Excise Stamp seals each Capsule.

The best Whisky ever distilled in this country
PURE MELLOW OLD

Contains purely and only
McDOUGALL'S V. O.
1890 WHISKY
of which we are sole controllers.

Lawrence A. Wilson & Co.
MONTREAL.
Sole Agents in Canada for
Gold Lack Sec Champagne,
Vin Mariani, (Mariani Wine)
The Ideal Tonic for Body and Brain.

"THINK IT OVER."
An Improvement for '97

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.
Phone 189.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.

QUOTATIONS—March 22nd.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	55
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	....
Crown Point	57
Evening Star	14½
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	17
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	8
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three	15
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	9
CAMP McKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

Souris, Man., Sept. 21, 1896.

Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Dear Sirs,—I find your goods taking remarkably well with my customers and they appear to give every satisfaction, as indicated by the fact of our having sold one-half gross of your Kidney-Liver Pills alone during the month of August.

S. S. SMITH, Souris, Man.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Our Star Portland Cement

Is the best in the market, having been proved so by tests. Sold by all the dealers in the city.

For Sale Cheap.
DRY SOFT WOOD.
A Good Horse for Farm or Cart.

To Rent.
A Good Office on Bridge Street.

The Rathbun Company

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

Ride the

Cleveland,

THE Easy Running Wheel, at

FOSTER'S

GRIPPE AND PNEUMONIA.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF is the best Pick-Me-Up after an attack of these diseases. TRY IT.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

EASTER NOVELTIES.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF EASTER GOODS NEXT WEEK

OYSTERS ARRIVING AS USUAL.
CHOICE BANANAS 20cts. per doz.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Removal Sale!

Only a few days left now before we vacate our present stores.

Everything is reduced in price so as to greatly reduce our stock for moving, and it is your greatest chance to buy almost anything you want at cost and under.

IN THE FAIR . . .
YOU CAN BUY:
Crockery, Glassware,
Dishes, Agateware,
Woodenware, Tinware,
Brooms, Teas and Coffees.

IN THE BEEHIVE . . .
YOU CAN BUY:
Fancy Goods, Soaps,
Wools, Combs,
Felts, Brushes,
Silks, Mirrors,
Novelties, Whisks,
Toys, Braces,
Dolls, and General Smallwares.

And if you want to save money on your purchases come this week, as sale only lasts a few days longer.

Come with the crowds to

The Beehive and The Fair
REMOVAL SALE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel--70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO TUESDAY, APRIL 6 1897. NO. 285

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Opening

WE are to-day opening up to do business in the future on strictly cash principles.

We would invite our customers and the public to call and have a look through our large stock and see the very low prices Dry Goods can be bought for, when bought for cash.

All goods are marked in plain figures, and only one price to everybody.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

C. M. B. A.
'Prentice Boys.
Chosen Friends.
Y. M. C. A. Directors.
Oxford Lodge, S. O. E.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Moira Chapter A. F. and A. M.
University Church—Sugar Social.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 6—Battle of Shiloh, 1862.
Washington elected President U. S., 1789.
Canadian Govt. assumed postal control, 1851.

THE WEATHER.

A little rain fell last night and more threatens to-day. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min.	24	Min.	40
8 a. m.	36	8 a. m.	42
Noon	42	Noon	50

PROBABILITIES.

Moderate to fresh westerly to northerly winds; mostly cloudy, with a few local showers; turning cooler.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

SPORTING NEWS.

POOL.

A pool match was played last evening in the billiard room of the Victoria Hotel between Jimmie Blaine, of Peterborough, and a man named Hudson, from Ottawa. The game was 100 points continuous pool, and Blaine finished his string when his opponent was at 67. Geo. J. Johnson refereed the game, which was witnessed by a large number of young men.

Boys' Shirts and Sweaters.

We are showing an elegant range of Boys' Sweaters, fine wool, blue, white and tan; also Boys' colored shirts, with fine blue and pink stripes, 2 collars and pair cuffs detachable. Also a range of light and dark blues with attached collars and cuffs at SCHUSTER'S.

Apply a little "'Quickcure' to a pimple, or any blemish of the skin, and cover with thin paper, and it will disappear in twenty-four hours, leaving the skin natural and healthy, as it destroys the germs which enter the skin and cause pimples, boils, etc., especially if one is unwell, or even run down from over work."

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Wakefield's Celebrated Hats warranted fast colors at Brasier's.

A sufficient amount of rain to lay the dust fell last night.

A stylish becoming Hat, Brasier's 75c and $1.00 Fedora in Black and Brown.

A sugar social will be held this evening at the University church.

This evening the Grand Superintendent will visit Moira Chapter A. F. and A. M.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

Tam O'Shanters for Children are fashionable. See the immense assortment at Brasier's from 25c to $1.25.

A number of citizens signed the guarantee list at the plan office this morning and secured their seats for the Chicago Marine Band.

A surprise for you if you visit Brasier's Cap department. A grand display of caps, every price, color, style, purpose. Caps for everybody at Brasier's.

"Be careful not to ride over banana peelings," says a wheelman who has tried it. "A banana peeling under a bicycle tire is worse than under foot."

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

For the ten days ending March 31, the Canadian Pacific Railway earnings increased $73,000, while for the same period those of the Grand Trunk Railway show an increase of $38,728.

To accommodate those who cannot get out during the day Haines & Lockett will keep the store open Wednesday evening till nine o'clock. Some splendid bargains in gents' Slater boots still left.

Have just handed Mr. London, of the INTELLIGENCER Office, a cheque for a matured endowment taken with me ten years ago, and he is well satisfied with it. This, at a time when good securities are scarce, should set people thinking.—S. BURROWS.

Haines & Lockett have added another ladies' wheel to the list. It is called the Princess, is colored bottle green, beautifully striped and handsomely finished, guaranteed for one year, and to make it a quick seller will be marked only fifty dollars.

Display of Wilkinson Hats.

Drab, Fawn, Black and Bronze in Hard and Soft Hats at SCHUSTER'S. Everything brand new.

PERSONAL.

T. W. Powell, Ottawa, is at the Quinte.

Mr. Charles McKay is in Guelph for a few days.

The condition of Col. Brown is not improved.

Mr. R. C. Calhoun, Deseronto, was in town to-day.

H. B. Sherwood and wife, Napanee, are at the Quinte.

Mr. W. J. Hudson was in town this morning. He went east.

Miss Jessie Hay is visiting Miss Maud Stringer, Montreal st., Kingston.

Messrs. J. L. Biggar and Thos. Ritchie left to-day for Ottawa on business.

Mr. C. A. Lapp, of the Brighton Ensign, was in the city to-day and gave us a call.

Don Conger, G. W. Young, W. S. Farrow, L. A. Wright and Wm. Moffat, Picton, are at the Quinte.

Mr. Wm. Johnson, Inspector of Weights and Measures, went on business to Cobourg and Port Hope to-day.

Miss Irwin, head of the millinery dept. of Geo. Ritchie & Co.'s, was taken suddenly ill in the store this morning.

W. M. McCullough and wife, M. Cook, F. S. Hall, G. E. Deroche, L. H. Bennett, H. M. Rathbun, Deseronto, are at the Quinte.

Mr. L. S. Morphy was amongst the faithful at St. James' Cathedral, Montreal, Thursday evening to welcome Mgr. Merry Del Val, Papal Ablegate. He was likewise present at the reception at the Bishop's Palace on Friday evening and duly honored by being introduced to the Monsignor.

The Surgeon of "Queen's Own Canadian Hussars."

Dr. Chas. E. Elliott, M.D., Quebec, writes: "I have used 'Pheno Banum' (or 'Quickcure') with much success in many cases of foul and suppurating wounds; especially in one case following vaccination, which resisted all treatment for three months, that was quickly cured by four dressings of the above. I am now using it in many forms of skin diseases and ulcers with apparent benefit. For cuts and burns it makes a splendid dressing."

$1.25 Colored Shirts for 75c.

With fine blue, pink and black stripes, also 2 collars and pair cuffs, detachable open front at SCHUSTER'S.

Got a Shock.

Henry McCoy, who cleans the electric lamps, received a severe shock this morning while cleaning the lamp at the upper bridge. It was not a live wire, however, that did the mischief, but his sorrel pony. The apparently docile little animal took a notion to go over the route in a hurry, and he made a bolt down Front st. At the corner of Front and Hotel sts. the buggy came in contact with a carter's dray, and the animal got free. The buggy was only slightly damaged, and the horse was caught on Patterson st.

Spring Underwear.

Medium weight underwear suitable for spring $1.00 a suit at Harry's.

Division Court.

Judge Fraleck presided to-day at the monthly sitting of the Division Court. Several minor cases were disposed of this morning and just before noon the action of Leonard vs. City of Belleville was taken up. Wm. Leonard is suing the city for $60 damages caused by an alleged defective dam and culvert, which overflowed his cellar. E. G. Porter for plff., S. Masson for defts.

The case of the Picton Boating Club vs. the Regatta Committee came up this afternoon after we went to press.

SCURFY HEAD.

If a child's head is scurfy, do not comb the hair, which is apt to scratch and irritate the scalp, but brush gently. After washing the head thoroughly, dry it, and apply Dr. Chase's Ointment.

IS THE UPPER BRIDGE SAFE?

The City Council Discuss the Repairs to it.

A Deputation From the Y. M. C. A. Secure Remission of Taxes for the Association—Ald. Petrie's Park Scheme—Free Site For the Proposed Assay Office.

Last evening's session of the City Council was not one of great importance, the chief topic for discussion being the condition of the upper bridge and repairs to it. It will be satisfactory to many residents of that portion of the city to know that repairs to the bridge will be commenced at once. A deputation from the Y.M.C.A. pressed for the remission of taxes on the Association's property and won their case.

There were present His Worship Mayor Johnson, Ald. Doyle, Hay, Marshall, Hungerford, Brown, Luscombe, Harris, Lennox, Wallace, Naylor, Grills, Panter, Milne, Chisholm, Lott, Starling, Frost, Petrie, Falkiner and La Roche.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The following communications were read by the Clerk:

From Frank Dolan and others, in reference to a drain on Moira st., which had overflowed and flooded a number of cellars in that vicinity.

From W. C. Mikel, asking the Council to reconsider their refusal of the exemption of the Y.M.C.A. from taxation, and that a deputation from that body be allowed to meet the Council.

From W. H. Biggar, M.P.P., in reference to the matter of the reduction of the number of Aldermen, advising the Council to wait till next year.

From W. W. Lee, offering to fit the upper bridge with steel girders the same as the lower bridge for $600.

The Auditors' report was also read.

THE Y. M. C. A. DEPUTATION.

The Council decided to hear the deputation from the Y.M.C.A., consisting of Messrs. D. V. Sinclair, President; W. H. Gordon, W. C. Mikel, W. H. Reed, D. Barragar and N. D. McArthur.

Mr. Mikel said the object of the deputation was the remission of the taxes from the Y. M. C. A.'s property. The Association was not founded for money-making purposes, but members cost more than was received from them. He laid before the Council the many benefits the Association had wrought in the city and urged the Council to remit the taxes.

Messrs. W. H. Gordon and D. Barragar also spoke. The latter stated that no Y.M.C.A. in the Province paid taxes.

Ald. Falkiner said the Y.M.C.A. was a noble organization and the object was laudable. He would give $5 a year as long as he lived, but he was opposed to the remission of the taxes of the Association.

On motion the matter was laid upon the table for further consideration.

The reports of the various committees, as already published, were read and the Council went into Committee of the Whole on Reports. Ald. Lott in the chair.

The accounts recommended by the Executive Committee carried without discussion.

The recommendations referring to the abolition of exemptions and the duty on pulp wood were concurred in.

THE UPPER BRIDGE.

The Public Works Committee recommended that W. W. Lee be given the contract for repairing the upper bridge at a cost of $600, as per tender.

Ald. Falkiner asked for the tender, which was produced. There were two letters, and Ald. Doyle explained that the last was written to overcome the objections of Ald. Falkiner in committee, on the ground that the first was not regular. He said Mr. Lee would do the job cheaper if he had time.

Ald. Falkiner objected to his name being bandied around as it had been in this case. He read the report of the meeting of the Public Works Committee and Mr. Lee's original letter. He hoped the Council would not pass such a tender. He objected to the report of the INTELLIGENCER of the Committee's meeting, which stated that he had said "tenders should be advertised for and outside contractors given a chance." It was false, he said, and he wanted the INTELLIGENCER to apologize.

Mayor Johnson wished to bear out Mr. Falkiner's statement. He did not believe the paper had made the statement maliciously, but that it had fallen into error.

Ald. Luscombe made a statement of what had been done to the upper bridge. After viewing the bridge his committee had instructed him to see local iron workers for tenders, and he had done so.

Ald. Starling called for other tenders, if there were any.

The tenders of Mr. Jas. Gordon for the girders, $634; and Marsh & Henthorn for the same work $696.36, were read.

Ald. Grills said nearly all the old wooden girders were rotted nearly through, and any heavy load might break the structure down. He considered the action of the Committee wise, although somewhat irregular.

Ald. Starling said the action of the Committee was justified from the fact that the repairs to the bridge were absolutely necessary. He did not know why some Aldermen were objecting to this tender; perhaps it was to let someone from Trenton get the job.

Ald. Hungerford said the state of the city's finances were not as flourishing as could be wished and he suggested that debentures be issued to raise sufficient money to build a cantilever bridge in place of the old one. The taxes are nearly as high as they are permitted by law and the cost of repairs to the present structure would make them still higher. The removal of the piers would do away with future floods.

Mayor Johnson commended Ald. Luscombe and his Committee on the business-like manner in which they had handled this matter. The Committee considered the offers made by the three firms as proper tenders, and recommended that Mr. Lee be given the contract with the idea that it was saving the City money.

Ald. Falkiner still contended there was no proper tender in. When the iron work was done there would be several hundred dollars more to be spent on woodwork. He didn't come to the Council to fool away his time.

Ald. Doyle did not believe the bridge was as unsafe as reported.

The recommendation carried.

THE TAXES REMITTED.

Moved by Ald. Petrie, seconded by Ald. Falkiner, that the prayer of the petition of the Y.M.C.A. for exemption from taxation be granted.

Ald. Brown wanted the petition referred to the Executive Committee.

Ald. Petrie spoke in favor of the exemption on the ground that the Y.M.C.A. was an educational institution.

Ald. Falkiner said he was heartily in favor of the exemption. These young men were doing God's work, and if he had had the advantages of such an Association in his youth he would have been a different man.

Ald. Lennox thought Ald. Falkiner was one of the greatest acrobats he ever saw. He would favor the question being referred to the Executive.

After some further discussion Ald. Petrie's motion carried.

The Market Committee's report passed without discussion.

INQUIRIES.

Ald. Lennox asked the Chairman of Public Works what was to be done to the walk in front of Col. Brown's residence?

Ald. Luscombe said the matter would have the committee's attention.

Ald. Brown asked if a free site would be provided for an assay office if one were established here?

The Mayor said while the question had not come before the Council, still he thought it would be in the interest of the city and district to do so.

Ald. Panter asked if any amendments were proposed to the Cow by-law in the way of appointing of another Cow Inspector?

Ald. Falkiner said he would introduce a by-law for the appointment of another Inspector for West Belleville.

Ald. Lennox asked if there was any prescribed height for the street car rails above the street?

The Mayor promised to have the question answered at next meeting.

Ald. Hungerford asked if any intimation had been received from the G.T.R. as to the improvements of Pinnacle st., already asked for?

The Mayor replied that he had been in communication with Mr. Hays since the deputation waited upon him, but, while he had promised to take up some of the other matters asked for, he (Mr. Hays) had not mentioned Pinnacle st.

Ald. Hungerford said he understood Mr. Cummins would bring an action against the Company.

The Mayor promised to see Mr. Cummins.

SITE FOR AN ASSAY OFFICE.

Moved by Ald. Brown, seconded by Ald. Hungerford, that the City furnish a free site for an assay office, should the Legislature see fit to establish one here.

It was pointed out that the offer would be an inducement to the Legislature to give Belleville the assay office. Ald. Hungerford suggested the old armory as a suitable place. The motion carried and the Mayor said he would wire the Government in the morning.

Ald. Starling gave notice of a motion for the reduction of the number of Wards.

Ald. Petrie gave notice of a motion that Monsignor Farrelly be asked if he were willing to sell the hospital lot and, if so, that it be purchased and converted into a park.

Ald. Petrie also gave notice of a motion for the purchase of the lot on the north side of Campbell st. for a carters' stand.

The Council adjourned.

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

To Bicycle Riders.

Those who thoroughly enjoy riding a wheel are the ones who are properly dressed. How long can a man keep a pair of nice pants riding a bicycle? In order to be properly and comfortably dressed, you want an Oak Hall suit built especially for the wheel. Prices $5 and $6. Odd pants, $1.50 and $2.50.

Will go to England.

At a meeting of the non-commissioned officers of the 15th Battalion Sergt. William Black volunteered to go to England as one of the Jubilee Battalion. There were other volunteers, but they were under the prescribed height and their applications could not be taken. Sergt. Black is an enthusiastic soldier, and through his endeavors the Boys' Brigade of St. Andrew's Church has been brought to a high state of efficiency.

Col. Ponton received a letter this morning from Lt.-Col. Burland, stating that the time for receiving applications had been extended from the 6th to the 12th inst. The chest measurement has also been reduced from 38 inches to 35 inches.

Poisonous Plasters.

Plasters that contain the powerful poisons Aconite or Belladonna should be used only when your physician permits, as your system might be poisoned by absorption of the drugs. Doctors now use plasters made with "Quickcure" spread on canton flannel, linen or cotton, which give more prompt relief from pain than any known means; the effect is almost beyond belief.

M. D. C. M. and F. T. M. C.

We extend our congratulations to Dr. R. B. Chisholm on having passed so successfully his examinations for the foregoing titles. Dr. Chisholm obtained first-class honors, which entitles him to the degree of Fellow of Trinity Medical College.

White Duck Coats.

Barbers and bartenders can now find a complete range of sizes in white duck coats, price $1.00, at Harry's.

EASTERN DEAD-LOCK.

Greece Must Break it or be Blockaded.

(Special to the INTELLIGENCER.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 6.—It is reported here that the British Minister at Athens has been instructed by his Government to make overtures to Greece on behalf of the powers with a view of enabling the latter to withdraw from her present position and put an end to the existing dead-lock.

If Greece should reject the propositions made to her, it is believed the foreign warships will at once establish a blockade of the Piraeus.

Ladies' Boots.

Our ladies' boots you will find very cheap. A very good boot for only 75c. per pair. For one dollar you can buy a neat dongola kid boot of No. 1 stock.—VERMILYEA & SON.

A Day of Mourning.

The funeral of the late Herbert B. Rathbun, which took place from his late residence on Bridge st. at 2:30 this afternoon, was very largely attended. There were about seventy-five friends of deceased present from Deseronto, whilst others came from Toronto and other points to pay their last tribute of respect to the dead, Rev. M. W. Maclean conducted the funeral service at the house and at the cemetery. The remains were borne to their last resting place by Messrs. G. W. Wright, R. Rayburn, A. H. McGaughey, A. A. Richardson, Wm. Mitchell and William Irvine, all of Deseronto. The casket was buried beneath a profusion of beautiful floral tributes from friends of the deceased near and far.

It was indeed a mournful procession that followed the remains of the late Mrs. Chas. Sulman to their long home at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The gathering of relatives and friends at the family residence on John st. was very large, and everywhere deep sympathy was expressed for the bereaved husband and relatives. Rev. C. E. McIntyre conducted a very impressive service at the house, and referred in a touching manner to the many excellent qualities of the deceased. The esteem in which she was held was further shown by the many beautiful floral designs and bouquets upon the casket. The bearers were: Messrs. C. E. Davies, W. H. Dingle, H J. Clarke, W. A. Brophy, D. A. Gibson and C. B. Scantlebury. Mr. Henry S. Garratt, of Toronto, father of deceased, and daughter, attended the funeral.

At Harry's.

You will find good value in suspenders at Harry's. Mohair ends with underwear supporters attached in good web and a variety of colors, only 25c.

Amusement Notes.

A PHENOMENAL SOPRANO.

Miss Sibyl Sammis, the prima dona with Brooke and his famous band, is one of the most girlishly graceful of vocalists and her charms are not all personal, as she possesses a highly cultivated voice of almost unequaled purity and freshness, being a pupil of the celebrated Mme Linne. Her voice is a clear and brilliant mezzo soprano with a range extending from low to high E. Throughout the middle and lower register her voice resembles Mme Scalchi's in her best days, and she sings with sympathetic feeling, charming expression and technical perfection. Miss Sammis will positively appear with the famous Chicago Marine Band at the Carman Opera House on Thursday, April 15th.

Guaranteed.

We have secured the agency for Belleville for Hone's Pure Mixed Paints. We guarantee every can to give satisfaction or refund the money. We have no hesitation in stating this as we made a thorough test of these paints last season and every can gave perfect satisfaction. Floor paints a specialty.—ALEX. RAY.

A Medal and Land Grant.

The veterans of 1866 in Ontario and Quebec are uniting in a deputation to the Government in reference to a medal from the Imperial Government and a land grant from the Dominion Goverment. A meeting of the Veterans of Belleville and vicinity is to be held in the Church st. Armory on Saturday night.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

I. O. O. F.

The General Committee of the I.O.O.F. will meet at Mizpah Lodge on Friday night to make further arrangements for the meeting of the Grand Lodge. The local lodges are also arranging for a church parade on the 25th inst., in celebration of the anniversary of their Order, which will occur on the 26th inst.

J. Owen. WATER WORKS
PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING.
PHONE - - - 219
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

Auction Sale!

ON TUESDAY, April 13th, the Household effects of MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, 186 Albert st., will be sold by auction. The effects consist of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Furniture, Book Cases, Tables and all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Carpets, Pictures, Books, Range, Plants, China, Crockery, Glassware, etc.

There will also be sold a Carriage Horse, two Phaetons, Dog Cart, Waggon Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, Robes and other stable articles. 4-3dtf

SPRING COATS
AND CAPES.

WE are showing a choice collection of Ladies' and Misses' Coats and Capes, the newest styles for Spring and Summer wear. The Coat sleeves are smaller than last season, and fit beautifully over the new dress sleeves. Some very dainty styles in Silk and velvet Capes trimmed with Jet and Chiffon.

MILLINERY.
New things in Millinery coming to hand nearly every day. Throughout the season the very latest novelties in shapes and trimmings are being constantly received.

SKIRTS.
Made Skirts in Denim, Serge, Lustre, etc. Fit well and save the trouble of making.

BLOUSES.
Another lot of Blouses just received. A splendid assortment now here to make choice from. Prices from 50c to $3.25.

WRAPPERS.
Have you seen our Printed Wrappers. Styles choice and prices very low.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Have You Ever Tried
PERRIN'S KID GLOVES?
If Not, Why Not?
THEY ARE THE BEST.
Prices $1 to $1.50. Every Pair Guaranteed.
SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

A Lady's Views About
WALL PAPER.

We have a letter from a lady at a distance to whom we sent wall paper samples a few days ago.

She describes our paper as the best she has seen anywhere, and the prices are so much lower than prices quoted by other Wall Paper houses as to seem almost ridiculous.

One extract from her letter says: "I found the papers in Book 'V' very superior to other papers, at 60c. a roll, with which I compared them."

By consulting our Book V price list we find the prices range from 8c. to 15c. a roll.

The difference was so great we could scarcely credit it, but in three or four places in the letter our correspondent particularly emphasizes this point.

We know our goods are right and our prices are right as compared with other towns and cities.

We have an interesting collection of letters from every quarter in Canada, all telling us the same story of choice papers at low prices.

C. B. Scantlebury.

Hot Tea Biscuit
- - AND - -
Maple Syrup

Makes an excellent combination for tea, especially at this season when Maple Syrup is pure and fresh. We can furnish you with the best tea biscuits made in the city. 10c per doz. Just see them.

Chas. S CLAPP.
BREAD 10c per loaf.
Our Easter display next week.

J. Brasier
THE LEADING HATTER.
Stock is now complete.
Our store is full of them at right prices.
HATS ONLY
HATS ONLY
HATS ONLY
Call and see them at
J. BRASIER'S.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

J. S., says: "I was in a dreadfully weak and nervous condition, unable to rest and utterly unfit for work, and Miller's Compound Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

J. A. Vandervoort,
390 Front St.
New Hats
Up-to-Date Styles.
In New and Nobby Colors.
FROM LEADING MAKERS.
AT POPULAR PRICES.
J. A. Vandervoort,
Hatter and Men's Furnisher.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S
Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Of all the nerve-tonics—bromos, celeries or nervines—your doctor will tell you that the Hypophosphites are best understood. So thoroughly related is the nervous system to disease that some physicians prescribe Hypophosphites alone in the early stages of Consumption. Scott's Emulsion is Cod-liver Oil, emulsified, with the Hypophosphites, happily blended. The result of its use is greater strength and activity of the brain, the spinal cord and the nerves.

Let us send you a book all about it. Sent free.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

Daily Intelligencer.

A PREDICTION.

Mr. Fielding says it is not in accordance with precedent to mention beforehand the date at which the tariff will be brought down, remarks the Ottawa Citizen. Mr. Fielding is mistaken. His colleague, Mr. Davies, stated a fortnight ago at Aylmer that "within a week of the opening of Parliament we will produce our budget and our tariff." And more than a week has gone, and not only have the budget and the tariff been carefully secluded, but the Globe announces semi-officially that the tariff will not be brought down during the present week. The INTELLIGENCER is not in the confidence of the Laurier-Tarte Administration, yet we have no hesitation in predicting that the budget and the tariff will not be produced until a day before or just after the provincial election in Nova Scotia, which will be held on the 20th inst.

Mark the result, and see if the INTELLIGENCER does not prove to be a better prophet than Mr. Davies, although a member of the Administration, has turned out to be.

Nero fiddled whilst Rome was burning, and the country's trade and industries must suffer, in order that Mr. Laurier's friends in Nova Scotia may not be embarrassed by any act of the Dominion Government.

The true inwardness of this manipulation in connection with Nova Scotia is thus commented on by that "candid friend" of the Government, the Montreal Witness:

> Nova Scotia is a free trade province indeed, but it would like coal looked after. The Nova Scotian Premier, Mr. Fielding's successor in that office, is, like Mr. Fielding, a Liberal, and his Government is generally in harmony with the national Government; but he and his Government and the Nova Scotia Legislature want coal looked after. That Government has declared itself strongly against the reduction of the coal duties, a matter with which it has nothing to do; and it is about to appeal to the popular selfishness by a general election on this issue. A meaner attitude could not be taken than that into which the beheaded Nova Scotia Government proposes to lead that province. If there is any province which has been steadily denouncing protection as a wrong and an oppression, and even a ground for secession, it is Nova Scotia.

Yes, friend Witness, there is a "meaner attitude" than that of the "beheaded" Nova Scotia Government, namely that of the Dominion Government, which has also been "steadily denouncing protection," and yet has entered into a conspiracy with Nova Scotia's rulers to keep secret its action on the tariff and thereby enable Premier Murray to play the mean and grossly inconsistent part which the Witness so strongly denounces.

The parties to this transaction are tricksters of the most contemptible character. Let us hope that their plot may ail.

SELF-CONDEMNED.

The strongest condemnation that has been passed upon the Ontario Government's creation of a mining monopoly in Algoma is contained in their new Mining Act, one clause of which provides as follows:

> No one person may get more than 320 acres, and no syndicate more than 640 acres, within a radius of 25 miles in one county or district. In a rich mineral locality the Commissioner may still further limit applicants to one or more 40 acre locations at his discretion.

Such is what our Ontario rulers propose, after having granted a monopoly of one hundred square miles to a syndicate.

By providing that no future syndicate shall be allowed more than 640 acres, Mr. Hardy and his colleagues have sealed their own condemnation of the deal made by them with Messrs. Engledue, Kerr & Co., and the people will render their verdict in accordance therewith.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

We learn from an English exchange that the bicycle industry in the Mother Land is increasing in a most wonderful manner. In Coventry, which has long been known as the centre of bicycle manufacturing, orders have increased so fast that new works have had to be rushed up and cottages built for the workmen. It seems that the factories were completed first, and so crowded was the town that the workmen had actually to seek lodgings in the workhouse till their homes were completed. The wheel, like poverty, seems to make "strange bedfellows."

Following is a statement of the number of appointees of the Ontario Government:

Justices of the Peace	4663
Issuers of marriage licenses	240
Coroners	430
Other and higher officials	3420
Grand total	8758

And this number does not include issuers of other licenses, such as for hunting and fishing, who all form part of the election machinery, which Mr. Hardy refuses to forego the use of.

Commenting on the proposal to tax department stores, in municipalities of 30,000 or over, the Monetary Times suggests that it will be difficult to prevent an evasion of the law by an incorporation of separate businesses conducted under different ownership, with sufficient combination to retain the advantages of a department store.

C. Beausoleil, M. P. for Berthier, states that he has not signed the appeal to the Pope which Mr. Tarte read in the House last week. Mr. Beausoleil was one of the seven Liberals who voted with the Government on the school question last year.

The office Ned. Sheppard has got his hooks on is not the best in the world, says the Guelph Herald. But, considering the fact that it is only a year since Ned last changed his political clothes, it is not so bad.

Even, says the Kincardine Review, with the 300 corkscrews and 4 testaments in the possession of the Ontario Legislature it is impossible to draw from Hon. G. W. Ross a candid reply to a Conservative inquiry.

Better give Sheppard a consignment of those corkscrews for his South African trip.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

PROROGUE IN A WEEK

That is the Intention of the Premier of Ontario.

Middleton's Departmental Store Bill Stands Over for the Present—The Attorney-General Tells How Such a Bill Might Lead to Injury—Further Information is Needed Before Such a Matter Could be Dealt With by the Legislature—Mr. Whitney Wants Information About Blanket Propositions.

Toronto, April 6.

The Attorney-General stated yesterday that the prorogation of the Legislature will take place early next week, probably a week from to-day.

Mr. Middleton moved the second reading of his bill to regulate departmental stores, but in deference to the wish of the three leaders in the House he withdrew it until next session.

The members began to get busy yesterday again, and a number of bills were partially disposed of. The Opposition are apparently anxious to facilitate the transaction of business, for little objection was raised yesterday, except in cases of great importance.

The Attorney-General moved that after Wednesday next there shall be two sittings of the House on each day for the remainder of the session, the first to begin at 11 of the clock in the forenoon, Mr. Speaker to leave the chair at 1 of the clock, until 3, without the question being put.

Mr. Whitney asked for a definite statement as to when the session would probably close.

The Attorney-General stated that a great deal depended on the leader of the Opposition. He would like to finish up the business this week, but the printing would not be ready for prorogation until Tuesday or Wednesday next.

Mr. Whitney stated his willingness to sit night and day to finish up, and the motion carried.

The House, on motion of Hon. J. M. Gibson, went into committee, and passed an amendment to the Insurance Act, raising the fees of registry of extra-Provincial insurance corporations to $150.

Col. Gibson moved that a select committee be appointed to enquire into the facts and circumstances connected with the purchase by the late Alexander McArthur of the timber berth, consisting of the Township of Lumsden, in the District of Algoma, and the application of the estate of the deceased for a rescision of the purchase, with power to send for persons and papers and to report to this House, such committee to be composed as follows: Messrs. Gibson (Hamilton), Whitney, Charlton, Campbell, Stratton, Miscampbell and Haycock.

The mover explained that McArthur was incapable and irresponsible when the deal was made, and the committee was allowed.

The Minister of Education's Toronto University Bill was passed in committee without opposition.

Mr. Richardson's amendment to the Municipal Act, by permitting municipalities to take over and sell the property and effects of persons consigned to the House of Refuge, was opposed by the Attorney-General and by Mr. Whitney. The leaders did not see the necessity for the bill, and it was accordingly withdrawn after a vigorous objection from the mover.

Mr. Richardson's proposed amendment to the Assessment Act was likewise handled.

Mr. Howland's bill to empower the City of Toronto to include in the estimates a sum not exceeding $500 for the purpose of diffusing information regarding the advantages of the city as a manufacturing, business, educational and residential centre, and to define the power of Police Commissioners to license junk shops, livery stables, etc., passed a second reading.

Mr. Haggerty, the Government member from Hastings, bandied words with his leader over the second reading of his bill to allow County Councils to regulate the salaries of Police Magistrates, or, if necessary, to appoint them without salary.

This move was right in with the views of the Opposition, whose platform opposes centralization of power in Government control, and the leader of the benches to the left coincided with the views of the mover. He did not see why the Government should be willing to put the matter of the hours of hotel closing in the hands of municipal councils, while at the same time objecting to having the Police Magistrates subject to the same jurisdiction.

The bill was strenuously opposed by the Attorney-General, and was finally withdrawn.

Mr. Middleton, the anti-departmental store man, then took the floor, and moved the second reading of his bill to regulate these establishments. The bill reads as follows:

"The council of any city having a population of over 30,000 inhabitants may pass a bylaw or bylaws for the purpose of imposing upon any departmental store carrying on more than three distinct classes of business, a special tax in respect of each additional class of business, and in imposing such business tax, the same may be regulated in and by bylaw so as to provide either a uniform tax in respect of each additional distinct class of business, or the same may be graded in such a manner as may seem proper, provided that no such bylaw shall be passed or take effect under the authority of this act without having been carried by a two-thirds vote of the members of the council present and voting thereon.

"This act shall not take effect until the 1st day of January, 1898."

Mr. Middleton, in rising, complained of the fact that the establishments aimed at drew away trade from outlying sections, to the advantage of certain centres of population. He called attention to the precedent in taxing certain lines of goods, afforded by the licenses imposed already upon certain businesses. He was confident that the goods sold by these stores were not advantageous to purchasers for a cheap-John system of conducting business was in vogue.

Mr. Haycock believed that it was too late an hour in the session to consider so radical a change. He would not, however, say he was opposed to the measure, but thought it should be left over for another session. The stores existed as well in the Provinces of Quebec and Manitoba, and the bill would, therefore, be doing an injustice to those in Ontario by restricting their operations.

Mr. Howland agreed with the previous speaker's feeling that it was too late in the session to consider the bill. The question had received consideration elsewhere, but he was not prepared to discuss the measure as adequately as would be necessary to come to a definite conclusion upon the matter. The matter of abolishing such stores would be inadvisable, for it had to be recognized as an economic feature of the times. Mr. Howland concluded by advancing a number of the arguments used for and against the operation of the big stores.

Mr. Meacham advised the Government to father a measure of the importance of the one under consideration. The bill made no distinction as to what were different lines of business, and that, for one thing, was a necessity.

The Attorney-General considered the bill a very serious one. The law of supply and demand regulated such things, and it might be a little harsh to introduce legislation to interfere with the stores. One objection to them was the clock-work regularly of the employes, which was harmful, as it was calculated to destroy individuality. The bill would be calculated to injure the big stores by interfering with their credit. The Premier was also of the opinion that the measure would be a hasty one, as the House had no information, among other things, as to the wages of the employes, and as to whether they were or were not contented under present circumstances.

Mr. Whitney had very strong sympathy with the bill, more so from the fact that he came from a rural constituency, where the small retail stores were being [illegible]

He had heard that in Nova Scotia a Toronto departmental store had hired the exclusive use of a freight car to carry their goods in that Province. Such methods were enterprising, but they were questionable.

Dr. Willoughby largely agreed with his leader.

Mr. Cleland of Grey thought the matter resolved itself into where the people could buy things cheapest. Might not, asked he, the depression charged to the big stores be laid to the door of the National Policy? He thought the Dominion Government should impose a heavier postal rate on parcels and tax the stores in that way.

Mr. McNichol, the Patron member for Grey, believed that if the people were not getting the worth of their money they would not continue to patronize the mammoth stores.

Col. Matheson remarked that it was the same old story of the "Song of the Shirt." People were made to work for nothing in order to meet the demand for cheap goods. The member for Lanark could not see that the question could be settled at the present session.

Mr. Stratton was of the opinion that the stores should be taxed according to the amount of stock they carried.

Mr. St. John suggested that the bill be withdrawn.

Mr. Middleton spoke as a business man of experience when he said he was certain that the departmental stores sold an inferior class of goods, and employed cheap labor. He believed that it was not a matter of "the greatest good to the greatest number," but rather one of "live and let live." The departmental stores took away business from others; then, why should they not pay a special tax? Regarding the difficulty of levying the tax, the speaker would not be opposed and he did not think the retail dealers would be, either, to having a special tax levied on all dealers carrying more than one line of goods.

It was after 6 o'clock, Mr. Middleton withdrew his bill, and the House adjourned.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. Whitney will ask: Is it the intention of the Government to grant a license of occupation to any persons, firm or syndicate covering mining locations, and similar in any respect to the license granted to Mr. J. E. Kerr, Q.C., and his associates? Has any application been made for a similar license of occupation covering mining locations, and, if so, who are the applicants? What locations were applied for, and on what terms?

CATARRH

Mrs. Dobell, of London, Ont., Cured for 25 Cents

Doctors Could Help, but Couldn't Cure—Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure Released the Prisoner, and To-day She is as Well as Ever—She Says It is a Great Remedy

"Yes, I am Mrs. Dobell," said a comely, pleasant-faced woman at her home on Horton street to a News reporter to-day, "and I will very gladly tell you what you want to know. About three years ago my husband was very ill, and I had frequently occasion to rise in the night and go for a doctor or to the druggist. In my hurry I often neglected to properly clothe myself, and contracted several heavy colds, which turned at last to chronic catarrh. I tried doctors, who helped me, but did not cure me, and several special catarrh medicines. I was relieved but not cured. I was suffering intolerably when Mr. Shuff recommended me to try CHASE'S CATARRH CURE, and it began at once to help, and in about two months had entirely cured me. I cannot speak too highly of this remarkable medicine, and cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers from catarrh." The blower included is a great help to sufferers.

ITALIAN PARLIAMENT OPENED.

King Humbert and Queen Margherita Were There at the Opening.

Rome, April 5.—The new Italian Parliament was formally opened this morning by the King in person. Queen Margherita was also present, and four hundred deputies and one hundred Senators were in attendance, but the Republican and Socialist deputies were absent. The speech from the throne announced the institution of a number of social and political reforms, and stated that the Government was in full accord with all of the other European powers in a determination to maintain the peace of Europe. The political program, as outlined by the speech, was received very coldly, but the reference to the efficiency of the army and navy was loudly applauded. The King and Queen were cheered by the Senators and deputies, but the populace viewed the royal procession to and from the Chambers with indifference.

THE PRIEST HONORED HIMSELF.

Filthy Lucre Could Not Tempt Him From a Morally Honest Course.

London, April 5.—The Westminster Gazette says that Father Smullen, the Roman Catholic priest, the friend and legatee of Isabel Murphy of California, who died from alcoholism on March 24, has refused to accept the fortune of £60,000 left to him by Miss Murphy's last will, and has requested that a former will dividing the money among Mis Murphy's relatives be acted upon. Miss Murphy was a daughter of the late Daniel Murphy of San Francisco and a sister of Lady Wolseley and of the wife of Don Florencia L. Dominguez, First Secretary of the Argentine Legation in London. She lived in the same house with Father Smullen, who seemed to be her only friend.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices are heavy. Straight rollers nominal at $3.60 to $3.65.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market is very dull, with the feeling weaker, although offerings are small. Red winter is quoted at 72c west, and white at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 82c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 79c, Midland. No. 1 hard is quoted at 71c to 72c, Fort William.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited.

When a woman falls overboard she sometimes drowns when there is a life buoy just within a few strokes of her—all because she doesn't happen to see it. Sick people often perish in the same way. Help is within reach, but they don't know just where it is. They become discouraged and disgusted with taking medicines and give up in despair.

Mrs. Mary J. Stewart, of Saratoga, Santa Clara Co., Cal., in a letter to Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I suffered for fourteen years with female weakness, nervousness and general debility, trying everything I could find to help me—all to no avail. Although I was thoroughly discouraged and disgusted with taking medicine when I heard of Dr. Pierce's medicines, I thought I would try once more to find relief. I took the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription,' and too great praise cannot be given for the rapid relief they gave me. I am now free from the former troubles, and may God bless Dr. Pierce in all his undertakings to cure suffering humanity."

Thousands who had reached this forlorn and hopeless condition of body and mind have found new hope and rescue in the use of these marvelous remedies.

Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser" is sent free in paper covers for 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of customs and mailing only; or, cloth-bound for 50 stamps. Address, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Rev. J. K. Thompson, of East Calais, Washington Co., Vt., writes concerning this great work: "I am charmed with the style and general subject matter of the entire work. I consider it a valuable addition to my carefully selected library. The purpose to set men right physically is a noble one. I am also pleased with the refined and at the same time fearless way in which you handle those delicate subjects pertaining to biology, thus making the work admirably fitted for the young."

GERMANY STANDS OUT

The Other Powers Have Landed Troops in Crete.

Sir William Harcourt Asked the Government to Explain Its Policy, but Mr. Curzon and Mr. A. J. Balfour Declined to Show Their Hand—Date Not Yet Fixed for Withdrawal of the Turkish Troops—Threats Held Out to Both Greeks and Turks.

London, April 5.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. G. N. Curzon, Under Foreign Secretary, stated, in answer to a question by the Right Hon. John Morley, that all of the European powers except Germany had landed troops in Crete. Germany, he added, had not explained why she had refrained from sending troops as the other powers had done.

Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, said that Great Britain would not hesitate to participate in a blockade of Greece if such action should become necessary in the interests of peace.

Sir William Harcourt, the leader of the Opposition, said it was his desire that the country should know the policy of the Government more definitely than it was known at present, and he, therefore, gave notice that he would move an address to the Queen, praying that the forces of the Crown shall not be employed against the kingdom of Greece or the people of Crete. [Liberal cheers.]

Mr. Balfour said that the Ministerial majority would give a day to be devoted to the debating of a motion, directing a vote of censure against the Government, but he would not promise whether they would grant a day for debating a motion put in the form indicated by the notice given by Sir William Harcourt.

Sir William Harcourt asked whether the Turkish troops would be withdrawn from Crete and whether the British forces would take part in a blockade of Greece. Upon these matters he desired the Government to make a definite statement, and also to announce the policy of the Government in regard to Greece and Crete.

Mr. Balfour said the date of the withdrawal of the Turkish troops from Crete had not yet been fixed. In the meantime the powers were making a joint declaration to the Government at Athens and to the Government at Constantinople, as the result of which it was hoped that peace would be maintained. This declaration was that in the event of a conflict upon the Greek frontier the aggressor would be answerable for all the consequences of a disturbance of peace, to which the powers attached the greatest importance, and also that, whatever might be the result of a struggle between Greece and Turkey, the powers would not consent that the aggressor should derive the slightest advantage therefrom.

Greece's Strength.

New York, April 5.—The Herald's correspondent at Arta says: I have visited the frontier of Epirus from Coprena to Arta. The total strength of the Greek troops amounts to 22,000, as follows: Infantry, four regiments, 14,000 men; two battalions of light infantry, 2000 men; one regiment of artillery, 8 batteries and 48 guns, and one regiment of cavalry, 600 men; one battalion of pioneers, 1200 men.

The Greeks hold a strong position at Arta and Peta. There are a great many insurgents, commanded by former deputy Skatzonimos, concentrated at Agrinium, ready to invade Epirus at short notice.

The feeling among the troops and the insurgents is very warlike. All are impatiently waiting the signal for the struggle, and it is generally believed here that April 6, the anniversary of Greek independence, will see the beginning of hostilities.

The Turkish troops near Arta are calculated at 20,000. At Preyesa there are 3000 men, with 23 guns, and near Arta there are 10,000 men, with about 45 guns.

Clamoring for War.

London, April 5.—The Times will tomorrow publish a despatch from Athens saying that the popular impatience with the present condition of affairs is increasing and that demands are made from various quarters for an immediate declaration of war by Greece against Turkey. The King's inaction is denounced by those who are anxious for the opening of actual hostilities.

A New Lot of Doctors.

Toronto, April 6.

The results of the examinations for the degree of M. D., C. M., at Trinity University have been made public. The results of the final and primary examinations are as follows:

J. S. McEachern, gold medal and certificate of honor.

M. MacGregor, silver medal and certificate of honor.

Passed—F A Scott, R W Large, E S Worthington, C N Callander, C J Copp and A J Brown (equal), W N G Aspland and G Cairns and H Maw (equal), C A Campbell, J G Clarke, S Moore, W L Post, R W Percy, P H Morgan, T A McCormick, R T Rutherford, N E Farewell, C M Stewart, R B Chisholm, J A Butler, J Shuttes, G G Newberry, W Hackney, A F Oakley, P A Lewis, G H Wade, Miss A M McFee, W M Pirt, J M Pearson, R Mackenzie, W E Graham, J B Wilson, A G Ludwig, Miss K L Buck, A A Ross, R B J Stanbury, E P Kelly, H D Weaver, T M Hart, J A Jackson, W T Rush, W H Field, Miss H M Cockburn, P Bradley, R Spear, H O Boyd, Miss L E Armstrong, J J Langford, T A Young, W T Yeo, H Y McNaught, G R Clemes, J N Livingstone, H J Le Barre, J A Deyall, W Brent, H E Shaver, W C Poussette, W R Alway, J H McConnell, J C Richardson, C C Stanbury, J A Tanner.

Conditioned in gynaecology—I M Macdonald.

The following passed the primary examinations:

H G Johnston, first silver medal and certificate of honor.

W A Kerr, second silver medal and certificate of honor.

Certificates of honor—H C Wrinch, W H Marshall, A F Anderson, James Moore, B J Haylewood, A S Shadd and A E Stanton (equal), W A Collison, G C McGibbon, A W Hotham.

Class I.—M W Feenan, Miss Greenaway, Miss Macrae, Miss McConnell, Miss Fraser and R S Broad (equal), D E Langley and H R Smith (equal).

Class II.—William D Orr, Miss Hume, H O Simpson, D G MacRobbie, A P Scully, Miss S McCalla, P D Van Kleek, H J Hough, G A Schmidt, C W Doherty, R J Palmer, G H McLaren, Miss J Hall, E G Weir, N E L Wright, Miss C S Brown, Miss M A McDonald.

Class III.—W J Bauld and R J Carter (equal), E Purvis, Miss A C B Jackson, S Lavine, A A Drinnan, G B Gesner, G O Hutchinson, H P Martin, Miss M B Best, S A Foote, N R Bobyer, D C Wilson, J M Caldwell, Mrs E Matheson, H G Barrie, Miss A M Beale, A S Callery, Miss Cockburn, A E Dean, Miss F W Harrison, A A McKinnon, B Spear.

Conditioned in practical chemistry, materia medica and toxicology—E Aull, W S Curran. In materia medica, practical chemistry and practical anatomy—J A H Curts. In physiology—W A Campbell. In materia medica and practical anatomy—A A Jackson. Chemistry, practical chemistry and materia medica—J J McMahon. In physiology—C W Service. In practical anatomy—C E Watson.

Two Men Cooked to Death

Kingston, N.Y., April 5.—A new engine in the Lawrence cement mill at Eddyville broke while being tested this morning. The force of escaping steam pinned the doors shut, and Augustus Carter and Rich ard Law were literally cooked to death.

ABOUT.... ....CLOTHING!

In Buying Your Clothing..... there are a great many points to be taken into consideration. There is a big difference between a good tailor and a poor tailor, and there is a big difference between good ready-made clothing and poor ready-made clothing. One thing about our spring suits and overcoats, they are good. This word good means a big lot to the purchaser. We sell you an all wool suit for a man of any size, at $5, and it is good. There are lots of suits sold for this same money that are not good. See the difference? Then again if you are wanting a good article, suppose you think of paying the tailor $20, just come and see our $10 and $12 ones. If our suits at these prices this spring are not equal to the finest ordered work we will not expect you to buy. Our spring overcoats are taking the lead as usual; we have all prices from $5 up, but probably those at $10 are the favorites.

We are prepared to save you good big money in your spring clothing.

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten Season

Fresh Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.
Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.
Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st. store,
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—130 and 157.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind and Door Factory.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HARRIS & WALTON, OF THE CITY OF BELLEVILLE, INSOLVENTS.

TENDERS addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,685 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,208 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to
WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUONEY proprietor. dtf

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Roo Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE
— AND —
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
Representing the following first-class Companies:

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Of Manchester England.
The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.
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Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.
Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.
APPLY TO
JAMES BOOTH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster
Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.
Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

AT STITTSVILLE!

The Town's Leading Merchant Laid Up

Rheumatism in various forms is one of the most common diseases there is. It arises generally from impure blood and a broken down system. In the limbs it is painful; in most of the internal organs dangerous, and in the heart usually fatal.

The experience of Mr. S. Mann, the well known general merchant of Stittsville, is interesting:

"Last winter I was badly afflicted with rheumatism. I decided to try Dr. Chase's Pills. To my surprise, I got immediate relief, and before I had used one box my affliction was gone.

"I was also troubled with biliousness for years, and at intervals of three or four weeks would be laid up with a severe headache and sick stomach. Since using Chase's Pills I have not had an attack of either.

"I may add that Dr. Chase's Ointment for piles and skin diseases in just as effective as Dr. Chase's Pills for blood troubles. I have a clerk who suffered terribly from bleeding piles. He tried Chase's Ointment and in a few days was completely cured."

All dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto. 25c.

Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for colds, bronchitis and consumption. Sure cure, 25 cents.

Baby's Own Soap

IS NOT, as most soaps, made from "soap fat," the refuse of the kitchen or the abattoir.

VEGETABLE OILS supply the necessary ingredients — one of the reasons why it should be used in nurseries and for delicate skins.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.
Montreal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MEDICAL.

DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

P. D. GOLDSMITH, M.D., Ontario, L. S.A., L.R.C.P., and M.R.C.P., London, Eng., has permanently located in Belleville.

Office and residence, 55 Campbell street on the hill, just above Merchants Bank Telephone 95. ju6d&wly

A. QUACKENBUSH, M.D., H.M.D., M.C., P.S.O.

HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office over Flint Jones store, Front street. Residence George Street, south of Bridge.

JOSEPH CALDWELL,

DENTIST—Office, Caldwell Block, Front Street. Residence, Bridge Street. 223d&wtf

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S. England

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East Robertson Block, Front st., Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc. Private funds to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Mortgages and debentures purchased. Estates managed. Agents for the Canada Permanent Loan & Savings Co. Telephone 32.
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(Successor to Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q.C., BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc Office, McAnnany building, corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont. Private and Company money to loan at 6 per cent. on easy terms upon good land security Charges moderate.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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. GUNN,
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. I. DULMAGE, L.D.S., D.D.S., (Toronto University.

DENTIST—Office over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence on Forin Street d w

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

GRANDPA'S WOLF STORY

(Continued.)

The faces of the children became woful again.

"'One rainy day I took my revolver—'"

"Revolver! Grandpapa!" cried Jenny.

"Yes, dear."

"An American revolver, grandpapa?"

"Certainly, dear."

"And did he tell the story in English?"

"Yes, pet."

"But grandpapa, darling, that grandpapa was seventy-three grandpapas back!"

"About that, my dear."

"I kept count, grandpapa."

"And don't you like good old-fashioned stories, Jenny?"

"Oh, yes, grandpapa, but revolvers—Americans—and the English language! Why it was more than twenty-two hundred years ago, grandpapa, darling!"

"Ha! ha! You never thought of that, himmy! Oh, you've been at school, Miss Bright-eyes! Kiss me, you little rogue. Now listen!

"When I was a young fellow—"

"You yourself, grandpapa?"

"Yes, Jenny."

"I'm so glad it was you yourself! I like my own grandpapa's stories best of all."

"Thank you, my dear. After that I must be very entertaining. Yes, I'll tell my best story of all—and Jimmy has never heard it. Well, when I was a young fellow of seventeen I was clerk in a lumber shanty on the Sheboiobonzhegunpashageshickawigamog River.

"How did you ever learn that name, grandpapa, darling?" cried Jennie.

"Oh, I could learn things in those days. Remember it is the difficulty, dear—see if it isn't. I'll give you a nice new ten-dollar bill if you tell me that name to-morrow."

Jenny bent her brows and tried so hard to recall the syllables that she almost lost part of the story. Grandpapa went steadily on:—

"One day in February, when it was too rainy for the men to work, and just rainy enough to go deer-shooting if you hadn't had fresh meat for five months, I took to the woods with my gun, revolver, hatchet, and dinner. All the fore part of the day I failed to get a shot, though I saw many deer on the hemlock ridges of Sheboi—that's the way it begins, Jenny, and Sheboi we called it.

"But late in the afternoon I killed a buck. I cut off a haunch, lifted the carcase into the low boughs of a spruce, and started for camp, six miles away, across snowy hills and frozen lakes. The snowshoeing was heavy, and I feared I should not get in be'ore dark. The Sheboi country was infested with wolves—"

"Bully! It's a wolf story:" said Jimmy. Jenny shuddered with delight.

"As I went along you may be sure I never thought my grandchildren would be pleased to have me in danger of being eaten up by wolves."

Jenny looked shocked at the imputation. Grandpapa watched her with twinkling eyes. When she saw he was joking she cried: "But you weren't eaten, grandppa. You were too brave."

"Ah, I hadn't thought of that. Perhaps I'd better not tell the story. You'll have a worse opinion of my courage, my dear."

"Of course you had to run from wolves, grandpapa!" said the little girl.

"I'll bet grandpapa didn't run then, miss," said Jimmy, "I'll bet he shot them with his gun."

"He couldn't—could you, grandpapa? There were too many. Of course grandpapa had to run. That wasn't being cowardly. It was just—just—running."

"No, Jenny, I didn't run a yard."

"Didn't I tell you?" cried Jimmy. "Grandpapa shot them with his gun."

"You're mistaken, Jimmy."

"Then you must— No, for you're here—you weren't eaten up?" said wondering Jenny.

"No, dear, I wasn't eaten up."

"Oh, I know! The wolves didn't come!" cried Jimmy, who remembered one of his grandpapa's stories as having ended in that unhappy way.

"Oh, but they did, Jimmy!"

"Why, grandpapa, what did you do?"

"I climbed into a hollow tree."

"Of course!" said both children.

"Now I am going to tell you a true wolf story, and that's what few grandpapas can do out of their own experience.

"I was resting on the shore of a lake, with my snow-shoes off to ease my sore toes, when I saw a pack of wolves trotting lazily toward me on the snow that covered the ice. I was sure they had not seen me. Right at my elbow was a big hollow pine. It had an opening down to the ground like the door of a sentry-box.

"There was a smaller opening about thirty feet higher up. I had looked up and seen this before I saw the wolves. Then I rose, stood for a moment in the hollow, and climbed up by my feet, knees, hands and elbows till I thought my feet were well above the top of the opening. Dead wood and dust fell as I ascended, but I hoped the wolves had not heard me."

"Did they, Grandpapa?"

"Perhaps not at first, Jenny. But maybe they got a scent of the dear-meat I was carrying. At any rate, they were soon snapping and snarling over it and my snow shoes. Gobble-de-gobble, yip, yap, snap, growl, snarl, gobble—the meat was all gone in a moment, like little Red Riding Hood."

"Why, grandpapa! The wolf didn't eat little Red Riding Hood. The boy came in time—don't you remember?"

"Perhaps you never read my Red Riding Hood, Jenny," said the old gentleman, laughing. "At any rate, the wolves lunched at my expense; yet I hoped they wouldn't be polite enough to look round for their host. But they did enquire for me—not very politely, I must say. They seemed in bad humor—perhaps there hadn't been enough lunch to go round!"

"The greedy things! A whole haunch of venison!" cried Jenny.

"Ah, but I had provided no currant jelly with it, and of course they were vexed. If you ever give a dinner-party to wolves, don't forget the currant jelly, Jenny. How they yelled for—Cur-r-r-rant-jell-yell-yell-elly-yell! That's the way they went.

"And they also said, Yow—yow—there's — yow — no — deser-r-rt either—yow—yow! Perhaps they wanted me to explain. At any rate they put their heads into the opening—how many at once I don't know, for I could not see down; and then they screamed for me. It was an uncomfortably close scream, chickens. My feet must have been nearer them than I thought, for one fellow's nose touched my moccason as he jumped."

"O grandpapa! If he had caught your foot!"

"But he didn't Jenny, dear. He caught something worse. When he tumbled back he must have fallen on the other fellows, for there was a great snapping and snarling and yelling all at once.

"Meantime I tried to go up out of reach. It was easy enough; but with every fresh hold I took with shoulders, elbows, hands and feet, the dead old wood crumbled and broke away, so that thick dust filled the hollow tree.

"I was afraid I should be suffocated. But up I worked till at last I got to the upper hole and stuck out my head for fresh air. There I was, pretty comfortable for a little while, and I easily supported my weight by bending my back, thrusting with my feet, and holding on the edge of the hole by my hands.

CROW'S NEST RAILWAY

Was the Topic in the Commons Yesterday.

Mr McInnes Scored the British Columbia Legislature in Connection With the B.C. Southern Railway, and Also Roasted The Toronto Globe for Its Surrender of Liberal Principles—Mr. Bostock Also Spoke Strongly Against the C.P.R. Being Given a Monopoly—Sir Charles Tupper Wants the Tariff Fixed at Once.

Ottawa, April 5.—(Special.)—The boy orator of the Pacific coast consumed the greater portion of the time of the House to-day by lambasting the British Columbia Southern Railway Company, the C.P.R. and the Government of his own province. Incidentally he delighted the Conservatives by admitting that the Liberal doctrine of non-disallowance of provincial legislation was a comparatively insignificant matter. Mr. McInnes' speech raised the whole question of the railway through the Crow's Nest. After he had paid his compliments to everybody out west he turned his attention to The Toronto Globe and slated the Liberal organ for its surrender of Liberal principles.

Among the measures introduced was Mr. Casey's bill of last year, respecting drainage on and across lands of the railway companies.

Mr. Foster was told that Senator King had not received any salary as postmaster in Marsh Hill, Ont.

Mr. Maclean had the following questions on the order paper: Has the Canadian Pacific Railway yet begun the construction of their line through the Crow's Nest Pass? Does the Government intend to allow that company to begin the work of construction without first completing the negotiations now going on for the modification in the clauses of the company's charter in the matter of the construction of branch lines and the regulation of the rates and tolls charged by the said company?

Mr. Speaker asked that the questions stand, as they contained an allegation of fact, respecting which he desired to speak to the hon. member.

Mr. Blair, answering Mr. Maclean, said he could not yet announce the name of the successful tenderer for sections 4 to 7 of the Soulanges Canal, as the matter had not yet been decided. The contract for section 12 had gone to M. J. Hogan of Montreal, who was the lowest tenderer.

Mr. Laurier told Mr. Foster that it would be premature to say anything about the granting of a sum of money to the G.T.R. for enlarging the Victoria Bridge at Montreal, as the negotiations were not yet concluded.

Mr. Laurier told Mr. Davin that Mr. F. L. Cartwright had been appointed inspector of Northwest Mounted Police on the 15th February last. He was a son of Sir Richard Cartwright. [Opposition cheers.] Inspector Cartwright is 23 years old, and had certificates of proficiency from infantry and cavalry schools.

A message from His Excellency announced that Sir Richard Cartwright, Messrs. Davies, Fielding and Tarte, together with Mr. Speaker, had been appointed an Internal Economy Commission of the House.

Mr. McInnes moved a resolution setting forth: (1) That an Act passed by the Legislature of British Columbia in the 59th year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled "British Columbia Southern Railway Aid Amendment Act, 1896," extends the grant formerly made to the British Columbia Southern Railway Company of an enormous amount of public wealth and extraordinary privileges; (2) That in the opinion of this House (a) the grants and privileges so extended are unwarranted and grossly extravagant, they are made without the interests of the public being properly safeguarded, and include rights the alienation of which from the control of the people will retard the development of the country and prevent a general enjoyment of its advantages, (b) the said Act if continued in force would create such a monopoly in land, coal and transportation as would prove dangerous to the development and prosperity of the said province and to the interests of Canada generally; and praying therefore that His Excellency will be pleased to disallow the said Act.

He said that this motion, coming from a Liberal, might be regarded as somewhat peculiar, but circumstances were such as to warrant action which he suggested in his motion. Liberals in the past had defended the rights of the provinces, but the people of British Columbia were not appealing to Parliament to ask them to defend the rights of British Columbia.

Col. Prior: No.

Mr. McInnes: I am well aware that the hon. gentleman would say "No," because rumor says he has an egg in this nest which they will hatch out.

Continuing, he said that the British Columbia Government would probably cry out "Hands off British Columbia!" but he unhesitatingly said that the people of British Columbia were asking for disallowance of this Act.

Col. Prior: No.

He doubted whether the Legislature of British Columbia would re-enact this Act if it were disallowed by Federal authority. He was well aware that many Liberals believed in the principle of non-disallowance of provincial legislation, but there were many questions of more importance than the comparatively insignificant little principle of non-disallowance. [Derisive Conservative cheers.] He proceeded to give a history of the British Columbia Southern Railway from the time it was chartered in 1888 until last year. That company received a tremendous land subsidy (20,000 acres per mile), but by careless legislation 8,000,000 more acres was given to the company than was intended.

Sir Charles Tupper: Before the hon. gentleman leaves that point I would like to ask whether the Act has not been amended so as to correct that mistake?

Mr. McInnes admitted it had, although it was evident he had not intended to say so. Proceeding, he said the holders of the charter hawked it all over to sell it, but without success. The total land subsidy which the company held was about 6,500,000 acres, most of it being in a valuable mining region. Dr. Selwyn made a cursory examination of the Pass and estimated the coal area at 144 square miles, or 50,000,000 tons of coal. Mr. Ferney, the engineer of the Crow's Nest Coal Company, gave the coal area as covering 35 miles by 10 miles, which in his judgment contained the enormous quantity of 17,500,000,000 tons of coal, the thickness of the seam being 132 feet. The calculation made by the C.P.R. engineers was still greater. By the estimates of thickness of seam given by Mr. Ferney, the total quantity of coal was 39,370,000,000. At one cent a ton this would give $39,370,000,000, or a sum equal to the national debt of Canada, and sufficient to build a railway around the earth. At the more reasonable estimate of $1 per ton the value would amount to $39,370,000,000, which the company would get. [Laughter.] Well, the British Columbia Southern syndicate had at last been successful in the hawking of the charter, and had sold it to the C.P.R. There was no greater monopoly anywhere than the C.P.R., and he objected to the hands of that company being strengthened. In the matter of freight rates the C.P.R. had drawn the last cent from the struggling settlers and farmers of the Northwest. Their action in regard to the British Columbia Southern charter showed their inordinate greed. Notwithstanding their strong position, they were asking for more assistance from the Dominion Government. Could anyone imagine anything bespeaking more gall? British Columbia was demanding an independent line to the coast. He trusted the Government would see to it that the interests of British Columbia were properly safeguarded; and even if the C.P.R. built from Alberta into the Kootenay, the Government could build a line from the coast to the Kootenay district. The tremendous subsidy he had mentioned would be got by the C.P.R. building a narrow gauge road 75 miles long through from Lethbridge to the Kootenay.

Dealing with The Toronto Globe's attitude in favor of the construction of the line by the C.P.R., Mr. McInnes declared the course of the Liberal organ was characterized by cant and duplicity.

Mr. Mills: That's nothing to the somersault you'll see here in a few weeks.

The Globe, continued Mr. McInnes, in taking this course was simply doing the work of its masters, the C.P.R., whose regime, he added, had been "characterized by corruption, extortion, tyranny and greed."

In conclusion, he said that the Government could well afford to build the road for British Columbia, for in ten years that province had paid $5,000,000 to the Dominion Treasury in excess of what she had received from Federal sources.

Col. Prior agreed with the statement of British Columbia's strong claims upon the Dominion. But as to the provincial charter to the British Columbia Southern, neither the speaker nor any other member of the company had anything to be ashamed of. The charter had been regularly and fairly obtained. This House had nothing to do with the charter; it was incorrect to say that the charter had been hawked round. The company had done its best to get capital, but it was only since the opening of the mines that the C.P.R. had seen fit to take up the charter. Neither was it true that the company controlled all the coal lands in that section, there being abundance of coal in the Alberta section, while the reports of the Government Engineer were to the effect that there was room in the narrowest part of the pass for four lines of railway. There was therefore no possibility of a monopoly being created. British Columbia certainly expected the Government to assist in the construction of an independent line from the coast. The Premier having already stated it was not the Government's intention to disallow the Act, he would let the matter rest at that.

Mr. Bostock continued the debate in favor of the resolution, speaking up to 6 o'clock.

Continuing after recess, Mr. Bostock argued that it would be a serious matter for the C. P. R. to be placed in a position to dictate terms to the whole country in the matter of freight rates. Neither was it a purely provincial matter. The manufacturers of Ontario and Quebec were beginning to send in machinery and other mining supplies in larger quantities, and the only question to be solved in that connection was that of transportation.

Mr. Davin said the Territories were deeply interested in securing as low freight rates as possible. When it was announced that arrangements had been made with the C. P. R., by which the company was to make valuable concessions, the Northwest rejoiced; but, if that had fallen through, then the Government ought to build the road through the Crow's Nest Pass, and, if it were necessary to bring this about, that the charter in question should be disallowed. The Government should not hesitate to act.

Mr. Morrison pointed out that the B. N. A. Act guarantees the right to each province of the Dominion of local self-government, and the power of disallowance should be sparingly used. His constituency, while feeling strongly on this subject, was composed of broad and liberal-minded citizens, and would be satisfied with his course in opposing the resolution before the House, provided a good case were made out against disallowance. After a careful argument upon the constitutional aspect of the case, Mr. Morrison concluded by commending the case to the careful consideration of the Government.

Dr. Sproule reminded the House of trouble that arose in Manitoba some 10 years ago over the disallowance of the Railway Act of the Manitoba Legislature. He had no doubt there would be an outcry in British Columbia if the Government acted on the suggestion of the resolution. Still, the country was greatly worked up over this question and the charge was made that The Globe had been mesmerized in the interests of monopoly. He thought the Government could effect the object sought by preventing the amalgamation of the B. C. Southern and the C. P. R.

Mr. Oliver protested in the interests of Alberta against the monopoly by the C. P. R. of the valuable franchises of the B. C. Southern.

Hon. Mr. Davies, who during the evening had been leading the House, said he did not seek to minimize the importance of the question Mr. McInnes had brought up when he confessed that he had not heard the latter part of his speech. All would agree that where there had been a clear invasion of Dominion jurisdiction by a Provincial Legislature, a fair case is made out for disallowance. It was established that, even in cases in which the subject matter is within the jurisdiction of provincial legislation it then was a clear interference with Dominion interests, interference ought to take place, but it was a matter which ought to be looked closely into. Improvident legislation was not necessarily to be interfered with. It must be shown that Federal interests were imperilled. This motion was the first request the Government had received for disallowance. He, therefore, asked that the matter be allowed to rest for the present, inasmuch as the Government would shortly bring down its policy in the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. He moved the adjournment of the debate and the motion carried.

On Hon. Mr. Davies' motion to adjourn, Sir Charles Tupper arose and asked what the Government proposed to do about his suggestion to drop the franchise bill. There was no pressing necessity for it. Moreover, a question awaited solution which is of the most vital importance to the country. "We have now," continued the Opposition leader, "reached that season of the year when it is of vital importance to the commercial classes of this country that they should have a basis of certainty for their transactions. They must make purchases for the season and they are losing valuable time and being greatly embarrassed. It is consequently of the first necessity to the country that the Government should at least take the House and the country into their confidence as to what was going to be the fiscal policy of this country. Sir Charles asked, therefore, that the franchise bill be postponed at least until after the tariff had been disposed of.

Mr. Davies denied that the Government had connived at dalliance and delay. The Government was simply proceeding with due caution, and he had no hesitation in promising that the Government would shortly bring down its tariff policy. The franchise bill would be moved to the second reading to-morrow, but he could certainly give no assurance that the leader had changed his mind about proceeding with the bill.

Mr. Speaker suggested that hon. gentlemen on both sides should hereafter refrain from discussing simple questions of policy upon a motion to adjourn.

The House adjourned at 10.50 p.m.

MAKING MONEY FLY.

The Liberals Appear to Have Been Liberal With the People's Money—Ottawa News.

Ottawa, April 5.—(Special.)—The contention made by the Opposition in the debate on the address that the tariff would not be brought down until after the Nova Scotia elections is likely to be verified. The Government press announce that the tariff bill will not be brought down this week, and it is probable that it will not be introduced until the end of next week. As a consequence the business interests of the country must wait patiently for some days to suit political exigencies. The Nova Scotia members on both sides of the House will leave in a few days to take part in the provincial elections.

An interesting return of unforeseen expenses was brought down to-day in response to a motion by Mr. Foster. Some three thousand dollars was drawn by Ministers for the expenses of the Tariff Commission. The details given include only $934. No report is furnished showing the manner in which the balance was expended. The stenographers got over $800, and $100 was paid for a special train from Petrolea to London—a pretty good figure. On Oct. 17 last Hon. Wilfrid Laurier personally drew from the Treasury for "investigations" three thousand dollars, and three days later another advance of one thousand was made to the Premier. The sum of $650 was paid to Captain Bloomfield Douglas, $250 to Captain Labelle, and H. J. Palmer of Prince Edward Island had at the time the return was made drawn $100. No information is given respecting the disposition of the remaining two thousand dollars.

Mr. Sandford Fleming and Hon. A. G. Jones have received four thousand dollars allowance for attendance and expenses on the Pacific Cable Conference in London.

Mr. Casey gives notice of a bill which is being promoted by the Canadian Wheelmen's Association, and is of interest to the bicycle fraternity throughout the Dominion. The bill is to compel railway companies to carry bicycles as personal baggage. Wheelmen regard it as a grievance that, while the ordinary traveler is entitled to the free transportation of 150 pouns of baggage and the commercial traveler to 300 pounds, the bicyclist is charged freight on his 25-pound wheel.

The writs for Winnipeg, Macdonald and West Prince, P.E. Island, were issued to-day. Nomination takes place on April 20 and polling on the 27th in each case.

Mr. C. J. Smith, special agent of the United States Treasury, has had an interview with the Minister of Trade and Commerce, the Controller of Customs and the Solicitor-General on behalf of Hon. Lyman Gage, Secretary of the Treasury at Washington. The result of the interview is that important international arrangements have been made so as to protect the revenue at the boundary line on behalf of both Governments. At the present time there are a large number of stores, partly in Canada and partly in the United States, carrying heavy stocks, and the duty is said to be evaded in many cases, smuggling being carried on to a large extent. In future joint action will be taken by both Governments to prosecute offenders. The Canadian officers will assist American ocers and vice versa.

Mgr. Mery Del Val, papal ablegate, put in a busy day to-day. In the morning Mr. Tarte called upon him, and spent some time in close conversation with the papal representative. Subsequently, Mgr. Mery Del Val visited Gloucester-street Convent, where he received a hearty welcome from the pupils.

The faculty, professors and students of Ottawa University gave Mgr. Del Val an enthusiastic reception this afternoon. Convocation Hall was crowded, among those present being Archbishop Duhamel, Archbishop Langevin, Canon Deguire, Canon Michel, Father Beausoleil, Father Forget and Father Lecompte. The theological students from the university scholasticate and juniorate were also present. The faculty wore their academic robes.

When the delegate was seated he was presented with an address in Latin from the faculty. It was read by Rev. Father Lacoste, who was a fellow student of Mgr. Del Val in Rome, and who is regarded as one of the ablest theologians in Canada. An address was then read in English by Mr. E. Gleason and one in French by Mr. Leo Payment, both on behalf of the students; and also one in Latin by Rev. Father Bazinet on behalf of the theological students.

Mgr. Del Val replied briefly in English, French and Latin, exhorting the students to be loyal to the Church, and when going out in the world to put to effective use the knowledge they were acquiring in the university.

Many of the clergy and others were introduced to His Excellency, and he afterwards left, being accompanied to his carriage in waiting by Archbishop Duhamel and the priests of the university.

Mr. George A. Donet, secretary of the Jamaica Agricultural Society writes the Trade and Commerce Department regarding an opening for the shipment of Canadian live cattle. It appears that cattle from the United States and South America are prohibited from entry, and, probably learning of the excellent quality of the Canadian herds, he suggests that arrangements be made for sending them via Halifax, as their sale would be managed on very profitable terms. Particulars might be sent as to our herds and prices.

The oil men of Western Ontario are here to watch the tariff. J. S. Fairbank, ex-M. P., and Charles McKenzie, ex-M. L. A., both staunch Liberals head the delegation. They are strong N. P. men.

and He

"Your bill is too high, sir, and I won't pay it!" snapped the young woman; and she turned sharply on her heel and strode out of the office.

The lawyer who had procured a divorce for her turned again to his desk and merely remarked under his breath:

"'O, woman, in our hours of fees
Uncertain, coy, and hard to please!'"

Bank

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina, Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 75 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. He gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

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Neuralgia

in one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pills very much." ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

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UNDER and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, default having been made in the payment thereof, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the City Hall in the City of Belleville on Wednesday, the 21st day of April 1897 at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, that valuable residence premises in the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario being composed of Lot number Nine (9) on the North side of Moira street as laid down on the plan of Bleecker's Grove registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1848.

This property is very conveniently situated to the business part of the city, and upon the same is a good brick house and a good barn, and there is a nice garden lot in connection therewith fronting upon Moira street upon which another house could be built if desired.

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10 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, a further sum of 25 per cent of said purchase money within 30 days thereafter. The balance of said purchase money can either be paid in cash or a mortgage may be given therefor at six per cent interest payable as provided by the conditions of sale of said land, interest to be payable at said rate upon all unpaid purchase money from the day of sale.

For further particulars apply to Francis S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville.
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The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

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HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 15th April, 1897, for the premises at present occupied by Geo. Moxam, being part Lot 17 on West side of Pinnacle st., Belleville. Cash payment. W. JEFFERS DIAMOND, Solicitor for Administrator. 3-30d6t

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AUCTION SALE.

MRS. THEODORE SPAFFORD, corner Foster ave. and Hotel st., will sell her Household Effects on WEDNESDAY, 7th inst., consisting of beautiful Parlor Suite, Dining, Kitchen and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Pictures, etc. Sunlight Range (new), Countess Heater (new), Two-seated Cutter, Lady's Saddle, Gentleman's Saddle. Sale to commence at 9:30 a.m.

J. G. DAVISON,
Auctioneer.

d3-6

Daily Intelligencer.

Honor Roll for March.

CENTRAL SCHOOL.

Senior Fourth class—1st Division.—Isabel Keith, 897; Gertie Lyng, 813; Cora McGuire, 800; Connie Weller, 789; Lem Roberts, 785; Minnie Keith, 777.

2nd Division.—Mabel Fairfield, 771; Mayoni Hamilton, 732; Aileen McKeown, 730; Harry Lee, 723; Harry Sprague, 723; Isa Moore, 718; Stanley Pringle, 708.

Junior Fourth—1st Division.—Susie O'Flynn, 700; Teddie Harrison, 664; Grace Forward, 652; Charlie Mills, 599; Bessie Moore, 575; Lola Weese, 560.

2nd Division.—Myrtle Boyce, 672; Florence Weese, 640; Emma Simonds, 611; Minnie Bateman, 607; Rob Hamilton, 598; Dora Lee, 558.—S. A. Gardiner, teacher.

Senior Fourth, max. 1060.—Viola Handley, 1039; Carrie Jones, 982; Pearl Zwick, 937; Merton Gordon, 935; Mattie Jones, 922; Clarence Reid, 907.

Junior Fourth, max. 1060.—Lizzie Moore, 844; Lillie Elvins, 779; Cora Watkins, 673; Vivian Gill, 664; Norah Casey, 655; Bessie Corbett, 653.—M. A. Northcott, teacher.

Senior Fourth—Arthur Northrup, 519; Louisa Pascoe, 510; John McKenna, 491; Arthur Parker, 487; Charlie Sargent, 460; Brenton Moore, Harry McCrodan, 439.

Intermediate — Alice Ormond, 450; Frank Simpson, 446; Roy Chown, 439; Clair Hitchon, 438; Polly Elvins, 430; Allie Leavens, 429.

Junior—Maggie Hill, 448; Ned Henthorn, 456; Emma Rutledge, 439; Ruby Milburn, 436; Ellis Fax, 434.—C. Urquhart, teacher.

Senior 3rd Class—Stuart Lazier, Mabel Cook, 674; Jessie Garrett, 637; Flora Gordanier, 631; Howard Frost, 628; Grace Pepper, 613; Harry Gardiner, 588.

Junior—Edith Hamlin, 585; May Mills, 492; John Perchard, 412; Nina Naylor, 411; Lila Burrows, 401; Lucy Forster, 386; Flossie Henthorn, 383.—M. Fleming, teacher.

Senior Second Class—Olive Smythe, 1,101; Joe Taylor, 1,082; Walter Soule, 988; Katie Lazier, 893; Lily Twining, 880; Charlie Steward, 875.

Junior Second Class — Harry Pratt, 1,044; Hudson Turner, 985; May Arnott, 974; Clara Galbraith, 936; Willie Allen, 935; Eva Harker, 931.—L. Craig, teacher.

Senior Third—Ruby Robb, 725; George Marshall and John Simpson, 370; Willie Sargent, 660; Fred Spangenberg, 625; George Stewart, 605; Harry Mayo, 575; Arthur Lewis, 570.

Junior Third—Tom Froysell, 640; Bessie Pepper, 610; Ethel Beaufrey, 600; Arthur Harrison, 475; Ray Smythe, Kathleen Stork and Johnnie Boyd, 450; Karl Spangenberg, 445; Nie Denmark, 440.—B. R. Emmons, teacher.

Senior Second—Max. 336.—I. Dulmage, 306; A. Wallbridge, 303; V. Gordon, 300; A. Minaker, 288; M. Young, 287; L. Curry, 279.

Junior Second—Max. 294—S. Stork, 233; F. Wilson, 231; J. Crooks, 227; N. Goldsmith, 210; W. Wardhaugn, 205.—I. Northcott, teacher.

Senior Part II.—Max. 1284—Geo. Holmes, 1174; Gwenna Hamilton, 1077; Robbie Crombie, 1052; Clara Thompson, 1043; Gladys Burke, 1038; Craig McIntyre, 1026.

Junior Part II.—Max. 442—Flossie Graham, 430; Irene Keeler, 426; Mary Jones, 424; Irene Stoutt, 420; Mary Petty, 414; Claud Acton, 406.—M. McCaughey, teacher.

Senior Part II.—Arthur Duncan, 526; Roy Moore, 500; Bert Parks, 494; Percy Anderson, 461; Bessie Howell, 445; Henry Grass, 442.

Junior Part II.—Ethel Middleton, 480; George Adams, 471; Douglas Waterston, 463; Janie Cunnington, 396; John Wilson, 395; Harry Backus, 393.

Part I.—Ella Gordon, Joe Wallbridge, John Hill, Jessie McGie, Marjorie Waters, Isa Reid.—R. Vincent, teacher.

Part I.—A. Henthorne, 213; F. Knight, 209; E. Archbold, 202; L. Weeks, 202; M. Marsh, 196; T. Aman, 193; S. Littlewood, 192; D. McKenna, 181; C. Burrows, 180; C. Middleton, 179; G. Berkley, 177.—L. Aull, teacher.

C. S. Parke, M.D., Quebec: "I certify that I have employed with marked success the 'Pheno-Banum' ('Quickcure') in burns and certain wounds, and can thoroughly recommend its employment."

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

Ladies!

You will save
time and patience
if you

USE

Glapperton's Thread

It is STRONG,
EVEN,
RELIABLE

Trade Mark

WILL NOT BREAK
NOR SNARL

ALL DEALERS SELL IT.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. Lesser, Manager.

One Night Only—THURSDAY, APRIL 15th.

The Greatest Popular Music Band in the World,

The CHICAGO MARINE BAND.....

T. B. Brooke, Leader.

Assisted by the phenomenal Soprano, MISS SIBYL SAMMIS.

Greeted throughout America with thunders of applause.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

Critical Condition.

Of Thousands of Canadians.

BLOOD IS FOUL AND DISEASED.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND THE GREAT SPRING CLEANSER.

Is your blood impure and poisoned? It is if you have eruptions, blotches, pimples, sores, eczema, salt rheum or erysipelas. With such troubles the blood is fast carrying poison and disease to every part of your system.

To be clean, sound, vigorous and healthy you must use Paine's Celery Compound. Its vitalizing and healthgiving properties show at once upon the blood; it is unequallled as a health producer and cleanser.

No bitters, nervines, sarsaparillas or pills con possibly remove the dangers that lurk in your system at this time. For pure, red blood, rosy cheeks and good digestion you need Paine's Celery Compound that has always done such a mighty and wonderful work in the past.

Beware of the substitutes that are frequently offered for Paine's Celery Compound—those worthless imitations that are pushed on the unsuspecting for the sake of the large profits they bring the retailer. Insist upon having "Paine's" the kind that makes people well.

Dr. Andres, Beaver Hall, Montreal, writes: "For burn and sores it is really far better than an remedy I know of; it is mild and safe to use, and it makes a splendid plaster. Where an Anodyne is required, and when Aconite or Belladonna might be dangerous, a 'Quickcure' plaster gives relief in fifteen minutes."

Bridge St. Church League.

Bridge st. League still holds on its way. Their meeting last night was led by Miss E. Jones, and addressed by Rev. T. J. Thompson. The address dealt with the formation of the Lord's Day Alliance and its aims and methods of work. He wanted the young people to practically express their sympathy with the Alliance by helping as far as they could in the Endeavor to preserve the sanctity of the Sabbath in Canada.

Evangelistic work in cottage prayer meetings is a specialty of the Bridge st. League. Last week two such meetings were attended by seventy people.

Letter From the Rector of the High School.

"Dear Doctor Ievers,—I should like to add another testimonial to the numbers you have already received in favor of 'Quickcure.' I have been troubled a good deal lately with Boils, and tried 'Quickcure.' I can only describe its effect as magical; in about half a minute after application I felt as though I had never been troubled at all, and was completely well in two days. Wishing you every success with your valuable discovery, I remain, yours very truly,

Signed, G. AINSLIE YOUNG,
Rector High School, Quebec.

Dec., 1896.

County Court.

The action of Vanmeer vs. Vanmeer was continued yesterday afternoon and adjourned till to-morrow to allow the regular non-jury County Court work to be taken up to-day. The only case in the last mentioned Court was Stainton vs. Dalton, particulars of which were given in our Saturday's issue, and it was still in progress as we went to press.

Peterborough, Oct. 22, 1896.

To Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Gentlemen,—I take great pleasure in testifying to the merits of Dr. Chase's K. & L. Pills. They prove themselves to be what they are recommended for, and are one of the best selling pills that I have ever handled.

J. D. TULLY, druggist.

Police Notes.

John Lake reports having had two horse brushes stolen from his stable.

Five ho-bos accepted quarters with the police last night.

As usual some business places were found unlocked.

The long drawn-out horse case of Garbutt, Leavens and Snook was again before the court this morning.

Dressing Handsomely and Well At a Small Cost.

A lady friend, a user of Diamond Dyes, writes as follows;

"With Diamond Dyes I changed my husband's faded gray suit to a rich dark brown shade, and a blue one was made black, while the children never knew what had become of their old clothes, and wondered where all the new ones came from.

"My experience proves that any woman who can read the plain directions on the Diamond Dye envelope can not only save a large amount of money in clothing her family, but will wear just as handsome and fashionable clothes as before. Diamond Dyes are indeed the true preventives of hard times."

A Graduate of Toronto University says:

"My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years. Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla will do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25 cents.

A LINK IN EVOLUTION.

THE BONES OF THE SLOTH AID IN AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERV.

The Sloth Now Ascertained to Have First Existed in North America and Then to Have Emigrated to South America—A Prehistoric Monster.

One of the greatest mysteries of science, a perplexity that has harassed the minds of the foremost scientists, stands explained by a discovery recently made by Dr. S. L. Wortman, of the department of paleontology, American Museum of Natural History. By it geographers must change theories that have prevailed as unchangeable and alter their reckonings in one instance by 450,000 years. In another domain of science, that which deals with the monster animals of prehistoric times and their life, some interesting conjectures, accepted almost as a fixed belief, must be dismissed when confronted by the clear facts set forth with indisputable evidence by Dr. Wortman.

A PREHISTORIC MONSTER.

It proves, so Dr. Wortman reasons, that there is an Isthmus of Panama half a million years ago; not the neck of the present day, but a predecessor, which in the lapse of time came and disappeared. Geographers have contended that the thin strip of land which connects North and South America is about fifty thousand years old, and that before that time there flowed a sheet of water, seventy miles wide, between th two continents.

It shows that those huge sluggards, the gigantic sloths, as large as an elephant, came from what are now the southwestern portions of the United States, and not from South America. But all traces of these animals were confined almost exclusively to South America. Now and then a skeleton has been found elsewhere—a few remains in this country and some fragments of sloth teeth at Egerkingen, Prussia.

How those great beasts were bred has been unknown. That lack of knowledge was a serious defect in the chain of evidence proving the doctrine of volution. As geologists resolutely held that during the whole of the Eocene period, which ended several hundred thousand yeas ago, there was absolutely no land connection between North and South America, how could animals emigrate from one continent to the other? Some geologists have entertainde the belief that they originated in North America, which then was tropical, and marched to Alaska, then over the ancient land bridge which connected that country with Asia, then strode into Europe, later visiting Africa and finally marched across a sunken antarctic continent to South America.

The true solution of this profound problem was discovered in the San Junan Basin, in the northwestern part of New Mexico, by Dr. Wortman recently. He gave a brief technical account in a memoir just published, and it has excited much interest among scientists all over the world, upsetting, as it does, many theories, and throwing a strong flashlight upon the origin of things. In another memoir, entitled "The Ganodonta and Their Relationship to the Edentata," soon to be issued by the American Museum of Natural History, Dr. Wortman will describe his find more fully.

In a canyon a thousand feet high in the San Juan Basin, which is part of the Bad Lands of New Mexico, he hit upon skulls and fragmentary remains which in an instant, as it were, revealed the tale f the sloth and armadillo tribe; how they gradually evoluted from smallness to monstrous proportions, and how they emigrated. This discovery clears the long obscured point of the origin and descent of the entire sloth group and brings them back into the closest relationship with other orders of mammals.

Deep down in that canyon he disinterred one skull and a foot, lying in the lowest eocene strata in North America. Now, as this particular layer of sediment, which later turned into stone, was deposited not less than five hundred thousand years ago, Dr. Wortman reckons the original sloth to whom that skull belonged lived that many years in the past. All the region thereabouts was covered by a great lake, which gradually, through the lapse of countless ages, became filled by mud, stone and other matter washed into it. The lowest eocene stratum is a mile and a half below the present surface of th earth.

The skull is not that of the gigantic sloth, but of his most primitive, clearly defined ancestor, whose girth was about that of a bulldog—certainly not larger. Here, then, was the sloth's original home, and here it first flourished. When this moderate sized fellow died its corpse became embedded in th muddy bottom of th lake. Tens of thousands of years after this another sloth passe daway, and its body tumbled into the lake and sank. This one was larger than the other, and, as the lake kept rising all the time, its bones are found hundreds of feet higher up in the canyon. But there came a time when the lake had risen so high that it overflowed and disappeared. The mud that had accumulated in its bottom, gradually turned into sandstone. In this water, through an almost endless procession of years, cut its way, and so formed the canyon in the depths of which Dr. Wortman was enabled to grasp the evidence scientists so long have sought.

Thus the first known ancestor of the sloth has been placed, and indisputably had his origin here and nowhere else. Through the whole of the vast eocene period which ended half a million years ago the sloth flourished and evoluted until it became, as other remains found by Dr. Wortman in higher econe deposits show, as large as a yearling steer.

Then came a sudden and most startling change. At the close of the eocene period deposits all traces of the sloth in North America disappeared abruptly and reappear in South America. This fact is full of the deepest significance.

It means, says Dr. Wortman, that, notwithstanding the theories of geographers, there was an isthmus between North and South America, half a million years ago. Volcanic disturbances all of a sudden closed the watery gap between the continents, and over this land bridge, the animals from the United States and Mexico made gradually a grand emigration. The sloths went into South America in great hordes. They found things more congenial there, as the climate in this country was changing rapidly from the tropical to the temperate.

This isthmus, Dr. Wortman reasons, was temporary and doubtless existed for a few hundred years. Then, due to volcanic disturbances again, it disappeared and an oceanic stretch intervened until about fifty thousand years ago, when the isthmus of the present uprose from the water.

Substitue for Rubber.

A substitute for rubber which can be produced in large quantities at less than a quarter of the cost of genuine rubber has been discovered in alifornia. The substitute is the product of a tree which grows abundantly in the central part of the State, and was discovered by accident. The tree is tapped near the base and the sap, which is quite dark colored, is caught in a vessel. After being exposed for a day or two a layer of tough, elastic material, closely resembling rubber, is formed. If this is taken off another layer will form. This substance will vulcanize like rubber and when properly treated is a perfect substitute for the genuine article. It has been tested by several scientific men, who say it will take the place of rubbed for almost any purpose.

Wait for

W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S

New Opening.

HARDWARE & BICYCLES.

Sole Agents Gendron, New Barnes and Reliance Wheels; no better in the market; good value for your money.

Also a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. All NEW GOODS, bought at lowest prices.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

Treatment of Skin Diseases in Bellevue Hospital, New York.

Professor Joseph N. Henry, M.D., lecturer on Dermatology, Bellevue Hospital, New York, writes: "I have used 'Pheno-Banum' ('Quickcure') in chronic skin disease: namely Psoriasis, and obstinate ulcesation of the leg, due to varicositas; and also in suppurative dermatitis. I have found it to be of marked service, and consider it a very good preparation."

—Toronto Civic Holiday will be held Aug. 2nd.

—The Methodist church at Muncie was destroyed by fire.

—The Sunday car vote will be taken in Toronto on Saturday, May 15.

—Three hundred members of the Six Nations Indians have petitioned Parliament to cancel their electoral franchise.

—The regular chartered insurance companies hold $837,872,884 in fire risks in Canada, and there is $327,814,465 of life insurance in force.

A special car attached to the mixed from the east this morning brought a large number of residents of Deseronto, who came to attend the funeral of the late H. B. Rathbun.

—Three men were asphyxiated by carbonic acid gas in a large vat in Wm. Dow & Co's. brewery at Montreal. John Webb and Matthew Hennigan lost their lives in attempting to rescue John Murphy, who went in first.

Every druggist in the City of Quebec, without exception, testifies to the universal satisfaction expressed by their customers, as to the merits of "Quickcure" for all kinds of pain.

Worth Ten Dollars a Bottle.

Any person who has used Nerviline, the great pain cure, would not be without it if it cost ten dollars a bottle. A good thing is worth its weight in gold, and Nerviline is the best remedy for all kinds of pain. It cures neuralgia in five minutes; toothache in one minute; lame back at one application; headache in a few minutes; and all pains just as rapidly.

The Surgeon of 8th Royal Rifles, Quebec,

Writes: "I have used, with much success, 'Pheno-Banum' (or 'Quickcure') in dressing wounds, which suppurated even under the dressing of Iodoform; the effect was remarkable, all discharge ceasing, and healing granulation setting up at once, after first application of 'Quickcure.' I consider its antiseptic action as valuable as its marvellous pain relieving properties."

Signed, GEO. H. PARKE, M.D.,
10 Palace st., Quebec.

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '97

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.

Phone 189.

The Time

has again come for putting away Furs. You need something to keep the moths away. We have it.

—CAMPHOR,
—MOTH BALLS,
—TAR PAPER, at

THE PHARMACY,

D M. WATERS.

THE ALE AND PORTER

..........OF..........

JOHN LABATT,

LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN

WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,

AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Our Star Portland Cement

Is the best in the market, having beeu proved so by tests. Sold by all the dealers in the city.

For Sale Cheap.

DRY SOFT WOOD.

A Good Horse for Farm or Cart.

To Rent.

A Good Office on Bridge Street.

The Rathbun Company

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

Quickcure

Is the quickest remedy ever known to cure Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Boils, Sprains, Strains, etc.

The many well known people, of high standing in the community, who have spoken and written of the merits of Quickcure, show that it is an honest remedy of great efficacy.

Note the testimonials in this issue.

The Cleveland Bicycle.

Look at the Women who Ride These Wheels, they look so Happy and Healthy.

Constant, mental, physical aud moral help we feel
"That bids us turn enthusiasts and cry "God bless the Wheel."
—WILL CARLETON.

Models 27, 28 and 29..................Price $100
Models 22 and 23.....................Price $75

H. A. Lozier's Celebrated make, at

FOSTER'S, 430 Front St. BELLEVILLE.

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

EASTER NOVELTIES.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF EASTER GOODS NEXT WEEK

OYSTERS ARRIVING AS USUAL.
CHOICE BANANAS 20cts. per doz.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Miller's Compound Iron Pills cure St. Vitus Dance, 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

Removal Sale!

Only a few days left now before we vacate our present stores.

Everything is reduced in price so as to greatly reduce our stock for moving, and it is your greatest chance to buy almost anything you want at cost and under.

IN THE FAIR . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Crockery, Glassware,
Dishes, Agateware,
Woodenware, Tinware,
Brooms, Teas and Coffees.

IN THE BEEHIVE . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Fancy Goods, Soaps,
Wools, Combs,
Felts, Brushes,
Silks, Mirrors,
Novelties, Whisks,
Toys, Braces,
Dolls, and General Smallwares.

And if you want to save money on your purchases come this week, as sale only lasts a few days longer.

Come with the crowds to

The Beehive and The Fair

REMOVAL SALE.

CHAS. N. SULMAN

FLOWER'S BARGAIN HOUSE

IF YOU WANT FIRST-CLASS GOODS CHEAP CALL ON US—WE KEEP ALMOST EVERYTHING.

Front Street - - - Belleville.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7 1897. NO. 286

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel--70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Opening

WE are to-day opening up to do business in the future on strictly cash principles.

We would invite our customers and the public to call and have a look through our large stock and see the very low prices Dry Goods can be bought for, when bought for cash.

All goods are marked in plain figures, and only one price to everybody.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Canton Belleville.
Separate school Board.
Juvenile Oxford Lodge.
Companions of the Forest.
Order Canadian Home Circle.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Bicycle Club—W. S. Cook's Office.
Prayer Meeting—St. Andrew's Church.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.
Week Night Services—Protestant Churches.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 7—Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee assassinated at Ottawa by James Whelan, 1868.
St. Francois Xavier born, 1506.
Duke of Albany died, 1853.
Pedro I. of Brazil abdicated, 1831.

THE WEATHER.

Dull, threatening and considerably cooler, the temperature falling to the freezing point last night. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	26	Min	32
8 a. m	32	8 a. m	33
Noon	40	Noon	43

PROBABILITIES.

Moderate northerly winds; fair and cooler.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

Annual Meeting.

The Woman's Auxiliary of St. Thomas' church held their seventh annual meeting in the church hall on Monday, April 5th, at three o'clock. There were thirty members present. The yearly reports of the various officers were read and adopted. Besides bales sent to our own Diocese and the Northwest, the amount of money collected and given to the Domestic and Foreign missions was $175.34. The election of officers for the ensuing year by ballot resulted as follows:

President—Mrs. May.
1st Vice-President—Mrs. Hungerford.
2nd Vice-President—Mrs. Couldery.
Cor. Sec.—Mrs. W. B. Northrup.
Rec. Sec.—Mrs. Kirkwood.
Treasurer—Mrs. Hunter.
Super. of work—Mrs. Twining.
Super. of Junior Guild—Miss Caswell.
Super. of Children's Guild—Miss M. Smart.

Delegates to Diocesan meeting at Kingston in June next are Mrs. May and Mrs. W. B. Northrup.

Miller's Compound Iron Pills cure St. Vitus Dance. 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

The Price of Prosperity
IS ADVERTISING IN THE
INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

The Snooks, Garbutt and Leavens case in the police court yesterday was enlarged for judgment.

You save money when you buy your Spring Hat at Harry's. All the latest styles.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

A good assortment of Tweed Blue and Black Serge Caps for boys and men; only 25c at Harry's.

We are glad to learn that Miss Irwin's illness reported in yesterday's paper was not serious, as she was at business this morning.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

Haines & Lockett will keep the sale open till nine o'clock to-night to accommodate those who cannot get in during the day. Some splendid bargains in Gents' Tan and Black Slater Boots.

In the estate of the late Mrs. Emma J. Chapman, of Thurlow, letters of administration have been granted to the Toronto General Trusts Co. Estate $330. W. J. Diamond, solicitor.

Lawrence Lockett is again in charge of the Bicycle Department of Haines & Lockett, next door to Weese's Photo Rooms, their line of which is particularly attractive, ranging from the handsome "Ohio" at fifty dollars, to the "Columbia," Standard of the world, at one hundred dollars.

OBITUARY.

THOMAS JONES.

Quite unexpected indeed was the death last night of Thomas Jones at his residence, Elmer st. He was down town on Saturday last and called upon one of his neighbors on Monday. He was attacked the same evening with pneumonia and his constitution, weakened by age, could not withstand the disease. Deceased was born in Prince Edward county and had lived in this city about forty years. He was in his 84th year. Mr. Jones was married twice, his first wife having died several years ago. He was married in October last to Mrs. Vanvalkenberg, and she, with five sons and one daughter, survives him. His children are Albert, Sydney, Australia; Jacob, Jamestown, N.Y.; Reynard, Winnipeg; Manly, British Columbia; David and Phoebe at home. Mr. Jones did more to beautify Belleville than any other man that ever lived here. To him we are indebted for most of the fine avenues of trees which shade our streets. He made a business for many years of selling young maples to the citizens. He contributed in no small way to the comfort of the citizens by providing straw for beds, etc. In politics he was a Reformer. The date of the funeral has not yet been fixed.

Wherever the sun shines Dr. Chase's remedies are known, and no music so sweet to many a poor soul as the song of rejoicing over restoration to health in the use of them. Ask your dealer about them.

Thousands are suffering excruciating misery from that plague of the night, Itching piles and say nothing about it through sense of delicacy. All such will find an instant relief in the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment. It never fails.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Wm. Connor is very low.

Miss Cora Fanning was weaker to-day.

Mr. E. Miles' condition is not improved.

E. W. Watson, Port Pope, is at the Quinte.

Alex. J. Grant, Coteau Landing, is at the Quinte.

J. A. Wilkinson, Woodstock, is at the Quinte.

Col. Brown refuses nourishment and is growing weaker.

Miss Edith Thompson, Sinclair st., entertained a large party of young people last night.

Mrs. Frank Flynn and family left to-day for New York, where they will reside in future.

Mrs. Dr. Gemmell, who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. W Dunnet, left for her home in Prescott to-day.

Fred S. Brown, of this city, leaves to-morrow for Chicago, where he has secured a situation on the Chronicle.

The Ven. Canon Burke has a class of communicants under instruction who will be confirmed on the 25th inst. by the Bishop of Ottawa in St. Thomas' church.

W. Masson, D. & D. Institute; T. S. Baillie, F. M. Tait, A. McDougall, Thos. Sutton, Montreal; F. W. McCabe, New York; Arch Denny, Fred Killer, Geo. Anderson, F. Musgrove, J. Johnston, A. Subbard, Ed. Egan, R. Caldwell, Toronto; J. A. Wilkinson, Woodstock; C. F. DeCue, Hamilton; W. J. Dawson, Kingston; Alex. J. Grant, Coteau Landing; E. W. Watson, Port Hope, are at the Quinte.

J. J. Beyette, C. Beyette, E. Houle, Deseronto; L. A. Wright, E. M. Young, W. S. Fraser, Wm. Moffatt, Picton; John B. Graham, J. H. Clappison, F. A. Crowthers, Hamilton; T. P. Bowen, New Glasgow; Frank White, H. W. Petrie, J. O. Gendron and A. M. Thompson, Toronto; F. C. Taggart, Manchester; H. Leighton, Harriston; C. E. Westcott, London; D. Markle, Milford; J. T. Frederick, Campbellford; Asa Beach, Iroquois; A. J. Brooks, Northport; Fred Castle and J. H. Radford, Montreal; H. G. Buck, Norwood, are registered at the Anglo.

An Official Visit.

There was a large gathering of Masons at the meeting of Moira Chapter last evening to meet Grand Superintendent S. C. Warner, of Napanee. He was accompanied by several brethren from that town, and visitors were present from Toronto and other points. The work of the officers was highly satisfactory to the Grand Superintendent, who congratulated them upon their efficiency. At the banquet that followed toasts, speeches and songs made the rest of the evening pass pleasantly.

—Hard coal has been discovered on the northern shores of Lake Winnipeg.

—Twenty persons were killed and many others were injured by an explosion in a fireworks factory at Lisbon.

WILKINSON GETS 15 YEARS

A Man With a Bad Record Goes to the "Pen" for a Long Term.

Our readers will remember William Henry Wilkinson, who was arrested here on November 7th, 1894, and convicted of entering Marchmont Home and stealing a number of articles. He was a Marchmont boy and knew the place thoroughly. He was sentenced to eighteen months in the Central Prison, but tried to escape and his term was lengthened.

Wilkinson was released on Nov. 26th, 1896, and was immediately placed under arrest on a charge of stealing several articles from Lauren Chadsey's residence, near Wellington, on Nov. 2nd, 1894. Several articles taken from his valise when arrested here were afterwards identified by Chadsey. He was tried at Picton yesterday and sentenced to 15 years. Chief Newton gave evidence against the prisoner. Wilkinson, who is 33 years of age, is a thoroughly bad man and clever at that.

Guaranteed.

We have secured the agency for Belleville for Hone's Pure Mixed Paints. We guarantee every can to give satisfaction or refund the money. We have no hesitation in stating this as we made a thorough test of those paints last season and every can gave perfect satisfaction. Floor paints a specialty.—ALEX. RAY.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

How would "Y.M.C.A. company of the 15th Battalion" look? Are there 42 young men who would join? Let us hear from them.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors last night the following facts were gleaned from the Secretary's report for the month of March: During the two weeks of special meeting 27 young men were personally dealt with, and four have taken a stand for Christ and right. Many others bore testimony to help received. The average attendance at the rooms per day has been 102, or near 3000 visits for the month. The educational classes close this week, with the exception of Singing Class. Examinations in Mechanical Drawing and First Aid will be held this week. Physical examinations and measurements are also being carried on among the gymnasium members. Two cases are cited: One whose difference between chest contracted and expanded was only half an inch last fall now has an expansion of four and three quarter inches; who can tell what that may not mean in the case of any lung trouble? Another case has increased in every measurement from neck downwards. These differences showing the effect of systematic exercise are encouraging both to Directors and members alike. Seven members left the city; all, with one exception, carried introductions to their new home. Seven new members joined. Five applications for boarding houses. Four applications for food and shelter. Three others otherwise helped.

Just Arrived at Harry's.

Cambric shirts, blue hair line stripe, with collar attached; fast colors; only 50c at Harry's.

Police Notes.

The case of McDonald vs. Strachan, for malicious injury to nets, was settled by consent.

Two tramps were in the cells last night.

Two business houses were found open.

The Chief of Police has returned from Picton.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

County Court.

In the County Court yesterday some evidence was taken in the case of Stainton vs. Dalton and the case was adjourned till Thursday, 15th inst.

To-day the case of Vanmeer vs. Vanmeer was resumed.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me."

—Kingston will not increase her rate of taxation this year.

VIN MARIANI

(MARIANI WINE)

THE IDEAL TONIC FOR

Body Brain and Nerves.

Nourishes and Sustains Health, Prevents Disease.

Invaluable in Affections of the Vocal and Respiratory Organs.

"It is most valuable in strengthening the throat and chest. It has been very beneficial to me, and I always have a supply with me. I have recommended it to many artists with the best results."

Ev. ALBANI-GYE

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL,
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA

ALSO FOR *Gold Lack Sec Champagne*
Old Empire Rye Whisky

NEWS OF THE MINES.

IMPORTANT SALE.

Mining Lot in Madoc Sold for $5,500--Dispute as to Discovery--A Hatchet That Was not Washington's.

(From our own Correspondent.)

MADOC, April 6.

John Eagleson has sold the mineral right to his place—lot 13 in the 10th concession of Madoc—for $5,500. This is close by the sale made by one McKinnon a short time ago.

Claiming discovery of mining leads has had a somewhat laughable illustration as to how far it can be carried by the unscrupulous. Lot 6 in the 11th concession of Tudor is in dispute and has been for some months. Application was made in February last, when another party claimed discovery in January of this year; but it was clearly established by the party applying that it had been discovered in November of last year. To meet this a date further back must be got. A lawyer's assistance from Belleville was secured and May of '96 was fixed; and to make assurance doubly sure, a party was found who swears that 30 years ago he found it—buried a hatchet at the foot of a pine tree to mark it—that lately he found the hatchet, but the pine tree had disappeared. Of course this fixes it, for hasn't he got a hatchet to show? Some fancy that it is possible he is not like Washington with his hatchet.

A New Gold-Saving Process.

(Canadian Miner).

We understand that a new process has been recently perfected by Dr. Stephen H. Emmens in the laboratory of the Argentaurum Syndicate by which gold-bearing ores of all descriptions may be treated to considerably greater advantage than at present. The yield of gold is said to be fully equal to that shown by fire assay, and the cost is less than that of any other process hitherto introduced.

The Gold Ores of Eastern Ontario.

(Canadian Miner.)

We are glad to notice a copy of a report on the Craig mine, in last Saturday's issue of one of our Toronto dailies. The report was made by Mr. W. Hamilton Merritt to the directors of the Toronto Tudor Mining Co., and the general tenor of the same would seem to indicate that there is no question about the fact that free milling ore exists in the eastern part of the Province of a character which will pay handsomely. It evidently now only remains for this company to prove up what quantity of ore of this character is to be found in their property.

Like conditions, no doubt, exist in many other places in this district, and we are more than gratified to think that so near home there are excellent chances of free-milling gold ores, as well as the refractory gold ores, which have long been recognized to exist in the above mentioned region.

With regard to the latter, we are very anxious, with the rest of the community, to learn of the success of the English company who are now testing the extraction of gold from the arsenical ores of Deloro, by means of the Bromo-cyanide process. We have little doubt about the ultimate success of their enterprise, for numerous experiments are reported to have preceded the erection of the works, but if our information is quite correct we are somewhat surprised to learn that they attempted to grind their ore in one of Krupp's ball mills without previously drying it. We understand the delay in their operations has been caused by this defect, which is now being remedied by the erection of adequate drying plant, and we hope any day to hear that satisfactory extraction has resulted from their work.

Geologists have long pointed to the similarity between the Marmora belt and the ordinary Huronian series as represented in the northern and western parts of the province. As it is well-known that this formation is the most prolific carrier of gold ore which is found in Ontario, and is every day proving itself more attractive in the western portion, we therefore think that there are substantial grounds for believing that the prospects of the eastern portion of the province, geologically speaking, may be found to be equal to those of the western. The great attraction to capital of these eastern Ontario gold bearing areas lies in the fact that cheap labor and abundance of agricultural products are to be found close at hand, together with every advantage of an old settled and well developed section of the community.

Odd Bicycle Pants.

There is quite a demand for bicycle pants without the coat The Oak Hall have them made of good strong material, buckle-bottom, all reinforced and made for either braces or belt. If you have an old coat that will answer, possibly you can get through with a pair of the pants. Prices, $1.50 and $2.00.

Navigation Opened.

The schooner Echo, Capt. Smith, left yesterday for Deseronto, where she will load for Gananoque. The Echo is the first vessel to navigate the bay this season, and navigation has opened fifteen days earlier than last year.

The steamer Ella Ross, which was expected to-day, will not come up until Thursday next.

Boys' Shirts and Sweaters.

We are showing an elegant range of Boys' Sweaters, fine wool, blue, white and tan; also Boys' colored shirts, with fine blue and pink stripes, 2 collars and pair cuffs detachable. Also a range of light and dark blues with attached collars and cuffs at SCHUSTER'S.

Easter Monday Ball.

The Foresters are making every preparation for their annual Easter Monday assembly and this year's promises to exceed in pleasure all its predecessors. Invitations have been issued and a large number of young people are expected from as far east as Ottawa and west to Cobourg.

Display of Wilkinson Hats.

Drab, Fawn, Black and Bronze in Hard and Soft Hats at SCHUSTER'S. Everything brand new.

A Graduate of Toronto University says: "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years. Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure

SPORTING NEWS.

THE WHEEL.

The Belleville Ramblers Will Agitate for Better Roads.

Wheeling is going to boom in Belleville this year. There are more agencies than ever before, and more wheels have been sold thus far than for the same time in any previous season. The wheel has come to be recognized by men of all classes as a factor, not only in pleasure but in business, and many of our most prominent business men can be seen in the early morning wending their way countrywards in quest of an appetite for their breakfast and the healthful glow that wheeling induces to the pallid cheek.

Good roads make wheeling a pleasure, and it is in this direction that the Belleville Ramblers will turn their attention during the coming season. Some of our city streets would disgrace one of the northern municipalities, and the Club will urge the Council to remedy, so far as possible, these bad places. Bridge st., with a good roadway, would be a delightful ride, but in its present state it is absolutely dangerous, and complaints are being made daily about it, not only by wheelmen, but by those who have to drive over it.

The Ramblers have organized and have progressive officers. It is to be hoped every one who owns a wheel will identify themselves with the club and thus assist the agitation for improved thoroughfares. A meeting will be held in W. S. Cook's office at 8 o'clock this evening, when a large attendance is expected. A dollar secures you membership in the club, also in the C. W. A. and the Canadian Wheelman for one year. Let there be a good turnout to-night.

FOOTBALL.

The semi-annual meeting of the Belleville Football League will be held on Friday afternoon next, the 9th inst., at 5 o'clock sharp in the parlors of the Y.M.C.A. Any club wishing to join the League has the privilege of sending three representatives to this meeting. Let there be a grand rally this season and boom football along.

Football will be a popular game this season. Already six clubs have organized, namely, City, High School, Maple Leaf, College Hill, and two Albert College teams. They will all play for the Corby Cup. The City team have secured three good men who never wore the Belleville uniform before and the team is in fine shape. A schedule will be drafted in a few days.

BASKET BALL.

There was a deficit of $3.60 in connection with the series of basket ball matches recently held and so to make the physical department pay for itself a game of basket ball has been arranged between five picked men from the Sun staff and a like number of selected men from the INTELLIGENCER office. The game will be played next week in the gymnasium and a small admission of 10 cents charged. The names are not yet made public, but there is a surprise in store for many.

THE KENNEL.

Mr. Phil. Hart received last night from Boston a very handsome young rough-coated St. Bernard dog, namely Imperator, by champion Plinlimmon from Rose. Imperator has a particularly fine head.

Boots Reduced.

We have reduced over one hundred pairs of Ladies' Boots at prices $3.50 to $5 to $2.50 per pair; all best makes and they are No. 1 bargains.—VERMILYEA & SON.

Division Court.

The evidence in the case of Leonard vs. City of Belleville was put in yesterday afternoon in the Division Court, and the case was adjourned to allow both sides to put in written arguments.

The four cases against the Regatta Committee brought by the Picton Boating Club were non-suited. Mr. Young, of Picton, for plffs.; S. Masson for deft. J. P. Thompson; E. G. Porter for deft. Thos. Ritchie; T. W. R. McRae for deft. Prof. Coleman.

$1.25 Colored Shirts for 75c.

With fine blue, pink and black stripes, also 2 collars and pair cuffs, detachable open front at SCHUSTER'S.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

Wait for

W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S

New Opening.

HARDWARE & BICYCLES.

Sole Agents Gendron, New Barnes and Reliance Wheels; no better in the market; good value for your money.

Also a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. All NEW GOODS, bought at lowest prices.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

Auction Sale!

ON TUESDAY, April 13th, the Household effects of MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, 186 Albert st., will be sold by auction. The effects consist of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Furniture, Book Cases, Tables and all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Carpets, Pictures, Books, Range, Plants, China, Crockery, Glassware, etc

There will also be sold a Carriage Horse, two Phaetons, Dog Cart, Waggon Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, Robes and other stable articles. 4-3dtf

J. Owen. WATER WORKS
PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING.
PHONE - - - 219
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

SPRING COATS AND CAPES.

WE are showing a choice collection of Ladies' and Misses' Coats and Capes, the newest styles for Spring and Summer wear. The Coat sleeves are smaller than last season, and fit beautifully over the new dress sleeves. Some very dainty styles in Silk and velvet Capes trimmed with Jet and Chiffon.

MILLINERY.

New things in Millinery coming to hand nearly every day. Throughout the season the very latest novelties in shapes and trimmings are being constantly received.

SKIRTS.

Made Skirts in Denim, Serge, Lustre, etc. Fit well and save the trouble of making.

BLOUSES.

Another lot of Blouses just received. A splendid assortment now here to make choice from. Prices from 50c to $3.25.

WRAPPERS.

Have you seen our Printed Wrappers. Styles choice and prices very low.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

2 · EASTER REQUIREMENTS · 2

1st--A New Dress.

In this connection we show a full range of novelties in English, French and German made goods.

Our Dressmaking Department is in charge of Miss Conway.

2nd--A Stylish ....Spring Hat

In Ladies' and Children's headwear we show the newest creations known to the millinery trade.

This department is in charge of Miss Morris.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

A Lady's Views About WALL PAPER.

We have a letter from a lady at a distance to whom we sent wall paper samples a few days ago.

She describes our paper as the best she has seen anywhere, and the prices are so much lower than prices quoted by other Wall Paper houses as to seem almost ridiculous.

One extract from her letter says: "I found the papers in Book 'V' very superior to other papers, at 60c. a roll, with which I compared them."

By consulting our Book V price list we find the prices range from 8c. to 15c. a roll.

The difference was so great we could scarcely credit it, but in three or four places in the letter our correspondent particularly emphasizes this point.

We know our goods are right and our prices are right as compared with other towns and cities.

We have an interesting collection of letters from every quarter in Canada, all telling us the same story of choice papers at low prices.

C. B. Scantlebury.

We are still Adding

More new cakes to our list of varieties. A couple of the new ones are:

Ginger Almonds, 10c per doz.
Boston Gems, 20c per doz.

Like all our others, these are very fine. Bread 10c per loaf. Hot X Buns Good Friday.

Phone 243. Goods delivered.
TERMS CASH.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.

J. Brasier

THE LEADING HATTER.

Stock is now complete.

Our store is full of them at right prices.

HATS ONLY
HATS ONLY
HATS ONLY

Call and see them at

J. BRASIER'S.

Moth Balls - - AND - - DISINFECTANTS

AT—

R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S

PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

J. S., says: "I was in a dreadfully weak and nervous condition, unable to rest and utterly unfit for work, and Miller's Compound Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

Removal

After to-day we will occupy the store known as the BEEHIVE, with a new and up-to-date stock of . . . .

HATS, CAPS,
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
AND
READY-MADE CLOTHING.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Men's Outfitter.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Daily Intelligencer.

A SQUARE CONTRADICTION.

The Globe, through its cartoons, still endeavors to foist upon the public the false assumption, which has already been contradicted by the Papal Delegate, Solicitor-General Fitzpatrick and others, that Monsignor Merry del Val has come to Canada for the sole purpose of mediating in "questions of Church discipline, etc., for Roman Catholics only." Mr. Bengough, the pictorial editor, is bolder in assertion than are the political editors of the Globe, who dare not, in face of the authoritative exposure of their attempts to deceive in this connection, repeat their assertion, even although it were qualified with an "etc.," as the pictorial prevaricator has done.

The squarest possible contradiction is happily given to Mr. Bengough's fabrication by cartoon in the same issue of the Globe in which it appears. That contradiction is given by Bishop Laflèche in a circular letter to the electors of Champlain on their duty in the pending election, written after consultation with the Papal Delegate and published after revision by him, it is stated. In that formal document the following pregnant sentences occur:

> "In the second place I must declare again, with regard to the proposed school settlement, that it is considered by the Bishops as insufficient, imperfect, and, consequently, unacceptable. This question is now in the hands of His Excellency Monsignor, the Apostolic Delegate, around whom we shall all group ourselves."

"Facts are stubborn things."

In this, as in all other matters, the Liberal party is simply a party of false pretences. They sought Papal mediation in regard to the free exercise of their political rights, so far as their petition shows; but they have got more than they bargained for, namely condemnation of their misnamed settlement of the Manitoba school difficulty, and a lower depth of humiliation in near prospect.

THE LICENSE BILL.

According to one of the organs of Mr. Hardy's Administration, the Government has decided to withdraw the amendment to the License Bill, which provides that municipalities may have the power of limiting the hours of sale in hotels. There is a large amount of objection both outside of the House and inside, and it has been thought better to abandon the entire clause.

It is also stated that the Secretary of the Dominion Temperance Alliance has sent out a list of institutions that have passed resolutions condemning the License amendment Bill introduced into the Ontario Legislature on February 25th. The list, which contains the names of churches, temperance organizations, conferences, and presbyteries, in every part of the province, shows that public sentiment on the subject has been thoroughly aroused.

If the advocates of temperance do not punish the shilly-shallying of the Hardy Government and their deliberate repudiation of pledges formally made, they will cease to command the respect of any portion of the public.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

The Globe pronounces Premier Hardy's (political) funeral oration in its issue of the 6th inst.

The proposed schedules of the U. S. Dingley Tariff Bill, as it passed the House of Representatives, according to a treasury calculation, provide for an average duty of 57.03 per cent., compared with 39.74 per cent. under the old McKinley law. The average duty on all goods imported into Canada last year was only 17.13 per cent.

In spite of hard times Canada made a highly creditable advance in railroad building during the last period for which we have returns. The mileage of railways in operation in the Dominion at the end of the last fiscal year was 16,270 miles, an increase of 1,707 miles—an increase of more than 10 per cent.

Sir Richard Cartwright is, it is reported, to leave the Government after the tariff has been adopted, and become High Commissioner to England. This might be looked upon as a bad appointment were it not that experience of many years ago proved that Sir Richard ever shows his worst side at home. In Canada, as he said, when brought to task for gross inconsistencies of statement with regard to the public debt, he showed the copper side of the shield, but he reversed it in England and showed the silver side.

Conservative newspapers are complaining of delay in the preparation of the new tariff. It is too bad to keep the Opposition so long without a policy.—Toronto Globe.

And, months ago, comments the Hamilton Spectator, Grit newspapers, including the Toronto Globe, were appealing to the Government to get a gait on and introduce the new tariff legislation, that the stagnation of business might be relieved. We are just a bit afraid that it is the Government that has no trade policy. The Conservatives find the N. P. good enough for them.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

A Change for the Worse.

Winnipeg Free Press

"The new Franchise law," says the Toronto Globe, "means that we are done with stuffed voters' lists." On the contrary, it means that in Manitoba at least we are to have for the first time stuffed voters' lists for use in Dominion elections.

Don't Want Votes.

Mail and Empire.

A curious petition was presented to the Dominion House of Commons from the Indians of Brant, praying to be disfranchised, as a bitter feeling has arisen between the voters and non-voters, which is destroying Indian brotherhood. The petitioners are also afraid that in the wake of enfranchisement will come taxation.

"Caught on" at Last.

Guelph Herald.

Now we understand the true meaning of the expression that Premier Hardy is playing a lone hand with the temperance people. It is the overgrowth of his familiarity with those fifty-two packs of cards.

A Monstrous Doctrine.

Winnipeg Free Press.

If Mr. John Ross Robertson, member of Parliament for East Toronto, is correctly reported, he entertains sentiments that are little to his credit. It may be time, as he says, that "Conservatives dropped the Manitoba minority from their affection." That is a matter of judgment and of feeling of the Conservatives themselves. But he adds: "Sympathizing with minorities is a weakening disease. Before Conservatives contracted it the party was a robust athlete, to-day it is a skeleton." Parliament ought not to have listened without most emphatic protest and rebuke. It is dishonoring to the entire Canadian people. Mr. Robertson is welcome to adopt for his own guidance and consolation whatever principles of conduct and of morals may seem best to him. Regarding him simply as a public man, that is a matter between him and his constituents. But it concerns all of us when he enunciates such a shocking principle as the foregoing from his place in Parliament.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now,

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

HAD A BIT OF A SCRAP.

The Premier Got Vexed and Moved for an Adjournment.

Before the Scrap Mr. Quinn Introduced a Bill Making Six Per Cent. the Maximum Rate of Interest and It Was Read a First Time—During the Rumpus There Was Some Sharp Cross-Firing, in Which Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Foster Took a Hand—Finally the Motion to Adjourn Carried and the Day Was Wasted.

Ottawa, April 6.—(Special.)—The Liberals are ready to admit that honors were easy in the House this afternoon, but truth compels the remark that the Opposition had the Government fairly and squarely on the hip. Following up its policy to delay the tariff until after the Nova Scotia elections, an attempt was made by the Ministry to proceed with the superannuation and franchise bills. Mr. LaRiviere took the reasonable objection that neither bill was printed in French, and consequently could not be proceeded with. The Speaker sustained the point of order, whereupon the Premier got huffed and moved the adjournment of the House. Several members of the Opposition, including Sir Charles Tupper, Messrs. Foster and Davin, severely scored Mr. Laurier. It was pointed out that several public bills were in a position to be proceeded with, but the First Minister was inexorable, and consequently the country was treated to the spectacle of the Government forcing the House to adjourn, because the Opposition would not allow one of the rules of Parliament to be violated.

Mr. Quinn, introducing a bill entitled, "An act further to amend the act respecting interest," explained that it was to provide that whatever the rate of interest agreed upon, no higher rate than 6 per cent. shall be recoverable. At present, he said, the law allowed the recovery of any rate, no matter how exorbitant, which might be agreed upon. Only a few days ago in Montreal interest was collected in court at a rate of about 3000 per cent. per annum. The borrower gave a note for $150 on the agreement to pay $50 a week after maturity. The amount was sued for and the enormous sum of $5000 recovered by judgment. If the bill became law and a lender of $100 wanted to charge say 25 per cent. he would have to deduct it from the face of the note, making the latter $75, and then, after maturity, if the note were not paid, he would have to sue for 6 per cent. on his $100.

Hon. Mr. Laurier asked if it were proposed to restrict collections to 6 per cent?

Mr. Quinn: "Yes, after maturity."

Mr. McMullen rather disfavored the passage of a usury law in Canada. He said they had them in several of the States, and they were disgracefully disregarded. The motion then carried and the bill was read a first time.

And now began the "scrap" of the session. Like most others, it arose in quite a simple manner. It was Government day, and Government orders being reached, the Postmaster-General moved the second reading of his bill to abolish the Civil Service Superannuation Act.

The rules of the House provide that before a bill can be proceeded with to its second reading, it shall be printed in both languages, and Mr. LaRiviere accordingly arose and objected that this bill, as well as the franchise bill, following it, was not printed in French.

Mr. Speaker thereupon ruled that the objection was well taken, and he would, therefore, have to declare the motion for a second reading out of order.

The Premier remonstrated, urging the member for Provencher not to persist in his objection. Mr. LaRiviere, not replying, the Premier, observed that the Opposition were of course technically within their rights if they wanted thus to be obstructive. "I did not raise this objection on behalf of the Opposition," replied Mr. LaRiviere, "but as a private member, standing on his rights and prerogative as such."

Mr. Foster took a hand in. He turned up the record of 1894, when the last revision of the tariff took place, and showed that the estimates had been laid on the table the very day after the address was disposed of, and the new tariff eight days after. The Government was, therefore, to blame for the backwardness of public business.

The Premier replied that but for the illness of Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, the estimates would have been down already. He had returned as far as Boston, but was too ill to travel farther. However, the estimates would be down to-day or to-morrow."

Mr. McMullen got back at the ex-Finance Minister by reading the record of budgets and estimates since 1883, giving the period on which they were brought down each session.

Mr. LaRiviere, persisting in his objection, Mr. Laurier arose and somewhat sharply said, "Then, Mr. Speaker, I move the adjournment of the House."

It was then 3.30, the House having been barely 15 minutes in session.

Mr. Taylor suggested that, instead of adjourning, the House proceed with the discussion of his alien labor bill, one of the first on the list printed in both languages.

Hon. Mr. Laurier replied that if the honorable member had shown the same zeal for that bill while his friends were in power there might be some cogency in his present suggestion. He had promised Mr. Taylor last session to help him through with his bill this year, but as there were several bills on the order paper of the same tenor the House had better be in possession of them all before proceeding to pass an alien labor law. Moreover, this was "Government Day," and the Government was being prevented from going on by a mere technical objection of the Opposition.

Sir Charles Tupper observed that Mr. Laurier had been so long in Opposition he seemed to forget now that he was leading the Government. His proposal to adjourn at this hour was an unprecedented act, and the House should know the reason for it. He had himself joined in urging Mr. Taylor last session to postpone his bill, in the hope that Mr. Laurier might in the meantime, through diplomatic intercourse with Washington, render such a law unnecessary. He concluded by asking the Premier to withdraw his motion and go on with the business of the House.

Mr. Davies followed. He got as far as to say that this was a deliberate attempt of Mr. LaRiviere and his leader, when Mr. Foster arose to a point of order. He wanted to know if the Minister of Marine could accuse honorable members of a deliberate attempt to obstruct.

The honorable gentleman was too fast, retorted the Minister, he had not allowed him to finish his sentence. "I didn't say anything about obstruction, and I wasn't going to. I was going to say, a deliberate attempt to prevent the Government going on with the business it had in hand."

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Tetter
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This nice distinction convulsed the House, the Opposition joining merrily in the appreciative applause that followed Mr. Davies' remark.

Mr. Davin gave the leader of the House the choice of either horn of the dilemma on which he had impaled himself. Either Mr. Laurier was of opinion that the rule requiring bills to be printed in French was useless and ought to be rescinded, or else he had moved the adjournment in a fit of irritation.

Mr. Foster said that he desired in the interests of the country to enter a strong protest against the action of the Government. The position assumed by the Premier was a most lamentable one for any Premier to be in. It was a position not creditable to the dignity of the House. He proceeded to read the rule of the House, which requires that before a bill can be considered it must be printed both in English and French, and he mentioned that during the time the late Government was in power the Opposition repeatedly invoked the rule, as Mr. LaRiviere had done to-day. Now, it appeared that Mr. Laurier, when he found that his desires could not be carried out, wanted the rule broken. Then, when the House rightly objected, he became angry and in effect declared, "Well, we won't do any business." Mr. Foster said Her Majesty's loyal Opposition were anxious to do business. The faces of the gentlemen around him were instinct with activity. [Cheers and laughter.] Adverting to Mr. Davies' remarks he said that gentleman had evidently cleared the hedge before he got to it. He seemed to imply that the delay in the translation was due to an officer appointed by the Conservative Government. The truth was, however, that the translator was Mr. Coursolles, an appointee of Mr. Mackenzie. [Opposition cheers.] There was an abandonment of truth about the honorable gentleman's statements which should not have been exhibited.

Mr. Speaker said he thought the honorable gentleman ought not to use such language.

Mr. Foster: I was picturing an honorable gentleman who was taking a leap in the air. I will take it back most certainly; it was not a disregard of the truth, it was a letting go of an unusually vivid imagination. [Opposition laughter.] He thought the Government had acted in a very foolish way.

After some observations from Mr. Casey, Mr. Taylor challenged the accuracy of Mr. Laurier's statement, in which he seemed to imply that he (Mr. Taylor) had not been in earnest in pressing his alien labor bill.

The motion for adjournment carried, and the House adjourned at 4.20 p.m.

Another Effort to Settle

Constantinople, April 6.—It is reported here that the British Minister at Athens, E. H. Egerton, has been instructed by his Government to make overtures to Greece on behalf of the powers, with a view of enabling the latter to honorably withdraw from her present position and put an end to the existing deadlock. If Greece should reject the proposition made to her, it is believed the foreign warships will at once establish a blockade of the Piraeus.

A protracted Cabinet conference was had at the Yildiz Palace last evening, at which it was decided to send 40 additional battalions of redifs (reserves) to the Greek frontier.

King Christian as Arbitrator.

Paris, April 6.—A rumor is in circulation here that the King of Denmark at the instance of the Czar has been asked to arbitrate the Cretan question.

BABY'S EYES BURNED OUT.

Little Russell Freer With a Red Hot Poker Blinded His Infant Brother, and the Latter May Die.

Chicago, April 6.—Edwin Freer, the 10 months old child of Richard Freer, had both its eyes burned out last night by a 2 1-2 year-old brother named Russell. The children were playing together in the basement. Russell procured a poker, and holding it in the stove until it was red hot poked it into the infant's eyes. The baby cried aloud in pain. The mother, hearing the cries of the infant, ran into the basement, where she found Russell standing over the baby with the red hot poker in his hands laughing. On the floor lay the infant with both eyes burned out.

The physical existence of mankind is something like an account in a ledger. Health on one side—disease on the other. All the pure air, good food, rational exercise and sound sleep go on one side of the account. It sums up health and strength. On the other side, are bad air, poor food, overwork and worry. That foots up weakness and disease.

When your appetite or sleep is disturbed; when the stomach and liver are not working properly, or the bowels are not in regular condition; you are losing vitality and strength; figures are going down on the wrong side of the ledger. Unless this is stopped and the other side of the account is built up, you'll soon be a physical bankrupt.

The most profitable account a sick man can open in his Ledger of Life is with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a wonderful and scientific tonic which imparts a direct and healthy stimulus to the entire nutritive organism. It strengthens the digestive fluids and the liver, and enables the blood-making organs to produce pure, red, highly-vitalized blood.

It is not a mere temporary exhilarator. It feeds the constitution with genuine, permanent power. It writes big, round sums on the health side of the account, and wipes out the figures of weakness and disease. It animates the vital forces and builds up healthy flesh, muscular energy and nerve-force.

For nearly 30 years Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. His formulas are everywhere recognized as the most effective remedies in the world. His "Pleasant Pellets" are the most perfect and scientific cure for constipation ever invented. They are not violent in their action, but perfectly sure, and at the same time comfortable. Their great reputation has called out a score of imitations, which druggists sometimes try to substitute, but there is nothing "just as good."

BRITAIN AND GREECE.

Mr. Balfour Challenges a Vote of Want of Confidence.

Sir William Harcourt Denies That He Intended Any Such Construction to be Put Upon His Motion—The Opposition Leader's Resolution Was Too Ambiguous to be Entertained—Celebration at Athens of the Raising of the Standard of the Cross Against the Crescent—Other News From the East.

London, April 6.—In the House of Comons to-day the Government leader, Mr. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, replying to the question put yesterday by Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the Opposition leader, as to whether the Government would give a day to discuss his (Sir William's) motion for an address to Her Majesty praying that the forces of the Crown be not employed against Greece or the people of Crete, said that, as there was no word in the motion expressly condemning anything the Government had done or announced its intention of doing, he was forced to the conclusion that Sir William Harcourt's object was not to raise a direct issue, and that under the circumstances it would not be in the interest of public business to give the day suggested. [Loud cheers from the Conservatives.]

Sir William Harcourt then said that Mr. Balfour appeared to have entirely misconstrued the intention of the motion. While he, the speaker, could not describe the motion as a vote of censure, he explained that there has been such a thing as a vote of want of confidence in what the Government anticipated as likely to be what it would do. The motion, he continued, asked the Crown not to allow its forces to be employed against the Cretans, and, if carried, it would be a restraint upon the Government's action if it proposes to so employ the forces of the Crown. Further, it was the duty of the Opposition to record its view of the present situation, so far as the information given by the Government is concerned. He added: "We hold there is no justification for the employment of the Crown forces against Greece and the Cretans, and we challenge the Government's policy on that point." [Loud Opposition cheers.]

Continuing, the Liberal leader said: "It is necessary to do this immediately because after the Easter recess we may find the country embarked in war with Greece without any declaration having been given to Parliament of the objects of the hostility. From this point of view, this is a motion of want of confidence." [Loud cheers.]

Mr. Balfour pointed out that the terms of the motion were studiously ambiguous. Continuing, he said: "We have stated explicitly to the House and by our action have shown that we are prepared to use the forces of the Crown to resist certain actions of the insurgents of Crete, and we announced the objects for which we are prepared to blockade Greece, as the hon. member (Sir William Harcourt) did upon a previous occasion. [Cheers.] The hon. member needs only to modify his resolution so as to condemn one or the other of the acts, the first of which we are actually doing at the present moment, or the second, which we have announced our intention of doing in certain contingencies, and a direct issue will be raised by the parties in the House. Unless the hon. member is prepared to thus modify his motion, there is no other course open than the one I have adopted." [Cheers.]

THE STANDARD OF THE CROSS.

An Important Anniversary Celebrated at Athens—No Outbreaks.

Athens, April 6.—The 76th anniversary of the raising of the standard of the Cross against the Crescent on April 6, 1821, beginning the war against the Turks, which resulted in the independence of Greece, was celebrated throughout the kingdom to-day with great enthusiasm. All business was suspended, and popular participation in the national fete was general. In the forenoon the King and Queen, the Ministers and the foreign diplomats attended religious services in the cathedral, where a Te Deum was sung, and the remainder of the day was devoted to holiday-making of every description. As the King drove to and from the cathedral he was constantly cheered by the great crowds of people lining the streets, and showers of papers bearing the inscription, "Hurrah for War," were thrown into his carriage. Despite the warlike temper of the people, there were no disturbances.

RIGHTS OF MINORITIES

No Longer Guaranteed by the Constitution of This Country, Argues Senator Scott.

Ottawa, April 6.—(Special.)—Hon. R. W. Scott made an interesting speech in the Senate to-day on the school question.

Previous to resumption of the debate Sir Oliver Mowat introduced a bill to provide for trials before jury in certain cases in the Territories. The object of the measure, he explained, was to remove any doubt which might exist as to the jurisdiction of the Territorial Assembly in passing a bill of the same title, which was passed at its last session.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell: Will it give a larger jurisdiction in the matter of such legislation?

Sir Oliver Mowat: The bill only provides for the special act referred to, and does not go into the larger field of general jurisdiction.

The debate on the address was continued by Senator Scott. Coming to the Manitoba school question, he expressed the conviction that the minority had been guaranteed Separate schools under the Act of the Union. It might sound paradoxical, but he now believed that that right had been swept away by the judgment of the Privy Council, and was no longer a part of the constitution. He had all along believed the Schools Acts of 1890 should immediately have been disallowed by the Federal Government. That was the kind of legislation Mr. Blake's resolution exempted from the operation of the principle enunciated in his resolution. Had the Dominion Government, acting on the principle, affirmed in that resolution, immediately submitted the question to disallow any of the Acts of 1890 to the Supreme Court, we now know that it would have been declared that that legislation was ultra vires of the Local Legislature, which opinion would have vindicated the action of the Government in disallowing the Acts. And there would have been no appeal from that decision or opinion to the Privy Council, for it was only in the following year that the law was passed allowing an appeal from the judgment of the Supreme Court in cases referred to that court by the executive for a reasoned opinion. The delay in submitting the question to the courts, however, resulted in the overruling of the unanimous judgment of the Supreme Court declaring the Acts of 1890 ultra vires of the Provincial Legislature. That judgment of the Privy Council was clear cut and definite, and resulted in a terrible failure of justice.

He then went on to show that the judgment of the Privy Council in declaring the School Acts of 1890 unconstitutional was tantamount to a declaration that the rights of the minority had been taken away. The Supreme Court in giving judgment in the subsequent appeal recognized this, and Mr. Justice Taschereau's utterances on this point declared most explicitly that since the Acts of 1890 had been declared constitutional by the Privy Council the constitution was changed so far as the rights of minorities were concerned, and the Federal Government had no power to interfere or hear an appeal from the minority. This judgment was of course overruled by the subsequent appeal to the Privy Council, but the second judgment of the Privy Council, he maintained, was merely permissive—an expression of opinion. This was proven, inasmuch as it could not be executed or enforced.

A Magnificent Showing OF BOYS' CLOTHING.

This is the Season of the Year....... when new clothes for the boys is an absolute necessity. The winter wear is cast aside. In clothing for Boys suited to the new season we have not simply a very large variety, but many special lines that will attract the attention of the boys and interest every mother. Prices are just as attractive as the goods.

Boys' Navy Blue Two-Piece Serge Suits, plain or pleated back, worth at least $2.00, for	$1 50	Boys' Sailor Suits, sizes 22 to 28, Blouses and Pants in Blue Serge, Pants lined, special price	$1.00
Boys' Mixed Gray Suits, sizes 22 to 27 only, Coat and Pants beautifully trimmed, fancy pleating, worth $2.50 for	2 00	Boys' Velvet Sailor Suits, imported from Germany, color navy blue, nice lanyard and whistle, a good value suit at $4.00, our price	3 00
Boys' All Wool Halifax Tweed Suits, different shades, well made and trimmed, extra wearing and worth $3.00 easy, for	2 50	Boys' Serge Suits. Coat Vest and Pants, boy 11 to 15 years of age, Sanford's celebrated make, well trimmed and good wearing	3.00
Boys' Dark Gray 3 Piece Suits for lads 12 to 15 years of age, made by Sanford, well trimmed and good wearing. The same last year was $4.00 now	3 00	Boys' Extra Good Gray Worsted Suits, in Coat, Vest and Pants. Verytine trimmings. Our price last year was $8.00, now	7.00

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TENDERS addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,085 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c.	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c.	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,308 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to

WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TOUNEY proprietor. dtf

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excruciating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

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There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

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THE ENGLEDUE DEAL

Debated All Day in the Legislature at Toronto.

And Yet the Commissioner Says It Was a Novel Procedure and One He Would Not Make a Precedent—Avers Government Is Against the Blanket System—Mr. Whitney's Onslaught—Let Others Have the Same Show—Criticism of the Deal—Majority for the Government 30.

After the longest and most exciting debate of the session, the mining deal negotiated between the Government and the alleged South African syndicate was endorsed by the Legislature yesterday by a vote of 56 to 26, or a majority of 30 for the Government. The Patrons supported the Premier almost to a man.

It had been whispered that the Government would take advantage of the fact that the session was far advanced and would spring the debate on the Engledue deal at the time of the Speaker's reception to ensure short discussion. The rumor proved to be justifiable for Hon. J. M. Gibson introduced the subject by moving as follows:

> That this House doth ratify and approve of a certain agreement and license of occupation granted to Col. W. T. Engledue of Byfleet Surrey, England and others, of certain locations in the Rainy River District, bearing date of the seventeenth day of February last.

Speaking to the motion the Commissioner of Crown Lands stated that he would have made but few remarks had it not been charged by the Opposition and the Opposition press that the Government closed the deal as a means to make political capital. It was therefore his intention to ask the House to justify the arrangement. It was his intention to try to prove that the action of the Government had already met with success in the work it was intended to do. He would also try to show that there was no underhand dealing about the matter.

He admitted that the arrangement was a novel one and one which the Government would not dare to follow as a precedent. [Opposition Hear! Hear!] The blanketing system which had been so much criticized was one which the Government had from the beginning set their faces against. The records of the department would show that those who were merely trying to gain an advantage over the public and not spend money in developing, had been discouraged from the beginning. They had always given the preference to the discoverer and the developer. The Government, therefore, refused to be accused of favoring blanketing. The method which had to be carried out by those to whom the lands had been allotted was to spend money in developing.

This sort of work had not been so far much carried on in the Rainy River district. The syndicate were to make a thorough search for veins throughout the lands allotted to them. This would cause the engagement of large numbers of men and some mining engineers, and their work would enable the country to know how much mineral wealth existed in that country.

He had stated at first that the area of the locations in question amounted to 34,000 acres, but this was overstated. The acreage of block A was 31,000, not including the water; block B comprised 15,000 acres exclusive of the water, or 16,000 acres altogether.

Mr. St. John: "How much acreage of water?"

Mr. Gibson: "In one block about 13,000, and in the other 4500 acres. The 46,000 acres formed a tract of land about seven miles one way and from six to seven miles the other way."

The Commissioner commented on the inutility of water locations.

The amount of development which would be required in the two lots would be more than twice what would be required from ordinary small prospectors. So that the Government was actually doing better for the province than if development had taken place on the properties in the ordinary way.

Mr. Conmee asked what the intention was in regard to those already located near Shoal Lake.

Mr. Gibson resumed that interests would not be interfered with where applications had been duly made. In reply to another question from the member from West Algoma, the speaker stated that no applications made for properties previous to Feb. 17, the date of the consummation of the deal, would be interfered with.

The Commissioner then quoted a number of opinions given by prominent mining men in favor of the deal, among them Dr. Edmison, who prophesied that in six months the Ontario mining stocks would rate as high on the London markets as those of South Africa. Mr. Hammond of the Hammond-Folger Company, and Capt. W. S. Dent were also quoted.

In conclusion, the speaker informed the House that the company desired to incorporate under the name of the British-Canadian Mining Syndicate, and Col. Engledue and his associates constituted even now a Board of Enquiry, where information regarding Canadian mines was given out.

Deputy Speaker Baxter put the bill, and Mr. Whitney arose. Several weeks had elapsed since he had first condemned the deal in the House, and every day had served more and more to convince him that he had then taken a course which would commend itself to the people. On the day, and at the very hour, when he had opposed it, newspapers were going to press with editorials expressing precisely the same views as he himself had expressed. There was but one newspaper of importance in the Province which condoned it, and he doubted if anybody on either side of the House would condone it. The security of $20,000 held by the Government amounted to nothing. It would vanish away if the members of the syndicate chose to make purchases of any lands in the location to the value and extent of the sum of $20,000. The Government, therefore, had no claims to approbation on that ground. The Opposition had been charged with making political capital out of the question. He argued that political capital should be made out of it when the Government had acted wrongly.

The Commissioner had been right when he stated that political capital would be made out of it. It was being made out of it. Why had not the Commissioner of Crown Lands taken the people into his confidence last October, and published the details of the deal, instead of allowing it to filter through the columns of The Globe in a trembling manner away on in February?

Mr. Whitney candidly admitted, or, at least, could not deny, the standing of Col. Engledue in the financial world, but he would say this, that the policy of the Crown Lands Department had been opposed to Col. Engledue, until Mr. J. K. Kerr stepped upon the scene. ["Hear, hear," and applause.] The Government were a little inconsistent in saying that they would not dream of entering into similar arrangements as a matter of policy. If the deal was to be such a bonanza to the Province, he thought it the Government's duty to enter into such deals whenever they had an opportunity. What possible harm could come from allowing other syndicates the same privileges as had been given that of Col. Engledue?

It had been stated that the Government favored a policy of Canada for Canadians, but he happened to have in his possession a letter from a Canadian firm, which had made application for a similar grant, but had been refused. Did this look like a pro-Canadian policy?

Hon. Mr. Gibson: What is the name of the firm?

Mr. Whitney then proceeded to read a letter which confirmed his remarks.

Col. Gibson said that he was in a position to state that the grant referred to had not been refused, but neither had it been granted, and that he also had a letter in his possession supporting his assertion.

Mr. Whitney acknowledged that he had been misinformed. He then proceeded to roast the Commissioner for pooh-poohing the value of mining lands under water. The Commissioner's arguments about British precedents didn't hold water. The cases were not parallel. He had no objection to have the Ontario Government make a grant of land in the Transvaal, if they wished, but the Government could not give a parallel instance of any Government granting land within their own borders. There was no objection to giving Cecil Rhodes the privilege of bringing in civilization and Christianizing influences into South Africa, among heathen people. But he did object to having such tactics adopted towards his fellow-citizens of Ontario.

It was 6 o'clock, and Deputy Speaker Baxter left the chair.

IN THE EVENING.

After supper, the galleries were well filled, and the leader of the Opposition resumed at 8.20 o'clock. He proceeded to read comments from different newspapers, all of which he characterized as representative of mining sentiment, and which condemned the deal; that it was a case of "to him that hath shall be given." The Opposition leader quoted The Globe, which he asserted attempted to belittle the grant of land concerned. The organ stated that the land had been chosen chiefly from the ease with which it could be delineated on the map. This idea was ridiculous and unworthy of comment.

Continuing, Mr. Whitney dealt with the correspondence connected with the deal. Up to the time in which the Commissioner of Crown Lands had written Mr. Kerr, in October last, the Government had not entertained the idea of setting apart so much land for the exclusive use of a private syndicate. Shortly afterwards the opinion of the Government seemed to change, and the deal was then finally completed. He desired to draw the attention of the House to the course taken by the Department of Crown Lands originally, and also that finally decided upon. There would have been no objection to their first course, but the second, involving the assets of the Province, was one which could not be justified. To make assurance doubly sure, the possibility of any other firm being granted similar privileges to those of the Engledue Company was precluded by the new mining law, and he quoted the royalty section of the law to prove his contention.

It was his belief, he said, in conclusion, that the people of the Province would not endorse the action of the Government. He moved in amendment that all the words after "that" be struck out and the following inserted in lieu thereof—"It is not in the interest of the mining industry, nor in the public interest, that large tracts of mining lands in the Province of Ontario should be locked up for a long period in the hands of individuals or syndicates."

This amendment, Mr. Whitney explained, embodied the exact words of the former Commissioner of Crown Lands, now the Premier, bearing upon the subject, in the earlier stage of the negotiations.

Mr. Whitney was loudly applauded as he concluded, and Mr. Pattullo arose to continue the debate. He moved in amendment to the amendment: "That all the words after 'that' where it first occurs in the amendment be struck out and the following substituted: 'There be added to the original motion the following words, "and while approving of the said agreement this House is of opinion that in view of the vast extent of Crown lands in the Province which are wholly or in part unexplored, and whose value, notwithstanding that large tracts lie within the boundaries of the mineral bearing formations is almost altogether unknown, and having regard to the desirability of interesting British capital, enterprise and skill in bringing to light and developing the latent mineral wealth of the Province and the substantial benefits which the discovery of new gold fields and the speedy establishment of a permanent gold mining industry would confer upon the agricultural and commercial interests of the Province, the arrangement entered into between the Government and Col. Engledue and his associates is one which, while furnishing adequate safeguards for the public interest, will bring about the thorough exploration of a considerable area of Crown lands at no expense to the public and lead to important and beneficial results to the mining industry and the Province at large.'"

Dr. Preston of North Lanark followed. It appeared to him that if the deal or experiment was such a good one it would not require an hour and a half speech from the mover and an hour's address from the last speaker to defend it. Proceeding, he quoted an editorial in The World of March 24, which had vigorously condemned the deal and also the treatment of Mr. Caldwell. Mr. Caldwell, he resumed, had gone on and developed his mine, spending about $250,000, but had received information that a certain Mr. Fraser of Ottawa, who was not at least an enemy of the Government was applying for a part of his property. The matter had been argued before the then Commissioner of Crown Lands, Hon. Mr. Hardy, and had been decided in favor of Mr. Fraser. The speaker then gave in detail the business leading up to and following the decision. After hearing the facts of this case he did not believe that the Government members themselves could attempt to condone them. It had probably been due to political pressure that the present Commissioner had taken away from Mr. Caldwell 15 0feet of the 300 at first granted him by the former Commissioner. Mr. Caldwell he maintained, was the first prospector in New Ontario, and though he was a Canadian had not received such handsome treatment from the Government as that accorded Col. Engledue. One member of the alleged South African Company was Mr. Kerr, a citizen of Toronto, and the man who had neglected to send on the resignation of a member of the House. There was a chain of evidence to show that the deal had been the result of the cracking of the party whip over the heads of the Government by men who had often been subjected to similar treatment themselves. The 150 feet taken away from Mr. Caldwell would yield from $1,000,000 to $3,000,000. In all fairness, that gentleman, having spent all his money in building up the country, deserved better treatment at the hands of the Government. The Commissioner of Crown Lands had, however, submitted to the strong party pressure brought to bear upon him and had not given him fair play.

Mr. Haycock was of the opinion that the question was, Was the contract in the interests of the people of Ontario, or was it not as the ordinary purchaser? The $20,000 guarantee would be permitted by the bill to be used to purchase 13,300 acres of the location. Even, therefore, if the company did not spend another cent in purchasing property, they would have that much at the end of the three years The only suggestion he would make to the Government would be that they only give in future agreements every alternate mile and reserve the other alternate mile to themselves. He regretted that there was not in the new Mining Act a clause which offered every man the same advantages as were offered Col. Engledue's syndicate, with the alternate mile reservation embodied, as he proposed. If 500 men were to get the same conditions, the Government would be given a guarantee of $10,000,000, and $60,000,000 would be expended in development. He would support the Government in the deal, but regretted that the provision he suggested was not included.

Mr. McPherson, the Patron-Liberal member for Glengarry, supported Mr. Pattullo's amendment to the amendment.

Mr. Beatty of Leeds and Mr. St. John continued the debate.

The Attorney-General arose at eight minutes to midnight. He accused Mr. St. John of making assertions about matters which could not be proved.

An acrimonious discussion followed between Messrs. Hardy and St. John, much to the amusement of the House.

The Premier concluded with a few sarcastic references to Mr. St. John's alleged lack of knowledge of the subject and a defence of his treatment of Mr. Caldwell.

Dr. Willoughby and Mr. Howland concluded the debate, and the House divided at 1 o'clock.

THE DIVISION.

The result was a vote of 56 to 26 in favor of Mr. Pattullo's amendment to the amendment.

Mr. Whitney's amendment was then lost without division.

Of the Patrons all but Mr. Gamey voted with the Government, while six Government members, including Mr. Conmee and two Opposition members, were absent

NOT PEACE AT ANY PRICE

Sir James Siveright Told the Transvaal Parliament Britain Wanted Peace, But Right Must Prevail.

Cape Town, April 6.—At to-day's session of the Legislature the question of Great Britain's ultimatum to the Transvaal Government against the closing of the Drifts was raised. Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, Premier of Cape Colony, in replying, said: "The closing of the Drifts is a matter affecting the entire trade of the colony and is a breach of the London convention. The Government of the Colony felt compelled to appeal to the Imperial Government."

The Premier declined to comply with the request that all the papers bearing on the question should be laid before the Assembly. He said: "Some of them are secret in their subject matter, and the production of them might not be calculated to promote peace."

Mr. Sauer, the Afrikander, said he could scarcely conceive any circumstance that would justify Great Britain in using any force against any South African State.

Sir James Sivewright, replying, said the Government earnestly desired peace, but not peace at any price. "When the Transvaal is in the right," he said, "the Cape Colony Government will support the Transvaal, but not when it is in the wrong, and the Government of the Colony believes that the best way to maintain peace is to declare plainly and openly just what is wanted."

The Bank of Venice.

To Venice, the "Queen of the Adriatic," belongs the honor of having established the first public bank of which any record can be found, such an institution being unknown to the ancients.

In 1711 the Republic of Venice was very hard pressed for funds to carry on the wars in which it was continually engaged in order to uphold its supremacy. As a consequence a tax was levied on its moneyed men, who were promised a perpetual annuity of 4 per cent. on the loan thus contributed, the borrowers never dreaming of the possibility of returning the principal.

The lenders immediately instituted a bureau for carrying out the proposed plan of receiving and paying out the interest, and in a comparatively short time it was erected into the Bank of Venice. The exact date of its founding is not known with any degree of certainty.

Interest on the loan was promptly paid and the creditors of the republic were subsequently paid in full the sums they had advanced. Consequently, so popular did it become, that it was found absolutely necessary to transform the private bank into one of deposits, that all classes might take advantage of the accommodation thus afforded.

In 1723 the interest paid by the Government alone amounted to $1,000,000 a year, and the shares and credits of the bank were so well supported that at all times its bills were quoted and held at a premium above the current money of the republic.

After many years of prosperity the bank was given its death-blow by the French invasion of 1797. The freedom of the city and the independence of the republic vanished like a dream before the invaders, and as a natural consequence the bank, having then lost its credit and support also disappeared in the general wreck.

SHATTERED NERVES.

THE MOST PERVALENT TROUBLE OF THE CENTURY.

IT ATTACKS PEOPLE OF BOTH SEXES AND ALL AGES—A COMPLETE BREAKDOWN FOLLOWS UNLESS PROMPT MEASURES FOR RELIEF ARE TAKEN.

(From the Newmarket Era.)

Probably the most prevalent trouble on this continent to-day is nervous prostration. How frequently we hear this term and yet how few appear to realize its full deadly import. Nervous prostration is to be found among people of all walks in life, and among children as well as adults. Among young people it is often the result of our high pressure system of education. Among those of more mature years it may be due to the cares of business, or to overwork, or worries in the home. But whatever the cause the inevitable result is a breaking down both mentally and physically unless prompt measures are taken to stay the ravages of the disease and restore the shattered nerve forces to their normal condition. One such sufferer who has regained health gives her experience for the benefit of those less fortunate. Miss Edith Draper, who resides with her parents at Belhaven, Ont., is a young lady who is very popular among her circle of acquaintances, and they all rejoice at her restoration to health. To a reporter who called upon her she gave the following particulars concerning her illness and cure: "You know," said the young lady, "how ill I was last winter when my friends feared I was going into a decline. In the early part of the winter both father and mother were attacked with la grippe, and I had to look after them as well as to attend to the household work. The strain was more than I could stand, and the result was I fell ill. The doctor who was called in said my trouble was nervous prostration and that it would take considerable time for me to recover. Under his care I was after a short time able to leave my room and go about the house, but my nerves did not seem to regain their strength. My limbs would twitch as though I had St. Vitus' dance, I was subject to headaches, had a very poor appetite and so weak that I could scarcely go about. I had been advised to try Pink Pills and one day spoke to the doctor about them, and he said he believed they would do me good. I got three boxes, and by the time I had used them I felt they were helping me and I got a further supply. By the time I had taken six boxes I was feeling stronger and better than I had for years. All the twitching in my limbs had disappeared and my nerves seemed as strong as ever they had been. I still took the pills for a little while longer to make certain that the cure was complete, and since the day I discontinued them I have not felt the slightest return of the trouble. I feel that my present excellent health is due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I am glad to be able to recommend them to any one whose nerves are in a shattered condition.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a tonic medicine. By their use the blood is renewed, and the nerves made strong and vigorous, and in this way disease is driven from the system. As a spring medicine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are unsurpassed. If feeling languid or "out of sorts" a box or two will restore you to vigorous activity. Ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and take nothing else.

The flowers that bloom in the spring come high—and it is not from growth, either.

About Facing Things.

"You must pick up your heart and face things." That's what our friends tell us when we are in trouble and they are not. Oh, yes. Talk is cheap, and there's a deal too much of it—from some people. If ever one of them finds himself clinging to a plank in mid-ocean—which, heaven forbid—he won't deliver himself so cheerfully about "facing things."

"What the end would be I did not dare think," says a lady in her letter. No wonder. In her place you wouldn't have dared to do it either. Here's her story:—

"When I was quite a young girl," she says, "I was subject to frequent attacks of sick headache, and heaving and retching after meals. However, I got along fairly well up to the autumn of 1884, when I broke down altogether. My skin was sallow, and I had a foul taste in my mouth, and no appetite or relish for food of any kind. After eating the least morsel I had an aching and sense of pain, weight, and oppression at the chest, with a strange feeling of constriction or tightness around the sides.

"Besides these things there was much pain between and under the shoulderblades, the pain and weight at the back of my neck was so intense that I could not hold my head up. Then my breathing became so short and difficult that at night I was not able to lie down in my bed. It seemed to me as if I must suffocate.

"Night after night I paced the floor all night long, anxious for daylight. I wanted to be moving about the house, as though to escape from myself. I had no rest night or day, only getting an occasional doze in the arm-chair by the fire. Yet I was so weak I could barely stir, and what the end would be I did not dare to think.

"I took all kinds of medicine, and consulted two doctors, but was little or none the better for anything they did for me. The second doctor said my trouble all arose from indigestion and the liver, and now I think he was right; yet even a correct opinion does not cure a disease.

"For over two years I suffered agonies, and feared I should never be well again. In December, 1886, my husband heard what wonderful cures had been brought about throughout the country by Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup. Then he got me a bottle from Mr. Wand, chemist, at Leicester, and I began taking it, although (I must confess to you) without a particle of faith in it. Yet, behold! in less than a fortnight I was quite a new woman, being free from pain, and able to eat and digest nourishing food. This was so surprising that I kept on taking the Syrup, and after I had used three bottles I was in better health than I had been for years. Since then I have grown strong, and am now in best of health. You are welcome to publish these facts, and I will gladly answer inquiries. (Signed) Eliza Farmer, The Common, Barwell, near Hinckley, Leicestershire, November 6th, 1894."

This case is widely known in the district, and has caused much comment. Mr. J. Green, draper and grocer, Chapel Street, Barwell, has known Mrs. Farmer for years, and vouches for the truth and accuracy of her statement as here printed. The doctor was right as to her complaint—chronic dyspepsia, with resulting torpid liver—but unhappily he did not resort to the only remedy which actually cures this common and deplorable disease—Mother Seigel's Syrup. Most fortunately, however, the lady's husband heard of it in time, and, like a wise man, procured it at once.

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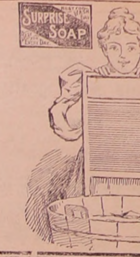

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Printing & Publishing House,
BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED—10 men with small security. Apply, between 7 and 9 o'clock p.m., at McGuire's Hotel, room 1. d2tp

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

DWELLING in Bellevue Terrace; possession given 1st of May. Apply to MRS. GRAHAM, Bellevue Terrace. deod1m.

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, Queen st. 4-6dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. l76deo1tf

HOTEL TO RENT.

O'BRIEN HOUSE — Three-storey brick Hotel in the City of Belleville; thirty rooms; sheds and stable; doing a good farmer and general trade; splendid opening; immediate possession. Apply to C. D. MACAULEY, Barrister, Belleville. License guaranteed. 4-3d7t

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26dly

"THE AGENCY."

CLOTHING RENOVATED—Ladies and Gentlemen, kindly bear in mind that I am still in the Dyeing and Scouring business and represent A. Parker of Peterboro, the best establishment of its kind in Canada.—CHAS. DICKENS, Agent. N.B.—Ask me for price list. 3 26dwly

Standard Life Assurance Co, of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. fJ15d&wtf

WESTLAKE.

The robin and the swallow are here again.

Mr. and Mrs. Alec. Wilson spent Sunday with friends here.

Mr. Thomas Jackson and family have removed to Cashel.

Mrs. S. Ferguson was the guest of Mrs. Thos. Jackson last week.

Messrs. George and Sydney Smith spent Sunday with friends in Chandos.

The average attendance at Westlake school for March was fair, considering the condition of the roads. The aggregate attendance was 201, the average over 11.

Sugar making is the chief occupation in this vicinity at present, and many a festive gathering bears witness that the "sugar off" loses none of its attractiveness from year to year.

The schools, which have been closed for the winter, re-opened on Thursday, April 1st. Several new teachers have been engaged.

Daily Intelligencer.

MADOC.

The case before A. F. Wood, J. P., for wages by Dent vs. Sandford, was arranged by Sandford paying $15 and the costs.

Dr. W. A. Dafoe and Benson O'Hara, merchant, left on Tuesday noon for Ottawa to spend a couple of days seeing the sights of the Capital while Parliament is in session.

Maple sugar and syrup are offered in abundance, but there would seem to be a "combine," for the prices do not come down—90c per gallon for syrup being the lowest.

Rev. Geo. Brown, Methodist Minister here, was taken suddenly ill on Sabbath morning. He was better in the afternoon and filled the pulpit of his church, but was far from well. He has not improved since. All hope the illness is only temporary.

Rev. Mr. Mackay, of Sunderland, Ont., filled the pulpit of St. Peters (Presby.) church here on Sabbath last, presiding at the communion services. His brother, Rev. E. W. Mackay, of Madoc, taking his pulpit. The Communion services were largely attended.

Samuel Rollins and family, with his son David Rollins and family, are returning to the village this week. David Rollins has been at Coe Hill in business for some years in the mercantile line and his father has been assisting him. Mr. D. Rollins is to open a store in the village.

The buildings on the corner of Durham and St. Lawrence st. are about removed, making way for Mr. Wood's new block. One of the buildings was erected over 60 years ago and was built with bents four feet apart, with timber enough for a building five times its size, as now constructed. In those days balloon frames had not come into existence.

John Doyle, who was getting out ties from a lot in Tudor during the winter and had employed a number of men, has assigned to A. A. McDonald, Solicitor, of this place. He claims to be able, if he gets reasonable time, to pay all claims in full. The reason for assignment, he says, was undue attempts to get claims in advance of his ability to realize on his timber. The creditors will meet on Saturday to appoint an assignee.

There was a large attendance at Mrs. Robert Gray's funeral last Thursday. The stores were closed and a feeling of deep sympathy pervated the whole community. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Wishart, her old pastor, assisted by Rev. Mr. Mackay and Rev. Mr. Brown, Methodist minister. Among the wreaths of flowers was a beautiful one presented by the Masonic Lodge of Madoc. Mr. Gray has been long an active member of the lodge.

On Monday night about 1 a. m. a tramp found his way into the premises of A. F. Wood, Esq., and it was with some difficulty he was placed in the hands of High Constable Huff. In the morning he was brought before A. F. Wood, J. P. He explained his nocturnal wanderings by charging it on some bad whiskey that got into his head—that he belonged to a gang of river drivers about to commence work and they were "having a little joviality before starting." He was very grieved to think he had "disturbed his honor," etc. The Magistrate sent him back to the drive with an admonition that if found prowling around nights again he would find the "bad whiskey" and himself in the county gaol.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

DELAY MEANS DEATH.

One Dose Relieves—A Few Bottles Always Cure.

"For ten years I have suffered greatly from heart disease. Fluttering of the heart, palpitation and smothering spells have made my life miserable. When dropsy set in my physician said I must prepare my family for the worst. All this time I had seen Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure advertised. As a last resort I tried it, and think of my joy when I received great relief from one dose. One bottle cured my dropsy, and brought me out of bed, and five bottles have completely cured my heart. If you are troubled with any heart affection, and are in despair, as I was, use this remedy, for I know it will cure you."—Mrs. James Adams, Syracuse, N. Y.—Sold by R. Templeton.

—The Conservatives of Winnipeg met last night, but reached no decision in regard to putting a candidate in the field for the Commons. Another meeting will be held on Saturday night.

—A London jury awarded Miss Marion Terry £500 damages in an action for libel which was brought against the St. James' Budget for stating she was to leave the stage to marry her brother-in-law, Mr. Morris.

My baby had Eczema in its worst form. The top of her head was as raw as a piece of beef, the hair eaten down to the scalp by applying tar poultices, and I thought if she ever got well she would be bald. The best physician in the city attended her, but she continued to get worse all the time, and he finally admitted "it was the most obstinate case he had ever seen," and that he was "at his wits' end." Some one suggested CUTICURA REMEDIES, which I purchased and tried. *In a few days I noticed a great change.* She continued to improve, and *to-day is entirely cured*, has a nice head of hair, is lively and hearty, and the disease shows no signs of returning. I send you her photograph to show her as she is to-day.

J. B. JACOBS, 2031 Wilkens Ave., Balt., Md.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD HUMORS.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure the Worst Eczema," free.

BEAUTIFUL SKIN Luxuriant Hair produced by CUTICURA SOAP.

TRENT VALLEY CANAL.

A Deputation Interviews the Government—Work to be Continued as Fast as the Finances Will Allow.

A big deputation visited Ottawa on Tuesday to urge the Government to complete the Trent Valley Canal. The deputation was engineered by Senator G. A. Cox and supported by all the members of Parliament, irrespective of politics, from the district concerned. Some fifty speeches were delivered to Laurier, Blair and Mulock. They were told that the late Administration collapsed because it had not energetically pushed forward the canal and the same fate would await any Government that did likewise. Hughes, Cochrane, Bennett, Guillett and Corby, Conservative members, pledged themselves to support the Government in its efforts to complete the canal. Sir Mackenzie Bowell declared work should be completed at as early a period as possible.

Mr. Laurier and Mr. Blair promised that the Government would proceed with the work as fast as the finances of the country would allow.

Amusement Notes.

THE GREAT BAND

In the programme which Brooke and his famous Chicago Marine, which comes to the Carman Opera House on Thursday, April 15th, is a descriptive piece called "The Forge of the Forest," of which the following is synopsis: "'Tis night; the family choral is over and all are at rest. A shower of rain disturbs the feathered songsters of the woods. Dawn approaches; the domestic occupants of the old barn yard become thoroughly aroused and welcome breaking dawn. The family assemble for morning prayer, after which the blacksmith begins his ding-dong labors of the day." The subscription list is now open at Riggs' music store. Subscribers are to have first choice of seats.

—Champlain election to-day.

—Toronto will raise $2,803,966 by taxation this year.

—Mgr. Merry del Val will probably visit Manitoba next week.

—Carter Henry Harrison, son of the late Mayor, was elected Mayor of Chicago, and a great Democratic triumph was recorded.

—The Doherty Process Company of Hamilton has sold the patent for manufacturing iron in Europe to an English company for £100,000.

BRITAIN'S FOOD SUPPLY.

Mr. Seton-Karr Wants State Granaries Built in Order to be Prepared for Contingencies.

London, April 6.—Attention was called in the House of Commons to-day by Mr. Henry Seton-Karr, Conservative member for St. Helens, to the wholly inadequate production of food supplies in the United Kingdom in relation to its large and increasing population. Mr. Seton-Karr then moved that the dependence of the United Kingdom upon foreign imports for the necessities of life, and the sequences which might rise therefrom in the event of war, demanded the serious attention of the Government. Continuing, Mr. Seton-Karr expressed the belief that the reserve of breadstuffs never exceeded three weeks' supply and frequently sunk below a week's supply. France, he pointed out, was self-supporting, and Russia and the United States were not only self-supporting, but were able to make large exports. The Dreibund, he continued, was practically self-supporting, and Great Britain alone lived from hand to mouth, and drew her principal supplies of wheat from Russia and the United States, which might possibly, at some time, be hostile to Great Britain. Mr. Seton-Karr further remarked that should the harvest in America fail and Russia refuse to supply Great Britain, the latter's position would be most serious. The speaker called attention to the damage done to the commerce of the United States by the Alabama, and remarked that many such vessels might be set to prey upon British commerce in time of war. He did not desire action which would raise the price to consumers, but he hoped the Government would consider the subject seriously and proposed that state granaries be erected for keeping supplies.

Sir Charles Dilke, Radical member for the Forest of Dean Division of Gloucestershire, contended that Russian exports of wheat to Great Britain were decreasing in average years, and he asserted that half of Great Britain's food came from the United States. Continuing, he said: "If the United States, Canada and Australia can feed us, we are independent of Russia, as the interests and advantages of those countries would be so strong that we could rely upon them to supply us."

Sir Charles Dilke, continuing, said he thought the other states were not likely to take any steps in regard to the contraband of war which would be likely to bring the United States down upon them.

After Mr. James Lowther, Conservative member for the Isle of Thanet Division of Kent, had advocated a duty on foreign grain, the Government leader, Mr. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, said that the peculiarity of the motion was that it had given a suitable text both to protectionists and free traders. The adoption of the proposal to establish state granaries would mean turning the Chancellor of the Exchequer into a gigantic corn dealer.

As to the commercial zollverein, Mr. Balfour continued, he looked with considerable longing for a closer union with the British colonies, both in regard to commercial and military affairs. But he scarcely thought a zollverein was necessary, and he did not think there was danger of foreign countries refusing to supply Great Britain with food. The United States, he insisted, would not allow food to be declared contraband of war, as it would affect her interests, apart from her inherent sympathy for Great Britain, and, combined with the United States, Great Britain could stand against any conceivable combination of the powers. The real thing upon which Great Britain was dependent, Mr. Balfour asserted, was her navy, for which the Government accepted the responsibility.

The discussion was then dropped.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices are heavy. Straight rollers nominal at $3.60 to $3.65.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market is very dull, with the feeling unsettled. Red winter is quoted at 72c west, and white at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 82c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 79c, Midland. No. 1 hard is quoted at 71c to 72c, Fort William.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices unchanged at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 20c.

Oats—The demand is quiet, with prices generally unchanged. Sales of white at 18½c to 19c west and of mixed at 17½c to 18c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 27c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is quiet, with sales outside at 31c.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The market to-day was quiet, with receipts of 55 carloads. Demand for cattle was restricted. There is an unsettled feeling among exporters of stockers to Buffalo, owing to the uncertainty in connection with the regulations on cattle entering American markets. Buffalo buyers say that nothing has been decided upon yet, but there was very little trading in this line of cattle.

The "WHY"

One teaspoonful of Tetley's is found to equal one dessertspoonful of most other teas.

40c. PER LB.
50c. "
60c. "
70c. "

WHY?—Because our sealed packets contain only TEA-LEAVES,—no dried stalks or other adulterations.

"Tetley's" TEAS

"FROM ANCIENT INDIA AND SWEET CEYLON."

EASTER NOVELTIES.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF EASTER GOODS NEXT WEEK

OYSTERS ARRIVING AS USUAL.
CHOICE BANANAS 20cts. per doz.

D. F. DICKENS.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. Lesser, Manager.

One Night Only—THURSDAY, APRIL 15th.

The Greatest Popular Music Band in the World,

The. CHICAGO MARINE BAND....

T. B. Brooke, Leader.

Assisted by the phenomenal Soprano, MISS SIBYL SAMMIS.

Greeted throughout America with thunders of applause.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

To Cure

RHEUMATISM

TAKE

Bristol's

SARSAPARILLA

IT IS
PROMPT
RELIABLE
AND NEVER FAILS.

IT WILL MAKE YOU WELL

Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

The Origin of Cards.

The origin of cards, according to the celebrated Etteilla, one of the most indefatigable researchers into the mysteries of the ancients, attributes to the primitive Egyptians the invention of tarots, or the book of Thot. They were composed of seventy eight thin plates of gold, the purest and finest known to antiquity, upon which were traced hieroglyphics or mysterious characters, the explanation of which was daily made to each family, by its head as embodying revelations of destiny.

That book was the only relic of Egyptian lore which escaped the wrath of the Caliph Omar when the Mohammedan caused the burning of the celebrated libary at Alexandria. The Alexandrian Jews regarded the book as secondary only to their mysterious Cabalia. The Greeks next obtained it, and then the Aarbs regarded the original form of the golden plates with holy reverence. When the Moors founded the kingdom of Granada in Spain they brought with them the vestiges of the mystic work which had perished in the east and been debarred entrance into Europe during the continuance of the reign of persecution designated as the dark ages.

From the Moors Europe received the book of Thot and that date is the true one to assign the revival and expansion of cartomancy. At the close of the fourteenth century cards were a popular amusement. With the Germans they formed an important commerce and France soon followed, establishing factories for the production of cards at Lyons, Colmar and Belfort. But they suppressed the sense of the originals by replacing the signs with others of their own invention.

The book of Thot was composed of seventy eight tarots or emblematical leaves, while our modern pack of cards has been reduced to fifty two, but the same ideas are expressed in slightly altered symbolism. The changes were made evidently the better to conform to the then existing condition of society, to which the general moral rules of Thot could be as well applied as to the primitive government of Egypt and it is in this revised state that we now have them.

Worth Ten Dollars a Bottle.

Any person who has used Nerviline, the great pain cure, would not be without it if it cost ten dollars a bottle. A good thing is worth its weight in gold, and Nerviline is the best remedy for all kinds of pain. It cures neuralgia in five minutes; toothache in one minute; lame back at one application; headache in a few minutes; and all pains just as rapidly.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

Removal Sale!

Only a few days left now before we vacate our present stores.

Everything is reduced in price so as to greatly reduce our stock for moving, and it is your greatest chance to buy almost anything you want at cost and under.

IN THE FAIR . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Crockery,
Dishes,
Woodenware,
Brooms,
Glassware,
Agateware,
Tinware,
Teas and Coffees.

IN THE BEEHIVE . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Fancy Goods,
Wools,
Felts,
Silks,
Novelties,
Toys,
Soaps,
Combs,
Brushes,
Mirrors,
Whisks,
Braces,
Dolls, and General Smallwares.

And if you want to save money on your purchases come this week, as sale only lasts a few days longer.

Come with the crowds to

The Beehive and The Fair

REMOVAL SALE.

CHAS. N. SULMAN

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '97

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.

Phone 189.

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .

—TO THE—

Nobbiest Sunday Suit

that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

The Time

has again come for putting away Furs. You need something to keep the moths away. We have it.

—CAMPHOR,
—MOTH BALLS,
—TAR PAPER, at

THE PHARMACY,

D M. WATERS.

FLOWER'S BARGAIN HOUSE

IF YOU WANT FIRST-CLASS GOODS CHEAP CALL ON US—WE KEEP ALMOST EVERYTHING.

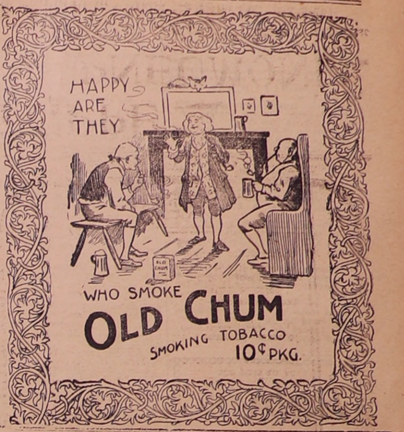
Front Street - - - Belleville.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.

QUOTATIONS—March 22nd.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	55
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	....
Crown Point	57
Evening Star	14½
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	17
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	8
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three	15
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	9
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20



Our Star Portland Cement

Is the best in the market, having been proved so by tests. Sold by all the dealers in the city.

For Sale Cheap.

DRY SOFT WOOD.

A Good Horse for Farm or Cart.

To Rent.

A Good Office on Bridge Street.

The Rathbun Company

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

The Cleveland Bicycle.

Look at the Women who Ride These Wheels, they look so Happy and Healthy.

Constant, mental, physical and moral help we feel
That bids us turn enthusiasts and cry "God bless the Wheel."
—WILL CARLETON.

Models 27, 28 and 29..................Price $100
Models 22 and 23....................Price $75

H. A. Lozier's Celebrated make, at

FOSTER'S, 430 Front St, BELLEVILLE.

THE SLATER SHOE

A Nerve Telegraph.

Cranky persons frequently owe their irascibility to the wearing of *uncomfortable shoes.*

A mysterious telegraphy exists between the nerves of the feet and the brain.

The "trouble office."

Dr. Brown Sequard tells of a patient who, whenever he bore upon his great toe became violently insane. The bisection of a *nerve* cured him.

Constant though slight from inflamed or comp feet wears upon the syst the falling drops of w upon stone.

An illfitting shoe put cent on trouble, and shrouds en with a murky veil.

"Slater Shoes" have more *fit* the *peculiarities* of feet in their *shapes*, than any other make.

They have *comfort* first—*appearance* next—*wear* according to the leather selected.

A tag tied to each pair tells just what it is made of, and the service it will give.

Goodyear Welted—makers price stamped on the soles—$3.00, $4.00, $5.00.

AGENCY

SOLE AGENTS FOR BELLEVILLE, HAINES & LOCKETT.

E INSURANCE
—AND—
ESTATE AGENCY
ting the following first-clas
Companies:
cashire Fire Ins. Co.
England.

GRIPPE AND PNEUMONIA.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF is the best Pick-Me-Up after an attack of these diseases. TRY IT.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel--70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO THURSDAY, APRIL 8 1897. NO. 287

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

APPRECIATED.

Our close cash prices are already being appreciated. People who occasionally called on us are now becoming regular customers. Good goods at close prices TELL EVERY TIME.

Dress Goods.

All lines of Dress Goods are marked down to cash prices.

Dress Linings.

Every line of Dress Linings marked down, including Linenettes, Rustle Moires, Silesias, Satin Twills.

Dress Trimmings.

All classes of Dress Trimmings greatly reduced under the new system.

All goods marked in plain figures.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Sons of Scotland.
John st. Choir Practice.
Forest and Stream Club.
Loyal Moira Lodge, C.O.O.F.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Belleville Lodge No. 81, I.O.O.F.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 8—Hudson Bay Co. formed, 1692.
Lorenzo de Medici died, 1492.
Cromwell appoints Commissioners to govern Newfoundland, 1651.

THE WEATHER.

Still dull and threatening. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	26	Min	26
8 a. m	32	8 a. m	38
Noon	40	Noon	44

PROBABILITIES.

Increasing easterly winds; fair to-day, followed by rains.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.
QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

C. S. Parke, M.D., Quebec: "I certify that I have employed with marked success the 'Pheno-Banum' ('Quickcure') in burns and certain wounds, and can thoroughly recommend its employment."

The Price of Prosperity
IS ADVERTISING IN THE
INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Spring seeding has commenced in Thurlow and Sidney.

The greatest value in Boys' School Caps at 25c, at Brasier's.

A large number of hogs were shipped by different buyers yesterday.

See the new Diamond Jubilee Soft Hat in four colors at Brasier's.

The market fees are to be let by tender on Thursday next. See advertisement.

Angus McFee's store is brightened with a new awning, with his name painted in full on its top.

You save money when you buy your Spring Hat at Harry's. All the latest styles.

Octavia st. should have a coat of broken stone, as it is one of the worst streets in the city.

See the Latest Hat out, The CECIL RHODES, in grey, plain or fancy bands, at Brasier's.

A big stump, which was carried down by the spring freshet, lodged near the old ferry slip. It should be removed.

A good assortment of Tweed Blue and Black Serge Caps for boys and men; only 25c at Harry's.

Evidence was heard in the Vanmeer case yesterday and it was adjourned for argument till to-morrow.

See the JARMAN and WAKEFIELD special at $2.25, greatest value in the city, at Brasier's.

Mr. W. Douglas, of the D. and D. Institute, has purchased the Jacob Wilson residence on Charlotte st.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

The tramps can't stop away from the Belleville Police station; fourteen slept there last night.

The street cleaning department are doing good work, and in a few days the principal thoroughfares will be in good shape.

The 15th Battalion will begin Company drill to-morrow evening. Everything points to a very successful drill season.

Do not miss the entertainment of the school of elocution at Albert College Friday night. An excellent programme. Admission 15c. 1t.

The Rathbun Company have received an order for 25,000 barrels of cement from the Dominion Government, to be used in connection with the Trent Valley and St. Lawrence Canals.

Haines & Lockett will keep the sale open till nine o'clock to-night to accommodate those who cannot get in during the day. Some splendid bargains in Gents' Tan and Black Slater Boots.

The steambarge Resolute cleared from Deseronto Tuesday bound for Oswego, N. Y., and carrying a cargo of lumber. She struck the ice, however, at Cressy and was unable to proceed to her destination.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

Rev. J. J. Rae will deliver his lecture, "Mind Your own Business," at Halloway st. Church on Monday evening, April 12th. Miss Thomas, Miss Holton and Mr. Eaton will contribute. Tickets 15c or two for 25c. [a8d3t.

Lawrence Lockett is again in charge of the Bicycle Department of Haines & Lockett, next door to Weese's Photo Rooms, their line of which is particularly attractive, ranging from the handsome "Ohio" at fifty dollars, to the "Columbia," Standard of the world, at one hundred dollars.

Another good business location has been secured by Mr J. A. Vandevoort, the popular and well known dealer in gentlemen's furnishings. He has opened up in his new quarters in the old "Bee Hive" stand, corner of Front and Campbell streets. It is the intention of Mr. Vandervoort to carry, in addition to his large stock of haberdashery, a full and complete line of men's and boys' ready made clothing, selected from the best firms in Canada.

Dr. Andres, Beaver Hall, Montreal, writes: "For burn and sores it is really far better than a remedy I know of; it is mild and safe to use, and it makes a splendid plaster. Where an Anodyne is required, and when Aconite or Belladonna might be dangerous, a 'Quickcure' plaster gives relief in fifteen minutes."

PERSONAL.

Wm. Cross, Madoc, is at the Quinte.

Alf. Andrews, Winnipeg, is at the Quinte.

C. Hutchinson, Waterloo, is at the Quinte.

Mr. George C. Martin and wife, of Tweed, were in the city to-day.

Albert R. Thompson left this morning for Mexico, where he is interested in a railway contract.

Mrs. A. Leigh, who has been visiting in the city for the past two weeks, left for her home in Orono to-day.

A. A. Mackid, M. Lane, R. Matthews, W. S. Walker, Geo. McQuillan, P. R. Carson, C. Deck, Toronto; Jas. Lalanne, Andrew McNeil, J. Rutherford, Montreal; C. Hutchinson, Waterloo; Alf. Andrews, Winnipeg; R. W. Leonard, Brantford; Wm. Cross, Madoc are at the Quinte.

Andrew Wilson, G. C. Martin and wife, Tweed; W. Penson, A. Stibbard, W. Goulding, H. D. Murray, T. Chadwick, J. Hally, F. C. Hyde, Toronto; Neil McCaig, Chatham; H. Gruetzner, Hanover; Jas. Whitton, Wellman's Corners; G. C. Smith, Athens; W. C. Rothwell, Kingston; F. Menzie, Hamilton; O. Martin Berlin; J. G. Acres, Ottawa; A. Chatterson, Wellington; E. McDougall, Brockville; W. H. Stubbs, Guelph; Jas. Alexander, Montreal; Mrs. Jas. Dryden, Mrs. A. S. Valleau, Mrs. W. H. Stafford, Mrs. Wm. Hatch, Mrs. J. C. McLeod and Mrs. S. Allen, Deseronto, are registered at the Anglo.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure Completely cured me."

Successful Medicos.

Mr. John T. Clark, formerly a school teacher in this county, has secured his degree of M.D. from Trinity University, Toronto. He received a certificate of honor also. Mr. H. C. Wrinch, formerly a student at Albert College, secured honors in his primary examinations.

A Graduate of Toronto University says: "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years. Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure

OBITUARY.

WILLIAM CONNER.

After an illness of a few weeks, Mr. Wm. Conner died at seven o'clock this morning at his residence, Albert st. He had not been in good health for a year or more and his illness was a general breaking up of the vital forces. Deceased was born in Ireland 76 years ago and came to this country when sixteen years of age. He had lived in Belleville about thirty years. He was married over forty years ago to a Miss Cheatham, of Thurlow, and his wife, with nine sons and daughters, survives him. Mr. Conner was a prominent member of the Horticultural Society and his exhibits at the fall fairs were always amongst the best, both in flowering plants and vegetables. For many years deceased had the contract of lighting the coal oil lamps of the eastern portion of the city and he thus became well known to nearly every resident of that quarter of the city. Mr. Conner was a devout Christian and a member of the Methodist church. He took a deep interest in the work of the City Mission, and as long as he was able he was a regular attendant at the services held there. In politics he was a Conservative. He was a man highly respected, and in the circle in which he moved his death will cause genuine regret, especially among Christian workers. The funeral will take place at 10 a.m. on Friday.

JOSEPH LANGDON.

One of the oldest residents of Ameliasburg township died this morning in the person of Mr. Joseph Langdon. Deceased was in his 77th year. His wife died about two years ago. The funeral will take place on Sunday.

MATILDA BECKETT.

A former resident of Belleville died in Toronto yesterday in the person of Mrs. Matilda Beckett in her 78th year. Deceased was Mr. Allan McFee's mother-in-law and mother of the late Jos. Beckett, who died in Winnipeg last fall.

Treatment of Skin Diseases in Bellevue Hospital, New York.

Professor Joseph N. Henry, M.D., lecturer on Dermatology, Bellevue Hospital, New York, writes: "I have used 'Pheno-Banum' ('Quickcure') in chronic skin disease: namely Psoriasis, and obstinate ulcesation of the leg, due to varicositas; and also in suppurative dermatitis. I have found it to be of marked service, and consider it a very good preparation."

Magistrate Flint's Court.

ALLEGED HORSE STEALING.

John Gulliver was charged in the court this morning with stealing a horse the property of Albert Premo. Gulliver it appears sold a horse to Premo for $5 and gave him three weeks to pay for it, but a few hours afterwards Gulliver went to the place where the horse was and took it away. Gulliver stated that the bargain was for $10, and not $5 as stated by Premo. No money had at any time passed between the parties. The evidence given by both plff. and deft. was decidedly different and the case appeared to be quite complicated. Gulliver told the court that before he would let the horse out of his possession again he would cut its head off and sell the hide for $1.50. From further evidence it was shown that Gulliver had deliberately sworn to a number of lies. To-morrow morning the Magistrate will pass sentence.

RETURNED THE HORSE.

Hudgins vs. Chisholm, a horse case that was tried last week, was settled by Hudgins trading back and paying the costs of the case.

CHURCH DISTURBANCE.

The case of a young man charged with disturbing a church service, was laid over till Monday.

Howe's Floor Paints

Are expressly prepared with a view to their brightness, glossiness and durability. Warranted not to peel off. Satisfaction guaranteed. Parties who used these paints last year tell us they like them much better than the "Elephant" or any of the other of the well-known brands which they have tried. Price 30c a quart. Sold in Belleville only by ALEX. RAY.

Around the Harbor.

There is very little stir along the wharves as yet, but in a week trade will open up and there will be considerable business doing. The elevators contain considerable grain that will have to be moved out and coal will soon begin to arrive.

The schr. Eliza Fisher has received a thorough overhauling and is being put in first-class shape for the season's trade.

The schr. H. M. Ballou left to-day for Kingston. She will there load wheat for Oswego. She is looking as neat and bright as an Easter hat. Her master is evidently a society man, judging from the emblems emblazoned on her stern.

The tug Beaver is nearly ready to go into commission. Capt. Bonar expects to leave for his season's work at the Cornwall Canal in a week or ten days.

The str. Annie Lake has had her stern hauled upon the island skids for the purpose of repairing the damage occasioned by the ice. She will have a new wheel and will be generally overhauled.

The schr. John McBride is about ready to commence the season. She has received a lot of repairs this spring and is apparently as good as new.

Apply a little "'Quickcure' to a pimple, or any blemish of the skin, and cover with thin paper, and it will disappear in twenty-four hours, leaving the skin natural and healthy, as it destroys the germs which enter the skin and cause pimples, boils, etc., especially if one is unwell, or even run down from over work."

Display of Wilkinson Hats.

Drab, Fawn, Black and Bronze in Hard and Soft Hats at SCHUSTER'S. Everything brand new.

A Case For The Police.

Yesterday and to-day two men who were training horses in the city were seen speeding their animals on Bridge st. This morning, our informant says, they had the animals under full speed and were yelling at them to exert them. A girl on a bicycle had just been learning to ride on that street a few minutes before the Jehus came along. Had she been there when the horses were being so wildly driven there might have been an accident. The police should look after these parties.

CHAMPLAIN SOUND.

Dr. Marcotte, [the Conservative Candidate, Elected in Face of Great Odds.

Montreal, April 7.—The French Conservatives are highly elated to-night over the election of Dr. Marcotta, the Conservative candidate in Champlain. The election there no doubt was won against tremendous odds, and although Dr. Marcotte's majority at the last election has been reduced to 150, the victory is a decisive one. The Liberals spent a vast sum of money, and used every possible means to compass the Conservative candidate's defeat. They were so confident of accomplishing their object that they were celebrating the victory in advance, and the result is a sad blow to their hopes. The result shows that the school question is not dead, at least as far as Quebec is concerned. Had the result been otherwise in Champlain it would have been killed beyond possibility of resurrection, but the election was fought mainly on that issue, and the people of Champlain have declared themselves against the settlement, despite the tremendous influence that the Government was able to wield.

Just Arrived at Harry's

Cambric shirts, blue hair line stripe, with collar attached; fast colors; only 50c at Harry's.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Berean Club to-night at 6:30.

Mechanical drawing examination at 7 p.m.

Regarding the 15th Battalion. Pres. Sinclair, when interviewed by the Secretary, was very enthusiastic regarding the formation of a Y.M.C.A. Company. He thinks it will be the means of holding the members together more. Col. Ponton says he will do all in his power to further the movement. He wants to meet the Association members next week and talk over the special advantages possible to a Company from the Y.M.C.A. Lieut. Clapp sees no end of pleasant features, and has kindly consented to give physical drills and extras (whatever that means) to the fellows. Sergt. Loutitt, just home from the training school, wants to be identified with this company. Sergt. Black, who is with the Y.M.C.A. every time, is considering how he can be in two companies and across the Atlantic at once.

Boys' $2 50 Suits.

An examination of your boy's suit will probably show you that it has come to an end. Let the Oak Hall fix him up with a school suit for $2.50 that will stand the wear and tear. Of course there is a limit to strength of material, but so far as honest cloth and well sewed seams of linen thread can be made to withstand the test to which the boys put them, we think we have solved the problem. All wool, lined throughout, perfect fit. Oak Hall's boys' $2.50 suits.

SPORTING NEWS.

THE WHEEL.

The Bicycle Club did not meet last evening, owing to a misunderstanding about the place of meeting. A large number of wheelmen congregated and were greatly disappointed. A permanent place of meeting will be arranged.

CRICKET.

A meeting will be held in the Y.M.C.A. rooms on Friday night at 8 o'clock for the purpose of organizing the Belleville Cricket Club for the season. There are several new players in town and a large turn out is requested.

Wherever the sun shines Dr. Chase's remedies are known, and no music so sweet to many a poor soul as the song of rejoicing over restoration to health in the use of them. Ask your dealer about them.

Thousands are suffering excruciating misery from that plague of the night, Itching piles and say nothing about it through sense of delicacy. All such will find an instant relief in the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment. It never fails.

Amusement Notes.

THE CHICAGO MARINE BAND

Comes to the Carman Opera House on Thursday, April 15th. The superiority of Brooke is conceded, and his tour has been a triumph throughout. In addition to the hundreds of endorsements secured previously, the following of many during the past few weeks are given to show that the band is really what is claimed for it, "The Greatest Popular Music Band in the World":

No military band that ever invaded these precincts, sacred to the Symphony Orchestra and Kneisel Quartette, ever aroused half such honest and earnest enthusiasm. Mr. Brooke has just what he claims—the greatest popular music band of all.—Boston Traveller.

The plan will open on Monday morning at 10 for subscribers and at 12 o'clock noon for the public in general at Riggs' music store. Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Ladies' Oxford Shoes.

Oxford shoes cheaper than in previous years. Usual 75c Oxfords for 60c per pair. See our 75c and dollar Oxfords for special good values.—VERMILYEA & SON.

Important Conference.

Mgr. Merry del Val, the Papal Delegate, is at the Windsor Hotel, Montreal, where he has engaged a suite of rooms. An important conference with the Roman Catholic Archbishops of the Dominion will be held at the Bishop's Palace to-day. Archbishops O'Brien, Duhamel, Langevin, and Walsh of Toronto will be present.

$1.25 Colored Shirts for 75c.

With fine blue, pink and black stripes, also 2 collars and pair cuffs, detachable open front at SCHUSTER'S.

Crow's Nest Railway.

At the annual meeting of the shareholders of the C. P. R., held at Montreal, Sir William Van Horne, President, made a lengthy statement dealing with the affairs of the company and its future policy. The construction of a branch line through the Crow's Nest Pass to Nelson was authorized.

Worth Ten Dollars a Bottle.

Any person who has used Nerviline, the great pain cure, would not be without it if it cost ten dollars a bottle. A good thing is worth its weight in gold, and Nerviline is the best remedy for all kinds of pain. It cures neuralgia in five minutes; toothache in one minute; lame back at one application; headache in a few minutes; and all pains just as rapidly.

A FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Thurlow Man Meets Death by the Bursting of a Fly Wheel.

Samuel Clarke, living in Thurlow, was killed this afternoon by the bursting of a fly wheel. Deceased was twenty-five years of age. Only meagre particulars could be obtained, as we were just going to press as the news reached us.

Belleville Markets.

INTELLIGENCER Office,
April 7, 1897.

The local markets have been well supplied during the past week and eggs are lower than they have been for years. On Saturday last a few lots were bought for six cents, but 7c to 10c rules. Butter was weaker with the large supply. Deakin skins have advanced and are firm at 45c. Following are our weekly quotations:

WHEAT—White, 75c to 80c.
Red, 75c to 80c.
Spring, 75c to 80c.
BARLEY—No. 1, 28c.
No. 2, 25c.
No. 3, 20c to 23c.
OATS—White, 17c to 18c.
Mixed, 17c.
RYE—30 to 32c.
PEAS—Common, 40c to 43c.
Runner, 45c.
BUCKWHEAT—25c to 28c.
BUTTER—Roll, 14c to 20c.
EGGS—7c. to 10c. per doz.
LIVE HOGS—$4.00 to $4.60 per 100 lbs.
DRESSED HOGS—$5.00 to $6.50.
DRESSED BEEF—Hinds, 5 to 6c.
DRESSED BEEF—Fores, 2c to 3c.
LAMB—6 to 7c.
VEAL—5c.
HIDES—No. 1, $7.00; No. 2, $6.00
VEAL HIDES—7c per lb.
DEAKINS—45c.
SHEEP SKINS—Butchers prime $1.
TALLOW—Rough, 1½c
TALLOW—Rendered, 2½c.
LARD—9c. to 10c.
POTATOES—35c. to 50c. per bag.
HAY—$9 to $11.00 per ton.
CHICKENS—40c. to 50c. per pair.
DUCKS—50c. to 60c.
TURKEYS—75c. to $1.00.
ONIONS—20c. per peck.

Montreal Markets.

Wheat, No. 2 hard, nominal; peas, per 60 lbs, in store, 48c to 49c; oats, No. 2, white, in store, 23½c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 39c to 40c; barley, feed, 30c to 32c; buckwheat, per bushel, 32½c to 32½c.

Flour—There is quite a brisk business in Manitoba flour for foreign account. On Saturday the Lake of the Woods Milling Co., placed 4,000 sacks, 2,000 to go to Dublin and 2,000 to go to Glasgow, shipment from Montreal at the opening of navigation. The range of values is about as follows:—Straight rollers, $3 90 to $4 20; straight rollers, bags, $1 90 to $2; strong bakers', Manitoba, $4 25 to $4 50; spring patents, Manitoba, $4 50 to $4 80. Winter wheat, patents, $4 40 to $4 65.

Meal—There is very little demand for meal at present and values remain about the same. The range is as follows:—Rolled, per bag, $1 45 to $1 50; do, per brl $2 90 to $3: granulated, $3 90 to $3; do per bag, $1 45 to $1 50; standard, per bag, $1 50.

Feed—Bran is quoted at $12 and shorts at $13.

Cheese—The receipts of fodder cheese are small; it sells at 10½c.

Butter—The market is steady at 19½c to 20½c for fresh made creamery.

Eggs—The demand is fair at 9½c to 10c.

Letter From the Rector of the High School.

"Dear Doctor Ievers,—I should like to add another testimonial to the numbers you have already received in favor of 'Quickcure.' I have been troubled a good deal lately with Boils, and tried 'Quickcure.' I can only describe its effect as magical; in about half a minute after application I felt as though I had never been troubled at all, and was completely well in two days. Wishing you every success with your valuable discovery, I remain, yours very truly,

Signed, G. AINSLIE YOUNG,
Rector High School, Quebec.

Dec., 1896.

Boys' Shirts and Sweaters.

We are showing an elegant range of Boys' Sweaters, fine wool, blue, white and tan; also Boys' colored shirts, with fine blue and pink stripes, 2 collars and pair cuffs detachable. Also a range of light and dark blues with attached collars and cuffs at SCHUSTER'S.

Every druggist in the City of Quebec, without exception, testifies to the universal satisfaction expressed by their customers, as to the merits of "Quickcure" for all kinds of pain.

Auction Sale!

MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, South Albert st., will sell her household effects TUESDAY, APRIL 13th, sale commencing at 9:30 a.m. and continuing following days until all is sold. The effects consist of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Furniture, Book Cases, Tables and all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Carpets, Pictures, Books, Range, Plants, China, Crockery, Glassware, Side-Board, Butler's Table, Boufette, Gas Stove, Gas Fixtures, Awning, Meat Grinder, Clock, Sewing Machine, Large Mirror, Curtain Poles, Lawn Mower, etc. There will also be sold a Carriage Horse, two Phaetons, Dog Cart, Waggon, Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, Robes, Bells, Rugs, Blankets, and other stable articles.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

FRESH ARRIVALS OF THE SEASON'S NOVELTIES.

We have just opened up a large importation of the novelties so much in demand this season. They include:

Chiffons.

In Plain and Pleated, in Black, White, Cream, Sky, Pink, Mauve, Brown, Yellow, and Cardinal. Prices range from 20c to 75c a yard.

Velvet Ribbons.

So much in demand just now, especially in the narrow widths. Every width in stock in both Satin and Cotton back.

Tubular Braids.

Plain and Fancy Tubulars in Black and leading colors. The correct thing for trimming spring dresses.

Ruchings.

Chiffon Ruchings all widths, in Black, for trimming Capes and Dresses, very pretty styles, ranging in price from 25c to $1.00 a yard.

Kid Gloves.

Our Kid Glove assortment is complete. A few of those 50c and 75c Gloves left, worth $1.00. All our Gloves at $1.00 and up guaranteed.

Ladies' Ties.

New styles in Ladies' Ties just received. Also Linen Collars and Cuffs all the new shapes in every size.

Belts.

A large lot of Leather Belts in Black, White, Cardinal, Tans and Greens. See the styles we show at 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c. Also Black and Colored Beltings by the yard and Belt Buckles

Val. Laces.

A splendid assortment of Valenciennes Laces in Black, White and Butter, greatly used for trimming Muslins.

Satin Ribbons.

Every shade and width in Satin Ribbons. Also all colors in Baby Ribbons.

Margaret Collaretts.

Have you seen the new Margaret Collaretts? The latest novelty in Neckwear. Colors White, Black, Sky, Pink, Helio, Tuscan.

Blouse Setts.

A large assortment of Blouse Setts, Belt Pins, Collar and Cuff Buttons, in Black, Silver, Gold, Pearl and enamel effects. These are wonderfully cheap for fine goods.

LACE CURTAIN SPECIALS.

We have just received over 200 pairs Lace Curtains in White and Cream, very special value, prices ranging from 50c to $3.75 a pair.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

2 · EASTER REQUIREMENTS · 2

1st--A New Dress.

In this connection we show a full range of novelties in English, French and German made goods.

Our Dressmaking Department is in charge of Miss Conway.

2nd--A Stylish ....Spring Hat

In Ladies' and Children's headwear we show the newest creations known to the millinery trade.

This department is in charge of Miss Morris.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

A Lady's Views About WALL PAPER.

We have a letter from a lady at a distance to whom we sent wall paper samples a few days ago.

She describes our paper as the best she has seen anywhere, and the prices are so much lower than prices quoted by other Wall Paper houses as to seem almost ridiculous.

One extract from her letter says: "I found the papers in Book 'V' very superior to other papers, at 60c. a roll, with which I compared them."

By consulting our Book V price list we find the prices range from 8c. to 15c. a roll.

The difference was so great we could scarcely credit it, but in three or four places in the letter our correspondent particularly emphasizes this point.

We know our goods are right and our prices are right as compared with other towns and cities.

We have an interesting collection of letters from every quarter in Canada, all telling us the same story of choice papers at low prices.

C. B. Scantlebury.

Our Jelly Rolls

At 10c each will serve from eight to ten people nicely. They are filled with lemon jelly, and iced in Cocoanut, Chocolate and Walnut. We believe you will want to buy them again after trying them once.

Our Easter display next week.

Hot X Buns Good Friday.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
TERMS CASH.

J. Brasier

THE LEADING HATTER.

Stock is now complete.

Our store is full of them at right prices.

HATS ONLY
HATS ONLY
HATS ONLY

Call and see them at
J. BRASIER'S.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

Removal

After to-day we will occupy the store known as the BEEHIVE, with a new and up-to-date stock of . . . .

HATS, CAPS,
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
AND
READY-MADE CLOTHING.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Men's Outfitter.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:15 p.m.
Going East.	**(Arrive.)**
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	1:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

ALGOMA MINING DEAL.

This transaction, which has on several occasions been discussed in these columns, was fully debated in the Legislature on the 6th inst., and was shown, not only by the able comments of Mr. Whitney and his supporters, but by the acknowledgment of Minister Gibson, who had the matter in charge, to be quite as objectionable as it had been represented. So utterly lacking in argument, indeed, was the Commissioner of Crown Lands that he was not only obliged to confess that the agreement which he had made was entirely out of accord with a sound public policy in such matters, and would not form a precedent for the future; but he was also forced to plead that it was "only a little one," not so large as at first represented. On these points he said, according to the "Globe's" report:

"Much has been said as to the character of the arrangement entered into. It was of course a novel one. It was such a one as the Government would never dream of entering into as a precedent for other similar arrangements. The Government had a special object in view for the advancement of our mining interests, and they would be unworthy of their position if they failed to seize the opportunity presented to them. The 'blanketing' system, so much criticized, was one which the Government had from the first set their face against, and one which in every way possible had been discouraged in the administration of the Department of Crown Lands.

* * * * *

"On a previous occasion, Mr. Gibson said, he had stated the area of these locations as 64,000 acres, but in this he had overstepped the mark, and in fact the descriptions as given in the license of occupation did not mention the acreage. Block "A," the one north of Rainy Lake, contained an actual area of 31,000 acres of land. A very large area of [illegible] of this location, perhaps about 15,000 acres. Of Block "B," on Shoal Lake, the actual measurement of land, inclusive of 4,500 acres of water, was 15,000 acres, so that the two together amounted to about 46,000 acres of land. An entirely erroneous impression had been formed in some quarters as to the size of these blocks. He believed many people entertained the idea that the expression '100 square miles' actually meant one hundred miles square instead of only ten miles square, and the actual area was about thirty square miles less. That was the 'enormous extent' of this western portion of the Province which had been locked up! To have heard hon. gentlemen opposite talk, to have read the articles in the Opposition press, and to have gazed at the headlines with which they sought to frighten men, it might be supposed that one-half of the northwestern part of Ontario had been given away to these capitalists in England. The Township of King, in the County of York, close to where they sat, was almost twice the size of the two blocks taken together. The Township of Markham was one and a half times larger, and the Township of Vaughan also was much larger."

The foregoing is sufficient to show that there was no defence—that there could not be any defence—of the case on its merits. And so the Minister was obliged to apologize for his action on the ground of expediency: a very humiliating position for a Minister in a Government which bases its claims to public favor on its honesty and ability.

That this transaction was neither honest nor able will be clearly apparent to all who carefully consider the matter. As the "Mail and Empire" points out—and the gingerly manner in which Mr. Gibson referred to Mr. J. K. Kerr in his speech is most significant in that connection—two curious circumstances have been developed in connection with the deal. The first is that the Government, after declaring that the thing was against the law and against good policy, gave the Company nearly twice as much territory as it asked for. Another is the fact that Mr. Kerr, the Liberal politician who participates in the deal, is the gentleman who handled Mr. Conmee's resignation as the member of the Local House for West Algoma. Mr. Conmee resigned to run for the Federal Parliament, and confided his resignation to Mr. Kerr, who was about to become a contractor with the Government. Mr. Kerr kept back the resignation until Mr. Conmee's defeat for the higher office was made known, and then, with the consent of the Government, withheld the document from the Speaker, thus re-electing the member for the district in which his territorial grant is situated—the district which, above all others, should have been free to speak in the House, through the mouth of a member independent of Mr. Kerr, on the merits of the transaction. Now the Commissioner of Crown Lands is proposing a new law to govern all people other than the favored syndicate having the desire or intention to prosecute the mining business. The first principle of the new law is that the Government may withdraw further large sections of mining land from the miners on any pretext. It may lock the miners out from specified districts on the ground that these districts are rich in minerals, and that it is desirable to test them with the diamond drill; or it may prohibit miners from even "attempting to explore, occupy, or work mines," and it may render them liable to a cash penalty—it may actually fine them—for committing these new crimes on lands withdrawn from the market on the ground that it is timbered or "for any other reason." In a word, the Government has seized authority to give Mr. Kerr and the other "South Africans" a hundred square miles of territory to roam over, and is now proposing that the Legislature shall authorize it to close up mining territory elsewhere against other people if it thinks the land is rich in minerals, or for any other reason that it may suggest. Mr. Kerr gets all the land he wants—more, indeed than he asked for at first; the regular prospector and miner is to be excluded, not only from Mr. Kerr's kingdom, but from all lands the Government, under such pretext as it may name, may desire to withdraw.

While the South Africans have 64,000 acres in two blocks other people can have no more than 640 within a radius of twenty-five miles. While, too, the South Africans need not spend more than fifty cents for the second, and seventy in round figures for the third, the regular miner must lay out, in addition to his purchase price or rent, $4 an acre in his first three years' occupancy. There is a weakening of the regulations on behalf of Mr. Kerr and the South Africans, and a stiffening of the law against other operators. It looks as if the Government wanted to make it hard for everybody, except the favored South Africans, or such as pay tribute to the South Africans, to engage in the business of developing the mining industry of the province. The South African deal was extraordinary when first made known; far worse is it in the light of the now proposed law for the restriction of mining in Ontario.

Now let us see what public opinion in the district affected is. The Rat Portage "Miner," a non-political journal, speaks thus strongly:

Misrepresentation by the advocates and promoters of a scheme like that of the Engledue deal might be expected; apologetic argument and wilful evasion can unfortunately be looked for on the part of a Government compelled to face the unexpected attacks of an Opposition elated by the hope that at last a breach has been found in the walls rendered almost impregnable by the late Premier. These peculiarities, it must be confessed, are too frequently found in transactions wherein a corporation seeking special privileges and a Government are concerned. We have become almost accustomed to them. And when the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, Col. Gibson, on the floor of the House, said that the Lake of the Woods grant is not near the Mikado mine, that both grants of the Engledue Company were in the Huronian district where no exploring had taken place, and to cap everything, had the supreme audacity to contend that the deal was not a departure from the principle of "blanket applications," nobody could be said to have been shocked. People were simply surprised at the unmitigated gall of a Minister of the Crown, who felt that partisan exigencies required wilful perversion of material facts, the truth of which could be easily ascertained. For one of the two grants made to this alleged South African General Development syndicate is not far from the northwest angle of the Lake of the Woods, and is near to portions of the Mather timber grant. This grant is part of the peninsula separating Shoal Lake from Lake of the Woods; it is surrounded by island mineral locations of great value; part of it has already been taken up; the celebrated Mikado mine is near by; the Sultana is not far distant—indeed, many of the mines of the Lake of the Woods may be said to be in the immediate vicinity of the grant. These were facts easily ascertained, and a misstatement of them given in the heat of debate, by a Minister who finds himself and his Government in what is vulgarly called "a hole," does not carry much weight. How deep the hole must be, and how anxious the Hardy Government is to crawl out, the ways and means employed by the defenders of this notorious Engledue deal to justify it is sufficient evidence. But to misrepresent the feelings of the people of this district in order to justify it was daring in the extreme.

With the aid of their party majority, excepting Mr. Conmee (Mr. Kerr's member for the division in which the reserve is located) and five others who were conveniently absent, and the votes of the Patrons—Mr. Gamey excepted—the Government have forced the "deal" through the House. They cannot thereby escape the condemnation of the public, which will be pronounced in due season, of a bargain which is contrary to their professed principle, and suspicious, if not corrupt, on the face of it.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

FOXBORO.

APRIL 6.

Miss Lucy McRae, of Belleville, spent Sunday in the village.

Mr. Wm. Vincent left for the States early on Monday morning.

Mr. Sheldon Demorest was visiting friends in Murray on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Hamilton spent Sunday at Mr. Chas. Lake's.

Miss Ethel Switzer intends leaving for a visit to her friends in Campbellford.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gowsell, of Quebec, are renewing old acquaintances in the village.

Mr. Brown and Mr. Bradshaw are moving into the house lately occupied by Mr. Chas. Strong.

Mr. Benjamin Clarke and Mr. Edward Vandewaters, of Carmel, paid us a flying visit on Sunday.

Mr. Caleb Rose took charge of the Sunday School last Sunday, the Superintendent being absent.

The cheese factories started around here yesterday and people have to change their hours of sleeping.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Roblin, of Chatterton, spent Friday evening at the home of Mr. Thos. Clarke.

Deakin skins are taking a raise in price here on account of more than one buyer. They are having lively times buying them at the north end of the village.

There doesn't seem to be very much the matter with your child. He doesn't actually lose weight, but there is no gain. He belongs to that large class of children that don't seem to prosper. You look at him a little more thoughtfully than you do at the rest and say "He is not doing well." Failure to gain in weight in a child is a danger signal. Scott's Emulsion should be taken at once. It puts on fat where health demands it, strengthening the digestion.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

Dr. CHASE CURES FATHER AND CHILD

Both afflicted with Eczema of a very troublesome type and cured in a remarkably short while by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

"I was troubled for ten years with eczema on one leg; the itching was something terrible; would scratch until the blood came. How I came to know the value of DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT, I have a little girl two years; when she was one year old the same disease began to show upon her face. It wasn't long before her face became literally covered with it. In order to keep her from scratching it we had to bandage her hands up. I tried several doctors, but got no relief. Seeing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT so highly advertised I made up my mind to purchase a box, which I did from one of our leading druggists. The first application I noticed a change. It was then I began to think about myself. With four or five applications, to my surprise, I am completely cured, no sign of the disease, and my little girl's face to-day is clear of all the scabs. I am only too glad to inform any person what a blessing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT has proved itself.

"HIRAM FREY,
"Wheel Maker,
"Norwood, Ont."

RAILWAYS AND BIKES.

Mr. Casey as the Champion of the Wheelmen.

Mr. Blair Doesn't Know Whether the C.P.R. Has Begun Construction or Not—Mr. Cowan Gets In His Alien Labor Bill and Perpetrates a Pun Full o' "Tax"—Mr. Foster Again Asking Questions A Fairly Lively Day in the House.

Ottawa, April 7.—(Special.)—The grievances of the Canadian wheelmen were aired by Mr. Casey, M. P., this afternoon in introducing a bill to amend the Railway Act, which is designed to compel the railway companies to carry bicycles as personal baggage. He severely scored the railways for imposing a tax on wheels. The bill was read a first time and questions were then taken up.

Mr. Maclean asked: Has the Canadian Pacific Railway yet begun the construction of their line through the Crow's Nest Pass? Does the Government intend to allow that company to begin the work of constructing without first completing the negotiations now going on for modifications in the clauses in the company's charter in the matter of the construction of branch lines and the regulation of the rates and tolls charged by the said company?

Mr. Blair: As to the first clause of the question, I may say the Government is without information as to whether the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has yet begun the construction of a railway through the Crow's Nest Pass, except that it was understood that some grading had been done a couple of years ago in or adjacent to the Pass. As to the second clause of the question, I am afraid I shall be obliged to ask the honorable gentleman to modify or amend the question so as not to contain a statement which I should have to either accept or challenge in answering. If the honorable gentleman will put the question again without the objectionable clause I shall be pleased to answer it.

The Minister of Railways and Canals: In any case, I would ask the hon. member to allow his question, even if he were to modify it, to stand until to-morrow.

Mr. Maclean: I consent to that.

Dr. Sproule was informed by Mr. Sifton that the services of John Dyke, agent in Liverpool, and Thomas Graham, agent at Glasgow, had not been dispensed with. John W. Down was no longer agent at Bristol, but no successor had been appointed. The following gentlemen had been appointed for emigration work: A. F. Jury, to work in England, salary $150 a month; W. L. Griffith, Wales, $100 a month; H. M. Murray, Scotland, $2000 a year; Thomas Duncan, Scotland, $100 a month; C. R. Devlin, Ireland, $2000 a year; Edward O'Kelly, Ireland, $150 a month; John Webster, Ireland, $75 a month.

Mr. Foster moved the adjournment of the House to call attention to the statement of Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson at the G. T. R. shareholders' meeting in London yesterday that the Dominion Government had consented to defray the cost of enlarging the Victoria Bridge at Montreal. It appeared that Parliament was to be dependent for the first intimation as to the arrangement when completed by seeing the announcement in the newspaper press. He thought such a course was not treating the House properly.

Mr. Blair said the arrangements with the G. T. R. had not been concluded. It was a matter within the discretion of the President of the G. T. R. to tell shareholders how far the negotiations had proceeded, but if Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson felt warranted in assuming that negotiations would reach the final results it did not at all follow that they had gone so far as to warrant the Government in so advising the House. It might be that the arrangements would come to nothing, but certainly he did not feel justified in making a partial statement on the subject. Nothing would be done which would not be absolutely subject to the sanction of Parliament.

Dr. Montague: Much obliged for that. [Laughter.]

A happy mother is the happiest being in this world. To hold in her arms the dear little life—a part of her very own life—nestling, trusting and dependent on her protecting love, is the sweetest, most sacred responsibility of a woman's existance.

But many a woman approaching the time of motherhood feels most deeply its duties and trials. She is burdened with a sense of anxiety and unreasonable foreboding. This state of mind is unfavorable both to the mother and the child.

A prospective mother may insure herself against the slightest fear of danger or excessive pain by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, during the period of expectancy. This "Prescription" makes the coming of baby absolutely safe and comparatively painless.

It gives elastic endurance to the organism specially concerned in motherhood, and healthy vitality to the nerve-centres. It makes the mother strong and cheerful. It gives her recuperative power. It promotes abundant nourishment and provides constitutional health and energy for the child.

It is the only positive specific for all diseases of the feminine organism, devised by an educated and skilled specialist in this particular field of practice. Its sale exceeds the combined sale of all other medicines for women.

"I am very thankful for what Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has done for me," writes Mrs. Etta E. Smith, of Grenola, Elk Co., Kansas. "About a month before I was confined I had such pains I could stand up only a little while at a time. I could not rest at night at all, nor at any other time. I could scarcely eat anything at all. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and after the second dose I felt better. From then until I was sick, I carried nearly all the water that was used, up a long hill, and worked in the garden every day, besides my other work, and did not feel at all bad. When the baby was born the doctor and the women who were with me said I had an easier time than any one they ever saw for the first time. The baby is very healthy and growing right along. I have been up ever since she was five days old."

Sir Charles Tupper said this was a very grave point which had been raised. The Government had no right to give information to private individuals or representatives of companies which was withheld from Parliament. Probably £100,000 had changed hands on G. T. R. stocks as a result of Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson's statement. Supposing these negotiations came to naught, in what position would Canada be placed? A statement of that kind could not be made without involving the credit and good standing of the Government of Canada, and what affected the Government affected the whole of Canada. If the Government was in a position to recede, then the statement of the G. T. R. president was unwarranted. If they were not in a position to recede then Parliament should have knowledge of the negotiations. Evidently it was becoming the rule with the Government to give to private individuals and corporations information which they refused to the House. It was treating Parliament with contempt. Proceeding, Sir Charles referred to Mr. Fielding's action in calling a private meeting of certain coal owners and acquainting them with his views on the tariff. The meeting at the Windsor Hotel on March 13 was a deliberate attempt to take an unfair and dishonorable advantage of the position which the Government occupied in the interests of the party. Mr. Fielding's declarations should not have been made in a private parlor of a hotel, but on the floors of Parliament. Then his statement would have been given to the press, but why was it that when changing the tariff the Government took possession of the telegraph wires from the moment the tariff resolutions were tabled until they were passed? It was to prevent anyone obtaining undue advantage from the knowledge which they might acquire here. Gigantic fortunes could be made within an hour if the information were known. He charged that the meeting of Parliament had been postponed from the 11th to the 25th for the purpose of delaying the bringing down of the tariff and hastening on the Nova Scotia elections. This action on the part of both Governments was a disgraceful conspiracy. They were playing with loaded dice and marked cards. [Loud Opposition cheers.]

Mr. Fielding said it was evident news must have come to Sir Charles Tupper that his friends in Nova Scotia were again realizing the cause of Toryism and Tupperism in that province was dead or dying. [Liberal cheers.] If the hon. gentleman had any idea of carrying the provincial elections he would not have made the ill natured speech to day. Adverting to the G. T. R. matter, he repeated that the negotiations were not yet completed. If the statement of Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson had affected the stock markets the Government had nothing whatever to do with it.

Mr. Foster: Well, how about Mr. Dobell?

Mr. Fielding: Mr. Dobell took care of himself and he is well able to do it. [Laughter.] Continuing, he said the statement he had made in Montreal would be the statement when the budget speech was made. The Opposition had it before them and could make use of it if they pleased. The hon. gentleman (Sir Charles Tupper) was one of those represented at the meeting, because he was a director of the General Mining Association.

Sir Charles Tupper: The day I accepted a position under the Government I resigned that office.

Mr. Fielding: Well, the point is of no importance. [Opposition laughter.]

Sir Charles Tupper: May I ask was more than one company represented?

Mr. Fielding: I believe there were.

Sir Charles Tupper: Mr. Button of the International Coal Company said not.

Mr. Fielding, continuing, said there were good and sufficient reasons for the course he had taken, reasons which would commend themselves to the country when they were made known. Proceeding, he pointed out that Sir Charles Tupper was responsible for abolishing the coal duties in 1871 and strangling the National Policy.

Mr. Foster: Eight years before it was born. [Much laughter.]

Mr. Fielding then charged the Opposition with having when in power condemned the Liberals for advocating reciprocity in coal and yet the Government of which Sir Charles Tupper was a member had authorized the writing of a letter to Mr. S. J. Ritchie of Akron, Ohio, to take to Washington, promising reciprocity in coal.

Sir Charles Tupper: Will the hon. gentleman allow me to correct him again? I was not a member of the Government at that time. [Opposition cheers and laughter.]

Mr. Fielding: Well, the hon. gentleman has been slipping in and out so often that it is difficult to follow him. [Laughter.] However, he is out now, and is going to stay out. [Liberal cheers.] In conclusion, he said that it was a scandalous exhibition of duplicity and double dealing on the part of the Conservatives in their policy regarding coal. With regard to the Nova Scotia elections, he had had no communication with the members of that Government in reference to the elections, but he had no doubt that on 20th April Nova Scotia would again show her adhesion to Liberal principles. [Ministerial cheers.]

Dr. Reid moved a resolution in favor of bonusing the export of creamery made butter trade to the extent of one cent a pound, the bonus to be paid only to those farmers sending in regular supplies. In support of his resolution, he urged the necesity of thus encouraging the butter industry in view of the probability of the cheese production of the Northwest being largely stimulated. He congratulated the Government upon carrying out the late Administration's cold storage scheme. If the Government could find millions for the Crow's Nest Pass Railway and for canals, it could surely find the twenty or thirty thousand dollars it would take to give this small bonus to the farmers.

The Minister of Agriculture replied at length. He said the experience in Canada and abroad was against the principles of a butter export bonus. During the six years it was given in Victoria, Australia, the export throve, but so soon as the bonus was stopped the export ceased. For years Quebec gave a similar bonus, but it did not increase the output as largely in proportion as it increased in Ontario without a bonus, although Quebec was better adapted for dairying than Ontario. Moreover, the bonus went to the buyer and not to the farmer. Mr. Fisher also believed that Canada had passed the bonus stage in her dairying industry. For the past three years, successively our export of butter to England had doubled each year, and he believed next season would double the last. During the winter butter had gone to England weekly from Canada. He announced that the cold storage scheme had now been perfected and completed. [Applause.] He concluded by requesting Dr. Reid to withdraw his resolution.

Mr. Davin, however, moved the adjournment of the debate, and so the discussion went over, it being 6 o'clock.

Mr. Casey, after recess, moved the second reading of the bill for the better protection of railway employes. He said it provided for compulsory use of automatic air brakes, continuous running boards, outside ladders on freight cars and iron rails on top of each car. He said railway employes all over the country endorsed the bill. The bill was read a second time.

Mr. Casey then moved that it be referred to a special committee, consisting of Messrs. Maclean, McGregor, Ingram, Choquette, Stubbs, Belcourt, Powell, Ellis and Casey.

Col. Tisdale though no good could come of referring the bill to a special committee. The Railway Committee was the proper body to handle it.

Mr. Maclean said in the past no headway could be made with a bill of this kind before the Railway Committee. He wanted the measure to be considered by a special committee as well as his own.

Mr. Ives and Sir Charles Tupper favored a reference to the Railway Committee, but Mr. Ingram, as an old railway man, supported the special committe idea. With the addition of Mr. Blair's name, Mr. Casey's motion carried.

Mr. Maclean then moved the second

(Continued on third page).

A Magnificent Showing OF BOYS' CLOTHING.

This is the Season of the Year....... when new clothes for the boys is an absolute necessity. The winter wear is cast aside. In clothing for Boys suited to the new season we have not simply a very large variety, but many special lines that will attract the attention of the boys and interest every mother. Prices are just as attractive as the goods.

Boys' Navy Blue Two-Piece Serge Suits, plain or pleated back, worth at least $2.00, for	$1 50	Boys' Sailor Suits, sizes 22 to 28, Blouses and Pants in Blue Serge, Pants lined, special price	$1.00
Boys' Mixed Gray Suits, sizes 22 to 27 only, Coat and Pants beautifully trimmed, fancy pleating, worth $2.50 for	2 00	Boys' Velvet Sailor Suits, imported from Germany, color navy blue, nice lanyard and whistle, a good value suit at $4.00, our price	3 00
Boys' All Wool Halifax Tweed Suits, different shades, well made and trimmed, extra wearing and worth $3.00 easy, for	2 50	Boys' Serge Suits. Coat Vest and Pants, boy 11 to 15 years of age, Sanford's celebrated make, well trimmed and good wearing	3.00
Boys' Dark Gray 3 Piece Suits for lads 12 to 15 years of age, made by Sanford, well trimmed and good wearing. The same last year was $4.00 now	3 00	Boys' Extra Good Gray Worsted Suits, in Coat, Vest and Pants. Veryfine trimmings. Our price last year was $8.00, now	7.00

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten Season

Fresh
Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
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FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.

Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.

Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—139 and 157.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind and Door Factory.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HARRIS & WALTON, OF THE CITY OF BELLEVILLE, INSOLVENTS.

TENDERS addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,685 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,208 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to

WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TOBNEY proprietor. dtf

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, traveles with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I feel confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. MCINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

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GRANDPA'S WOLF STORY

(Continued.)

"After getting breath I gave my attention to the wolves. They did not catch sight of me for a few moments. Some stood looking much interested at the lower opening, as terriers do at the hole where a rat has disappeared.

"Dust still came from the hole to the open air. Some wolves sneezed; others sat and squealed with annoyance, as Bruno does when you close the door on him at dinner-time. They were disgusted at my concealment. Of course you have a pretty good idea of what they said, Jenny."

"No, grandpapa. The horrid, cruel things! What did they say?"

"Well, of course wolf talk is rude, even savage, and dreadfully profane. As near as I could make out, one fellow screamed, 'Shame, boy, taking an unfair advantage of poor starving wolves!' It seemed as if another fellow yelled, 'You young coward!' A third cried, 'Oh, yes, you think you're safe, don't you?' A fourth, 'Yow—yow—but we can wait till you come down!'"

Grandpapa mimicked the wolfish voices and looks so effectively that Jenny was rather alarmed.

"One old fellow seemed to suggest that they should go away and look for more venison for supper, while he kept watch on me. At that there was a general howl of derision. They seemed to me to be telling the old fellow that they were just as fond of boy as he, and that they understood his little game.

"The old chap evidently tried to explain, but they grinned with all their teeth as he turned from one to another. You must not suppose, chickens, that wolves have no sense of humor. Yet, poor things—"

"Poor things! Why, Grandpapa!"

"Yes, Jenny; so lean and hungry, you know. Then one of them suddenly caught sight of my head, and didn't he yell! 'There he is—look up the tree!' cried Mr. Wolf.

"For a few moments they were silent. Then they sprang all at once, absurdly anxious to get nearer to me, twenty-five feet or so above their reach. On falling, they tumbled into several heaps of mouths and legs and tails. After scuffling and separating, they gazed up at me with silent longing. I should have been very popular for a few minutes had I gone down."

Jenny shuddered and then nestled closer to her grandfather.

"Don't be afraid, Jenny. They didn't eat me—not that time. After a few moments' staring I became very impolite. 'Boo-ooh!' said I. 'Yah-ha-ha!' said I. 'You be shot!' I cried. They resented it. Even wolves love to be gently addressed.

"They began yelling, snarling and howling at me worse than politicians at a sarcastic member of the opposite party. I imitated them. Nevertheless, I was beginning to be frightened. The weather was turning cold, night was coming on, and I didn't like the prospect of staying till morning.

"All of a sudden I began laughing. I had till then forgotten my pistol and pocketful of cartridges. There were seventeen nice wolves—"

"Nice! Why, grandpa!"

"They seemed very nice wolves when I recollected the county bounty of six dollars for a wolf's head. Also, their skins would fetch two dollars apiece. 'Why,' said I, 'my dear wolves, you're worth one hundred and thirty-six dollars.'

"'Don't you wish you may get it!' said they, sneering.

"'You're worth one hundred and thirty-six dollars,' I repeated, 'and yet you want to sponge on me for a free supper! shame!'"

"Did you say it out loud, grandpapa?"

"Well—no, Jenny. It's a thing I might have said, you know; but I didn't exactly think of it at the time. I was feeling for my pistol. Just as I tugged it out of its case at my waist, my knees, arms, and all lost their hold, and down I fell."

"Grandpapa, dear!" Jenny nervously clutched him.

"I didn't fall far, pet. But the dust! talk of sweeping floors! The whole inside of the tree below me, borne down by my weight, had fallen in chunks and dust. There I was, gasping for breath, and the hole eight feet above my head. The lower entrance was of course blocked up by rotten wood."

"And they couldn't get at you?"

"No, Jimmy; but I was in a dreadful situation. At first I did not fully realize it. Choking for air, throat filled with particles of dry rot, I tried to climb up again. But the hollow had become too large. Nothing but a round shell of sound wood, a few inches thick was left around me. With feet, hands, elbows, and back, I strove to attend as before. But I could not. I was stuck fast!

"When I pushed with my feet I could only press my back against the other side of the enlarged hole. I was horrified. Indeed, I thought the tree would be my coffin. There I stood breathing with difficulty even when I breathed through my capuchin, which I took off of my blanket overcoat. And there, I said to myself, I was doomed to stand till my knees should give way and my head fall forward, and some day, after many years, the old tree would blow down, and out would fall my white and r-rattling bo-o-nes."

"Don't please, grannpapa!" Jenny was trying to keep from crying.

"In spite of my vision of my own skull and cross-bones," went on Grandpapa, solemnly, "I was too young to despair wholy. I was at first more annoyed than desperate. To be trapped so, to die in a hole where I might have shot a couple of wolves and split the heads of one or two more with my hatchet before they could have had boy for supper—this thought made me very angry. And that brought me to thinking of my hatchet.

"It was, I remembered, beneath my feet at the bottom of the lower opening. If I could get hold of it, I might use it to chop a hold through my prison wall.

"But to burrow down was clearly impossible. Nevertheless, I knelt to feel the punky stuff under my feet. The absurdity of trying to work down a hole without having, like a squirrel, any place to throw out the material, was plain.

"But something more cheerful occurred to me. As I knelt, an object at my back touched my heels. It was the brass point of my hunting-knife sheath. Instantly I sprang to my feet, thrust my revolver back into its case, drew the stout knife, and drove the blade into the shell of pine.

"In two minutes I had scooped the blade through. It five minutes I had my face at a small hole which gave me fresh air. In half an hour I had hacked out a space big enough to put my shoulders through.

"The wolves, when they saw me again, were delighted. As for me, I was much pleased to see them, and said so. At the compliment they licked their jaws. They thought I was coming down, but I had something important to do first.

"I drew my pistol. It was a big old-fashioned Colt's revolver. With the first round of seven shots I killed three, and wounded another badly."

"Then the rest jumped on them and ate them all up, didn't they grandpapa?"

"No Jimmy, I'm glad to say they didn't. Wolves in Russian stories do, but American wolves are not cannibalistic; for this is a civilized country, you know.

"These wolves didn't even notice their fallen friends. They devoted their attention wholly to me, and I assure you, chickens, that I was much gratified at that.

"I loaded again. It was a good deal of trouble in those days, when revolvers wore caps. I aimed very carefully, and killed four more. The other ten then ran away—at least some did; three could drag themselves but slowly.

"After loading again I dropped down, and started for camp. Next morning we came back and got ten skins, after looking up the three wounded."

"And yet got only eighty dollars, instead of one hundred and thirty-six, grandpapa," said Jimmy, ruefully.

"Well, Jimmy, that was better than furnishing the raw boy for supper."

"Is that all, grandpapa?"

"Yes, Jenny, dear."

"Do tell us another story."

"Not to-night, chickens. Not to-night. Grandpapa is old and sleepy. Good night, dears; and if you begin to dream of wolves, be sure you change the subject."

Grandpapa walked slowly up stairs.

"Can you make different dreams come, Jimmy?" said Jenny.

"You goose! Grandpapa was pretending."

THE END

RAILWAYS AND BIKES.

(Continued from second page).

reading of his bill, the purport of which is somewhat similar to Mr. Casey's. The motion was carried, and the bill was referred to a special committee.

Mr. Cowan moved the second reading of his alien labor bill. He said the time had arrived when an honest effort should be put forth to protect the Canadian laborer and artisan at home. To his personal knowledge Canadians entering the United States had their personal effects ransacked and their letters read by the myrmidons of the United States Government. The national honor of Canada demanded that the ends of justice should be met by the adoption of similar legislation. The Canadian artisan needed no protection in the open field of competition, but if any country was going to debar Canadians from enjoying the fruits of honest toil, then the Canadian laborer should be protected at home. [Cheers.] His bill might smack of retaliation, but he could not help that. It he could prevent it no American was going to slide down the cellar door of Canada unscathed while they put "tax" in theirs. [Laughter.] "No coercion" was his motto, and he trusted there would be unanimous suport to his bill.

Mr. Taylor said it was refreshing to hear the speech of the hon. gentleman. In 1890, he (Taylor) had first introduced this bill into Parliament, but it had then met with a vastly different reception from the Liberals. Mr. Cowan's bill, eight clauses of it at any rate, was copied from his (Taylor's). He was glad to know that through his effort the country had been educated upto adoption of a measure of this kind. He objected, however, to the clause added by Mr. Cowan, that the bill should only become law on proclamation of the Governor-in-Council. He would also move to insert a clause that all public contractors must be residents of Canada. In conclusion, Mr. Taylor explained that although he was on deck a day before the House opened and gave notice of his bill the first day of the session, Mr. Cowan got ahead by sending down his bill by mail two weeks in advance. However, whether it was called the Taylor bill or the Cowan bill, he cared not, as long as it passed and the workingmen of Canada were protected.

Dr. Sproule congratulated Mr. Cowan upon having become a protectionist, and promised him a cordial suport.

E. F. Clarke held that while such legislation was in a measure degrading yet if Parliament failed to pass it Parliament would lose the respect of the workingmen of Canada.

Mr. Wood (Brockville) said that whatever might be his doubts as to the jurisdiction of this Parliament to put such a bill into operation, he certainly approved of the principle of the bill and its being enacted into legislation.

Messrs. McGregor and Ganong supported the principle of the proposed measure.

Mr. Wallace, in the course of a practical speech, showed the inconsistency of allowing American contractors to compete for Canadian public works while Canadians could not get any sort of contract in the United States, and the Government, he said, were allowing a foreign company to come here and do the bank note and stamp printing for the Government.

Mr. Davies: "And committing the further crime of erecting a $60,000 building here."

Mr. Wallace: "And of having work done by foreigners that should go to Canadians."

Mr. Davies: "Oh, no."

Mr. Wallace: "Oh, yes. But I am not going to discuss that now as the bank note contract will come up before the end of the session. In Toronto, when many men were out of work the contract for re-building a large store had been given to a Buffalo architect, and he had brought his Buffalo artisans with him. Such a thing would not be tolerated in the United States and should not be allowed in Canada.

Mr. Henderson also favored an alien labor law.

Mr. Laurier, in closing the debate, explained that he had not spoken at an earlier stage, because there could be no doubt of the position of the Government in regard to this measure. The Unanimous feeling of the House appeared to be that no alternative was left to the people of Canada but to enact similar labor laws to those in force in the United States. [Cheers.] The Government was reluctant to come to the conclusion that no option was left but apply to our neighbors the same measure of justice, or injustice, that they apply to us.

But he was not in favor of going a step farther than was necessary to uphold the dignity of the country, and do what was necessary to have the obnoxious United States law removed. The prospect, therefore, was for us to adopt the framing of the present American legislation, word for word, and that had been done in the bil before the House. The Corliss bill having been vetoed by the late President, was not now the United States law, and he was therefore of opinion that it should not b made the law of Canada, but rather that we should limit our law to a copy of the United States law as it is to-day. He would suggest, therefore, that the bill be referred to the Senate Committe, and that would be conducive to the carrying out of the general sentiment, if that committee were clothed with the power of investigation. In effect the operation of the United States law was confined to Windsor, Niagara Falls and the 1000 Islands, and not in Maine or Vermont, so the committe might ascertain to what extent the Canadian law might be made applicable to certain districts.

The bill of Mr. Cowan having been read a second time the Premier moved that it be referred to a committee composed of Hon. Messrs. Davies, Sifton, Langelier, Wood and Messrs. Casgrain, Taylor and Cowan, with power to send for persons and papers and report from time to time.

The motion carried and Mr. Taylor's bill, having been read a second time, was duly referred to the same committee.

Mr. Clancey asked if in this way the bill was likely to become law this session, to which the Premier replied with the asurance that the Government had no intention in referring it to the committee to have it killed by that committee.

This concluded the business of the sitting and the House adjourned at midnight.

IN OPEN REVOLT.

Twenty-Five Thousand Natives of Gazaland, Africa, Have Risen Against the Portuguese Government.

London, April 7.—Despatches from Pretoria and Delagoa Bay say that the whole of Gazaland is in open revolt. Twenty-five thousand natives have rebelled against the Portuguese Government. The principal rising is only about 40 miles from the Transvaal border. The Portuguese troops are mobilizing rapidly and the situation is regarded as most serious.

THE LICENSE BILL

Advanced Another Stage in the Legislature.

The Section Relating to Municipal Control of Hours of Opening and Closing Will Be Re-Considered — How the Doctors Differed on Some Points — Some Smart Arguments — Marked Absence of Party Feeling — Minors Must Have Written Orders for Drink in Clubs—Many Third Readings.

Toronto, April 8.

The Government met with tolerable success in putting through their license bill in committee yesterday. One section, and one section only, stands over, and that is the one which throws upon the municipalities the responsibility of regulating the number of licenses and the hours of sale. The parties were divided on the subject, scarcely any trace of party lines being maintained. The Attorney-General told Mr. Whitney that he expected to wind up the sessional business by Saturday.

The House went into committee on the liquor license amendments. Mr. Sub-section d, section 1, was objected to by Mr. German. It reads: "But the preceding parts of this section shall not apply to county towns having a population of 2500 or less." The member for Welland took exception to it because it would permit a county town of 2500 population to have more licenses than one of 2800. The sub-section was accordingly amended by the addition of the words, "as to which there shall be one license for every 250 of a population under 1000 population, and one to every 400 of population over 1000 population.

Section 2, fixing the limit of licenses to be issued after a new census to be one for each full 250 of the population under 1000 and one for each 500 over 1000 of population, was adopted without amendment.

Mr. German objected to section 3, which gave municipalities control of the number of licenses and of the hours of sale. It would lead to endless trouble between the liquor men and the temperance people in the municipalities. He moved in amendment to the effect that the licenses and hours of sale should be regulated by the Government. He doubted personally if it was advisable to legislate to make people good.

Mr. Meacham explained that, although the municipalities could shorten the hours, yet they could not lengthen them beyond the limit fixed by the Government.

Mr. Haycock agreed with Mr. German that investing the power in the municipalities was a retrograde step. He read a resolution of the Methodist Conference of 1892, supporting his view. He did not care how early or how late the Government fixed the hour of closing, but they should not shirk the responsibility and place it on the shoulders of the municipalities.

Mr. Cleland argued that the bill would throw the question of licenses into municipal politics with the effect that questions of more vital importance would be relegated to the background and the issue be clouded.

Mr. Marter thought the Government should take the responsibility of regulating both the number of hotels and of the hours of sale. He admitted, however, that the temperance people were by no means united on the subject. He suggested that the Government fix the hour of closing at 10 o'clock.

Mr. McLean did not agree with the previous speaker. He held that the nearer to the people the authority rested the better for the law. The public sentiment of the province was not sufficiently uniform to make it feasible to place the power in Government hands.

Mr. Crawford had taken exception to the clause in the second reading. The particular objection was in the subsection providing that formal notice should be given on or before Nov. 15. This would cause a possibility of having the annual municipal elections run on temperance lines. This might not be in the best interests of electors. He favored striking out the subsection referred to and replacing it with a clause providing that notice might be given any time in the year.

Mr. German held that there should be some notice of the application to the councils for license. He would support Mr. Crawford if he would move to give effect to his suggestion.

Mr. Auld considered it to be a local option question. He would support the section.

Dr. Meacham thought the section should pass.

Mr. Gibson of Huron was not one of the intemperate temperance people. He knew that of the people who supported the plebiscite at least one-half would take their drink. He had been a total abstainer for 57 years, but was entirely opposed to the section.

The Attorney-General stated that the Government would stand by the section. It was their solution of the difficulty. It was said that the Government were shirking responsibility. He would not entirely assent to that, but believed there was something in it. They had to take either one ground or the other.

Mr. Marter was not in favor of the present divided authority as between the municipal councils and the License Commissioners.

Dr. McKay of Oxford would strongly oppose any change in the section.

Mr. Miscampbell would wipe out the section altogether, for the reason that an election fight between temperance and liquor people was the most bitter which ever takes place. The licenses were in the hands of the Government and they should, therefore, regulate the traffic. Reducing the licenses meant the creation of little dives around the corner and the establishment of monopolies. The bill in its present shape would make the liquor question an annual bone of contention.

Mr. Howland recalled the experience Toronto had had of cliques who controlled municipal contests. Nothing could be more fallacious than the idea of leaving the matter in the hands of municipalities, for in every contest the moneyed interest controlled by the liquor men would invariably win. The tendency of the moral movements was that a class of people strive to put themselves at the head of them and get their hands on the reins of a very strong political horse. The section would be unfair to the liquor men, as it would necessitate their going down into their pockets at every contest with the temperance agitators. Continuing, he accepted the challenge of the Attorney General and charged that the Government had misinterpreted the decision of the Privy Council, which the speaker held enabled the Provincial Government to enact a prohibition law

The Attorney-General, in reply to Mr. Howland's challenge, contended that he had not been reading from the authorized report of the Privy Council decision. The decision hedged from the point and submitted questions which the Government did not feel called upon to answer. The only way that a direct answer as to jurisdiction could be obtained would be by submitting a test case.

Hon. Mr. Harcourt, in deference to the opposition to the section so generally expressed, moved that it be allowed to stand. The matter will, therefore, be re-considered.

Section 4, permitting shop licensees to sell cigars, tobaccos and cigarets, was then adopted.

Section 5, defining "shop license," was under discussion at 6 o'clock.

After supper the section under discussion previous to the Speaker's leaving the chair was carried.

Dr. Willoughby protested against the clause relating to druggists. He considered that the druggists had a perfect right to fill any prescription which a doctor might write. Druggists were supposed besides to keep the best kinds of liquor.

Hon. Mr. Harcourt held that primarily the business of druggists was not to deal with liquors. He asked what limit the previous speaker would put on the sale by druggists.

Dr. Willoughby suggested that the restriction of the section be made to apply only to cities and not throughout the country.

Mr. Harcourt stated that it could not be disputed that some Toronto druggists sold very bad liquor.

Dr. Willoughby instanced the case of persons who lived in the country, and who might be sent by their physician twenty miles to get liquor. It would be very unfair to prevent the druggist from selling more than six ounces.

The Attorney-General did not think that druggists in these days sold liquor by the quart, gallon or by the barrel.

Dr. Willoughby appealed to have the doctors trusted in the matter. They were not going to prescribe liquor by the gallon, even if they had the power to do so.

Mr. Hardy: "Do not druggists buy all their liquor from the shops?"

Dr. Willoughby: "No. They get their drugs from good wholesale stores."

Mr. Hardy accused the doctor of making an unfair appeal to the medical men in the House.

Dr. McKay of Oxford did not agree with his co-professionist. He suggested an amendment to the section to make doctors who sold drugs come under the law.

Dr. Willoughby was willing to support that amendment.

Mr. Baxter was followed by Hon. Mr. Ross, who stated that the idea of the clause was to prevent tippling in drug stores. They wanted to bring the trade out of the disrepute into which it had fallen.

Mr. Garrow agreed with Dr. Willoughby that the matter should be left to the honor of the doctors themselves. Mr. McKay of Victoria was of like opinion.

A little good-natured wrangle between the two medical whips over the proposed amendment of Dr. McKay followed, which was adopted along with the section.

Mr. Howland arose when section 8 was reached. He considered this provision preventing druggists from putting sticks in drinks an unnecessary one. He then criticized all of the restrictions imposed on the profession.

The clause was then carried.

Section 10, dealing with the sale to minors, was taken up, and Mr. Howland suggested that it be amended to prevent any person buying liquor for a minor.

Mr. German objected to the clause preventing the sale of liquor to minors in clubs. He held that most men who became drunkards began when they were over 21. He thought that was the experience of most members of the House. [Laughter.] Continuing, he claimed that the clause did not prevent young men from being made drunk by treats from others and then sent home.

Sub-section 1, section 10, was amended so that young ladies and gentlemen who are not 21 may now get their drinks at the clubs if they only produce a written order from their parent, guardian or master. The section passed as amended.

Mr. German proposed an amendment to sub-section 4 of section 12, which exempts eating houses at railway stations from the application of the clause abolishing saloons. The amendment was intended to exclude the station licenses from the list of those included in the population limit clause.

The amendment was thrown out. The section was then carried and saloons will be in two years a thing of the past.

On motion, section 13 was amended to prevent the issue of a license to a place within 300 feet of the main doorway of a church or school.

When the section relating to the destruction of a license in a residential quarter upon application of 75 residents came up, Mr. Marter wanted to know why the particular number 75 was mentioned instead of a majority.

The Attorney-General explained that the number had been reduced from 100 to 75 at the instance of the temperance deputation. A majority, he claimed, might mean but a dozen voters, which would not be a sufficient number to have a license removed.

The section relating to residential sections was then caried without further discussion.

The various clauses unmentioned were all passed without amendment.

THIRD READINGS.

Among the bills passing a third reading were the following:

Respecting shops and places other than factories—Mr. Dryden.

Respecting land surveyors—Mr. Garrow.

Setting apart certain wild lands of the Crown for the use of the University of Toronto—Mr. Ross.

Respecting Technical schools—Mr. Ross.

BRISK FIGHTING IN CRETE.

Insurgents Advanced on the Turkish Outposts at Candia, but Were Repulsed.

Canea, Island of Crete, April 7.—Brisk fighting took place to-day outside of Candia. The insurgents, in considerable strength, advanced from four points, and attacked the Turkish outposts. The latter maintained their position, with the loss of two men killed and eleven wounded.

Threatening Kisamo.

Canea, Island of Crete, April 7.—The insurgents of the vicinity of Kisamo, at the western end of the island, have written to the foreign admirals, notifying the latter that they are projecting an attack upon the fort at Kisamo. The Turkish garrison there has asked for assistance.

Two thousand insurgents have gathered around Sitka, at the eastern end of the island, and a French warship has landed five guns in anticipation of an attack upon thtat place.

Fire at Candia.

Canea, April 7.—A fire has broken out at Candia, near the cathedral, and a number of houses are now in flames. The British and Italian troops are demolishing the adjacent buildings in order to check the spread of the conflagration.

Rear-Admiral R. H. Harris of the British fleet was shot at by a Moslem irregular, while crossing a field near Suda. The bullet plowed the grass at his feet. This is his second escape.

Gloom

Of ill health, despondency and despair, gives way to the sunshine of hope, happiness and health, upon taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it gives renewed life and vitality to the blood, and through that imparts nerve strength, vigor and energy to the whole body. Read this letter:

to

"Hood's Sarsaparilla helped me wonderfully, changed sickness to health, gloom to sunshine. No pen can describe what I suffered. I was deathly sick, had sick headaches every few days and those terrible tired, despondent feelings, with heart troubles so that I could not go up and

Sunshine

down stairs without clasping my hand over my heart and resting. In fact, it would almost take my breath away. I suffered so I did not care to live, yet I had much to live for. There is no pleasure in life if deprived of health, for life becomes a burden. Hood's Sarsaparilla does far more than advertised. After taking one bottle, it is sufficient to recommend itself." MRS. J. E. SMITH, Beloit, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25 cents.

WELL BEGUN IS HALF DONE

Start wash day with good soap, pure soap, that's half the battle won.

SURPRISE SOAP is made especially for washing clothes, makes them clean and fresh and sweet, with little rubbing.

It's best for this and every use.

Dont forget the name, SURPRISE.

THE INTELLIGENCER BINDERY

Makes a Specialty of

Ledgers, Journals,
Cash Books,
And all Descriptions of
Blank Account Books.
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MAP MOUNTING AND VARNISHING.
☞Estimates cheerfully furnished for every class of work
Address—
INTELLIGENCER, Belleville.

Our Special Agent will spend two weeks in Belleville and endeavor to show the great advantages of using

MADDEN CEREAL FOOD COFFEE.

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D. & L. EMULSION

In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.
T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Easter Rates.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

Teachers and Students
(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)
Single First Class Fare and One-Third.
Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97

General Public . . .
Single First Class Fare
Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive. Return until April 20th, '97.

To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent, Belleville.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief. —J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

New Millinery,
New Veilings,
New Blouses,
New Corsets,
New Laces,
—AT—
A. BRIGNALL'S

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Odoroma
IMPART
Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.
O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists
THE Perfect Tooth Powder

Cramps, Colic, Colds,
Croup, Coughs, Tooth-ache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain-Killer
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

Dont Play . .
With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don' risk that by another kind—like new-fangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

R. W. ADAMS

REPRESENTS the following good companies: Insurance Company of North America; Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.; office with Northrup & Roberts, barristers, 12 Bridge st.

MRS. TUGNETT

HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

THE "INTELLIGENCER" Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED—10 men with small security. Apply, between 7 and 9 o'clock p.m., at McGuire's Hotel, room 1. d2tp

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK. BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory. The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

DWELLING in Bellevue Terrace; possession given 1st of May. Apply to MRS GRAHAM, Bellevue Terrace. deod1m.

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen st. 4-6dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. f76 lead tf

HOTEL TO RENT.

O'BRIEN HOUSE — Three-storey brick Hotel in the City of Belleville; thirty rooms; sheds and stable; doing a good farmer and general trade; splendid opening; immediate possession. Apply to C. D. MACAULEY, Barrister, Belleville. License guaranteed. 4-3d7t

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

"THE AGENCY."

CLOTHING RENOVATED—Ladies and Gentlemen kindly bear in mind that I am still in the Dyeing and Scouring business and represent A. Parker of Peterboro, the best establishment of its kind in Canada.—CHAS. DICKENS, Agent. N.B.—Ask me for price list. 3 26dwly

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. fJ15d&wtf

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

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Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26dly

THE MARKET TOLLS

OTHER than rents arising from butcher stalls, in the City of Belleville, will be farmed, leased or rented for one year, commencing the 19th day of April, 1897, by public tender on THURSDAY, the 15th of APRIL, 1897. All parties tendering therefor shall furnish the names of two good and sufficient sureties who will bind themselves jointly and severally for the due fulfilment of the contract and the faithful payment of the amount tendered for said tolls, or such other security which will be satisfactory to the Market Committee of said city. Particulars and conditions to be seen at the office of the Solicitor, Stewart Masson, Esq. Tenders are to be addressed to W. H. Panter, Esq., Chairman Market Committee, Belleville, and left with me at my office up to 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, the 15th April, 1897.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

D. B. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

April 8th, 1897. [d8&10.

Daily Intelligencer.

CHAMPLAIN.

The Liberal "tidal wave" rolled vainly against Champlain, which returned the Conservative candidate in yesterday's election. True, the majority was considerably reduced; but when the slavish attitude of the Government candidate, the corruption practised in his behalf and the absence of clerical intimidation—by which means the Liberals asserted the election was decided in June last—are considered the result is highly creditable to the people of Champlain, who have preferred principle to appeals to prejudice.

The Surgeon of 8th Royal Rifles, Quebec,

Writes: "I have used, with much success, 'Pheno-Banum' (or 'Quickcure') in dressing wounds, which suppurated even under the dressing of Iodoform; the effect was remarkable, all discharge ceasing, and healing granulation setting up at once, after first application of 'Quickcure.' I consider its antiseptic action as valuable as its marvellous pain relieving properties."

Signed, GEO. H. PARKE, M.D.,
10 Palace st., Quebec.

WOOLER.

Mr. Amos Bull is on the sick list.

Mr. James Dauncey is confined to his room.

Sugar parties are the order of the evenings.

Mrs Bell, who has been ill, is convalescent.

Mr. Charles Jones has been ill for some time.

Mr. George Bell, of Napanee, paid a visit to friends last week.

Trappers are running the creek in search of fur bearing animals.

A Bible Class has been organized and held in the Methodist church on Monday evenings.

A large number of young people spent an enjoyable evening at Mr. Bigelows one evening last week.

The meetings which have been going on for some time in the Friends' church have been brought to a close and Rev. Mr. Allen has returned home.

Rev. Wilson, of Hilton, occupied the pulpit on Sunday last and preached a very able sermon on behalf of the superannuation fund.

The Council raised the fee for liquor license to $200, but by some illegal act the Judge pronounced the by-law void, and so far the license fee remains the same as before.

There are two stages running between Trenton and Wooler at present. Mr. R. Switzer carries the mail, while Mr. W. H. Richards carries passengers, baggage, etc. Mr. Richards had the contract for carrying the mail during this term, but as soon as there was a change at Ottawa he received notice that his time expired April 1st. The greatest complaint that could be brought against him was that he belonged to the other side of the House, so they said "off with his head, he is only a Tory." During the previous Conservative Administration a staunch Reformer had charge of this mail for a number of years, but as soon as the Laurier Government came into power they displayed their authority. This anonother crop of "small potatoes."

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

UMFRAVILLE.

Rumor reports six weddings after Lent.

A number of cases of la grippe are reported around here.

The family of the late Mr. Porteous have removed to Kingston.

Mr. Murray, of Bruce Co., was visiting Mr. J. McCabe this week.

A number of our farmers have tapped and report a better run of sap than they have had for years.

Mr. Graham, Presbyterian student, has returned to college after a stay of about a year among us.

"The forty hours devotion" will be held on the 20th and 21st and 22nd inst in the R. C. church, Bancroft.

Messrs. J. Scotland and J. McGibbons, auditors for the Walkerville Cheese Factory, are auditing the books at Mr. D. Kavanagh's.

Mr. Humphries, of Mayo, on his way south, was stricken with paralysis and died at Mr. Stanlicks hotel, Ormsby, after a few weeks suffering. Mr. J. Stewart, of L'Amable, took the remains to Mayo.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

STIRLING.

MARCH 6.

The ice has all gone out of the mill dam here and no further danger from that source is apprehended this year.

The bicycle riders are getting very numerous, not less than thirty are owned here and still they come.

I understand the station agent at Madoc has been promoted to Stirling, his change to be made at once. He comes to us highly spoken of.

A few personal admirers of Mr. F. Lundy, our G. T. R. station agent here for the past six years, gave him a farewell supper at the Scott House last night. He has been promoted to the higher position of station agent at Peterborough, which we have not the least doubt he will fill with satisfaction to his employers.

Messrs. Brown & McCutcheon will next week commence tearing down the old stone building they at present occupy next to J. Boldrick & Son's store, and rebuild it on more advanced ideas of convenience and beauty for their own use as a boot and shoe store.

—The Roumanian Cabinet has resigned.

—Mr. John Wright, Manager of the Walker House, Toronto, died last night.

—The King of Siam has started on a visit to Europe and the United States.

—Winnipeg Conservatives talk of nominating Mr. Hugh John Macdonald again for the Commons.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—The Dominion Line freighter Assaye, from Liverpool for St. John, N.B., is ashore on Blonde Rock, outside Yarmouth, N.S., harbor. The crew is safe.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

—Two alleged counterfeiters were arrested at Brantford, and a lot of tools were found on the premises of one of the prisoners.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

—Queen Victoria visited the Prince of Wales' racing Yacht Britannia at Nice and conferred the medal of the Victorian Order upon Capt. Carter, the yacht's commander.

J. S., says: "I was in a dreadfully weak and nervous condition, unable to rest and utterly unfit for work, and Miller's Compound Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

THEY GET THEIR GROG

Thirsty Commoners Get to the Senate Restaurant.

Senator Perley Raised the Matter in the Red Chamber and Thought the Dignity of the Upper House Was Being Compromised by the Wicked Commoners—Senator Ogilvie Also Was a Bit Fearful in That Line—Senator McDonald Reassured Them—The Riches of the Yukon—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 7.—(Special.)—The refreshment question got an airing in the Senate this afternoon. Mr. Perley called attention to the fact that last session the House of Commons had passed an order prohibiting the sale of liquor within the precincts of the Lower House. He understood that a door of communication between the basement of the Commons and the Senate, which had in previous sessions been closed, was now open, and members of the Lower House could come into the Senate restaurant. He thought that it was scarcely fair to the House of Commons that its desire to prohibit the use of liquors should be frustrated by allowing the members to have access to the Senate refreshment rooms. It was derogatory to the dignity of the Senate and in contravention of orders passed by the Upper House last session.

Senator Ogilvie said he had been informed and believed that the order passed by the House of Commons was not enforced, and that the members of the House could obtain what they wanted on their own side without coming near the Senate.

Senator McDonald, British Columbia, said that the reason why the door of communication between the basements of the Senate and the House of Commons was open was because the same caterer served both dining rooms. He presumed that as soon as the Restaurant Committee was appointed the whole matter would be enquired into. The matter then dropped.

Mr. McInnes, M. P., on being asked to-day what he intended to do about The Toronto Globe's attack upon him, says the matter will be dealt with when it comes up in the Commons again in a few days, according to the promise of Mr. Davies. Mr. McInnes says he fully understands the motive which prompted the personal attack on himself. It was the same object that The Globe had in view when it made its former break. "There will be a good many other things of interest come out," concluded Mr. McInnes, "when the proper time comes."

Mgr. Mery Del Val left for Montreal this afternoon. This morning he celebrated mass in the Water-street Hospital, and before leaving the city visited the patients in that institution in company with the chaplain, Rev. Canon Deguire. Yesterday His Excellency Lord Aberdeen called on the Ablegate and took him for a drive about the city in the vice-regal carriage. Mgr. Mery Del Val expressed himself delighted with the Capital, and in parting warmly thanked Lord Aberdeen for his kindness and hospitality.

Mgr. Mery Del Val will go from Montreal to Quebec, where he will spend Easter week. After Easter he will leave for Manitoba, where he will remain for an indefinite length of time before returning to Ottawa.

Mr. Lister, M. P., is to be chairman of a Parliamentary committee to enquire into the best methods of developing the Yukon country. The idea is to establish some system of territorial government for the country and to make it more readily accessible, so as to promote development. Mr. William Ogilvie, the Dominion Land Surveyor, who has been there for the past year or so, and who has been sending reports to Ottawa of extraordinary discoveries of gold, will be home next month (May) and will be examined by the committee. The testimony of other parties will also be taken. In a day or two the British Yukon Chartered Company, the syndicate which proposes seeking the administration of the Yukon country, will lay its scheme fully before the Government. The promoter, C. H. Wilkinson of London, has just returned from Washington, after securing the charter there, necessitated by the fact that a part of the district to be operated in lies in United States territory.

A return brought down to-day shows that the bounties for iron and steel manufactured from Canadian ore since February of last year are as follows: On pig iron, 42,404 tons, bounty $84,809; on iron, puddled bars, 4353 tons, bounty $8707; on steel billets, 35,757 tons, bounty $71,514. The Hamilton Iron and Steel Company produced 3545 tons of pig, bounty $7090; Hamilton Blast Furnace Company, 1497 tons, bounty $2995; Hamilton Rolling Mills Company, 91 tons of puddled bars, $183.

Brother Andrew Broder, M. P. for Dundas, has, with the assistance of The Montreal Star, unconsciously got Deputy Speaker Brodeur, M. P. for Rouville, into trouble with his constituents. Deputy Speaker Brodeur has received numerous letters from constituents asking him why he denounced the school settlement and opposed the visit of Mr. Fitzpatrick to Rome, as reported by The Montreal Star. Mr. Brodeur did not make any speech this session, but the remarks of Mr. Broder were attributed to him, Mr. Broder's name being mis-spelled Brodeur in the report. The incident, after all, shows there's something in a name.

The Canada Atlantic Railway are sending from three to five special lumber trains a day with lumber for the American market. Last Sunday five special trains were sent out. The officials of the road state that never before in the history of the line have so many trains of lumber passed over their road. During the past week 1162 cars of lumber have been shipped from Ottawa and points east on the line of the C. A. R. The explanation of this great rush is undoubtedly the proposed new tariff on lumber.

Yesterday the roadmasters of the different divisions of the C. P. R. system notified trackmen that their wages in future would be $1.10 a day, and those of section foremen $1.70 a day, an advance of 10 cents all round. The trackmen asked for a raise of 25 cents a day, but have decided to accept the offer of the company. The advance in wages will date from April 1. It affects more than 2000 men.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet, with little or no demand. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50 to $3.60.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market is very dull, with the feeling unsettled. When the big decline in Chicago and Liverpool is considered, our market holds well, presumably because prices are relatively lower here than in the States. Red winter is quoted at 71c to 72c west, and white at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard sold at 80c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 78c, Midland. No. 1 hard is quoted at 71c, Fort William.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices unchanged at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with but little enquiry. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 20c.

Oats—The demand is limited, with prices generally unchanged. Sales of white at 18½c to 19c west and of mixed at 17½c to 18c west.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38½c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c west.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 7.—Spring wheat, 6s 2½d to 6s 4d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 0d to 6s 1d; corn, 2s 6¼d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 6d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 0d; do., light, 25s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage rather easier. English country markets weak.

A SHORT CUT TO RELIEF

FROM THE ITCHING AND BURNING OF ECZEMA.

What is Eczema, anyway? Let him who has been afflicted answer.

It is an itching and burning of the skin almost beyond endurance.

It is thousands of little vesicles filled with an irritant fluid, which burst and flow over the raw surface of the denuded skin, causing more torture than all other skin diseases combined.

It comes on almost any part of the body and is no respecter of age, as old people as well as tender infants are the subjects of its attack.

What about the cure? Physicians seem prone to regard it as almost beyond their reach.

What about Kootenay Cure? Why, it's the very remedy wherever there is any deterioration of the blood.

In the case of Mr. G. W. Dawson, Fulton P. O., Ont., stated under oath, it simply worked marvels. He had Eczema for five years, was treated by many physicians in Canada and the United States, but got so bad at last with the frightful itching and burning that he thought he would go insane. Six bottles of Ryckman's Kootenay Cure cured him.

Mr. William Marcham, an Engineer, living at 242 Catherine Street North, Hamilton, makes a sworn statement that he suffered intensely with Eczema which covered his whole body. He was in the City Hospital for six weeks and was discharged at the end of that time as incurable. Four bottles of Kootenay entirely cured his Eczema.

Other proofs of the remarkable efficacy of Ryckman's Kootenay Cure may be had by addressing the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont.

Hundreds of people testify *under oath.* The New Ingredient used in Kootenay Cure will revolutionize medical science.

One bottle lasts over a month.

SIDNEY CROSSING.

APRIL 5th

Our industrious yeomen are busily at work with their spring sowing.

Messrs. W. R. Vandervoort and Fred Spafford spent Monday last in Brighton.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Vandervoort spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Austin, of Wooler.

Mr. Wm. Day and son, of Brighton, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hogle over Sunday.

Mr. Sandy Wright,' of Madoc, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Emory Finkle on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Young were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ransom Bonisteel on Sunday.

Mr. Harry Godfrey, of Port Union, spent a few days with his parents at the station last week.

Mr. Judson Kelley was the guest of his cousin, Mr. Will Kelley, of Belleville, during last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kelly, of Bayside, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Webster Kelly on Sunday.

Mr. Buller, Messrs. Emory and Manson Finkle spent Friday in Rawdon, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Morton.

The young people of Centenary purpose giving a sugar social on Friday evening. A "sweet time" is expected.

Miss Minnie Fletcher, who has been spending a few days at the homes of Miss M. Hogle and ex-Ald. Taylor, Belleville, has returned home.

Mrs. Godfrey, of the station, who has been spending the past two months with friends in London, Eng., returned home per Steamship Parisian last week. She is greatly improved in health, and expresses herself as thoroughly delighted with the hospitality shown her in the Mother Land.

Mr. Fred Spafford, who has for the past three years been engaged in a successful grocery business at Garden Hill, has disposed of his stock, and with his family returned to his farm. A cordial welcome is extended them by their many warm friends, who are delighted to see them in their midst again.

About forty of our young people gave a surprise party at the home of Mr. "Well" Crouter on Thursday night. Refreshments were served which all heartily enjoyed, after which music, social intercourse and games of every description helped to while away the remaining hours. A jolly good time was spent and Mr. Crouter and family were exceedingly zealous in their efforts to give their guests a good time.

About thirty of our young people surprised Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bennett in their cosy home some few nights ago. Refreshments were served by the ladies, to which ample justice was done, after which the "light fantastic" was indulged in until the wee sma' hours. A number from the city were also present. The party was gotten up in honor of Miss Laura MacGowan, who left the following day for Cobourg, where she will reside. Mr. and Mrs. Bennett deserve great praise for the genial manner in which they entertained their guests.

Mrs. Levi Massey and Mrs. (Rev.) Wilmott conducted a missionary service in this church on Sunday. Mrs. Wilmott, who was the delegate from this Auxiliary to the W.M.S. Convention at Lindsay, gave a very interesting and encouraging report of the Convention. Mrs. Massey also gave an appealing address on missionary work. The little recitation given by Miss Nellie Spafford was very appropriate for the occasion. The service was heartily enjoyed by all present.

A debate was held a few night ago by the members of the S.C.L.S. on the following subject:—"Resolved, that country life is better than city life." Mr. Judson Kelly acted as leader of the affirmative, whilst Mrs. W. R. Vandervoort took the leadership of the negative. Excellent points were brought out on both sides. Mr. P. W. Fairman, who was appointed judge, gave his decision in favor of the negative. The Society at present has over one hundred well bound books, best works by standard authors, in its library, and is to be congratulated upon the success which has crowned its efforts.

The Surgeon of "Queen's Own Canadian Hussars."

Dr. Chas. E. Elliott, M.D., Quebec, writes: "I have used 'Pheno Banum' (or 'Quickcure') with much success in many cases of foul and suppurating wounds; especially in one case following vaccination, which resisted all treatment for three months, that was quickly cured by four dressings of the above. I am now using it in many forms of skin diseases and ulcers with apparent benefit. For cuts and burns it makes a splendid dressing."

Poisonous Plasters.

Plasters that contain the powerful poisons Aconite or Belladonna should be used only when your physician permits, as your system might be poisoned by absorption of the drugs. Doctors now use plasters made with "Quickcure" spread on canton flannel, linen or cotton, which give more prompt relief from pain than any known means; the effect is almost beyond belief.

GREENVIEW.

APRIL 5th.

Mr. Charles O. Paget has returned to the north to take charge of the cheese factory here.

Mrs. Thos McLean, sr., who has been ill for the past few weeks, has recovered.

Mr. Maurice Fitzgerald, of the Windsor House, Maynooth, paid a visit to his friends in Greenview.

Mr. John Fitzgerald and family have returned to their farm in this locality.

The angel of death visited the home of Mrs. Thos. Edwards on Sunday, March 28th, and deprived her of her son William. The family have the sympathy of the community.

Miller's Compound Iron Pills cure St. Vitus Dance. 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

Wait for

W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S

New Opening.

HARDWARE & BICYCLES.

Sole Agents Gendron, New Barnes and Reliance Wheels; no better in the market; good value for your money.

Also a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. All NEW GOODS, bought at lowest prices.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

THIS IS THE LABEL

That proves you've bought the best thread sold in the market.

CLAPPERTON'S SIX CORD MACHINE COTTON 30

CLAPPERTON'S THREAD

is strong, even, and does not snarl. *It is sold at same price as other kinds that do not give as much satisfaction.*

AMELIASBURG.

There was a large surprise party at Rev. S. A. Duprau's Monday night.

The Rev. A. P. Knight and Mrs. Valleau, of Hillier, have been visiting at Fred Redner's.

The bicycle is on the war path again, and Ameliasburg will no doubt come to the front with a Bicycle Club.

The pike season is nearly over; some extra good catches are reported, but they sound "fishy." Mr. G. E. Roblin, caught 5 pike which weighed 45 lbs., one of them weighed 14 lbs.

We believe our mail route will change hands in the near future. Mr. G. Tice, the present driver, gets $400, but it is said some have tendered as low as $300. Some of our farmers have tendered.

Mr. H. Vandewater, in driving near Rednerville, had the misfortune to upset. His horse turned and got away from him, and Mr. Vandewater found his horse in Allisonville. His rig was pretty badly smashed.

Some of our farmers have commenced seeding, but it has not started in full force yet. There was an extra good run of sap on Sunday and Monday and it seems that both spring-work and sugar making, will be in progress at the same time.

Sugar parties are the rage. Mr. and Mrs. Warner, of Murray, Mr. and Mrs. Dickens, of Rednersville, and Mr. and Mrs. Chislett, of Rednersville, enjoyed a few of the "sweet crystals" at John Roblin's on Friday.

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .

—TO THE—

Nobbiest Sunday Suit

that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

EASTER NOVELTIES.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF EASTER GOODS NEXT WEEK

OYSTERS ARRIVING AS USUAL.
CHOICE BANANAS 20cts. per doz.

ED. F. DICKENS.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. Lesser, Manager.

One Night Only—THURSDAY, APRIL 15th.

The Greatest Popular Music Band in the World,

The... CHICAGO MARINE BAND.....

T. B. Brooke, Leader.

Assisted by the phenomenal Soprano, MISS SIBYL SAMMIS.

Greeted throughout America with thunders of applause.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

The Time

has again come for putting away Furs. You need something to keep the moths away. We have it.

—CAMPHOR,
—MOTH BALLS,
—TAR PAPER, at

THE PHARMACY,

D. M. WATERS.

THE ALE AND PORTER

..........OF..........

JOHN LABATT,

LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN

WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,

AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Our Star Portland Cement

Is the best in the market, having been proved so by tests. Sold by all the dealers in the city.

For Sale Cheap.

DRY SOFT WOOD.

A Good Horse for Farm or Cart.

To Rent.

A Good Office on Bridge Street.

The Rathbun Company

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

Quickcure

Is the quickest remedy ever known to cure Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Boils, Sprains, Strains, etc.

The many well known people, of high standing in the community, who have spoken and written of the merits of Quickcure, show that it is an honest remedy of great efficacy.

Note the testimonials in this issue.

The Cleveland Bicycle.

Look at the Women who Ride These Wheels, they look so Happy and Healthy.

Constant, mental, physical and moral help we feel
That bids us turn enthusiasts and cry "God bless the Wheel."
—WILL CARLETON.

Models 27, 28 and 29..................Price $100
Models 22 and 23....................Price $75

H. A. Lozier's Celebrated make, at

FOSTER'S, 430 Front St. BELLEVILLE.

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '97

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.

Phone 189.

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our - Tables. -

Flower's Bargain House,

378 FRONT STREET.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

Removal Sale!

Only a few days left now before we vacate our present stores.

Everything is reduced in price so as to greatly reduce our stock for moving, and it is your greatest chance to buy almost anything you want at cost and under.

IN THE FAIR . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Crockery, Glassware,
Dishes, Agateware,
Woodenware, Tinware,
Brooms, Teas and Coffees.

IN THE BEEHIVE . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Fancy Goods, Soaps,
Wools, Combs,
Felts, Brushes,
Silks, Mirrors,
Novelties, Whisks,
Toys, Braces,
Dolls, and General Smallwares.

And if you want to save money on your purchases come this week, as sale only lasts a few days longer.

Come with the crowds to

The Beehive and The Fair

REMOVAL SALE.

CHAS. N. SULMAN

J. Owen. WATER WORKS

PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING.

PHONE - - - 319

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO FRIDAY, APRIL 9 1897. NO. 287

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

APPRECIATED.

Our close cash prices are already being appreciated. People who occasionally called on us are now becoming regular customers. Good goods at close prices TELL EVERY TIME.

Dress Goods.

All lines of Dress Goods are marked down to cash prices.

Dress Linings.

Every line of Dress Linings marked down, including Linenettes, Rustle Moires, Silesias, Satin Twills.

Dress Trimmings.

All classes of Dress Trimmings greatly reduced under the new system.

All goods marked in plain figures.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Choir Practice.
Daughters of England.
Cricket Meeting—Y.M.C.A.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Boys' Brigade—St. Andrew's Church.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
I.O.O.F. Committees—Mizpah Lodge Room.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 9.—Gen. Lee surrendered, 1865.
Judge Andrews, of Superior Court at Quebec, gave judgment for $100,000 against Ernest Pacaud, in suit of province to recover amount lost to the treasury by the Baie des Chaleurs job, 1896. Pacaud is to-day Mr. Laurier's party organist at Quebec.
La Salle reaches the mouth of the Mississippi, 1681.

THE WEATHER.

Sleet, rain and snow fell in a highly unpleasant alternation to-day, and a piercing north wind prevailed. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	23	Min	32
8 a. m	34	8 a. m	38
Noon	45	Noon	37

PROBABILITIES.

Strong northeast, shifting to northwest winds; cloudy and cold, with rain.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

SOLD FOR $47,000!

The Craig Mine Again Changes Hands.

(Madoc Review.)

Yesterday the Toronto Tudor Gold Mining Co. sold the Craig mine, near Bannockburn, to the Company represented by J. D. Edgar, Oronhyatekha, and other capitalists for the sum of $47,000. This is a mine that was purchased a few weeks ago from Peter Vankleek, James Maitland, and others for $12,000. The new owners take possession of the Craig this week.

Without a doubt now there is wealth in the Madoc district gold mines.

25cents cures Catarrhal headache
" " Incipient Catarrh
" " Hay Fever
" " Catarrhal Deafness
" " Cold in the Head in 10 min.
" " Foul Breath caused by Catarrh
25 cents secures Chase's Catarrh Cure with perfect blower enclosed in each box. Sold by all dealers.

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer." BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

SATURDAY'S ISSUE.

The INTELLIGENCER will to-morrow consist of eight pages, instead of four—twice the size of the usual issue. Our advertising patronage has become so large that we are compelled to broaden out. In doing this, we have not forgotten the lovers of story and literary matter. Commencing with Saturday, April 17th, we have decided to start a new serial tale, which will run in our columns until finished. Hoping our friends and patrons will appreciate this effort to supply the demand and cater to their wants, we thank one and all for their increased confidence in the INTELLIGENCER as a newspaper and an advertising medium.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

The funeral of the late Wm. Conner will take place to-morrow.

You save money when you buy your Spring Hat at Harry's. All the latest styles.

Either enforce the by-law as to trotting on the bridges or take down the signs.

A good assortment of Tweed Blue and Black Serge Caps for boys and men; only 25c at Harry's.

Cricketers will meet to-night at the Y.M.C.A. rooms.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

The Oddfellows' General Committee will meet to-night at Mizpah Lodge room.

The Schr. Echo has arrived with a load of bunch wood from Deseronto for the Rathbun Co.

Haines & Lockett will keep the sale open till nine o'clock to-night to accommodate those who cannot get in during the day. Some splendid bargains in Gents' Tan and Black Slater Boots.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

Boots for boys in all sizes and prices. Sizes 11 to 13, 65c up; sizes 1 to 5, 75c up. Ask for our special boots for good wear.—VERMILYEA & SON.

Rev. J. J. Rae will deliver his lecture, "Mind Your own Business," at Halloway st. Church on Monday evening, April 12th. Miss Thomas, Miss Holton and Mr. Eaton will contribute. Tickets 15c or two for 25c. [a8d3t.

Lawrence Lockett is again in charge of the Bicycle Department of Haines & Lockett, next door to Weese's Photo Rooms, their line of which is particularly attractive, ranging from the handsome "Ohio" at fifty dollars, to the "Columbia," Standard of the world, at one hundred dollars.

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

Surrogate Court.

The following cases have been disposed of in the Surrogate Court:

Probate of the will of the late George Wilson, of Rawdon, has been granted to John C. Wilson. Estate, $2629. J. E. Halliwell, Solicitor.

Letters of Administration in the estate of the late Calvin Leslie Martin, Stirling, have been granted to Walter S. Martin. Estate, $2500. J. E. Halliwell, Solicitor.

In the estate of the late Benjamin Gilbert, of Sidney, have been granted to his widow, Dency Gilbert. Estate, $1500. Falkiner & Thomas, Solicitors.

Amusement Notes.

THE CHICAGO MARINE BAND

The sale of seats for the concert to be given by Brooke's Band on Thursday, April 15th, at the Carman Opera House, will open on Monday morning at 10 o'clock at Riggs' music store. The Boston Journal has the following to say: "Despite the severe weather over 3,000 people listened to the inspiring music and evidenced their satisfaction with such liberal and enthusiastic plaudits that every number on the programme was encored, fully half of them receiving the merited compliment of a third or fourth encore. One of the finest musical organizations of its kind that ever visited Boston." Prices 25c., 50c., 75c. and $1.00.

Local Legal.

TORONTO, April 8.

SINGLE COURT—BEFORE MEREDITH J.

DANFORD VS. ROLLINS.—Clute, Q.C., for plaintiff Danford, appealed from report of Master at Belleville. S. Masson (Belleville), for defendant Rollins, contra. Appeal dismissed with costs, but report amended as to interest. Order not to issue for ten days.

A CROUPY COUGH WAS SOON DRIVEN AWAY BY DR. CHASE'S LINSEED AND TURPENTINE.

"My little boy had a bad croupy cough," says Mrs. Smith of 250 Bathurst st., Toronto. "My neighbor, Mrs. Hopkins, recommended me to try Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. I did so, and the first dose did him good. One bottle completely cured the cold. It is surprising, the popularity of Chase's Syrup in this neighborhood. It appears to me it can now be found in every house."

County Court.

VANMEER VS. VANMEER.—This long case, in which the evidence was closed Wednesday afternoon before His Honor Judge Lazier, will be argued this afternoon by counsel for the parties.

Plenty of Free Gold.

(Kingston News.)

Inspector Kidd says there is lots of free gold in the County of Frontenac, but the great trouble is that it is in pockets and not in large enough quantities in one place to pay. He also says the farmers are getting a better education in geology. They rarely bring in samples which do not contain the genuine article.

—Dr. Marcotte's majority in Champlain is 191, with one poll to hear from.

THE THURLOW FATALITY.

Young Clarke Was Nearly Torn to Pieces—A Marchmont Boy.

The accident which resulted in the death of Samuel Clarke yesterday, occurred in the second concession of Thurlow a short distance east of the city on the farm of Mr. Sylvanus Roblin. The victim of the accident was engaged with other men, in sawing wood with a horse power machine and had only been at work a short time yesterday forenoon when the heavy iron fly wheel burst, the fragments being hurled with great force in all directions. Clarke, who was nearest to the wheel, was struck in the side by a piece of the flying iron and received injuries from which he died shortly after noon. Seven ribs were broken by the iron and his lung was exposed. That he lived at all was a wonder after the very severe injuries received. Dr. Sprague was summoned and Dr. Goldsmith accompanied him to the scene of the tragedy, but when they arrived the young man was dead.

Deceased was born in Scotland 25 years ago and came to this country in charge of the Marchmont Home. He had worked for farmers since he came to Canada, and is spoken of as an industrious young man.

The horse supplying the motive power to the sawing machine was severely injured by pieces of the flying iron. It is thought there was a defect in the wheel.

Given Away at Schuster's.

An $8 Waterproof Coat or an elegant pure silk Umbrella, tipped with sterling silver, leather cased, to the person guessing the nearest to the number of shirts sold within the next ten days. Each purchaser of goods to the value of from 50c. to $1 is entitled to one guess; from $1.25 up, two guesses.—SCHUSTER, Hatter and Gents' Furnisher.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

TORE HER DRESS.

Mrs. Valais charged John Brintnell, a barber, with having an obstruction in front of his place, upon which she tore her dress, and she claims damages to the extent of $2.50. The woman is to get her dress repaired and bring the bill to court. Case adjourned for a week.

FOUR CHARGES AGAINST AN HOTEL-KEEPER.

The first charge against Martin Wims was the detention of horses, the property of Irvine Rose, of Sidney. It appears that Rose, who was under the influence of liquor, brought his horses to the hotel, and with his board and bar bill it all amounted to over $13. On account of this bill the landlord refused to deliver up Rose's horses. Mr. Rose, the father of the plff., gave evidence in the other three charges against Wims as to giving his son Irvine liquor while in an intoxicated condition. He said he saw Wims sell his son a couple of drinks and also a bottle to take home with him. On another occasion he said he saw Wims sell his son liquor when his son was very drunk. Case still in progress.

Howe's Floor Paints

Are expressly prepared with a view to their brightness, glossiness and durability. Warranted not to peel off. Satisfaction guaranteed. Parties who used these paints last year tell us they like them much better than the "Elephant" or any of the other of the well-known brands which they have tried. Price 30c a quart. Sold in Belleville only by ALEX. RAY.

Police Notes.

Martin Wims, a hotel keeper, has four charges against him—three for giving liquor to a drunken person and one charge for refusing to deliver to the said drunken person horses detained for a bill.

A woman reports that she bought a bag of potatoes from a farmer on the market and paid for them, but they were not delivered.

John Fisher and Michael Downey, two begging and drunken tramps, were given three hours to get out of the city or six months in gaol.

Harvey Barrage, drunk and disorderly, $2 or 30 days.

Herb Allen's little dog, who, when at home, lives in Great St. James st., is at the police station awaiting its owner.

J. S., says: "I was in a dreadfully weak and nervous condition, unable to rest and utterly unfit for work, and Miller's Compound Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

Good appetite, Restful Sleep
Perfect Health and Strength
PRODUCED BY...
VIN MARIANI
"MARIANI WINE"
The Ideal Tonic Stimulant for
BODY, BRAIN AND NERVES
THOUSANDS OF
Physicians, Composers, Authors, Clergymen, Statesmen, Lawyers, Artists and others of both sexes testify to this.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
Once tried, always relied upon.
LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL,
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA
ALSO FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne
Old Empire Rye Whisky

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

Did he Get the Pap?

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

DEAR SIR,—I have heard it quietly rumored that Mr. Cameron Brown went to Ottawa a few days ago looking for a little Government pap, and I would like you if possible to enlighten me through your valuable paper as to what success met his efforts.

Yours truly,
"SMILAX."

DEAR SMILAX,—We are not in the secrets of either Cameron Brown or the Grit Government, and consequently can only give you the rumor as we have heard it ourselves, which says that the "brand-new Alderman" had been in Ottawa looking for patronage, but that the member for East Hastings put his foot on any attempt to interfere with the senior Grit sheet of this city, representing to Sir Richard Cartwright that the Ontario was the old Grit sheet, and that the new Sun, which had but lately risen, had not yet shone out as a full blown supporter of the party, though secretly with them; but afraid to avow himself for fear of losing some Conservative support, and until he did so he should not be recognized by the party at the expense of an old supporter, and that the new Alderman returned with a "bug" in his ear. We give this town talk for what it is worth. We suggest to our enquirer to go and ask Mr. Hurley, who knows all about it.

Good Citizenship.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

DEAR SIR,—The good citizenship movement in many of our Canadian cities is being helped forward by the presence of Dr. W. F. Crafts, of Washington, D.C. He has been engaged for a series of lectures and addresses in London, Hamilton, Toronto, Ottawa, Kingston and Peterborough, and having next Tuesday evening free, has kindly consented to come to Belleville. There is no committee to boom his coming or sell tickets; any incidental expenses not covered by a collection will be met by a few friends. The lecture he delivers here, "The March of Christ Through the Centuries," has been spoken of in the highest terms elsewhere. Readers of the S. S. Times or recent visitors to Chautauqua and Grimsby will not need to be told who Dr. Crafts is, but others may be introduced to the editor of the Christian Statesman, author of many timely books on social topics, and one of the foremost figures in American social reform.

Our citizens will do well to sieze this opportunity of hearing important topics discussed in a fresh and interesting manner.

CIVIS.

The Jubilee Regiment.

BANK OF MONTREAL.
BELLEVILLE, April 9th 1897.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

DEAR SIR,—Would you kindly let your readers know that this bank will receive subscriptions for the Canadian Jubilee Regiment and forward same free of charge to Montreal for credit of regimental authorities.

Yours truly,
R. J. B. CROMBIE,
Manager.

PERSONAL.

Col. Brown was weaker to day.

Mr. Jas. A. Conger, is in Picton.

W. J. Gerald, Ottawa, is at the Quinte.

W. E. Foster was in Toronto yesterday.

Frank Brown, Toronto, is at the Quinte.

W. J. Gervais, Philadelphia, is at the Quinte.

Mr. John Pepper, jr., was in Brockville yesterday.

Mr. B. Haines, of Napanee was in the city to-day.

John M. Chatterton, of Fort Stewart, is in the city.

Mr. F. W. Brenton returns from the old country to-morrow.

Mrs. G. E. Minns, Moira st., who has been seriously ill, is slowly recovering.

Mr. John Williams, who has been in Ottawa, is expected to return to-night.

Jos. E. Rogers, Provincial detective, arrived in the city last evening and left this morning.

Mr. J. C. Overell celebrated his eightieth birthday to-day. Congratulations to our old friend.

Miss Emily Chandler, who returned home from Napanee a few days ago very ill, is better.

Miss Gertie Post left this morning for Owen Sound, where she has secured a position as bookkeeper with Christie Bros., hardware merchants.

Mr. L. C. Canniff, a former employee of this office, but lately of Toronto, was in the city this morning on his way to Montreal, where he has secured a position on the Montreal Star.

Detective Rogers, of Toronto, was in the city last evening. He had been to Brockville, where he was searching for the Tam O'Shanter alleged to have been left in a barn there by Roy, the self-confessed murderer of Angus McLeod, of Napanee.

Boys' Blue Serge Pants.

There has been a big demand lately for boys' blue serge short pants. The Oak Hall have been hurrying them along as fast as possible, but as these goods have to be made to order, they have been a little late. We placed two hundred pairs in stock yesterday. Prices, 50cts., 75cts. and $1.00. Sanford's make.

A Novel Idea in Birthday Parties.

Last night the young children of John street Presbyterian church, held a novel entertainment in behalf of the funds. It was called a "Birthday Party" and each child that attended, brought with it as many cents as it was years old; for which they were given their tea and a pleasant programme.

Just Arrived at Harry's.

Cambric shirts, blue hair line stripe, with collar attached; fast colors; only 50c at Harry's.

THIS MUST BE STOPPED.

The Tramp Nuisance Must be Abated—In Whose Hands Does the Remedy Lie?

The tramp nuisance is assuming a serious aspect and it is time one of the civic bodies took some action to rid the city of this very undesirable element. They are becoming a menace to society, and their depraved conduct and depredations are of almost daily occurrence.

Only a few days since a number of them threatened violence to two unprotected women, and later in the same day another gang entered a barn and defied the owner to put them out.

Last evening two hobos called at the residence of Mrs. J. W. Dunnet, corner of Bridge and Commercial sts., and asked for food. Upon being refused they made demonstrations of violence and threatened to burn the house. Mrs. Dunnet was naturally frightened, and being in poor health she was thrown into a state of nervous excitement, from which she was some time in recovering.

The police were immediately telephoned for, but there was no one at the station to answer the call. A pertinent question arises, "where were the police?"

Now there are different remedies for the suppression of these vagrants and mendicants, and it is the duty of the City Council or Police Commissioners to take steps at once to protect the citizens. These ruffians sleep in the police cells over night and are turned loose in the morning to prey upon, insult and abuse the people. We are willing to admit there are some honest tramps, but the great majority of them are what they are from inclination, rather than necessity, and the sooner they are made to know this city is not their Mecca the better it will be for Belleville.

THE DIAMOND JUBILEE.

An Invitation Extended to the President of Belleville's Board of Trade.

QUEEN'S COMMEMORATION,
BOTOLPH HOUSE, EASTCHEAP,
LONDON, E.C., March 19th, 1897.

DEAR SIR,—Herewith I beg to send you, for handing to the President of your Board of Trade, an invitation to attend a banquet which this Chamber is giving to the Colonial Premiers who are intending to visit London in June next in connection with the celebration of the Queen's Diamond Jubilee. I may explain that this invitation is strictly limited to your President, and is not intended to be applicable to any other representative of your Board of Trade, and particularly not to any London representative.

I am, dear sir,
Yours faithfully,
KENRIC B. MURRAY,
Secretary.

The Secretary, Board of Trade, Belleville, Ontario.

Belleville should feel highly honored by this invitation.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Hare and Hound race for the juniors Saturday morning at 9:30, if the weather is fine. The Hares will be Will Alford and Claude Fairman. The pack of Hounds will be all the rest of the boys. The Hares will have four minutes start and run in a northern direction.

The following is part of a letter from Ed. Ashley to the General Secretary. Mr. Ashley left about a week ago for Vermont with an introduction to the Secretary of the Y.M.C.A. there. He says:—"I have arrived here and am fairly settled. I have secured a very good situation and like my work. The city is blessed with a fine large Y.M.C.A. building fixed up with the latest improvements."

The Printers' play Basket Ball on next Thursday night. Other interesting features will take place during the evening.

Mr. W. W. Chown will lead the meeting on Sunday afternoon at 4:15.

XV. BATTALION AGAIN.

All members of the Y.M.C.A. belonging already to the battalion, or thinking of joining or not caring anything about it, are asked to attend a meeting in the rooms on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Col. Ponton, Lieut. Clapp, President Sinclair and others will be present and discuss the advisability of forming a company.

Auction Sale!

MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, South Albert st., will sell her household effects TUESDAY, APRIL 13th, sale commencing at 9:30 a.m. and continuing following days until all is sold. The effects consist of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Furniture, Book Cases, Tables and all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Carpets, Pictures, Books, Range, Plants, China, Crockery, Glassware, Side-Board, Butler's Table, Boufette, Gas Stove, Gas Fixtures, Awning, Meat Grinder, Clock, Sewing Machine, Large Mirror, Curtain Poles, Lawn Mower, etc. There will also be sold a Carriage Horse, two Phaetons, Dog Cart, Waggon, Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, Robes, Bells, Rugs, Blankets, and other stable articles.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

FRESH ARRIVALS OF THE SEASON'S NOVELTIES.

We have just opened up a large importation of the novelties so much in demand this season. They include:

Chiffons.

In Plain and Pleated, in Black, White, Cream, Sky, Pink, Mauve, Brown, Yellow, and Cardinal. Prices range from 20c to 75c a yard.

Velvet Ribbons.

So much in demand just now, especially in the narrow widths. Every width in stock in both Satin and Cotton back.

Tubular Braids.

Plain and Fancy Tubulars in Black and leading colors. The correct thing for trimming spring dresses.

Ruchings.

Chiffon Ruchings all widths, in Black, for trimming Capes and Dresses, very pretty styles, ranging in price from 25c to $1.00 a yard.

Kid Gloves.

Our Kid Glove assortment is complete. A few of those 50c and 75c Gloves left, worth $1.00. All our Gloves at $1.00 and up guaranteed.

Ladies' Ties.

New styles in Ladies' Ties just received. Also Linen Collars and Cuffs all the new shapes in every size.

Belts.

A large lot of Leather Belts in Black, White, Cardinal, Tans and Greens. See the styles we show at 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c. Also Black and Colored Beltings by the yard and Belt Buckles

Val. Laces.

A splendid assortment of Valenciennes Laces in Black, White and Butter, greatly used for trimming Muslins.

Satin Ribbons.

Every shade and width in Satin Ribbons. Also all colors in Baby Ribbons.

Margaret Collaretts.

Have you seen the new Margaret Collaretts? The latest novelty in Neckwear. Colors White, Black, Sky, Pink, Hello, Tuscan.

Blouse Setts.

A large assortment of Blouse Setts, Belt Pins, Collar and Cuff Buttons, in Black, Silver, Gold, Pearl and enamel effects. These are wonderfully cheap for fine goods.

LACE CURTAIN SPECIALS.

We have just received over 200 pairs Lace Curtains in White and Cream, very special value, prices ranging from 50c to $3.75 a pair.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

2 - EASTER REQUIREMENTS - 2

1st—A New Dress.

In this connection we show a full range of novelties in English, French and German made goods.

Our Dressmaking Department is in charge of Miss Conway.

2nd—A Stylish ...Spring Hat

In Ladies' and Children's headwear we show the newest creations known to the millinery trade.

This department is in charge of Miss Morris.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

A Lady's Views About WALL PAPER.

We have a letter from a lady at a distance to whom we sent wall paper samples a few days ago.

She describes our paper as the best she has seen anywhere, and the prices are so much lower than prices quoted by other Wall Paper houses as to seem almost ridiculous.

One extract from her letter says: "I found the papers in Book 'V' very superior to other papers, at 60c. a roll, with which I compared them."

By consulting our Book V price list we find the prices range from 8c. to 15c. a roll.

The difference was so great we could scarcely credit it, but in three or four places in the letter our correspondent particularly emphasizes this point.

We know our goods are right and our prices are right as compared with other towns and cities.

We have an interesting collection of letters from every quarter in Canada, all telling us the same story of choice papers at low prices.

—C. B. Scantlebury.

Have You

Seen our Wine Cakes at 10c each, our 10c Fruit Cakes; also our Fruit Lunches at 5c each. Any of these are nice for small families for tea.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
TERMS CASH.

Don't fail to see our display of Easter confectionery and novelties next week.

J. Brasier
THE LEADING HATTER.

Stock is now complete.

Our store is full of them at right prices.

HATS ONLY
HATS ONLY
HATS ONLY

Call and see them at
J. BRASIER'S.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

Removal

After to-day we will occupy the store known as the BEEHIVE, with a new and up-to-date stock of . . . .

HATS, CAPS,
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
AND
READY-MADE CLOTHING.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Men's Outfitter.

THIS STORE.

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

Going East.	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	
Going West.	**Arrive.**	**Leave.**
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:15 p.m.
Going East.	**(Arrive.)**
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:30 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

CLERICAL INTERFERENCE.

We hear a good deal just now about clerical interference in elections, particularly from a certain class of Protestant clergymen who scarcely ever open the'r mouths upon public questions, but to threaten and condemn, in unmeasured teams, Governments and public men who do not agree with them in their views as to what should be done in the governing of the country. We have a notable example of this in an interview held a short time ago between the Premier of Ontario and a deputation of Methodist clergymen, when the provisions of the new Ontario License Law were discussed.

In introducing this deputation, the Rev. Dr. Carman, General Superintendent of the Methodist Church, told the Premier that, unless he and his Government did what he believed should be done in the matter of "protecting the sobriety of the people," the Methodist Church would hurl its phalanxes at the polls against them. That the Rev. gemtleman may not be misrepresented, we quote his utterances, as reported in the public press. He said: "Unless there was a genuine intention on "the part of the Government to protect "the sobriety of the people of the country, "the Methodist Church must hurl its "phalanxes at the polls against the men in "authority, for they must have men in "authority who would guard the moral "interests of the country." To emphasize this threat and show what the power of that phalanx is, the "Rev. Dr. Brethour "called attention to the fact that the "deputation represented a church membership of 180,000." And the report adds, the "Rev. Dr. Sutherland strengthened "Dr. Brethour's statement of the membership of the church. It represented "one-third of the population of the "country. * * The Methodist Church "would stand by the Government in any "measure embodying such a degree of repression as it was possible for the Government to give. If the Church found "that opposition came from the gentlemen "opposite, it would turn its attention to "those gentlemen and see why they went "back on the Church."

Next followed the "Rev. Dr. Briggs, "who spoke of the influential character of "the deputation—and added there was a "good deal of thunder about it and there "might be some lightning, too."

We do not desire to be understood as objecting to these clergymen expressing their views, and that too in strong language, when dealing with a subject which, they believe, affects the moral welfare of any portion of the people of the Dominion. Indeed, we may go further and say that it is their duty to do so. But may it not be fairly asked what these gentlemen would say, if such threats and anathemas were hurled at the head of the Government by a deputation of Bishops and Priests of the Roman Catholic church? Would not the welkin ring with denunciations of clerical intimidation? And would not the voters of the country be called upon to show their detestation of such intolerance by rejecting the advice given and threats made? It were well in all such cases if the beam were plucked from the eye of some, before attempting to discover the mote in that of others. We note that a correspondent in the Globe asks who authorized these gentlemen to pledge the "180,000 members of the Church" in such positive terms, and by what authority they spoke in such threatening and dictatorial terms to the Premier? As officials and clergymen, no doubt they believed they were doing right, as do others of the cloth when they pursue a like course. Be this as it may, people may well exclaim: Let us hear no more of denunciations, by clergymen, of clerical threats and intimidation until they learn to practice what they preach.

There appeared, however, to have been one level head among this clerical deputation, for we find that the Rev. Dr. Potts is reported to have given an opinion that he "thought Mr. Harcourt's scalp was safe "with the Bill in its amended shape, and "if all the gentlemen of the deputation "had seen it as he had seen it since entering the building they would be greatly "pleased with what the Government proposed to do. The Bill in its present "shape was a very marked improvement "on the skeleton Bill as it was first introduced." Anyone who reads the amended Bill will agree with the Dr. that, from a teetotal point of view, it is a decided improvement on the Bill as first introduced. It appears, however, that the Dr.'s views were not endorsed by his clerical brethren, for a telegram from Toronto on the 29th ultimo says: "The Methodist "ministers to-day disapproved of Rev. Dr. "John Potts' action in telling the Hardy "Government that the Methodist people "would be satisfied with the amendments "to the Harcourt License Act. The "ministers say Dr. Potts did not represent the views of the Methodist Church "on the matter."

We have no authority nor right to speak for the Methodist Church nor its members, but we venture the opinion that when they understand the question as the Dr. did when he spoke, and as evidently he does now, they will agree with him in every particular.

GRIT THEORY VS. PRACTICE.

Some time ago the Hon. J. W. Longley in an article which he contributed to the Week, a journal printed and published in Toronto, gave expression to the fo'lowing views: "Under a system of popular government it goes without saying that frequent changes of Administration are necessary to a healthy development of public affairs. . . Frequent changes of Government are obviously, as has been said, in the public interest. It is impossible for any body of men to be in power for a continuous period without getting lax in their ideas of public duty." Judging from what is now transpiring in Nova Scotia, the people of that province are about applying the principle to the gentleman himself, by voting to relieve him and his colleagues from any longer responsibility in governing the province, believing him to have become "lax in his ideas of public duty." The same may be said of the Government of Ontario, hence we may look for a change after the next election.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

The Globe and Mr. McInnes, the Liberal number for Nanaimo, are having a fight as to which is the most expert falsifier. So far both have proved so well up in the business that a decision cannot yet be given. In vituperation, however, the Globe has the advantage of the Commoner, as in the course of one article it four times denounces Mr. McInnes as "a liar and a slanderer." The organ and the member are evidently "arcades ambo."

Another head has fallen into Mr. Blair's basket. It is officially announced that Superintendent A. P. Ross, of the Cornwall Canal, has been summarily dismissed and the position which he held abolished. It is generally understood that James Ramsay of Cornwall will assume the duties of the office at a reduced salary and with the name of assistant to the Engineer in charge, Mr. T. S. Rubidge. Mr. Ramsay was formerly a Conservative.

The Laurier-Fielding tariff, so the Globe tells us, is to be pro-British, discriminating in favor of imports from the mother country And this, be it remembered, is the same party which fought the election of 1891 on the declaration that they would, in order to secure free trade with the United States, discriminate against Great Britain to the full extent of the United States tariff. How can the public have any faith in such political mountebanks?

The Ottawa Free Press has discovered that "The Senate has a good deal of intellect within its walls. It is not a party assembly, and it can perhaps aid in legislation." So has the Hon. David Mills, who used to denounce the Upper House as a refuge for political—well, let us say "outcasts"—and has found in it a very welcome refuge for himself after the people of Bothwell had rejected him.

Messrs. Laurier, Tarte, Paterson and Charlton, all of whom were Protectionists prior to 1877, seem to be about to return to their first love. The Protection family will not kill any fatted calves in honor of the return of those prodigals, who are only returning to their old home because they cannot comfortably dwell elsewhere.

If the mining deal is popular in Algoma, as Mr. Hardy asserts, why did Mr. Conmee, who by grace of Mr. J. K. Kerr sits in the Legislature for the district affected, shirk the vote on the subject?

The Montreal Star suggests that the country's order at the Government "cafe" has been misunderstood. It was the tariff we asked for, not the Franchise Bill.

Mr. McMullen, the scandal hunter of the Grit party, has been silent so far this session. It is not for want of material; it is only that his friends are in power.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now,

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Proceedings in the British Parliament—News From the East.

London, April 8.—Replying in the House of Commons to-day to a question relative to the arrest and deportation from Honolulu, Hawaii, of a man named W. J. Cranstoun, the Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, Mr. George N. Curzon, said the Government proposed to address the Hawaiian Govenment on the subject so soon as it is definitely ascertained that Cranstoun is a British subject.

Answering a question relative to the date of the evacuation of the Island of Crete by the Turkish troops, the Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office said France had asked the powers for their views on the early evacuation of the island by the Turks, but, he added, it was impossible to announce the exact date of the withdrawal of the Turkish forces. Several of the powers, he continued, were of the opinion that the Greek troops must first be withdrawn.

The Financial Secretary to the Treasury, Mr. R. W. Hanbury, replying to a question as to whether care would be taken, at the Washington Postal Congress, to reserve for the Imperial and Colonial Governments complete freedom of action with respect to postal arrangements, including charges within the limits of the British Empire, said that in 1890 the Postoffice Department was advised that it did not have the power to establish rates differing from those prescribed by the postal union between Great Britain and her colonies. Continuing, Mr. Hanbury explained that the Congress of Vienna held that Great Britain might establish with her colonies rates below the union rates, but above her inland rates. Mr. Hanbury further said he did not know whether this would be confirmed by the Washington Congress. As a matter of fact, the secretary said, in conclusion, the United States and Canada had already established rates below the union rates, as have Austria and Germany, and the union has not interfered.

In the House of Commons to-day Sir Richard Webster, the Attorney-General, moved the second reading of the Law of Evidence Bill, enabling prisoners in criminal cases to testify in their own behalf. He said that the United States, Canada and Australia had laws similar to the bill in operation, and that it had been found to work well in all those countries. He regretted that for the present the Government was obliged to exclude Ireland from the benefits of the Act, owing to the desire that the measure should be as little contentious as possible. But he hoped, and the Government hoped, that the law would be eventually extended to Ireland.

The bill then passed its second reading by a vote of 210 to 41.

Earl Kimberley on Crete.

London, April 8.—The Earl of Kimberley, leader of the Liberal party in the House of Lords, speaking at a Liberal banquet this evening in London, urged the withdrawal of the Turkish troops as the first step in the pacification of Crete. He said that the only true and sound policy was to come to a prompt understanding as to the form of government for the island. Personally, he would like to see Crete under the Government of Greece, and he believed, if the powers concluded to adopt that course, they would not meet with any serious objection from Turkey. The Opposition, he said, had done its best to ascertain the policy of the Government, but had been invariably disappointed and now felt relieved of all further responsibility.

DR. CHASE'S
Catarrh Cure

CURES CATARRH, HAY FEVER, ROSE FEVER, AND ALL HEAD COLDS . . . GIVE ONE BLOW WITH THE BLOWER AND THE POWDER IS DIFFUSED, MAKING A SURE AND PERMANENT CURE . . . .

PRICE WITH BLOWER 25 CENTS

An Extraordinary Council.

Constantinople, April 8.—An extraordinary council of Ministers of the Empire was held at the Palace to-day. It is understood that as a result of it the Turkish Government will reinforce the troops at Salonika with 32 battalions of Redifs from Anatolia, making a total of 33,000.

France Strengthening Her Navy.

Paris, April 8.—M. Lockroy, the former Minister of Marine, notified the Naval Committee of the Chamber of Deputies yesterday of his intention to transform into a substitute bill his amendment asking for a naval grant of 200,000,000 francs. He said the Chamber ought to vote the whole sum, although the expenditure might be spread over a period of four years. The bill proposes to establish naval docks at Saigon, capital of French Cochin China; Diego Suarez, near the northern extremity of the Island of Madagascar; Ajaccio, the capital of Corsica; Porto Vecchio, Corsica, and at the French Pacific ports.

Bank of England Statement

London, April 8.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England, issued to-day, shows the following changes as compared with the previous account:

Total reserve, decreased £1,305,000; circulation, increased £359,000; Bullion, decreased £945,923; other securities, decreased £964,000; other deposits, increased £2,815,000; public deposits, decreased £5,020,000; notes reserved, decreased £1,433,000; Government securities, increased £530,000. The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability which last week was 52.65 per cent., is now 58.31 per cent.

War in Bechuanaland.

Cape Town, April 8.—A despatch from Vryburg says that in an encounter with the Bechuanaland insurgents on Tuesday, near Kuruman, the Cape volunteers lost five men killed and had six men wounded.

Further advices regarding the encounter with the Bechuanaland insurgents on Tuesday state that the British troops captured and burned the native town of Camazer, at the foot of the Langeberg range of hills. The rebel leader, Galliskwe, who was in command of the natives, made a desperate resistance. The losses of the natives were heavy. One British lieutenant was killed.

Radicals are Aggressive.

London, April 8.—The Radicals in the House of Commons have decided to bring about a debate before the Easter recess upon the question of the policy of the Government in the East.

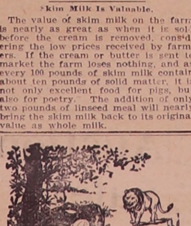
Controlling the Apple Crop.

This is a very important question, how to charge the bearing years of the apple orchard. It is not a difficult matter to remove the blossoms or the young fruit from small trees, and thus put them in the way of bearing a full crop the succeeding year. With such large trees as are some of mine, where the fruit can be gathered only from a 25 foot ladder placed around the outside and a long handled fruit-picker to reach the apples in the middle of the tres, it is a task I should greatly dread to pick off all the blossoms, or the smal apples as soon as they had set. It is possible that such work would pay, even though difficult and expensive, had it to be done but once. But my experience prompts me to throw out a word of caution to any one who may think seriously of making the experiment. It is not certain that the change, if made, will be a permanent one. A frost or cold storm, when the trees are in bloom, may destroy the crop of that year and bring the bearing year round again where it was before.

I have found another difficulty, and not a small one—the influence of insects. It should be remembered by those who may propose to change the bearing years of apple trees that under ordinary management, or lack of management, where there is a full crop of apples there may not be insects enough to allow for each apple; so there may be quite a crop of sound fruit at the end of the season to put in the cellar. Just insects enough to thin the fruit as it ought to be thinned would be a blessing to the orchardists, especially if they would do their work early in the season while the fruit is small. I do much of my thinning by shortening the bearing wood in late fall or winter, and find it much less work than to pick off the fruit.—A. W. Cheever, in Country Gentleman.

Skim Milk Is Valuable.

The value of skim milk on the farm is nearly as great as when it is sold before the cream is removed, considering the low prices received by farmers. If the cream or butter is sent to market the farm loses nothing, and as every 100 pounds of skim milk contain about ten pounds of solid matter, it is not only excellent food for pigs, but also for poetry. The addition of only two pounds of linseed meal will nearly bring the skim milk back to its original value as whole milk.



The lion-hunter needs steady nerves. If he misses the lion's eye, his life is surely lost. The lion-hunter is not the only man who needs steady nerves. The business man nowadays needs them. He must have them if he would bear the strain of business competition and be successful. A man with shaky nerves stands a mighty poor show in the business world of to-day, where he must hit the bull's-eye of fierce competition many times in a day. Steady nerves are dependent upon pure blood, and to have pure blood one must have a perfect digestion.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery goes to the seat of the trouble. It is not a sedative. It makes the nerves steady by furnishing them with proper nutriment. It corrects all disorders of the digestion. It invigorates the liver. It makes the blood rich and pure in nutriment. The nerves receive their proper nourishment from the blood and soon become strong and steady. Business men recognize the value of the "Golden Medical Discovery" and thousands have testified to its virtues. Druggists sell it.

"Having suffered for several years with indigestion," writes: Samuel Walker, Esq., of Parkesburg, Chester Co., Pa., "I concluded to try your valuable 'Golden Medical Discovery.' After taking five bottles I was entirely cured. I also suffered from bladder trouble, which was also cured by the 'Discovery.' I feel like a new man."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is a book of 1,008 pages and over three hundred illustrations, some of them colored, all fully explained. This book is free. It has been selling for $1.50. Now you may have it in all its usefulness, and in strong paper covers, for 31 one-cent stamps, which pays the cost of customs and mailing *only*, or in cloth binding for 50 stamps. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE ESTIMATES DOWN

A Nominal Decrease From Last Year's Figures.

Supplementaries to Come Which Will Wipe Out the Apparent Decrease and a Good Deal More—Less Pay for Senators and Commoners—More for Agriculture—Reduction on Account of Militia, Also for Marine and Fisheries—Collingwood, Kincardine and Other Harbors Have Appropriations—Toronto Gets a Paltry Share.

Ottawa, April 7.—(Special.)—The estimates for the fiscal year commencing the 1st July next, presented to Parliament to-day, show that there is a nominal decrease in the total from this year of $223,788. But it must be borne in mind that there are supplementary estimates to come down, which will not only wipe out this decrease, but swell the annual expenditure by probably two million dollars more.

On consolidated revenue account there are decreases to the amount of $1,722,642, while the increases amount to $125,380. Decrease on consolidated fund is therefore nearly $1,600,000. On capital account, however, there is a substantial increase, due to the determination of Mr. Blair to push the St. Lawrence canals rapidly to completion. The estimate of expenditure on account of railways and canals chargeable to capital is $5,723,696, an increase of $2,378,472.

There are decreases on account of redemption of debt and militia expenditure chargeable to capital, amounting in round figures to $1,000,000. The net increase on capital account, therefore amounts to $1,363,473.

Under the head of Civil Government there is a noticeable decrease. In other words, the statutory increases are not there this year. The penitentiary vote is cut down by $67,000, $44,000 of this being struck off the vote for Kingston.

Senators and Commoners will have to worry along with $83,000 less than last year.

There is an increase of $64,000 in the agricultural vote, owing to the proposed advances for butter making and for cold storage.

The quarantine service escaped to the extent of $17,000, and the immigration appropriation is increased by $44,000. There is a substantial reduction of $330,000 on account of militia, $147,000 of this being on account of the annual drill and $142,207 on account of clothing and other stores.

It is to be hoped that the Government does not intend to pinch the force.

Regarding the canal votes the following are the principal items chargeable to capital:

Soulanges, construction, $1,250,000; Cornwall, enlargement, $185,000; Cornwall, converting basin into dry dock, $15,000; Farran's Point, enlargement, $375,000; Rapide Plat, enlargement, $115,000; Galops, enlargement, $1,635,000; North Channel, straightening and deepening, $375,000; Galops Channel, straightening and deepening, $50,000; River Reaches, $50,000; Lake St. Francis, removal of boulders, etc., $75,000; Trent, construction, $650,000; Sault Ste. Marie, construction and equipment, $75,000; Lachine, enlargement, $216,000; Lachine, deepening river at St. Pierre, $40,000; Lake St. Louis Channel, straightening and deepening, $86,000; Grenville, enlargement, $90,000; to pay George Godwin final estimate and award of Mr. Walter Shanley, $45,696.

The Department of Marine and Fisheries makes a cut of $171,000, applicable to ocean and river service, lighthouse and coast service and to fishery work.

As previously announced, the Mounted Police force is to be reduced, an annual saving of $145,000.

The Geological Survey Department is to get along with $10,000 less, while under the heading of miscellaneous there is a reduction of $125,000.

The amounts for public buildings and public works in Ontario are only small:

Collingwood Harbor, improvement, $80,000; Rainy River, improvement of navigable channel, $20,000; general repairs and improvements to harbor, river and bridge works, $10,000; Kingston Harbor, Lake Ontario, $6500; Owen Sound Harbor, dredging, etc., $35,000; Toronto Harbor, works at eastern entrance, etc., $20,000; Burlington Channel, repairs to piers, $8000; Cobourg, repairs to piers, $3000; Goderich, reconstruction of breakwater and repairs to piers, $53,000; Kincardine, repairs to piers, $12,000; L'Original, reconstruction of wharf, $16,500; Port Burwell, improvement of harbor, provided interested parties expend a sum of $50,000, $25,000; Thornbury, repairs to wharf, $10,000; Port Stanley, repairs to piers and dredging, $16,000.

Dominion Public Buildings, Ontario, renewals, improvements, repairs, etc., $10,000; Toronto, Dominion Public Buildings, improvements, renewals, repairs, etc., $5000; Arnprior Postoffice, Custom House, etc., under contract, $15,000.

Following are Ontario Canal appropriations: To dredge channel at upper entrance of Bobcaygeon, $2500; to build guard pier, entrance at Bobcaygeon, $600; to remove rock in channel above Burleigh lock and Stoney Lake, $2000; to dredge in Katchamarine Lake, $2500; to complete dam at Chisholm's Rapids, $2000; to renew superstructure west of Port Dalhousie, $20,000; to renew fender works of bridges in new canal, $18,500.

Five thousand dollars is to be voted for a statue of Her Majesty, in commemoration of the Diamond Jubilee, and $5000 for a statue of Hon. Alexander Mackenzie.

Mail subsidies and steamship subventions are practically unchanged.

The vote for the Meteorological Observatory at Toronto is reduced by one-half, and $15,000 is lopped off the fishery protection service.

A steam launch, to cost $5000, is to be placed on the Upper Yukon River.

Toronto gets $5000 towards the meeting of the British Association.

Mr. Sifton procures for Winnipeg half the cost of suppressing the smallpox outbreak in 1893.

Ten thousand dollars additional is to be spent in maintaining cutters for protection of the customs revenue.

Toronto custom house appropriation is cut down by $2187 and postoffice expenses are cut down by $151,000.

The sum of $35,000 is to be voted for the purchase of a site for a rifle range at Ottawa.

The Garden.

The margin between the possibilities and actualities of the average farm garden is a thing of goodly dimensions. It is, naturally enough, a difficult thing for the farmer to realize to what extent of practical usefulness he may put a single acre of ground provided he is willing and careful to bestow upon it the right kind of attention. This, says West Kentucky Farmer, is so because of the fact that in his farm work he looks more to general results. But when he comes down to work on a smaller scale he finds things quite different. It is only recently that a committee took upon itself to investigate somewhat as to what was actually being done on some of the small truck farms near one of our large cities, and they reported that one farm of forty acres yielded annually $16,000 worth of fruits and vegetables; another of six acres yielded $6000; another of ninety acres returned $20,000, and another of twenty acres returned $8000. These figures represent good receipts, but even after making reductions for fertilizers and other necessary expenditures, the net returns, although not stated, were no doubt handsome. Apart, however, from the profits from exclusive truck farming, the garden acre on the farm can be made an important item in the domestic economy of the home if we take into consideration all the expense attaching to the purchase of garden produce necessary to the health, comfort and well being of the family.

A Magnificent Showing OF
BOYS' CLOTHING.

This is the Season of the Year....... when new clothes for the boys is an absolute necessity. The winter wear is cast aside. In clothing for Boys suited to the new season we have not simply a very large variety, but many special lines that will attract the attention of the boys and interest every mother. Prices are just as attractive as the goods.

Boys' Navy Blue Two-Piece Serge Suits, plain or pleated back, worth at least $2.00, for................ $1 50

Boys' Mixed Gray Suits, sizes 22 to 27 only, Coat and Pants beautifully trimmed, fancy pleating, worth $2.50 for 2 00

Boys' All Wool Halifax Tweed Suits, different shades, well made and trimmed, extra wearing and worth $3.00 easy, for.................. 2 50

Boys' Dark Gray 3 Piece Suits for lads 12 to 15 years of age, made by Sanford, well trimmed and good wearing. The same last year was $4.00 now........................ 3 00

Boys' Sailor Suits, sizes 22 to 28, Blouses and Pants in Blue Serge, Pants lined, special price.............. $1.00

Boys' Velvet Sailor Suits, imported from Germany, color navy blue, nice lanyard and whistle, a good value suit at $4.00, our price................ 3 00

Boys' Serge Suits. Coat Vest and Pants, boy 11 to 15 years of age, Sanford's celebrated make, well trimmed and good wearing.................. 3.00

Boys' Extra Good Gray Worsted Suits, in Coat, Vest and Pants. Veryfine trimmings. Our price last year was $8.00, now.................... 7.00

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten Season

Fresh
Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
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FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
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Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.

Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.

Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

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GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—139 and 157.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind and Door Factory.

In the Matter of the Estate of Harris & Walton, of the City of Belleville, Insolvents.

Tenders addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,685 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,208 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to

WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

There is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TOONEY proprietor. dtf

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excruciating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietus to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Roo Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

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— AND —
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
Representing the following first-class Companies:
The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.
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Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.
Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.
APPLY TO
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Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster
Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy: in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.
Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.,
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A FAMOUS MAN!

What His Researches Have Done for the World.

Dr. Chase.

All successful and distinguished men have imitators, and Dr. Chase, the well-known author of Chase's Recipe Book, proved no exception to the rule. Dr. Chase's discoveries have many pretended rivals, but no equals.

Long scientific researches produced Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and Chase's Ointment, the first a certain cure for all kidney, liver, stomach, bladder and rheumatic troubles; the latter an absolute specific for chronic and offensive skin diseases. Among his other discoveries were Chase's Catarrh Cure and Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for colds and bronchitis.

During 1895 the Canadian manufacturers, Edmanson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard street, Toronto, gave away free 500,000 samples of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and 100,000 samples of Chase's Ointment. The return they brought proved how much they were appreciated. The same free distribution of samples will be continued during 1896. Those at a distance should enclose a 5-cent stamp and also receive a sheet of the latest music in return.

WE BELIEVE
there is no
better soap made
than our
Baby's Own Soap—
care and skill in
making and
the best materials
are the reason.
THE PROOF—
Its immense sales.
The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.
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BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MEDICAL.

DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

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Office and residence, 55 Campbell street on the hill, just above Merchants Bank Telephone 95. ju6d&wly

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April 8, 1895, dtf

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(Successor to Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q.C., BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc Office, McAnnany building, corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont. Private and Company money to loan at 6 per cent. on easy terms upon good land security Charges moderate.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Or at the Grand Trunk Depot.
. GUNN,
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DENTIST—Office over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence on Forin Street d.w.

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Loyal and Patriotic Address From the Legislature.

Voice of the Province Heard in the Terms of the Address Which Will Be Presented to Her Majesty on the Occasion of Her Diamond Jubilee — Eloquent Review of Sixty Years of National Prosperity—All Parties Vie in Loyalty, Cheer and Sing "God Save the Queen.'

Toronto, April 9.

Yesterday's session of the Legislature will be one long to be remembered. It will be known in history as the day upon which the gentlemen representing the voice of the people of Ontario, took occasion to express their loyalty to their beloved sovereign in an appropriate address. It was indeed a happy hour in which the leaders of the two old parties in the House proposed the resolution to submit the address to Her Majesty and supplemented it by warm, patriotic speeches. This occurred directly after recess, the morning and afternoon and the latter part of the evening session being taken up in passing through different stages a goodly number of bills, and in throwing out a few others.

The leaders of both sides of the House performed the leading roles in, perhaps, the prettiest and most affecting scene which the chamber has witnessed in this or in any other session for many long years.

The Attorney-General arose and moved that an humble and loyal address be presented to Her Majesty Queen Victoria on the occasion of the sixtieth year of her reign. In speaking to his motion, Mr. Hardy paid an eloquent tribute, amid outbursts of applause, to our Gracious Sovereign; and also took occasion to remind the House of the tremendous national and intellectual progress the world in general and the British Empire in particular had experienced during her unprecedented reign. While it was the longest reign in the annals of British history, it was also the best, and the happiest. It seemed as if a beneficent Providence had especially spun out the length of her reign to bring out the nobility of the life she illustrated, as well as the reforms she had brought about.

Continuing, the Attorney-General commented on the virtues Her Majesty exhibited at different stages of her career, from a young woman to an aged Queen, who had added wisdom with her riper years. Her whole life had been one of simplicity, a simplicity which the ordinary citizen could not only admire but also could carry into his personal and private life. Her life had been the possession of the nation for upwards of 50 years, and her private and domestic life, as well as her life as a sovereign, had been crowned by actions more kingly than those of any monarch in the past. But it was as a constitutional ruler that Her Majesty deserved, above all other reasons, the tributes which Britons from all quarters of the globe would shortly pay her. [Applause.] There had been other constitutional sovereigns before her, and other nations had already begun to copy the constitution of Great Britain when she ascended the throne, but it had only been since she had ascended the throne that other nations had seen the beauty of a constitutional reign under a limited monarchy, as exemplified by Victoria.

Britons, he continued, loved self-government. They believed that the representatives of the whole nation were wiser than the wisest single man, and that an assembled Parliament could enact better laws than any one person who might be a ruler. There had been, during the last 60 years, reforms in every manner of institution and in the life of the people themselves, and the long life God had granted Her Majesty had been largely conducive to that end. Her reign had been productive of colonial freedom—[hear, hear]—and Christian civilization had followed the flag of England into every part of the world. [Applause.]

The speaker then read a computation by Sir Julius Bogel of the tremendous growth in population and wealth of Great Britain and the colonies between the years 1840 and 1895. Sixty years ago, said he, the Empire was composed of the British Isles and a few disconnected, disorganized colonies in different parts of the globe. To-day Great Britain's vast possessions were no longer scattered. They were connected by railway and telegraph.

According to the table of Sir Julius, the population of Canada and Newfoundland had increased in these years from 1,690,000 to 5,225,000; their commerce in the same years from $31,000,000 to $243,000,000; and their revenue from $2,500,000 to $36,535,000. Similar data as to all the colonies, inclusive of India, were as follows: Population, 1840, 112,100,000, and in 1895, 306,312,000; commerce value in 1840, $285,250,000, and in 1895, $2,419,725,000; revenue in 1840, $123,500,000, and in 1895, over $767,765,000. The yearly contribution to the revenue, Sir Julius pointed out, had risen from 95c per head in 1840 to $2.32 in 1895.

Sixty years ago the Empire had an area of 4,000,000 square miles and a population of 40,000,000; to-day its area is 12,000,000 square miles and the population over 400,000,000, somewhere between one-quarter and one-third of the entire population of the globe.

As to the United Kingdom itself, the population had increased since 1837 from 27,000,000 to 40,000,000 in 1897. The imports in 1837 were $335,000,000 and in 1896 were $2,080,000,000; the exports in 1837 were $250,000,000, and $1,425,000,000 in 1896. British manufactures amounted, in 1837, to $750,000,000, and in 1896 to $4,750,000,000. The British shipping, in 1837, totalled a tonnage of 3,000,000, while in 1875 it was 13,000,000, or over half the total tonnage of the world. In 1896, Britain built a greater number of tons than her entire tonnage in 1837. In 1837 there were scarcely 50 miles of steam railway in the world; to-day in Great Britain and Ireland alone there were 20,000 miles, which carry 1000 million passengers per annum and are worth 5000 million dollars. The Premier then quoted, to show the advances made in various directions, and also referred to the phenomenal progress of the United States.

The Premier also enumerated many of the inventions and advantages now possessed by the people, but which were unknown at the opening of Her Majestyp's reign. We were but one, he then resumed, with some fervor, of the many colonies which, within two months, would send addresses to the foot of the throne. In the mighty British Empire there were 50 Parliaments or Legislative bodies and of these 20 had responsible Government as a foundation principle. "We march in this vast procession," he said, amid applause, "and we march near the front." There was, outside of the Imperial Parliament, but one Parliament, and possibly two, which could be classed as a rival of the House he had the honor of addressing. To the Empire itself, so much territory had been added during the reign that no other Empire in any epoch could compare in magnitude with that of Great Britain, as it was to-day. He then made passing references to the responsible government bequeathed us as a legacy by the Old Land. But England, he went on, gave us, besides, her intrepid spirit and her invincible courage, and we shared with her the glory of her triumphs on land and sea. Englishmen the world over enjoyed every attribute of self-government.

"May she long reign over us, happy and glorious, God save the Queen," were the concluding words of a happy speech. He then read the following address, which he was proposing to submit to Her Majesty the Queen:

Resolved, that an humble address be presented to Her Most Gracious Majesty, expressing the heartfelt congratulations of this House on the occasion of Her Majesty's attainment and approaching completion of the sixtieth year of her reign.

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty:

Most Gracious Sovereign,—We Your Majesty's most loyal and dutiful subjects, the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, in Parliament assembled, humbly beg leave to approach Your Majesty with congratulations upon the attainment and approaching completion of the sixtieth year of Your Majesty's reign as Queen of Great Britain and Ireland.

It is not alone that Your Majesty's reign has been the longest in the annals of the Empire; other considerations combine with that notable event to render your reign the most memorable recorded in history. The wide diffusion of education and intelligence, the enhanced comfort in the daily life of the people, the growth of commerce, the improvement in the methods of manufacture, the discoveries in science and progress in the arts, with a wider extension of Christianity and Christian civilization, are some of the prominent features which render Your Majesty's reign conspicuous and illustrious.

Since Your Majesty ascended the throne constitutional government within the Empire has been more firmly established, principles and precedents tending to solidify British institutions have been repeatedly affirmed, and the respect of your loyal subjects for the constitution and laws under which they live, stimulated by Your Majesty's personal example, has been constantly strengthened.

Most notable and far-reaching in its consequences among the events of Your Majesty's fruitful reign has been the unparalleled growth and development of the British colonial system. Confiding unreservedly in the loyalty of your colonial subjects, the Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland conferred upon them the right of self-government. They in return have shown their appreciation of that confidence by their devoted loyalty to the Crown and Your Majesty's person, and the happy result of such mutual confidence has been that British ideas and British institutions, based upon freedom, law and order, have been fostered and are flourishing in every quarter of the globe.

During your long and beneficent reign, your subjects in the Province of Ontario on whose behalf we have the honor to present these our congratulations, have shared very liberally in the general prosperity of the Empire; and while we are deeply sensible that many occurrences in your Canadian Colonies have caused anxiety, we are happy to know that owing to the generous forbearance which Your Majesty has exercised, and the forethought with which all legislation affecting us has been devised, peace and concord now prevail in every Province of Your Majesty's possessions in Canada.

We rejoice to believe that since Your Majesty ascended the throne, the British Empire has greatly extended, not only its territorial, but its moral and political influence. The ascendency of the Empire in the councils of the great powers of the world attests the soundness of Your Majesty's judgment in the choice of your advisers, and the prudence and sagacity with which Your Majesty has directed their deliberations.

Not only has the social and material condition of Your Majesty's subjects in all parts of the Empire greatly advanced, but much of the civil and religious liberty now enjoyed by them is owing to the generous encouragement given by Your Majesty at all times to every movement tending to the advancement of their moral and physical well-being.

With sincerest gratitude, therefore, we desire to express the hope that Your Majesty may be spared for many years to adorn your exalted station, and to command as you do now the devotion of your subjects in all parts of your imperial dominions and the admiration and respect of the civilized world.

On rising to second the resolution, the leader of the Opposition was received with uproarious applause from both benches. He esteemed it a very high honor to have the privilege of seconding the motion.

Mr. Whitney regretted exceedingly the fact that his physical condition rendered it impossible for him to do anything like justice to the occasion. He had one thought, however, to offer for the consideration of the House. It was that the blessing of Divine Providence had rested upon the British Empire to an unparalleled degree during all the years of Her Majesty's reign. Its influences could be seen in every corner of this vast empire, and he had reason to believe that this beneficence of Providence was in no small degree the result of the virtuous influence of the Royal Lady whom they were discussing that night. He had reason to believe that if her people followed out the principles which had governed her career they would be blessed as she had been. The Opposition leader concluded with the earnest supplication, "God bless our noble Queen."

The members wildly applauded the sentiment which had concluded the brief but patriotic remarks of Mr. Whitney, and then all rose and sang warmly the National Anthem.

OUR BUSY LEGISLATORS.

Large Amount of Business Transacted at the Sessions of the Provincial Legislature Yesterday.

In moving yesterday morning the second reading of his bill to encourage the manufacture of railway steel and iron in the province, Hon. J. M. Gibson expressed the hope that steel manufactures would reach the proportions already attained by the iron industry in Ontario. He deplored the fact that ores had to be imported to this province. He was certain that, with proper railway facilities, the ore could be obtained in Northern Ontario. He expected that the Dominion Government would take a leaf from his book in the matter and also give the industry some encouragement.

Mr. Whitney was glad to hear the warm protection speech of Hon. Mr. Gibson. It was a sign that his party was swinging into line.

Mr. Stratton asked if the Government intended to allow the Osgoode Athletic Association the western part of the old Parliament grounds during the season to play lacrosse and football. He understood the Government was considering the matter, and he hoped they would see their way clear to grant the request.

Mr. Whitney could see no objection to granting the application.

The Attorney-General replied that the Government had had a number of applications and they did not know that they would be able to give the preference to any of them.

The afternoon was taken up with the consideration in committee of the Attorney-General's bill to make certain amendments to the Statute Law.

Among the clauses which called for special protest from the Opposition was that referring to the appointment of Junior County Court judges, a power vested in the Dominion Government. When the County Courts Act was passed a Conservative Government was dispensing the judicial patronage at Ottawa. The appointment of Junior County Court judges is under Federal jurisdiction, and the Ontario Government enacted, accordingly, that there should be no appointments of junior judges in counties or in unions of counties where the population did not exceed 80,000. Now, however, Sir Oliver Mowat, in office himself at Ottawa, is suffering from the law he himself enacted, and his successor in the Local House is helping him out by adding an amending section to provide that the original law should not apply to any county in which is situate a city, and for which county a junior judge has been heretofore appointed, nor to the Counties of Grey, Renfrew, Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, Ontario, Bruce Simcoe, Huron, and Victoria and Haliburton.

The other sections of the bill were not finished with until 6 o'clock and the Speaker left the chair.

The bill passed and also a very large number of public and private bills.

FIREBUGS AT STOUFFVILLE.

Disastrous Loss to Mr. Abraham Stouffer Due to Rascally Incendiaries

Stouffville, April 8.—(Special.)—This morning about 2 o'clock fire was discovered bursting through the roof of the large dairy buildings of the well-known dairyman, Abraham Stouffer, on lot 2, concession 10, Township of Whitchurch, on the north border of this town. A large number of dairy cows, horses, sheep and other cattle, together with an extensive stock of farming implements and over 1000 bushels of grain, were, with the buildings, totally destroyed. Loss $3000; insurance $600, in Waterloo Mutual. The fire was clearly the work of an incendiary.

PORTO RICO IN ARMS.

Another Spanish Colony in a State of Rebellion—The Situation Becoming More Serious Daily.

New York, April 8.—Dr. J. Julio Henna, President of the Porto Rican Revolutionary Committee in this city, yesterday received private information from the committee in the Island of Porto Rico to the effect that the country had taken up arms against the Spanish Government, the uprising haven taken place in Yaucayo and Adjuntas.

The news of the uprising, it was reported by a member at the meeting of the committee, had been also received in this city yesterday by a well-known banking firm in Wall-street, which has close business connection with one of the leading banking houses in Porto Rico.

When seen late last night, Dr. Henna said: "The news, though startling, did not surprise me, as the latest mail advices from Porto Rico brought us the information that the situation there was becoming every day more serious."

BIG FIRE IN CORNWALL.

The Globe Flour Mills Reduced to Ashes—Loss Nearly $30,000

Cornwall, Ont., April 8.—(Special.)—About 9 o'clock to-night it was discovered that the Globe flour mills were on fire, and notwithstanding the best efforts of the local fire department the place was reduced to ashes. The loss is estimated at $20,000, with insurance of about $8000. The stock, valued at from $3000, was insured for $1000. It was with great difficulty that the adjoining property was saved.

Glass Workers' Strike Off

Marion, Ind., April 8.—The strike at the factory of the United States Glass Company at Gas City has been declared off after a struggle lasting over three years. This is a victory for the glass company. It is estimated that the maintenance of the idle workmen has cost the National Flint Glass Workers' Union not less than $50,000.

BOOT ON T'OTHER FOOT

Liberals in Office Show a Decided Difference

From Liberals in Opposition - Forty Officials Have Been Superannuated Since July 13 Last at an Annual Cost to the Country of Over $18,000—Mr. Kelly Is a British Subject—Mr. Fielding Out of Office and in Office Holds Different Views — The Liquor Questi_n — Mr. Charlton's Sunday Observance Bill Again—Railway Rates—House of Commons Proceedings.

Ottawa, April 8.—(Special.)—In the House to-day a question of Dr. Sproule in regard to superannuations elicited a long list of names from Mr. Fielding, showing that once the Liberals are in power there is a complete disregard of past professions on this particular question. Since July 13 last forty officers have been superannuated at an annual cost to the country of $18,220. Fourteen were retired with gratuities at a cost of $3179.

Mr. Sifton informed Mr. Taylor that Mr. Edward Kelly, late of Pembroke, had been appointed Immigration Agent in the North of Ireland. Mr. Kelly was a British subject and had not been a hotelkeeper in the United States. He was recommended for the position by Mr. Murray, ex-M.P. of Pembroke, but was not his half-brother. Mr. Kelly was formerly an officer of the Imperial Government in Ireland, charged with the carrying out of the Land Act.

Mr. Gillies asked if the despatch in The Halifax Morning Chronicle of 11th December, 1894, represents correctly the utterance of Mr. W. S. Fielding, then Premier of Nova Scotia, and now Minister of Finance, who is reported in said despatch as having stated as follows: "Referring to the coal trade, he said the Liberal party would not preach one doctrine in Cape Breton and another in the rest of the Dominion. If the coal business could not be carried on without protection, then it is better not to carry it on at all."

Does the report in The Montreal Herald of March 13, 1897, represent the Minister of Finance correctly, when waited upon by representatives of the coal interest who urged upon him the necessity of maintaining, if not increasing, the present duty on coal? The Minister is reported as having stated as follows: "If, however, your view is correct, and it turns out that the United States duty is raised to a high figure, then we shall claim and exercise the right to revise our views respecting the Canadian duty, and we shall feel bound to impose a duty not only on bituminous, but also on anthracite coal, which at present comes into our markets from the States free of duty." If reported correctly in both cases, how does the Minister of Finance reconcile these two conflicting statements?

Mr. Fielding replied: I am not in a position to make any statement respecting the accuracy of a report which I have not seen for several years. I have advocated the free exchange of coal in Canada and the United States, but otherwise I have not advocated free coal. Whether speaking to the coal miners of Nova Scotia or to the people of other sections of the country I have always held that the article of coal could not be considered alone, but must be dealt with in connection with others, with regard to the interests of the Dominion as a whole. The words quoted from The Montreal Herald are a correct report of a single sentence in my Montreal address.

Mr. Foster: You don't reconcile them.

Mr. Speaker stated that he had seen a report in newspapers that liquor was being sold within the precincts of the House of Commons. This was not the case. Every precaution in his power was taken to see that the rule laid down by the House last year was carried out. He had a report of the sergeant-at-arms stating that no beer, wine or spirits was kept within the precincts of the House by the caterer.

Mr. Gibson moved the second reading of his bill to render dues for materials, wages, etc., a first lien on the railway on which they were used, and explained that the Grand Trunk and C.P.R., as well as all other companies of standing in Canada, were not opposed to the measure. The bill was referred to the Railway Committee.

Mr. Charlton moved the second reading of his bill "To secure the better observance of the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday, as a day of rest." He contended that it was merely creating a civil right in Sunday rest to the laborer in Canada. Mr. Charlton observed that it could not be said the bill was promoted and sustained by the Christian sentiment of the country, so far as the laity is concerned. They seem, he said, to be quite indifferent whether or not a law is passed to secure to the laborer a day of rest. In fact there appeared to be no extent of popular feeling in the matter whatsoever. If it were a case of some interest endeavoring to bleed one section of the country at the expense of another, Mr. Charlton thought there would be deputations down to Ottawa to push it along. But so far as he was aware there had been no deputation of Christians to Ottawa to promote the passage of his Sunday bill. Mr. Charlton spoke at length upon the benefits that would accrue to the population from the operation of such a law. The managers of the C.P.R. and Grand Trunk were not opposed to the bill, as it did not interfere with through traffic, only Sir William Van Horne wanted the Soo Canal to be closed also if the railways were to be obliged to cease traffic on Sunday.

Mr. Craig accounted for the apathy of the House on the ground that most of the members thought the bill unnecessary. It was a strong argument in favor of the view that the Sabbath was better observed in Canada than in any other country on earth, Scotland not excepted. Again, it was urged that the bill is impracticable; and the experience of the House certainly was that no headway had ever been made in committee towards framing a workable measure. Moreover, high legal authority held that this was a matter for provincial legislation. Mr. Craig, while giving the mover all credit for his perseverance, desired to correct the impression in the country that Mr. Charlton was the only man in the House who favored Sunday observance. There was no need of a law against Sunday newspapers and the like, for the best safeguard was the high moral sense of the community.

Mr. Casey was inclined to doubt seriously whether this House would be within its rights in passing a bill of this character. The clause respecting the closing of the canals was the only exception.

Mr. Laurier referred to former opinions of Sir John Thompson, that the matter was beyond the jurisdiction of Parliament, and he paid deference to that opinion. Clause 1, relating to hours in newspaper offices, would certainly have to be reconsidered in committee. While he believed the sale of newspapers should be prohibited on Sunday, as other articles, preparations had to be made on Sunday for issuing a paper on Monday. The clause relating to railways would also have to be looked into, since the damage resulting from such restriction would be great. Neither could Mr. Laurier see how Sunday excursions could be prevented, any more than a cabman could be prevented from carrying passengers on Sunday. While Sunday was not as rigidly observed in Quebec as in the other provinces, he did not know that the people were less religious.

The motion carried, and the bill was then given its second reading.

Mr. McLennan moved the second reading of his bill to compel railways to give second-class return trip tickets at the same reduction as allowed on first-class return tickets. He pointed out that his bill was in the interests of the farmers and others who traveled second class.

Mr. Tisdale, in opposing the bill, hinted that the mover was simply hunting for popularity. At least he was proceeding without due consideration and information. Parliament, he contended, would be acting unjustly in interfering with the earning powers of railways in which large sums of foreign capital were invested.

Mr. Bennett pointed out that in a score of ways Parliament, by legislation, restricted, regulated or interfered with the rights and privileges of railway companies.

Mr. Campbell (Kent) thought it rather small for Parliament to be attempting to regulate rates on railways. As it was, second-class tickets were now sold at a very low rate.

The Premier appreciated Col. McLennan's object, but the bill would scarcely commend itself to the House. There was no complaint, there was no law to compel railway companies to issue return tickets at all. They were only issued as regards first class, because it induced travel. Evidently the same business reason does not apply in the matter of second-class travel, else second-class return tickets would also be issued. He was opposed to the principle of dictating to railway companies as to the manner in which they should conduct their business. However, he would allow the bill to go to a second reading and be referred to the Railway Committee.

The bill was accordingly read and referred.

This is an economical Government, and the country will soon realize it. From July 1 next, interest on deposits in the Postoffice Savings and Government Banks is to be reduced from 3 1-2 to 3 per cent. Banks have been urging this step for some time, on the ground that the present state of the money market did not justify the Government rate, and evidently their representations have had weight with Mr. Fielding, who thereby will save $170,500 annually.

Capt. Whitely has arrived in Ottawa to confer with the Minister of Marine and Capt. Wakeham in regard to the exploration expedition to Hudson Bay. He has been engaged as ice captain of the Diana. Of late years he has been engaged in the Behring Sea fishery, but one of the most experienced ice navigators of the Newfoundland sealing fleet, Mr. Hugh Sutherland, President of the Hudson Bay Railway Company, is also in Ottawa in connection with the expedition.

After recess Mr. Wood (Hamilton) moved the second reading of his bill, which provides that stockholders in Ontario building and loan societies shall not obtain security to a greater extent than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the company. The bill, which was read a second time, also provides that the person pledging the stock shall be responsible, and not the person lending money thereon. The bill goes to the Banking and Commerce Committee.

The House adjourned at 9 o'clock.

EATEN BY CANNIBALS.

Mr. Duncan, a Trader, Captured by Natives of New Hebrides, Fed Up, Killed and Eaten.

Victoria, B.C., April 8.—Australian advices state that Mr. Duncan, a white trader who reached Sydney from South Africa, met his death in a very painful way while trading with natives of New Hebrides. He was tied up to a tree for three days, being kept alive and forcibly stuffed with food. He was then cut down, killed and eaten, women, even, joining joyfully in the cannibalistic feast. There was a great assemblage from the various groups of islands. Duncan, it appears, was a single man, about 33 years old.

TORONTO NURSE MARRIED.

Miss Blanche Louise Sharp Secured a Husband in a Hospital.

New York, April 8.—Miss Blanche Louise Sharpe of Toronto, Ont., and Mr. Lawrus Edgar Sutton of Brooklyn, N.Y., were married in the Hanson-place Methodist Church, Brooklyn, yesterday. After the wedding tour, Mr. and Mrs. Sutton will take up residence in Brooklyn.

The marriage was the sequel to a romantic courtship, begun in the Long Island College Hospital, where Miss Sharpe, then a student in the Brooklyn Training School, attended her present husband during his treatment for hip disease. The couple became engaged shortly afterwards.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet, with little or no demand. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local market is lower to-day. Sales of red winter were made outside, north and west, at 70c, and of white at 71c. Several cars were delivered on track here at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 79c to 80c Midland and No. 2 hard at 77c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices nominal at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is steady, with but little enquiry. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 20c.

Oats—The market is dull and weaker. Sales of white west at 18½c and of mixed at 17½c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38c, north and west.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Rye—The market is quiet, with sales outside at 31c.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 8.—Spring wheat, 6s 1½d to 6s 2½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 5s 11d to 6s 0d; corn, 2s 6d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 3d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 0d; do., light, 25s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Wheat on passage weak and 3d to 6d lower. English country markets 6d cheaper. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures dull at 5s 6½d for May, 5s 6¾d for July and 5s 6d for Sept. Maize dull at 2s 6½d for May, and 2s 9d for July. Flour 21s 3d.

London—Close—Wheat on passage weak. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat dull at 5s 7¼d for May and July and 5s 6¾d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11¼d for Sept. Flour 21s 3d.

Cripple

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

"Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism.

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Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

Well

take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon appetite came back; the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." URBAN HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois.

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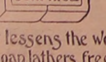

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A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to J. W. BUTTERFIELD.
July 30 1895. [76deo tf

HOTEL TO RENT.

O'BRIEN HOUSE — Three-storey brick Hotel in the City of Belleville; thirty rooms; sheds and stable; doing a good farmer and general trade; splendid opening; immediate possession. Apply to C. D. MACAULEY, Barrister, Belleville. License guaranteed. 4-3d7t

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.
R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26dly

AUCTION SALE.

MRS. GEO. GIBSON, at the north end of Murney st., on Moira st., will sell her household effects on April 22, consisting of a Piano, beautiful Parlor Suite, Dining-Room, Kitchen and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Pictures, etc. Sale to commence at 1 p.m.
4-9d3t J. G. DAVISON, Auctioneer.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla will do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25 cents.

Miller's Compound Iron Pills cure St. Vitus Dance. 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex Ray, 331 Front Street.

Daily Intelligencer.

OBITUARY.

TWO DEATHS.

STIRLING, April 8.—Wm. Hubble and Perley Chard, two of the oldest residents of Rawdon, died a few days ago.

MRS. GILBERT BONESTEEL.

A few days ago one of the oldest residents of Sidney passed away, namely Mrs. Gilbert Bonesteel, at the great age of 86 years. The maiden name of deceased was Maria Yeager, and she was widely known and much respected.

MICHAEL O'MARA.

LONDON, Ont., April 8.—Michael O'Mara, one of the managers of the Duke of York Hotel, died suddenly in his room at noon to-day. The cause of death was probably fatty degeneration of the heart. Mrs. O'Mara, wife of deceased, has been ill in St. Joseph's Hospital for over four weeks, and the shock will be a severe one to her. Deceased was a son of Michael O'Mara, of the D. & D. Institute staff, Belleville.

J. N. CARTER.

Mayor J. N. Carter, of Picton, died very suddenly at 3:30 this morning at his home. He was apparently in his usual health last evening, but was attacked with heart failure, which caused his death. Deceased who was 59 years of age, was one of Picton's most prominent men. He was an ex-Warden of Prince Edward and had been Mayor of the town several times. He was for many years engaged in the hardware business, but retired some time ago. He was a prominent Conservative. He leaves a wife and family of grown up children. His son, Lieut. Carter, who accompanied the 15th Battalion to Peterborough last May, is well known here.

REV. J. VAN WYCK.

HAMILTON, April 8.—After a short illness the Rev. J. Van Wyck, the pastor of Gore street Methodist church, and President of the Hamilton Methodist Conference, died at the parsonage at 7 o'clock this evening after ten days' illness. Brain trouble was the cause of death. The deceased was 51 years of age, having been born in Stamford, May 16, 1846. He was ordained a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church in 1869, but afterwards attended Albert College, where he graduated in 1878. He had been stationed in Belleville, as acting pastor of the M. E. Church; Stratroy, Euclid Avenue church, Toronto, St. Catharines and Hamilton, being stationed in this city three times, twice in Gore street and once in the First Methodist church. He leaves a widow and two of a family.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

MINING IN ONTARIO.

A Year of Great Progress in the Work of Development--Many New Companies Formed.

The sixth report of the Bureau of Mines has been laid upon the table of the Local House. The letter of Mr. Archibald Blue, Director of Mines, forwarding it to the Commissioner of Crown Lands, contains a comprehensive summary of the operations of the bureau and the progress made in mining in the Province of Ontario during the past year. In the letter Mr. Blue states that the mining industry in Ontario has made a distinct advance during the past year, though it is too early yet for statistics to be given. He then describes the development under the three heads of applications for lands extent of development work undertaken and the number of companies organized. "Compared with the transactions in mineral lands in 1894," Mr. Blue says, "there was an increase last year in the number of locations sold and leased of 218, in the areas of lands sold and leased of 13,635 acres, and in the receipts from sales and rentals of $22,644. The total collections on account of lands sold and leased last year were $35,581 (not including $5,006 of rent money paid on lands previously leased), and during the last few weeks of the year there was paid in a further sum on lands applied for of $28,436. The largest receipts were in the months of November and December, and as evidence of the continued briskness of operations it may be stated that the receipts on account of mining lands in the first three months of the present year, exclusive of a special deposit of $29,000, have been $70,387. These figures relate to transactions in Crown lands only. There have been large investments in patented lands, but no attempt has been made to procure a list of them."

Mr. Blue then devoted a paragraph to development work, in which he states that, through the ill-advised course of building mills before it was proved that there was enough ore for them to work has been followed, the more intelligent course of exploration has been followed to a large extent.

"Until very recently," the report continues, "few companies had been organized in the Province to carry on mining operations. Some were working under foreign charters, but of these the number actually engaged in the industry did not exceed half a dozen. In 1894, the first year in which mining corporations were empowered to sell stock at any fixed price above or below par, only five charters were granted under the Ontario Joint Stock Companies Act, and the aggregate of their authorized capital was only $2,170,000. Under the same act in 1896 the number formed was 22, with an authorized capital of $12,775,000; and the charters to twelve of these, representing an aggregate capital of $9,475,000, were granted during the months of November and December. In the first quarter of the present year, however, the record of 1896 has been far surpassed, 33 mining companies having been organized and chartered with a total authorized capital of $22,665,000. These facts furnish clear evidence of the advance that has been made in the mining affairs of the province and of preparation for greater activity in the near future. They are evidence, too, of the confidence that has been established in the mineral resources of our Province, in the face of a slump of $36,640,000 in the market price of the stocks of 23 South African companies during the past year."

With regard to the production of gold the remark is made that it has considerably increased, but that the encouragement lies mainly in the extent and promise of the development work going on.

The nickel and copper production was about the same as last year, and the petroleum output does not show marked changes, despite the re-opening of the Bothwell field. Other industries showed little change, the most important events being the opening of the Hamilton smelting works, of the graphite mill at Ottawa, of the carbide of calcium works at Merritton and of the peat fuel industry in Welland.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

NEW YORK FASHIONS.

Summer Fabrics--Street Gowns--Millinery--Parasols.

A special run is made on thin fabrics draped over silk and in view of such fact, semi-transparent materials in cotton, wool, silk or silk and wool are shown in extraordinary variety. Elegant gowns are made of such goods in figured patterns placed over plain red, green or purple silks or plain diaphanous fabrics veil striped or figured silks. Both green and purple are in most pronounced tones and therefore so conspicuous that at any other season they would be thought bizarre. But the present time is one of color, particularly in the hues just mentioned, and no matter how bold, they do not come amiss. Of course more conventional and inconspicuous outfits compete with these marked novelties and either afford change to ultra fashionables or are chosen by ladies who avoid what is striking. Accordion plaits are again very fashionable and in circle shaped skirts, become almost narrowed out of existence at the top.

TAILOR MADE GOWNS

in bright red cloth are seen and will not be unduly conspicuous at summer resorts; the eye has grown habituated to green and purple has an innate refinement which renders it comparatively unobjectionable, while closely competing, come two toned cheviots which produce delightful shades in olive, plum, green and golden brown. Canvas cheviots, tweeds, serges, bouretts, or checks give change and it may be added that skirts in practical gowns, do not measure more than four yards or four and a half around the bottom. But their fit must be perfect and the present mode of sewing in Fibre Chamois separately in each gore, has the excellent result of giving smoothness without stiffness and a graceful support that yields readily to pressure, yet springs out again immediately. With diminished sleeves also, nothing has been found to replace this interlining, because soft yet always reliable. Eton or Bolero jackets are to be quite fashionable with cloth or other skirts and are preferable in velvet or velutina. In

MILLINERY,

the high crowns shown at first do not promise to become very popular, and the majority of hats now offered have medium crowns, while among numerous fanciful contours the greater number selected are moderately large, with straight brims. Color is the most conspicuous feature and changes are rung on red, green or purple hats, the last named being often in rich, dark shades, and the green showing as many varieties as are noticeable in natural foliage. In view of so many colored straws, black garniture is largely used as a toning element, and here the choice often lies among ostrich plumes, moire or linen ribbons, chiffon plaitings or tulle, the two latter being freely [illegible] to the disadvantage of black lace. Spangled tulle is placed over taffeta ribbon with a dressy effect and high rising chiffon plaitings tower like pompons. Linen or linen and silk ribbons have special style.

NEW PARASOLS

are preferably in deep purple, green or red moire silk either lined in self color or in white. Less expensive examples are unlined and a quota show pretty floral patterns that will harmonize with the many thin flowered goods to be worn, while dressy ones for summer resorts, display rich puffings or plaitings of chiffon. Accordion plaited mousseline covers over silk, are beautifully refined and of course adapted to gowns having accordion plaited skirts.

LUCY CARTER.

Worth Ten Dollars a Bottle.

Any person who has used Nerviline, the great pain cure, would not be without it if it cost ten dollars a bottle. A good thing is worth its weight in gold, and Nerviline is the best remedy for all kinds of pain. It cures neuralgia in five minutes; toothache in one minute; lame back at one application; headache in a few minutes; and all pains just as rapidly.

Teachers' Convention.

The school teachers of this city held a convention in the Central School this afternoon to discuss topics of interest to pedagogues. The children of the Public Schools were given a half holiday this afternoon in consequence.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Queen of Madagascar Exiled.

Ranavolana III., the Queen of Madagascar, who has only held her position nominally since the island was made a French colony on June 20, 1896, has been exiled to the Island of Reunion, a French possession near the Island of Mauritius. The exiled Queen has already gone to her new home.

The Queen succeeded to the throne on the death of her mother on July 13, 1883. In May, 1895, a French expedition was despatched to Madagascar to enforce certain claims of France, and on Oct. 1, the capital being occupied by the French, a treaty was signed whereby the Queen recognized and accepted the protectorate of France.

QUEEN RANAVALONA III.

What Keeps Women Young.

Mrs. Crawford, writing from Athens to London Truth, says: "Greek women do not wear well. I attribute this to the seclusion in which they had to live under the Turks—a seclusion that is still in the manners of the country. What keeps women young is to have minds. They can be intellectual without being members of Parliament. But they must have friction with other minds, and spheres for the display of their talents and the use of their energies.

PHOTOGRAPH OF DEATH.

Marvellous Discovery by a German of Some New Light Rays.

The discovery of the so-called Roentgen rays has been followed by a sensational development, due to a German scientist, Prof. E. Friedrich. Prof. Friedrich was engaged in studying the practical application of the Roentgen rays when he made a discovery which has produced a great sensation in both scientific and in lay circles.

The Professor succeeded in photographing death—in other words, the rays which he discovered enable it to be definitely ascertained beyond a shadow of a doubt when life actually leaves a human body. Since these investigations he has communicated his discovery in a short letter to the Vienna Imperial Academy of Science.

At the present moment the medical profession possesses no means of absolutely stating that death has taken place. Doctors only draw their inferences in support of this view from the appearance of certain changes in the body. These, it is true, are usually conclusive, but they are not infallible, and there is always the possibility that mistakes may be made and that a person who is only apparently dead may suffer the horrors of premature interment.

Professor Friedrich now affirms that the rays which he has discovered—he calls them Kritik rays—reveal with absolute reliability the entrance of death into the body.

"The Kritik rays are directed out of a vacuum tube, and are so piercing that they almost immediately penetrate the body upon which, for the purposes of experiment, the investigator has turned them. These rays produce images on the photographic plate which are of a different character according as they are taken of a living or a dead body. The photographing of the hand is the easiest experiment in test work of this kind. If, when it is laid on the photographic plate and subjected to the Kritik rays, it appears as a living hand does under the Roentgen rays, viz., with all the bones clearly distinguished—then beyond question the person is alive. If, however, the hand does not yield its characteristic form under this process the person to whom it belongs is undoubtedly dead.

"I have arrived at this result by a whole series of experiments, which I regard as absolutely reliable. The new vacuum tubes which thus serve for a post-mortem diagnosis will have to be employed by every doctor."

The Thumping of Pipes.

In all cases the pounding in steam pipes is caused by water, not air. Water formed by the condensation of some of the steam, settles into parts of the pipes or in other parts of the steam heating apparatus where opportunity for the formation of traps offers, and when enough of it gathers it shuts off the flow of the steam, says The New York Sun. Then the steam gathers head against it, until able to push the water along partly out of its way, [illegible] a great bubble of steam rushes [illegible] into the pipes beyond, making the[illegible] vibrate as if struck on the outside by a hammer.

The moment the bubble of steam passes the pressure behind the water is reduced and the water runs back, again closing the passageway. Another bubble of steam is soon forced past, and then another, and this process continues until the steam heats the pipes enough to stop the rapid condensation which first formed the obstructing pool itself. In particular cases a second and perhaps a third pool will form in the same place before the pipes get hot enough to stop such action. In these cases the pounding continues for a time, then stops, then begins, stops, and then pounds again before the final stoppage.

There are many causes of these collections of water, but the most prolific one is an improper alignment of the steam pipes, by which there is left between the boilers and the radiators a sag in the pipe. In order to get heat from the steam the steam must circulate through the pipes to the radiators and then return to the boiler in the form either of wet steam or water. Any spot in the whole system where this water can lodge will obstruct this circulation and cause a pounding.

Work Done by the Sun

It has repeatedly been proposed to make use of the enormous power issuing from the sun in the shape of heat rays. What enormous amount of labor is done by the sun on this earth alone is evidenced in part by the circulation of water on the earth's surface. Every day the heat of the sun turns into vapor a large amount of water on all the watery surfaces, and these rising vapors are far above us converted into clouds, which the cool currents of air carry overland to countries which are not blessed with plenty of the fluid element, and upon further condensation the clouds in the shape of rain fall upon the earth. In smaller or larger quantities water streams again toward the sea, and during this course man undertakes to withdraw from the water part of the stored-up power of the sun, using it for industrial purposes. The Paris meteorologist, Prof. Meterlcht, estimates the quantity of water turned into vapor by the sun in the Mediterranean sea alone on a clear hot summer day at not less than 5,280,000,000 tons. At that rate the quantity of water taken from the entire globe on one hot day within the limits of the temperate and tropical zones would amount to not less than two hundred and forty-five billion tons.

MY CREED.

What's good and pure in any creed
I take and make it mine,
Whatever serves a human need
I hold it to be divine.

I ask no proof that bread is bread,
And none that meat is meat.
Whate'er agrees with heart and head
That food I mean to eat.

Man sanctifies the holiest robe;
Truth sanctifies the book.
The purest temples on this globe
Are mountain, grove and brook.

That spot of earth, where'er it be,
To me is holy ground
Where man is striving to be free—
Freedom or death has found.

The crown upon an empty head
I hold as cap of fool.
The scepter from which wisdom's fled
Has lost the right to rule.

The purple robe on coward's back
Does not inspire my awe.
The ermine and the cloak of black
I honor not as law.

I try the king, the judge, the priest,
The common man and woman,
From the mightiest to the least,
By one great law—the human.

I find true men where'er I look
Of every creed and nation,
'Mid sons of toil in darkest nook,
As in the loftiest station.

The man who has no faith in man,
I hold unworthy trust,
The man who does the best he can
Will stand among the just.

Whatever creed serves man the best,
I hold the best of creeds.
I recognize no other test
Of faith and life and deeds.

The truth that elevates the mind,
And purifies the heart.
That teaches love of all mankind,
And blunts affliction's dart;

That dries the orphan's, widow's tear
And mitigrates their loss—
That truth, without a doubt or fear,
I take as gold from dross.

—ALEXANDER McLEOD.

"Your bill is too high, sir, and I won't pay it!" snapped the young woman; and she turned sharply on her heel and strode out of the office.

The lawyer who had procured a divorce for her turned again to his desk and merely remarked under his breath:

"'O, woman, in our hours of fees
Uncertain, coy, and hard to please!'"

Wait for

W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S

New Opening.

HARDWARE & BICYCLES.

Sole Agents Gendron, New Barnes and Reliance Wheels; no better in the market; good value for your money.

Also a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. All NEW GOODS, bought at lowest prices.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . .

—TO THE—

Nobbiest Sunday Suit

that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

EASTER NOVELTIES.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF EASTER GOODS NEXT WEEK

OYSTERS ARRIVING AS USUAL.
CHOICE BANANAS 20cts. per doz.

ED. F. DICKENS.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.

QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP McKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

A Graduate of Toronto University says "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure

Mining Notes.

Mr. A. M. Chisholm has received a highly satisfactory report as to the actinolite which he sent to New York.

(Tweed News.)

Mr. Joseph James' actinolite mills at Bridgewater are running steadily, turning out a carload of actinolite every day. This product is being shipped to Chicago, Montreal, Buffalo, Toledo, Niagara Falls, Winnipeg, Toronto and other cities for roofing purposes. Some of the best buildings in the United States are covered with this material, among others the new public library building in Chicago.

A number of heavy options held by the Canadian Gold Fields Co. (Ltd), who are operating at Deloro, sixteen miles west of Tweed, fall due this month and the date of payment is being watched with much interest. The payment of these options will undoubtedly settle the question as to the profitable treatment of the mispickel ore for which this district is now famous.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. Lesser, Manager.

One Night Only--THURSDAY, APRIL 15th.

The Greatest Popular Music Band in the World,

The... CHICAGO MARINE BAND.....

T. B. Brooke, Leader.

Assisted by the phenomenal Soprano, MISS SIBYL SAMMIS.

Greeted throughout America with thunders of applause.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

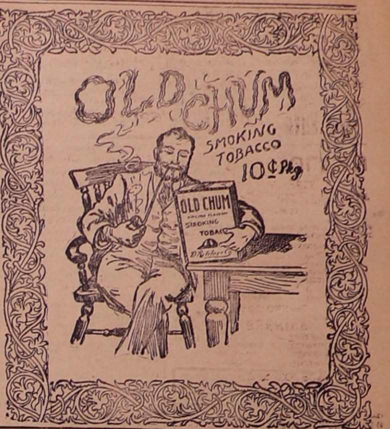
The Time

has again come for putting away Furs. You need something to keep the moths away. We have it.

—CAMPHOR,
—MOTH BALLS,
—TAR PAPER, at

THE PHARMACY,

D. M. WATERS.



The Cleveland Bicycle.

Look at the Women who Ride These Wheels, they look so Happy and Healthy.

Constant, mental, physical and moral help we feel
That bids us turn enthusiasts and cry "God bless the Wheel."
—WILL CARLETON.

Models 27, 28 and 29....................Price $100
Models 22 and 23......................Price $75

H. A. Lozier's Celebrated make, at

FOSTER'S, 430 Front St. BELLEVILLE.

Our Star Portland Cement

Is the best in the market, having been proved so by tests. Sold by all the dealers in the city.

For Sale Cheap.

DRY SOFT WOOD.

A Good Horse for Farm or Cart.

To Rent.

A Good Office on Bridge Street.

The Rathbun Company

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

GRIPPE AND PNEUMONIA.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF is the best Pick-Me-Up after an attack of these diseases. TRY IT.

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '9

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.

Phone 189.

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our
- Tables. -

Flower's Bargain House,

375 FRONT STREET.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

Removal Sale!

Only a few days left now before we vacate our present stores.

Everything is reduced in price so as to greatly reduce our stock for moving, and it is your greatest chance to buy almost anything you want at cost and under.

IN THE FAIR . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Crockery, Glassware,
Dishes, Agateware,
Woodenware, Tinware,
Brooms, Teas and Coffees.

IN THE BEEHIVE . . .

YOU CAN BUY:

Fancy Goods, Soaps,
Wools, Combs,
Felts, Brushes,
Silks, Mirrors,
Novelties, Whisks,
Toys, Braces,
Dolls, and General Smallwares.

And if you want to save money on your purchases come this week, as sale only lasts a few days longer.

Come with the crowds to

The Beehive and The Fair

REMOVAL SALE.

CHAS. N. SULMAN

J. Owen. WATER WORKS

PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING.

PHONE - - - 219

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO SATURDAY, APRIL 10 1897. NO. 288

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

APPRECIATED.

Our close cash prices are already being appreciated. People who occasionally called on us are now becoming regular customers. Good goods at close prices TELL EVERY TIME.

Dress Goods.

All lines of Dress Goods are marked down to cash prices.

Dress Linings.

Every line of Dress Linings marked down, including Linenettes, Rustle Moires, Silesias, Satin Twills.

Dress Trimmings.

All classes of Dress Trimmings greatly reduced under the new system.

All goods marked in plain figures.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Forest and Stream Club.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
The Veterans' Association—Drill Hall.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 10—Gonzallo Pizarro beheaded, 1548.
Rev. Father Damien died of leprosy, 1889.
London and Plymouth Companies chartered, 1606.
April 11—Palm Sunday.
George Canning born, 1770.
Modoc massacre, 1873.
House of Commons adjourned, 1896, after setting 117 hours on the Remedial Bill.
Fort Sumpter bombarded, 1861.
Treaty of Utrecht, 1713.
Napoleon's first abdication, 1814.

THE WEATHER.

A pleasant change from yesterday—bright sunshine and a spring-like air. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	30	Min	28
8 a. m.	38	8 a. m.	30
Noon	46	Noon	43

PROBABILITIES.

Northerly winds and fair; not much change in temperature.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

For Tramps.

A Maine inventor has gotten up a chair that secures tramps who make themselves troublesome. When the tramp is seated a spring is touched and he cannot get away until released. If this inventor will only get up a machine that will fire a tramp from here to Kingston he will find a ready sale for his device at Police Headquarters, where that class are becoming a terrible nuisance.

A CROUPY COUGH WAS SOON DRIVEN AWAY BY BY DR. CHASE'S LINSEED AND TURPENTINE.

"My little boy had a bad croupy cough," says Mrs. Smith of 256 Bathurst st., Toronto. "My neighbor, Mrs. Hopkins, recommended me to try Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. I did so, and the first dose did him good. One bottle completely cured the cold. It is surprising the popularity of Chase's Syrup in this neighborhood. It appears to me it can now be found in every house."

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer." BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Palm Sunday to-morrow.

Next week will be holy week.

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

Four tramps stopped at the station last night.

The Board of Education will meet on Tuesday right next.

Ask Burrows for printed results of his Co'y's latest paid endowments.

You save money when you buy your Spring Hat at Harry's. All the latest styles.

The police received a call last night to arrest a drunk at the corner of Pinnacle and Hotel streets.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

Rev. J. J. Rae, of Peterborough, will preach in Holloway st. church to morrow and lecture on Monday evening.

A Miss Murphy reports that she had her pocket book stolen from her pocket this morning while in the butter market.

You can get all the modern plans. The best possible returns in a good Canadian Co., by insuring your life with Burrows.

The funeral of the late Wm. Conner took place from his late residence, Albert st., this forenoon and was largely attended.

The remains of the late Samuel Clarke, killed in Thurlow, were buried this morning from J. G. Frost's undertaking rooms.

A good assortment of Tweed Blue and Black Serge Caps for boys and men; only 25c at Harry's.

The Vanmeer case was argued at some length yesterday before Judge Lazier, and judgment was reserved till Wednesday next.

The two Lodges of the Sons of England will hold a joint reunion in the Prentice Boys' Hall on the evening of the 23rd inst.—St. George's day.

All wool seamless cashmere socks, double heels and toes, in tans and black, at 25c. a pair; worth 40c.—W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher.

There is a bad hole on Bridge st. Cyclists and drivers of horses will do well to look out for it. It is located between John and George streets.

The steamer Passport will be commanded by Capt. R. Lambton Sewell this season. Capt. McGrath has been appointed Sailing Master of the same craft.

A communication from Mr. Johnson, a list of new books received at the Public Library and Y. M. C. A. Notes have been crowded out of to-day's issue.

Young man what about your new hat. Wear the latest, the best, the Jarman, for $2.25; as good as others at $2.75. This is our leader. Drop in and see it at BRASIER'S.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

The opening of Spring will see many going off to various districts of Rat Portage and British Columbia. S. Burrows sells the tickets from Belleville at lowest rates.

The market was large and well supplied with farm produce this morning. Butter sold at 15c to 18c per lb.; eggs, 7c to 9c per doz.; potatoes, 45c to 50c per bag, and chickens 40c to 65c per pair.

Visit Brasier's parlor hat store and see the finest display of new spring hats, new caps, new Tam O'Shanters in the city. If you buy before seeing this display you will regret it.

We have only sizes 2½ and 4½ in Ladies' stray plain slippers at 65 cts. In our strap slippers with Pat. Tips at 75c, we have all sizes. You will find them extra good values. —VERMILYEA & SON.

Complaints are made that the caretaker of the Central School although lately having had his salary increased, does not keep the school in as clean a condition as it might be kept.

Colored Regatta shirts in blue stripes, 2 collars and 1 pair cuffs separate; guaranteed fast colors, for 75c. This is the cheapest shirt in the city; all sizes.—W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher.

Rev. J. J. Rae will deliver his lecture, "Mind Your own Business," at Halloway st. Church on Monday evening, April 12th. Miss Thomas, Miss Holton and Mr. Eaton will contribute. Tickets 15c or two for 25c. [a8d3t.

There was a report current on the street yesterday that "four stalwart Grits left yesterday for Ottawa, their avowed purpose being to induce, if possible, the Government to give a certain gentleman named 'Dave' a fat sit. in this town."

Yesterday afternoon the wind blew a large piece of tin off the burned Yeomans building across the street in front of McCrodan's grocery. The INTELLIGENCER has already drawn attention to the dangerous condition that this property has been left in.

A party of twenty couples surprised Mr. and Mrs. Merion LaRue, Church st., on Wednesday evening last. They spent a very pleasant evening at progressive pedro and dancing. Refreshments were served at midnight and dancing continued until an early hour in the morning.

Good morning, old boy. Ha! new hat, eh? Why, its the most becoming hat you ever had on; taxed you $2.75 or $3.00 for it, I suppose! Why, no; it's one of Brasier's New Spring JARMANS for $2.25. Now don't be jollying me; why, I've paid $2.75 for worse. So have I. Come along with me; I am going right to Brasier's to get one.

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

The police say that the two tramps who were at Mrs. Dunnet's on Thursday night were arrested about 3 o'clock on Friday morning and locked up. Later they were allowed to go with a suspended sentence. An example should be made of these troublesome fellows or someone will possibly be robbed or murdered.

A young man named William Eveleigh, from across the bay, who was arrested some days ago on account of his peculiar actions and the trouble and annoyance he gave a highly respectable young lady of this city, was allowed to go about his business on the understanding that he would leave the city. He turned up again and started to repeat his former actions. A warrant was issued for his arrest, and shortly afterwards the Chief of Police had him locked up in his cage. Eveleigh was brought before the Magistrate and promised to leave town. On this condition he was again allowed his liberty.

Hand Crushed.

Mr. Charles Zwick, Albert st., a switchman at the G.T.R. yards, met with a painful accident yesterday. In coupling cars his right hand was badly crushed, and he was taken to the hospital to have the wound dressed. He is doing as well as can be expected.

SPORTING NEWS.

CRICKET.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the cricketers of the city was held last evening in the parlors of the Y.M.C.A., when it was decided to organize a club. The following officers were elected:

President—Dr. Yeomans.
Secretary-Treasurer—W. E. Brown.
Executive Committee—Dr. P. G. Goldsmith, J. Brasier, H. Arnold, B. Hargrove and — Howell.

The committee were given full power to secure grounds and fit them up. The membership fee was fixed at $2,so that all young men who have a liking for the game may become members. The Club promises to be stronger this year than ever, and a number of first-class players have been secured.

FOOTBALL.

The coming football season promises to be one of the best that Belleville citizens have ever seen. There are five teams in the league, two of which will figure for the first time, and many fast and exciting games may be expected.

The representatives of the different teams met yesterday (Friday) afternoon in the Y.M.C.A. parlor to organize the Belleville League and elected the following officers:

Honorary President—Mr. H. Corby, M.P.
Honorary Vice President—Mr. W. B. Northrup, ex-M.P.
President—Mr. J. W. C. Shore.
Vice-President—Mr. M. B. Jamieson.
Secretary-Treasurer—M. J. Clarke.

The executive committee, which is composed of a member from each club, will meet Tuesday, at 5 p.m. in the Y.M.C.A. parlor, to draft a schedule.

THE GAME LAW.

The new Game Bill contains a number of provisions. The provision of the existing Act prohibiting the transportation or possession of wild deer or the raw skin or venison during the close season is extended to the "head" of the deer. The prohibition of the hunting, taking or killing of wild turkeys, prairie fowl, English or Mongolian pheasants, beaver and otter is further extended to 1900. The close season during which snipe, woodcock or partridge, no matter where killed or procured, may not be exposed or kept for sale or barter is further extended to 1900. Power is given to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to constitute any member of the Provincial Police Force a Game Warden. A clause is also added providing that when residents of Ontario are given the same rights in Quebec as the residents of that Province enjoy relating to the protection of game, the Lieutenant-Governor may by order in Council exempt residents of Quebec from the payment of the license fee for non-residents.

Howe's Floor Paints

Are expressly prepared with a view to their brightness, glossiness and durability. Warranted not to peel off. Satisfaction guaranteed. Parties who used these paints last year tell us they like them much better than the "Elephant" or any of the other of the well-known brands which they have tried. Price 30c a quart. Sold in Belleville only by ALEX. RAY.

Drill Commenced.

The annual drill of the 15th Battalion was commenced last evening. Capt. Stewart had a fair-sized company on the floor of the drill hall and they were given light work. Next week company drill will commence in earnest.

Col. Ponton addressed the men briefly, complimenting them on their zeal at being out to the first drill. He urged them to perfect themselves in all the movements they would be called upon to perform and congratulated them, as well as the whole battalion, on having well drilled and competent sergeants, many of whom have recently attended the schools of instruction at Toronto and London. The Colonel said he hoped and confidently expected the battalion to excel all previous records by the 23rd of May.

Quarter-Master Sergt. Mills has not been idle lately and the store rooms look as neat as possible, with the new rifles in racks and the sword bayonets arranged on the walls. He was busy last evening issuing new rifles to the men present, and they are all delighted with them.

Col. Ponton and the Battalion are to be congratulated upon their bugle corps, several members of which have lately taken courses of instructions at Toronto and London. Bugler Mouck, who was considered the most proficient in the school at Toronto, blew several calls last evening much to the delight of the men assembled. His rendition of the reveille was particularly well done and elicited applause from officers and men.

To-Night,

At Haines & Lockett's sale, a lot of the Gents' Slater Boots, a little off in style, to go at half-price. They are laced and gaiter boots, made of Kangaroo and French Calf. Store will be open on Monday evening also.

Amusement Notes.

BROOKE'S MARINE BAND.

The concert to be given by the Chicago Marine Band on Thursday evening, April 15th, at the Carman Opera House, promises to be the occasion of one of the most brilliant gatherings that has ever been brought together in Belleville. The concert will be given under the patronage of Lt.-Col. Ponton and Officers of the 15th Battalion, A.L.I., as the band appeared in Montreal under the patronage of Lt.-Col. Houghton, D.O.C., and the Montreal brigade. The following regimental order has been issued to the 15th Battalion:

"Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and "Men are permitted to wear uniform on the "occasion of the visit of the Chicago Marine "Band to Belleville on Thursday evening, "April the 15th, and all members of the "Battalion are requested to show all possible courtesy to these representatives of "the Volunteer Naval Reserve of a friendly "power while in the city."

The result promises to be a most brilliant coup d'œil, for the concert is being taken up with much interest by the local military men. The plan opens Monday morning at 10 o'clock at Riggs' music store. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.

Given Away at Schuster's.

An $8 Waterproof Coat or an elegant pure silk Umbrella, tipped with sterling silver, leather cased, to the person guessing the nearest to the number of shirts sold within the next ten days. Each purchaser of goods to the value of from 50c. to $1 is entitled to one guess; from $1.25 up, two guesses.—SCHUSTER, Hatter and Gents' Furnisher.

25cents cures Catarrhal headache
" " Incipient Catarrh
" " Hay Fever
" " Catarrhal Deafness
" " Cold in the Head in 10 min.
" " Foul Breath caused by Catarrh
25 cents secures Chase's Catarrh Cure with perfect blower enclosed in each box. Sold by all dealers.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Farmer Killed in a Runaway Near Marlbank.

In a runaway accident at Marlbank on Wednesday, the 7th inst., George Johnston, a farmer, was thrown from the vehicle and instantly killed. He forgot to buckle the line to the bit, which caused the spirited team to become unmanageable.

Spring Requires

That the impurities which have accumulated in your blood during the winter shall be promptly and thoroughly expelled if good health is expected. When the warm weather comes these impurities are liable to manifest themselves in various ways and often lead to serious illness. Unless the blood is rich and pure that tired feeling will afflict you, your appetite will fail and you will find yourself "all run down." Hood's Sarsaparilla tones and strengthens the system, drives out all impurities and makes pure, rich, healthy blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier and the best spring medicine. Be sure to get only Hood's.

Men's Suits for $4.00.

A good blue serge suit for a man, all sizes, made by the celebrated Sanford Firm, and only $4. Think of this, and don't forget that this make of suits is worth fully $1 more than any other firm's make in Canada. In buying clothing, never lose sight of the fact, that no matter how low you are offered clothing elsewhere, the Oak Hall prices will be lower, with the quality higher.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Corby, M. P., is in town.

J. E Halliwell, Stirling, is in the city.

A. E. Carpenter, Hamilton, is at the Quinte.

Dr. G. S. Ryerson, Toronto, is at the Quinte.

Mr. Jas. H. Mills went to Madoc this afternoon.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell will return to the city to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. John Williams left for Stirling to-day.

D. Adna Brown, Mgr. Band Concert company, is at the Quinte.

Capt. R Lambton Sewell returned from Quebec this morning.

Miss Duckworth, Belleville, is [illegible] guest at Dr. Ming's, John st., Napanee.

Mrs. (Rev) L. A. Betts, B[illegible]e, is slowly recovering from her recent [illegible]ess.

Mrs. George A. Kingston, of Toronto, is in the City the guest of Miss Chisholm, Chatham st.

Mrs. Frank Denyes and son Walter, of Odessa, are spending a week visiting friends in Belleville and Trenton.

Mrs. W. L. Latimer, Napanee, in spending a couple of weeks in Belleville, the guest of Mr. Adam Henry.

Miss Bella Northcott, of the teaching staff of the Central School is ill and unable to take charge of her classes.

W. J. Gerald, Esq, Deputy Commissioner of Inland Revenue, Ottawa, was in the City yesterday on official business.

A telegram from Kingston, announces that Mr. Hugh Walker has secured his degree of M D., C.M. Congratulations.

Mr. John Doyle, jr., returned last evening from Queen's College, where he has completed his third year in medicine.

Mr. Wilson Conner, of Madoc, who has been in the city attending his father's funeral, returned home this afternoon.

Mrs. Fanny Hepburn, of Montreal, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. McCuaig, William st., returned home yesterday.

Mr. Jacob Rathbun, mate of the Varuna, was in town to-day. He says that the boat will make her first trip on Thursday next.

Rev. Thomas Stanton, Deseronto, continues to gain strength, though slowly. He was able to take a drive out the other day.

Jas. G. Thompson, Toronto, Manager of the Lancashire Insurance Co'y., is in the city with his wife (daughter of Rev. John Burton) visiting Mr. Thomas Ritchie.

I.O.O F. Committees.

The committees of the local I. O. O. F. lodges, which have in hand the arrangements for Grand Lodge in Aug. next, met in Mizpah Lodge room last evening. The reports all showed that enthusiastic work was being done and that when the time for the big gathering arrives nothing will be left undone that will add to the pleasure and comfort of the delegates or to the success of the Grand Lodge meeting. The Entertainment Committee have not been idle and have already formulated several plans for entertaining the visitors. They propose to charter a large steamer to run an excursion to the city on one of the days of Grand Lodge, and on the same afternoon to use the boat for the purpose of showing the delegates the beauties of the Bay of Quinte. They also intend holding a concert and social hop on the evening of the 29th of May for the purpose of raising funds to help defray the expenses of Grand Lodge. Some of the committees were found too small and it was decided to add to their numbers.

Rifle Association.

What will be known in future as the 15th Battalion Rifle Association, was organized last evening in the Officers' Quarters. The following officers were elected:

President—Lt.-Col. Ponton.
Vice-President—Major Halliwell.
Secretary—Adj. McRae.
Treasurer—Capt. Pope.
Range Officers—Capts. Vermilyea, Donald and McGuinness.
Committee—Major Biggar, Lt. Clapp, Sergt.-Major Aris and Color-Sergt. Marsh.

Work on the new range, the plans for which have been under consideration for some months, will soon be begun.

Worth Ten Dollars a Bottle.

Any person who has used Nerviline, the great pain cure, would not be without it if it cost ten dollars a bottle. A good thing is worth its weight in gold, and Nerviline is the best remedy for all kinds of pain. It cures neuralgia in five minutes; toothache in one minute; lame back at one application; headache in a few minutes; and all pains just as rapidly.

J. S., says: "I was in a dreadfully weak and nervous condition, unable to rest and utterly unfit for work, and Miller's Compound Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

OBITUARY.

ELIZABETH JANE NEWTON.

After a short illness Mrs. Elizabeth J. Newton died last evening at the residence of her sister-in-law, Mrs. S. S. McMullen, Centre st. Mrs. Newton was a daughter of the late George and Catherine McMullen and was born in Sidney over 62 years ago. She was married to Richard Newton and they lived in Woodstock till the husband's death seven years ago, when she returned to Belleville and has lived here since. She had no family of her own, but is survived by four brothers and three sisters. Messrs. John and Daniel McMullen, of this city, are brothers of deceased. The funeral will take place at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon to the cemetery.

Just Arrived at Harry's.

Cambric shirts, blue hair line stripe, with collar attached; fast colors; only 50c at Harry's.

Two Presentations.

Miss Gertie Post, who left the city yesterday to assume new duties in Owen Sound, carries with her memories of two pleasant occasions. On Wednesday evening the Mission Circle of the Tabernacle, of which Miss Post had been an active member, assembled at her home and presented her with a beautiful hymn book and spent a pleasant social evening. On Thursday evening about twenty of the Junior Leaguers of the Tabernacle called and gave Miss Post a handsome volume of Tennyson accompanied by an address expressing their appreciation of her interest in their organization and of her services as organist, and wishing her a hearty God speed. The young people of the Tabernacle lose an earnest and willing worker and are unanimous in wishing Miss Post the success she so well deserves.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once [illegible] Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

O.B.C. is Their Alma Mater.

Mr. W. J. Osborne having become Principal of the Fredericton, N.B., Business College, he has been succeeded on the the staff of Ontario Business College by Mr. T. E. Hawkins. Mr. Hawkins is a distinguished graduate of O.B.C., holds a second class teacher's certificate, has had extensive experience in teaching, and is an expert penman.

It is a notable fact that the majority of Business Colleges in Ontario, and all, without exception in this section of the Province, [illegible]ducted by men trained under Mess[illegible]obinson & Johnson at Ontario Business College. Throughout the other provinces and in the United States graduates of Ontario Business College are at the head of the most successful Business Colleges and Commercial Departments.

A Graduate of Toronto University says "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure

Magistrate Flint's Court.

P. C. Morton had Arthur Sheffield charged with using grossly insulting language to him last Saturday night. The accused was fined $2 this morning by the Magistrate.

The case of Rose vs. Wims for selling liquor to an intoxicated man and refusing to deliver up his horses was laid over till Monday next.

MARRIAGES.

JEFFERY—WEESE.—At the Rectory, Carrying Place, April 8th by the Rev. J. W. Foster, Rector of Ameliasburg, CARSON JEFFERY, of Sidney, to ELLEN R. A. WEESE, of the Township of Ameliasburg.

DEATHS.

NEWTON—At Belleville, on Friday, April 9th, 1897, ELIZABETH JANE NEWTON, aged 62 years and 4 months.

Funeral from her late residence, Centre st., on Sunday, the 11th inst., at 3 o'clock. Service at the house at 2:30.

Auction Sale!

MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, South Albert st., will sell her household effects TUESDAY, APRIL 13th, sale commencing at 9:30 a.m. and continuing following days until all is sold. The effects consist of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Furniture, Book Cases, Tables and all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Carpets, Pictures, Books, Range, Plants, China, Crockery, Glassware, Side-Board, Butler's Table, Boufette, Gas Stove, Gas Fixtures, Awning, Meat Grinder, Clock, Sewing Machine, Large Mirror, Curtain Poles, Lawn Mower, etc. There will also be sold a Carriage Horse, two Phaetons, Dog Cart, Waggon, Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, Robes, Bells, Rugs, Blankets, and other stable articles.

Carriages and Stable Articles will be sold Wednesday afternoon at 2.30.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

FRESH ARRIVALS OF THE SEASON'S NOVELTIES.

We have just opened up a large importation of the novelties so much in demand this season. They include:

Chiffons.

In Plain and Pleated, in Black, White, Cream, Sky, Pink, Mauve, Brown, Yellow, and Cardinal. Prices range from 20c to 75c a yard.

Velvet Ribbons.

So much in demand just now, especially in the narrow widths. Every width in stock in both Satin and Cotton back.

Tubular Braids.

Plain and Fancy Tubulars in Black and leading colors. The correct thing for trimming spring dresses.

Ruchings.

Chiffon Ruchings all widths, in Black, for trimming Capes and Dresses, very pretty styles, ranging in price from 25c to $1.00 a yard.

Kid Gloves.

Our Kid Glove assortment is complete. A few of those 50c and 75c Gloves left, worth $1.00. All our Gloves at $1.00 and up guaranteed.

Ladies' Ties.

New styles in Ladies' Ties just received. Also Linen Collars and Cuffs all the new shapes in every size.

Belts.

A large lot of Leather Belts in Black, White, Cardinal, Tans and Greens. See the styles we show at 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c. Also Black and Colored Beltings by the yard and Belt Buckles

Val. Laces.

A splendid assortment of Valenciennes Laces in Black, White and Butter, greatly used for trimming Muslins.

Satin Ribbons.

Every shade and width in Satin Ribbons. Also all colors in Baby Ribbons.

Margaret Collaretts.

Have you seen the new Margaret Collaretts? The latest novelty in Neckwear. Colors White, Black, Sky, Pink, Hello, Tuscan.

Blouse Setts.

A large assortment of Blouse Setts, Belt Pins, Collar and Cuff Buttons, in Black, Silver, Gold, Pearl and enamel effects. These are wonderfully cheap for fine goods.

LACE CURTAIN SPECIALS.

We have just received over 200 pairs Lace Curtains in White and Cream, very special value, prices ranging from 50c to $3.75 a pair.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

2 - EASTER REQUIREMENTS - 2

1st--A New Dress.

In this connection we show a full range of novelties in English, French and German made goods.

Our Dressmaking Department is in charge of Miss Conway.

2nd--A Stylish ...Spring Hat

In Ladies' and Children's headwear we show the newest creations known to the millinery trade.

This department is in charge of Miss Morris.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

EASTER CARDS.

Easter is fittingly commemorated in the beautiful custom of remembering friends through the medium of Easter Cards.

Some exquisite novelties—rare examples of the Lithographer's Art—are on view at our store, and the prices are low enough to encourage this growing Easter sentiment—the sending of tokens to absent friends.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

Baby Carriages.

Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.

Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.

When baby "goes-a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.

The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.

C. B. Scantlebury.

Next to Xmas.

EASTER is the most important holiday in the year. The custom of giving Easter gifts is a growing one, and Candy is sure to take its appointed place. We have specials in Confectionery and Easter novelties for the occasion. See our handsome display next week.

CHAS. S. CLAPP.

The Diamond Jubilee

Soft Hat is new—decidedly the latest.
THE STYLE—Very becoming to young men.
THE QUALITY—Wakefield's London very best.
THE PRICE—Very reasonable, within reach of all.
THE COLORS—Four very fashionable shades, Black, Nutria, Agate and Pearl. Special at $2.50; good value at $3. Be loyal and wear one.

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls - - AND - - DISINFECTANTS

AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

Removal

After to-day we will occupy the store known as the BEEHIVE, with a new and up-to-date stock of . . . .

HATS, CAPS,
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
AND
READY-MADE CLOTHING.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Men's Outfitter.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

Going East.	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

Going West.	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3.15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.
Going East.	**(Arrive.)**
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	[illegible] p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

WHY IS HE HERE?

No little excitement has been created throughout Canada, as the result of a visit from an Ablegate from Rome to Canada for the purpose of interfering in matters exclusively Canadian. It is true the Premier and his supporters declare that the Pope's Ambassador is in this country, not for the purpose of interfering in an affair of State, namely the Manitoba School question, but to inquire into the cause of the quarrels now existing between the Hierarchy and the Liberal party, arising out of what is called the Manitoba School settlement.

It must not be forgotten, in discussing this question, that the Romish Ablegate, Mgr. del Val, when in England, said that "The Bill passed by the Manitoba "Legislature embodying the Laurier and "Greenway compromise, comes to me as a "painful surprise, as it can hardly act "favorably towards a settlement of the "question to which I am addressing my- "self. I think it was due to the Pope to "have waited until he had time to place "before the Government his views and "wishes." Why, we may well ask, should the Ablegate express surprise at the action of the Manitoba Government, if he had not been assured that the question affecting the minority in Manitoba would be allowed to lie in abeyance until he could report to his master, the Pope? Add to this the fact that the high Papal dignitary is now in Canada, and that too, at the request of some forty members of the Commons, at the head of whom is Wilfrid Laurier, Premier of Canada, all of whom implored the Pope to send someone to Canada, to—we suppose we may use the word "coerce"—the Roman Catholic Bishops into holding their tongues on the School question whenever an election takes place, unless they espouse the side of the Liberals. All this will in good time, we venture to predict, be shown to be not only deceptive, but positively untrue.

The Globe has, with its usual positiveness, declared that the mission of the Pope's Delegate "is beyond all dispute a purely "religious one, and in no sense whatever a "political one." "It has" continues the Globe, "to do simply with the Roman "Catholics of this Province, and with them "only, in regard to the religious question "whether they are to be treated as "offenders against their Church because "they exercise their civil and political "rights according to their own conscience."

Do the facts justify this declaration? It may be, as the Globe says, that "both "Mr. Fitzpatrick and Mr. Tarte seem "perfectly confident that in this attitude "they and the majority of this Province "have the support of Pope Leo XIII., to "whom they have appealed against the "policy of the Bishops, or rather of some "them." But that will not affect the people of Canada in their protest against Papal interference in matters within the special and exclusive jurisdiction of Canada, its people and its Parliament. Every fact tends to prove beyond a doubt that the Ablegate is in Canada at the instance of and at the special request of Mr. Laurier and his followers, to dabble in the dispute upon the School question.

Look at the declarations of members of the Government and every candidate in the Liberal ranks who presents himself for election, and what do we find? The Solicitor-General told his constituents, when explaining why he had not resigned in accordance with his written pledge, that if the Pope's Ambassador decided that the Bishops were right in rejecting the agreement entered into between the Greenway and Laurier Governments, he would resign his seat in the Cabinet. What does this mean? Is it not a plain declaration that the mission of the Ablegate to Canada is to decide as to the character of the so-called settlement? If it means not this, then it means nothing?

In the election just held in Champlain the Laurier candidate made the same declaration, and gave pledges of a somewhat similar character. Then if we require further evidence upon this point we have it, in the circular issued a few days before the Champlain election by the Bishop of Three Rivers, and which was read from the altars in the Roman Catholic Church, in that county. In this circular the Bishop says, "I must declare again with "regard to the proposed school settlement "that it is considered by the Bishops as "insufficient, imperfect, and consequently "unacceptable. THIS QUESTION IS NOW IN "THE HANDS OF HIS EXCELLENCY MONSEIGNEUR, THE APOSTOLIC DELEGATE, "AROUND WHOM WE SHALL ALL GROUP "OURSELVES."

If these declarations are not sufficient, others will be forthcoming ere long, which will put the question beyond the cavilling of those who have been playing the desperate game of deception and hypocrisy, and who are continuing it even in the face of the mission of His Excellency Monseigneur the Apostolic Delegate, Merry De Val, to Canada.

With these, and other facts which are daily cropping up, is it any wonder that honest Liberals are becoming alarmed at the position in which the Laurier-Mowat-Tarte combination is placing the country? Need we be surprised if people are beginning to ask themselves, "Whither are we drifting?" and whether we have arrived at a period in our history when our public men have to ask the Pope of Rome to send Delegates to Canada to settle questions of an exclusively domestic character?

The following letter, which we clip from the Globe, expresses the views of thousands of the electors of Canada, irrespective altogether of the opinions they may entertain upon the Manitoba school question. It were well, for any and all Governments to know that the free people of Canada will not submit to a policy which overlooked the power and authority of the Queen and appeal to Rome. The following is the letter to which we refer:

"To the Editor of The Globe:

"Sir,—In Saturday's issue of the Daily Globe a despatch from London gives an account of an interview with the Ablegate, Merry del Val, before sailing for Canada. He is credited with saying:—'The bill passed by the Manitoba Legislature embodying the Laurier and Greenway compromise comes to me as a painful surprise, as it can hardly act favorably towards a settlement of the question to which I am addressing myself. I think it was due to the Pope to have waited until he had time to place before the Government his views and wishes.' Great heavens! Whither are we drifting? Where are we at, anyhow? The Globe has all along been telling us that this man was coming over only to settle a family quarrel between Bishops and people, and consequently none of our funeral. Now we find he is coming to deal with Governments, and that legislation should cease till the Pope's 'views and wishes' are considered. Is this why the opening of Parliament was postponed? Has this man assumed this power? If so, as a Liberal, I demand that he and all such be speedily disillusioned. Or has he Governmental authority for his assumption? Then I would say look out for breakers. Sooner than have such a stain on the party the Liberals of this country would hurl Mr. Laurier and his Government from power with as little compunction as a turkey would gobble up a bluebottle fly.

M. C. BLACK, M.D.

Paisley, March 19.

A MISSING MAN.

The silence of Mr. Dalton McCarthy, that most impetuous denouncer of ecclesiastical interference in political affairs, at the present opportune juncture is so significant as to have caused comment, which is thus voiced by the Toronto Evening News:

There was a time—not very long ago either—when D'Alton McCarthy was the most uncompromising opponent of priestly interference in political affairs in the House of Commons. Everybody remembers how gallantly he fought through the Equal Rights agitation and the subsequent School trouble. His blade was the keenest, his thrust the surest of all the forces arrayed against the reimposition of Separate Schools in Manitoba. So high did he stand as a defender of the little red school house against the power of the Roman Catholic Church that he was elected in two constituencies. With such a record it is a matter for surprise that he has had nothing to say about the appeal of Hon. Mr. Laurier and forty-four of his followers in the House to the Pope for protection in the exercise of their political and civil rights.

Ontario is waiting to hear from Mr. McCarthy on this question. On every hand people are asking "What is the matter with McCarthy?" It is time that he was heard from.

Surely HE does not expect to be sent to South America as a Trade Commissioner!

Our contemporary has missed the chief point which calls for Mr. McCarthy's opinion, namely the reference of the so-called settlement of the Manitoba School question to the Pope's representative, Monsignor Merry del Val.

WHAT NEXT?

Five years ago the Liberal policy was Unrestricted Reciprocity, with discrimination against Great Britain. Three modifications, from 1893 onward, supervened.

THEN IT WAS.	NOW IT IS.
Discrimination AGAINST Great Britain.	Discrimination IN FAVOR OF Great Britain.

What will it be next year? Who dare prophesy?

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

The Liberals have inaugurated their promised reign of economy by adding three millions of dollars to an expenditure which, in the case of their opponents, they declared to be by far too great.

It is proposed by the present Government to reduce the rate of interest in the Post Office Savings Banks from 3½ to 3 per cent. This will be a highly unpopular move, as it discriminates against the poor man who has his little savings in a safe place; and, as the annual saving to the country is but $170,500, the game does not seem to be worth the candle.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

HORRORS OF THE ORIENT.

Spain and the Philippines—An Eloping Girl Had Every Bone in Her Body Broken

Vancouver, B.C., April 9.—The steamer Empress of Japan arrived yesterday from the Orient, after an uneventful trip. She had an unusually large number of Chinese, 790, aboard, and was consequently detained some time at quarantine.

Among the Chinese is a theatrical company, which will play at Nashville, Tenn., during the exposition there.

The Empress brings the following advices:

Reliable information in regard to the operations of the Spanish troops in the Philippines is still difficult to obtain. There is a superabundance of highly colored reports appearing in the censorized Spanish press, but information furnished by correspondents of Hong Kong is of an entirely different character. Spanish forces are meeting with stubborn resistance in Cavite, and it will be yet many months before this province is cleared of rebels. The rebels continue to attack all convoys with ammunition and stores for the front, and the movements of Royalist troops are in consequence greatly hampered.

The Captain-General has applied to the Spanish Government for 8000 additional troops. Troops operating in the Province of Cavite are suffering severely from disease. Executions are of frequent occurrence in Manila, and there are still 80 untried prisoners in jail awaiting punishment. Large numbers of native troops are still going over to the rebels and it is evident that rebels have received large supplies of fire arms.

At the Battle of Salitran, fought on March 8, the Spanish General Zabola was killed.

The steamer Glamorganshire, which was wrecked on Rossiyn Reef, about 30 miles from Cape St. James, while on a voyage from Hong Kong to Saigon, will prove a total loss.

The Chinese Government has appointed H. E. Chang Yin Huan, vice-president to England, as special ambassador to represent the Emperor of China at Queen Victoria's Diamond Jubilee.

The Chinese Government has decided to order four more armored cruisers, two fast cruisers and several torpedo destroyers, English type.

There are indications of Li Hung Chang coming into fuller power soon, but there are still a great many attempts made to undermine his newly-acquired influence over the Emperor. The Empress Dowager and Prince Kung are still his companions.

The Emperor has sanctioned the institution of an Imperial Bank of China, with a capital of 500,000 taels.

A story of a horrible murder comes from Bangkok. A young girl was caught in the act of eloping with her lover, and was confined in a house by her relatives, who broke every bone in her body as punishment. The woman lingered in fearful agony for 14 days.

Two men and a woman were sentenced to death for murder, and beheaded. The execution was a most barbarous affair, the headsman being drunk, and the convicted wretches were slashed in the most fearful manner before death relieved their sufferings.

A Claim AND .... An Offer

WE CLAIM there is only one preparation in Canada to-day that is guaranteed to cure BRONCHITIS, and that is DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE. It is MOTHER'S cure for her child when it is all stuffed up with CROUP and coughing its little lungs out with WHOOPING COUGH. One small dose immediately stops that cough. By loosening the phlegm, puts the little one to sleep and rest. Dr. Chase compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of turpentine and linseed. WE OFFER to refund the price if Dr. Chase's Syrup will not do all that it is claimed to do.

Sold on a guarantee at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard St. Price, 25c.

GUILTY OF COUNTERFEITING.

John Sears Is In Serious Trouble at Brantford—Sentence Will be Early Next Week

Brantford, April 9.—The counterfeiter's case was continued at the Police Court this morning. Edith Sears, daughter of Prisoner John Sears, was in the court. She testified that Sickles visited their house frequently and was there last Tuesday. Identified the cup with plaster paris and other articles.

James Burns, grocer, gave evidence that Sickles tried to pass bad money at his store.

E. Davidson, drug clerk, gave evidence that Sickles bought plaster of paris from them.

Mike Judge gave evidence that he was at Sickles' residence last Saturday and saw a mould for 10 cents and pieces of cruet. At this point Sickles' lawyer asked for an adjournment of this case till Monday.

Sears' case was then taken up. Policemen Donnelly and Chapman gave evidence of search of prisoner's house and his arrest. Chief Vaughan gave Sears' confession, in which Sears states that he and Sickles were at the Harley shanty Sunday and remained there over night, that they brought in the outfit that John Brown (colored) had used last winter; that he and Sickles had made the mould at his house, and that the mould for 10 cents was broken.

At this point Lawyer Harley, acting for Sears, pleaded guilty, and asked for leniency for the prisoner. Sentence will be given the beginning of the week. John Brown (colored) was released on his recognizance to appear when required. Government Detective O'Leary was in court.

BITTEN BY BEARS.

Montreal Grain Speculators Lost Three-Quarters of a Million in the Wheat Pit at Chicago

Montreal, April 9.—(Special.)—It was roughly figured in a broker's office this morning that Montreal operators only very recently have dropped about $750,000 in Chicago speculations. The main cause of this enormous loss is the big decline in wheat. On Wednesday the Chicago wheat market was waterlogged and it dropped very nearly [illegible] bushel. This had the effect of shaking out a great many holders who were tired of putting up margins. One speculator admitted that he lost as much as 15c a bushel on the wheat he was carrying, and it is safe to say that there have been a number of other losses quite as large. These purchases were made some time ago and the wheat has been carried all through the decline. There has been a good deal of talk recently about an effort among Montreal speculators to work a corner in Chicago, and they were credited with holding as much as 6,000,000 bushels. The decline, however, has pretty effectively knocked this scheme on the head, as the amount of wheat held here now is said to be comparatively small. It is believed, also, that quite a lot of money has been lost in provisions.

At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to-day a resolution was passed calling upon the Government, in view of the fact that public money is being voted to rebuild the Victoria bridge, to force the Grand Trunk to grant privileges to telephone, telegraph and tramway companies desiring to cross the bridge in question.

Taking Notes at Night.

A tiny electric light, attached to a pencil, enables French reporters to take notes at night.

A childless marriage cannot be a happy one.

A healthy baby is the real jewel for which the wedding ring is only the setting. There is no place in Nature's economy for a childless marriage. Wedded couples that are childless are never truly married. A baby is the tie that binds. The baby is the pledge that makes husband and wife one in nature and in fact, and that teaches mutual self-sacrifice and sympathy. Thousands of couples are childless because of the wife's neglect of her health as a woman. Too few women fully appreciate the importance of keeping healthy and vigorous the organs upon which motherhood is dependent. As a consequence, they are weak where they should be strong, and motherhood is either an impossibility or a torturesome and dangerous ordeal. This is easily remedied.

The most wonderful medicine for women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly and only on those delicate organs upon which the perpetuation of the race depends. It allays inflammation, soothes pain and makes those organs healthy and vigorous. It prepares for motherhood. It makes the expectant period comfortable. It makes baby's coming easy and almost painless and insures health in both mother and child. Druggists sell it.

"I take pleasure in expressing my faith in your 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes Miss Edith Cain, of Clinton, Allegheny Co., Pa. "After two years of suffering I began taking Dr. Pierce's medicine and now I am entirely cured. I had been troubled with displacement of internal organs for some time and also with ulcerative weakness, but now I am well and happy. I will cheerfully recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to all invalid ladies."

The profit side of life is health. The balance is written in the rich, red, pure blood of health. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and make the blood rich and pure. They never gripe. By druggists.

CANADIAN FAST LINE.

A Contract Has Been Signed With the Peterson Co.

But the Contract Will Require the Sanction of the Imperial Government Before Being Effective—Sir Richard Webster Stated for the Government That the Intentions of the Powers Regarding a Blockade of Crete Could Not be Announced Until Definite Action Had Been Taken.

London, April 9.—In the House of Commons to-day the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, answering a question on the subject, announced that a contract had been signed between Canada and the Petersons of Newcastle for a fast steamship service between Canada and Great Britain. But, Mr. Chamberlain added, the contract still requires the sanction of the Imperial Government, which is considering the matter. In conclusion, Mr. Chamberlain said it would be premature to make any further statement on the subject.

The Attorney-General, Sir Richard Webster, replying for the Government to-day relative to the blockade of Greece, said the intentions of the powers could not be announced until a definite decision had been taken. He could not say whether the blockade would be pacific or belligerent.

THIS MAY MEAN WAR.

Bands of Greek Brigands Have Entered Turkish Territory and an All-Day Fight Ensued.

Elassona, Macedonia, April 9.—Noon—Bands of Greek brigands have entered Turkey at Krania, in the vicinity of Grebina. The Turkish troops have been engaged with them and the fight has been proceeding since 5 o'clock this morning.

At the Turkish headquarters this news is looked upon as being of the gravest description, in view of the excitement here. Edhem Pasha has sent orders to have everything in readiness for an advance of the Turkish army in force. It is not known yet whether Greek troops were among the brigands who have entered Turkish territory.

BRITAIN'S LATEST ACQUISITION.

Inyack Island, at the Entrance to Delagoa Bay, Said to Have Been Proclaimed British Territory

Cape Town, April 9.—The Argus of this city announced to-day that it had received trustworthy information from the capital of the Transvaal that the British have secured Inyack Island, at the entrance of Delagoa Bay, and that a squadron of warships from this port will proceed there to take possession of the island and proclaim it British territory.

MAYOR OF PICTON DEAD.

A Much Respected and Valued Business Man of Prince Edward County Has Passed Away.

Picton, April 9.—(Special.)—James North Carter, Mayor of Picton, died suddenly this morning. The deceased had been in his usual health and his sudden demise is a great shock to the community. Mr. Carter was one of the most respected and prominent residents of Prince Edward County, and has filled nearly every office in the gift of the people in this section, and his loss will be deeply felt. Mr. Carter for many years carried on a large and successful hardware business in Picton, from which he retired several years ago. From time to time he has been threatened with heart disease and a wear or two ago consulted a Montreal physician, who then warned him that any severe shock would be certain to cause death.

He leaves a widow, three daughters and two sons. They are Mrs. H. S. Wilcox, Mrs. Etta Evans, Mrs. W. N. Irwin (Toronto), Mr. H. B. Carter, Lindsay, and Mr. James N. Carter, jr., Picton. Mrs. W. H. Orchard, Willcock-street, Toronto, is a sister of deceased. Mr. Carter belonged to the A.F. & A.M.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet, with little or no demand. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local market is dull and featureless. Red winter is quoted outside at 70c and white at 71c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 79c to 80c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 77c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices nominal at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is dull, witht but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 20c.

Oats—The market is dull and weaker. Sales of white west at 18½c and of mixed at 17½c.

Peas—The market is quiet with sales at 38c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars offering at 25c west.

Rye—The market is quiet, with sales outside at 31c.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The offerings at the Western yards today were large, and prices generally steady. There were 90 carloads, including 170 head of sheep and lambs and 1800 hogs. The cattle market is somewhat weaker, especially the poorer grades. Choice shippers bring 4¼c to 4½c, and ordinary 3¾c to 4c. Stockers sold at 2½c to 3c per lb. Bulls for export, 3¼c to 3½c per lb. Butchers' cattle were rather dull, owing to good supply; the best qualities sold at 3¼c to 3⅝c; good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, and inferior at 2c to 2¼c per lb. Milch cows sell at $20 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $7 each.

Spring lambs are weaker, with sales at $3 to $4.50 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 170 head. Choice sheep sold at 3c to 3¼c per lb., and butchers' at 2¾c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5¼c to 5¾c per pound.

Hogs unchanged, with receipts of 1800. The best sold at 5c, weighed off cars, thick fats at 4½c, light weights at 4⅝c to 4¾c, sows at 3¼c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per pound.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 9.—Spring wheat, 6s 1d to 6s 2d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 5s 10½d to 5s 11½d; corn, 2s 6d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 6d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 0d; do., light, 25s 0d; do., short cut, 24s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 57s 0d.

London—Wheat off coast steady, on passage slightly better. English country markets dull. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures dull at 5s 7¼d for May and July and 5s 6½d for Sept. Maize firm at 2s 7¼d for May, 2s 8¼d for June and 2s 9½d for July. Flour, 21s 3d.

Paris—Wheat quiet at 21f 85c for May; flour, 44f 15c for May.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat dull; futures steady at 5s 7d for May and July and 5s 6½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 7d for May, 2s 9¼d for July and 2s 11½d for Sept. Flour, 20s 9d.

London—Wheat on passage weak. Maize on passage steady.

Paris—Wheat easy at 21f 75c for May, Flour dull at 44f for May.

Fire Started by Tramps.

Kingston, April 9.—Joseph Wilder, York-road, suffered great loss by fire last night. All his barns and outbuildings, with the exception of the granary, were completely destroyed. The flames were discovered in the hay mow about 11 o'clock. Mr. Wilder was fortunate enough to get his live stock out in time, but all his farm implements were destroyed, together with a quantity of hay and straw. The fire was undoubt-

Superintendent Ellis Retired.

St. Catharines, April 9.—Mr. William Ellis, superintendent of the Welland Canal, has received notice from the department at Ottawa that he has been placed on the retired list.

Fisheries Inspector Kerr and Guardian Beattie drove out to the "Twenty" last night, and caught five young farmers illegally using gill and seine nets for fishing. They confiscated two boats, 100 yards of seine and 100 yards of gill nets, and brought Robert Tinkler, John Culp, Clayton Culp, Jacob Rittenhouse and Frank Gayner to the magistrate this morning. Each was fined $4 and costs, $6.50, which they promptly paid.

A Magnificent Showing OF BOYS' CLOTHING.

This is the Season of the Year....... when new clothes for the boys is an absolute necessity. The winter wear is cast aside. In clothing for Boys suited to the new season we have not simply a very large variety, but many special lines that will attract the attention of the boys and interest every mother. Prices are just as attractive as the goods.

Boys' Navy Blue Two-Piece Serge Suits, plain or pleated back, worth at least $2.00, for	$1 50
Boys' Mixed Gray Suits, sizes 22 to 27 only, Coat and Pants beautifully trimmed, fancy pleating, worth $2.50 for	2 00
Boys' All Wool Halifax Tweed Suits, different shades, well made and trimmed, extra wearing and worth $3.00 easy, for	2 50
Boys' Dark Gray 3 Piece Suits for lads 12 to 15 years of age, made by Sanford, well trimmed and good wearing. The same last year was $4.00 now	3 00
Boys' Sailor Suits, sizes 22 to 28, Blouses and Pants in Blue Serge, Pants lined, special price	$1.00
Boys' Velvet Sailor Suits, imported from Germany, color navy blue, nice lanyard and whistle, a good value suit at $4.00, our price	3 00
Boys' Serge Suits. Coat Vest and Pants, boy 11 to 15 years of age, Sanford's celebrated make, well trimmed and good wearing	3.00
Boys' Extra Good Gray Worsted Suits, in Coat, Vest and Pants. Veryfine trimmings. Our price last year was $8.00, now	7.00

OAK HALL.

For the ...

Lenten Season

Fresh

Baltimore Oysters

Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies

Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon

Canned Lobster

Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins

KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins

HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines in Tins. Finest Brands.

Bloater Paste in Small Jars.

Anchovy Paste in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,

GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.

33 and 37 Bridge st.

Also at our Front st. store,

First door north of Ritchie's.

Telephones—139 and 157.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind and Door Factory.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HARRIS & WALTON, OF THE CITY OF BELLEVILLE, INSOLVENTS.

TENDERS addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,685 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,208 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to

WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUGNEY proprietor. dtf

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. MCINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excruciating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her.—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietus to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion? Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite? Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE

— AND —

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

Representing the following first-class Companies:

The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.

The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.

The London and Lancashire,
Of Liverpool, England.

REAL ESTATE.

Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.

Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.

APPLY TO

JAMES BOOTH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.,
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

Ballad of the Ranks.

(A. Conan Doyle.)

Who carries the gun?
A lad from over the Tweed.
Then let him go, for well we know
He comes of a soldier breed!
So drink together to rock and heather
Out where the red deer run,
And stand aside, for Scotland's pride,
The lad that carries the gun.

For the Colonel rides before,
The Major's on the flank,
The Captains and the Adjutants
Are in the foremost rank,
But when it's "Action front!"
And fighting's to be done,
Come one, come all, you stand or fall
By the man who holds the gun.

Who carries the gun?
A lad from Yorkshire dale.
Then let him go, for well we know
The heart that will never fail,
Here's to the fire of Lancashire,
And here's to her soldier son,
For the hard-bit North has sent him forth,
The lad that carries the gun.
For the Colonel rides before, etc.

Who carries the gun?
A lad from a Midland shire.
Then let him go, for well we know,
He comes from an English sire.
Here's a glass to a Midland lass,
And each one choose the one,
But east and west we claim the best,
For the lad who carries the gun.
For the Colonel rides before, etc.

Who carries the gun?
A lad from the hills of Wales.
Then let him go, for well we know
That Taffy is hard as nails,
There are several ll's in the place he dwells,
And of w's more than one,
With a "Llan" and "Pen" but it breeds good men,
And it's they who carry the gun.
For the Colonel rides before, etc.

Who carries the gun?
A lad from the windy west.
We'll let him go, for well we know
That he is one of the best.
There's Bristol rough, and Gloucester tough,
And Devon yields to none,
Or you may get in Somerset
A lad to carry the gun.
For the Colonel rides before, etc.

Who carries the gun?
A lad from London town.
We'll let him go, for well we know
The stuff that never breaks down,
He has learned to joke at the powder smoke,
For he is the fogsmoke's son,
And his heart is right and his pluck is right,
The lad who carries the gun.
For the Colonel rides before, etc.

Who carries the gun?
A lad from the Emerald Isle.
We'll let him go, for well we know
We tried him many a while.
We've tried him east, we've tried him west,
We've tried him sea and land,
But the man to beat old Erin's best
Has never yet been planned.
For the Colonel rides before, etc.

Who carries the gun?
It's me and you and you!
So let us go, and we won't say no
If they give us a job to do.
Here we stand with a crosslinked hand,
Comrades every one!
So one last cup, and drink it up,
To the lad who carries the gun!
For the Colonel rides before, etc.

The Kind
That Cures.

The Great Spring Health Renewer.

Paine's Celery Compound for Men, Women and Children.

Read the following testimony that comes from Miss Blake, of 303 Hughson Street, Hamilton:

"For years I suffered greatly, and was under the care of doctors who finally told me I was going into consumption. I was becoming worse through the use of medicines, and gave up my doctors. While in a very critical condition, not able to sleep or rest, always faint and weak, appetite and digestion bad, and my system rundown and little life left in me, I commenced to use Paine's Celery Compound. After taking one bottle I felt much relieved. I have used in all seven or eight bottles, and am now a new woman, can enjoy life and am as well as I wish to be. Many thanks for your great medicine."

BEAUTY AND HEALTH TO FAIR WOMEN.

MISS ANNIE PATTERSON, OF SACKVILLE, N. B., ONCE THE VICTIM OF NERVOUSNESS AND GENERAL DEBILITY, TAKES ON THE HEALTH OF EARLY YEARS.

Some remedies are nothing more than a temporary stimulant, and the reaction aggrevates the disease. Where the system has become run down, and nervous debility in its worst forms have shown themselves, South American Nervine will cure. It strikes at the nerve centres and builds up the system by removing the real cause of trouble. Miss Annie Patterson, of Sackville, N.B., a lady well known in the Maritime Provinces, suffered terribly from indigestion and nervousness, and her case seemed incurable. She accepted South American Nervine without hope that it was any different to other remedies, but her words are: "I had taken only one bottle when my system began to take on the health of earlier years, and after taking three bottles I was completely cured." Sold by R. Templeton.

THE UNIVERSITY GRANT

Was Discussed With Some Asperity in the Legislature.

Hot Discussion Respecting the Maintenance of Government House—Alleged Extravagance at the Guelph Agricultural College—Three Sessions of the House Yesterday—Finishing Touches to the Liquor License Amendment Bill—A Great Day for Business—Defeat for the Government.

At the Local House yesterday morning, when the concurrence of the estimates for the maintenance of Government House was moved, Mr. Haycock objected to the $1500 for incidentals and $800 for private secretary. He considered the $6500 grant to be sufficient.

This roused the Premier's ire and he charged the Patron leader with taking advantage of the present Lieutenant-Governor's absence on sick leave. The latter was at the point of death and it was a poor time to be raising such an objection.

Mr. Haycock hurled back the insinuation of the Attorney-General. He had supported the same policy before the Lieutenant-Governor's illness. The Premier's arguments were childish.

Mr. Whitney charged that Mr. Haycock kept a private secretary of his own, and added that it would not do to be niggardly. This brought forth the explanation that the gentleman so employed was a sessional clerk and so the country was under no extra expense.

The item passed.

An amendment to strike off the salary of Prison Inspector Noxon was lost on a vote of 54 to 35.

The supplementary estimates brought down contained, among others, the following items: Home for Incurables, Toronto, $6874; Roman Catholic Orphanage $57.08; public buildings—Osgoode Hall (fire apparatus) $650, Toronto Normal School Museum $1800, Mimico Asylum $2500, electric supplies and improvements to Parliament buildings $850, public works $3628, Crown lands charges $8900, as follows: Furnace and assayer, Belleville, $2000; Kingston School of Mines $2500, fire rangers $3000, pulp wood survey $1000. Among the miscellaneous votes are: $1000 to the Gov. Simcoe statue, $10,000 to fisheries, $7500 to entertain the British Association, $5000 to refit old Victoria College building, Cobourg; $5000 to the telegraph line from the C. P. R. to Fort Frances, to Ash Rapids $4000, to international conference of Charities $1000, to purchase Sir Oliver Mowat's new library $3800, Canadian quarters at Bisley $500, Her Majesty's Jubilee celebration at Toronto $2000, purchase of site for London Normal School $7500, University of Toronto $7000, and colonization roads $11,350.

The items were passed.

In the afternoon Col. Matheson, speaking to the minority report of the Public Accounts Committee, criticized the extravagance of the Government in contracting for the publication of the statutes, which were badly bound and poorly printed.

The royalties on algebra text books also came in for remark. The teachers, he said, made a royalty of 11 1-4 cents on a 75 cent book. When a departmental store down town was selling the same book for 60 cents, he thought the country should also get the benefit of that low rate.

Mr. Auld, who is a printer, held that the statutes were printed all right. They only cost 57 1-2 cents per book.

"A new broom invariably sweeps clean," said Mr. Whitney, laughing at Mr. Auld's hardihood of assertion.

Mr. Harcourt reminded the House that the tender accepted for the work was by far the lowest.

On motion of the Attorney-General, the House went into committee and recommended that the resolutions regarding the present Government House be embodied in a bill.

Mr. Haycock wished to move an amendment, but was told that he could not do so until the bill was introduced, so the resolution passed.

At a later stage Mr. Haycock moved the omission of the grant, and the motion was defeated.

The House again went into committee and passed the following railway appropriations:

1. To the Ontario and Rainy River Railway from a point at the westerly end of the 80 miles heretofore aided, running west and south to Swell Bay, a distance not exceeding 70 miles, a cash subsidy of $3000 a mile, $210,000.

2. To the Montreal and Ottawa Railway, to aid in the construction of 50 miles, $34,000, and that the portion of the unearned subsidy of $100,000 which was granted to the Vaudreuil and Ottawa Railway Company in 1892, and which was in the year 1893 transferred to the Central Counties' Railway Company, and which unearned portion amounts to $66,000, be transferred to the Montreal and Ottawa Railway Company to assist in the construction of the above railway.

3. To the Manitoulin and North Shore Railway, a distance not exceeding 13 miles additional, owing to change of route occasioned by insurmountable engineering difficulties, a cash subsidy of $3000 a mile, $39,000.

4. To the Tilsonburg, Lake Erie and Pacific Railway, from a point at the southerly terminus of that road to Tilsonburg, a distance not exceeding 3 262-1000 miles, a cash subsidy of $2000 a mile, $6524.

5. To the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway from Eganville southwesterly towards Renfrew, a distance not exceeding 10 miles, a cash subsidy of $2000 a mile, $20,000.

The Provincial Treasurer then moved that the sessional indemnity of members who were forced, through illness, to absent themselves during the session, be paid in full and the Speaker declared the resolution carried.

The estimates then came up again for concurrence and Hon. G. W. Ross moved that $455,075.98 be granted to defray the expenses of Public and Separate schools.

Messrs. Meacham and Magwood moved in amendment that the grant be referred back to the committee with instructions to reduce it by striking off $5000 of salaries of departmental examiners; also $1850 of salary of director of teachers' institutes, and $4750 from that of the registrars of education.

The amendment was lost on division and the appropriation passed.

Mr. Harcourt moved that a sum not exceeding $111,450 be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Collegiate Institutes and High schools for the year ending Dec. 31, 1897.

Mr. St. John moved in amendment that the sum be reduced by $5300, being the amount of salaries of the principal and vice-principal of the Ontario Normal College. The House divided and the amendment was lost by a vote of 54 to 33, Mr. Haggerty of Hastings voting with the Opposition and Mr. Kerns of Halton with the Government.

Mr. Harcourt moved an appropriation of $10,325 for immigration expenses.

Mr. Reid of Addington moved in amendment that the sum be reduced by $4725, the amount paid to the European immigration agents. Mr. Reid considered these officials unnecessary, as the Dominion officers were sufficient to do the work.

The House again divided, the vote standing 51 to 36 in favor of the appropriation.

When the appropriation of $193,022 was moved to defray the expenses of agriculture, Mr. Carnegie moved an amendment that the sum of $2000 be struck off the grant to the Model Farm and $1400 from that to the poultry associations. Mr. Carnegie thought the farm should pay for itself and that the sums devoted to poultry associations were not endorsed by the farmers.

Hon. Mr. Dryden warmly defended the grant, as did Mr. McPherson.

Mr. Haycock objected to the proposed reduction of the poultry grant and Mr. Kidd defended it.

The grant carried by a vote of 59 to the other votes were concurred in without objection or amendment.

The Attorney General's bill to amend the statute law was again considered in committee and passed.

In the evening Hon. Mr. Harcourt moved that the House go into committee of supply.

Mr. Whitney rose to move in amendment a resolution to the effect that the connection of Toronto University with the Government was detrimental to the interests of the University.

This motion was in keeping with the Opposition leader's promise that he would bring on the vote in regard to the principle of Government control of the University of Toronto before the end of the session. He commended to the attention of the House the success which other universities unhampered by the Government were meeting with throughout the Dominion. He especially instanced Queen's and McGill Universities. The latter had on five or six different occasions been the recipient of large donations, while the former, under the fostering care of Principal Grant, was equally prosperous. The fact that it was attended by some 1200 students did not signify that the University of Toronto was prosperous. They went there because it was the most convenient school in the province. The speaker had positive information to the effect that the great majority of the gentlemen connected with the University in various ways were decidedly opposed to Government interference. He was not trying to create a feeling between the Government and the University. The feeling was already created.

Continuing, the speaker quoted Prof. Goldwin Smith in support of his contention. That eminent authority had expressed himself in favor of giving the University a government of its own. Although this opinion involved no disparagement of the present Ontario Government, and the fact that Governments were continually changing rendered it possible that at some time a Minister would preside over the destinies of the University who would not be capable of managing it aright.

Hon. Mr. Ross took the ground that the University was prosperous, and mentioned the many affiliations with the school as evidence of the fact. He challenged the previous speaker to point out a university on this continent which could show a greater increase in the size of its faculty in the past few years than that of Toronto. Continuing, he pointed out that the University of Chicago, endowed by Rockefeller for $12,000,000, had chosen seven Toronto University graduates out of fifteen as fellows of the University. The same could be said to a degree of many of the other universities. In Chicago University it was well known that the opinions on economic subjects of its capitalist patron always governed the teaching of the professors. Cases of prosperity of state-aided universities were not rare, and he mentioned the cases of several Government universities in the States. Harvard and Yale did not receive any contribution until they were 200 years old. Toronto University was young yet, so benefactions should not be despaired of. The policy of the Opposition would disrupt the whole education system, and would remove the goal towards which every educational institution tended. Who was the person from whom Mr. Whitney had obtained his information? Could he mention the names? It would probably turn out to be some applicant for a position.

Mr. Whitney explained that his information had come from parties who had told the same thing in the ears of the Minister of Education not longer ago than last 1st of January.

Mr. Ross had heard some complaint, but had paid no attention to it, as he knew there were some persons who would kick if the walls of heaven were not plumbed to suit them.

Col. Matheson had yet to learn of a graduate who was satisfied with the present connection of the University. The Government had added to the grant lands with which they proposed to pay the claims of the University an entirely new grant of an uncalled-for amount of $7000, or epual to a grant of $200,000. The speaker also condemned the system of having the University non-residential. When the boys boarded at the school together and rubbed up against one another it rounded off the corners and taught them that they did not know it all.

The House divided on the amendment at 11.20 o'clock, and it was lost by a vote of 56 to 26.

The Attorney-General moved that the House concur in a supplementary appropriation of $1500 for nine months' salary and $60, books and traveling expenses, for the new municipal auditor.

A division was taken at 12.15 o'clock and the appropriation passed, the vote standing: yeas 57, nays 25.

At 12.30 this morning the House took up the License Bill and discussed section 3, which placed upon the municipalities the power of controlling the opening and closing of bars. These members opposed the section: Messrs. German, Willoughby, Richardson, Flatt, Mutrie, Magwood, Conmee, St. John, Garrow, Meacham, Hiscott, Chapple and Kerns, while those who spoke in support of it were Messrs. Davis, Marter, Crawford, Gamey and the Attorney-General. A division was taken at 2 p.m., and the clause was thrown out on a vote of 59 to 20, which means a defeat for the Hardy Government.

The House adjourned at 2.15 o'clock this morning and will resume business at 11 o'clock to-day and clear off the Legislative slate.

WHAT THE SENATORS DID.

Extended the Time for Private Bills—The Lawry Divorce Application Reported—Regarding Offensive Partisans.

Ottawa, April 9.—(Special.)—The Senate to-day extended, on motion of Hon. R. W. Scott, the time for receiving petitions for private bills from the 15th inst. until the 6th of May, and the time for introducing private bills from the 22nd inst. until May 15.

The Committee on Divorce is the same as last session, except that Senator Mills replaces Sir Oliver Mowat, and Senator Cowan succeeds Sir Oliver as chairman. By special leave of the House, the Divorce Committee held a special session, and reported that the application of Adeline Myrtle Tuckett Lawry of Hamilton, from her husband, Thomas Henry Lawry, of the same place, had been made in the prescribed form. Senator Clemow presented the bill for divorce in the Lawry case, which was read a first time.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell moved for a return showing the number of commissions issued and commissioners appointed by order in Council or otherwise since July last to enquire into charges of offensive partisanship made against any employe of the Government. Sir Mackenzie said that his reason for moving for this return was because of the unprecedented number of commissions issued and commissioners appointed to investigate in many cases the most trivial charges against public servants. The result was that accused officers were in many cases put to great expense in employing counsel and summoning witnesses to refute the charges made against them, and in some cases he understood the reports made bore out the facts as stated. He trusted, in cases where an investigation had been ordered into charges that had not been proved, that the accused officers would be indemnified for the costs they had been put to in proving their innocence.

Sir Oliver Mowat had no objection to bringing down the return. He thought that the suggestion that in all cases of unproven charges officers so charged should be indemnified by the Government, was a fair one, and he saw no reason why it should not be acted upon.

The Senate then adjourned until Tuesday, the 27th inst.

ROSSLAND'S FIRST FIRE.

The Lancaster Hotel and Other Buildings in the Heart of the Town Burned Down.

Rossland, B.C., April 9.—(Special to The World, via Spokane, Wash.)—The first fire of importance in the camp occurred to-night, when the Lancaster Hotel and several other buildings were burned to the ground. The section was not closely built or the result might have been serious.

Only a Revival.

Cardings in various sizes are revived again, and a novel use of them is on the bodice of a changeable taffeta silk gown, where large cords are set in up and down an inch and a half apart.

REVENUE INCREASED

So Also Did Expenditure Under the New Government.

Mr. McMullen Proposes to Make the Civil Service Independent of Political Control—Pretty Good Prospects for the Provisional Regiment Going to England in June—Rumor That Arrangements Have Been Made for the C. P. R. to Build the Crow's Nest Road—Personal and General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, April 9.—(Special.)—The statement of The Official Gazette will show to-morrow an increase of $674,3[illegible] in the customs for the month of March and of $808,000 in the excise, or a total of $1,842,000 for the nine months of the fiscal year. The total revenue was $27,451,000, compared with $26,841,000 in 1896, an increase of over $600,000. The consolidated expenditure was $23,552,-000, against $22,719,000 in 1896, and the capital expenditure about the same. The net debt decreased during the month of March by $2,[illegible].

Mr. McMullen gives notice of a bill further to amend the Civil Service Act by which he hopes to remove the service from political control. He will try to attain this object by the appointment of a Board of Inspection, to which he would give full powers to manage the service independent entirely of the Government of the day. This board would have the right to investigate the workings of the whole service, both inside and out, to regulate and equalize the salaries paid, to dismiss, reduce or promote any man, in a word, to have complete control of the service, with the one exception of the power of appointment, which will remain with the Government. In this way Mr. McMullen seeks to put the management of the country's business upon the same footing as that of a business corporation, and at the same time relieve the Government of the day from any suspicion of being influenced by party bias in the dismissal of any civil servants.

Col. Burland and Major McLean of Montreal; Col. Mason and Major Pellatt of Toronto, were here to-day and saw Sir Richard Cartwright, Acting Minister of Militia, regarding the sending of a provisional jubilee regiment to England in June. They assured the Minister that 600 men would be forthcoming and asked that he cable the Home Government to secure consent for the regiment to take part in the jubilee ceremonies. This he promised to do.

Representatives of the forwarding interests interviewed Messrs. Blair and Tarte to-day to protest against reduction of the staffs on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Canals as likely to seriously handicap the forwarding trade, and give unfair advantage to Americans. D. G. Thomson of Montreal incidentally brought up the question of Sunday closing of the canals, and asked Mr. Blair seriously to consider whether the canals should be open on Sundays. If they were absolutely closed it would give American forwarders 30 days more navigation than was possible by the St. Lawrence route.

Mr. Blair has about made up his mind as to the policy of the Government in regard to building the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. The report is current among parliamentarians that an arrangement will be closed with the C.P.R. for building the road. It is said that the Government subsidy will be $6400 per mile. For this, however, the company will have to make concessions in the way of freight and passenger rates.

Now it is Mr. Laurier who is going to make changes in the staff of his Department. Four officers are to be dropped from July 1. They are Captain Horace Lee, an old employe and son of a former Deputy Minister; Messrs. Bliss, Lefebvre and Delanudiere.

Labor representatives saw Mr. Davies to-day and urged more stringent enforcement of the law regarding the inspection of gear and tackle on vessels. The Minister promised to have the inspectors communicated with in order to meet the views of the deputation.

The Minister of Militia is expected back in the Capital this week, but the shock to his nervous system in the recent railway accident will cause his absence to be continued for a short time, as his medical attendants counsel further rest.

Hon. Mr. Tarte telegraphed his paper, La Patrie, that the Liberals lost the bye-election in Champlain because of the vacillation of their candidate on the school question.

It is reported to-night that the Premier and Mme. Laurier will leave for England on June 10.

Mr. Dupont will raise the school question in the House on motion to go into supply.

The report of the Public Works Department was presented to The House to-night

Representatives of the Ontario and Pacific Railway, which is to run from Ottawa to Cornwall, and thence to New York, are here working the city for a bonus of $150,000.

Mr. Choquette was to-day elected chairman of the Debates Committee.

After Mr. McInnes sat down this afternoon, Mr. Laurier went up to him and gave him an approving pat on the back. Mr. McInnes senior sat in the Senator's gallery and heard his youngster's clever speech.

In society circles it is said Miss Bate, daughter of Mr. H. N. Bate of Ottawa, will accompany Mme. Laurier on her coming visit to England.

STANDS BY HIS GUNS.

Mr. McInnes Vigorously Replies to The Globe—Hot Shot for Monopolists.

Ottawa, April 9.—(Special.)—In the House this afternoon Mr. McInnes of Vancouver, replied in a lengthy speech to the editorial comments of The Globe. The young member announced himself as prepared to stand by the position he had taken in his former speech. He said he had nothing to retract, and would oppose all efforts to give the C.P.R. a monopoly of the railway lines in British Columbia.

Previous to the McInnes incident several private bills were introduced, among them the following:

Presbyterian Temporalities — Mr. Charlton.

To incorporate the Methodist Trust Fire Insurance Company—Mr. Britton.

Respecting the Grand Trunk Railway—Mr. Gibson.

Respecting the Ontario Pacific Railway Company—Mr. Snetsinger.

A question by Mr. Ellis regarding Easter holidays led to a determination to adjourn on Wednesday night next until the Tuesday following.

Mr. Laurier informed Mr. Foster that an announcement would be made on Monday as to when the tariff might be expected.

Mr. Fitzpatrick moved the second reading of his bill to repeal the Electoral Franchise Act, and supported the motion in a short speech.

Mr. Foster, who was loudly cheered, rose to protest against the introduction of the least important part of the Government program, while the one measure for which the country was waiting is postponed. Mr. Fitzpatrick had declared that the franchise bill would do no service for three years, while the Ministers themselves conceded that the whole country was anxiously waiting for the tariff. Three months ago their organ, The Toronto Globe, thinking that Parliament would then be called, pointed out the grave urgency of immediately taking up this measure, and only last week The Globe's financial editor stated that the wholesale trade was stagnant and would be till the tariff was known.

Three years ago Mr. Laurier denounced the Government for not bringing down the tariff measure as soon as the House met, yet here was the Ministry, which declared its intention of revolutionizing the trade policy, withholding the tariff nine months. There were good reasons why the franchise bill should not now be taken up. Business demanded the tariff. This was the jubilee year and the leader of the Government seemed to be anxious for a short session. The session was already late, and there were besides the tariff bill, matters of greater immediate importance than the franchise. There was a measure proposed a year or two ago by Mr. Mulock, prohibiting the appointment to office of members of the House of Commons. Recent developments showed great need of this law, to keep Ministers out of temptation. Then there was the measure promised for reduction of the Governor-General's salary. There was the superannuation bill, extension of the Intercolonial, the Crow's Nest Railway and the plebiscite, all of which might become immediately operative.

"The tariff won't affect gold mines," interrupted Mr. Lister.

"But it will affect oil," quickly retorted Mr. Foster, "and the honorable gentleman knows it. Moreover, he knows that I know it."

This reference to Mr. Lister's anxiety when Mr. Foster was Minister for maintenance of protection to his own local industry was effective and brought down the House.

Mr. Foster, continuing his speech after recess, strongly condemned the Government for announcing proposed tariff changes while delaying the introduction of measures. It was a suspicious circumstance that the Nova Scotia Legislature had been dissolved prematurely, not, as Premier Murray announced, on the provincial issue, but on the Federal tariff issue. As soon as this had been done the Minister of Finance met the coal men and gave them a statement, which was intended to satisfy them. But did the Nova Scotia Government accept that statement? Clearly not. It seemed there remained some things which it was deemed desirable to conceal until after the Nova Scotia elections. It was impossible to believe that after nine months in office the Federal Government was not ready with its tariff. The delay was evidently due to some political necessity. Ministers knew that if the coal and iron duties were continued the duty on farm implements must stand. This would violate the pledges made to Manitoba and affect the pending bye-elections there. There were political necessities of the Government, but they did not seem to him to justify delay. He promised that in passing any requisite measures the Government would receive the hearty co-operation of the Opposition. But, as regards this particular bill, for which there was no necessity, he could assure the Government that it would be fought line by line. He concluded by moving that the further consideration of the bill be deferred until the tariff bill, promised by the Government for this session, had been disposed of by the House.

Mr. Cameron made a violent attack on the present law and on the officers appointed to administer it. He hoped the Government would adopt the "one-man-one-vote" principle, and that they would re-adjust the boundaries of constituencies.

Mr. Clancy, in an effective reply, said that the law had been honestly administered. He reminded the Government benches that the Ministry contained in Sir Oliver Mowat a past master in the art of gerrymandering. No good reason had been assigned for pressing this bill now, and he quite concurred that it should be resisted until the tariff had been brought down.

Mr. McMullen moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned at 10.10.

Sensational Case at Buffalo.

Buffalo, April 9.—A somewhat extraordinary case cropped up in the special term of the Supreme Court to-day before Judge Lambert. Nathan Botsford, formerly sheriff of Niagara County, sues Thomas T. Flagler for $31,000 on three counts, as follows: Alienating his wife's affections, $20,000; defacing a monument belonging to Botsford and removing the same, $1000; removing the body of Botsford's child from family burial plot without due authority, $10,000. Attorneys for Mr. Flagler moved for the separation and numbering of the causes of complaint. Justice Lambert listened to the arguments in the case, and granted the motion of the defendant. Both parties to the suit are residents of Lockport, and are well-known and influential citizens. The suit has caused a great sensation.

Scotch Deer Forests.

There are 100 deer forests in Scotland, comprising at least 2,000,000 acres of land.

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering.

"I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." MRS. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

Dr. Humphreys
Says!!!

That Homeopaths don't go in for Spring medicine because they don't need it; the use of Humphyreys' No 10 keeps the stomach right all the time—and when your stomach is right, your head is clear; you feel good; no blues; no low spirits; no tired feeling.

AS
"77" is to Grip
SO
"10" is to Dyspepsia.

A single dose of No. 10 relieves an acute attack; its persistent use cures the worst case of Dyspepsia.

Dr. Humphreys' Homœopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or mailed free. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25cts., 50cts. or $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John sts., New York.

SOLD IN LEAD PACKETS ONLY, TO PRESERVE THEIR FRAGRANCE...

IT'S
A TREAT
TO DRINK

"Tetley's"
TEAS

"FROM ANCIENT INDIA AND SWEET CEYLON."

VERY GOOD, - 40c PER LB.
EXTRA GOOD, - 50c " "
STILL BETTER, 60c " "
THE BEST, - - 70c " "

GRIPPE AND
PNEUMONIA.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF is the best Pick-Me-Up after an attack of these diseases. TRY IT.

Sense
... in Dress

Sense, comfort and style are combined in CRAVENETTE, cannot be distinguished from regular dress materials. In fact, it is a stylish dress fabric in itself—looks well, fits well, makes up well. Suitable for dress or cloak; for street wear or the country. More than this, it is thoroughly shower proof and dust proof. Not damp and clammy like others but porous, light, elastic. In six shades, Navy, Myrtle, Brown, Gray, Castor or Black.

Cravenette
The Wet Weather
Dry Goods.

9

Barns Cost Money

to build, and will cost money to replace. Paint 'em and save 'em. Paint of the right sort, carefully used, will give good returns on the investment. The barn will last longer and look better. Lumber that has become weather beaten, is beginning to decay. Good paint closes the pores of the wood, stops decay, and preserves the structure.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
CREOSOTE PAINT

is the best barn paint. It is made for use on coarse grained woods. It is good for barns, roofs, and fences. The colors are right, the paint is right. It is economical.

If you are in doubt as to the best paints to use for bath tubs, chairs, cupboards, shelves, baseboards, buggies, boats, plows, wagons, floors, houses—for any paintable thing under the sun—send for "Paint Points." It is a book for the house-keeper and house-owner. It tells what is good paint and bad paint, when to paint, and how to paint. It is a handy book for anyone to have. It is free. Send for it to-day. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.
CLEVELAND
CHICAGO
NEW YORK
MONTREAL

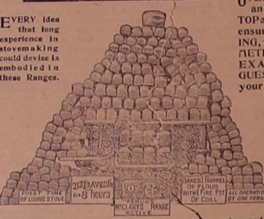
6

The "FAMOUS ACTIVE" Range

EVERY idea that long experience in stovemaking could devise is embodied in these Ranges.

OVEN is VENTILATED and CEMENTED on TOP and BOTTOM—this ensures EVEN COOKING, while a THERMOMETER in door SHOWS EXACT HEAT—NO GUESSING as to how your BAKING or ROASTING WILL TURN OUT.

Every housewife knows what an advantage this is......


FIRST TIME OF USING STOVE
212 LOAVES 8 hours
McCLARY'S RANGE ACTIVE
BAKED 1 BARREL OF FLOUR WITH 1 FIRE POT OF COAL
ALL OPERATIONS BY ONE PERSON

Cut shows 8 hours' work by one woman, using only one fire-pot of coal.

Quick Working!
Easily Handled!
Sparing on Fuel!

The McClary Mfg. Co.,
London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver.

11

If your local dealer cannot supply, write our nearest house.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

DO you want to make money? Why not try our system of speculation? It is within reach of all. Increase your income. Write for circular letter. Palmer & Co., 38 Wall Street, New York. M17w&s4t

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory. The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

DWELLING in Bellevue Terrace; possession given 1st of May. Apply to MRS. GRAHAM, Bellevue Terrace. decd1m.

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. [761eodtf

HOTEL TO RENT.

O'BRIEN HOUSE — Three-storey brick Hotel in the City of Belleville; thirty rooms; sheds and stable; doing a good farmer and general trade; splendid opening; immediate possession. Apply to C. D. MACAULEY, Barrister, Belleville. License guaranteed. 4-3d7t

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices. R. W. ADAMS, 12 Bridge St., Belleville, Ont.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

AUCTION SALE.

MRS. GEO. GIBSON, at the north end of Murney st., on Moira st., will sell her household effects on April 22, consisting of a Piano, beautiful Parlor Suite, Dining Room, Kitchen and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Pictures, etc. Sale to commence at 1 p.m.

4-9d3t J. G. DAVISON, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

MR. JACOB DULMAGE, Hillside st., will sell on TUESDAY, 20th inst., his household effects, consisting of Parlor, Dining-Room, Kitchen and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Chenille and Muslin Curtains, Sewing Machine, Happy Thought Range, Grand Universal Heater, Wood Cook and Oil Stoves, all in perfect order. Lawn Mower and quantity fine Canned Fruit. Sale begins 9:30 a.m. sharp. No reserve.

8o-44t D. J. FAIRFIELD, Auctioneer.

Daily Intelligencer.

PUBLIC ASSAY OFFICE.

The Ontario Government have decided to consider favorably Belleville's application for a public assay office, which will be established here in the near future, and an appropriation of $2000 has been made for that purpose. This is a very satisfactory result, towards which the INTELLIGENCER and Mayor Johnson contributed materially by placing in the hands of every member of the Government and of the Legislature, Mr. D. E. Burdett's admirable memorandum on the subject.

Annual Easter Concert.

The twelfth annual Easter concert was given last evening at Albert College. Despite the unfavorable condition of the weather, the spacious Massey Hall was well filled by a large and most appreciative audience. As this was the closing concert of the School of Elocution, the programme consisted mainly of readings, but was interspersed throughout with musical selections. The genial Professor Shepard deserves considerable credit for his preparation of the programme, and his ability as a teacher was well shown in the performance of his pupils. The Glee Club rendered in their usual style a rousing chorus Messrs. Shackle, Hunter, Wilson, Moore, and the Misses Doyle, Berry, Short, Gibson and German were each exceedingly well received. The second part of the programme was commenced by a trio given by Messrs. Fraleigh, Pearson and McCreadie. The melody, "My Old Kentucky Home," delighted the audience, and in response to an encore they gave a medley, which evoked a storm of applause. Miss Wilson sang with effect, "Within a mile of Edinburgh Town." Mr. Carman showed considerable ability in his recitation of "The Fifth of November at Inkerman," as did Mr. McIrvine in "The Chariot Race." Mr. Pane nearly brought down the house in his selection, "Speech of Orator Climax." The solo of Prof. Eaton was rendered in his usual style, and he was obliged to respond to an encore. The recitations of Messrs. Snell and Wellmont were also well executed, as were those of Miss Chisholm and Miss Taylor. Prof. Shepherd and Miss Brignall gave a dual recital of "The Hunchback," which delighted the audience. The programme was ended with another trio by Messrs. Fraleigh, Pearson and Gladney, which, needless to say, was well appreciated.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

Hospital Board Report.

APRIL 6TH, 1897.

Twenty patients were admitted during the month and 25 discharged. There were 4 births. There are at present 12 patients in the hospital. Amount received $238.00. From patients themselves $144.75; private nursing, $18.50; medicines, $15.50; extra meals, $2.50; city patients, $36.00. Paid by City for medicines for diphtheretic patients, $20.75.

Half yearly report for hospital ending March 1897. Number of patients admitted 140, being 23 more than at the same time last year. There were 7 deaths during the past six months and 5 births. Amount received from patients themselves, $682.83; Private nursing, $210.00; medicines, $120.70; City patients, $227.50; paid by the City for medicines for diphtheretic patients, $20.75. Making a total of $1211.78. Increase over last half year $158.48.

TERRORS OF RHEUMATISM.

A REMEDY WHICH IS INSTANTANEOUS AND PERMANENT IN EFFECT—A CALGARY RESIDENT, CRIPPLED FOR THREE YEARS, BECOMES STRONG AS AN ATHELETE.

No subtle or mysterious force could be more miraculous in its effects than is South American Cure in all cases of rheumatism. James A. Anderson, of Calgary, N.W.T., says that seven or eight years ago he became afflicted with rheumatism, and for three years it made him a cripple, so that he had to use a stick to get about. In his own words: "I suffered untold misery, and though treated by the best physicians in the country, and I spent a term in the hospital, recovery seemed as hopeless as ever. A friend recommended South American Rheumatic Cure. It gave help immediately and after the second bottle I threw away my stick. To-day I am as strong as an athlete." Price 75 cents. Sold by R. Templeton.

Pulpit Oratory.

The Divinity students of Albert College are this afternoon competing for the gold medal offered by Thos. Ritchie, Esq., for pulpit oratory. There are nine competitors. The Rev. Dr. Cade, Rev. C. E. McIntyre and Mr. Wm. Johnson are the judges.

BLOOD AND SKIN HUMORS

Afflicting a Whole Family. Speedily Cured by CUTICURA.

Statements Sworn to Before the Clerk of the Supreme Court.

My wife had appear on her limbs, just above the ankles, five small pimples that began to enlarge, and soon developed into eating ulcers of the indolent type, which, despite all remedies and our efforts to cure them, grew worse and worse, and at the end of three months had become very bad, two of them having eaten to the bone. At that time we began to use CUTICURA remedies, and with two bottles of RESOLVENT, one box of CUTICURA, and one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, they were cured sound and well in about two months. The scars are there to-day as living witnesses of the severity and extent of the ulcers.

I also was afflicted the same winter with papular rash, from which I could not rest day or night. My skin became in a very bad fix when I began using CUTICURA remedies. I used them for about one month and was cured.

My little baby girl, when about ten months old, was afflicted with Eczema, her limbs from her knees down were one solid sore from which she suffered greatly. We tried several remedies which only aggravated them, before we began the use of the CUTICURA remedies, in which case there was a complete cure with no return of the disease.

A. A. McLARTY, J.P., Winn, Ga.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this twenty-sixth day of November, 1896.

[L. S.] R. E. JAMES, Clerk Supr. Court.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT for Every Kind of Blood and Skin Humor.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, cure when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Skin Humors," free.

BABY'S SKIN Scalp and Hair Purified and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

A FARMER'S WIFE.

TELLS A STORY OF YEARS PAIN AND SUFFERING.

DOCTORS UTTERLY FAILED TO HELP HER AND MORPHINE WAS CONTINUALLY RESTORED TO — BECAME SO WEAK SHE COULD SCARCELY PERFORM HER HOUSEHOLD DUTIES.

(From the Beaver, Napanee.)

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Stone have been residents of the township of Ernestown, about ten miles east of Napanee, for a period of about three years, and in that time have gained the esteem of all their neighbors. For six years previous to this time they have lived Glenwood Springs, Colorado, and it was during their residence there that Mrs. Stone was attacked with an illness that made her life miserable for years. To a reporter who recently interviewed her she told the following story: "During the early part of our residence in Colorado, my illness first came on. At the outset every two or three weeks I would be attacked with a pain in my stomach. Later on it greatly increased in severity, and at times was so bad that I would scream aloud with the pain. A doctor was called in, but the only benefit I ever received from his treatment was through the injection of morphine into my arm, as a result of which the pain would gradually pass away. The medicine which was given me, however had not the slightest effect, and the doctor appeared to be greatly perplexed, and thereafter continually resorted to injections of morphine whenever the attacks came on. These attacks continued at intervals until our return to Canada, when they increased in frequency and intenseness. The result was that I grew very weak, and my whole system appeared to be giving out. My complexion turned a yellowish hue, and I had little or no appetite. Latterly I would be attacked with fainting spells, preceded by attacks of dizziness. I became utterly unable to stand fatigue, and could with the greatest difficulty perform my household duties. A doctor was called in who treated me for some time without benefitting me any. Then he gave me what I now know to be Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after I had used two boxes I felt somewhat better. I then purchased the pills myself and continued the treatment. I found that the pain was gradually decreasing. I could get rest and sleep at night, which had hitherto been almost impossible. I continued using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for several months, and the result is that they have effected a complete cure, and I am now enjoying the best of health. I can assure you it is a great relief to be free from the trouble that made my life miserable for so many years and I have to thank Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for succeeding when doctors had failed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly upon the blood and nerves, building them anew and thus driving disease from the system. There is no trouble due to either of these causes which Pink Pills will not cure, and in hundreds of cases they have restored patients to health after all other remedies had failed. Ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and take nothing else. The genuine are always enclosed in boxes the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." May be had from all dealers or sent post paid on receipt of 50 cents a box or 6 boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Teachers' Association.

The Public School Teachers of the city met yesterday afternoon at the Central School for the discussion of methods of teaching, and other things of interest to the profession.

Besides the teachers and the Inspector, Mr. I. Diamond, Chairman of the Organization Committee of the Belleville Board of Education, was also present and contributed in no small degree to the success of the meeting.

The first subject taken up by the Inspector was Grammar, dealing especially with the difficulties met with in teaching the verb, participles, infinitives, and conjunctions. The authorized text books on this subject he said were misleading and indefinite, and in many cases wrong.

Mr. Diamond advised teachers to throw aside the text book and be a text book themselves, though a text book on the subject should not be placed in the hands of a child.

Reading was next taken up. The Inspector said that reading is not well taught, pupils do not speak out distinctly. He feared the trouble was that teachers are more in the habit of hearing than teaching reading.

Mr. Diamond said it seemed a general fault throughout the country that pupils read too low, and did not enunciate distinctly.

Mental Arithmetic was next discussed, and Mr. Johnston said that the subject was sadly neglected, and this he considered a very grave error as it was no doubt one of the best subjects for mental training in the whole curriculum.

Writing was next taken up, and the Inspector said that he had been asked his opinion on vertical writing and that he had always opposed its introduction, as he did not like it as well as the Spencerian system.

Mr. Diamond gave a short address on the subjects discussed, after which Mr. Johnston spoke about teachers requiring pupils to write out words misspelled a number of times; he thought four or five times sufficient. He said that the habit of detaining pupils at recess and after school was, in his opinion, wrong and should be stopped. After a discussion on this and other punishments the meeting adjourned.

—The returning officer declares Dr. Marcotte elected for Champlain by a total majority of 151 votes.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

Ask your grocer for Windsor Salt For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

SKILL WITH A NEEDLE

CHARMING MOTIF OF CHEAP FRENCH EMBROIDERY.

Louis XV. Is One of the Most Desirable of the Many Beautiful French Styles—Irregular Scrolls, Lattice and Flower Subjects.

Of the beautiful French styles that are admirably adapted to all kinds of fine embroidery work the Louis XV. is particularly desirable, as many charming arrangements of the irregular scrolls, the lattice and flower motives can be made.

Two remarkable patterns are shown in the illustration, and, while they are adapted to centrepieces and doilies for the dining table, they may be used on the dresser as underlap to pin cushion, toilet bottles or stick-pin trays

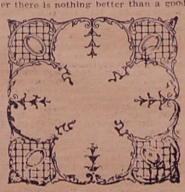
Pretty Embroidered Centerpiece.

The design shown in illustration No. 1 is for a centrepiece measuring from fourteen to twenty-four inches square.

It may be embroidered in either the outline or solid mode, but, if the time can be spent, the solid treatment will prove the most satisfactory in every case.

One corner of the drawing is shaded to indicate the manner in which the solid embroidery work is to be done, and, if a relief is desired, it can be obtained by filling the design under the silks used for the work.

Of the great variety of good and serviceable materials on which to embroider there is nothing better than a good quality of round thread handspun linen having a firm body.



CENTERPIECE.

Such linen can be had at almost any large dry goods and at the art-needlework shops in the principal cities.

There are other fabrics that will give satisfactory results if care is taken in using them, as, for example, pineapple silk, bolting cloth, and on Chinese grass linen, the latter being a very desirable cloth on which to work, as it is thin and has much the appearance of silk, at the same time being strong, durable, and after frequent and successive laundering it shows very little wear.

Correct Table Linen.

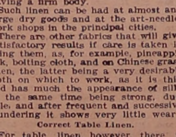
For table linen, however, there is nothing better or more serviceable than a fine quality of round-thread, well-made bleached linen, and, together with fast-dyed filo and Roman floss silks, they can be recommended for satisfactory results.

Illustration No. 2 is the design for a doily to match the centerpiece, and in size it can measure from six to twelve inches square, according to the use to which it may be put

For fingerbowls and saucers, a square of six inches will be sufficient, while for teaplates it should measure nine inches square, and if employed as underlays to dinnerplates the doily should measure not more than twelve inches across.

The centerpiece design can be enlarged and used for the front of a sofa pillow or as a centre design on the seat of a chair.

Some beautiful coloring schemes may be carried out in this style, as it is flowery and full of color. For table and bed linen that is in constant use there is nothing more appropriate than pure white and if white silk is used on bleached linen it will become slightly yellow after several launderings, and a little use, so that any design carried out in it will be more clearly designed as it ages. Or for a table set the main scrolls may be worked in two shades of pale green, the rim and stems in a light golden brown, while the flowers, forming a spike at each side of the design, may be carried out in two shades of pink.



DOILY.

Blue and Yellow in Combination.

The lattice at the corners, if embroidered in a light corn brown, with pale blue stitches where the lines cross, will result in a pleasing effect, and the oval medallion at the middle of each corner can be worked in pink in the same shade as that employed for the spikes of flowers.

The doily, of course, should be carried out in the same combination of colors to harmonize, and where a little rarity is desired the colorings may be changed about, but should not be laid aside for others than the ones employed in carrying out the centerpiece.

For a dresser set, the colorings can match the general color scheme of the room, but when there is no decided treatment, the greatest latitude may be taken into consideration, and the fancy of the embroidery can be the guide.

Grandma Criticizes the Girls.

"When I was a young lady," says granmamma, "we were not allowed to help ourselves in our walk with our arms, in the jerky, ungraceful way that girls do nowadays, and which gives such a particularly ugly gait. Only apes and monkeys use their arms to assist locomotion, I used to be told. With man arms and hands should be only the servants of the brain, and when they are not in use they should be taught repose. Girls especially were trained to cultivate a quiet demeanor. What were then called 'fidgets' were never allowed, and acting on the principle inculcated by Dr. Watts that 'Satin finds some mischief still for idle hands to do,' the latter were always provided with some sort of occupation.

"When a young lady went out in the evening she invariably carried a fan and a lace handkerchief. In the street she had her muff or her parasol, and at home she had always some dainty bit of work in the drawing room that she could take up at odd times.

"As for crossing our legs or sticking out our feet in the way they do nowadays, we would have as soon thought of flying."

"No one will ever make me believe," said another venerable grande dame of the olden school "that that Miss Parvenue, whom they all think so charming, is a lady. She called on my granddaughter the other day and had on only one glove, the other hand she kept in her muff, but I could see that it was actually bare."

That gloves should be put on and neatly buttoned at home is another time-honored precept that is taken little heed of at present, but which, in the good old days, when everything was as it should be—according to our grandparents—was an unwritten law equal to those of the Medes and Persians in strictness. A well-bred woman would have no more thought of leaving her house ungloved than unbonneted.

"Thank heaven that we are rid of such prims and primsy nonsense!" exclaims Miss Fin de Siecle; but it is a question whether the girls of the period would not be more attractive if they had a little of the sweet primness of yore.—New York Tribune.

Wait for W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S New Opening.

HARDWARE & BICYCLES.

Sole Agents Gendron, New Barnes and Reliance Wheels; no better in the market; good value for your money.

Also a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. All NEW GOODS, bought at lowest prices.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

CHURCH DIRECTORY

"Our Missions"

"The Plant of Renown"

will be the subjects of the sermons by the Rev. Charles E. McIntyre at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. to-morrow in

BRIDGE ST. METHODIST CHURCH.

At the morning service the Sacrament of Baptism will be administered.

2:30 p.m.—Sunday School.

After the evening service the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper.

Strangers in the city, students at Albert College, the Business Colleges, the schools, and all other visitors welcomed.

HOLLOWAY ST. METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. Robt. Cade, D.D., Pastor.

(Services to-morrow, April 11th.)

10 a.m.—Class Meetings.

11 a.m.—Rev. J. J. Rae. Subject: "A good woman and her husband."

2:30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—Rev. J. J. Rae. Subject: "The one way to attain heaven."

Mr. Eaton will sing in the morning Campion's "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," and in the evening Sullivan's Chorister.

Students, strangers and citizens always welcome.

TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH

Church St.

Rev. E. Roberts, Pastor.

10 a.m.—Class Meetings.

11 a.m.—"Character Building."

2.30—Sabbath School.

6.30—Epworth League prayer meeting.

7 p.m.—"Lost Opportunities."

All are invited and will be made welcome.

Royalty and Diamond Dyes.

The proprietors of Diamond Dyes have, in past weeks, filled thousands of Canadian homes with pleasure and satisfaction by their wonderful ten cent "Combination."

The demand is astonishing and ever on the increase, but all may be assured that their orders will be promptly filled as they come in. The "Combination" is made up as follows:

One "Excelsior Rhyming A B C book, Illustrated," a gem of lithograpic art.

One full size Cabinet Photo of the "Three Future Kings of England." Every loyal Canadian should have one.

One package of "Diamond Dye Ink Powder," for making sixteen ounces of best black writing ink.

This novel and valuable combination, worth 65 cents, to any address for ten cents.

Send small silver coins, or the proper amount in one, two or three cent stamps. Stamps of larger denomination will not be received.

Seal your letter securely, and before mailing be sure you put on full postage, three cents in stamps. If full postage is not prepaid, letters will not be accepted.

Address Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P. Q.

Lumbering.

The Tweed News says: "The various shanty foremen and jobbers, who have been cutting in this district during the past winter, assembled in town on Friday last for the purpose of making their returns to the Government agent, Mr. Smith, of Peterboro. Amongst the number were Patrick Drennan, Belleville; J. D. McCaw, Queensboro; Peter Wims, Lonsdale; Jas. Murphy, Queensboro; Jas. Lowery, Tweed; and Frank Burns, Bridgewater, besides some nineteen jobbers. All the timber this season in the Black Creek waters was cut in the township of Grimsthorpe by the Rathbun Co. or for them, the total amount cut being in the neighborhood of nine millon feet (board measure) besides some fifteen thousand railway ties. The Gilmour Co. did nothing at all this past winter on the Black Creek waters. They have, however, an old drive of between thirty and forty thousand pieces on Hog Lake which will be floated down this spring."

40 RED-COATS

Put to Route an army of Formidable Trespassers.

Constipation, Dizziness, Pain under the Shoulder Blades, Sick Headache, Depressed Feeling, Bloating After Eating, Debility and Insomnia, result from an Inactive Liver.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 40 little Red Coats at a cost of 20 cents will set you right in short order. Piles of testimony to prove it.—Sold by R. Templeton.

—Lieutenant-Governor Chapleau has applied for and obtained leave of absence, and Sir Alexander Lacoste has been appointed Administrator.

THE DOOR TO GOOD HEALTH

IS THROUGH THE KIDNEYS—LIKE A WELL PLANNED SANITARY SYSTEM THEY KEEP THE BODY HUMAN HEALTHY—INTERESTING STORY FROM QUEBEC.

The kidneys have very appropriately been described as the sanitary system of the human body. Let them become inoperative and disease will quickly follow, and unless the obstructions are removed, death will be the result. Mr. D. J. Locke, of Sherbrooke, P.Q., suffered for years from complicated kidney trouble, and spent over $100 in efforts to secure relief; but no relief came until he used South American Kidney Cure. His statement is that four bottles completely cured him, and to-day he is in the enjoyment of sound health. In the most distressing cases this remedy gives relief in six hours. Sold by R. Templeton.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE ALE AND PORTER

OF

JOHN LABATT,

LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN

WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale, AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Our Star Portland Cement

Is the best in the market, having been proved so by tests. Sold by all the dealers in the city.

For Sale Cheap.

DRY SOFT WOOD

A Good Horse for Farm or Cart.

To Rent.

A Good Office on Bridge Street.

The Rathbun Company

Removed

We are now All Removed to our new Store.

THE BEEHIVE.

CHAS. N. SULMAN

The Phrenoline Medicines

THE ONLY ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE PREPARATIONS ON THE MARKET

Pleasant, Pure and Healthful

PHRENOLINE Rheumatic Specific — Guaranteed to cure Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout and Neuralgia.

PHRENOLINE Pills — A sure cure for Headache, Dizziness Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Paralysis, Convulsions, Heart Disease, etc., etc.

Manufactured on Honor and Sold on Merit.

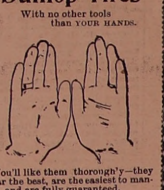
Sold in Belleville only by D. M. Waters. apr

NO MATTER WHAT HAPPENS

You can repair the "Common Sense"

Dunlop Tires

With no other tools than YOUR HANDS.



You'll like them thoroughly—they wear the best, are the easiest to manage, and are fully guaranteed.

Send for our catalogue and mention this paper.

American Dunlop Tire Co., Toronto.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. Lesser, Manager.

One Night Only--THURSDAY, APRIL 15th.

The Greatest Popular Music Band in the World,

The... CHICAGO MARINE BAND.....

T. B. Brooke, Leader.

Assisted by the phenomenal Soprano, MISS SIBYL SAMMIS.

Under the distinguished patronage of Lt.-Col. Ponton and Officers of 15th Batt., A.L.I.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our Tables.

Flower's Bargain House,

375 FRONT STREET.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '9

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.

Phone 189.

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .

—TO THE—

Nobbiest Sunday Suit

that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

THE MARKET TOLLS

OTHER than rents arising from butcher stalls, in the City of Belleville, will be farmed, leased or rented for one year, commencing the 19th day of April, 1897, by public tender on THURSDAY, the 15th of APRIL, 1897. All parties tendering therefor shall furnish the names of two good and sufficient sureties who will bind themselves jointly and severally for the due fulfilment of the contract and the faithful payment of the amount tendered for said tolls, or such other security which will be satisfactory to the Market Committee of said city. Particulars and conditions to be seen at the office of the Solicitor, Stewart Masson, Esq. Tenders are to be addressed to W. H. Panter, Esq., Chairman Market Committee, Belleville, and left with me at my office up to 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, the 15th April, 1897.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

D. B. ROBERTSON, City Clerk.

April 8th, 1897. [d8&10.

EASTER NOVELTIES.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF EASTER GOODS NEXT WEEK

OYSTERS ARRIVING AS USUAL.

CHOICE BANANAS 20cts. per doz.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Mixed Paints.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS AND JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT . . . . .

THE PHARMACY,

D. M. WATERS.

J. Owen. WATER WORKS PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING.

PHONE - - - 219

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

Why Buy
BABY CARRIAGES & FURNITURE
From Tickell & Sons Co'y?
BECAUSE They Offer BARGAINS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO SATURDAY, APRIL 10 1897. NO. 288

These Competitions will be conducted monthly during 1897.

FIRST PRIZES—
10 Stearns' Bicycles EACH MONTH.

SECOND PRIZES—
25 Gold Watches EACH MONTH.

HOW TO OBTAIN THEM. Competitors to save as many "Sunlight" Soap Wrappers as they can collect. Cut off the top portion of each wrapper—that portion containing the heading "SUNLIGHT SOAP." These (called "Coupons") are to be sent enclosed with a sheet of paper on which the competitor has written his or her full name and address, and the number of coupons sent in, postage paid, to Messrs. Lever Bros. Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, marked on the postal wrapper (top left hand corner) with the number of the district competitor lives in. The districts are as follows:

NAME OF DISTRICT.
1 Western Ontario, consisting of Counties York, Simcoe and all Counties W. and S. of these.
2 Eastern Ontario, consisting of Counties Ontario, Muskoka and all Counties E. and N. of these.
3 Province of Quebec.
4 Province of New Brunswick.
5 Province of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

SEND THIS TOP PORTION
SUNLIGHT SOAP
WHY DOES A WOMAN LOOK OLD

$1,625 Given Away EACH MONTH IN BICYCLES AND WATCHES FOR SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS.

The bicycles are the celebrated Stearns, manufactured by E. C. Stearns & Co., Syracuse, N. Y., and Toronto, Ont. Each wheel is guaranteed by the makers, and has complete attachments.

LEVER BROS., LTD.,
23 SCOTT STREET, TORONTO.

RULES. 1. Every month during 1897, in each of the five districts, prizes will be awarded as follows:

The two competitors who send in the largest numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside, will each receive, at winner's option, a lady's or gent's Stearns' Bicycle with complete attachments.

The five competitors who send in the next largest numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside, will each receive, at winner's option, a lady's or gent's Gold Watch, value $25.

2. The competition will close the last day of each month during 1897. Coupons received too late for one month's competition will be put into the next.

3. Competitors who obtain wrappers from unsold soap in dealer's stock will be disqualified. Employees of Messrs. Lever Bros., Ltd., and their families are debarred from competing.

4. A printed list of winners in competitor's district will be forwarded to competitors 21 days after each competition closes.

5. Messrs. Lever Bros. Ltd., will endeavor to award the prizes fairly to the best of their ability and judgment, but it is understood that all who compete agree to accept the award of Messrs. Lever Bros., Ltd., as final.

THE SLATER SHOE

Under false colours.

Some Mackay stitched shoes are made to imitate Goodyear Welts.

They have a "dummy welt" on the outer edge of the sole, and a false insole covering the stitches *under the foot.*

But no matter how skillful the deception to the *eye*, the effect upon *the feet* soon shows it up.

Any shoe stitched *under* the foot *must* form hard and callous spots on it, as soon as the leather wears away and the stitches form elevations under pressure.

The sole of the Goodyear Welted "Slater Shoe" is sewn to a strip of leather *outside* the shoe—not a stitch or peg being *under* the foot.

Each pair remains *six* days on the last to take the *stretch* out of the leather, moulding it to *keep* the niceties which constitute *fit* and comfort.

Stitches under the feet did it.

You'll know that it's *genuine* Goodyear Welt if stamped on the sole with the "Slater Shoe" name and price, $3, $4, or $5.

A tag on each pair tells the *leather* it is made of—the *wear* it will give.

AGENCY

SOLE AGENTS FOR BELLEVILLE, HAINES & LOCKETT.

Quickcure

Is the quickest remedy ever known to cure Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Boils, Sprains, Strains, etc.

The many well known people, of high standing in the community, who have spoken and written of the merits of Quickcure, show that it is an honest remedy of great efficacy.

Note the testimonials in this issue.

The Cleveland Bicycle.

Look at the Women who Ride These Wheels, they look so Happy and Healthy.

Constant, mental, physical and moral help we feel
That bids us turn enthusiasts and cry "God bless the Wheel."
—WILL CARLETON.

Models 27, 28 and 29 .... Price $100
Models 22 and 23 .... Price $75

H. A. Lozier's Celebrated make, at

FOSTER'S, 430 Front St. BELLEVILLE.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

CAIRO'S GAY SEASON.

STYLES SEEN AT TEA ON BOARD A DAHABEAH.

Spring Hats Were Much in Evidence—The Dresses of the Race Course—Dainty Toilets of French Fashion Worn by Fortune's Daughters.

(Special Correspondence.)

Cairo, Egypt, (Special.)—Cairo was never gayer than it is this winter. It has been fuller, but that doesn't count. A good many tourists have been kept away because they wished to take Turkey and Egypt in one trip, and Constantinople has failed somehow since last summer's massacres to impress them as wholesome. And then, too the cholera scare, quickly as it blew over, made timid folks wonder if Cairo itself was good campings. But the people who are not here are mostly the ones who expect to see the east but once in a lifetime and who are correspondingly particular about times and seasons. They are not the rich people, nor those who add most to the gayety of nations. The moneyed crowd, to whom a winter on the Nile counts as little and is had as regularly as a spring in London, are here in full force. Their manners and their clothes are the best and the worst one ever sees. They're a picturesque mixture of high breeding and loud vulgarity. The rudeness of the worst of the English is exceeded only by the laughable lapses of the most ignorant Americans. Yesterday at the best appointed hotel table in the east three handsome women who had been discussing their plans for next summer at Narragansett Pier for the benefit of the rest of the guests made us listen also to their dinner reckoning.

TEA ON BOARD A DAHABEAH.

"Now, your bill," said one of them, who was fair, fat and thirty, "is 50 piasters and 20 for wine and mine is 50 piasters and 15 for wine, and Edith's is 50 piasters and 15 for wine; shall you give the waiter anything for a pour boire"

And the waiter, who understands English perfectly, stood silently at the ladies' back while the amount of his fee was discussed at length, and afterward bowed them out of the room with oriental politeness and impassivity.

Fortunately all Americans who winter in Egypt are not of this type, nor are any of them so fast as the most rapid set among the English, whose pace here makes London dissipations seem quite of the slow order by comparison. It's lucky there's no Parkhurst here, for if there were he'd stand to kill himself in a wild orgy of reform.

As I said, Cairo is gay. One of the prettiest and most innocent of its diversions is tea on board a dahabeah. The day before a boat starts for a pleasure cruise up the Nile it puts on its best clothes. The Arab boatmen scrub the decks, the long, lance-like yards are hung with pennants and rugs are spread everywhere under the awnings. The dahabeah is tied up probably just above or below the great Nile bridge, and over this for a couple of hours rattle strings of open carriages and cavalcades of polo ponies, bringing festive youths in white flannels and women under flower-laden hats and big parasols to taste the hospitality of the voyagers.

This afternoon a boat was thus en fete, and so many spring hats were in evidence that it is necessary to make some note of them. Cairo gets Paris fashions before Paris gets them, for it has to have straw while Europe is still buying fur. A blonde girl who drove her own trap wore a combination of white and purple. Her dress was of some sort of white veiling, with trimmings of purple ribbons. Her hat was a broad, sunburnt straw, of a shape that promises to be very popular. The brim turned up at the sides, but not acutely. The crown was high, but was rather a broad, flat top, and the hat was meant to be perched on the back of the head, instead of forward. It was trimmed with bunches of violets, nestled at the heart of huge lace rosettes. Under the brim, where the lace touched the hair, it was white; above it was black, but relieved by white ribbons.

Foot passengers have no rights in Cairo, where only the natives walk, and this girl was complaining volubly that she had had to give a smart cut with her whip to an Arab nurse boy who was not quick enough in getting the baby wagon he had charge of out of her way.

Another girl, who had two or three of the white flannel youths in tow, wore a very fresh pretty dress of blue china silk, figured with green, with little touches of pink here and there. Her waist and throat ribbons were pink and she carried a bunch of the small, greenish, cream-colored narcissus, with which Cairo is gay in March. Her hat was a large, green straw, with a wide, flat brim in front, turning up sharply behind. For trimming it had a wealth of green velvet and pink ribbons, into which were twisted narcissus stems. Flowers and ribbon bows stood up behind.

A bride whose honeymoon is passing in Cairo wore a round hat of green straw with a flat brim, whose shape suited admirably the young round face, with its low brow and hair drawn back carelessly in waves. At the back of the hat high loops of cream-colored ribbon stood up in a semi-circle. On one side of the brim lay a bunch of pink roses, on the other curled a black ostrich plume. The dress that matched this hat was a yellowish, cream-colored chine silk, figured with green. The skirt was full, rather longer than skirts have been made, and plain. The bodice was plain and close-fitting also, but almost hidden under a very deep lace collar, the tabs of which were so wired as to stand out in half-handkerchiefs all around. A frill of lace at the neck flaring over a collar of pink ribbon and a narrow, pointed pink ribbon waist-belt gave the finishing touches.

Tea was served on the upper deck under the awnings, and here a couple of white turbaned Arabs, whose feet were noiseless on the mattings, handed it about, eastern fashion, in glasses. People who have not been in Egypt would hardly recognize the beverage, flavored as it is with verbena and the juice of small green limes. The pretty sister of the hostess directed operations in a green gray canvas dress trimmed about the skirt with three bands of plaided red and green ribbon. The bands were put on with a deep point in front and high up on the sides, to simulate the overdress that knocks so loud at fashion's gate, but is not yet let in. The waist was made with a blouse turning back in ribbon-edged revers over the shoulders and sleeves and opening in front on a vest of pale green silk. A broad plaided sash of red and green tied in bows at the back of the waist and fell to the deck in streamers. A big hat of gray green straw was trimmed with red roses and green straw was trimmed with red roses and green ribbons.

Dress for the race-course is as smart in Cairo as elsewhere. At the second winter meeting of the Khedival Race Club the other day an English woman, who had two horses entered, drove out to the track in a silvery white cloth gown, with a full skirt gauged on to a cord about the hips and trimmed with three rows of rather narrow yellowish brown ribbon. The bodice was made with a white velvet zouave embroidered with silver and edged with frills of lace and ribbon. The sleeves had the shoulder puffs gathered in to the tightness of the arms by several rows of tucking. Yellowish brown velvet made the belt and collar and trimmed the broad straw hat with its wreaths of roses.

Another good costume at the track was a fawn-colored cloth with a narrow ruffle at the hem. The close fitting bodice had three rows of creamy lace gathered across the bust with a big rosette of old rose velvet at one side. The broad belt and the standing collar were of velvet also. The hat was a large white straw trimmed with roses.

Promenade dresses are not common here, for reasons already stated. In town one drives; in the desert one rides a horse, donkey or camel. Yet I saw a very elaborate walking dress this morning. It was of brown cloth braided all over the skirt with arabesques in black silk. The bodice, braided in the same fashion, opened on a chemisette in white mousseline. There was a black silk draped belt, and a black collar with lace frills. The hat was black straw, with roses and black feathers.

ELLEN OSBORN.

BAYARD'S SUCCESSOR.

Col. John Hay the United States Ambassador to Great Britain.

Col. John Hay is expected to assume the duties of United States Ambassador at the court of St. James about Easter. He has taken the Earl of Caledon's House, No. 5, Carlton House Terrace, from April 18. Col. Hay was private secretary of Lincoln, and is the author of "Little Breeches," and "Castilian Days." He is not a politician, but is a social favorite in Washington and Cleveland. His home, at Sixteenth and I streets, just across Lafayette square from the White House, is considered by connoisseurs one of the finest private residences in America. Col. Hay, who is fifty-nine years of age, first came to Washington as a young man from Illinois, where he had studied law, and he became one of the private secretaries for President Lincoln; 1865 to 1867 Mr. Hay was Secretary of Legation at Paris, and for a year thereafter held a similar post at Vienna. He was Secretary of Legation at Madrid in 1869 and 1870, and after that for eight or nine years lived chiefly at Cleveland engaged in literary work. He was appointed Assistant Secretary of State under Evarts in 1879, and held that position until May, 1881. Col. Hay's marriage to the daughter of Amasa Stone, the Ohio millionaire, was undoubtedly the spoiling of a rare literary career. His wealthy and eccentric father-in-law treated him with such generosity that the incentive to use his pen was removed. Mr. Stone on his death left his son-in-law a million or more. Col. Hay, however, has earned money with his pen, and for his "Life of Lincoln," written in collaboration with Nicolay, he received $50,000. Mrs. Hay and Mrs. Mark Hanna are close friends, a fact to which many attribute Mr. McKinley's selection of Col. Hay for the most important diplomatic posts.

COL. JOHN HAY.

Little Breeches.

I don't go much on religion,
  I never ain't had no show;
But I've got a middlin' tight grip, sir
  On the handful of things I know.
I don't pan out on the prophets
  And free-will and that sort of thing,
But I b'lieve in God and the angels,
  Ever sence one night last spring.

I come into town with some turnips,
  And my little Gabe came along—
No four-year-old in the country
  Could beat him for pretty and strong,
Peart and chipper and sassy,
  Always ready to swear and fight—
And Id larnt him to chew terbacker
  Just to keep his milk teeth white.

The snow came down like a blanket,
  As I passed by Taggart's store,
I went in for a jug of molasses,
  And left the team at the door.
They scared at something and started,
  I heard one little squall,
And hell-to-split over the prairie
  Went team, Little Breeches, and all.

Hell-to-split over the prairie,
  I was almost froze with skeer;
But we rousted up some torches
  And searched for 'em far and near.
At last we struck hosses and wagon,
  Snowed under a soft white mound,
Upsot, dead beat, but of little Gabe
  No hide nor hair was found.

And here all hope soured on me
  Of my fellow-critters' aid—
I jest flopped down on my marrow bones,
  Crotch-deep in the snow, and prayed.
By this the torches was played out,
  And me and Isrul Parr
Went off for some wood to a sheep fold
  That he said was somewhar thar.

We found it at last, and a little shed
  Where they shut up the lambs at night,
We looked in and seen them huddled thar,
  So warm, and sleepy, and white;
And thar sot Little Breeches and chirped,
  As peart as ever you see,
"I want a chaw of terbacker,
  And that's what's the matter with me."

How did he get thar? Angels!
  He could never have walked in that storm.
They just scooped down and toted him
  To whar it was safe and warm,
And I think that saving a little child,
  And bringing him to his own,
Is a derned sight better business
  Than loafing round the Throne.

Cleaned.

First Wheelman—Is the road dusty?
Second Wheelman—No. I was over it yesterday.

Senators; Not Gentlemen.

Lieut.-Gov. Haggard perpetrated a bull yesterday afternoon that was regarded as one of the best jokes of the session. Senator Sweeney was on the floor. He referred to the "gentleman from—"

"I want to call the attention of the Senate to one thing," said the presiding officer, rapping his gavel. "The Senators are Senators—not gentlemen."

There was a moment of amazed silence.

"The Senators will address one another as Senators, not as gentlemen," he added.

Then every man in the Senate chamber began laughing—Indianapolis Journal.

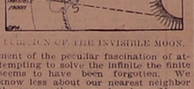
OUR INVISIBLE MOON.

HAS THE EARTH MORE THAN ONE MOON.

Wonderful Field of Speculation Opened Up by the Latest Discovery—The Wabble of the North Pole—Interesting Astronomical Diagrams.

The latest alleged startling discovery in the realm of astronomical science gives peculiar emphasis to the time-worn proverb that "people are blind to what is going on under their noses." Ever since astronomy has enchained the attention of men they have been assiduously seeking to learn more about the far distant orbs of the celestial universe than was known to their predecessors. From the time when the time when the first rude spyglass was constructed down to the present day of highly developed telescopes astronomers have swept the midnight skies in eager search after some fragment of knowledge to add to the meagre store of the scholar. Almost invariably the object of research was a far-distant star. The confines of the stellar galaxy attracted greater than did its nearer centre.

The great Herschell devoted his energies to "sounding the depths of space," and without success. In the abandonment of the peculiar fascination of attempting to solve the infinite the finite seems to have been forgotten. We know less about our nearest neighbor the moon, than we do about Mars; less about Mars than we do of the sun. We have placed in the balance and actually weighed every one of the members of the solar system, even to the giant planets Uranus and Neptune, which are so far away as to be invisible to the naked eye; and yet we do not know the shape of our own moon, and the best scientists are divided in opinion as to whether it possesses an atmosphere or not. We have constructed a perfect map of Mars and determined his continents and seas, but we are unable to say what causes the radiant streaks which emanate from the huge Tycho Brahe mountain upon the moon, not 300,000 miles away.

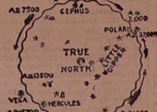


LOCATION OF THE INVISIBLE MOON.

The discussion of the physical characteristics of the earth cannot properly be called astronomical, and yet it cannot be excluded from that branch of science. The movements of the earth, while purely within the domain of mathematical physics, can only offer a means of solution by a careful study of astronomy.. We are apt to speak of the "stable earth." As a matter of fact the earth reels like a drunken man. At no time does she pursue an undeviating, stead course, nor are her movements regular. Her erratic wanderings, if duplicated at all, can occur only at such long intervals of time as to appall the human conception in the attempt to comprehend the immense line of figures that are necessary to express the possible recurrence of a single movement. The north star is popularly supposed to be a fixed point. It is not. What is known as Polaris is the present north star, but 13,000 years ago the north pole of the earth pointed to the brilliant Vega, and will again in course of time.

The accompanying little diagram will show the path marked out by the north pole among the stars—a wavy circle, says The San Francisco Call. This condition is brought about by what is known as the "procession of the equinoxes." The sun is swiftly traveling through space, and carrying with him all the members of his system, of which our earth is one; so that, as the earth sweeps over the mighty orbit of the solar system, her pole describes a circle. But it is not a perfect circle. She is constantly nodding, and this movement, which is a real wabble, is termed the earth's nutation. Our scientific men have sought to account for this wabble by seeking its cause in the attractive forces of the sun and the moon—that is, when the sun and moon are on the same side of the earth their "pull" upon the earth would be greater than when the sun was on one side and the moon on the opposite; thus the earth would be swayed a little out of her true orbit as the relative position of the sun and moon changed. Granted that this is the true solution, then the "wabble" ought to exhibit some degree of uniformity. It does not. Next, it is attempted to further explain the "wabble" by supplying the law of perturbation—the effects of attraction exercised by other stellar bodies. Every particle of matter in the universe attracts every other particle of matter. But after all the known causes have been diligently exploited and applied, the fact remains that there are "wabbles" which are unaccounted for.

Recently a gentleman of established reputation as a mathematician, and an astronomer of no mean accomplishments, residing on the California coast, has announced to a few of his most intimate friends that he has found the cause of these mysterious perturbations of the earth in an invisible satellite. The lately discovered second moon of the earth has an orbit which is extraneous to that of the earth's, and the satellite revolves around the sun at the same rate of speed as the earth, always keeping on the side of the earth opposite to that of the sun. It is therefore always within the cone of deep shadow formed by the earth, and as it does not receive any portion of the direct light of the sun it is consequently invisible to us, just as is the visible moon when it is eclipsed in the earth's shadow. The exact size or diameter of the invisible moon cannot now be definitely stated, inasmuch as its peculiar situation renders it always obscured from optical measurement. Its mass has, however, been calculated by computing the effect it produces in swaying the earth and the visible moon, and is placed at about one thousandth that of the earth, or 6,000,000,000,000,000,000 tons. Supposing its intensity to be equal to that of our visible moon, which is three and a half times that of water, it would be somewhere about fifteen hundred miles in diameter. Its axial revolution is yet unknown.



THE "WABBLE" OF THE NORTH POLE.

In one way only can ocular demonstration be had of the existence of our invisible satellite, and that is found in the occulation of stars caused by its passage between them and the earth. Such phenomena could only be momentary, and by reason of its extreme briefness may be well overlooked even by trained observers specially on watch for such occurrences. It is, however, no infrequent thing for for such phenomenon to receive notice.

A wonderful field of speculation is opened up by the latest discovery. Is the invisible satellite a portion of the original earth as is the visible moon now supposed to be? Why does it not revolve around the earth? Has magnetism or electricity any part in causing it to maintain its position? Is it receding from the earth? [Its distance is now about 1,600,000 miles from the earth.] Is it some wandering body like a comet which has fallen within the scope of the earth's attraction and held captive to our ball? These and many other questions of like character naturally present themselves. They will undoubtedly stimulate research into cosmical phenomena to a greater degree than ever before.

DRAWN BY A BIG MAGNET.

Metal Particles Now Extracted From the Eye by Its Aid.

There is in the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary a marvellous magnet of sufficient power to lift sixteen pounds, but its lifting power is as nothing when compared to its gift for saving the sight of human eyes.

Every mental worker, every iron worker, every man who works where paticles of metal of any sort fly about is likely to get such a splinter in his eye. Time was when that meant blindness, for there is no operation that ever becomes necessary to perform on any human organ which is more delicate than an operation involving the retention or loss of the eyesight.

One would think that a magnet possessing sufficient electrical attraction to lift a substance weighing sixteen pounds, with a two-inch contact, would bring anything out of an eye. It so happens that when an eye which has become the unhappy possessor of a fragment of iron or steel is brought near this magnet the present and location of the metal is immediately made manifest by a bulging of the coats of the eyeball. This is the exact spot located, and with the attraction continued at full limit the matter of the extraction o fthe particle becomes simple.

The magnet rests on a swivel, and this swivel is placed on a stand. The magnet itself is twenty-four inches from pole to pole. It is formed of two cylindrical parts, each of which is wrapped with wire. Without the wrapping one section of the magnet is about a foot in diameter. The two poles are joined by a metal bar, circular in form, its diameter being three inches, and its length the same. There extends from the outer end of each cylinder a series of top-like extensions about four inches long, which terminate with pointed pegs.

The circular bar which joins the two wrapped cylinders rests upon another bar, also circular in form, of the same diameter, upon which it swings by means of a swivel. This bar rests upon a wooden platform eight inches square, at each corner of which is a peg, knobbed at the top. To each of these pegs an electric wire is fastened, and every wire extends up along the wall near which the magnet stands.

HUGE MAGNET AT WORK.

The eight-inch platform rests on a square block about three inches in height, and it in turn rests upon a table which is about two feet square.

When a patient comes to the doctor, under the old method, to be treated for an injury to the eye he is seated in a chair with a headrest, facing a good light. The doctor first steadies the eyeball with the thumb and forefinger of his left hand. Should he discover that the bit of metal is very minute and not to be readily seen, he calls an assistant, who focusses the light upon the eye by means of a large six inch reading lens. When he finds that the particle can be seen nicely he takes the gourge of the bistoury, the two dainty and yet terrorizing instruments of the eye specialist, and with the point of either he makes an insertion beneath the particle, and in a moment, if the surgeon is skillful, the metal is out upon the surface.

It must not be understtod that the use of the magnet renders altogether unnecessary the instruments referred to. The attraction of the magnet causes the surface of the eyeball beneath which the bit of metal is lodged to bulge out, showing the exact position of the particle. This is where the surgeon finds it necessary to use the gouge or the bistoury, just as in an operation where the magnet was not used. The advantage in this case is found in the fact that there is no delay or doubt as to the location of the offending particle.

How is it when the particle merely adheres to the surface of the eyeball instead of penetrating the tissue in great degree? Eye an magnet are brought into juxtaposition. The eyeball is bared to the full extent of the electric current. In less time than an eye twinkles the particle as if endowed with life, fairly leaps from the eyeball to the magnet's surface.

Modern Son-in-Law.

She—You won't object to having dear mamma live with us after we are married, will you?

He (a young doctor)—Not at all. In fact, she will be most welcome.

She—It's so good of you to say so!

He—Not at all. You see, she is always ailing, and I really need somebody to experiment on.—Comic Cuts.

A Hereditary Liar.

Mrs. Jackson—Dat's sebenteen lies yo's tole me toeday, all diffrunt. Yo' am a reg'lar rapskillion.

'Rastus Jackson—W-whad am a rapskillion, mammy?

Mrs. Jackson—A rapskillion am a young 'un dat's got his fadder's blood in him—dat's whad a rapskillion am.—Judge.

The Test That Tells.

Thomas—How do you know that Bramley's wife is the head of the family?

Horton—Didn't she come into the office yesterday with all the bundles that she had bought and leave them for him to carry home at night And did he forget any of them?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Latter Victorian or Scotch Age.

Editor—We'll have to get a more up-to-date story writer.

Author—What's the matter?

Editor—Why, here you have, "The earl dashed off a glass of wine." Now, sir, you're supposed to know that that should be hot Scotch.

The Essence of Selfishness.

Mamma—I don't see why you call Daisy Martin selfish. I think she is a very nice little girl.

Ethel—Oh, mamma, but she is selfish. She's always at the head of the class, and she won't let any of the rest of us be.

About Time For It.

He—Did you get the message I sent you yet?

She—Why, no. What do you mean?

He—It ought to be here any minute now. I sent it by a messenger boy.

THE HOUSEHOLD WORLD

ECONOMY.

Simon's Wife Says a Few Words on a Hackneyed Subject.

The other morning Simon sat by the cook stove warming some bridle bits, while I was salting a mess of butter, and happened to notice that the bowl was cracked so that unless it was tipped just so it would leak. He seemed surprised, and asked when it got cracked. I told him the very first time I ever used it; and was surprised myself to find, on counting up, that it was 20 years ago. But bothering with it all that time I had saved ten cents.

The next day we went off to visit some people worth a good deal more than we are, and it did me good to see them using a chopping bowl still worse than that. It had been split clean through and was fastened together at each edge with wire put through holes. I hadn't asked how long it had been that way, but thought from the skill with which it was managed, that it must have been a good many years.

Such things make a woman's labor look very cheap.

When we butcher, I never bother to pick the entrails very closely, because I can't see how it pays. Simon said, once, that his mother never threw away so much fat. I told him his mother never had hens lay in winter either, and, for once, he didn't argue with me. I calculated the grease left on is worth more to turn into eggs than lard; and easier for me. A great deal of what we call economy is no economy at all.

By keeping the hens in a warm place and feeding them as near as I can, the same kind of food they get in summer, I have eggs to sell all winter, and that is ever so much better than to feed a lot of fowls while they do nothing. When I hear people complain that their hens don't lay, I do enjoy telling them how well ours are doing. I notice, too, that it makes Simon feel a little sour to see any one bring a bigger basket of eggs into the store than we have. I never like to have him give figures on the hen business, though, for he is quite apt to get them too high. Willie gathers the eggs at a penny a dozen, and keeps account on the margin of an almanac, so we know just how many we get. Last year we kept 60 to 70 fowls, received 350 dozen eggs, and sold $10 worth of chickens. Our conveniences are just ordinary, so we think that pretty fair.

A man can make money, or at least he always thinks he can, but it takes a woman for steady saving. Last summer when Simon was in the city he bought an express wagon for Willie. Paid a dollar for it, and instead of bringing it home with him as I should have done, he paid 60 cents to have it sent by express. I couldn't get over that for several days. Nothing we were selling brought any price, and I kept seeing something we needed about the house that the 60 cents would have bought. I finally tried to offset it by mending up my old dishpan instead of getting a new one, as I had planned to do.

I wonder if any woman makes out to get much real help from her girls. There is always something about their clothes to fix, so much ironing, company, and going. I want Lou to go out, look like others, and have a good time. She can never be young but once, and I have to make believe a whole lot about the help she is, especially to people who don't know anything about a child, nor see any good to be had from it except work. The worst of it is, I can't even complain of being tired lately, without hearing from Simon that I ought to get more work from Lou, and that if I don't look out she will grow up perfectly worthless.

I think I have to "look out" enough without any extra urging. I look out, in, around, and in every other direction so much and at the same time, that my mind feels twisted, my thoughts run on a bias, and I wonder that I am not cross-eyed.—Simon's Wife, in Detroit Free Press.

The Best Bread.

The best bread is made with flour, salt, water, yeast, a little butter, and, perhaps, a little sugar, to help fermentation. Fermentation should only be long enough to render the bread so light that it can easily be masticated. The loaves should be in such form that the heat will penetrate to the centre readily, and each loaf should be baked long enough to cook the starch thoroughly, and thus give a rich, brown, nutty-flavored crust.

There is really no French bread in this country. The secret of the genuine French bread lies in the fact that the dough is worked without the use of much dry flour. It is not allowed to rise too much. The loaves give as much crust as crumb. The French loaf is only good the first or second day. This is because the kneading in such bread is not enough to make the dough smooth and fine grained.

The more the dough is kneaded, the finer and closer grained will be the loaf. Such a loaf will be more tender and will keep soft longer than a loaf which has had but little kneading. There should never be any chilling of the loaf before the dough has thoroughly risen. After the dough has risen, a little chilling greatly improves it. A loaf should not be permitted to rise more than double the size of the dough, and the heat should be just sufficient nicely to brown the crust. Then, if the bread is allowed to cool in a slight draught, it will keep sweet for a long time.

If bread is correctly made it will keep in excellent condition for two weeks. Correctly made bread never gets stale in two or three days' time. —From a lecture by Miss Parloa.

Books in the Guest Room.

In preparing a room for a guest, if only for a few days, do not neglect to place a variety of books at her disposal. If there is no book shelf in the room, books and magazines should be placed on a low table near the window, and care should be taken to have the books bright and readable and the magazines new, and all the better for being uncut.

Many a visitor has gone through tortured, sleepless nights in a strange house with not a line of reading matter to be gotten at.

While Waiting for the Plumber.

In case of a sudden leak, and when it is quite evident that the plumber will not be as impatient to get to you as you are to have him, mix some yellow soap and whiting with enough water to make a thick paste, and stop up the leak yourself. It will do temporarily as well as solder.

That's Why.

Harkins (to the waiter)—Would you mind telling me just why this is called spring chicken?

Waiter—'Cause dat am its name, sah.

A Family Broken Up.

Sprocket—Is it true Wobbles' family was broken up by the bicycle?

Gear—Badly—her arm and his collar bone.

You think of Scott's Emulsion as only for those who have consumption or who have inherited a tendency to it. Almost its greatest use is for those whose condition is so impaired as not to be able to get the good they should out of their ordinary food. In nearly every case with these, Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil brings back appetite, stimulates digestion, restores color and plumpness, and controls the diseases of thinness. Book about it, free,

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report in a letter that Pyny-Pectoral cured Mrs. C. Garceau of chronic cold in chest and bronchial tubes, and also cured W. G. McComber of a long-standing cold.

MR. J. H. HUTTY, Chemist,
528 Yonge St., Toronto, writes:
"As a general cough and lung syrup Pyny-Pectoral is a most invaluable preparation. It has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have tried it, many having spoken to me of the benefits derived from its use in their families. It is suitable for old or young, being pleasant to the taste. Its sale with me has been wonderful, and I can always recommend it as a safe and reliable cough medicine."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

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UNDER and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, default having been made in the payment thereof, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the City Hall in the City of Belleville on Wednesday, the 21st day of April 1897 at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, that valuable residence premises in the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario being composed of Lot number Nine (9) on the North side of Moira street as laid down on the plan of Bleecker's Grove registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1848.

This property is very conveniently situated to the business part of the city, and upon the same is a good brick house and a good barn, and there is a nice garden lot in connection therewith fronting upon Moira street upon which another house could be built if desired.

TERMS OF SALE.

10 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, a further sum of 25 per cent of said purchase money within 30 days thereafter. The balance of said purchase money can either be paid in cash or a mortgage may be given therefor at six per cent interest payable as provided by the conditions of sale of said land, interest to be payable at said rate upon all unpaid purchase money from the day of sale.

For further particulars apply to Francis S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville.

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"LET GOD BE TRUE."

REV. DR. TALMAGE ON THE PLAGUE OF INFIDELITY.

Some Evidences That the Christian Religion Is Anything But a Huge Blunder—The Fruits of the Spirit—God's Veracity.

REV. DR. TALMAGE preached on Sunday on "The Plague of Infidelity," taking for his text Romans 3, 4: "Let God be true, but every man a liar."

That is, if God says one thing and the whole human race the opposite, Paul would accept the Divine veracity. But there are many in our time who have dared arraign the Almighty for falsehood. Infidelity is not only a plague, but is the Mother of Plagues.

It seems from what we hear on all sides that the Christian religion is a huge blunder; that the Mosaic account of the creation is an absurdity large enough to throw all nations into rollicking guffaw; that Adam and Eve never existed; that the ancient flood and Noah's Ark were impossibilities; that there never was a miracle, that the Bible is the friend of cruelty, of murder, of polygamy, of all forms of base crime; that the Christian religion is woman's tyrant and man's stultification; that the Bible from lid to lid is a fable, a cruelty, a humbug, a sham, a lie; that the martyrs who died for its truth were miserable dupes, that the Church of Jesus Christ is properly gazetted as a fool; that when Thomas Carlyle, the sceptic, said: "The Bible is a noble book," he was dropping into imbecility; that when Theodore Parker declared in Music Hall, Boston, "Never a boy or girl in all Christendom, but was profited by that great book," he was becoming very weak-minded; that it is something to bring a blush to the cheek of every patriot, that John Adams, the father of American independence, declared, "The Bible is the best book in all the world," and that lion-hearted Andrew Jackson turned into a snivelling coward when he said, "That book, sir, is the rock on which our Republic rests;" and that Daniel Webster abdicated the throne of his intellectual power and resigned his logic, and from being the great expounder of the Constitution and the great lawyer of his age, turned into an idiot, when he said, "My heart assures and reassures me that the Gospel of Jesus Christ must be a Divine reality. From the time that at my brother's feet, or on my father's knee I first learned to lisp verses from the sacred writing, they have been my daily study and vigilant contemplation, and if there is anything in my style or thought to be commended, the credit is due to my kind parents in instilling into my mind an early love of the scriptures;" and that William H. Seward, the diplomatist of the century, only showed his puerility when he declared, "The whole hope of human progress is suspended on the ever growing influence of the Bible;" and that it is wisest for us to take that book from the throne in the affections of uncounted multitudes and put it under our feet to be trampled upon by hatred and hissing contempt; and that your old father was hoodwinked, and cajoled, and cheated, and befooled, when he leaned on this as a staff after his hair grew gray, and his hands were tremulous, and his steps shortened as he came up to the verge of the grave; and that your mother sat with a pack of lies on her lap while reading of the better country, and of the ending of all our aches and pains and reunion not only with those of you who stood around her, but of the children she had buried with infinite heartache, so that she could read no more until she took off her spectacles, and wiped from them the mist of many tears. Alas! that for forty and fifty years they should have walked under this delusion and had it under their pillow when they lay a-dying in the back room, and asked that some words from the old book might be cut upon the tombstone under the shadow of the old country meeting-house where they sleep to-day waiting for a resurrection that will never come. This book, having deceived them, and having deceived the mighty intellects of the past, must not be allowed to deceive our larger, mightier, vaster, more stupendous intellects. And so out with the book from the court-room where it is used in the solemnization of testimony. Out with it from under the foundation of Church and asylum. Out with it from the domestic circle. Gather together all the Bibles—the children's Bibles, the family Bibles, those newly bound, and those with lid nearly worn out and pages almost obliterated by the fingers long ago turned to dust—bring them all together and let us make a bonfire of them, and by it warm our cold criticism, and after that turn under with the ploughshare of public indignation the polluted ashes of that loathsome, adulterous, obscene, cruel and deathful book which is so antagonistic to man's liberty and woman's honor, and the world's happiness.

Now that is the substance of what infidelity proposes and declares, and the attack on the Bible is accompanied by great jocosity and there is hardly any subject about which more mirth is kindled than about the Bible. I like fun; no man was ever built with a keener appreciation of it. But there is a laughter which is deathful, there is a laughter which has the redound of despair. It is not healthy to giggle about God, or chuckle about eternity or smirk about the things of the immortal soul.

First, I cannot be an infidel because infidelity has no good substitute for the consolation it proposes to take away. You know there are millions of people who get their chief consolation from this book. What would you think of a crusade of this sort? Suppose a man should resolve that he would organize a conspiracy to destroy all the medicines from all the apothecaries and from all the hospitals of the earth. The work is done. The medicines are taken, and they are thrown into the river or the lake or the sea. A patient wakes up at midnight in a paroxysm of distress, and wants an anodyne. "Oh," says the nurse, "the anodynes are all destroyed; we have no drops to give you, but instead of that I'll read you a book on the absurdities of morphine, and on the absurdities of all remedies." But the man continues to writhe in pain, and the nurse says: "I'll continue to read you some discourses on anodynes, the cruelties of anodynes, the indecencies of anodynes, the absurdities of anodynes. For your groan I'll give you a laugh." Here in the hospital is a patient having a gangrened limb amputated. He says: "Oh, for ether. Oh, for chloroform." The doctors say: "Why, they are all destroyed; we don't have any more chloroform or ether; but I have got something a great deal better. I'll read you a pamphlet against James Y. Simpson, the discoverer of chloroform as an anæsthetic, and against Doctors Agnew, and Hamilton, and Hosack, and Mott, and Harvey, and Abernethy." "but," says the man, "I must have some anæsthetics." "No," say the doctors, "they are all destroyed, but we have something a great deal better." "What is that?" "Fun." Fun about medicines. Lie down, all ye patients in Bellevue Hospital, and stop your groaning—all ye broken-hearted of all the cities, and stop your crying; we have the Catholicon at last! Here is a dose of wit; here is a strengthening plaster of sarcasm, here is a bottle of ribaldry that you are to keep well shaken up and take a spoonful of it after each meal, and if that does not cure you, here is a solution of blasphemy in which you may bathe, and here is a tincture of derision. Tickle the skeleton of death with a repartee! Make the King of Terrors cackle! For all the agonies of all the ages, a joke! Millions of people willing with uplifted hands toward heaven to affirm that the Gospel of Jesus Christ is full of consolation for them, and yet infidelity proposes to take it away, giving nothing, absolutely nothing, except fun. Is there any greater height, or depth, or length, or breadth, or immensity of meanness in all God's universe?

Infidelity is a religion of "Don't know." Is there a God? Don't know! If we should meet each other in the future world will we recognize each other? Don't know! A religion of "don't know" for the religion of "I know." "I know in whom I have believed." "I know that my Redeemer liveth." Infidelity proposes to substitute a religion of awful negatives for our religion of glorious positives showing right before us a world of reunion and ecstacy, and high companionship and glorious worship, and stupendous victory, the mightiest joy of earth not high enough to reach to the base of the Himalaya of uplifted splendor awaiting all those who on wing of Christian faith will soar toward it.

Furthermore, I cannot be an infidel, because of the false charges infidelity is all the time making against the Bible. Perhaps the slander that has made the most impression and that some Christians have not been intelligent enough to deny is that the Bible favors polygamy. Does the God of the Bible uphold polygamy, or did He? How many wives did God make for Adam? He made one wife. Does not your common sense tell you when God started the marriage institution He started as He wanted to continue? If God had favored polygamy He could have created for Adam five wives, or ten wives, or twenty wives, just as easily as He made one. At the very first of the Bible God shows Himself in favor of monogamy and antagonistic to polygamy. Genesis, 2: 24 "Therefore shall a man leave his father and mother, and shall cleave unto his wife." Not his wives, but his wife. How many wives did God spare for Noah in the ark? Two and two the birds; two and two the cattle; two and two the lions; two and two the human race. If the God of the Bible had favored a multiplicity of wives, He would have spared a plurality of wives. When God first launched the human race He gave Adam one wife. At the second launching of the human race He spares for Noah one wife, for Ham one wife, for Shem one wife, for Japhet one wife. Does that look as though God favored polygamy? In Leviticus, 18: 18, God thunders His prohibition of more than one wife.

God permitted polygamy. Yes; just as He permits to-day murder and theft and arson and all kinds of crime. He permits these things as you well know, but He does not sanction them? Because the Presidents of the United States have permitted polygamy in Utah, you are not, therefore, to conclude that they patronized it, that they approved it, when, on the contrary, they denounced it. All of God's Ancient Israel knew that the God of the Bible was against polygamy, for in the four hundred and thirty years of their stay in Egypt there is only one case of polygamy recorded—only one. All the mighty of the Bible stood aloof from polygamy except those who, falling into crime, were chastised within an inch of their lives. Adam, Aaron, Noah, Joseph, Joshua, Samuel, monogamists. But you say: "Didn't David and Solomon favor polygamy?" yes, and did they not get well punished for it? Read the lives of those two men and you will come to the conclusion that all the attributes of God's nature were against their behavior. David suffered for his crimes in the caverns of Adullam and Messada, in the wilderness of Manhanaim, in the bereavements of Ziklag. The Bedouins after him, sickness after him, Absalom after him, Ahithopel after him, Adonijah after him, the Edomites after him, the Syrians after him, the Moabites after him, death after him, the Lord God Almighty after him. The poorest peasant in all the empire married to the plainest Jewess was happier than the king in his marital misbehavior. How did Solomon get along with polygamy? Read his warnings in Proverbs, read his self-disgust in Ecclesiastes. He throws up his hands in loathing, and cries out: "Vanity of Vanities, all is vanity." His seven hundred wives nearly pestered the life out of him. Solomon got well paid for his crimes—well paid. I repeat that all the mighty men of the Scriptures were aloof from polygamy, save as they were pounded and flailed and cut to pieces for their insult to holy marriage. If the Bible is the friend of polygamy why is it that in all the lands where the Bible predominates, polygamy is forbidden, and in the land where there is no Bible it is favored? Polygamy all over China, all over India, all over Africa, all over Persia, all over heathendom, save as the missionaries have done their work; while polygamy does not exist in England and the United States except in defiance of law. The Bible abroad, God honored monogamy. The Bible not abroad, God abhorred polygamy.

Another false charge which infidelity has made against the Bible is that it is antagonistic to woman, that it enjoins her degradation and belittles her mission. Under this impression many women have been overcome of this Plague of Infidelity. Is the Bible the enemy of woman? Come into the picture gallery, the Louvre, the Luxembourg of the Bible, and see which pictures are the more honored. Here is Eve a perfect woman, as perfect a woman as could be made by a perfect God. Here is Deborah, with her womanly arm hurling a host into the battle. Here is Miriam, leading the Israelitish orchestra on the Banks of the Red Sea. Here is motherly Hannah, with her own loving hand replenishing the wardrobe of her son Samuel, the prophet. Here is Abigail, kneeling at the foot of the mountain until the four hundred wrathful men, at the sight of her beauty and prowess, halt, halt—a hurricane stopped at the sight of a water lily, a dewdrop dashing back Niagara. Here is Ruth putting to shame all the modern slang about mothers-in-law as she turns her back on her home and her country, and faces wild beasts and exile and death, that she may be with Naomi, her husband's mother. Ruth, the Queen of the harvest fields. Ruth, the grandmother of David. Ruth, the ancestress of Jesus Christ. The story of her virtues and her life-sacrifices, the most beautiful pastoral ever written. Here is Vashti, defying the bacchanal of a thousand drunken lords, and Esther, willing to throw her life away that she may deliver her people. And here is Dorcas, the sunlight of eternal fame gilding her philanthropic needle, and the woman with perfume in a box made from the hills of Alabastron, pouring the holy chrism on the head of Christ, the aroma lingering all down the corridor of the centuries. Here is Lydia, the merchantess of Tyrian purple, immortalized for her Christian behavior. Here is the widow with two mites, more famous than the Peabodys and the Lenoxes of all the ages, while here comes in slow of gait and with careful attendants and with especial honor and high favor, leaning on the arm of inspiration, one who is the joy and pride of any home so rarely fortunate as to have one, an old Christian grandmother, Grandmother Lois. Who has more worshippers to-day than any being that ever lived on earth, accept Jesus Christ? Mary. For what purpose did Christ perform his first miracle upon earth? To relieve the embarrassment of a womanly housekeeper at the falling short of a beverage. Why did Christ break up the silence of the tomb, and tear off the shroud and rip up the rocks? It was to stop the bereavement of the two Bethany sisters. For whose comfort was Christ most anxious in the hour of dying excruciation? For a woman, an old woman, a wrinkle-faced woman, a woman who in other days had held Him in her arms, His first friend, His last friend, as it was very apt to be, His mother. All the pathos of the ages compressed into one utterance, "Behold thy mother." Does the Bible antagonize woman?

Furthermore, rather than invite I resist this Plague of Infidelity because it has wrought no positive good for the world, and is always a hindrance. I ask you to mention the names of the merciful and the educational institutions which infidelity founded and is supporting, and has supported all the way through; institutions pronounced against God and the Christian religion, and yet pronounced in behalf of suffering humanity. What are the names of them?

There stands Christianity. There stands Infidelity. Compare what they have done. Compare their resources. There is Christianity, a prayer on her lip, a benediction on her brow; both hands full of help for all who want help; the mother of thousands of colleges; the mother of thousands of asylums for the oppressed, the blind, the sick, the lame, the imbecile; the mother of missions for the bringing back of the outcast; the mother of thousands of reformatory institutions for the saving of the lost; the mother of innumerable Sabbath Schools bringing millions of children under a drill to prepare them for respectability and usefulness to say nothing of the great future. This is Christianity.

Here is Infidelity; no prayer on her lips, no benediction on her brow, both hands clenched—what for? To fight Christianity. That is the entire business. The complete mission of Infidelity to fight Christianity. Where are her schools, her colleges, her asylums of mercy?

Is Infidelity so poor, so starving, so mean, so useless? Get out, you miserable pauper of the universe! Crawl into some rat hole of everlasting nothingness. Infidelity standing to-day amid the suffering, groaning, dying nations and yet doing absolutely nothing, save trying to impede those who are toiling until they fall exhausted into their graves in trying to make the world better. Gather up all the merciful work that Infidelity has ever done, add it all together and there is not so much nobility in it as in the smallest head of that sister of charity who last night went up the dark alley of the town, put a jar of jelly for an invalid appetite on a broken stand, and then knelt on the bare floor, praying the mercy of Christ upon the dying soul.

Infidelity scrapes no lint for the wounded, bakes no bread for the hungry, shakes up no comfort for the sick, rouses no comfort for the bereft, gilds no grave for the dead. While Christ, our Christ, our wounded Christ, the Christ of the old-fashioned Bible—blessed be His glorious name forever! our Christ stands this hour pointing to the hospital, or to the asylum, saying, "I was sick and ye gave Me a couch, I was lame and ye gave Me a crutch, I was blind and ye physicianed My eyesight, I was orphaned and ye mothered My soul, I was lost on the mountains and ye brought Me home; inasmuch as he did it to one of the least of these, ye did it to Me."

THE COST OF LIVING.

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF WORK AND WAGES.

British Workmen Earn More and Pay Less Taxes Than Those of Any Other European Country—A Comparison Between Different Kinds of Workers.

The workmen of the world differ greatly from one another, not only in the amount of wages they earn, but also in the share they contribute to the maintenance of the Government of the country of their adoption or birth, says The London, Eng., Daily Mail. The taxes that chiefly affect the working classes in this country are the indirect taxes, customs, excise and stamps, while the direct taxes, land and house duty and income tax, scarcely touch them at all. The proportion in other countries between direct and indirect taxation must be borne in mind when considering the relative condition of the English worker and his continental rivals. The following table show at a glance the relation between the different sources of taxation

Great Britain. France. Belgium.
United States. Germany. Russia.
THE WORKINGMAN ACCORDING TO THE PURCHASING POWER OF HIS EARNINGS.

	Indirect.	Direct.	Other Sources.
England	72	15	13
France	46	16	38
Germany	11	25	64
Russia	49	25	26

Before considering the figures of different countries, it will be interesting to see what share of Imperial and municipal government the workman contributes. Out of every pound he pays:

	s.	d.
Interest on National Debt	6	0
Army and Navy	5	9
Poor Relief	3	3
Administration of Justice	1	9
Drainage	0	9
Lighting, etc.	0	9
Public Works	0	5
Education	0	5
Annuities	0	4
Miscellaneous	0	4
Civil List and Pensions	0	1½
Highways	0	1
The Queen	0	0¾
	£1 0	0

But there is no absolute equality of taxation even in our own country, for the taxation varies in inverse proportion to the amount of income. Dividing taxes into the following classes, Mr. T. E. C. Leslie gives the following percentages in taxes paid by a man earning respectively per year:

Tax.	£40.	£85	£500
On necessaries	4 1	4 7	0 8
On luxuries	5 5	4 1	1 8
On direct taxes	. .	. .	2 7
Legacy and probate	. .	. .	0 8
Rates and tolls	2 5	2 4	2 8
Total taxation	12 1	12 2	8 9

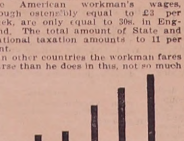
Again, the agricultural laborer will pay but 39s. a year in rates and taxes, while his fellow-worker in the town will contribute as much on the average as £7 4s. 3d. A diligent and thrifty laborer with an income under £150, who neither drinks nor smokes, pays little or nothing for taxation, while another indulging in these pretty freely contributes very largely to it. All these various statistics must be taken into consideration before a just average of the workers' taxes can be struck, but in all the countries of Europe, a workman's expenditure is apportioned as follows:

Food and drink	60	per cent.
Rent	9	"
Fire and lighting	6	"
Clothing	13	"
Sundries	12	"

The average working-class income of the United Kingdom has been estimated at £400,000,000. If 40 per cent. of this is deducted, as representing the very minimum cost of living, the amount of taxable income will be reduced to £240,000,000, and the £30,000,000 taxes paid by the working classes will constitute a burden on such incomes to the extent of 12 1-2 per cent.

In the United States the average income may be taken as two and a half dollars a day—i.e., ten shillings a day, but the purchasing power of money is only half of what it is in England, while rent is higher, so that the average American workman's wages, though ostensibly equal to £3 per week, are only equal to 30s. in England. The total amount of State and National taxation amounts to 11 per cent.

In other countries the workman fares worse than he does in this, not so much from the total burden as from the nature of the taxes. In France, on an average, we may calculate the wages of men at 2 1-2 francs a day, and 1 1-4 franc for women, for 300 days in the year, and if the number of earners be as one in every two, their earnings would be about £320,000,000, which with a reduction of 40 per cent., would give a taxable income of £186,000,000. Assuming this portion now to amount to 68 per cent., the amount falling on the workers is £42,000,000, the proportion being 31s. per head, or very nearly 22 per cent. on their taxable income.



Great Britain. United States and Belgium. France. Germany. Russia.
COMPARATIVE SCALE OF TAXES PAID BY WORKINGMEN.

In Germany the working classes number 55 per cent. of the population, though the wages are not high. Prussia alone in a return given £8,700,000 as not falling on real property, and her local taxes amount to £4,300,000. Estimating that 55 per cent. of these taxes fall on the workers, there will be a large margin left for the incidence of state monopolies, etc. Excluding the latter, the Prussian, and he may be taken as typical of the German workman, contributes 6 3-4 per cent. With the state taxation his burden may be calculated to reach 17 per cent.

The taxation of Russia amounts to £18,000,000. Taking the working or lower classes of Russia to represent nine tenths of the population, £13,000,000 of taxation will fall upon them; in other words, 14s. 4d. per head, or 26 per cent. on the taxable income. A large portion of the revenue is derived from the liquor tax—almost a third. In fact—otherwise the customs produces only £5,000,000, and other taxes producing a similar amount are of a trifling character, when the enormous area and population of the empire are considered.

In Belgium the workers and their families form at least 75 per cent. of the population. Their total income amounts to £45,000,000, and with the deduction of 40 per cent., the taxable income is £27,000,000. Exclusive of taxes, mortgages, stamps, etc., the taxes in which the workers participat amount in all to £5400,000, and if 75 per cent. of these be taken as absolutely falling upon them, the burden will be £4,300,000, giving a proportion of 25s. per head and about 15 per cent. on the income of such classes.

The general result of this estimate of different countries would seem therefore to be as follows:

	Per head. s. d.	Per cent. on inco'es
Great Britain	28 7	12½
United States	36 4	17
France	31 0	22
Belgium	25 0	17
Germany	22 0	20
Russia	14 4	26

Though th above figures prove so unmistakably how good it is to be born an Englishman, it must not be forgotten that military service in all European countries is a very heavy tax that does not appear in the load the workers of these countries have to carry. The obligation to give some of the best years of life to a service from which the parties themselves derive the barest livelihood, and the families are neglected, is a demand not made upon any workingman in the United Kingdom. He payes taxes, 'tis true but the real cost of government is far less in amount than elsewhere, and apart from the interest on the National Debt and Army and Navy, the remaining taxation is devoted to such items as education, lighting, drainage, etc., in the advantages of which every individual participates, and which also are controlled by the taxpayers' own representatives in the House of Commons.

THE BRITISH MUSEUM.

The Bewildering Maze of the Manuscript Room.

In the bewildering maze of the British Museum, where many miles of shelves and cases are filled with world's treasures, there is one little room that attracts a greater number of visitors than any other. The crowds that throng about the cases in this room are composed of persons of curiously diverse characteristics. It is a center of interest for scholars and literary people, and yet seems as attractive to the least learned of the visitors. This is the room which contains the department of autographs and manuscripts, and the treasures within it are perhaps the most humanly interesting in the whole museum.

Here are all manner of writings by the hands of the world's greatest men of many ages and countries. There are personal letters of kings and popes, queens, ministers and courtiers, whose names in history, in story, and in song seem not to stand for real men and women, but rather for legendary beings, and these letters reveal in some homely phrase or bit of simple sentiment a touch of human nature which seems to make the more akin to those who curiously scan the documents today. Here one may come, as it seems, to actual acquaintance with the most notable of the characters in Shakespeare's historical dramas, and get a new reading, in the quaint original, of passages in his works. Here are charters and state papers that tell volumes of history in a few lines; letters of the great religious reformers, of statesmen, generals, poets and composers. These autograph documents, many of them letters from husband to wife or lover to sweetheart, show famous personages in a very different light from that in which they are commonly seen in the pages of history.—D. C. MacDonald, in March Lippincott's.

The Polar Snow Cap of Mars.

We have received the following information from America: "A telegram received at Harvard observatory on Jan. 11, from Lowell observatory, now located near the City of Mexico, says that a rift has been observed since Jan. 7 in the north polar cap of Mars in longitude 40." This "rift" is probably similar to those observed at the opposition of 1894, in the southern cap. Prof. W. H. Pickering, with a six-inch telescope, found one on May 22, crossing the cap from longitude 330 to 170. This grew considerable in size, measurements made on June 6 and 15 indicating a width of 100 and 350 miles, respectively. Mr. Douglas also during the same month—June 10—detected a second and third rift, the latter running from longitude 170 to 90. The sequence of phenomena observed seems to indicate that they are due to the lower levels at the poles being uncovered. In this way, as the snow belts, the bare ground is exposed, appearing dark in contrast to the snow still lying on the more elevated heights. Their broadening is then a natural result of the departing snow, and indicates that the polar cap is at the time in a far-advanced state of disintegration.—Nature.

A Remarkable Mathematician.

Zerah Colburn, born in 1804, was the most remarkable natural mathematician ever known. He was able to raise eight to the sixteenth power, this comprising fifteen figures, and was right in every particular. Once he was requested to name the factors which produced the number 247,483, and immediately gave the correct answer. He was asked the square root of 106,929, and before the figures could be written down he gave the answer.

Transparent Sea.

In the neighborhood of the Bermudas the sea is extremely transparent, so that the fishermen can readily see the horns of lobsters protruding from their hiding-places in the rocks at considerable depths. To entice the crustaceans from these crannies they tie a lot of snails in a ball and dangle them in front of the cautious lobster. When he grabs the ball they haul him up.

The Consumption of Horseflesh.

Horseflesh appears to be largely consumed in the larger towns of Germany. Last year 7020 horses were slaughtered in Berlin and 2284 in Breslau, while more than 1000 were sold at Munich, Dresden, Magdeburg and Cologne, respectively. The total number of horses slaughtered and consumed in Germany in 1896 amounted to 18,164.

Its Glory Gone

The popularity of North Dakota as a haven for those desiring quick divorces will probably take a sudden and immediate drop. The Legislature has passed a law making one year the minimum length of residence in the state necessary before action for divorce can be begun. The old limit was three months.

The Color of Snakes.

The color of the serpent depends upon that of the scales which cover the true skin. These are of almost every shade, but, in general, resemble that of objects in the localities most commonly inhabited.

TO MAKE HOME AN IDEAL HOME.

THE PROGRAM FOR A SCHOOL OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMICS.

A Society Established to Deal With These Problems—Suggestions For Housewives—A Curriculum Suggested Consisting of 18 Lessons

The National Household Economic Association has for its object to teach the science of home-making. In speaking of its aims the other day, Mrs. Shailer, the vice-president for New York State, said she hoped to awaken women to the need of trained servants, which she believes are quite as possible as trained nurses, and equally as necessary.

"The ordinary woman does not realize that housekeeping is a science," said Mrs. Shailer, "whose ramifications touch the moral and spiritual no less than the physical organism. Household economics mean no more to her than suggestions about baking and brewing, dressing the children and managing the servants.

"It is this careless comprehension of the subject which has retarded the work of the association. The wall of incredulity and conservatism, obstinately planted upon tradition, with ately planted upon tradition, with which we have met has not yet been penetrated."

Dr. Green suggests that an appeal should be made to each woman's organization to inaugurate a department of household economies; this not to be a temporary, but a permanent, department of club work, to be carried on year after year, as thoroughly and systematically as literature, art or science.

In substitution for this, clubs or study classes should be formed for the study of this subject. The following program is offered by her, as a suggestion for the study of household economies in such clubs or classes during the coming year:

No. 1.

The building of the home.
From cellar to attic.
The use and abuse of ornamentation.
Home keeping v. house keeping.

No. 2.

Physical effects of light and heat.
Different methods of heating the home.
Sunshine, the light and life giver.
Ventilation and plumbing.

No. 3.

The chemistry of cookery.
Hygienic values of different methods of cooking.
How may our modern methods be improved?
How to select and purchase food.

No. 4.

Nutritive value and digestibility of food.
The advantages and disadvantages of a meat diet.
Demonstration—how to select meat.
Food values and starches, sugars and fats.
Soups and soup-making.

No. 5.

Nutritive value of fish.
Oysters and oyster culture.
Turtle, shelfish and mollusks.
The work of the Department of Fisheries.

No. 6.

The hygienic value of vegetables.
The proper cooking of vegetables, cereals and legumes.
The rationale of vegetarianism.
The Aladdin oven.

No. 7.

Milk as a food.
Butter.
Butterine.
Suet, lard and their compounds.
Cocoanut butter.

No. 8.

Cheese, the universal food.
Eggs—their food value and proper cooking.
The chafing dish—practical demonstration.
The essentials of a modern cook-book.

No. 9.

Maple sugar.
Palm sugar, sorghum and honey.
The sugar beet industry.
Jellies and marmalades.

No. 10.

Flour and other prepared cereals.
Bread, he staff of life.
Bread of different nations.
The chemistry of bread-making.
Macaroni and pastes.

No. 11.

Food value of nuts.
Fruits as food and medicine.
The fruitarian theory.
Healthful deserts.

No. 12.

The aromatic herbs.
The spices of the Orient.
Sauces, flavors and cordials.
Chilis and pickles.

No. 13.

Coffee, its history and usage.
Tea.
Chocolate and cocoa.
Mate.

No. 14.

Water.
Pure water vs. disease.
Water as a cleansing agent.
Ice and our ice supply.

No. 15.

Food of civilized Europe and America.
Food of the Esquimaux, Laps and Alaskan Indians.
Food of Asiatic peoples.
Food of the natives of the tropics.

No. 16.

Economy in the use of food.
Adulteration of food.
The theory of co-operative housekeeping.
Household science in the public schools.

No. 17.

Chemical effect of bacteria upon food.
Nature and growth of bacteria.
Bacteria as factors in disease.
The sterilization of food.

No. 18.

The life and work of Count Rumford.
Housekeeping in the twentieth century.
The science of physical culture.
Health and dress reform.

Dr. Green recommends the following books for auxiliary reading:

"Science of Nutrition."—Edward Atkinson.
"Chemistry of Cooking."—W. Mattieu Williams.
"Household Science."—Youmans.
"Atwater's Reports."—(To be ordered from the Agricultural Department, Washington, D.C.)
"Food products of the World."—Mary E. Green, M.D.

Even though women are so circumstanced as to be precluded from enjoying the advantages of a club, it is felt that private study on the above lines may do much good, and it is suggested that everywhere they try it.

The display of women's neckwear and belts in the shops is certainly a revelation of ingenuity in producing variety in these simple accessories of dress, and no one can fail to find the desired shape and color in this particular branch of fashion. The stock collar has blossomed out in all colors and is tied in stiff, narrow bows, like a man's tie; in a soft, wide one, which is more feminine, and in a full-fledged four-in-hand, which covers quite an expanse of shirt waist. The materials used are plai nsatin and plaid silks, and in light blue, pink, and white they are very attractive. Narrow ties of plaid silk are worn with the wide linen collars. All the stocks have a narrow linen collar turning over the edge, while for those to whom this is not becoming there are collars of linen lawn edged with narrow lace.

Queen Victoria's Drawing Room.

Queen Victoria's drawing room, and especially the first one of the year, is of great significance in the world of fashion in London, but this year's was one of exceptional interest, and as the Queen personally held this function the scene was one of unusual brilliancy in the costumes of the women. The Queen and the ladies in the royal circle were all dressed in black or black and white, but every color known was represented by the ladies who attended. Satin gowns, either brocaded or plain, were the rule, and many of the trains were made of velvet in some contrasting color or the same satin lined with another color, and all arranged to hang from each shoulder.

The special feature of drawing room dress was the abundance of fine real lace, some of which was of great historical value.

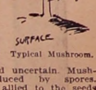
GOOD AND BAD.

A Expert Writes Interestingly of the Toadstools.

IS NO pleasanter hobby and there are many less useful than the study of edible fungi, for it carries its rider into the sunny fields and shadowy woods, up on the windy hilltops and down into the watered valleys; it gives the zest of purpose to his walks outside the city walls; it adds a delicious food to his table eight months in the year. These pleasures and the unqualified satisfaction that knowledge acquired always renders, take the sting from the pitying smiles of the uninitiated, who look upon him as a mild lunatic, who is harmless if left alone in his suicidal experiments.

The recent awakening of general interest in the subject of mycology is largely due to the work of the late Mr. Hamilton Gibson, whose skillful drawing and graphic yet untechnical writing have been of untold value in lifting the fog of Latin and Greek which hides, from minds not specially drilled, many of nature's wonderful processes. While the dread of mistaking poisonous for edible toadstools—for this word has the same meaning as mushrooms, and is equally applicable to all varieties—while this dread has caused investigation to be delayed in America, the chief reason, I believe, is the lack of any necessity for using such articles for food. In the Latin countries of Europe, where the working classes are ill-fed, a substitute for meat for years has been found in these fungus growths, the nourishing elements of which are identical with those found in animal tissue. Another striking resemblance of mushrooms to animals is found in their inhalation of oxygen and exhalation of carbon, which is a curious reversal of the usual vegetable process.

The mushroom is the most interesting and easily studied fungus. The name covers an innumerable variety of plants of low organization, which means of greater simplicity of structure and function than is found in flower bearing vegetables. Fungi, or cryptogamous plants, have no blossoms nor any organs resembling stamens or pistils, and their method of fertilization is rather obscure and uncertain. Mushrooms are reproduced by spores, which are closely allied to the seeds found in higher plant life.

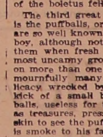


Typical Mushroom.

Mushrooms are divided into three principal families or orders, which include nearly all of those found in this country, the exceptions being a few uncommon varieties in which one member is so very prominent and the others are so very rare that to the tyro they seem to form each an order with but a single example. Two of these great divisions have the common resemblance to the umbrella, although in some mushrooms it never opens in some it is widespread, and in some it seems to have been turned inside out by the wind. There are a few examples which in the different stages of their development present progressively all these conditions.

These two great "umbrella orders" are the agarics and the polyporei, nearly all of which grow from a stem, the exceptions being seen in some tree mushrooms, commonly called lichens, and all possess the cap or pileus. The differences between agarics and polyporei are found in the under surface of this cap, which bears the spores.

The agarics, which form the largest family and the one which moves in the best society, are characterized by the spore-bearing surface being covered by thin, radiating structures called gills like knife-blades, lying side by side, which grow from the stem outward to the edge of the cap, in some varieties set close together, in others farther apart; in some of equal, and in others of unequal lengths. These differences serve as aids to identification and must be learned in individual cases; for in no study are general laws of less value or of such positive danger as in the discrimination between mushrooms. The deadly amanita, which is the only genus in which lurks the danger of agonizing and almost certain death, belongs to the order of agarics, as does also the agaricus campestris, the familiar meadow mushroom of commerce and the table.



1. Cross section of Agaricus marasmius oreades (fairy ring.)
2. Boletus felleus.

The spore-bearing surface of the polyporei (many pores) shows innumerable tiny openings which are the external endings of tubes, the length of which is shown in the cross section of the boletus felleus.

The third great order of mushrooms is the puffballs, or lycoperdaceae, which are so well known to the country small boy, although not as food. He scorns them when fresh as repulsive and almost uncanny growths, and the writer on more than one occasion has viewed mournfully many pounds of this delicacy wrecked by the contemptuous kick of a small barefoot. The mature balls, useless for the table, he regards as treasures, pressing their dry-brown skin to see the puff of spore dust which is smoke to his fancy; perhaps an unusually large specimen is preserved for grandma, who uses the dry impalpable powder to arrest nose-bleed and other hemorrhages among the large clientele which her knowledge of "roots and yarbs" brings under her care. Puffballs are all edible and are easily identified, the varieties differing mainly in size.

It will be unnecessary to give any family description of the lesser orders referred to; where our purpose of study is merely to gain a knowledge of common varieties, scientific elaboration may be left to the future. Let me, however, append a few general directions which it will be wise and safe to follow:

Always remember that there is no absolute general law for distinguishing poisonous from edible fungi—or, as the improper popular distinction has it, toadstools from mushrooms. A few of these general laws are found which are more safely left unlearned, for they have more confusing exceptions than a rule of German grammar.—Caryl B. Storrs, in Chicago Record.

The Distance of a Mile.

The ordinary mile, or statute mile, in the United States and in Great Britain is 1760 yards of three feet each, equal to 5280 feet. A geological or nautical mile is (1) the mean length of a minute of latitude, equal to 6082.66 feet; (2) the length of a minute of the meridian corresponding to the radius of the curvature of the particular latitude, varying from 6045.95 feet at the equator to 6107.85 feet at the poles; (3) the length of a minute of longitude on the equator 6087.15 feet. To remove all uncertainty the United States Coast Survey has adopted the value of the nautical mile as equal to one-sixtieth part of the length of a degree on the great circle of a sphere whose surface is equal to the surface of the earth. This value gives one nautical mile equal to 6080.27 feet, which is very nearly the value of the admiralty knot (6800 feet), adopted by the British Hydrographic office. One square mile contains 640 acres, 3,097,600 square yards, 27,878,400 square feet, and 4,014,600 square inches.—San Francisco Call.

A Floating City.

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TOO LATE.

He was my friend—but I was busy,
Yes, I was panting at my grand toil;
The days whirled by till they made me dizzy,
And all around me I piled their spoil.

He was my friend—we were boys together;
I meant to remind him of this some day;
After the stress of my heavy weather
Meant to ask him, quite out of my way.

He was my friend—a dart struck through me—
"He is dead!" came the sudden call:
He is dead!—and he never knew me—
Never knew of my love at all!

He was my friend—I thought about him,
But gave up myself to fortune's toss,
Now to my death I must do without him!
Now I am aching I know my loss!

A TRANSFORMATION.

They were a pair of lovers, respectively 6 and 10 years old. The feminine budget who acted the part of sweetheart in this drama of extreme youth was a plump but agile little miss whose cheeks were like rose-tinted velvet, and were hung about with heavy curls, the color of burnished gold; and whose long, dark lashes fringed a pair of big brown eyes that could sparkle with childish anger or melt as by their own fire into languid, irresistible looks of love and tenderness.

Mena—for that was her name—had left the nursery on the pretext of going to play in her doll house on the lawn. It was a pretentious affair of several rooms, built by a real carpenter, and furnished as completely as the paternal mansion. The playhouse stood at the rear of the yard, very near to the high board fence that marked off the lawn from the back street. Mena went through the house and out of the back door as quickly as possible. Then she pecked through a hole in the fence that had been made by punching out a knot in a board. But as this mock telescope was not an adjustable affair, her range of vision was limited, and she resorted to other means of communication. Just inside the door of her playhouse there was an apple twig, on which was tied a long, red ribbon; it was kept there for the purpose of signaling. She pushed it through the hole, and wound it around violently. It was soon seen and instantly answered, for a pair of roughshod but eager feet hastened to the spot.

"Hello, Mena," said Jimmy, pulling out the twig, and softening his voice to the most gracious tones of gallantry.

"Hello, Jimmy."

There was a silence for a moment. An embryo gust of lovers' modesty seemed to embarrass conversation. Then Mena resumed:

"Are you there, Jimmy?"

"Yes, I'm here."

"Well, I thought if you'd help me over the fence, mebbe I'd come over to play with you."

Jimmy was delighted, and hastened to unprop a board which he had lately loosened for just such occasions. Jimmy's yard was in sad contrast to that of his little butterfly playmate. The West family lived in a small frame house that spoke principally in the language of neglect and decay. The father of the family was a shiftless man, who eked out a living for himself by odd jobs, and left the main support of the family to a hard-working wife. In his miserable surroundings, Jimmy was like a fine variety of hot house plant that had accidentally come up in an uncared for garden of coarse vegetable growth. He was fine featured, well mannered, sensitive and proud. But he was only a child, and few people had occasion to consider him very deeply, and these commendable traits were obliged to wait for recognition till maturity should bring them to prominence.

The playhouse on Jimmy's side of the fence was a very crude affair. The rooms were laid off by pieces of stone and broken brick—and there was no such thing as a wall or covering. Chunks of wood and small boxes served for chairs, and the cupboard was filled with bits of broken dishes, pieces of tin bent up at the corners, and glass goblets with the standards knocked off. But to Mena's childish fancy it was like a palace of the gods. There, she and Jimmy kept house, and there never was known such ideal domestic concord as was preserved by usage in this small, make-believe household.

Mena went into raptures over the new way of getting through the fence. Now she could step through comfortably without tearing the embroidery off her frock—an accident that used invariably to accompany the route over the fence. But Mena's fortune seemed to be counterbalanced by Jimmy's ill-luck in getting the board back in its place.

"Oh, Jimmy, you've smashed your finger!" cried Mena in much distress at seeing a few drops of blood. "Does it hurt awful? Come here, and let's tie it up." Whereupon she drew out a tiny point lace handkerchief (one of her mother's she had gotten by mistake), and with a doleful look tied it around the injured member.

Jimmy stood speechless during the operation, and when Mena said, "There, now, it's all right," there was no further question about it in Jimmy's mind.

"See, I brought my bank," she said, seating herself on a long slab supported by bricks at the ends, and that was supposed to be the sofa in the parlor of their house.

Jimmy sat down with her and together they spread the coin along the board. There were nickels and quarters to the amount of several dollars and several pieces of gold. Jimmy thought of his own bank in its distressing state of insolvency—not a copper in it—and its doors closed even to its owner, for the key was lost, and he was very pensive while looking at the plentiful spread of coins before him. It seemed wonderful to have so many! His eyes rested for some time on a small gold piece, and picking it up, he said:

"I know what I'd do with that if I had it."

"What would you, Jimmy?"

"Oh, I'd buy a gun there is down town."

"Would you, really, Jimmy?"

"Yes," he said, nonchalantly, "you could shoot anything with it!"

"Could you, really, Jimmy?" queried the little maid, who never failed to vibrate in sympathy with all his wishes.

"Then you can have it, and get the gun, Jimmy," said she, pushing the coin toward him.

Just then some one was heard calling Mena's name, and hastily putting the coins back, all except the gold one she left for him, the two sat like bank robbers on the alert for detectives. In a moment the nurse was peering over the fence, and in angry voice commanded Mena to go home. After severely scolding her for disobeying her mother's command not to go into the West yard again—much to Jimmy's pain and embarrassment, but none the less to his sympathetic little admirer's—Mena was lifted over the fence and out of sight.

Jimmy stood motionless for a moment; his grief had not yet come to the surface. Suddenly, he turned and ran toward the house and up the narrow, uncarpeted stairs to his own little bedroom, where, after shutting the door quickly behind him he cried till the tears refused longer to flow. He was kneeling with his elbow leaning on the window sill, looking toward the playhouse—his trembling little frame spasmodically yielding convulsive sobs—when he saw to his astonishment that Mena was trying to attract his attention through the hole in the fence by means of the ribbon signal. He rushed down and was at his post in an instant.

"Hello, Mena, is that you?"

"Yes, it's me, Jimmy—I got an awful flipping. Here, Jimmy, take this. Good bye." She hurriedly thrust something through the hole and was gone instantly.

Jimmy picked it up. It was the little gold locket that had hung on her neck. It had always been, in Jimmy's eyes, the most beautiful thing in the world, for in the center it had a real ruby that sparkled; and then, too, it opened and on the inside there was a tiny miniature in water color—of Mena.

The next day Mena's family went to the seashore for the summer, and when they returned the West family had moved to another town.

About twelve years after the parting of these childish lovers Mena was made suddenly aware of the fact that through a chain of misfortunes the family exchequer was so reduced that she was obliged to earn her own living immediately. Her education had been carefully directed and had opportunities been at her command, she could easily have made herself independent. But accomplishments cannot always be turned into money at will, so she was obliged to look for immediate employment of whatsoever description, so long as it would bring immediate pay.

It is an unspeakable shock to a sensitive girl to be thus forced to grapple with the sordid business of life, but Mena was built of strong moral material and braced herself accordingly for the misfortune. Her family had lately removed to a large city, a considerable distance from her old home, and that, at least, seemed something of a relief, for among strangers her change of fortune was not quite so hard to bear.

By accident she heard of a wealthy commission merchant who wished the help of a young lady for light office work, and knowing that no especial experience was necessary, Mena resolved to try for it. Her misfortune was not yet enough to betray itself in her wardrobe and when she presented herself at the office of Beck & Co. no one would have suspected by her appearance that she was in need of employment. On the contrary, she caused quite a flutter of curiosity, prompted by admiration, as she passed through the main room into the private office. The senior member of the firm, Mr. Beck, was not in, but she was met by a fine looking, dignified young man who introduced himself as the junior member of the firm and who said he could act for Mr. Beck in his absence.

Mena was seated and then began to inquire about the nature of the position. After considerable interrogation from the young man she told him something of her circumstances.

During the conversation her eyes had rested on a small gold locket that hung from his watch chain.

"Pardon me," she said, looking up and smiling, "for staring so at your locket. It looks so much like one I used to have."

"Does it, indeed?" said he quietly. "It is one I have had many years." He stopped a moment, as if to give his thoughts time to go back to his childhood, then looking up half sadly, he said:

"When I was a child I was very poor, but one of my playmates was a little girl whose father was wealthy, and whose mother was a haughty woman, who forbade her coming to play with me, because we were poor and had no social position. But she used to run away and come, even though she was scolded, whipped, and even locked up for it. I remember how it hurt me to think she was punished on my account, but I loved her all the more for it. She was an idol to my childish heart, and I loved that child as I shall never love any living creature again. We were finally separated, and I have never seen her from that day to this; but she has always been a kind guardian angel to me, and I have never loved a woman because I could never find one who equaled the sweetheart of my childhood. This is her picture," said he, opening the locket.

But Mena scarcely needed to look.

"Is this really you, Jimmy?" she said eagerly, her hands stretching out involuntarily toward him.

"Yes, Mena—didn't you know me?" His eyes were shining amid the sparkle of tears—partly from wantonness of joy at seeing her and partly, perhaps, because of the pathetic reversion of their circumstances.

"Mena, do you remember the last day you came to see me—the day you brought your bank?" said he, crossing the room, and opening the heavy doors of a large safe. "You remember, I didn't have a bank in those days. I have never forgotten that day, Mena; it was the happiest and the saddest of my life."

He had taken a jewel box from one of the drawers of the safe, and took from it a dainty handkerchief of fine old lace.

"Do you recognize that, Mena?" he asked, holding it up.

"And here is the little gold dollar you gave me to buy the gun with. Do you remember that? I wouldn't have spent it for forty guns—not after that day! I wanted to keep everything you had given me. They have always been my most valuable possessions."

Mena began to laugh and talk about their housekeeping days, and all the good times they used to have, utterly forgetting her present self. But finally she remembered where she was, and, becoming suddenly serious, she said coldly: "But those days are over now, and you remember I came here on business."

"But I cannot realize it so," said Jimmy. "I cannot set down the greatest pleasure I could have hoped for—that of finding you—in the cold category of business."

He looked at her a moment, hesitated, and then said, slowly: "Mena, when we were children, you could have given me all you had in the world. Now, may not I do the same for you?"

During the next few minutes there were refusals and entreaties, tears and smiles, all sweetly blended in the conversation of two lovers; and when the senior member of the firm came into the room, he was formally introduced to the charming fiancee of his business partner, Mr. James West.—Florence Bowers, in Detroit Free Press.

OVER "RUBBER" ICE.

Such a snowstorm Lakeview had never experienced. For two days and as many nights it had raged continuously. Everything was buried in a blanket of white several feet deep, except the lake. Its glassy surface had been kept free by the sweep of the wind; but it had not been very cold, and, except along shore, the ice was not thick.

Bert Hill lived on the shore of the lake on the outskirts of Lakeview. He was a stockily built lad of about 15, and very fond of outdoor sports. When not in school he was nearly always, during daylight, rowing, fishing, swimming or skating, as the season permitted. His great ambition was to become a newspaper man. There was a village paper in Lakeview, The Courier, but it was only a weekly, and Bert's ideas ranged above this.

What he had in mind was a place on the staff of some big city daily. He felt that if he could only have a start, he was bound to succeed. The previous spring he had graduated from the village school with honors; during the summer he had done some odd jobs; but there was no place for him in Lakeview which promised promotion in his chosen line.

It was in the early part of the evening on the second day of the storm that Bert heard of a bad accident that had occurred on the railroad line, two miles out of Lakeview. The express, going west, had encountered a snowslide in a gorge and been thrown from the track. Several people had been killed and many others seriously hurt. An engine, which happened to be on a siding at Lakeview, was at once despatched to the place of the disaster with doctors on board. And now, as he heard, they were bringing the dead and the injured into the village on a couple of flat cars.

Bert dashed off to the station. Sure enough, there they were, the injured being made as comfortable as possible at houses nearby, the dead entrusted to the undertaker's care, while the remaining passengers were slowly being accommodated with shelter and food by the village folks. Bert was very much interested, and stood listening eagerly to the stories told by the passengers. A stranger was talking to the telegraph operator.

"Can't you get a word through?" he was asking.

"Not a word," the operator answered. "Why, the railroad people would do anything to send a message to the city, but the wires are down. The connection was broken half an hour before the accident occurred."

"When will it be fixed?"

"Not before morning at the earliest, and perhaps not then. It's 40 miles to the city, and the line runs through a lot of cuts in which the snow is deep. We'll be lucky if the wires are working by noon."

The stranger uttered an exclamation of anger and disgust. "And there's no chance of getting a message through in any other way?"

The operator smiled. "You see the condition of things," he said. "How many people do you think would try driving or tramping through this snow? Berton is the nearest town, and it's eight miles away."

The stranger turned away, lit a cigar and began to smoke savagely. Bert approached the operator, who smiled knowingly as the boy came up.

"There, Bert," he said, "there's one of your profession, and he's in a bad fix. He has an account of a railroad accident and he can't get it through to the city. He's a member of The Globe staff and was on the train that was wrecked."

Bert was all excitement at once, and he regarded the stranger with curiosity mixed with awe. He felt a great sympathy for the man, too, and by and by, plucking up courage, he walked over and spoke to him.

"It's hard luck you can't get your account through," he said.

"Yes," answered the other, moodily. "It's a splendid 'story.' I wouldn't miss making a 'scoop' on it for $20. But it must be in the office by 1.30 to-night, or the chance is gone."

Bert did not reply, but sat down on the short bench beside the man and cudgeled his brains for a way out of the difficulty. If he could only devise some plan to help The Globe reporter! All at once he jumped to his feet. "I'll take that message for you and telegraph it to the city," he said.

The man looked at him keenly. "You will?" he said. "How?"

"I'll take it down and cross the lake on my skates—or at least I'll try. I can telegraph it from Pine Bluffs if the wires to the city aren't down there, too."

The man slapped him on the back. "You're a trump, youngster," he exclaimed. "I'll have the story ready in 15 minutes. How soon can you start?"

"As soon as I can get home and back. That will be about half an hour. It'll take an hour to get to the Bluffs, for I'll probably have to skate around a lot of thin ice. It's 8 o'clock now, I'll be in the Bluffs by 9.30."

"You won't lose by it, if you put the story through for me," said The Globe man, emphatically. "I'll wait for you here."

But Bert thought little of what return he might get for the task. The idea that he was enlisted in the service of The Globe—the biggest of the city papers—was reward enough for him. The thought of the possible danger ahead never entered his mind, either. Full of his project he made his arangements and came back without stopping to explain to anybody, but when he had received the bundle of written sheets from The Globe man and was leaving, a sudden thought that he could not possibly return till late made him call to the telegraph operator to send word to his father where he had gone.

Final instructions were given him by the newspaper man, also a card to show the operator at the Bluffs in default of money to pay for the telegram. Ten minutes later he had clamped on his skates and was off.

The breeze blew directly across the lake from the northeast. It struck him on his right side, and while it did not actually impede him, made breathing no easy task. But the ice was firm and green and as smooth as could be, and he swung along at a smart pace, for there was not a better skater in Lakeview. Five miles were covered in short order. Then he slackened his speed and began to consider what course he should adopt.

If he went all the way down the lake to a point opposite Pine Bluffs and cut straight across to the town it would be safest, for he would have thick smooth ice for the whole distance; but it would also take him longer than to strike diagonally across the lake from where he then was. The latter plan would take him over a couple of miles of ice of which he would not be sure, but he would thereby save nearly half an hour of valuable time provided the ice held.

A couple of minutes of debate decided him. The Globe needed the "story," as the man had called it, as soon as possible. He had undertaken to see that it got through quickly. He felt that if a regular member of the staff of that paper had the matter in hand he would not weigh his convenience, or even some danger, against doing the service speedily.

He swung around, and started out on a straight course for the town. The wind was on his back, and if he had skated fast before, he now was ringing along at a pace which made his earlier efforts seem slow. In five minutes he was entirely without the shelter of the high ground.

The ice was still firm but almost transparent under the light which the moon occasionally gave, as it struggled from between clouds. It had stopped snowing, but little whirlwinds of light, powdery flakes now and then scurried across his path.

For some reason, which he could not at first explain, Bert began to grow uneasy. He strove in vain to drive the fear from his mind. The ice looked no thinner; there was no break in it; apparently it was firm and capable of bearing his weight. But somehow the "feel" of it told him that he was in danger. As he swept forward he seemed to be rising and falling with each stroke. He had been on such ice before. It bent under him in waves, and he knew that if there had been more light, by looking over his shoulder he would have seen it undulating in long swells, just like the water of the lake on a calm day.

The ice was too thin to bear his weight if he stood still for an instant. The skimming speed of his flight alone kept him from crashing through it. Would it grow thinner? If it did there was little chance of his ever getting safely to land. He was nearly in the middle of the lake, and there, presumably, the ice was weakest. He knew it was a race for life.

Sudenly, back of him the panting boy heard an ominous crack. It did not need a glance behind to tell him what had happened. The ice had broken there, as it rose, released from his weight. A chill struck through him; but the fear merely made him increase his efforts. He knew that he was going at a tremendous rate, yet it seemed as if the dangerous space would never be passed.

But now, through the darkness, the lights of Pine Bluffs began to twinkle, only a few miles away. Bert no longer felt that terrifying rise and fall of the ice beneath him, and skated with new confidence. Tired though he was, his speed did not slacken. He had reached safety at last.

He struck the shore near the steamboat wharf, and it was only a minute's work to pull off his skates. Then, swinging them over his shoulder by a strap, he waded through the snow to the path, which had been partially shoveled clear. Five minutes later he was at the telegraph office.

"Are the wires working?" he asked, breathlessly.

"All open," returned the official.

"Thank goodness!" ejaculated Bert. For a moment he had thought of the awful possibility of being stopped here after all his work and danger. He unbuttoned his coat and pulled out the prescious manuscript. "Send that through to The Globe as fast as you can, please," he said, handing it to the operator. "And here's my card."

The operator glanced at the bit of pasteboard and then looked curiously at the boy. "Are you one of The Globe men?" he asked.

"I am to-night," Bert answered promptly. "I brought that message across the lake."

The man uttered an ejaculation. "Well, you newspaper fellows beat all."

Soon the message was speeding over the wires, and to Bert the clicking of the instrument was the sweetest sort of music. He leaned on the sill of the office counter and eagerly listened until the last word had been transmitted. Then he suddenly realized that he had to return that night, and that he should be starting, for he would have to go back by the longer way.

As he reached the dor of the room the telegraph instrument again began to click, and the operator sang out to him: "Here! hold on there, Globe; they're sending a message to you from the city office." And Bert halted in surprise.

After a minute the operator said: "They say send 500 words on your trip across the lake."

"How'd they know anything about that?" asked Bert, in wonderment.

"It was in your account here at the end," explained the operator. "Don't you remember?" Bert did not remember, but he understood. The Globe man had added a line explanatory of how his "story" was to be put on the wires. For a moment the young aspirant for newspaper honors did not know just what to do. Here was his chance, but it was so unexpected that the surprise of it bewildered him. But he managed to answer: "All right. Tell them they shall have it at once."

The experience he had so recently been through was still vividly clear to his mind's eye, and he gave it in a straightforward, simple story. The 500 words were quickly written and dispatched, signed with his name. Then Bert, with a good night to the operator, trudged with a light heart down to the frozen lake.

It was a long, hard pull back, for he had to make a big detour to avoid the thin ice, and it was 12 o'clock when he reached home. His father was waiting for him; so was The Globe man, and many were the words of praise he got for his pluck.

But happy as these made Bert feel, it was a letter which came a week later that made his joy the greatest. It was from the managing editor of The Globe, and it offered hima chance to work for the paper with the promise, if he did well, that he would be regularly enrolled on the staff.

Of course, Bert wrote a prompt acceptance, with his father's approval, and how much he made of this opportunity is shown by the fact that he now has a responsible place on The Globe force, and is one of that paper's most trusted workers.

A French Vegetable Soup.

Cut a large onion into thin slices and put them in a pan with three tablespoonfuls of butter; let them simmer together half an hour and add two quarts of water. Have prepared one pint of white turnips cut into cubes, the same amount of potatoes, half a pint of carrots, half a pint of the white part of the leek cut into thin slices, add one clove of garlic, one eschalot, one teaspoonful of sugar, one-third of a teaspoonful of pepper and salt, and cook slowly one hour, adding some chopped parsley fifteen minutes before the soup is removed from the fire. This soup may also be used for a vegetable puree by pressing it through a coarse sieve and to a pint of thick soup add a pint of boiling milk.

PRISON LABOR PROBLEM.

How to Avoid Competition Between Convict and Free Labor.

The prison labor problem presents difficulties at every turn. The abolition of the contract system of disposing of prison labor was undoubtedly a wise step, but it by no means effected a solution of the problem. The competition of prison-made goods with the product of free labor is a bad thing, yet it must be remembered that the convicts can scarcely be employed at all without competing more or less with outside labor. In the nature of things this must be so. If the convicts were not in prison they would be at work outside competing with other laborers. Seeing the demoralizing effects upon the market of prison-made goods, leaders of organized labor have asked that convicts be employed in making goods for use by the State and its political subdivisions. In accord with this suggestion, which has decided merits, Gov. Tanner has recommended that convicts be employed in making text books for use in the public schools. And, naturally enough, though certainly inconsistent, at a meeting at which the general policy of employing prisoners in the manufacture of goods for the State was recommended, the particular proposition to employ them in making text books was condemned by the representation of the printers that was in attendance. This episode serves to illustrate the difficulty and complexity of the problem, and should inspire in all a spirit of toleration in considering the subject.

The only way prisoners can be employed without competing directly with free labor is to put them to work on public improvements that could not be constructed for years to come but for the utilization upon them of labor of this sort. In this way there may be secured improvements of inestimable value for all time that the public might not have felt warranted in constructing under other circumstances. There is no doubt that good roads would be worth almost any amount to a community, but it is practically impossible to get taxing bodies to take from the people the sums necessary for their construction. Making of good roads would be in many respects ideal employment for a portion of the State's convicts, and the proposition so to employ them has been revived in New York. The chief objection to the plan, peculiarly enough, is a sentimental one. It is argued that the popular sense would revolt at the sight of convicts under guard at work in the presence of the public. This objection has some weight, but it should not be made to appear insuperable.—Chicago Record.

Shakespeare's Hamlet.

The history of Hamlet is found in the Danish historian, Saxo Grammaticus, who died about 1204. His works are in Latin, and in Shakespeare's time had not been translated into any modern language. The story is to be found in Belleforest's ecollection of novels, begun in 1564, and an English translation of the story was published entitled "The Hystorie of Hamblet, Prince of Denmarke." Horvendile, in the novel, is the name of Hamlet's father, Fengon that of his uncle, and Geruth that of his mother. Fengon traitorously slays Horvendile and marries his brother's wife. In the second chapter Hamlet counterfeits the madman to escape the tyranny of his uncle. Through the machinations of his uncle he is tempted by a woman, the uncle thinking thereby to undermine the prince and find out whether madness is counterfeited or not. In the third chapter Fengon, the uncle, tries a second time to entrap Hamlet in politic madness and causes one of his councillors to be secretly hidden in the queen's chamber behind the curtains, to hear what speeches pass between Hamlet and the queen. Hamlet kills him and thus escapes danger. In the fourth chapter Hamlet is sent to England by Fengon with secret letters to have him put to death. While his companions sleep, Hamlet counterfeits the letters "willing the King of England to put the two messengers to death." Here ends the resemblance between the history and the play. The Hamlet of the history returns to Denmark, slays his uncle, burns his palace, makes an oration to the Danes and is elected king. He goes back to England, kills the king of that country, returns to Denmark with two English wives, and finally falls through the treachery of one of these ladies. This is the supposed source of the plot of Shakespeare's Hamlet.

EQUALITY.

All men are equal in God's sight;
There is no black and there is no white;
There is no high and there is no low;
There is no friend and there is no foe;
And earthly passion and earthly pride
The glance of the Godhead cannot abide.
The petty distinction of rank and caste
Are shrivelled and shrunk in the furnace blast
Of God's great love when the angel Death
Has stilled the heart beats and stopped the breath;
And the gates of heaven as wide do swing
For the lowliest peasant or the lordliest king.
And the fires of hell burn just as bright
For the rich or poor, for the black or white.

Hats are trimmed very high on one side. Brilliant flowers, and many of them, are used in the trimming, and are worn well tilted over the eyes. The French woman follows the extreme of this fashion, and almost conceals the tip of her nose under the brim of her hat.

THE LOST CHILD.

A winsome child in former years,
Played in her cottage door;
Alas! the tired mother hears
His baby voice no more.

The sunny locks that clustered 'round
His head, ah, where are they?
No child's neglected toys are found
Strewn through the house to-day.

No more the pattering little feet
Are heard upon the floor;
The mother's heart can never beat
With gladness, as of yore.

The child is gone, and in its place
A raw-boned fellow stands,
With reddish whiskers on his face
And big sledge hammer hands.

Yes, he's too strong to work, so she
Must toil with all her might,
That he may eat, drink, chew and be
At ease from morn till night.

Alas! poor fool! She's crushed with care,
But let her slave away—
He was the child with sunny hair
That 'round her used to play!

IRMA'S BETROTHAL.

In one of the turret rooms of Reitzenberg castle a young girl arrayed in a simple dress and white apron sat sewing industriously. At the sound of footsteps she paused in her work; at the sight of a hussar-officer in uniform she reddened with vexation. Yet there was nothing in Albrecht von Reitzenberg's appearance to annoy her; on the contrary, he was young, very good looking, tall and of dignified bearing.

"Will you allow me to come in?" he asked, standing on the threshold.

The girl took up her work again. "You can come in if you wish," she said indifferently.

He walked across the room. "I have a proposal to make to you, Baroness Irma. Will you give me your attention for a little while?"

She looked at him indignantly. She had a sweet, oval face, and deep gray eyes.

"I prefer not to listen to you, Count Albrecht."

"I thought that you would say so!" (there was something like a ring of triumph in his voice) "but indeed my proposal is very harmless. Let us come to an understanding."

There was uncertainty, distrust, in her eyes.

"Yes," continued the young officer, "I know that you have every reason to be offended. You have been most unfairly treated."

"I have been invited to this house under false pretences. I came here because I thought that the visit would give pleasure to Frau von Wolde, who fills, or is supposed to fill, the place of my mother. I am sorry to speak disrespectfully of your cousin, but—"

"Not at all. You are perfectly right, and my relative, Frau von Wolde, is in the plot and has been from the beginning. I know all about it now. My old uncle has just enlightened me. I, as the heir of Reitzenberg castle—you will excuse me mentioning my name first—have received orders to offer my hand and my debts in marriage to Baroness Irma von Buchow, who, on attaining her majority, will become possessed of so large a fortune that she could free the Reitzenberg estate with a stroke of her pen. Now, hear me out; this lady was to have been kept in ignorance of the plan, but that her friend and chaperon could not resist the temptation of giving her a hint as to how matters stand after she had become the guest of the castle. Is this so?"

"Yes." She stood by his side now, and the sunlight just touched the coils of her auburn hair. "I have been deceived; cruelly deceived."

"Under the circumstances, nothing remains for me but to give you the opportunity of expressing your opinion as to this tyrannous family compact even more decidedly than you have done already. Baroness Irma of Buchow, will you consent to give me your hand in marriage?"

"Count Albrecht of Reitzenberg, I thank you for the honor which you have shown me. I will not."

They stood facing each other, and as Irma looked at her strange wooer she saw a faint smile in his eyes. Her own anger was beginning to evaporate; he really was behaving well, considering that the Reitzenbergs were renowned for their hasty tempers.

"You admit," she said, after a pause, "that I have been awkwardly placed."

"I admit that you have been inhospitably, abominably treated! I blush to think that a member of our family could have dreamed of such a scheme. In order to show you how penitent I am, now that I have received my dismissal, I will immediately leave this house, and rid you of my presence."

"If you do that Count Albrecht, I shall be worse off than ever. You don't know your cousin, Frau von Wolde. She will insist upon my remaining here for three months, as was arranged, she will reproach me for your absence, she will argue and make me dislike you more than ever, if—"

"If possible?"

His good humor was irresistible; she burst into a merry laugh.

For another half hour her rejected suitor remained in conversation with the heiress, and at the end of that time they, too, had made a plot. Albrecht was to remain at the castle. He and the Baroness Irma were to pretend to be on amicable terms, and the two conspirators (the count and the chaperone) were not to learn until the last day of the visit expired that their hopes had failed.

"I will endeavor to make your visit as little irksome to you as possible," explained the heir of Reitzenberg; "and we can behave as if there were no enmity between us."

"Yes," (and there was still a little doubt in her voice and manner). "I think I can trust you."

"Come," he said, gently, "Baroness Irma, is it a truce between us signed and sealed?"

He took her hand in his, and, bending over it, raised her fingers to his lips.

The master of the castle was the first to begin hostilities. One day, toward the end of the three months' visit, Irma came into the drawing-room to find the whole party awaiting her arrival, and in an instant she perceived that something was wrong. Frau von Wolde had been shedding tears, the old count's brow was clouded with anger, and Albrecht—Irma hardly dared look at him, so changed was his aspect. It was too clear that the termination of the pleasant companionship of the last few weeks was to be war.

"My dear Baroness Irma," said the count, advancing to meet his young guest with ceremonious politeness, "I am exceedingly pleased to see you. Your visit here has given me great satisfaction. You honored this house with your presence, with the full consent of your guardian and my esteemed cousin, Frau von Wolde. I had hoped, not without grounds, that the friendship between you and my heir was gradually ripening into a deeper and more lasting feeling. The alliance is one which must give satisfaction to all interested in our families. Imagine my distress on hearing to-day from my nephew that you have refused his proposal of marriage."

Irma looked toward Count Albrecht; something that she read in his wrathful mien made her hesitate as she answered: "It is quite true; we are friends and nothing more."

"It cannot be, my dear young lady, that so young a maiden should have given away her preference without the consent or knowledge of her guardian? Answer me candidly: Are your affections already engaged?"

The color surged into Irma's cheeks and left them pale again. She glanced at Frau von Wolde. There was no help for her there. "This is a question which you have no right to ask, Count Reitzenberg, and which I refuse to answer. I must beg you to excuse me."

"Baroness Buchow is right!" burst in Albrecht. "She has suffered enough at our hands already. She shall not be thwarted in her will. If she honors me with her friendship I accept it gratefully. Listen to me, my uncle, I refuse to be a party to your scheme."

The forest spread its wide wings even as far as the castle garden. Irma loved the green paths and quiet shades, and here she came with her book the morning after her interview with the count, and pretended to read. But, though she kept her eyes on the pages, she read there only Count Albrecht's parting words—he accepted her offer of friendship gratefully! Driven to bay, as it were, in order to save her, that was what he had said. During the last three months she had come to understand something of his uprightness, his high sense of honor. He would never marry a woman—though she were a princess—to whom he could not give his love.

"It was my fortune," sighed Irma, "that made him nearly hate me at first." Did he hate her now?

She shut her book and wandered still further into the woods, down a hillside covered with fern and moss, toward the stream that ran between high rocks, chattering and foaming on its way. On the further side of the stream was a tract of open country, dotted with clumps of trees and underwood and bright with heather. The stepping-stones were half covered with water to-day, the current was running fiercer than its wont. She bethought herself of a rustic bridge a few yards further down.

The bridge hung high in the air, supported by rough pine stems; it was a picturesque but a fragile affair. Half way across Irma put her hand on the rail—how noisy the stream was!—it snapped off at her touch, one wooden plank tottered under her feet, another fell with a splash into the water below. She had plenty of courage; she was light and active. She knew, moreover, that she could easily leap that formidable looking gap and gain the bank. She was about to make the attempt, when she was stopped by a peremptory shout:

"Gently, gently! Jump from that projecting stem; it is safe!"

She looked up; on the edge of the heather-covered rock stood Albrecht Reitzenberg.

She paused uncertain, half inclined to retrace her steps. Perceiving her hesitation, he raised his voice and shouted still louder above the clamor of the rushing water:

"Can you hear me, Baroness Irma?"

She nodded assent.

"Step there—to the left. Do not look back."

Involuntarily she obeyed. He held out his arms. The gulf yawned between them. He could be of no help.

"The stem will bear your weight. Do not be in too great a hurry."

"Why does he look so grave?" thought Irma. "Is he still angry?"

"I had better return the way I came, Count Albrecht. Do not trouble on my account."

"No; do as I direct you. You see which is the best place to stand? Drop your book—it might be in your way—and jump as far as you can. Now!"

One spring, and Irma was safe on the moss and heather, while the plank on which she had thought to stand slipped slowly but surely into the foaming water. Albrecht held her hands clasped in his.

"Thank heaven that you are safe!" he cried. "Oh, Irma, my Irma, I could not stop you! I came just too late for that. I could only look on in agony. Are you frightened? Are you hurt?"

"I am not hurt. I did not know that it was dangerous. I did not, indeed."

She saw him turn pale at the thought of her peril, and the tears which she had not shed for herself fell fast for his distress.

"The bridge should have been destroyed long ago. I did not dare to join you or to speak to you until you had passed the worst. If you had been killed—ah! I cannot bear to think of it—I should never have known another day's happiness, and it would have been my fault—mine! How could I let you wander about alone when I was longing to be with you? My Irma, my best beloved! Thank heaven that I have you safe at last. Surely we have played at being friends and enemies long enough! Look at me and say that you love me!"

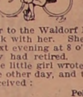
When he had made her an offer of marriage three long months ago she had been ready with her refusal. Now when her whole heart was his, she could find no words amid her tears, except: "I love you! I love you!"

It was enough for him. "My bride, my wife!" he said, and held her in his arms.

The green ferns rustled and whispered, the beeches tossed their boughs in the sunlight, the red squirrels played in the oak trees, the whole wood was full of life and joy at that moment when the lovers plighted their troth.—Woman at Home.

WHOLESOME ADVICE.

Li Hung Chang's Letter and Present to a Bicycle Girl.



When the Chinese Viceroy, Li Hung Chang, was in New York last summer he was out for a drive. The Earl took notice of little Josephine Claudius, who was riding her bicycle. Li stopped the carriage and called the girl to him. He was greatly taken with her appearance and invited her to the Waldorf Hotel that he might talk with her. She called at the hotel next evening at 8 o'clock, but the Viceroy had retired. She left her card. The little girl wrote to Li Hung Chang the other day, and this is the reply she received:

Peking, Nov. 25, 1896.

Dear Miss Josephine: I receive your interesting letter of Oct. 3 on Nov. 20. It was 47 days on its way here, which shows how far we are separated now. I am glad to receive such a good account of you and find that you are diligent at your studies and excel in your pastimes. I admired your skill and the bicycle, and wanted to know more about you; therefore I was very sorry to have missed seeing you at the Waldorf Hotel, and now I am still more sorry because you took the trouble to go and I disappointed you. You know the old saying: "Early to bed and early to rise," well, I have always acted upon that, and am up at 6 o'clock every morning. I think this regular habit has helped to make me healthy, though not very wealthy or wise, but I am content with one of those three blessings.

If I had seen you at the hotel I should certainly have given you a souvenir, and perhaps you would have given me some little keepsake. But I will now make good my neglect. When I got back to China I came here to Peking and saw my Emperor and told him of all I had seen; then I called on the Empress Dowager, who has always been very kind to me. Her Majesty is 62 years old, and is active and energetic. She was much interested in the account of my travels, and asked me many questions. Then Her Majesty gave me some presents, and among them was a little scent bag to hang on my belt. I now send you this pretty little bag and hope it will please you.

If you hold it up before your eyes you will see four Chinese words in red silk; read them from right to left, "Wan Shih Yu I." They mean: "All things as wished"—that is, may you have everything you want. And I hope you will. But, of course, it is understood, more or less, that you must only want what you can get—what you may reasonably expect. This you must read between the lines. It would not do, for example, for you to want to vote at present, or to want a silver dollar instead of a gold one; but time may change all that. I shall give my bicycle to some little boy who can learn to ride it. I should like to have you give a name for it.

You promise to write again. I shall be pleased to hear more about you and your family. If your parents are living I hope you are dutiful to them. Here in China children are carefully taught to love and cherish their parents. I think we are more particular about that in China than Western people are, and it has helped much to make China the oldest of nations. I have dictated this letter to my secretary, who wrote down my words in English.

Now I will take my Chinese pen, which is a thin bamboo stick, with a soft brush at the end of it, like a camel's hair pencil, and write my name for you, fine and large, with my own hand. Wishing you much happiness, your friend and well-wisher,

LI HUNG CHANG.

There is an art in selecting a becoming hat. It is not enough to select a pretty hat, or a showy hat, or a fashionable hat. A bit of millinery skill may possess one or all of these characteristics and utterly fail in the essential point of becomingness. Neither is it wise to choose a hat because it happens to look jaunty in an artistically draped window. And the worst plan of all is to study the taste of some well-dressed women and attempt to imitate her style. The woman whom you envy is well-dressed from her hat to her boots because she has studied her own style and ignored the standards of other women.

Study your individual style. That is the secret of selecting becoming headgear, whether hats, bonnets or mere dainty head dresses. Don't waste time studying fashion plates or fashionable women.

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Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

SCENE OF STRUGGLE.

A FAIR LAND THAT MAY BE RAVAGED BY MODERN WAR.

Description of the Probable Theatre of the Fight Between the Greek and the Turk—Macedonia and Its Cities and Resources.

Macedonia, which seems likely to become the theatre of a struggle between the Turk and the Greek, and perhaps the Balkan States as well, is a rich and naturally fertile country. Its southern limits are the Egean Sea and the Greek frontier of Thessaly. On the west it is bounded by the prolongation of the Pindus chain, called the Grammos Mountains, and the ranges of hills that terminate at the sources of the Vardar, that divides the country into two nearly equal parts. The northern boundary extends from this point along the watershed of the Vardar to the southernmost point of the Servian frontier, which it follows to its junction with the Bulgaro-Macedonian boundary. It then follows this frontier to the valley of the Karasu, which it follows to its mouth in the Egean. The Karasu also forms the western border of ancient Thrace.

The principal city and seaport of Macedonia is the well-known city of Salonica, with a population of about 125,000, of whom some 84,000 are Jews of the Spanish emigration, speaking the Spanish language with relative purity, but keeping their business books and doing their literary work mostly in Hebrew. Of these Jews about 9000 are Mussulmans by profession, but are more or less suspected of practising the Hebrew rites in secret. The main street of Salonica is a part of the old Roman road that, starting from Durazzo on the Adriatic, ran through the Illyrian Mountains (now Albania) to Salonica, thence on through Thrace to Constantinople. At the eastern exit from the city is a fine Roman arch of the time of Hadrian in a good state of preservation. Salonica is the starting point of a railway running up the Vardar Valley to Uskub, from where the main line continues on to Mitrovitza just on the southern limit of the Sandjak of Novi-Bazar, and a branch line runs to the Servian frontier, where it joins the Servian railway to Nisch and makes a junction with the line coming from Belgrade on to Sofia and Constantinople.

The southern part of Macedonia is served by a line of rail running westward by the important town of Vodena to Monastir, or Bitolia, the headquarters of the Third Turkish Army Corps. The country south of this line is inhabited by a Greek-speaking population, and contains many important towns, such as Verria, Servia, Tchatista on the road by Grevena and Metzovo to Janina in Epirus and Kastoria on the headwaters of the Vistritza or Indji-Karasu, that discharges into the Gulf of Salonica not far from the mouth of the Vardar. In the northeastern part of this district lies the Yenidje country, celebrated for the delicate quality of its tobacco, that furnishes the cigarettes for the smoking ladies of the imperial and wealthy harems of Constantinople, and supplies the Sultan's tchibouk. Here, also, is the vineyard country of Niaoushta, whose delicious golden-colored wine, something resembling Madeira, is renowned all over Macedonia.

It is to be noted here that the river Vistritza, just mentioned, was proposed by England in 1832 as the northern boundary of Greece, but the united influence of Austria, Prussia and Russia prevailed, and the boundary was run from Surpi on the Gulf of Volo nearly due west to Menidhi on the Gulf of Arta, giving, so to speak, the meal back to Turkey and leaving Greece with the bare bone of her devastated hamlets and ravaged hillsides to begin her national existence. The great difficulty of Greece always has been that she had not a sufficient area of grain-producing land as a basis for the national sustenance.

It is in the region between the Greek frontier and the Vistritza that the Turkish army of observation is now concentrated, with its headquarters at Elassona, and its left flank resting on the slopes of Olympus, the abode of the ancient gods of Greece, with the flank covered by a force cantoned at Naselitch watching the Greeks at Trikkala. The whole country between the Greek frontier and the Salonica Monastir railway line is broken by a series of mountain ranges, some of considerable height. The roads, as are those all over Macedonia, and, indeed, all over the Turkish Empire, are unworthy of the name. Occasionally special taxes are collected for the alleged repair or construction of roads, but they seldom get beyond the pocket of the Pasha who has ordered them. North of the railway line the Bulgarian element begins to dominate in the population, and in the region north of a line drawn east from Monastir by Doiran to Nevrekop, on the Karasu, the population is wholly Bulgarian. The road running northeast from Monastir, which is a prettily situated town on the foot slope of the Grammos range, passes over a fine plain in Perlipe or Prilipe, a Bulgarian town of considerable size, the fruit gardens surrounding which are noted for the quality and flavor of the small, luscious peaches they produce in profusion. From Perlipe there is a road through a defile opening on a fairly open country to Gradsko on the Salonica-Uskub railway, and another across the hills to Kuprili, or Valessa, several stations north of Gradsko, with a mixed population. The country to the westward of the Monastir-Perlipe-Velessa road, though Bulgarian in great part, has a large and unruly Albanian Ghega population, who perpetrate atrocities on the Christian inhabitants and rob their fields and flocks, much after the manner of the Kurds with the Armenians in Asia.

Arriving at Uskub, on the Vardar, the country opens out into plain and undulating country that stretches away to the Servian and Bulgarian frontiers. Uskub, or Skopia, as it is called by the Turks, is an ancient city, and dates back to the Roman occupation, traces of which are to be seen in the walls of the old fortress and in the aqueduct, still in fair preservation, though no longer fulfilling the purposes of its construction, thanks to the incurable misgovernment of the Turk and his incapacity to appreciate civilization in any form.

With the military instinct that still survives, however, the Turks have constructed redoubts and batteries round Uskub and have converted it into another Plevna. The population here begins to change character and the Bulgarian and Serb meet. The railway going north from Uskub passes through a tunnel under a range of hills on the other side of which the Servian and Slavo-Albanian population begins. These hills form the northern limit of Macedonia.—New York Sun.

Size of a Spool.

The average-sized spool for sewing-thread is 2 inches high and 1 1-2 inches in diameter at the ends. A spool of thread means about 200 yards.

THE TAILOR-MADE GIRL.

She Wears a Short Coat and a High Stock Collar.

The end of the tailor gown is not in sight. It has shown the world that its durability and service for all occasions are so complete that it will be a long time, I imagine, before it will ever be given up. The spring materials for tailor gowns will run between 25 cents and $1.75 per yard.

Melton cloth in the softest of English weaves will be very much in vogue. It has served the purpose in the wardrobe of a few for several seasons, but to my mind nothing makes a prettier spring suit. It comes in such soft shades as cadet blue and Havana brown that throw off the dust so admirably and take the curves of the tailor with such grace that a woman usually shows the best there is in her figure. There are degrees of melton. One can get double width as low as 50 cents per yard.

Sailcloth and the canvas of loose weave will, however, be the fashionable thing. These come in the best qualities at $1.25 a yard, 48 to 50 inches wide. It takes about 7 yards to make a dress, and 1 1-2 yards makes the three pieces, i.e., coat, bodice and skirt. But it is unnecessary to go to the expense and trouble of a bodice of the same material, for it will be too warm to wear it in this climate four days out of the season. Silk and cotton shirtwaists are the only available bodices for American women in American climate, unless, of course, one expects to spend the season on the upper Maine coast.

The new coats for spring are quite short front and back, and are very flat, with the not over four inches from the waist line, two flaps in the back attached firmly. They are single-breasted, buttoning under a flap with narrow revers. The skirts are narrow and the seams double stitched, not strapped, and only ten inches of crinoline put around the bottom. The coats are lined with the gayest of plaids, red and black predominating.

About the bodices to be worn with these tailor suits:

The cotton shirtwaists will come in with warm weather, after the same manner as last season. If yours were well made then you would not alter them now. If you have new ones made I would advise you to try and have a few with the horizontal tucks across the bust. Remember that the sleeves are quite small and the cuffs short and narrow. The high clerical collar that prevailed for a day last season is out. It was always awkward and was usually unbecoming.

The high standing collar with the flat bow tied about it is also to be shelved, I think. One sees nothing but the extreme turn-over collars, with a very stiff bow and long ends. But the majority of the collars are adopted from the French. They are very high and turn over just a wee bit; underneath this is twisted a thick scarf of satin or silk, after the manner of the stock that was worn in Washington's time.

Wear one of these linen collars with everything possible, for nothing is considered so modish as the tiny band of spotless linen above the most elaborate neckgear, that is, for the day.

As to the color of your stock try to have a bit of crimson in it, if your frock forbids the glory of an all-red one. For the most brilliant scarlet is the mode in colors; by all means have a touch of it in the lining of your coat.

Light gray will be very much the color for spring tailor gowns for the woman who can wear it. For, if your complexion is a bit sallow, and your eyes are not bright, do not try gray. It takes a good complexion to show it off, or else the result will be too much like a November day. If, however, you have set your mind on a gray suit, redeem it by lining it with red and wear a red stock collar of crimson about your throat.

The military coats, which button up straight, will not be so popular for spring as they have been this winter, because they are not convenient to unbutton and throw back, which is a necessary quality for a spring coat, or else what is the use of having a pretty shirtwaist under it, to say nothing of the heat one endures from a buttoned-up coat on a spring day.

But again I say, plain tailor gowns will be very much the vogue for the spring and summer. You need have no hesitancy in shopping for one now. The very few minor touches which made them differ from last season's will be told you by the person who makes your gown.—Philadelphia Press.

Shirt Waist Accessories.

With this season's shirtwaists, as with those of last year, cuffs and collars are invariably white, and are made detachable, adding much to the comfort and service of the garment.

With the high linen collar will be worn the string necktie of black satin or of brilliant plaid silk; or if the wearer has a predilection for mannish attire, she will affect a black satin Ascot, tied by her own fair fingers. A ready-made tie, by the way, is as bad form for the carefully dressed girl as it is for her fastidious brother.

The high linen collar with the all-around turned-down edge looks best when worn with the white ribbon stock, encircling the throat twice and tied in a stiff little cravat bow in front.

For the diaphanous organdie or Swiss shirtwaist the prettiest finish at the throat is the stock of bias taffeta silk wound twice around and ending in the stylish four-in-hand knot in the front.

Belts to be worn with the shirtwaist are legion, and range from the simplest leather strap to the most elaborate jeweled girdle. For every-day wear the narrow black suede belt with a small buckle is servicable, or one of scarlet morocco is effective when worn with a satin string tie of the same hue.

The 1897 Straw Hat.

The new straw hats are in red, magenta, mauve, heliotrope and various shades of green, but yellow, gray and black will be far more elegant when the summer is really here and we have had time to weary of all the screaming colors which are so conspicuous now. Toques are made of tucked chiffon, and transparent canvas in various colors is made up into sailor-shaped hats, and trimmed with chiffon, wings, and flowers. Colored feathers are to be very much used, and all sorts of jewelled effects in dressy bonnets. There are wings of gold gauze edged around with narrow white lace, spangled over with colored jewels, and the loveliest silk crepe poppies in cream, white and yellow, dotted here and there with tiny rhinestones.

Capes For Spring.

Jaunty little capes which reach just below the point of the shoulder are made of three over-lapping frills of accordion-plaited black chiffon, with three satin stripes on the edge, sewn on black net or taffeta. A full ruche of the same frills finishes the neck, and a black satin bow with ends fastens the front.

A Feature of Fashion.

The collar band with its decoration has been a prominent feature of fashion for some time, but now the latest models have quite plain collars with a very modest frill of lace or chiffon at the back or two pointed tabs of velvet or silk.

OLD SHOES

How much a man is like old shoes!
For instance, each a soul may lose.
Both have been tanned—both are made tight
By cobblers—both get left and right.
Both need a mate to be complete,
And both are made to go on feet.
They both need healing; oft are sold
And both, in time, turn all to mould.
With shoes the last is first; with men
The first shall be last, and when
The shoes wear out they're mended new,
When men wear out they're men dead too!
They both are trod upon and both
Will tread on others—nothing loth.
Both have their ties and both incline,
When polished, in the world to shine;
And both peg out. And would you choose
To be a man or be his shoes.

PRIDE'S PENALTY.

A Homely Old Farmer's Very Telling Illustration.

Quite recently into a railway carriage at Oldham stepped a young man, fresh from school evidently, and wearing his first watch.

The very many proud glances which he cast on the gold chain raised a smile on the faces of his fellow-passengers.

Apparently by accident, though mischief might have been at the bottom of it, the subject of watches was "brought on the carpet."

"Ah!" sighed an old farmer, giving the watch back to the young man, who had handed it round for the inspection of the company, "that theer watch minds me o' my own son."

"How's that?" asked several passengers.

"Why, I gave 'im a watch when 'e wur 15 year owd, an' it wur th' ruin of 'im."

Being asked for an explanation, the farmer continued:

"Afore I gave it 'im 'e wur the straightest-built lad for miles around; but 'e 'adn't 'ad that watch above four months afore 'e growed 'umpbacked wi' lookin' at the chain so much."—Tid-Bits.

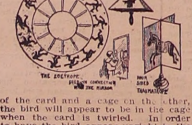
FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

AMUSING TOYS THAT ANY OF THEM COULD MANUFACTURE.

A Home-Made Kinetoscope and How It Is Made—The Materials Required and How They Are Put Together—The Effects Produced.

Although the kinetoscope as invented by Edison is a wonderful instrument, yet a fairly good imitation of it may be made by any boy possessing a little ingenuity. It is not to be supposed that the perfected machine can be constructed by an amateur. That would be impossible without special photographic apparatus, besides being an infringement on the kinetoscope patents. But as the commercial machine of to-day is nothing more than a development of some old-time optical toys, there is nothing to prevent any person constructing some very amusing instruments which will be like the kinetoscope in effect if not in name.

The simplest of all is the thaumatrope. It consists of a circle of cardboard, attached to which are two pieces of cord, and on each side of which is painted or drawn half a picture. The object is to twirl the cardboard by means of the strings and thus cause the two drawings to blend so as to form one picture. For instance, if a bird is drawn on one side of the card and a cage on the other, the bird will appear to be in the cage when the card is twirled. In order to have the bird appear upright in the cage the two pictures must be drawn upside down to each other as it were. That is, the top of the cage must point toward one edge of the card and the top of the bird toward the opposite edge. Any number of pictures may be drawn. A juggler may be drawn on one side and a number of balls on the other. He will appear to juggle the balls when the card is twirled. If an equilibrist is drawn on one side and a plate on the other he will appear to be balancing the plate if the latter is properly placed. A man and a horse may be used, or a cat and a dog having a fight, or a man and a woman dancing, and so on with infinite variety.

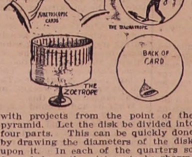


Kinetoscope cards are now being sold by fakirs on the streets of large cities. They may be home-made, however, with little trouble. Each card has a figure drawn upon it. Every card shows the same figure, but each in a different position. The various positions bear a definite relation to each other, so that when the cards are flipped rapidly past the eye the figures on them appear to be moving. The cards are held in one hand and bent double with the other; then one after another allowed to spring back to their original position. If, for instance, a dancer is shown, the arms and legs must have a progressive action. That is, if the arm is to be shown in the act of being raised, each successive picture must show it elevated a trifle higher than the last. So with every part of the body, each succeeding card showing the action a little more advanced.

A zoetrope can be made by combining the posthumous uses of a hatbox with a little artistic talent. An old hatbox is arranged on a pivot so that it will spin easily. A series of slips or openings one-quarter inch wide by three inches long and about two inches apart must be cut around the upper sides of the box. It is through these windows one must gaze to get a proper effect from what is going on within. The figures are drawn precisely as they were on the cards mentioned above, only they must be drawn side by side on a long strip of paper. This paper is placed around the lower inside wall of the hatbox. If properly drawn some very lifelike actions may be witnessed when the box is rapidly revolved on its pivot.

A modification of the zoetrope may be made by cutting out a circular piece of cardboard, fixing it on a pivot, and drawing the figures to be shown in a progressive ring around the edge of the circle. The pictures should be about an inch deep and occupy the outside quarter of the space between the centre and the edge of the disk. Slits like those in the hatbox should be cut from the base of each picture to within half an inch of the centre. The affair must be revolved on a pivot (a common pin stuck in a clothespin will do) in front of a mirror, and the spectator must look through the windows that have been cut in the disk. Horses may be made to run, trot or gallop, men made to walk, dogs made to chase cats, ladies to dance, and many other diversive sights be witnessed in a well-constructed instrument of this kind.

Renaud's zoetrope is a trifle more ambitious than any of the preceding. First obtain or make a pyramid of wood, the height of which is equal to one side of its base. Each side of this base must be covered with a mirror made to fit it. A handle should be fitted tightly into a hole in the bottom of the pyramid. A metal rod or spike must be driven into the apex or point of the pyramid. This completes the stationary part of the apparatus. Now, for the moving figures. They are to be four in number and are to be painted or drawn on a circular piece of cardboard or tin. This disk must have a hole cut in its centre, so that it may be spun on the rod with projects from the point of the pyramid. Let the disk be divided into four parts. This can be quickly done by drawing the diameters of the disk upon it. In each of the quarters so formed draw the picture to be shown. As there are only four versions of it, each one will have to be more radically different than where a number are used, as in the other zoetropes. The pictures must be progressive, but the whole action must be completed in the four drawings.



It is advisable, therefore, to choose some simple action, as, for instance, a juggler tossing balls. His body will in every case occupy the same position. Only his arms need be changed. The operation of one of them will suffice for a description as to how to proceed. The right arm in the first picture should be extended downward, that is, as low as he would naturally put it. The next picture should show it raised half way up in the air. Then next should show it raised all the way up. The fourth shows it half way down again. As the disk is turning we have now got back to the first, which shows it lowered all the way down again, and so on progressively as the disk goes around. This general principle should be adhered to throughout the series. The pictures should be drawn with the tops toward the centre of the pivot. When the latter is placed face downward in the pivot and revolved the moving picture will appear to stand upright in the glass on all sides of the pyramid.

A simple form of a mechanical thaumatrope can be made in the following manner: The edges of four wood boards or cardboards should be glued together so that when looked down upon from above their edges will form a cross. To be plainer, they should be arranged in the same manner as the diameter of a square. They should be pivoted so as to revolve easily. In the four right angles formed by the sides of the boards should be painted or drawn pictures of the same nature as those in the pyramid described above. As the number of pictures is the same the same general directions should be observed in drawing them. The effect is very lifelike when the affair is revolved, and much pleasure and an evening's entertainment may be derived from its construction and operation.

The reference to the Edison kinetoscope made above will be understood when it is pointed out that the wonderful machine is merely the combination of the principle involved in the above optical toys with photography. Mr. Edison constructed a machine which would take photographs of moving objects at the rate of forty a second. These photographs are attached in a long string to a tape. The string of photographs is placed on spindles or reels and made to run past the end of a tube at the rate of forty a second, or the rate at which they were "taken." The result, when a person gazes through the tube, is that the figures in the pictures perform the same actions they were going through when the pictures were taken.—Theodore Waters, in Chicago Inter Ocean.

NEW SPRING SLEEVES.

Some Practical Hints For the Home Dressmakers.

Just at present the sleeve question is one of absorbing interest to all womankind, and to the home dressmaker it is more or less of a difficulty unless she is properly enlightened.

Of course everybody recognizes the fact that the large sleeve is a thing of the past, and that a gown is no longer really stylish that is incumbered with them. It is an easy matter, however, to cut them over if one only understands how, and a pattern is not needed in many cases. With the sleeves made smaller a last year's gown takes a new lease of life and comes out fresh and smart, for in other ways gowns have not changed in any striking manner.

A STUDY IN SLEEVES.

The new small sleeves are so varied that all tastes can easily be pleased, and one has a fine opportunity to use up scraps of silk, velvet and ribbon for many of the more fancy models have a combination of materials in their make-up.

A Bit of Practical Advice.

Any of the large, old-style, leg o' mutton or balloon sleeves will easily furnish ample material for the small sleeves of present fashion, and worn places may be avoided, only the best of the goods being put into the new sleeves, by following the diagram given here.

The large, outer part of the sleeve is cut across the top on the line A B, and this is made to form the puff shown in the drawing of the new sleeve. The lower part of the outer large leg o' mutton is cut to fit the inner lining, to which it and the top puff are sewed. Tis is one of the most popular sleevevs in vogue at present, and is the easiest to make. It may be left perfectly plain or dressed up as much as one likes, for a great deal of trimming on sleeves is very fashionable. If the sleeve is of wool goods little puffs of bias silk may be set on an inch apart, covering gracefully any worn or stained places. Another fancy is to have many rows of velvet ribbon, set an inch apart, or little frills of narrow lace. All sleeves are made long over the hands, either the bottom of the sleeve itself being long or made to appear so by a frill of silk, lace, chiffon or whatever one fancies.

Some Model Gowns

Three gowns are illustrated here, each with new and pretty sleeves, that can be made from old ones and none of them too difficult for the clever home dressmaker.

The lace-trimmed gown is of rather coarse spring wool goods in a deep, warm brown, and it has a deep waist band and stock collar and heliotrope velvet, making one of the most popular of the new combinations. The lace which trims it is a heavy ecru variety and is web lace, which makes it much cheaper and more convenient to use for the sleeve and straps. Three-quarters or a whole yard is a sufficient pattern.

The sleeves are snug fitting nearly to the shoulders, where a puff of goods is let into a pointed cut. The sleeve is vevry long and finished in a point over the hand with a frill of heliotrope silk for finish. The lace is laid over a lining of heliotrope, either silk or percaline, according to one's purse. The straight shoulder straps of lace are also over heliotrope. They are exactly alike, front and back, and extend under the belt.

The hat is of brown straw with a crown trimmed with heliotrope ribbon ending in a bow in front with a buckle of fancy stones.

An entirely different effect in sleeves is shown in another sketch, the gown being of dark blue canvas, trimmed with ruffles of the same, edged with narrow black velvet ribbon.

The skirt of the gown is of moderate width and has two ruffles about the bottom and two half-way to the waist.

The waist is gathered in simple fashion, and has a wide waistband of bias black satin, fastening with hooks and eyes at one side. The stock collar is a straight band of blue cloth with several rows of black velvet ribbon decorating it. There is no bow or rosette, for they have gone out of style, and it fastens with hooks at the back.

The sleeves are small and close fitting all the way to the shoulder, exactly like the old-fashioned sleeves of eight or ten years ago. At the top are two ruffles of black silk edged with black velvet ribbon, and the entire close sleeve is decorated with rows of the velvet an inch apart.

The hat is a jaunty little turban of black straw trimmed with a mass of upright black satin bows, a twist of red velvet surrounding the crown.

A friend of mine took her four-year-old girl to a photographer. The child couldn't be made to sit still. He of the camera was as suave as he could be, and worked every device of gentle persuasion to make the little wriggler keep still. Finally, he said to the despairing mother:

"Madam, if you will leave the little dear alone with me a few minutes I think I can succeed."

The mother had scarcely withdrawn when she was summoned back by the triumphant photographer, who exhibited a satisfactory negative.

When they reached home the mother asked: "Nellie, what did the man say to you when I left you alone with him?"

"He thaid," lisped Nellie, "'thit thtill, you little rathcall, or I'll thake you.'"—Boston Post.

He Pitied Them.

Tramps sometimes try to indulge in witticisms, according to the story of a lady on Euclid place.

This lady has very little sympathy with Weary Willie, so that when a knight of the road knocked she told him that she had nothing to give.

"No meat?" he persisted.

"No."

"No fire?"

"No."

"No bread?"

"No."

"Well, could yer give me a basket?" he asked finally.

"What do you want a basket for?" inquired the woman.

"Ter get yer poor starvin' family somethin' to eat," he answered sarcastically as he edged away.

CARSON CONFLICTS.

LATE PRIZE FIGHT NOT THE ONLY ONE AT BLOODY CARSON.

The Story of the Ages—Terrible Monsters of Prehistoric Times Often Met There in Deadly Combat—Dread Scenes of Thousands of Years Ago.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons, strangely enough, picked out the most curious battle ground known to American geologic history for their recent prize fight. In the beautiful valley of Carson, within recent geologic time, but ages ago as man's life is reckoned, there roamed huge aggressive monsters whose very tread shook the earth and whose hoarse and frightful voices would have raised the hair, in mortal terror, of such innocent little bruisers as the puny pugilists who battled for supremacy on the same scene so recently.

Think of Mr. Big Tailed Little Headed Megatherium Americanum, sixty feet in length and weighing a few odd tons, out on the warpath for Professor Heavy Voiced Curve Horned Mylodon, of equally terrific proportions when stripped, and the tiny baby prize fighter of the modern day sinks into utter absolute insignificance.

It may be that the bones of some of these gigantic saurian creatures lie deep down in the sandstone beneath the very site of the prize ring, locked in the petrified embrace of a last terrible death struggle, and that their ghostly spirits, hovering near, may have been translated to the bodies of our pugilistic stars, urging them on to superhuman effort in gory combat.

The region in which Carson City lies has been and is a marvellous one. Its geologic story is quite in keeping with several other localities of wonderful America which boast of past earth upheavals and amazing natural phenomena. Carson City itself is situated near the southwest margin of a great ancient lake bed, whose broad and ruffled water covered an area, remote eons ago, of over eight thousand square miles.

This vast lake, without an outlet, lay nestled amid the giant crumpled mountain ranges of the Sierra Nevada, six thousand feet above the sea. At three distinct periods, so the scientists tell us, its waters rose and fell. Now dry and barren, its irregular precipitous amphitheatre was scorched and desiccated by the fierce and blinding rays of a torrid desert sun, and the concentrated alkaline salts of its briny bottom were driven in blinding, suffocating clouds over the surrounding country by the winds until the whole region was a lifeless, soulless, fearful waste. Then slowly came a meteorological change, in which the atmosphere took on a cooler, humid condition, was sufficient to gradually fill this dreaded pit of desolation.

With the return of the life giving waters came back the wonderful animals who populated our country during the late quarternary times. These animals were not all huge monsters, but the major portion of them certainly were built in giant mould. There were the horse, not as we know him to day; the elephant, with tusks yards long; a species of a giant sloth, almost as high as a small house and forty feet in length, and wading birds, all legs and sky scraping necks, and a host of little animals who have managed to live along into the present age.

At the last recession of the waters, at a period considerably antedating, it is believed, Noah's advent on this mundane sphere, this menagerie of grewsome, animate vertebrates wandered over the marginal muddy shoals in search of food, and they have left their footprints in the sands of time, indelible records for the benefit of inquisitive scientists.

What is far more valuable to paleontologists in connecting the broken chain of past geologic life, the animals themselves have laid their bones to rest in the slimy, preserving muds of this lake bed.

What a theatre of frightful carnage and bloodshed this region must have been at the close of an epoch which ended in deathlike sterile ardity! If primitive man existed at that time he probably witnessed battles to the death, near the Corbett-Fitzsimmons arena, between giant monsters, without having to fish a single red cent out of his pocket to view the spectacle.

The remark that primitive man may have gazed upon prehistoric bloody encounters is no joke, for some fifteen years ago quite a discussion was carried on among scientists as to whether or not certain fossil footprints of large size, found embebbed in the sandstone shale about a mile and a half from Carson City were those of a giant primitive man, or troglodyte. The California Academy of Sciences found the subject sufficiently interesting to send a number of trained men to the spot, among them a no less noted geologist than Joseph Le Conte himself, and quite a monograph bearing on these foot-prints was prepared upon the auspices of the academy.

It seems that in uncovering a particular floor in a big sandstone quarry a series of huge footprints was discovered. These imprints, made in what was once a thin layer of fine mud, were remarkably similar in outline to moccasoned human feet of extraordinary proportions. Some of them were as much as twenty-two inches in length and quite six inches across the widest part. Altogether there were some 130 of these human-like impressions found, and one series had forty-two steps in a straight line. There was no evidence of any overlapping steps, and the equal spacing of the strides indicated that they were made by some being which walked on two legs.

No signs of claws or foot-pads were visible, and the only theory which seemed tenable in the opinion of a number of these scientists—though Professor Le Conte did not commit himself to a positive hypothesis—was that they were actually made by the strolling of a giant prehistoric man along the muddy lake. Prof. Marsh, a noted paleontologist, several years later ruined what might have made a good story by repudiating the human track theory and producing the fossil remains of the extinct animal whose peculiar manner of walking fooled even some learned men into the belief that they had struck the clew of preglacial man. The animal which produced this startling bit of human realism ten thousand years ago—it might be fifty thousand just as well—Professor Marsh thinks was a species of the mylodon, or the giant sloth. We still have living in Central America and equatorial South America, some small highly modified types of the animal whose ancestors were huge hulks, thirty to fifty feet in length.

It is not at all surprising that the human foot theory was tenaciously clung to for some time, but there were certain peculiarities in the stride which differed materially from the walk of the present man. The feet were too much curved, and the straddle or the distance by which the feet were separated from side to side, would suggest an abnormal wobble in the gait of the individual.

Cure for Hog Cholera.

A cure for hog cholera has been discovered under the encouragement of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railway and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul. A practical hog raiser has been sent over the lines of these companies, accompanied by their representatives, and has made repeated demonstrations with wonderfully successful results. At Dubuque his work on the farm owned by George B. Burch was watched by many interested parties. His perfect success on this herd of hogs, all seriously sick, is acknowledged by all. Demonstrations have also been made at Emmettsburg, Perry, National, Delphos and other points in Iowa. His last work has been done on the line of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, where at Bedford, Ia., he treated a herd of hogs on the farm of County Supervisor W. B. Wakeman. Sixteen hundred died before treatment was begun, but the 44 remaining, although very sick, were cured and put back on full feed in perfect health in ten days.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO MONDAY, APRIL 12 1897. No. 289

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

APPRECIATED.

Our close cash prices are already being appreciated. People who occasionally called on us are now becoming regular customers. Good goods at close prices TELL EVERY TIME.

Dress Goods.

All lines of Dress Goods are marked down to cash prices.

Dress Linings.

Every line of Dress Linings marked down, including Linenettes, Rustle Moires, Silesias, Satin Twills.

Dress Trimmings.

All classes of Dress Trimmings greatly reduced under the new system.

All goods marked in plain figures.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Lydford Lodge, S.O.E.
Forest and Stream Club.
Y.P.S.E.—John st. Church.
Mizpah Lodge, 127, I.O.O.F.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
E.L.C.E.—Methodist Churches.
Lecture in Holloway st. Church.
Boys' Brigade—St. Andrew's Church.
St. Andrew's Y.W.G.—Allen Petrie's.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 12—Bishop Strachan born, 1778.
Handel born, 1759.

THE WEATHER.

Spring mildness has returned. Comparison with last year:

	1896		1897
Min	32	Min	24
8 a. m	43	8 a. m	38
Noon	56	Noon	54

PROBABILITIES.

Fresh to strong easterly winds; fair; stationary or a little higher temperature.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

List of Books Placed in the Public Library April 10th.

The Black Watch, Archibald Forbes; Court of King Arthur, Notes of the Night, Joseph Jacobs, Sketches of Art, Last Poems of James Russell Lowell, On Face of the Waters; Black Joe, G. M. Fenn; Last Recruit of Clares, S. R. Freighth; Red Republic, Robert W. Chambers; White Rose of Arno, Owen Roscomyl; Eighty Years Ago, Dr. Gibney; An Eclipse Party in Africa, Eben J. Loomis; Farthest North, Fridtjof Nansen; Lyric from the Saddle, Terlume; From Ponkapog to Perth, T. B. Aldrich; Twenty Thousand Leagues under the Sea, Jules Verne; The Doom of the Holy City, Lydia Hoyt Farmer; Margaret Ogilvey, J. M. Barrie; The Mistress of Beech Knoll, Clara Louise Burnham; Man in the Iron Mask, Dumas; That Affair Next Door, Dr. Izzard, Anna Katharine Green; Mrs. Tregaskiss, Mrs. Campbell Praed; The Idol Maker, Adeline Serjeant; On the Red Staircase, M. I. Taylor.

Mining Notes.

Mr. James H. Mills showed to-day a number of fine samples of quartz, dolomite and silver lead from his lot in Elzevir.

The Price of Prosperity
IS ADVERTISING IN THE
INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

Don't forget Mrs. J. C. Jamieson's sale, commences to-morrow morning at 9:30.

50 people guessed on Saturday at SCHUSTER'S.

The communication of "Civis" and other matter has been crowded out of to-day's issue.

You save money when you buy your Spring Hat at Harry's. All the latest styles.

To-morrow evening an interesting lecture will be delivered in the Bridge st., Methodist church.

The Young Woman's Guild of St. Andrew's church will meet to-night at Mr. Allan Petrie's.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

To-night the Boys' Brigade will give an entertainment in the lecture room of St. Andrew's church.

A good assortment of Tweed Blue and Black Serge Caps for boys and men; only 25c at Harry's.

A week from Tuesday night Mrs. Maclean's Bible Class will give an entertainment in Alberta Hall.

The Rev. J. J. Rae, of Peterborough, preached two able and eloquent sermons in Holloway st. church yesterday.

A drunken tramp badly frightened Mr. D. Graham and family on Friday night last by pounding the front door.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Newton took place from the residence of her sister-in-law, Mrs. McMullen, Centre st., yesterday afternoon.

A request has been received that the concert given on Friday evening at Albert College be repeated in the city. The subject will be considered.

The entertainment to be given by the local I.O.O.F. lodges will be held on April 26th instead of May 29th, as mentioned in our issue of Saturday.

The farmer who sold a bag of potatoes on Saturday, to be delivered on Charles st., between Queen and Hotel sts., had better deliver them soon or he will be prosecuted.

We have a full assortment of Polish—Chalketel and Ox Blood, Gilt Edge and all best qualities. We recommend Gilt Edge above all others.—VERMILYEA & SON.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

Men's Odd Pants.

The Oak Hall have special value this spring in men's odd pants. More particularly is this the case in lines at $1, $1.25, $1.50 and $2. The man with only a small amount to invest need not do without a respectable pair of pants. All sizes, all colors, and hundreds of pants to select from.

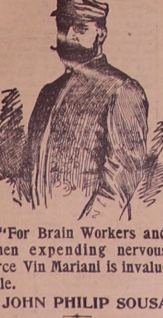
Massassaga Point.

There was a sugar social held at Massassaga Point church on Friday night 9th inst., under the auspices of the Epworth League. Although the night was very stormy it did not dampen the spirits of those who had gathered together. After partaking of the sweet the audience was called to order while the choir gave some beautiful selections of music. The Chairman's address (Mr. Byron Frederick) was highly applauded, also two recitations by Miss Dora Valleau and an address by Wm. H. Maybee.

Successful Students.

In the result of the examinations at Queen's University the following Belleville boys figure: J. D. Doyle passed in all third year subjects; D. B. Lazier passed in first year chemistry and animal biology and physiology; H. Walker passed in fourth year senior surgery and chemical surgery and senior medical and surgical anatomy. The latter took the above subjects to complete his course.

VIN MARIANI
(MARIANI WINE)
Strengthens entire system
BODY, BRAIN and NERVES.
Lung, Throat, Heart and Stomach Troubles are benefited.
Effect Immediate and lasting.



"For Brain Workers and when expending nervous force Vin Mariani is invaluable.
JOHN PHILIP SOUSA
DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day.
LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA, ALSO FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne. Old Empire Rye Whisky

A BOLD BURGLAR CAUGHT.

The Police Laid a Trap and he Calmly Walked Into it.

Paterson's Wholesale Confectionery Store the Scene of the Capture—Tom Parsons, the Thief, Taken Red-Handed—Officer Hayes Again Shows Nerve.

For some months cash has been stolen from the till of Wm. Paterson & Son's wholesale biscuit and confectionery store, which is situated just south of the City Hall and Police Station. The place was always robbed at night and apparently nothing but the cash in the till was disturbed. Mr. L. R. Terwilligar, manager, and his bookkeeper, Mr. H. Naylor, finally decided to take turns in watching for the robber, but notwithstanding their vigils they were not rewarded, as the thief kept away. The watch was given up and then the change again commenced to disappear as formerly.

P. C. Hayes then took a hand in the proceedings and after several nights' faithful watching he caught his man Sunday morning about three o'clock. The individual proved to be one Tom Parsons, a painter by trade, who has a wife and eight small children.

Officer Hayes waited patiently till nearly three o'clock, when he had almost given up hope of anyone coming that night. Presently his attention was directed towards the rear of the store by a very slight noise, as of a cat coming in, and soon after the figure of a large man loomed up before him. The officer waited till he was close up to him, when he suddenly rose up before the intruder, grabbed him by the throat and pushing a revolver in his face called upon him to surrender. The thief immediately "caved" and said, "don't shoot, I will go with you."

He was at once placed in the cells and the Chief was summoned. He and Offier Hayes took a hack and drove to Parsons' house on Commercial st., where they made a big haul. After a short delay Mrs. Parsons admitted the officers and they made a careful search of the house. They found cleverly hidden in the cellar several boxes of cigars, which were subsequently identified by Mr. L. R. Terwilligar, as having been stolen from the Paterson store. Besides these there were found seven new coats, seven new vests, a heavy tweed waterproof, with cape attached, underwear, neckties, gloves and several other small articles. Two newly sharpened drills and a cold chisel were also found and the whole lot were taken to police headquarters.

Mrs. Parsons was greatly agitated when told of her husband's arrest. She denied that she knew he was engaged in burglaries. She was also taken to the police station and closely interrogated. Unfortunately this is not the first time that Parsons has been called upon to answer a charge of theft.

Parsons made his entrance through a back window, where a pane of glass was out. A board had been placed against this which had a small piece out of its side. Putting his hand inside he knocked down the prop, and then crawled through. When arrested he had on rubber boots and his footfall could hardly be heard five feet away. He was seen in front of the Queen's Hotel at 11 o'clock Saturday night.

Parsons was brought up in police court this morning, but the Crown was not ready to proceed and he was remanded till Wednesday.

GOODS FOUND AT PARSONS.'

2 purses, 2 overcoats, 7 boxes cigars, 1 piece of fuse, 2 pairs cuffs, 2 pairs gloves, 1 pair mitts, 4 new ties, 1 suit of undershirts, 3 spoons, 1 fish line, 1 shirt, 1 macintosh with cape, 7 pairs of pants, 7 vests, 3 coats, trade mark J. C. & Co., 5 coats, 1 steel chisel, 2 iron bits.

Some of the above articles have already been identified. Those who have lost purses would do well to call at the police station and examine those awaiting identification.

Howe's Floor Paints

Are expressly prepared with a view to their brightness, glossiness and durability. Warranted not to peel off. Satisfaction guaranteed. Parties who used these paints last year tell us they like them much better than the "Elephant" or any of the other of the well-known brands which they have tried. Price 30c a quart. Sold in Belleville only by ALEX. RAY.

A Masonic Funeral.

The funeral of the late J. N. Carter, of Picton, took place yesterday under Masonic auspices. There were a large number of visiting brethren present from this city, Kingston and other places. Those present from Belleville were Messrs. H. Pringle, D.D.G.M., Mayor Johnson, W. S. Morden, Chas. Schuster, W. Nelson, T. Purvis, C. Brown, E. T. Cherry, W. H. Ketcheson, H. Canniff, A. D. Walker, E. Wright, W. Patterson, H. Beattie and H. Ackerman.

Just Arrived at Harry's

Cambric shirts, blue hair line stripe, with collar attached; fast colors; only 50c at Harry's.

Cheerfully Candid.

"There is nothing like an equal division of labor."

This a flicker from a Sun-beam. The poor junior Grit organ has struck it right for once. The Mugwump sheet has by turns and twists tried many things to keep in touch with the people. It advocated a summer carnival, a departmental store, cut itself down to half its original size, and now it advocates no departmentals, trying hard to forget the past squeals of the infant, and at the same time endeavors to make the public do the same.

OBITUARY.

CLARINDA M. WALLBRIDGE.

Mrs. Frank Wallbridge was taken ill on Friday last and after three days suffering died at 5:40 this morning. Deceased, whose maiden name was Clarinda Maria Stewart, was born at Perth 65 years ago. Her father was in his younger days teacher of the Royal High School at Perth, where several of the Canadian judiciary, past and present, received their preliminary education, and he afterwards practised law in Goderich and Stratford. Mr. D. E. K. Stewart, barrister, of Madoc, is a half brother of Mrs. Wallbridge. She was married to Mr. Frank Wallbridge over forty years ago and her husband, four sons and three daughters survive. The children are Frank S., barrister, this city; William H., barrister, Toronto; Lewis, Sherbrooke, Que., Stewart, Anaconda, Mont.; Mrs. J. F. Caldwell, Winnipeg; Misses Carrie and Clara at home. Mrs. Wallbridge was a devout member of Emmanuel Reformed Episcopal church, where she was greatly esteemed by old and young. She was a lady very highly esteemed wherever known and her sudden demise will cause genuine regret. Her husband and family have the sympathy of a large circle of friends.

PHILIP MCGUIRE.

After an illness of fifteen weeks, Philip McGuire, the proprietor of St. George's Hotel, died at 12:45 to-day. He was first taken down with a heavy cold, which developed into pneumonia, and this with other complicatations carried him off. Deceased was a son of Jas. McGuire, Sinclair st., and was 31 years of age. He had been connected with some of the leading hotels of the city for several years. He was employed in the Anglo-American under Capt. Henderson for more than a year and later was bartender at the Kyle House for six years. He had been the proprietor of the St. George's Hotel for the past four years. He was married about twelve years ago to Margaret McMaster, of County Cavan, Ireland, and she with two young sons survive him. His father, mother, and a number of brothers and sisters also survive him. The funeral will take place on Wednesday.

CHARLES BENEDICT.

A very sudden death occurred in the fifth con. of Thurlow on Saturday afternoon. Charles Benedict, an aged and respected resident of the township, was about his farm in the forenoon in his usual health, and shortly after noon while sitting in a chair, he complained of a pain in his side and soon after expired from heart disease. Deceased who was 68 years of age, was married to a Miss Pitman, and his wife and two sons survive him. The funeral took place this afternoon and was largely attended.

JOHANNAH O'DONNELL.

Probably the oldest resident of the city died on Saturday night in the person of Johannah O'Donnell. She was born in Ireland over 95 years ago and had lived here many years. She died of old age at the residence of Mr. Jas. Ross, Geddes st. Deceased was unmarried. The funeral took place this forenoon to St. Michael's church and thence to the R. C. cemetery.

HUMPHREY.

The six months' old infant of John Humphrey, Great St. James st., died on Saturday evening from congestion of the lungs. The remains were interred at Shannonville this forenoon.

Given Away at Schuster's.

An $8 Waterproof Coat or an elegant pure silk Umbrella, tipped with sterling silver, leather cased, to the person guessing the nearest to the number of shirts sold within the next ten days. Each purchaser of goods to the value of from 50c. to $1 is entitled to one guess; from $1.25 up, two guesses.—SCHUSTER, Hatter and Gents' Furnisher.

NEWS OF THE MINES.

Another Important Transaction at El Dorado.

The old Richardson mine at El Dorado, where a Toronto company have for some weeks past been experimenting with success, has been found so satisfactory that the Company have purchased the mine, with the five acres on which it is located, for $20,000. Col. Brown was one of the owners.

The Men of '37 and '66.

The gathering of the Veterans on Saturday night was a large one. The comfortable officers' quarters of the Arglyle Light Infantry was, with Colonel Ponton's accustomed thoughtfulness for the veterans, placed at their disposal for the evening. Mr. U. E. Thompson, President of the Association, was the Chairman. It was resolved to appoint a deputation to wait upon the Minister of Militia, with deputations from various places in Ontario and Quebec, to present the claims of the Veterans. Professor John Macoun, Capt. Henry A. F. Macleod, C.E., Major Harrison, and Messrs. John Harrison, John Ackers, Martin Benson, W. Howard, of Ottawa, and the Members of Parliament for Hastings, were requested to be Belleville's representatives.

The celebration of the Queen's Diamond Jubilee was discussed, and the Executive Committee of the Association was appointed to confer with the Committees to be appointed by other bodies as to how most fittingly that great event should be commemorated here.

To-Night.

Haines & Lockett's shoe sale will be open till nine o'clock this evening. A lot of gents' three dollar tan lace boots, King's make, will be brought forward and marked two dollars. A lot of ladies' tan shoes, Trilby toes, King's make, regular price three dollars, marked one twenty-five.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

GOLD MEDAL AWARDED.

Rev. C. E. McIrvine the Winner—The Competitors 16.

No event at Albert College creates as much interest each year as the competition for the gold medal contributed by Mr. Thomas Ritchie for pulpit oratory, and as this year the number who entered the list was larger than before, the excitement was intensified. Sixteen divinity students presented themselves before the judges, each of whom read a hymn, and a portion of scripture, and then delivered part of a pulpit oration. The judges decided unanimously to award the prize to the Rev. Charles E. McIrvine. It must be gratifying to Mr. McIrvine not only to obtain the medal but to have the judges award it as they did.

CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's Disease, cure Rheumatism and all Catharrhal conditions of the Kidneys and Bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderfully soothing influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the Kidneys or Bladder. One pill a dose, 25 a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

Marine Notes.

The steam barge Iona passed up the bay light yesterday to load with lumber. The Iona has been undergoing a thorough overhauling at Picton under the direction of Capt. Vanalstine. She has been greatly strengthened by diagonal braces.

The Hero made her first trip yesterday, bringing a party from Kingston to Picton to attend the funeral of the late Mayor Carter. She will begin her regular trips on Wednesday.

The Annie Lake is in commission again. She took a party of Masons to Picton yesterday, returning about ten o'clock last evening.

The Ella Ross is expected to commence her regular trips to-morrow.

CURED WEAK BACK FOR 25 CTS.

For two years I was dosed, pilled and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

Yes, Only Give it Something.

(Junior Grit organ).

Belleville is ready to assay anything now that the Government is going to give us something to assay with.

Yes, dear boy, all you want is a little something to keep up your "assay" with, a little "Government pap" or anything that will keep you going; but never mind, you may be all right yet if you succeed in pushing that "little rumored Trenton deal through." Get a nice little plant up there, dear boy; you may do well in a new town. This city is really too small for your mammoth intellect. Say! how did that little Toronto matter pan out just previous to your going to Ottawa?

How to Cure Corns.

Easy? Yes, if you go about it the right way. Get the best always. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor never fails to cure. Acts in twenty-four hours and causes neither pain nor discomfort. Putnam's Corn Extractor extracts corns; it is the best.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT.

Louis Corby vs. Richard Maracle, Dennis Sero, Jacob Sero, Jacob Maracle was laid over for one week.

PERJURY.

Peter Bardy, who was charged with perjury, was fined $9 or two months in gaol. Peter is about half Indian.

A Graduate of Toronto University says "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years. Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Rev. J. J. Rae suitably addressed young men yesterday afternoon.

Col. Ponton will speak to those interested in the Battalion to-night at 8.

BIRTH.

LAZIER—At Belleville, on Sunday, April 11th, the wife of W. A. Lazier, Church st., of a daughter.

Auction Sale!

MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, South Albert st., will sell her household effects TUESDAY, APRIL 13th, sale commencing at 9:30 a.m. and continuing following days until all is sold. The effects consist of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Furniture, Book Cases, Tables and all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Carpets, Pictures, Books, Range, Plants, China, Crockery, Glassware, Side-Board, Butler's Table, Boufette, Gas Stove, Gas Fixtures, Awning, Meat Grinder, Clock, Sewing Machine, Large Mirror, Curtain Poles, Lawn Mower, etc. There will also be sold a Carriage Horse, two Phaetons, Dog Cart, Waggon, Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, Robes, Bells, Rugs, Blankets, and other stable articles.

Carriages and Stable Articles will be sold Wednesday afternoon at 2.30.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

FRESH ARRIVALS OF THE SEASON'S NOVELTIES.

We have just opened up a large importation of the novelties so much in demand this season. They include:

Chiffons.

In Plain and Pleated, in Black, White, Cream, Sky, Pink, Mauve, Brown, Yellow, and Cardinal. Prices range from 20c to 75c a yard.

Velvet Ribbons.

So much in demand just now, especially in the narrow widths. Every width in stock in both Satin and Cotton back.

Tubular Braids.

Plain and Fancy Tubulars in Black and leading colors. The correct thing for trimming spring dresses.

Ruchings.

Chiffon Ruchings all widths, in Black, for trimming Capes and Dresses, very pretty styles, ranging in price from 25c to $1.00 a yard.

Kid Gloves.

Our Kid Glove assortment is complete. A few of those 50c and 75c Gloves left, worth $1.00. All our Gloves at $1.00 and up guaranteed.

Ladies' Ties.

New styles in Ladies' Ties just received. Also Linen Collars and Cuffs all the new shapes in every size.

Belts.

A large lot of Leather Belts in Black, White, Cardinal, Tans and Greens. See the styles we show at 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c. Also Black and Colored Beltings by the yard and Belt Buckles

Val. Laces.

A splendid assortment of Valenciennes Laces in Black, White and Butter, greatly used for trimming Muslins.

Satin Ribbons.

Every shade and width in Satin Ribbons. Also all colors in Baby Ribbons.

Margaret Collaretts.

Have you seen the new Margaret Collaretts? The latest novelty in Neckwear. Colors White, Black, Sky, Pink, Helio, Tuscan.

Blouse Setts.

A large assortment of Blouse Setts, Belt Pins, Collar and Cuff Buttons, in Black, Silver, Gold, Pearl and enamel effects. These are wonderfully cheap for fine goods.

LACE CURTAIN SPECIALS.

We have just received over 200 pairs Lace Curtains in White and Cream, very special value, prices ranging from 50c to $3.75 a pair.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

2 - EASTER REQUIREMENTS - 2

1st—A New Dress.

In this connection we show a full range of novelties in English, French and German made goods.

Our Dressmaking Department is in charge of Miss Conway.

2nd—A Stylish ....Spring Hat

In Ladies' and Children's headwear we show the newest creations known to the millinery trade.

This department is in charge of Miss Morris.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

EASTER CARDS.

Easter is fittingly commemorated in the beautiful custom of remembering friends through the medium of Easter Cards.

Some exquisite novelties—rare examples of the Lithographer's Art—are on view at our store, and the prices are low enough to encourage this growing Easter sentiment—the sending of tokens to absent friends.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

Baby Carriages.

Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.

Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.

When baby "goes-a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.

The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.

C. B. Scantlebury.

Next to Xmas.

EASTER is the most important holiday in the year. The custom of giving Easter gifts is a growing one, and Candy is sure to take its appointed place. We have specials in Confectionery and Easter novelties for the occasion. See our handsome display this week.

CHAS. S. CLAPP.

The Diamond Jubilee

Soft Hat is new—decidedly the latest.
THE STYLE—Very becoming to young men.
THE QUALITY—Wakefield's London very best.
THE PRICE—Very reasonable, within reach of all.
THE COLORS—Four very fashionable shades, Black, Nutria, Agate and Pearl. Special at $2.50; good value at $3. Be loyal and wear one.

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.

NEW GOODS.
NEW GOODS.
NEW GOODS.

Hats and Caps.	Hosiery & Gloves.
Tam O'Shanters.	Neckwear, &c.
Sweaters.	Boys' 2-pce Suits.
Bicycle Hose.	Boys' 3-pce Suits.
Bicycle Caps.	Youths' Suits.
Bicycle Suits.	Men's Suits.
Underwear.	Overalls, Smocks, &c

J. A. Vandervoort,
Men's Outfitter.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	1:15 a.m.	1:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:15 p.m.

Going East.	(Arrive.)
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	1:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

A CHANGE OF FRONT.

The absolute falsity of the pretence of the Liberals, with which they no doubt deceived many credulous people into supporting them, namely that they, if placed in power at Ottawa, would be able to secure reciprocity in trade with the United States, has been so fully exposed that they have been obliged to confess, by their official utterances, their shameful imposture in that regard.

After having for several years advocated commercial union with the United States—meaning thereby discrimination against Great Britian in common with all other countries to the full extent of the United States tariff, which would have cut down the value of our exports from the mother country to about one-fourth of the present figures or even less—they were casting about for a policy whilst they were in opposition. Here are the facts as to the course of Mr. Laurier, now Premier, in regard to the question of tariff:

In 1871 and in 1876, he said "I am a Protectionist."

In 1878 he worked in behalf of a "revenue tariff," which did not produce revenue sufficient to run the machinery of the Government.

In 1891 he supported commercial union with the United States, and the adoption of their high tariff.

In 1894 at Winnipeg he declared for a low tariff, but free raw materials.

In January, 1895, at Montreal, he proclaimed "free trade as in England," which means taxation on tea and coffee, as his goal, with taxation on raw materials.

In February, 1895, at Montreal, he said:

> I denounce the protective system. I denounce it to your judgment, I denounce it to your intelligence. * * * It mars the growth of all our great national industries. * * * It was Protection to-day which was oppressing the people.

Now that they are in power, the Liberals have executed a right-about-face and cast their former professions to the wind, as is their habit. Their most recent policy, which will be embodied in the forthcoming tariff, is thus outlined by the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Globe, who writes as follows under date of April 7th instant:

> Although the Government guards its tariff proposals with the utmost watchfulness it becomes more and more evident that the pressure of public opinion in favor of a pro-British trade policy will prove irresistible, and that when the tariff comes down it will be found to make much greater reductions in the classes of goods mainly imported from Great Britain than on those mainly imported from the United States. The Ontario Liberals held a conference with members of the Government yesterday, in the course of which the situation was thoroughly discussed. The result of the meeting undoubtedly will be to strengthen the pro-British movement. Members who do not care to be quoted and who personally would prefer to see an all-round reduction of the tariff, without consideration of the country from which imports come, admit that public sentiment is absolutely opposed to it, and that a tariff framed on the principle of ignoring the Dingley Bill and other recent hostile American legislation would be exceedingly unpopular all over the Dominion.

Not a word, be it observed, as to principle, in this semi-official announcement of a highly important "new departure" in fiscal legislation—amounting, in fact, to a revolution. "Principle" is only mouthed about by such men when in opposition. Once place them in office, and principle is the last thing of which they think. "Will it be popular?" is what they ask before carrying out any administrative act; not "Is it in accordance with Liberal principles."

Their day of reckoning may be nearer than they at present believe.

COST OF GOVERNMENT.

The following figures furnish an instructive and valuable exposition of the cost of government in the United States from 1800 to 1895 as given by the New York SUN. It shows that in the last thirty-five years the expenses have enormously increased, the per capita tax having grown from $1.91 to $5.48. During the ten years from 1860 to 1870 the civil war was fought, yet in the latter year the per capita tax was only $4.25, as against $5.48 in 1895. The SUN's table is as follows:

Year.	Population.	Expenditure.	Per Capita.
1800	5,302,483	$ 7,400,000	$1.39
1810	7,239,881	5,300,000	75
1820	9,633,822	13,100,000	1.36
1830	12,866,020	13,000,000	1 01
1840	17,069,453	24,100,000	1 41
1850	23,191,876	37,200,000	1.60
1860	31,448,321	60,000,000	1.91
1870	38,558,371	164,000,000	4.26
1880	50,155,783	170,000,000	3.39
1890	62,480,540	321,700,000	5.14
1895	70,000,000 (est.)	383,900,000	5.48

The SUN estimates that for 1897, the population being placed at 72,000,000, the per capita tax will amount to about $7.16, or nearly double what it was five years after the close of the costly rebellion. The American citizen may well ask, "Whither are we drifting?"

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Liable to be Even More so.

Mail and Empire.

The Kingston News calls Mr. Laurier "the great chameleon." It is to be hoped that his spring tints will not be as various and variable as his winter ones were.

Where, Tell Us?

Hamilton Times.

"As we said a few days ago, if their indignation against Mr. Hardy cannot be kept within bounds, let them (the Prohibitionists) go farther and fare worse." Tell us, where? asks the Templar.

Business That is not Business.

Mail and Empire.

Sir Charles—Wouldn't it be a good idea to have the tariff first and the franchise after? It would help the people.

Mr. Laurier—Look here, Sir Charles, we're not in office to help the people; we're in to help ourselves.

Very Hungry--Not Satisfied Yet.

Mail and Empire.

Israel Tarte's penchant for dismissing is so strong that he wanted the other day to discharge the caretaker of a building next door to that in which his "departa-ma" is temporarily housed. If Israel could have his way his devotees would be the only persons who could obtain employment in the country.

We'll See!

Templar, Hamilton.

"If the electors show the same contempt for the Ontario Government that the latter show for the plebiscite they ordered, the Hardy Ross Ministry will have their epitaphs written in the next general election." If its left to the temperance Grits, there'll be no epitaph. They'll vote Grit every time.

The Temperance People.

Templar, Hamilton.

It should do some weak-kneed Prohibitionists good to know the opinion the politicians have of them. A prominent prohibition Liberal, who was exerting his influence upon the Government for a more advanced measure of restriction in the Harcourt Bill, urged that the temperance people would injure the party in the next election if the Government's pledges were not fairly implemented. An ex-President of the Reform Association, and a very able lawyer, responded, "D——n the temperance people. They'll make any amount of noise about their cause, but when it comes to an election they'll go Grit and Tory every time just as before. This will not make a rush of difference."

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

JUST SCAN THIS LIST

And Pick Out Your Favorites for Royal Honors.

This Country Will Surely Have an Aristocracy of Its Own If the Program Goes Through—There Will be Peers and Knights and C. B.'s in All the Leading Cities Money Spent on Public Works—Lumbermen Pass Resolutions on the Tariff—General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, April 11.—(Special.)—The minds of men are just now reverting to the coming distribution of honors in connection with Her Majesty's jubilee. A gentleman who is well qualified to know says that Canadian recipients will be found included in the following list: Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Charles Tupper, Sir Donald Smith, Hon. R. W. Scott, William Mulock, Hon. W. S. Fielding, Hon. A. G. Blair, Hon. C. A. Pelletier, Hon. J. D. Edgar, Hon. A. S. Hardy, Hon. J. M. Gibson, Lieut.-Governor Kirkpatrick, Hon. William Macdougall, Major-General Gascoigne, Hon. Mr. Flynn, Lieut.-Gen. Montgomery Moore, Premier Turner of British Columbia, Senator Miller, Hon. Mr. Murray, Hon. F. Peters, Senator Masson, Chancellor Boyd, Hon. A. R. Angers, Hon. Thomas Greenway, Sandford Fleming, Dr. Bourinot, Principal Grant, Col. Smythe (late 100th Regiment), Lieut.-Col. Denison, Toronto; Dr. Craik, Montreal; Lieut. Marchand, St. Johns, Que.; Hon. James Mitchell, John S. Willison, Toronto Globe; Hugh Graham, Montreal Star; W. C. McDonald, Montreal; J. Lorne McDougall, Auditor-General; Mr. Justice Routhier, Quebec; Chief Justice Taylor, Winnipeg; Dr. William Kingsford, the distinguished historian; Mayor Samuel Bingham, Ottawa; Mayor Wilson-Smith, Montreal; Mayor R. J. Fleming, Toronto.

It is stated that the Premier has already had the offer of a knighthood, but has so far declined to accept it. A direct command from Her Majesty, however, next June, to kneel, and the simple tap on the shoulder with the magic words, "Rise, Sir Wilfrid," will be an effective way of overcoming any scruples he may have.

The general impression here is that Mr. Laurier, with other distinguished colonial statesmen, will be sworn of Her Majesty's Privy Council. Sir Charles Tupper and Sir Donald Smith will, in all probability, be elevater to the peerage. In such an event Sir Charles would necessarily retire from public life in Canada and the Opposition would have to select a new leader.

Only one Toronto corps is affected by this week's militia general orders. Second Lieutenant H. C. Bickford, having been appointed to Her Majesty's Imperial service, is stricken off the strength of the Governor General's Bodyguard. Second Lieutenants D'Alton Lally McCarthy and Frederick Cunningham Denison are promoted to be lieutenants; to be second lieutenants, provisionally: Herbert Hale Williams, James Harold Elmsley, Matthew Crooks Cameron and Ernest Alanson Button.

Hon. Mr. Davies received a telegram yesterday, stating that the 1000-ton English steamship Assaye, which was wrecked on Blonde Rock, near the entrance to the Bay of Fundy, last Monday, was being robbed and dismantled by pirates. The Minister has ordered the Government cutter Kingfisher to proceed to the scene at once and render whatever assistance is necessary.

The total amounts expended in public works last year, covered by the report, have been as follows: Harbors, rivers, bridges, etc., $656,000; public buildings, $735,757; telegraphs, $66,437; miscellaneous, including salaries, etc., $125,204; total $1,583,409. A falling-off in revenue has been noticeable, especially in two branches, viz., the graving docks and the telegraphs, the docks in 1892-93 having given the high income of $43,007, while from the same source the department only received in 1895-96 the sum of $23,011. The income from the telegraphs has gradually decreased from $10,229 in 1892 to $7430 in 1896.

The works of construction and repairs under the heading of harbors and rivers have extended over one hundred points in the Dominion, operations having been carried on at 24 places in Nova Scotia, 7 in New Brunswick, 16 in Prince Edward Island, 31 in Quebec, 15 in Ontario, 1 in Manitoba and 8 in British Columbia. One hundred and twenty surveys were made throughout the year.

Are you a Public Speaker?

If so you cannot find anywhere a preparation to equal **DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE** for the throat and respiratory organs. We have hundreds of testimonials from public speakers, singers, ministers and others. One rev. gentleman says: "I never think of entering my pulpit without Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine at my side." Such indorsations from the ministry should give confidence in Dr. Chase's Medicine.

If you are troubled with that tickling sore throat, so common among speakers and singers, you will find **DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE** a positive and permanent cure. Teaspoonful dose, price 25 cents. Edmanson, Bates & Co., sole manufacturers for Canada, 45 Lombard street, Toronto.

In Ontario dredging was performed at 19 points by five departmental dredges and two hired dredges. The five vessels owned by the department were the Challenge, Ontario, Nipissing, Queen and No. 9. The latter, working on the Kaministiquia River, at Fort William, performed its work at the cheapest rate known for some years in the department, the average cost per cubic yard having only amounted to 3 1-3 cents. The averages of the others are: Challenge, 14 1-3 cents; Ontario, 28 1-3 cents; Nipissing, 17 cents, and Queen, 14 cents. The total number of yards removed by the whole fleet during the year was 1,079,754 cubic yards.

Additions to the National Art Gallery during the last fiscal year consisted of two oil paintings, viz., Death of Nelson, by George Philip Reinagle, R. A., and The Photographer, by F. Brownell, R. C. A. The former was purchased by the Government. The latter was a diploma picture, the gift of the Royal Canadian Academy.

After a long discussion on Friday a representative meeting of Ottawa lumbermen adopted the following resolutions, on motion of Mr. J. R. Booth, and seconded by Mr. L. Crannell: "At a meeting of the lumber and timber trade of the Ottawa Valley it was unanimously agreed that the Government should take power from the House to protect the sawn lumber and pulp interests of Canada against the serious discrimination threatening it, as contemplated under the Dingley bill."

An informal meeting of the Executive Committees of the two local Conservative Associations has been held, and satisfactory progress made towards healing the differences that have existed in the past. Another meeting is to take place at an early day, when the probabilities are all in favor of only one annual meeting for the election of officers being held. David McLaren, the well-known lumberman, is spoken of for the presidency.

A dull week in Parliamentary circles is in prospect. To-morrow is private members' day; on Tuesday the discussion on the franchise bill will be continued; on Wednesday private members will have another fling, and then comes the Easter adjournment. Nearly every Nova Scotia member on both sides has gone home to take a hand in the local fight. Polling takes place on the 20th, the day the Commons resumes work.

The Government's call for tenders for dredging Stewart River, a tributary of the Yukon, for gold, is the outcome of an application just made to the Interior Department for a lease for a term of years of 100 continuous miles of that waterway. The applicant has a patent dredge, which it is said does wonderful work in lifting gold, and he proposes, if he secures a lease, to place one on this stream for placer mining purposes.

Mayor Bentley of Lethbridge is here to seek the co-operation of the Government to compel the Canadian Pacific to build their Crow's Nest line through Lethbridge. It appears the company, to avoid construction of certain expensive bridges over rivers, propose to strike west from a point on the Dunmore branch, thirty miles from Lethbridge. Mr. Bentley says that rather than that the town should be thrown down the municipal council would be willing to make a liberal contribution. The Mayor is also protesting to the Government against a decrease in the Mounted Police force.

Hugh Sutherland, President of the Winnipeg Great Northern Railway, is greatly disappointed that only a 90-ton vessel has been chosen for the Hudson Bay expedition. He would like to see a test made of ice navigation in the Straits with a steel vessel of about 2000 tons, which would likely be put on the route. The Diana, the vessel chosen by Mr. Davies, was spoken last week off the coast of Newfoundland homeward bound with 2000 seals on board.

Sir Richard Cartwright was asked yesterday if any definite announcement could be made regarding the fast Atlantic service, but gave a negative reply.

A number of Ottawa capitalists are seeking incorporation as the Canadian Yukon Prospecting and Mining Company, with a capital of $20,000.

The Indian famine fund contributions are still coming in to the Department of Finance and now total $152,000. The fund is to be closed next Thursday, and Treasurer Courtney is anxious for prompt remittances.

Taking Notes at Night.

A tiny electric light, attached to a pencil, enables French reporters to take notes at night.

At first ill-health creeps up slowly, but at last it comes at a gallop and the rider is death. Of all known forms of ill-health and disease, consumption is the most insidious. Its approach is slow and stealthy. But at the last death comes with a rush. Consumption has been frequently pronounced incurable. It is not. It may be stopped—warded off—at almost any stage. But if the sufferer neglects to take the proper remedy in the proper way, death is swift and certain.

Consumption like almost all manner of disease has its inception in a trio of all-embracing disorders. They are "imperfect digestion," "irregular bowels," and "impure blood." They are triplets. One is dependent for existence upon the other. Cure one, cure all. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the best of all known remedies for this disorder. It corrects disordered digestion, invigorates the liver, regulates the bowels, makes the blood pure, and the nerves strong. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. It makes the muscles firm and springy. It soothes and invigorates the nerves. It tones up body and brain. It cures ninety-eight per cent of all cases of consumption.

Mrs. Rebecca F. Gardner, of Grafton, York Co., Va., writes: "When I was married I weighed one hundred and twenty-five pounds. I was taken sick and reduced in health and broke out with a disease which my doctor said was eczema. He treated my disease but failed to do me any good, and I fell away to 90 pounds. I began using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and thank God and you, I began to improve. When I began taking the 'Discovery' my weight was 90 pounds and now I weigh 140 pounds and have only taken two bottles. I cannot say too much about the medicine. My husband is one of the happiest men in the world. He says I look younger than I did the first time he ever saw me, and that was fifteen years ago. Well, doctor, I am a well woman, and do all of my housework, tend to my fowls and cow and do some work in the garden. It is a miracle that I am cured."

Health and happiness formed a partnership in the garden of Eden. It has never been dissolved. You cannot have one without the other. Constipation is the usual cause of ill-health. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are tiny, sugar-coated granules. They cure constipation. One is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe. Druggists sell them.

THE WAR EXCITEMENT

The Latest News From Greece Is Very Serious.

Mr. Balfour Has Rather Bested Sir Wm. Harcourt in the House of Commons in Regard to Britain's Position on the Eastern Question—Employers' Liability Bill—South African Shares at a Standstill—Cable Gossip.

New York, April 11.—Mr. Ford wires The Tribune from London:

The news from Greece at midnight is more serious than appeared this morning. The force of irregulars engaged in the frontier raid was much larger than was at first represented, and its advance has lighted up the war excitement in Athens, and it may be most difficult to prevent an outbreak of hostilities. It is not unlikely that the raid has been connived at or secretly encouraged by the regular troops, and that a military campaign may be fought after all the diplomacy and vacillation. Mr. Balfour has succeeded in placing Sir William Harcourt on the defensive and in forcing him to decline to raise a debate on the motion of censure. The Liberals were not united, and Sir William Harcourt was too wary to risk a division on any question of foreign policy. A motion may be made on Monday to adjourn the House in order to force a discussion of the Greek question prematurely, but probably the members will leave London for the Easter holidays without any final struggle in the party welfare. Mr. Balfour's prestige has been increased by the shrewdness and ability with which he kept the House in hand during the session. As a tactician he has shown himself Sir William Harcourt's equal; as a disciplinarian for an unmanageable majority, he has been alike firm and flexible.

HAS WAR BROKEN OUT?

The Decisions and Indecisions of the Powers in Regard to Greece.

New York, April 11.—Harold Frederic in his weekly cable letter to The Times comments as follows:

During the week much has been written and telegraphed to the newspapers about the decisions and indecisions of the powers as regards that famous blockade of the Gulf of Athens, but really the subject was hardly worth talking about. Even the admirals of the fleet in Cretan waters no longer preserve the pretence of acting in concert, but the vessels of the various nations shell the insurgents or send their officers ashore to lunch with them as the whim of the hour dictates.

As for the larger concert of the powers, that ceased to exist for any but stage purposes some weeks ago, as explained in these despatches at the time, and it now possesses not even a histrionic value. It would serve no useful purpose to try to summarize the gossip as to the responsibility for this deadlock, if only because at best it is nothing better than gossip. It certainly seems for the moment as if the Russo-German connection had been broken off, or at least was no longer effective, and that Europe was reverting again to its earlier and normal division of forces, with the triple alliance on one side and the dual compact on the other, and England sailing about on the outside in that position of splendid isolation which was the pride of Mr. Goschen's heart a year ago.

Fighting All Day.

Retimo, April 10, 6 p.m.—Desultory fighting occurred all day to-day in the environs of Candia.

Turks Were the Aggressors.

Athens, April 10, 8 p.m.—Anent the firing going on between the Greeks and Turkish on the frontier posts, it is explained here that the Greek posts were obliged to reply to the fire of the Turks, who, when the insurgents crossed the frontier, attacked both the insurgents and the posts.

The Greek Government is still preparing its reply to the note of the powers delivered April 4, announcing that in case of an armed conflict on the Greco-Turkish frontier all responsibility will rest with the aggressors, and adding that the latter will not be allowed to reap the slightest benefit from their action.

Insurgents Captured Baltino.

Athens, April 10, midnight.—A report has been received from Larissa to the effect that the insurgents have occupied Baltino, besieging 800 Turks in the barracks. They have already sent nine Turkish prisoners to Kalambaka. The Government has despatched stringent orders to the frontier with a view to preventing further conflict between the regular troops. It is said that the Grecian Government had no knowledge of the projected invasion, the responsibility for the firing resting with the Turks. The situation is extremely critical. Fighting between the insurgents and the Turks continues. The Minister of War is constantly exchanging communications with the Crown Prince.

8000 Troops on the Way.

London, April 11.—A despatch to The Observer from Athens says that eight thousand troops have just started for the frontier. Official news has been received of outrages committed on the Greeks of Smyrna by sailors connected with the French warships. No blockade has been declared as yet, according to the latest advices received by The Observer.

The Commencement of War.

Constantinople, April 11.—In a communication to the Ambassadors, dated April 10, the Porte speaks of the invaders of the previous day as "regular" troops, and the incursion is regarded here as the commencement of war.

A panic occurred at Valona yesterday on a rumor that the Greek warships were about to attack the town. Two thousand Bashi-Bazouks assembled in an adjoining valley and placed themselves in readiness to advance in case of an attack by marines on land.

ACCOUNTS ARE CONFLICTING.

But Athenians Accept the Invasion as Inaugurating War.

Athens, April 11, noon.—Accounts are very conflicting as to what really happened last Friday, when the frontier was crossed by the insurgents, whose carefully planned invasion is accepted by the Athenians as inaugurating war. The Turks evidently share the view entertained at Athens that the movement was one of great importance. Advices from Elassona indicate a universal belief there that the invasion was simply a precursor to action by the Greek army.

A special correspondent of the Associated Presses went to Larissa last evening (Saturday) and ascertains that the invaders numbered upward of 3000. Among them were Signor Cipriani and his Italian volunteers. The entire force was under the command of three ex-officers of the Greek army and four Macedonian chiefs. The rendezvous was at Koniskos, a village near Kalabaka. The men were all fully armed and wore the national costume, their black fur caps bearing the badge and initials of Ethnike Hetairia embroidered in blue and white, with the words "En toute nika" crossing the initials in black.

On Friday a monk from Mount Athos assisted his abbot and two deacons at a religious service at Koniskos, at which all members of the invading body partook of the sacrament and registered the oath of the order, "Liberty or death." In addition to large quantities of ammunition, and provisions, the force had 3000 pounds of gold.

During Friday night following the service the frontier was crossed, the

(Continued on third page)

A Magnificent Showing OF BOYS' CLOTHING.

This is the Season of the Year....... when new clothes for the boys is an absolute necessity. The winter wear is cast aside. In clothing for Boys suited to the new season we have not simply a very large variety, but many special lines that will attract the attention of the boys and interest every mother. Prices are just as attractive as the goods.

Boys' Navy Blue Two-Piece Serge Suits, plain or pleated back, worth at least $2.00, for	$1 50
Boys' Mixed Gray Suits, sizes 22 to 27 only, Coat and Pants beautifully trimmed, fancy pleating, worth $2.50 for	2 00
Boys' All Wool Halifax Tweed Suits, different shades, well made and trimmed, extra wearing and worth $3.00 easy, for	2 50
Boys' Dark Gray 3 Piece Suits for lads 12 to 15 years of age, made by Sanford, well trimmed and good wearing. The same last year was $4.00 now	3 00
Boys' Sailor Suits, sizes 22 to 28, Blouses and Pants in Blue Serge, Pants lined, special price	$1.00
Boys' Velvet Sailor Suits, imported from Germany, color navy blue, nice lanyard and whistle, a good value suit at $4.00, our price	3 00
Boys' Serge Suits. Coat Vest and Pants, boy 11 to 15 years of age, Sanford's celebrated make, well trimmed and good wearing	3.00
Boys' Extra Good Gray Worsted Suits, in Coat, Vest and Pants. Veryfine trimmings. Our price last year was $8.00, now	7.00

OAK HALL.

For the . . .

Lenten Season

Fresh

Baltimore Oysters

Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies

Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon

Canned Lobster

Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins

KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins

HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines

in Tins. Finest Brands.

Bloater Paste

in Small Jars.

Anchovy Paste

in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,

GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones--139 and 157.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind and Door Factory.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HARRIS & WALTON, OF THE CITY OF BELLEVILLE, INSOLVENTS.

TENDERS addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,685 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,208 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to

WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman. J. TOONEY proprietor. dff

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I feel confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excruciating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietus to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 908 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion? Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite? Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

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The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAROINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

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PAST YOUR PRIME

Perhaps not in years, but in energy. Your health is not good, yet you hardly know what is the matter with you. Your business, too, is on the decline. People miss the old elastic spirit you showed in former years. The secret of all this is that your constitution is worn out and your blood is bad. Set both right by the use of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One box will cure you

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Ailments peculiar to women.
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Liver complaint.
Loss of appetite.
Severe kidney diseases.

Thousands of sufferers have publicly testified to the efficacy of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are the best, so use the best. One pill a dose; one cent a dose; 25 cents a box.

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Use Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for all throat and lung troubles. Large bottle, small dose, small price, 25c.

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THE Waterloo Veteran.

Is Waterloo a dead word to you? the name of a plain of battle, no more? Or do you see, on a space of rising ground, the little long-coated man with marble features, and unquenchable eyes that pierce through rolling smoke to where the relics of the old Guard of France stagger and rally and reach fiercely again up the hill of St. Jean toward the squares, set, torn, red, re-formed, stubborn, mangled, victorious beneath the unflinching will of him behind there,—the Iron Duke of England?

Or is your interest in the fight literary? and do you see in a pause of the conflict Major O'Dowd sitting on the carcass of Pyramus refreshing himself from that case-bottle of sound brandy? George Osborne lying yonder, all his fopperies ended, with a bullet through his heart? Rawdon Crawley riding stolidly behind General Tufto along the front of the shattered regiment where Captain Dobbin stands heart-sick for poor Emily.

Or maybe the struggle arranges itself in your vision around one figure not named in history or fiction,—that of your grandfather, or his father or some old dead soldier of the great wars whose blood you exult to inherit, or some grim veteran whom you saw tottering to the roll call beyond when the Queen was young and you were a little boy.

For me the shadows of the battle are so grouped round old John Locke that the historians, story-tellers and painters may never quite persuade me that he was not the centre and real hero of the action. The French cuirassers in my thought-pictures charge again and again vainly against old John; he it is who breaks the New Guard; upon the ground that he defends the Emperor's eyes are fixed all day long. It is John who occasionally glances at the sky with wonder if Blucher has failed them. Upon Shaw the Lifeguardsman, and John, the Duke plainly most relies, and the words that Wellington actually speaks when the time comes for advance are, "Up, John, and at them!"

How fate drifted the old veteran of Waterloo into our little Canadian Lake Erie village I never knew. Drifted him? No; he ever marched as if under the orders of his commander. Tall, thin, white-haired, close-shaven, and always in knee-breeches, and long stockings, his was an antique and martial figure. "Fresh white-fish" was his cry, which he delivered as if calling all the village to fall in for drill.

So impressive was his demeanor that he dignified his occupation. For years after he disappeared, the peddling of white-fish by horse and cart was regarded was regarded in that district as peculiarly respectable. It was a glorious trade when old John Locke held the steel'yards and served out the glittering fish with an air of distributing ammunition for a long day's combat.

I believe I noticed, on the first day I saw him, how he tapped his left breast with a proud gesture when he had done with a lot of customers and was about to march again at the head of his horse. That restored him from trade to his soldiership—he had saluted his Waterloo medal? There beneath his threadbare old blue coat it lay, always felt by the heart of the hero.

"Why doesn't he wear it outside?" I once asked.

"He used to," said my father, "till Hiram Beaman, the druggist, asked him what he'd 'take for the bit of pewter.'"

"What did old John say, sir?"

"'Take for the bit of pewter!' said he, looking hard at Beaman with scorn. 'I've took better men's lives nor ever yours was for to get it, and I'd sell my own for it as quick as ever I offered it before.'

"'More fool you,' said Beaman.

"'You're nowt,' said old John very calm and cold, 'you're nowt but walking dirt.' From that day forth he would never sell Beaman a fish; he wouldn't touch his money."

It must have been late in 1854 or early in 1855 that I first saw the famous medal. Going home from school on a bright winter afternoon, I met old John walking very erect, without his usual fish-supply. A dull round white spot was clasped on the left breast of his coat.

"Mr. Locke," said the small boy, staring with admiration, "is that your glorious Waterloo medal?"

"You're a good little lad!" He stooped to let me see the noble pewter. "War's declared against Rooshia, and now it's right to show it. The old regiment's sailed, and my only son is with the colors."

Then he took me by the hand and led me into the village store, where the lawyer read aloud the news from the paper that the veteran gave him. In those days there was no railway within fifty miles of us. It had chanced that some fisherman brought old John a later paper than any previously received in the village.

"Ay, but the Duke is gone," said he, shaking his white head, "and it's curious to be fighting on the same side with another Boney."

All that winter and the next, all the long summer between, old John displayed his medal. When the report of Alma came, his remarks on the French failure to get into the fight were severe. "What was they ever, at best, without Boney?" he would inquire. But a letter from his son after Inkermann changed all that.

"Half of us was killed, and the rest of us clean tired with fighting," wrote Corporal Locke. "What with a bullet through the flesh of my right leg, and the fatigue of using the bayonet so long, I was like to drop. The Russians was coming on again as if there was no end to them, when strange drums came sounding in the midst behind us. With that we closed up and faced half-round, thinking they had outflanked us and the day was gone, so there was nothing more to do but make out to die hard, like the sons of Waterloo men. You would have been pleased to see the looks of what was left of the old regiment, father. Then all of a sudden a French column came up the rise out of the mist, screaming, 'Vive l' Empereur!' their drums beating the charge. We gave them room, for we were too dead tired to go first. On they went like mad at the Russians, so that was the end of a hard morning's work. I was down,—fainted with loss of blood,—but I will soon be fit for duty again. When I came to myself there was a Frenchman pouring brandy down my throat, and talking in his gibberish as kind as any Christian. Never a word will I say agin them red-legged French again."

"Show me the man that would!" growled old John. "It was never in them French to act cowardly. Didn't they beat all the world, and even stand up many's the day agen ourselves and the Duke? They didn't beat,—It wouldn't be in reason,—but they tried brave enough, and what more'd you ask of mortal men?"

(To be continued.)

Windsor Salt
Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

LAST DAY'S BUSINESS

The Ontario House Will Prorogue on Tuesday.

The Question of Sunday Cars Under Discussion—Rushing Through the Mining Bill—Mister Conmee Raises Many Objections and Is Called Down by the Premier—Cheers for Speaker Evanturel—Mr. Hardy Is No Singer—He Can't Sing Even "He's a Daisy."

Toronto, April 12.

The business of the Legislature was finished on Saturday, and the formal prorogation will take place on Tuesday at 2 p.m. The all-important business of the final day was the discussion of the mining bill. The most significant feature of this discussion was the determined opposition of the two Government members who represent the mining districts, Messrs. Conmee and Farwell, both of whom went so far as to twice record their votes against their leaders.

Mr. Whitney took advantage of the opportunity before the orders of the day were called to remind the Attorney-General of his defeat on the license clause in the early hours of the morning. He thought Mr. Hardy should take some action because of his defeat. It was due to the people of the province that something should be done.

The Attorney-General could, he said, cite fifty cases where a Government did not resign to one similar case which could be given in which they had resigned. He then accused the Conservative members who had supported the Government on the clause with being stool-pigeons and with being used in a "draw the badger game."

Mr. Marter warmly resented the Premier's insinuations. He was so far from being actuated by political motives that he could point out twenty members of the House whom he had personally canvassed to support the Government.

Mr. Crawford was another of the unfortunate Conservatives who came under the category of those accused by the leader of the Government of being "used." He was not used, but had taken the course he did because he was pledged to support anything he believed to be in the interest of temperance.

The matter then dropped.

The Attorney-General moved the statute amendments bill back into committee to have the House add a section in reference to the Sunday observance of street railways. He told how the Lord's Day deputation had asked that the Lord's Day Act be made to apply to corporations as well as to persons, and had also wanted a fixed definition of the word "traveler." Under the present Act street railway companies might institute a system of Sunday street cars which, said he, was not desired by our people. It was not proposed to interfere with the charter of the Toronto Street Railway, nor was it intended to hinder the Sunday service of Hamilton and Windsor. The bill proposed, however, to prevent the running of Sunday cars in any other cities excepting Toronto, where cars were not now running on Sunday.

A standing vote was taken and the clause carried, the leaders of both parties supporting it.

Then the House grew generous to itself. The Attorney-General proposed the addition of another section to the statutes to permit members to absent themselves six days during the session without forfeiting any part of their indemnity.

When the bill involving the resolutions regarding Government House had passed the committee and come up for a third reading, Mr. Haycock moved that all words after "that" in the bill be struck out and replaced by words to the effect that the maintenance of Government House was detrimental to the interests of the province.

Frontenac's astute member was a little dismayed when the Speaker pointed out that the word, "that" did not appear in the bill, and, therefore, ruled his amendment out of order.

The junior Opposition leader then wished to add the amending words after the preamble, but the Speaker ruled this motion out of order because the seconder was not present in the House when it was moved.

The bill passed.

In the afternoon the principal and all-important business was the discussion of the mining amendments bill.

The measure was first taken up in committee of the House and no objections were made until section 3 was reached. This section allowed prospectors to take up any claim which was not less than 15 miles from the nearest known mine, lode, vein or mineral deposit.

Mr. Conmee considered that 15 miles was too great a margin, and suggested that five miles be the limit. The Commissioner of Crown Lands compromised on 10 miles and the clause passed in that shape.

Section 5, which empowered the Commissioner of Crown Lands to withhold timber lands from exploration, also met with Mr. Conmee's opposition. He wanted all unclaimed property to be open for exploration.

Col. Gibson was inexorable and the clause passed.

Section 7 was the next one which met with an objection from the member for West Algoma. Sub-section 3 limited the size of a claim for which application could be made by one person to 320 acres, and by a corporation to 640 acres, within a radius of 25 miles. Here Mr. Conmee protested against the size of the radius. He held that five miles was again a large enough margin. He moved to make it read five miles, but it finally read 15 miles.

Coming to sub-section 4 of the same section, Mr. Conmee again protested. The sub-section provided that, in case of application for mining lands made previous to the commencement of the Act, and not disposed of by the Commissioner, the provisions of the section should apply. Mr. Conmee moved an amendment to add to the clause a rider, which would make it not apply to timber lands.

Hon. Mr. Gibson insinuated that Mr. Conmee was trying to blanket a little mining territory under the guise of buying timber lands.

The object of the clause was to destroy the value of applications which had been on file in the Crown Lands Department for years, but which were never heard of until the claim applied for had been discovered by some poor prospector to be rich.

Mr. Conmee resented the imputation cast upon him and explained that his opposition to the bill was caused from the fact that it centred too much power in the Commissioner of Crown Lands who might not always be worthy of the confidence.

Section 7, however, passed.

When section 8 came up for consideration Mr. Conmee was about to object again, when the Attorney-General arose and proceeded to call him down for delaying the passing of the bill in the closing hours of the session.

Mr. Conmee was driven to bay. He reminded the Attorney-General that it was not his fault that the bill had been brought down so late in the session. He appeared to be alone in his opposition—[Mr. Whitney: No, no, you're not]—but he had a right to speak his opinion and was not bound to accept the bill.

The member for Algoma West sat down, however, and did not offer a protest to the passing of the remaining 19 sections of the measure in committee. The remaining sections carried.

Hon. Mr. Gibson then moved the third reading of the bill.

Mr. Whitney, who had up till now been silent, arose and moved in amendment that the House go back into committee, with instructions to amend sub-section 2, section 7, to allow applicants for locations 60 days to pay one-quarter of the purchase price instead of 30 days to pay one-half the price, and also to allow him three months to pay the remaining three-quarters of the price instead of 60 days to pay the remaining half; also to make the time 30 days instead of 20 for completing all requirements in the purchase of locations in surveyed townships.

Hon. Mr. Gibson promised to consider the matter in committee if Mr. Whitney would withdraw his amendment. The latter complied, the matter was taken up in committee and the proposed amendments adopted.

Before the bill was read a third time, however, Mr. Whitney again moved an amendment to go back into committee, with instructions to strike out section 8. This section provided for the withdrawal from sale of such parts or sections as were shown or reported to be rich in ores or minerals, and for the setting apart of such lands in order that a higher price might be asked for them by the department.

This motion gave Mr. Conmee the opportunity to say a few words, which he said he should perhaps in justice to himself have given utterance to earlier in the session. It was this: It had been insinuated in certain newspapers that he was connected with the Col. Engledue syndicate. He desired to say in his place in the House that he was not connected directly or indirectly in any way with the Engledue syndicate, and that he knew nothing at all about the syndicate or its dealings with the Government until the matter had appeared in the newspapers. Then he made an effort to square himself with the Government by referring in flattering terms to the manner in which they had contributed to mining development. He commended the idea of the mining school and also of helping the prospectors by means of the diamond drill. He desired the Government to purchase another drill and put it into operation.

His chief objection to the Government bill was that it withdrew so much land from exploration and left it in the control of the department.

Mr. Whitney's amendment was put, after a proposed amendment to the amendment by Mr. Conmee had been ruled out of order, and was lost on a vote of 40 to 15. Messrs. Conmee, Farwell and Loughrin opposed the Government, and a voice from the Opposition was heard to exclaim, "That settles three of them."

Mr. Conmee, twice squelched, was up again. He also moved in amendment to the motion for a third reading that section 3 be struck out, as well as the part of sub-section 3, section 7, which left it in the discretion of the Commissioner of Crown Lands to further limit the amount of such territory as was known to be rich in minerals and for which application could be made to 40 acres.

This amendment was lost on the same division as the last.

The bill got its third reading.

A long and heated debate followed on the bill to enable Edward Spencer Jenison to develop and improve a water privilege on the Kaministiquia River. Mr. Farwell of East Algoma opposed the bill and Mr. Conmee, in an equally spirited address, supported it. Mr. Whitney backed Mr. Conmee and the Attorney-General supported Mr. Farwell's view. The bill was finally compromised by amendments and carried.

The City of Toronto bill was then passed with an amendment empowering the city to extend the street railway tracks to the water's edge.

A very pretty scene, which finally bordered on the ridiculous, preceded the closing of the House. Mr. Whitney arose, and in an exceedingly graceful little speech, moved a vote of commendation to the Speaker for the dignity and impartiality which had characterized his first session's rule in the throne. The motion was seconded and endorsed in neat little addresses by the Attorney-General and Mr. Haycock respectively.

In reply, Mr. Speaker thanked the House for overlooking in such a generous manner the little deficiencies in his English accent, and in conclusion he made a statement which brought forth applause. He said that judging by the congratulatory letters he had received from his friends, he believed his election as Speaker would do more to harmonize the two races in Canada than anything which Parliaments yet had done.

Somebody started up "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and when the members had lustily sung the old familiar air, Mr. St. John, in his usual stentorian tones, proposed "three cheers for the Speaker." But yet there was more to come, for the echoes of the final shout had scarcely died away, when the not unmelodious tones of the Attorney-General were heard in "He's a Daisy, He's a Daisy, He's a Daisy Just Now." The members had often heard the Premier's voice in oratory, but they were evidently anxious to hear him warble, and accordingly nobody took up the strain. This apparent lack of enthusiasm disconcerted the honorable leader of the House, and he "broke down," amid loud laughter. The National Anthem was sung and the members departed at 7.15 p.m.

The following bills passed the finishing stages and are now law

To incorporate the Ingersoll Radial Electric Railway Company—Mr. McKay (Oxford).

To make certain amendments to the statute law—The Attorney-General

To make further provision respecting certain matters of municipal law—The Attorney-General.

The Municipal Amendment Act, 1897—The Attorney-General.

The Assessment Amendment Act, 1897—The Attorney-General.

Respecting the incorporation of Mining Companies—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton).

Respecting aid to certain railways—Mr. Harcourt.

Respecting trust companies—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton).

To incorporate the Lanark County Electric Railway Company—Mr. Preston.

To confirm and legalize a bylaw of the corporation of the town of Collingwood—Mr. Paton.

To amend the Act to regulate traveling on public highways and bridges—Mr. Stratton.

To amend the General Road Companies' Act—Mr. Haycock.

Relating to the election of members of the Legislative Assembly—Mr McKay (Oxford).

LOOKING FOR IMPORTANT NEWS.

Greek Outposts Being Greatly Strengthened—Troops Going Forward.

London, April 11.—The Times will print to-morrow the following despatch from its correspondent at Larissa: "Goulssio, the accredited representative of The Ethnike Hetairia, tells me that he looks for important news to-day (Sunday). He has been in conference with Greek Deputies and with leading supporters of the patriotic movement who have recently arrived here, and there seems to have been a deliberate plan to leave the initiative in the hands of the Ethnike Hetairia.

"The Greek outposts are being quietly strengthened, and small detachments are proceeding to their positions under cover of the darkness. The latest information received here on the subject of the raid shows that the invading insurgents first advanced toward Chassanga. It is reported that Turks opposed the attack with artillery. The Greek losses were 28 wounded. The Turkish losses are said to have been much greater. It is rumored that yet another attack was made on the Turks at the rear of Mt. Olympus, where the Greeks succeeded in planting a flag.

"Stringent orders have been issued against irregular fighting, and the penalty of death will be imposed for any infraction. The general impression here is that war will be proclaimed to-morrow (Monday) or Tuesday. The position of affairs is now extremely critical. Although the Turkish army has not yet assumed the offensive, orders to that effect from the Sultan are expected at any moment. All classes of troops are full of war enthusiasm.

Some Important Details.

"Some details are at hand at last as to the skirmish near Gravena. On Thursday morning 1500 Euzonoi, uniformed and commanded by Greek officers, crossed the frontier near Beltimon, and advanced to a point near Gravena. Here they met a detachment of the 15th Chasseurs on picket duty in the woods and hemmed them in. After two hours of sharp fighting, the 6th Battalion of Chasseurs came to the rescue, under the command of Islam Pasha, and drove the Euzonoi back to the frontier. The insurgents lost 150 killed.

"At the same time the Greek artillery was firing upon a Turkish block house, and the firing continued until midnight yesterday, the combatants retaining their respective positions. It is not known how many Turks were killed, but it is said the number was small."

Scrofula

Infests the blood of humanity. It appears in varied forms, but is forced to yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood and cures all such diseases. Read this: "In September, 1894, I made a misstep and injured my ankle. Very soon afterwards,

A Sore

two inches across formed and in walking to favor it I sprained my ankle. The sore became worse; I could not put my boot on and I thought I should have to give up at every step. I could not get any relief and had to stop work. I read of a cure of a similar case by Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. Before I had taken all of two bottles the sore had healed and the swelling had gone down. My

Foot

is now well and I have been greatly benefited otherwise. I have increased in weight and am in better health. I cannot say enough in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. H. BLAKE, So. Berwick, Me.

This and other similar cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills the best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c.

(Continued from second page)

THE WAR EXCITEMENT.

force moving in the direction of Schuik.

While the movement was in progress a second band, the number of whom is as yet unknown, had a rendezvous at Nezeros, on the frontier, about 35 kilometers north of Larissa, and near the coast. This band was similarly equipped, had a similar mission and took the same oath. It was commanded by the Macedonian chief Sinsinikos. It crossed the frontier on Thursday night, marching on Karya. As everywhere in the Vale of Temp, this portion of the frontier, the roads and bridges are in a condition of thorough repair.

This (Sunday) morning the roar of artillery can be plainly heard at Larissa from the direction of Karya, where Sinsinikos is evidently forcing matters.

Gen. Makris and his staff, with some knowledge of the movement afoot which they were unwilling to impart, left yesterday for Tyrnavos, the most important Greek position, near Elassona. Four batteries of reinforcements followed to-day for the same point. At headquarters they declare that nothing is known as to the raid, and will say nothing as to the probable character of the raiders. However, some additional light has been thrown on the subject to-day by an interview between the representative of the Associated Presses and a prominent Greek, who is evidently in close touch with the league and its plans. The Greek said:

"The movement of these bands is all in accordance with a very clearly defined program. For years thousands of Greeks, even little children, on receiving a shilling, have been in the habit of putting half of it into a national box in the cause of pan-Hellenism. For many months it has been the plan of the league to stir up all the pan-Hellenic peoples by means of armed bands. Now that a great moment has come in Greek history we have seized upon it. Our aim at present is to get behind the Turkish lines and to stir up all our brethren.

"Whether or not Europe insists on the integrity of Turkey, Greece is not animated by selfish views or with any desire for annexing territory to the kingdom. She demands not only a true and complete independence for heroic Crete, but the same independence for Epirus, Macedonia and Thrace, and she demands this also for all the subjugated population of Asia Minor.

"Therefore Greece will face any danger in order to reach that end. Years of frightful suffering and unnumbered crimes and tyrannies have been forced upon those who are our kinsmen by faith and blood in those countries; and we are pledged in the most solemn way and inspired by the most sacred and ennobling principles of liberty to do all in our power to lift from them the curse which burdens them."

When the attack began strict orders were sent to all the Greek outposts on the frontier to preserve neutrality, and not to open fire until actually attacked by the Turks. The only casualties reported here are the deaths of two leaders and of three Italians.

The Die Is Cast.

London, April 11.—The Times' correspondent at Athens says: "The news of the incursion into Turkish territory has been received here with great jubilation. The general belief is that nothing can now restrain the army, which is bound to follow across the frontier in a few days.

"The Athens newspapers reflect the popular enthusiasm, and contain highly optimistic forecasts of the progress of the band in Macedonia, where its presence is expected to exert a magical influence on the Christian population and to be a signal for a general uprising.

"One newspaper says that the die is now cast; that a successful beginning has been made; that it is all over with diplomacy, negotiations and identical notes or blockade, and that the eloquent voice of the rifle has spoken at last. A telegram from Arta to-night (Sunday) says that Greek bands are crossing the frontier at various points, and that war seems inevitable."

He's Still on Earth.

Berlin, April 11.—Prince Bismarck is completely recovered. He said to an interviewer yesterday:

"My enemies will have to rest patiently for a time; I am still on earth."

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues very dull, with no demand. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local market is quiet, although the feeling is better, with small offerings. Red winter is quoted outside at 70c and white at 71c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 79c to 80c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 77c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is limited, with prices nominal at 26c to 27c west.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, No. 3 extra at 24c and No. 3 sold at 20c.

Oats—The market is dull and steady. Sales of white west at 18½c and of mixed at 17½c. A lot of 8000 bushels of white sold at 18½c, May delivery.

Peas—The market is steady, a round lot selling at a fraction under 38c north and west points.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Car lots $2.70 to $2.85.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars offering at 25c west.

Rye—The market is quiet, and quotations are 31c to 32c east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 10.—Spring wheat, 6s 1d to 6s 2d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 5s 10½d to 5s 11½d; corn, 2s 6d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 6d; do., light, 25s 6d; do., short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 6d.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull and partly 3d lower. Maize on passage firm.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat quiet; futures firm at 5s 7¼d for May and July and 5s 6¾d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 7d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11¼d for Sept. Flour 29s 9d.

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Joy and Smiles
In place of sighs with SURPRISE SOAP.
Easy, quick Work--Snow white Wash.

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MADDEN CEREAL FOOD COFFEE.

The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable, if you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite.

50c. & $1 per Bottle

Be sure you get the genuine | DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. MONTREAL

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Easter Rates.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

Teachers and Students
(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)
Single First Class Fare and One-Third.
Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th,'97

General Public . . .
Single First Class Fare
Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive. Return until April 20th, '97.

To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent, Belleville.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

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"D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief. —J. B. MOORE, M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

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Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

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New Laces,
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Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.
O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists
THE Perfect Tooth Powder

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With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don't risk that by another kind—like newfangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

Cramps, Colic, Colds, | Croup, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain-Killer
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

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MRS. TUGNETT

HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

THE INTELLIGENCER"
Printing & Publishing House,
BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

A GOOD General Servant Wanted for a small family (two). Apply to Mrs. James Hamilton, 14 Alexander st. tf

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

DWELLING in Bellevue Terrace; possession given 1st of May. Apply to MRS. GRAHAM, Bellevue Terrace. deod1m.

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1896. [illegible]

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. fJ15d&wtf

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THE SWEETEST
MOST FRAGRANT, MOST REFRESHING
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PERFUMES FOR THE
HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.
ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND
GENERAL DEALERS.

Daily Intelligencer.

PERSONAL.

Col. Brown was very low yesterday.

D. E. K. Stewart, Madoc, is at the Quinte.

S. C. MacGowan, Saratoga, is at the Quinte.

Mr. William H. Wallbridge, barrister, Toronto, is in the city.

Rev. John A. Black and wife, of Roslin, were in the city to-day.

Mr. Geo. Pope, Government Inspector of Cattle, is in Montreal.

Mr. Henry Corby returned to his Parliamentary duties last night.

Mr. E. Guss Porter left for Brighton last night, to attend court to-day.

Mr. Wesley Bullen has been confined to his bed for several days by illness.

After three weeks illness Dr. Tracy is able to resume his practice.

Messrs. J. K. McCargar and F. Brenton returned from a trip to England.

Mr. Paul Lalonde has returned to the city from his season's theatrical tour.

J. T. Tugnett left for British Columbia last Tuesday, where he has a situation.

Mr. D. A. Gibson, head salesman for Haines & Lockett, is laid up with pleurisy.

Mrs. Campbell, organist of St. Thomas' Church, is confined to her home, on Charles st., through illness.

Mr. Chas. Diamond, formerly a barber here, was in the city to-day on his way to British Columbia.

Mr. Bignell is taking Mrs. Campbell's place at the organ in St. Thomas' church during her illness.

Mrs. Fred Greatrix left to-day on an extended visit to her family in Detroit for the benefit of her health.

Mr. Gus. Maybe, of San Francisco, Cal., is the guest of his brother-in-law, Mr. Geo. Thompson, Octavia st.

Mrs. S. Geen has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. McMullen, Thurlow, who has been dangerously ill.

It is reported that Mr. Carter, of the Canadain Bank of Commerce, is to be joined in the holy bonds of wedlock very shortly.

Mrs. Somerville, Myre Hall, near Tweed, who was taken to the Kingston Asylum some weeks ago, is now dying of consumption. Mrs. John Morris, of Myre Hall, is also very ill of the same disease.

Mr. John G. Macoun, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto, is in the city. Mr. Macoun will shortly sever his connection with the bank, and take a position as Inspector with the Birkbeck Investment and Security Company, Toronto.

Dr. P. G. Goldsmith, who for the past year has been house surgeon at the Children's Hospital, Toronto, and Lakeside Home, Toronto Island, has become associated with his father, Dr. P. D. Goldsmith, of this city. Dr. Goldsmith, as a consequence of his hospital experience, having given much study to children's diseases, is capable of giving special attention to this branch of medicine.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,
Merchant Tailor, 309 Front st., Belleville.

REV. DR. CRAFTS.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

DEAR SIR,—Although it is twenty years since the Rev. W. F. Crafts, D.D., visited Belleville, it has given pleasure to many to know by the letter of "Civis" that he is to revisit us on Tuesday next. In addition to what "Civis" has written of Dr. Crafts, permit me to add that he is a voluminous writer on Sunday Schools and cognate subjects; that he was the originator, successful conductor and "bright particular star" of the Sunday School Parliaments at 1000 Island Park of two cycles ago, and that no matter what is his theme he commands immense audiences by his oratory, array of facts, and fascinating manners.

Yours truly,
WM. JOHNSON.

Belleville April 10th, 1897.

Amusement Notes.

BROOKE'S BAND.

Saturday's Montreal Star says as to this band which will appear at the Carman Opera House on Thursday evening next: "Gilmour's band has been here, Sousa's band has been here, and gave each in its turn great satisfaction. Brooke's band is here, and not only is fully the equal of the others, but in many respects out-does them. The band is unique. There is no other precisely similar, and one might as well compare the works of Vieuxtemps, Wagner and Beethoven as compare the Gilmour, Sousa and Brooke bands." The plan is now open at Riggs'.

The Cheese Outlook.

A reporter had a chat to-day with Mr. Frank Brenton, who has just returned from England. Asked as to what the outlook for cheese was in England, he replied "first-class." The Canadian cheese is all out of the country and there is not more than enough in the hands of English houses to carry them over till this season's make begins to arrive. If the buyers do not start too high, he believes the coming season will be a good one for Canadian cheese.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla will do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25 cents.

—The D'Ivry vs. World libel suit resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff—damages $500.

TALK ABOUT FASHION

THE BONNET OF THE YEAR 1897 AND ITS STRINGS.

Some Spring Costumes and Colors in Nice and on Coach Tops Along the Road—Trailing Princess Gowns and the Ever-Present Bolero.

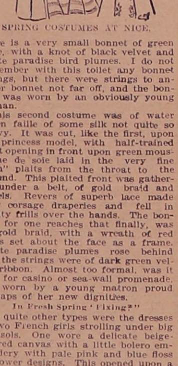
(Special Correspondence.)

Nice,(Special).—The day before I left Cairo a party of English people returned from up the Nile. "How cold it is," they shivered, while the rest of us were running away because it was too warm. Perhaps, too, fear of the plague hurried us a little. But in Nice I shivered in my turn, and people who have been all winter in the Riviera laugh and lounge without wraps in the sunshine. Traveling north from Egypt is like cooling off from a Turkish bath; you have to take it gradually, and Nice is a fine intermediate station.

The casino on this jetty and the Promenade des Anglais are even gayer then when I went away. The spring colors are fresh and charming, and the longer dresses, when you don't stop to think of the inconvenience of them, have a sweeping grace that adds to the effect of the picture. Green and pink, with more lace than ever, was worn yet, and with masses of flowers, that is what I see. Bonnets have appeared again—real bonnets with strings that tie under the chin. The princess dress has brought them, or that is my theory. The fashions of a season are all somehow based upon an ideal. One year it is pastoral simplicity, and we wear flat hats and skirts of embroidered muslin. Another year we are after dignity and trailing gowns. Another theory is possible, and that is that once again we shift the method of attaining the universal aim of woman—to look young. We have worn hats up to 50 because they are reputed to be youthful; now we tie broad bonnet ribbons because they bring color to a faded complexion and hide a neck that begins to show wrinkles.

Pretty Gowns in the Casino.

Theories aside, here is a handsome dress that I noted this afternoon in the casino. You are to think of green taffeta laid in fine accordion plaits and cut as a tailoring princess gown. The sleeves and the back of the long skirt show the long yielding lines of the plaiting. The skirt opens all the way down upon a front of applique work on a cream-colored lace foundation. The bodice is of green taffeta, without plaiting. A scarf drapery of creamy lace is fixed by a black velvet knot upon the left shoulder, carried across the bust, caught again and allowed to fall half way to the ground. There is a black velvet belt and collar, and there is a very small bonnet of green tulle, with a knot of black velvet and white paradise bird plumes. I do not remember with this toilet any bonnet strings, but there were strings to another bonnet not far off, and the bonnet was worn by an obviously young woman.



SPRING COSTUMES AT NICE.

This second costume was of water green faille of some silk not quite so heavy. It was cut, like the first, upon the princess model, with half-trained skirt opening in front upon green mousseline de soie laid in the very fine "sun" plaits from the throat to the ground. This plaited front was gathered under a belt, of gold braid and jewels. Revers of superb lace made long corsage draperies and fell in dainty frills over the hands. The bonnet, for one reaches that finally, was of gold braid, with a wreath of red roses set about the face as a frame. White paradise plumes rose behind and the strings were of dark green velvet ribbon. Almost too formal, was it not, for casino or sea-wall promenade, but worn by a young matron proud perhaps of her new dignities.

In Fresh Spring 'Fixings.'

Of quite other types were the dresses of two French girls strolling under big parasols. One wore a delicate beige-colored canvas with a little bolero embroidery with pale pink and blue floss in flower designs. This opened upon a blouse of lead-colored silk, showing faint pink and blue lights, like the breast of a pigeon. Collar and sash were in the [illegible] tones. The hat was a broad one—the bonnet cult will be some time in reaching the unmarried woman. It was of yellow straw with trimmings of lace and flaming poppies.

The other girl wore a brown glace silk that was, after all, perhaps nearer cream color. It was figured in yellow with a touch of green, and made with a blouse gathered like a chemisette across the top and belted with a broad folded sash of yellow satin. Her hat was a flat brown straw trimmed with yellow roses.

The public gardens attract almost as many people as the sea wall, for the anemones are in blossom. Under the palms and pepper trees this morning an English girl and her lover were strolling, and she was in blouse and sailor hat and fresh as her spring fixings. Her skirt was a fine rose serge, made with three plaits behind. Her blouse was of grass linen hinting of old rose. Last summer you would know it was made over old rose silk, but that is not the idea this spring. The threads of silk are woven in with the linen, and sometimes a bit of tinsel is added, too. You get a fabric that is light, cool and of novel color effect, and what more could you desire? This silk-linen blouse was made with skirts that ruffled about the hips under the narrow belt of gold braid. It was made bright in front by embroidery in gold thread and pink floss upon strips of grass linen. It had quite full sleeves gathered into long cuffs set with embroidery. A smart little cravat tie finished the turn over the collar. The white sailor hat was rather broader than last year's and was finished with a band of old rose and green ribbon.

Tailor-Made in Princess Fashion

Coaching on the Corniche road is in full swing, and pretty gowns bloom on the box seat constantly. One of the best and most novel so far was a fine brownish yellow cloth, with skirt quite straight in front, giving the effect of having been drawn sharply to the back, where it hung in deep folds. A foot and a half from the ground it was circled eight or ten times by a fine black velvet cord. The bodice was a bolero closed in front and giving the effect of a sleeveless blouse. It was of yellow-brown silk outlined with black velvet cord and worked with gold embroidery. The sleeves were of the skirt material, corded near the shoulders, tapering gradually and not becoming tight until just before they reached the hand. Black velvet collar, gold cord belt and small hat of yellow straw trimmed with black and green were the accessories.

I see a good many empire gowns even for street wear. They are very pretty indoors, but rather comical in, for example, a brisk sea wind. There is a lot of tucking, too. Some of the spring frocks are tucked from neck to hem. Tailor gowns are built quite frequently upon the princess plan. One of light gray cloth opens upon a front of military blue. The robe is corded up and down the sides with dark blue silk, and the front is braided with the same material in bold arabesques. The bodice has a flat collar which comes down in epaulets upon the shoulders, and is of gray cloth with dark blue braid. A black straw hat is worn, with trimmings of corn flowers. Another is of white cloth with full round skirt trimmed with narrow gold braid set about it in five groups, each of three or four rows. The bodice is a bolero edged with gold braid and loops and opening on a vest of white silk. The bolero turns back upon the shoulders in broad revers, making epaulets and a flat collar. The sleeves hardly expand at all at the shoulders, not more than enough to acknowledge the shape of the arm. They are trimmed at the flaring wrists with gold braid.

ELLEN OSBORN.

MONUMENT TO ALEX. MACKENZIE.

Mr. Laurier Has Promised to Put a Sum in the Estimates for That Object.

Montreal, April 11.—(Special.)—A monument to perpetuate the memory of Hon. Alex Mackenzie will soon be erected on Parliament Hill in the capital city of the Dominion, and to Mr. Robert Bickerdike is due the credit of securing the present Prime Minister's assurance that a sum will be placed in the estimates during the present session to enable Parliament to do honor to Canada's second Premier.

A monument to Alex Mackenzie similar to those already erected to Cartier and Macdonald has been for a number of years Mr. Bickerdike's fondest dream, and the present Government had scarcely taken the oath of office when the matter was brought seriously to their attention.

As usual delays occurred, but Mr. Bickerdike did not allow the patriotic scheme to rest, and day before yesterday Premier Laurier informed Alexander Mackenzie's Montreal admirer that all the difficulties had been overcome and that a sufficient sum of money would be voted before the end of the present session to provide for the cost of the memorial pile in question. It is also understood that leading members of the Opposition have assured Mr. Bickerdike that a vote for a monument to Mackenzie would receive the Conservative party's hearty support.

MR. GOSCHEN'S HOT WORDS.

Great Britain Proposes to Maintain Her Supremacy in South Africa—Boers Getting Ready.

London, April 11.—At a farewell banquet on Saturday tendered Sir Alfred Milner by the members of the Board of Inland Revenue, George J. Goschen, first Lord of the Admiralty, referring to the presence of the British marines and blue jackets now in South Africa, said: "They are there to represent to Sir Alfred Milner the British power in South Africa. They are the guarantee to him and our colonists—the loyal men who support British rule in that country—that this country is determined to maintain its supremacy in those quarters and back its high commission with the power of the Empre.

Sir Evelyn Wood expressed his satisfaction with the statements which he had heard, and declared that "England means to be firm in the suppression of troubles in South Africa."

WOMEN'S HATS 100 YEARS AGO.

Then, as Now, a Cause of Complaint at Theatres Because of Their Size.

The occultation of the stage in theatres by the big hats of women is as much a matter of complaint in France as in this country. The complaint is over a century old. As long ago as 1775 the frequenters of the pit in the Comedie Francaise complained that their view of the stage was cut off by the big bonnets and high hats of the women who sat in the front of the theatre. They dared not complain openly, and they avenged themselves in lampoons and epigrams. Here is one which appeared that year:

1827.

"The head-dress of our women becomes higher and higher, and what was looked upon some months ago as ridiculously high, is now no longer high, even for the Bourgeois. Women of quality wear plumes two or three feet tall, and the Queen has set the example."

Louis XVI. tried to curtain Marie Antoinette's feathers, but his attempt was unsuccessful. Hats continued to grow in size, so much so that women of the best society could not pass through ordinary doors. They were obliged to bend their knees so as not to strike their plumes. A contemporary chronicle relates this incident:

"A lady entering her box forgot that her feathers made her two feet taller and that the door of the box was only six feet in height. Her coiffure became disarranged, and unfortunately the audience perceived what had happened. It laughed and applauded until she was obliged to retire, and she returned to her place only after sacrificing her headdress."

1796.

Frogs to Be Farmed.

The United States Fish Commission just now is investigating the subject of frog farming. It is believed that there ought to be money in the business, considering the large demand for the hind legs at high prices. The principal market for them is in New York city, where they are gathered from all parts of the country, Fulton market alone selling from 75,000 to 100,000 pounds annually.

The frog crop at present is wholly wild, and the bulk of it is marketed in New York. Missouri is the greatest frog-producing State; the town of Kennett alone ships 60,000 pounds of dressed frog legs annually, and New Madrid is second with 25,000 pounds.

The experts of the Fish Commission say that the plant required for a frog farm is exceedingly simple and cheap. Shallow ponds may be found almost anywhere, and they need no preparation, unless the planting of bushes around the edges.

Frogs feed mainly on insects; the reason that they bite at a bit of red flannel is because they mistake it for a gaudy bug. It is a good idea to build a low board fence around the pond in order to keep out snakes and small mammals that are fond of frogs. The fence should be close to the water so that birds cannot stand on the inside of it and pick up the pollywogs.

Naturally, the first thing to do is to secure some frogs for breeding. Any old frog will not do. Some people imagine that a frog is a frog, and that is all there is to be said. But there are, in fact, a good many species of frogs, and the real bullfrog is the kind, whose large and muscular hind legs are esteemed as a delicacy.—New York Journal.

HOLD ON
Before Ordering Elsewhere!
STOP AND THINK A MOMENT.
BICYCLES 3 MAKES
GENDRON, NEW BARNES AND RELIANCE.
AT . . .
W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S

Our stock is now arriving. Will be ready for business in a few days with a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. NEW GOODS. LOW PRICES.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

Removed

We are now All Removed to our new Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

MORTGAGE SALE

UNDER and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, default having been made in the payment thereof, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the City Hall in the City of Belleville on Wednesday, the 21st day of April 1897 at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, that valuable residence premises in the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario being composed of Lot number Nine (9) on the North side of Moira street as laid down on the plan of Bleecker's Grove registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1848.

This property is very conveniently situated to the business part of the city, and upon the same is a good brick house and a good barn, and there is a nice garden lot in connection therewith fronting upon Moira street upon which another house could be built if desired.

TERMS OF SALE.

10 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, a further sum of 25 per cent of said purchase money within 30 days thereafter. The balance of said purchase money can either be paid in cash or a mortgage may be given therefor at six per cent interest payable as provided by the conditions of sale of said land, interest to be payable at said rate upon all unpaid purchase money from the day of sale.

For further particulars apply to Francis S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville.

FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Dated this 20th March. 1897. 2tawtd.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.
QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	...
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only--THURSDAY, APRIL 15th.
The Greatest Popular Music Band in the World,
The... CHICAGO MARINE BAND.....
T. B. Brooke, Leader.
Assisted by the phenomenal Soprano, MISS SIBYL SAMMIS.
Under the distinguished patronage of Lt. Col. Ponton and Officers of 15th Batt., A.L.I.
PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

EASTER NOVELTIES.
SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF EASTER GOODS NEXT WEEK
OYSTERS ARRIVING AS USUAL.
CHOICE BANANAS 20cts. per doz.
D. F. DICKENS.

Latest Magazines,
TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our - Tables. -
Flower's Bargain House,
378 FRONT STREET.

The Cleveland Bicycle.

Look at the Women who Ride These Wheels, they look so Happy and Healthy.

Constant, mental, physical and moral help we feel
That bids us turn enthusiasts and cry "God bless the Wheel."
—WILL CARLETON.

Models 27, 28 and 29..................Price $100
Models 22 and 23......................Price $75
H. A. Lozier's Celebrated make, at

FOSTER'S, 430 Front St. BELLEVILLE.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.
THOS. STEWART,
Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.
Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,
The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.
THE SEED TRADE
Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.
Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.
18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.
Fireproof Brick, a carload.
Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.
Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.
SOFT WOOD CHEAP.
The Rathbun Company

BOVRIL . . .
the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age
Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.
Canadian Branch, Bovril, Limited,
27 St. Peter St., Montreal.

A. N. REID,
FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.
OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED
And we are prepared to make you anything from a
Bicycle Suit . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.
OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.
☞ Call and be convinced.

Mixed Paints.
SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
AND
JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT . . . . . .
THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

"THINK IT OVER."
An Improvement for '9
A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?
Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.
Repairing orders attended without delay.
THE FOSTER CO., LTD.
Phone 189.

J. Owen. WATER WORKS
PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING.
PHONE - - - 219
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO TUESDAY, APRIL 13 1897. NO. 290

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

APPRECIATED.

Our close cash prices are already being appreciated. People who occasionally called on us are now becoming regular customers. Good goods at close prices TELL EVERY TIME.

Dress Goods.

All lines of Dress Goods are marked down to cash prices.

Dress Linings.

Every line of Dress Linings marked down, including Linenettes, Rustle Moires, Silesias, Satin Twills.

Dress Trimmings.

All classes of Dress Trimmings greatly reduced under the new system.

All goods marked in plain figures.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

A. O. U. W.
Board of Education.
Court Dulmage A. O. F.
Lecture Methodist Church.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Canadian Order of Foresters.
Moira Encampment I. O. O. F.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 13.—Catholic Emancipation passed, 1829,
Fort Sumpter taken, 1861.
Magdala captured, 1868.
Land Commission P. E. I. appointed, 1860.

THE WEATHER.

Prospect of rain. Comparison with last year:

1893		1897	
Min	26	Min	32
8 a. m	46	8 a. m	38
Noon	66	Noon	44

PROBABILITIES.

Fresh to strong southeasterly to southerly winds; mostly fair and mild, with showers at some places.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent,
QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
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Iron Mask	43
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

Ask Burrows for printed results of his Co'y's latest paid endowments.

50 people guessed on Saturday at SCHUSTER'S.

Our Oxford shoes are lower in price than ever before. Good shoes at 50c, 65c and 75c—all new goods.—VERMILYEA & SON.

You save money when you buy your Spring Hat at Harry's. All the latest styles.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

Steel Rod Umbrellas at $1 00, $1.25, $1.50 Our Special Steel Rod at $1.25. Guaranteed Fast Colors. Try one.—W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher. 1t

Canadian Pacific earnings for the first week of April were $379,000, an increase of $43,000, as compared with the corresponding week of last year. Grand Trunk receipts were $350,408, on increase of $9,396.

A good assortment of Tweed Blue and Black Serge Caps for boys and men; only 25c at Harry's.

Wm. Price, while cleaning windows at the Queen's hotel yesterday afternoon, fell and broke the window. The tendons of one of his hands were severely cut.

You can get all the modern plans. The best possible returns in a good Canadian Co., by insuring your life with Burrows.

As soon as the Canadian Tariff and the United States Tariff become law, a special edition of the Canadian Manufacturer, Toronto, will be published containing both of them and also the British Tariff, all reproduced in full from authentic copies obtained from official sources.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

The Lake Ontario and Bay of Quinte Steamboat Co., have issued their time card for the steamer North King, which is to leave Cobourg at 1:15 p. m. and Port Hope at 2:30 p. m. daily for Charlotte. The boat will leave here on Sunday mornings at 3:25 for Kingston, and on her western trip will depart at 11:45 Sunday nights.

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

An item appeared in our issue of Saturday in reference to the High and Central School, reflecting on the caretaker of it. We are informed by members of the Board of Education who visit that School most frequently that the caretaker's work is efficiently performed; that, owing to his knowledge of running an engine he has been enabled to so economize the coal that he has burned fifty tons less than was expected by the engineer of the Smead-Dowd Company, and that he is unremitting in attendance to his duties. His salary has not been increased.

Amusement Notes.

THE MARINE BAND.

The Chicago Marine Band will render the following programme at the Carman Opera House on Thursday evening, April 15th:

1. March, "Salute to Belleville"....Brooke
2. Overture, "Ruy Blas."......Mendelssohn
3. Russian Mazurka, "La Czarine."..Ganne
4. Duet for cornets, "La Monarch."....... [Bates-Knoll
Messrs. Llewellyn and Neilson.
5. Descriptive piece, "In a Bird Store."....[Orth

Synopsis.—The composer tells a story in music of bird life in captivity. Morning dawns; the winged minstrels are still wrapt in slumber; the sun peeps in at the windows and they awake; the quail, the robin and the rooster herald the day; the canaries warble, and one by one the other birds join in the merry concert; "Polly wants a Cracker"; the Red Cardinal and the Cuckoo sing a duet, accompanied by the ringing chorus of the jolly canaries; the sweet, plaintive song of the caged nightingale is intermingled with the jubilant notes of the thrush, finch and other birds; then the shades of evening settle over the bird store; the birds are sleeping; suddenly a stray cat jumps upon the window; her hissing and clawing frighten and alarm the disturbed sleepers; the angry scolding of Polly the parrot drives the peace-breaker away, and the birds rejoice in the victory.

6. Grand Potpourri on the works of........ [Paderewski
7. Solo for mezzo-soprano, "Page's Aria" [from "Les Huguenots."...Meyerbeer
Miss Sibyl Sammis.
8. Valse Humoresque, "Jolly Fellows."....[Volstedt

A party of jolly fellows out for a "lark." The clock strikes the hour of four a.m.—A little more music—A few more bottles of champagne—"I'm so sleepy"—"Good Morning."

9. (a) Morceau de Salon, "Souvenir," (Reed [band only)....Jadassohn
(b) Two-Step—"The Cycle Queen." (new) [Brooke
(Respectfully dedicated to the cycling ladies of the world).
10. Introduction and Bridal Chorus from [3rd act of "Lohengrin."....Wagner
11. "God Save the Queen"................
Conductor..........Mr. T. P. Brooke.

Plan now open at Riggs' music store.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

SPORTING NEWS.

THE WHEEL.

At a meeting of the Executive of the Ramblers last evening it was decided to hold a general club meeting at Hotel Quinte to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. The object of the meeting, as before outlined, is of general interest to all wheelmen and there should be a large attendance.

The Secretary of the Ramblers, Mr. Hull Austin, has received petitions to be forwarded to the Dominion Parliament praying that the Casey Baggage Bill may become law. The signature of everyone interested in wheeling is requested to this petition. The bill provides that bicycles shall be carried by railways as ordinary baggage. Full information can be obtained from the Secretary.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

MIND YOUR OWN BUSINESS

A Highly Interesting Lecture on a Well-Worn Topic.

There was gladness for the eye and ear both in Holloway St. Church last night. The Rev. J. J. Rae, of Peterborough, lectured to a large and thoroughly appreciative audience, and the ladies of the church had decorated the platform and pulpit so that one was almost inclined to speak as Mahomet did when he looked down at Ephesus from the mountain. Certainly no prettier effects in the way of decorations have ever been seen in Belleville. The programme was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Woodcock, after which the audience sang the "Sweet Bye-and-Bye." Mr. Eaton sang "The Little Hero," and treated the tender little melody with so much feeling that handkerchiefs came surreptitiously into use among the ladies. Miss Thomas played an exquisite violin solo, and then Rev. Dr. Cade, in his customary happy manner, introduced the lecturer. The Peterborough divine has all the attributes necessary for a successful platform orator, being gifted with magnetism and a pleasing address. He has an apparently inexhaustible fund of anecdote, and moves his audience almost at will. "Every man," he said, "ought to have a business, and every man ought to mind it. The first thing for a man to ask is what is in life for me and what is in me for life?" Here is an epigram:—"Wisdom is the ability to use what you have to the best advantage." Some striking points were: "There are some people who live to be sharp; there are some people who live to be nice; there are some people who live to be vulgar; there are some people who live to be serious; there are some people who live to gather all the wealth they can; there are some people who live for this world's honor; and there are some who live for God's honor, and the last, alas! are few." Mrs. Dickson then sang a pleasing solo, and at its conclusion the lecturer took up his discourse again. "We are all here to make this world better. This world is a brotherhood; we are here to help each other, and the only people who are really happy are those who have the power to help others." The rev. gentleman closed with an eloquent peroration exhorting all to do what they could to help their fellow-beings and advance the cause of Christianity. Mr. Eaton sang, in a perfect manner, "Let me like a Soldier Fall," Rev. Mr. Woodcock offered a closing prayer, and, after "God Save the Queen," the audience dispersed.

Clothing That Will Wear.

Have you ever made a comparison of the wearing qualities of the different makes of clothing? Have you ever had a cheap suit, say $5, $6 or $7 and had it go all to pieces on you in a month? If so, just try one of Oak Hall's suits at one of these prices and see the difference. No matter how low the price, you do not find shoddy in Oak Hall clothing.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

TWO DRUNKS.

Philip Murdoff and "Bobbie" Bates, were charged with being drunk, but were discharged on promising to leave the city.

WAGES AND APPROPRIATION.

Dennis Ryan, of Tyendinaga, was charged with refusing to pay Margaret Ryan $40 wages and with appropriating to his own use a colt. The case was enlarged till next Monday.

TYENDINAGA ASSAULT CASE.

Patrick Golding was charged with assaulting Michael Golding. Michael also charged his mother Bridget with assault and Patrick was charged with assaulting his sister Agnes. The case was the result of a family quarrel. The parties live in Tyendinaga. The evidence was heard this afternoon and it was quite contradictory.

Police Notes.

One tramp and two drunks occupied the cells last night.

The police received a call to the Commercial House yard last evening to settle a dispute between two men over a fence. No arrests were made.

The police discovered a fire in the rear of the Crystal Hotel at 1:40 this morning and sent in an alarm.

Given Away at Schuster's.

An $8 Waterproof Coat or an elegant pure silk Umbrella, tipped with sterling silver, leather cased, to the person guessing the nearest to the number of shirts sold within the next ten days. Each purchaser of goods to the value of from 50c. to $1 is entitled to one guess; from $1.25 up, two guesses.—SCHUSTER, Hatter and Gents' Furnisher.

Got His Pension.

Henry Janeway, carter, has been granted a pension of 5d. per day dating from February, 1894. Mr. Janeway served twelve years in the Royal Canadian Rifles and was nine years abroad. He has two good conduct certificates. Corp. Thos. Gardner, for ten years a member of the Second Battalion Rifle Brigade, was refused a pension. Another old veteran, Mr. Samuel E. Robinson, Canifton Road, who served twenty-five years in the Royal Canadian Rifles, has been receiving a pension of 1s 6d per day since 1870. He has five good conduct badges and certificates. Col. Ponton has made application for the maximum pension in the latter case, as the old gentleman is incapacitated through the loss of a leg.

A Wheel Worth Riding.

If you intend to ride a high grade bicycle look at the Columbia before deciding. There is positively no bicycle that approaches it. Every part is a perfect piece of mechanism. The 1893 Columbia is better than the '97 of any other make. Price only $85. The Hartford made by the Columbia people comes next, a handsome, easy running wheel. Price from this date $75.—HAINES & LOCKETT, Agents.

On Her First Trip.

The trim little steamer Ella Ross arrived in port this morning on her first trip this season. Capt. Christie was in command. The Ross has been thoroughly overhauled during the winter and looks as neat as paint can make her. She will make daily trips between Picton and Trenton and return during the season.

Windsor Salt
Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

A MIDNIGHT BLAZE.

A Valuable Trotting Mare Owned by T. H. Vanaltan Burned.

About 1:40 this morning fire was discovered in an old stable in the rear of the Crystal Hotel, and an alarm was at once sent in by Sergt. McCrudden and Officer Hayes. When the firemen arrived the structure, which was a frame building, was a mass of flames and could not be saved. The brigade succeeded in confining the flames almost entirely to the building in which they started.

In the stable was the valuable trotting mare Daisy L., owned by Mr. Vanaltan, and so rapid was the progress of the fire that he was unable to get her out, and she was burned, together with three vehicles, harness and a large amount of stable utensils. The mare had not been trained lately, but was a few years ago one of the fastest animals in the district. Mr. Vanaltan had an insurance of $350 on the contents of the barn in the Phoenix, of Brooklyn. Mr. J. W. Butterfield owned the stable and it was covered by insurance.

The blacksmith shop owned by J. C. Hanley & Co. and occupied by Mr. Naylor was badly scorched. It is thought the fire was started by a tramp, who was seen about the place about one o'clock.

Howe's Floor Paints

Are expressly prepared with a view to their brightness, glossiness and durability. Warranted not to peel off. Satisfaction guaranteed. Parties who used these paints last year tell us they like them much better than the "Elephant" or any of the other of the well-known brands which they have tried. Price 30c a quart. Sold in Belleville only by ALEX. RAY.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

A Jubilee Suggestion.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

DEAR SIR,—There have been many suggestions made and there will be undoubtedly many more, as to commemorating Her Most Gracious Majesty's Jubilee year in this municipality. I would beg to submit to our citizens and the City Council the desirability of changing the name of our most important residential street, which reaches from the eastern boundary of the city to the western boundary, namely Bridge street, to that of "Victoria Avenue" or "Queen Victoria Avenue." I would also suggest that maple trees be planted on the easterly and westerly portions of the street, where no trees are now. The planting of the trees could be done at a seasonable time, and the naming of the street could be made a public function under the auspices of the Mayor and City Council. The school children and citizens, together with our gallant volunteers, the 15th Battalion, could take part in the ceremony. The date for holding the same would, of course, be the 22nd of June, prox.

Yours truly,
CIVIS.

[EDITOR'S NOTE.—The City Council have power under Sec. 496, Sub.-Sec 31, of the Consolidated Municipal Act to pass a by-law for altering the name of any street, road, &c., by a three-fourths vote favoring the same. Such a by-law to be registered in the Registry Office, and the Registrar shall be entitled to a fee of $1 for every by-law so registered and for the necessary entries and certificates in connection therewith. The by-law shall state the reason for the change, and requires the approval of the County Judge. The County Judge appoints a day, hour and place for considering the by-law and for hearing all parties for and against the change. Notice of such appointment and a copy of the by-law to be published once in the Ontario Gazette and at least two weeks before date of appointment, and in such newspaper or news papers as the County Judge direct not more than once a week for four weeks. The proposal of our correspondent has the double merit of being inexpensive and of providing a permanent memorial of the great historical event. The Council ought to take up the subject at their next meeting, in order that time may be afforded to fulfil all the requirements.]

Just Arrived at Harry's.

Cambric shirts, blue hair line stripe, with collar attached; fast colors; only 50c at Harry's.

Mining Notes.

(Bancroft Times.)

We are assured that the diamond drill will be in operation on the iron prospects near town as soon as the season is favorable.

(Marmora Herald.)

Messrs. D. Jones, J. Farrell and R. Trotter have taken a contract to sink a shaft to the depth of 25 feet on the Murray property, for the Canadian Gold Fields Co., Ltd.

David Selby is opening up a vein on lot 29 in the 6th con. of Marmora. Some good samples of gold bearing quartz have been taken out already. He has reached a depth of about 4 feet. Mr. Bush, of Stirling, has an option on the property.

Two fine specimens of arsenical ore were left at our office by Mr. D. Mitchell. The two pieces will measure about 8 cubic inches and weigh 38 lbs. They were taken from Mr. Mitchell's property lot 20, in the 5th con. Marmora, containing 670 acres.

J. J. Keswick, of London, Eng., one of the heaviest stockholders in the Canadian Gold Fields Co., is paying a visit to the works here.

How to Cure Corns.

Easy? Yes, if you go about it the right way. Get the best always. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor never fails to cure. Acts in twenty-four hours and causes neither pain nor discomfort. Putnam's Corn Extractor extracts corns; it is the best.

Local Legal.

TORONTO, April 12.

TRIAL COURT—Before STREET, J.

Gallivan v. Frost—Judgment in action tried without a jury at Belleville. Action to recover damages for the breach of a condition in a bond to make a good marketable title to certain lands. Judgment for plaintiff for 20 cents damages and costs of the action upon the High Court scale, but the costs of the trial to be taxed as upon an assessment of damages with the plaintiff and her husband as the only witnesses.

CURED WEAK BACK FOR 25 CTS.

For two years I was dosed, pilled and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

NOVA SCOTIA NOMINATIONS

Only Two Elections by Acclamation in the Province.

(Special to the INTELLIGENCER.)

HALIFAX, April 13.—The nominations of candidates for the Nova Scotia Legislature took place throughout the Province today.

There were only two elections by acclamation, Hon. T. Johnson and Thos. Robertson, both Government supporters, being returned unopposed in Shelburne County.

The elections will take place on Tuesday next, April 20.

CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's Disease, cure Rheumatism and all Catharrhal conditions of the Kidneys and Bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderfully soothing influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the Kidneys or Bladder. One pill a dose, 25 a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

SESSION ENDED.

Legislature Prorogued--Lieut.-Governor Kirkpatrick Recovering.

(Special to the INTELLIGENCER.)

TORONTO, Apr. 13, '97.—The Provincial Legislature was prorogued to-day.

In the Speech from the Throne which which was read by Sir C. S. Gzowski, Administrator of the Province, in the absence of Lieut.-Governor Kirkpatrick, it was announced that His Honor had so far recovered from his recent illness that it was expected he would be able in a few weeks to resume the duties of his office.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. M. B. Roblin has gone to Hamilton.

Mrs. J. Shibley, Harrowsmith, arrived in the city last night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Biggar, returned to the city at noon to-day.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell arrived in the city last night from Montreal.

Mr. Lewis Wallbridge, of Sherbrooke, Que., in in the city to attend the funeral of his mother, Mrs. Frank Wallbridge.

Professor Shephard in leaving here on Saturday had quite a send off. A large number of the students were at the G.T.R. Station to say good bye.

Mrs. Corby and the Misses Corby attended a reception given by Hon. Mr. Blair and Mrs. Blair on Saturday afternoon at Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Holden, of Montreal, have arrived at St. Augustine, Florida, and are being entertained by their niece, Mrs. A. M. Terwilligar, at her pretty home on Water street.

A Graduate of Toronto University says

"My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure

A Chimney Blaze.

A chimney blaze in James Ross' house on Geddes st. this afternoon called the fire brigade out, but it was put out without their assistance.

DEATHS.

McGUIRE—At Belleville on Monday, April 12th inst., PHILIP McGUIRE, proprietor of the St. George's Hotel, aged 31 years. Funeral at 10 a.m. on Wednesday, April 14th, to St. Michael's church, thence to the Roman Catholic Cemetery.

Auction Sale!

MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, South Albert st., will sell her household effects TUESDAY, APRIL 13th, sale commencing at 9:30 a.m. and continuing following days until all is sold. The effects consist of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Furniture, Book Cases, Tables and all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Carpets. Pictures, Books, Range, Plants, China, Crockery, Glassware, Side-Board, Butler's Table, Boufette, Gas Stove, Gas Fixtures, Awning, Meat Grinder, Clock, Sewing Machine, Large Mirror, Curtain Poles, Lawn Mower, etc. There will also be sold a Carriage Horse, two Phaetons, Dog Cart, Waggon, Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, Robes, Bells, Rugs, Blankets, and other stable articles.

Carriages and Stable Articles will be sold Wednesday afternoon at 2.30.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF A. W. HOARD, HOARD'S STATION, INSOLVENT.

THE undersigned is instructed by the Inspector of the above estate to sell by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Belleville, on THURSDAY, APRIL 22nd, at 2 p.m., the following stock, consisting of:

Dry Goods	$291 27
Clothing, Hats, Caps and Straws	153 69
Boots, Shoes and Rubbers	177 51
Crockery and Tinware	69 24
Hardware, Paints and Oils	186 36
Groceries and Stationery	200 18
Patent Medicines	82 41

For further particulars and examination of stock sheet, &c., apply to A. L. Colville, Barrister, Campbellford, N. B. Falkiner, Barrister, Belleville, or the Assignee on the premises, Hoard's Station, on G. T. R., six miles from Campbellford.

W. R. MATHER, Assignee,
Menie P. O.

Belleville, April 12th, 1897. d3teod

Easter....

Last year we put in some Easter goods for the first time and were very much pleased with the result. We have added some new lines along with some of the most popular ones of last year, and mention a few below: Large egg with blowing wheel, 15 cts. each; jockey on egg, 15 cts. each; monkey blowing wheel, 20 cts. each; egg in cup, 8 cts. each; fancy eggs, assorted colors, 5 cts. each; baby in cradle, 17 cts. each; the Yellow Kid, 20 cts. each; chocolate chickens, 10 cts. each; chocolate eggs, 5 cts. each; chocolate eggs, 2 cts. each; cream eggs, fancy, 10 cts. each; cream eggs, 5 cts. each; cream eggs, 4 for 5 cts. Leave your orders early for Hot X Buns.

ED. F. DICKENS.

FRESH ARRIVALS OF THE SEASON'S NOVELTIES.

We have just opened up a large importation of the novelties so much in demand this season. They include:

Chiffons.
In Plain and Pleated, in Black, White, Cream, Sky, Pink, Mauve, Brown, Yellow, and Cardinal. Prices range from 20c to 75c a yard.

Velvet Ribbons.
So much in demand just now, especially in the narrow widths. Every width in stock in both Satin and Cotton back.

Tubular Braids.
Plain and Fancy Tubulars in Black and leading colors. The correct thing for trimming spring dresses.

Ruchings.
Chiffon Ruchings all widths, in Black, for trimming Capes and Dresses, very pretty styles, ranging in price from 25c to $1.00 a yard.

Kid Gloves.
Our Kid Glove assortment is complete. A few of those 50c and 75c Gloves left, worth $1.00. All our Gloves at $1.00 and up guaranteed.

Ladies' Ties.
New styles in Ladies' Ties just received. Also Linen Collars and Cuffs all the new shapes in every size.

Belts.
A large lot of Leather Belts in Black, White, Cardinal, Tans and Greens. See the styles we show at 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c. Also Black and Colored Beltings by the yard and Belt Buckles

Val. Laces.
A splendid assortment of Valenciennes Laces in Black, White and Butter, greatly used for trimming Muslins.

Satin Ribbons.
Every shade and width in Satin Ribbons. Also all colors in Baby Ribbons.

Margaret Collaretts.
Have you seen the new Margaret Collaretts? The latest novelty in Neckwear. Colors White, Black, Sky, Pink, Helio, Tuscan.

Blouse Setts.
A large assortment of Blouse Setts, Belt Pins, Collar and Cuff Buttons, in Black, Silver, Gold, Pearl and enamel effects. These are wonderfully cheap for fine goods.

LACE CURTAIN SPECIALS.

We have just received over 200 pairs Lace Curtains in White and Cream, very special value, prices ranging from 50c to $3.75 a pair.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

2 - EASTER REQUIREMENTS - 2

1st--A New Dress.

In this connection we show a full range of novelties in English, French and German made goods.

Our Dressmaking Department is in charge of Miss Conway.

2nd--A Stylish ....Spring Hat

In Ladies' and Children's headwear we show the newest creations known to the millinery trade.

This department is in charge of Miss Morris.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

EASTER CARDS.

Easter is fittingly commemorated in the beautiful custom of remembering friends through the medium of Easter Cards.

Some exquisite novelties—rare examples of the Lithographer's Art—are on view at our store, and the prices are low enough to encourage this growing Easter sentiment—the sending of tokens to absent friends.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

Baby Carriages.

Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.

Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.

When baby "goes-a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.

The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.

C. B. Scantlebury.

OUR EASTER DISPLAY

Is now on. We think it worth your while to come around our way and see it.

Yours for fine Candies,

CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Hot X Buns for Good Friday.

The Diamond Jubilee

Soft Hat is new—decidedly the latest.
THE STYLE—Very becoming to young men.
THE QUALITY—Wakefield's London very best.
THE PRICE—Very reasonable, within reach of all.
THE COLORS—Four very fashionable shades, Black, Nutria, Agate and Pearl. Special at $2.50; good value at $3. Be loyal and wear one.

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls - - AND - - DISINFECTANTS

AT—

R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S

PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector ree. Sold by Alex. Ray

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.

NEW GOODS.
NEW GOODS.
NEW GOODS.

Hats and Caps.	Hosiery & Gloves.
Tam O'Shanters.	Neckwear, &c.
Sweaters.	Boys' 2-pce Suits.
Bicycle Hose.	Boys' 3-pce Suits.
Bicycle Caps.	Youths' Suits.
Bicycle Suits.	Men's Suits.
Underwear.	Overalls, Smocks, &c

J. A. Vandervoort,
Men's Outfitter.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Daily Intelligencer.

CHAMPLAIN'S VERDICT.

Under ordinary circumstances, comments the London Free Press, a bye-election is not to be regarded as a convincing expression of public opinion. Local interests, party zeal, and pecuniary influences, often stand in the way of the expression of the real sentiment of a constituency. But an exception must be made in the case of the recent contest in Champlain, in the Province of Quebec. At the general election, last June 23rd, Dr. Marcotte, the Conservative, and Dr. Trudel, the Laurier-Liberal, contested the seat, the former being returned by 376 majority. The battle has been fought over again last Wednesday, but under different auspices. Instead of the Conservative Government influence being wielded for Dr. Marcotte, the Laurier Administration influence and patronage were available for Dr. Trudel. The "eclat" was thus reversed. Under all the circumstances, then, the re-election of Dr. Marcotte may certainly be claimed as a distinct triumph, although the majority was reduced. That the Liberals fully expected to carry the seat, and indeed sung their songs of triumph in advance, is evident from the sanguine anticipations indulged in. "Laurierism" was tacitly supposed to be largely in the ascendant, and the Manitoba "settlement" made by Mr. Laurier was to be clinched by the bye-election in this important constituency. Thus, Le Soleil, Mr. Laurier's French organ at Quebec, declared daily that the Liberal triumph in Champlain would eclipse those in Bonaventure and Wright; La Patrie and the other French organs sang the same tune; and the Montreal Herald of April 6th, the Government organ, possessing the best sources of information, loudly heralded the coming victory thus:—

"The prospects for the Liberal party are of the brightest description * * Bishop Lafleche has in his last circular letter gone as far as a Bishop should ever go under whatever circumstances, and the Cures have conducted a vigorous private canvass; the people feel, by contrast with the last election, almost as though they were being left perfectly free to do as they choose. Being left to their own inclinations, they will to-morrow elect a supporter of Mr. Laurier and his policy of conciliation and mutual good-will."

Well, the people were "left to their own inclinations," as is indeed admitted by the Herald, and these inclinations point to a disclination to accept Mr. Laurier's methods of Catholic education. On the very morning of the election, the Herald was equally sanguine, and fortified its own opinion by that of a correspondent. It wrote as follows:—

"A prominent politician stated to your correspondent at Three Rivers yesterday that he felt certain that Dr. Trudel's majority would be in the neighborhood of 275. This statement is endorsed by all the organizers of the Liberal party. It is further supported by the attitude of the Conservatives, who seem to be fighting for the sake of appearance."

These extracts serve to show the confidence of the Liberals before the ballots had been cast. The apparent despondency of the Conservatives contrasted well with the eager zeal of the Laurierites, and they are naturally crestfallen at the disappointment of their cherished hopes.

It must be conceded by all the Liberal organs that tremendous efforts had been made to secure a victory for Mr. Laurier, and thus evidence to the country the permanent character of the Manitoba settlement. It makes a pause in the Liberal rush. The electors are beginning to discover that there can be no permanence in the Manitoba School settlement. Such legislation cannot be said to be binding and final. The Bowell Administration, fortified by the decision of the Judicial Committee of the House of Lords, contended for the constitutional rights of the Catholic minority of Manitoba, of which they had been deprived by the adverse legislation of the Manitoba Legislature by its Acts of 1890-91. It is clear that the ecclesiastical authorities of the Catholic church will never remain content under the recent so-called "settlement." Of this time will ultimately show. The echoes of the "hurrah!" cry for Mr. Laurier have not as yet subsided, indeed it would be idle to expect that they so soon would. The "nationalism" which swept him into power by the vote of 48 fellow-countrymen in Quebec Province is as buoyant as ever. But Mr. Laurier is yet an almost untried man; he is the representative of the triumphant French Canadians rather than their leader. Few of those who are competent to judge of his capabilities as a parliamentarian have any confidence in the permanence of his tenure of office. He is not of the stuff of Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir J. Thompson or of Sir Chas. Tupper. Meanwhile he "fills the bill" for the Liberals. We may look for a decided "weakening" on Mr. Laurier's account in the near future. It will take time before the strength of his present following can be overcome, but already signs are not wanting of future disintegration. The Conservative Opposition will watch and wait; the school question is but after all a side issue in comparison with the fiscal issues to be fought out. Too many pledges have already been broken and too many principles swallowed to inspire confidence in Mr. Laurier's "sunny ways." With all the majority at his back, Mr. Laurier has a "hard row to hoe," the truth of which will become apparent before the session terminates.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

In its issue of the 10th inst. the Montreal Witness editorially asks "What is truth?" All regular readers of the Witness must have been aware that "the only religious daily" either had no knowledge of or little regard for the truth.

Whilst the majority of Mr. Laurier's Administration are engaged in beheading Conservative office-holders, Sir Oliver Mowat is busied in making new offices for the supporters of the Administration. Under the Factory Bill which he has introduced into the Senate, power is given the Government to appoint an unlimited number of factory inspectors.

"PAINE'S."

The Name and Reputation Imply Much.

Paine's Celery Compound Establishes Safety, Health and Strength

Never Allow Any Dealer to Persuade You to Take Something Else.

"Paine's!" Glorious talismanic name that speaks a wealth of hope and health to the thousands of disease-burdened men and women!

"Paine's!" Marvellous healer that cures when all other medicines fail!

"Paine's!" Thou bright loadstar of the despondent that bringest a world of joy and new life after the doctors have declared the case incurable!

Now is the time to use Paine's Celery Compound if you would be well, happy and hearty.

The heart, kidneys, liver, stomach—all these great ougans with the majority of people are out of order in the spring time, and call for aid and repairing so that their work may be properly done.

If you have any of these organs out of repair your whole nervous system is out of gear and your life is in peril.

Paine's Celery Campound gives perfect action to the heart and other important organs; it makes pure blood, gives perfect digestion, sweet sleep, and puts you in a condition of vigor and strength that enables you to battle against the heat of summer and all the epidemics that may arise.

Remember that "Paine's" is the kind that cures. Refuse the something just as good that some dealers would offer you. Ask for Paine's Celery Compound and see that you are supplied with it.

"I bought a box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure at the drug store of Mr. Boyle here. I am thankful to say it has proved most effective. I have also tried your Kidney-Liver Pills and found them excellent."—Henry R. Nicholls, rectory, London.

TWO LIBERALS IN THE FIGHT.

Conservatives Will Support the Patron in Macdonald—No Definite Choice Yet in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, April 12.—(Special.)—The Conservatives of Macdonald constituency met this morning and definitely decided to throw their support to Kenneth McKenzie, the Patron candidate, and not put up a Conservative candidate. McKenzie will fight out the battle with Dr. Rutherford, the Government nominee.

In Winnipeg two gentlemen have signified their willingness to accept nomination at the hands of the combined prohibition and labor people. These are E. L. Taylor, barrister, and William Small, a well-known labor leader. A mass meeting has been called for Tuesday night, when a choice between the two will be made. Mr. Taylor is the most likely man, and can get the Conservative support. Friends of ex-Mayor Jameson, the Government nominee, profess the utmost confidence, but it is noticed that they are taking no chances, and working very hard.

Capitalist William McKenzie of Toronto, who owns the biggest part of the Winnipeg Gas Company, is here to ask the City Council for an extension of the gas franchise for twenty-five years.

The ice is moving out of Red River here, and it is now believed there is scarcely any danger of a flood.

Skim Milk Is Valuable.

The value of skim milk on the farm is nearly as great as when it is sold before the cream is removed, considering the low prices received by farmers. If the cream or butter is sent to market the farm loses nothing, and as every 100 pounds of skim milk contain about ten pounds of solid matter, it is not only excellent food for pigs, but also for poetry. The addition of only two pounds of linseed meal will nearly bring the skim milk back to its original value as whole milk.

We hear a great deal about purifying the blood. The way to purify it is to enrich it. Blood is not a simple fluid like water. It is made up of minute bodies and when these are deficient, the blood lacks the life-giving principle. Scott's Emulsion is not a mere blood purifier. It actually increases the number of the red corpuscles in the blood and changes unhealthy action into health.

If you want to learn more of it we have a book, which tells the story in simple words.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

DYSPEPSIA

CURED BY DR. CHASE.

. . FOR EIGHTEEN YEARS W. W. HODGES SUFFERED—DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS EFFECTED AN ALMOST MIRACULOUS CURE. . . . .

Messrs. EDMANSON, BATES & Co.,
Toronto.

DEAR SIRS,—I take the liberty of writing to you regarding my experience with *DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS*, and the wonderful cure of dyspepsia of 18 years' standing effected by them with three boxes. I am as well as I ever was, and am a man of 64 years of age. I have recommended *DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS* to a great number of people and they all say they are worth their weight in gold. If you desire any further statement or certificate of my case, I will be pleased to furnish one.

Yours truly,
W. W. HODGES,
Holland Landing, Ont.

THE CRETAN QUESTION

Again Under Discussion in the British Commons.

The Imbecility of the Powers Shown Up—Mr. Curzon Replies for the Government and Pours Hot Shot Into the Liberal Ranks—The Government Had Strained Every Nerve to Avert War—Mr. Curzon Pays Attention to Sir William Harcourt—The Liberal Leader Replies in Forcible Language.

London, April 12.—Mr. Patrick O'Brien, Parnellite, member for the city of Kilkenny, asked the Government for information in the House of Commons to-day as to whether it had received any claim for compensation in behalf of Edward J. Ivory, the saloon keeper of New York, who was arrested in Glasgow on Sept. 12 last and who was discharged from custody on Jan. 20. The First Lord of the Treasury, Mr. A. J. Balfour, in reply, said the Government had not received notice of any such claim as the one referred to by the honorable member for Kilkenny city.

Discussing the Cretan question, Sir Charles Dilke said he believed the majority of the nation supported the Liberals in the eastern question. A blockade of the Piraeus, he contended, though it might upset the King and the Kingdom of Greece, could not restore order in Crete. While the Government's policy of granting autonomy to Crete was honest, it was not clear whether the other powers were equally honest in this matter. Both the Sultan of Turkey and the King of Greece had stated they were negotiating in regard to the future of Crete, when they were brought to the verge of war by the action of the powers.

The speaker pointed out that the concert of the powers did not come into existence for the purpose of dealing with Crete, but to deal with the Armenian question, with which the powers had been fruitlessly struggling for two years past, when they were stirred out of sluggish action by the despatch of Prince George of Greece with the Greek torpedo flotilla to the Island of Crete, and by the landing of Greek troops there. He concluded with commenting upon the imbecility and helplessness of the concert until the King of Greece forced their hand.

The Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, Mr. George N. Curzon, replied for the Government. He said no one could rightly complain at lack of opportunity to discuss the conduct of the Government. There had been many discussions on the subject and on the speeches of the Marquis of Salisbury, although it was true there had not been a vote of censure, the Government having failed to persuade the Liberal leader, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, to repeat in the House the martial oration so much admired at Norwich, while in the six debates on Crete in the House of Commons the matter had only been raised twice and in the French Chamber of Deputies only once. Continuing, Mr. Curzon said that in Austria, Italy and Germany the statement of their Government's policy had been reiterated so frequently as to become tedious.

Sir Charles Dilke complained that autonomy, as proposed for Crete, was not clearly defined, but Mr. Curzon pointed out the proclamation stated it implied freedom from all control of the Turkish Government in the internal affairs of the island. He therefore could truthfully say there was no ground whatever for the suspicion of Sir Charles Dilke that this autonomy, which the Government desired to make ample and clear, was regarded from any other point of view by the other powers.

Referring to the negotiations which are said to have taken place between Greece and Turkey direct for the settlement of the Cretan question, Mr. Curzon remarked that negotiations might have occurred on the subject between the Sultan and Greece, but Her Majesty's Government knew nothing about them.

Touching upon the question of the withdrawal of the Greek troops from the Island of Crete, Mr. Curzon asserted this would open the door leading to an almost immediate and pacific settlement of the question. Since the blockade, Mr. Curzon pointed out, many thousands of helpless and defenceless people have been protected by the forces of the powers and their admirals have done inestimable work in the relief of the beleaguered and the saving of life. But, in the face of explicit warnings, the insurgents had persisted in their endeavors to starve out the Turkish garrisons at outlying points and obtained command of the outposts commanding the towns occupied by the forces of the powers.

They had also tried to cut off the water supply and had even engaged in fighting with the European troops. But, Mr. Curzon was glad to say, during the last few days the situation had become calmer. In the meanwhile active discussions were proceeding among the powers relative to the question of appointing a Government for the Island of Crete and instituting a militia on the basis of the autonomist constitution promised.

Mr Curzon then turned to the question of the possibility of war between Greece and Turkey. He insisted the Government had strained every nerve to prevent an outbreak of hostilities, which, he claimed, the Government could only regard as calamitous to Greece and as constituting a grave menace to the peace of Europe. The Government of Her Majesty, he continued, had shown the utmost forbearance and regard for the susceptibilities of all concerned and had taken part in the joint declaration at Constantinople and at Athens to the effect that the aggressor would not be allowed to profit by such action.

As to the Greek raids into Macedonia, Mr. Curzon assured the House that, from information which the Government had received, the raid was entirely unauthorized by the Greek Government and was not participated in by the Greek regular troops. Further, it had been disavowed by the Greek Government, and the Government of Turkey had announced that if the raid was not repeated Turkey would not treat it as casus belli, as she might have done.

After making these statements, Mr. Curzon again paid attention to the Liberal leader. He said that in his speech at Monmouth, in October last, Sir William Harcourt advocated friendship with the other powers, but now he attacked the Government for adopting his suggestion. Mr. Curzon denied the concert of the powers had been helpless. During the past few months, he insisted, the concert had saved Europe from a general war, had prevented greater bloodshed in Crete and had localized the disturbance on the Greco-Turkish frontier. He thought no one would deny that the policy of the Government, peace in Europe and the liberation of Crete, was a good one, but, if the Opposition had an alternative, let the House hear it.

Mr. Curzon was frequently cheered during the course of his speech.

In reply, Sir William Harcourt said that, although the Government declined his challenge, he would not decline its challenge, now made, although he was of the opinion the matter was of so great importance that it ought to have been discussed on a definite issue.

Mr. Balfour, the Liberal leader continued, complained that his motion was not sufficiently censorious, but, if the motion had been carried, it would have turned out the Government. What more did Her Majesty's Government want? Why did not the Government substitute for it a vote of confidence? The reason was, Sir William Harcourt said, that the Government would not face the question of the forces of the Crown being employed against Greece. Never before he asserted, had a Government declined to meet such a motion or shrunk from such an issue, and it was now the duty of the Opposition to record the views of the united Liberals.

The Government, continued Sir William, said its principles were liberty for Crete and peace for Europe. But he asked, what sort of liberty for Crete? Was it the kind the Cretans desired? The explanations given, the speaker insisted, were not given in the House of Commons, but at smoking concerts, and it seemed to him this showed a desire to disparage the House of Commons. Therefore, he regretted the Government had undertaken to stifle discussion in the House as no Government had ever done before.

How many happy marriage ties are daily cut asunder by the grim destroyer, death. How many women go radiantly to the altar, only to pass a few short months of agony and pain, and then go down to early graves. There is one cause of this ever-recurring tragedy. No woman should enter the marriage state without some knowledge of the physiology of the female organs of reproduction, and of the necessity of keeping them always healthy and vigorous. Ignorance on these points digs graves for thousands of happy brides but a few months' journey from the altar. There is a sure and speedy remedy at hand.

The most marvelous medicine ever discovered for women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the discovery of a most eminent and skillful specialist, Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. It acts directly on the delicate organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. It makes them healthy and strong. It cures all weakness and disease. Taken during the expectant period it insures a healthy baby and makes parturition easy and almost painless. Women who wish to know all about the "Favorite Prescription" should write to Dr. Pierce.

Mrs. W. Robinson, Springhill, Cumberland Co., Nova Scotia, writes: "I feel that I cannot say enough about your 'Favorite Prescription.' I was confined on the 8th of April, and I was only sick about thirty minutes in all. I can truthfully say that your medicine worked wonders in my case. Although the physician was in the house I did not seem to require his aid. I am going around doing my own work and before I had to keep a girl three months till I was able to do my work. I recommended the medicine to a lady friend of mine and she is taking it. She expects to become a mother next month."

Constipation if neglected will lead the most robust to the doctor's office. The blood gets loaded down with impurities which it deposits in every organ and tissue in the body. Serious illness is the inevitable result. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They are prompt and pleasant in their action. They never gripe. They cure permanently, and are not mere temporary palliatives. Druggists sell them. If you [illegible] something said to be "just as good" you will regret it.

THE BOERS WILL FIGHT.

Transvaal Officials Talk of Nothing But War, Which They Say Is Inevitable.

London, April 12.—A despatch to The Daily Mail from Cape Town says the Het Dagblad, the Dutch newspaper, declares that leading officials of the Transvaal speak openly of war with England as inevitable, and aver that it will be carried right up to Table Bay.

The Fight at Brazzeville.

New York, April 12.—The Associated Press has received the following special correspondence, dated Brazzeville, Africa, Jan. 31: "Upon arriving at Brazzeville we found Merchand making preparations to go to the relief of the men at the Quello River crossing. The details of the battles were received from one of his soldiers who returned here. The first real skirmishing was with a chief named Mobyalla, who, or some of his tribe, killed a French soldier about a year ago. Merchand's men marched on the village. Mobyalla showed resistance, but his flint-locks were not equal to modern rifles. Mobyalla was wounded and his head cut off and brought to Brazzeville. The natives say over 100 were killed in this village, but Merchand's soldiers assert that the number was not more than 25 or 50. After the battle the village was burned. Continuing their march the villages along the Manyanga road were surrounded at night. As daylight approached the natives were awakened by the blast of a trumpet, and as they came out of their huts were shot down on all sides. Village after village was destroyed in this manner, no quarter being given.

"The natives used clay balls in their old muskets, having burned them dry to about the consistency of brick. In shooting they do not pull the gun to the shoulder or look at the sight, but point at the object as one would with a stick and then fire. Several of Merchand's men were struck by these clay balls, but were not wounded seriously.

"The expedition consists of 145 white officers and 163 black soldiers from Western Soudan, called Senegalese, but they are by rights Soudanese.

"On arrival at Loango, on the coast, July 24, Merchand and some of the white officers came direct to Brazzeville, but the main body did not reeach here until Jan. 12."

Caused a Sensation.

London, April 12.—The speech of the First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. Geo. J. Goschen, at the farewell banquet tendered on Saturday to Sir Alfred Milner, the newly-appointed High Commissioner of Great Britain in South Africa, has produced a great sensation and the imminence of war between Great Britain and the Transvaal is the common talk of the street.

Referring to the presence of British blue jackets and marines in South Africa, Mr. Goschen said: "They are there to represent to Sir Alfred Milner British power in South Africa. They are the guarantee to him and to our colonists, to the loyal men who support British rule, that this country is determined to maintain its supremacy in those quarters, and that it will back its High Commissioner with the power of the British Empire."

A despatch from Cape Town to-day confirms the report, apparently, of the despatch of a British war vessel to Delagoa Bay. The British warship Racoon sailed to-day from Cape Town under sealed orders. The officials there refuse to divulge her destination; but it is rumored she is bound for Delagoa Bay, and the report is generally believed.

It was semi-officially announced this afternoon that the British troops going to South Africa are merely intended to relieve the regiments already there, which are bound for home at the expiration of their terms of foreign service.

A Magnificent Showing OF BOYS' CLOTHING.

This is the Season of the Year...... when new clothes for the boys is an absolute necessity. The winter wear is cast aside. In clothing for Boys suited to the new season we have not simply a very large variety, but many special lines that will attract the attention of the boys and interest every mother. Prices are just as attractive as the goods.

Article	Price
Boys' Navy Blue Two-Piece Serge Suits, plain or pleated back, worth at least $2.00, for	$1 50
Boys' Mixed Gray Suits, sizes 22 to 27 only, Coat and Pants beautifully trimmed, fancy pleating, worth $2.50 for	2 00
Boys' All Wool Halifax Tweed Suits, different shades, well made and trimmed, extra wearing and worth $3.00 easy, for	2 50
Boys' Dark Gray 3 Piece Suits for lads 12 to 15 years of age, made by Sanford, well trimmed and good wearing. The same last year was $4.00 now	3 00
Boys' Sailor Suits, sizes 22 to 28, Blouses and Pants in Blue Serge, Pants lined, special price	$1.00
Boys' Velvet Sailor Suits, imported from Germany, color navy blue, nice lanyard and whistle, a good value suit at $4.00, our price	3 00
Boys' Serge Suits. Coat Vest and Pants, boy 11 to 15 years of age, Sanford's celebrated make, well trimmed and good wearing	3.00
Boys' Extra Good Gray Worsted Suits, in Coat, Vest and Pants. Veryfine trimmings. Our price last year was $8.00, now	7.00

OAK HALL.

For the . . .

Lenten Season

Fresh **Baltimore Oysters**
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines in Tins. Finest Brands.
Bloater Paste in Small Jars.
Anchovy Paste in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—139 and 157.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind and Door Factory.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HARRIS & WALTON, OF THE CITY OF BELLEVILLE, INSOLVENTS.

TENDERS addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en bloc or in separate parcels of the estate of the above named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Item	Amount
Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,685 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c.	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c.	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	25 00
Book accounts	1,308 14
	$5,707 19

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to

WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.
E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TURNER proprietor. dif

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I feel confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her.—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietus to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 900 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE

— AND —

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

Representing the following first-class Companies:

The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.

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Of Waterloo, Ontario.

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Of Liverpool, England.

REAL ESTATE.

Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.

Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.

APPLY TO

JAMES BOOTH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.,
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

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We are now
All Removed
to our new
Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

"THINK IT OVER."
An Improvement for '9

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.
Phone 189.

A YOUNG . . . .
MONTREAL MILLINER
WRITES:

"I was starting in business last year and wanting to find out what thread was the best to use, tested all the leading makes. Repeated trials showed me that none combined the . . .

Strength, Smoothness and Freedom from Kinks found in

CLAPPERTON'S THREAD

—Most older hands knew this long ago and insist on getting "Clapperton's."

A. N. REID,
FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

Mixed Paints.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
AND
JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT . . . . . .
THE PHARMACY,
D. M. WATERS.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our . . Tables. . .

Flower's Bargain House,
378 FRONT STREET.

HAD INDIGESTION!

For a Matter of Some Forty Years or More.

Joseph Gardner, stove dealer, of Bath, Ontario, is a great believer in Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia, Bright's disease, rheumatism, and kidney, liver and stomach troubles generally.

"I was troubled for over forty years with indigestion and constipation," he writes. "At intervals I suffered from severe headache. I spent dollars and dollars without result until Mr. Ball, our druggist, advised me to try Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I did so, and must say that they are the only remedy that gave me relief. I would not be without them for anything."

Many people suffer from rheumatism. Bad blood and diseased kidneys bring it on. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will remedy all this and cure rheumatism, sciatica and all kindred complaints. Here is a sample case:

"My boy was all crippled up and suffered awfully with rheumatism," writes Mrs. H. Wills, of Chesley, Ont. "He also had a touch of diabetes. The doctors could do him no good, but Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills completely cured him."

Sold by all dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. 25c.

When all other remedies fail Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine will cure the worst chronic cold. 25 cents.

YOUR CHILD SMILES

when you use for his bath .....

BABY'S OWN SOAP

It's so pleasant to use. ....

His skin after the bath —soft, white, sweet smelling — will be proof of the excellence of this soap.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

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DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

P. D. GOLDSMITH, M.D., Ontario, L. S.A., L.R.C.P., and M.R.C.P., London, Eng., has permanently located in Belleville.

Office and residence, 55 Campbell street on the hill, just above Merchants Bank Telephone 95. ju6d&wly

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Money to loan at 5 per cent interest.

LAW OFFICES OF
THOMAS & LAZIER.

East Robertson Block, Front st., Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc. Private funds to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Mortgages and debentures purchased. Estates managed. Agents for the Canada Permanent Loan & Savings Co. Telephone 32.
J. PARKER THOMAS. S. D. LAZIER.

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(Successor to Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q.C.,) BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc Office, McAnnany building, corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont. Private and Company money to loan at 6 per cent. on easy terms upon good land security Charges moderate.

MISCELLANEOUS.

U. E. THOMPSON,

TOWN PASSENGER AGENT G. T. R Bridge Street.
Or at the Grand Trunk Depot.
. GUNN,
Agent G.T.R.

A. G. NORTHRUP.

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Shire Hall Belleville. 226d&wly

. I. DULMAGE, L.D.S., D.D.S., (Toronto University.

DENTIST—Office over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence on Forin Street. d.w.

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

THE TARIFF APRIL 22

Announcement at Last Made in the House of Commons.

Mr. McMullen's Civil Service Bill—Sir Charles Tupper Indulges in Some Badinage in Regard to the Measure—Mr. Laurier Disclaims Government Responsibility—The Fast Steamship Line and the Franchise Bill—A Lot of Questions Answered—Cattle Quarantine at the Boundary and the British Embargo—House of Commons Proceedings.

Ottawa, April 12.—(Special.)—One important statement was made by the Minister of Finance this afternoon—a statement for which the country has been anxiously waiting for weeks.

It is in brief that the new tariff will be submitted to Parliament on Thursday of next week, the 22nd inst.

Previous to this Mr. McMullen introduced his bill to amend the Civil Service Act. He explained that his object was to create a supervisory board to manage the civil service. There was no possibility of the present Government being able to economize, as every attempt at dismissal from the civil service in cases where officers civil service in cases where officers were unnecessary or inefficient, and how little they had to do, pressure would be brought to bear in order to retain them in office, and the cry would be raised that dismissals were taking place for political partisanship. He believed that the Government of to-day was paying salaries for 1000 more civil servants than were necessary. The board which he proposed to create should be placed in the same position as the Auditor-General, and removable only on the vote of both Houses for cause.

Mr. Wood (Hamilton) said he would be glad if the hon. member would go further with this bill, and take all responsibility for appointments in the service off the shoulders of the members of Parliament.

Sir Charles Tupper said that he was glad to know that Mr. McMullen had come to the conclusion that it was unsafe to leave the civil service in the hands of the present Government. [Laughter.] He quite agreed with him. Everyone remembered the pitiful wail of Mr. Mackenzie when in office that he had to stand guard over the public treasury to prevent it being pillaged by his Liberal supporters. Any measure that would take it out of the hands of the present Ministry to act in the tyrannical way they had been doing would meet with approval. The Government had already demoralized the civil service and it would take years to restore it to its former position. No greater outrage could have been perpetrated by the present Government than the disgraceful manner in which they had acted in the Interior Department. The new Deputy Minister had discredited himself by the manner in which he mismanaged matters as Manitoba Commissioner at the World's Fair. Now he had to be brought here, replacing a gentleman of great ability, appointed by a former Liberal Government, and who enjoyed the confidence of both parties, in order that the Minister of the Interior might secure his election by acclamation in Brandon. Mr. McMullen had not introduced his bill a moment too soon. [Cheers.]

Mr. Laurier said that Mr. McMullen had acted entirely on his own responsibility. Any measure that would remove the temptations that beset public men would have his support. Sir Charles had referred to Mr. Mackenzie's standing guard over the treasury. It was a pity for Canada that there were not more men of that kind. [Cheers.] Who stood guard for Canada when the section B contract was under construction? Who stood guard when the Quebec graving dock was being constructed? With regard to the civil service, he desired to say that it must be non-partisan. No more should they be henchmen of the men in power. They did not trust the civil servants to do their bidding, as some of them did the bidding of the hon. gentlemen opposite when they calculated that the Government would receive $50,000,000 from the sale of public lands alone. The moment a man became a political partisan he had no favor to expect or to receive at the hands of the Government.

After some observations from Mr. Casey, Mr. McMullen said he did not propose to go as far as Mr. Wood, as he thought members should be entitled to a little patronage.

The bill was read a first time.

Mr. Fielding informed Sir Charles that his expectation was to bring down the budget and tariff Tuesday, the 22nd.

Sir Charles Tupper: I suppose there is no hope of expecting it before the 20th? [Laughter.]

Mr. Fielding said that even if it did come down before the 20th the tariff proposals would be such as to assist the Liberal party, wherever they might be, in Canada.

Mr. Foster asked what Government business they would take up in the meantime.

Mr. Laurier: The franchise bill.

Sir Charles Tupper said that Mr. Foster would withdraw his amendment with a view of expediting the bringing down of the budget.

Mr. Foster added that he would withdraw his amendment if the Government would not proceed with the bill.

Mr. Laurier: That is a subject for conference between Sir Charles Tupper and myself.

Eleven private bills were read the second time and sent to their several committees.

Mr. Blair informed Mr. Gillies that Mr. McDonald, station master at Point Tupper, had been dismissed from his position because he could not attend to the duties of his office and study law at Halifax at the same time. [Laughter.]

Mr. Tarte told Mr. Lemieux that Mr. Charlevois' outstanding claims on account of the Langevin block contract amounted to $296,338.

Sir Richard Cartwright told Major Hughes that no changes had been made in the general administration of the Royal Military College except the retirement of the late commandant.

Mr. Davies informed Mr. Davin that a representative of Manitoba and the Territories would be invited to accompany the Hudson Bay expedition.

Mr. Haggart asked if the Government intended to rescind the remedial order of March 21, 1895.

Mr. Laurier replied: "The policy of the Government upon this subject has already been announced. They do not think it advisable to take any further action in this matter."

Mr. Fielding informed Mr. Monk that it was not proposed to print evidence taken before the Tariff Enquiry Commission, as the newspapers had given pretty full reports of the proceedings.

Mr. Paterson told Mr. Davies that his department had been informed that smuggling was carried on by crews of American whalers from Herschel Island into the Mackenzie River basin.

Mr. Bennett was informed by Mr. Tarte that the aggregate amount expended by the Public Works Department in Collingwood harbor was $227,286, and in Owen Sound $236,755.

Mr. Davin then took up the question of the removal of cattle quarantine at the international boundary, and pointed out how grievously it would affect the stock raisers of Alberta. Canadian ranchmen, he said, were apprehensive of serious loss by the movement of cattle northwards from the Idaho-Montana regions for the purpose of being fattened on the Canadian side, thus destroying the ranges adjacent to the border, and giving ranchmen of our own country no advantage whatever in return. He concluded by moving for an order of the House for all documents bearing on the changes in the quarantine regulations between the United States and the western country; also for particulars of changes made in the personnel of officials in charge of quarantine.

Mr. Lister replied that the apprehension was not well founded, as the duty would afford ample protection. Moreover, the new regulation admitting healthy American or Canadian cattle from one country to the other without quarantine, had wrought a revival in our cattle exports to the States. If hon. gentlemen, he said, would take up The London Free Press, The Brockville and the Buffalo papers, they would find that the promulgation of the new regulations was immediately followed by considerable export. He charged that the late Government had administered the quarantine with notable laxity.

Dr. Montague assumed from the abolition of quarantine against the United States that the Government gave up all hope of securing the removal of the British embargo on the Canadian live stock. For himself he did not think they were giving up much, because after his personal communication with the British Board of Agriculture, he was convinced that there was no hope of our getting it removed, the embargo being simply a measure of protection to the British agriculturist. There was no great credit due the Government for the new order. The late Government could have secured it in five minutes, but refrained from abolishing quarantine so long as there was a shadow of hope of securing the greater advantage of an untrammeled British market. True, a rush of exports had followed the new regulation, but the result to the Canadian cattle shippers was unsatisfactory. It was interesting to hear Mr. Lister talk reassuringly of the protection of the duty after Mr. Laurier's boast in South Brant that the new Government had secured to the people of Canada free trade in cattle with the United States. [Laughter.]

Messrs. McMillan and McMullen argued that the embargo was the result of the lax administration of quarantine regulations by the late Government.

Dr. Montague offered to produce a letter from the President of the British Board of Agriculture stating that there was no doubt whatever in England as to the manner in which the cattle quarantine had been carried out. Mr. McMullen quoted Mr. Mulock in support of his contention.

Sir Charles Tupper replied that the clear and incontrovertible fact was made out in favor of the removal of the embargo, that the Colonial Minister dissociated himself from his colleagues in the matter, declaring over his own signature in a letter to the Department of Agriculture, that he was perfectly satisfied no pleuro-pneumonia existed in Canada. Besides, the admission was made boldly in the British House of Commons that the embargo was simply a means of protection against competition. Did the Postmaster-General assume to know more about British affairs than the British Government itself? Sir Charles asked.

Dr. Sproule, after recess, spoke for some time in contravention of the new Liberal position that there was no necessity for rigid quarantine upon the border.

Mr. Oliver supported Mr. Davies' contention, showing that some restriction was necessary to prevent the introduction of sheep scab and glanders. The risk was not, he thought, so great in the case of cattle.

After Mr. Davies had spoken Mr. Laurier remarked upon the interesting character of the discussion, and in the absence of Mr. Fisher, moved the adjournment of the debate.

The motion carried.

Mr. LaRiviere moved for copies of all orders-in-Council, reports to Council, petitions, memorials or other documents relating to the Manitoba school question, not already submitted to this House. He expressed astonishment at the Premier's announcement recently that no documents existed in connection with the question, the settlement negotiations having been oral. In a matter of such vital importance as the school question, he thought all proposals and counter proposals and replies should have been committed to writing. The House was now in no position to form any estimate of what might have been accomplished by the Federal Government through these negotiations. The country had been told that the settlement was not final, said Mr. LaRiviere, and in proof he proceeded to quote from Mr. Laurier's remarks, when he was called to order under the rule that prevents reference to a previous debate.

Mr. Laurier said he had no objection whatever to the return being brought down. The Government were just as anxious as the Opposition to have the full light of day upon the negotiations. Indeed, the papers were now in course of preparation and would be produced shortly.

Mr. Moore moved "That in the opinion of this House it is in the best interests of the farming and laboring classes and the country generally that the duty on imported refined petroleum for illuminating purposes be reduced to 3 cents per imperial gallon." He said the question should be considered from three different standpoints, that is, from the point of enabling the poorer classes to get cheap and good coal oil, while the Canadian producer enjoyed a fair amount of protection and the Government got a reasonable revenue. There was no question but that the tillers of the soil should be thoroughly considered, and this was an opportunity for the Government to adopt a measure for their benefit. He asserted that the quality of the Canadian oil was rather inferior to that of the American, which he held to be one reason why the duty should be lowered, and in this connection compared the prices in Canada and the United States, contending that no satisfactory reason had been advanced for the discrepancy. The consumption of coal oil from 1887 to 1895, he said, amounted to over $13,000,000 more than it would have cost but for the duty. The excessive duty he held to be responsible for extensive smuggling.

Mr. Lister, after briefly setting forth the inadvisability of discussing a matter of this kind in advance of the early production of the tariff, and questioning the accuracy of the hon. member's figures, moved the adjournment of the debate.

RENEWED HEALTH.

EASILY OBTAINED BY THE USE OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

GRATEFUL LETTERS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE DOMINION TESTIFY TO THEIR WONDERFUL POWER—AS A SPRING MEDICINE THEY SURPASS ALL OTHERS.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done more to alleviate suffering than any other medicine yet discovered. They have effected cures in hundreds of cases pronounced incurable by physicians, and they have brought rejoicing into the homes of thousands throughout the Dominion. Among those who speak of this wonderful medicine in terms of gratitude is Mr. Lemuel McCready, of Shannon, N.B. He says:—"A year ago I was taken with a pain in my hip, which gradually worked down to the knee where it settled. At first I thought it was an attack of rheumatism and treated it with the medicine ordinarily used for that trouble, but with no benefit. The knee began to swell and the pain became excruciating. I wasted away to a mere shadow, and was no better than a cripple. I then consulted a physician, but still got no relief. Then I went to an hospital at St. John. The physician who examined me there said my trouble was consumption of the blood, and it might be necessary to amputate my leg. Thoroughly discouraged, I returned home. Then my mother urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After using two or three boxes I found the pain greatly diminishing, and by the time I had taken seven boxes, the limb had regained its normal condition, the pain had all disappeared, I had gained greatly in flesh and was as well as ever I had been in my life. I feel very grateful, for I believe Dr Williams' Pink Pills saved me from a life of helplessness.

It is such wonderful cures as Mr. McCready's that has given Dr. Williams' Pink Pills their great reputation and made them the favorite medicine in thousands of families throughout the land. They are especially intended for purifying the blood and strengthening the nerves, and at this season of the year, when most people are feeling languid as the result of close confinement during the the winter months, a couple of boxes of Pink Pills will give renewed life and energy. Do not be persuaded to take any of the numerous pink colored imitations, which some dealers, whose only thought is their own profit, try to impose upon the public. If your dealer will not give you the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills they will be sent post paid at 50c per box or six boxes for $2 50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. As a spring medicine a half dozen boxes will serve a whole family.

MUST FIGHT AT ONCE IF AT ALL.

Greece is Not in a Position to Wait and Will Have to Take Decisive Steps Very Shortly.

London, April 12.—The Times will print to-morrow the following despatch from its Athens correspondent:

"Sober persons here doubt whether the raiders have done the cause of Hellenism any real service. It is inexplicable how the Ethnike Hetairia's forces continue their operations without any base. Their numbers alone require that they receive constant supplies of provisions and munitions of war. Should they succeed in the advance into Macedonia, the army will insist upon following. Should they fail, then their defeat must be avenged.

"M. Delyannis, however, clearly explained to me to-day that if the Hetairia had not undertaken to cut the Gordian knot, the Government would have been obliged to take decisive steps within a few days. Greece, he added, in the present state of her finances, could not maintain an army of 80,000 men under arms any length of time without enormous sacrifices; so that if there is to be any fighting, it must come immediately."

Arta Full of Soldiers.

London, April 12.—The Times correspondent at Arta says: The town is full of soldiers. Many of the residents have left their houses and gone to safer places. Three lines of defence are now ready with elaborate trenches and plenty of engineers and artillery. Col. Manos, father of Constantine Manos, leader of the Cretan sacred band, is in command.

The Siege Continues.

Athens, April 12.—The latest advices here report that a portion of the invading force continues to besiege the barracks at Baltino. The remainder has continued the advance, but to a destination as yet unknown in Athens. It is reported that communications between Metzovo and Grevona are cut off.

The Cretan refugees here have addressed a petition to the embassies, in which, after reciting the whole history of the Cretan question, they declare that the only solution is annexation, and continue: "We hope that the Christian is moved by our sufferings, martyrdom and struggles for centuries to support our claims for union with Greece."

The petition is signed by several thousand.

Could Not be Worse.

London, April 12.—The Daily Chronicle's special correspondent at Athens, Mr. Henry Norman, says: "As the result of interviews which I have had to-day with King George, M. Delyannis and M. Skouzes, it seems to me that the situation could not be much worse short of actual war. The last words of the Premier to me last night were: 'I have but little hope.'

"The Servian Government has summoned all the officers of the reserve, militia and national guards. The Servian insurgents are now on the Macedonian frontier and the Servian Government is sending ammunition there constantly."

Another Fire at Canea.

London, April 12.—A despatch to The Times from Canea says that another fire broke out in the vicinity of the Italian barracks, but was extinguished before it had made much progress. A quantity of dynamite bombs was found in a house adjoining the barracks and promptly seized. Since the arrival of the foreign troops the town has been somewhat more orderly and the Mohammedans have ceased to carry arms openly.

The British Vice-Consul met a number of insurgent leaders near the town yesterday, who informed him that communications to them must hereafter be forwarded through Col. Vassos. Last evening (Saturday) the insurgents approached the source of the water supply, upon which the European troops depend, but retreated after five shots from the field guns. The Greek troops were observed yesterday through field glasses placing their tents about two miles away from the town in the direction of the Ayah plain. Two shots were fired at them.

Circulars to Make Strife.

London, April 12.—The correspondent of The Times at Constantinople says that the foreign ambassadors there consider three circulars addressed in the early part of last week by the Porte to its representatives abroad, protesting against the suggestions made by some or all of the powers for the solution of the Cretan difficulty, as meddlesome, offensive, and intended as a tu quoque argument in reply to the recent remonstrance against the Tokat massacres. The Porte has issued two additional circulars to its representatives. The first, which went on Friday last, declares that the Greek regulars and the Greek artillery, commanded by bugle call, have invaded Turkey, and asserts the right of Turkey to repel.

Sour

Stomach, sometimes called waterbrash, and burning pain, distress, nausea, dyspepsia, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This it accomplishes because with its wonderful power as a blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates an appetite, gives refreshing sleep, and raises the health tone. In cases of dyspepsia and indigestion it seems to have "a magic touch."

"For over 12 years I suffered from sour

Stomach

with severe pains across my shoulders, and great distress. I had violent nausea which would leave me very weak and faint, difficult to get my breath. These spells came oftener and more severe. I did not receive any lasting benefit from physicians, but found such happy effects from a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I took several bottles and mean to always keep it in the house. I am now able to do all my own work, which for six years I have been unable to do. My husband and son have also been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla—for pains in the back, and after the grip. I gladly recommend this grand blood medicine." MRS. PETER BURBY, Leominster, Mass.

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

The Cleveland Bicycle.

Look at the Women who Ride These Wheels, they look so Happy and Healthy.

Constant, mental, physical aud moral help we feel
That bids us turn enthusiasts and cry "God bless the Wheel."
—WILL CARLETON.

Models 27, 28 and 29..................Price $100
Models 22 and 23...................Price $75
H. A. Lozier's Celebrated make, at

FOSTER'S, 430 Front St.
BELLEVILLE.

Our Special Agent will spend two weeks in Belleville and endeavor to show the great advantages of using

MADDEN CEREAL FOOD COFFEE.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Odoroma

IMPART

Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.

O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists

THE Perfect Tooth Powder

The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable, if you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite.

50c. & $1 per Bottle

Be sure you get the genuine | DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. MONTREAL

Dont Play . .
With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don' risk that by another kind—like newfangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

MRS. TUGNETT

HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

R. W. ADAMS

REPRESENTS the following good companies: Insurance Company of North America; Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.; office with Northrup & Roberts, barristers, 212 Bridge st.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Easter Rates.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

Teachers and Students
(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)
Single First Class Fare and One-Third.
Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th,'97

General Public . . .
Single First Class Fare
Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive. Return until April 20th, '97.

To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent, Belleville.

"D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief. —J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

New Millinery,
New Veilings,
New Blouses,
New Corsets,
New Laces,
—AT—
A. BRIGNALL'S

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Cramps, Colic, Colds.
Croup, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

THE "INTELLIGENCER"
Printing & Publishing House,
BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.
Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

DOWN WITH THE PRICE OF HATS

◆ ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

We have decided, owing to being overstocked, and also to the number of stores selling hats in the City, to reduce our stock by putting the price of the very finest goods of such makers as

W. WILKINSON & CO.
J. BENSON & SONS.
BENNETT & SON.
KENT & COMPANY.
HARTLEY COMPANY.
BUCKLEY & SONS.

Regular $2.75 and $3.00 Hats, Down to $2.00!

OTHER GRADES ACCORDING.

$2.50 HAT FOR $1.75.
$2.00 HAT FOR $1.50.
$1.50 HAT FOR $1.00.
$1.25 HAT FOR 75 CENTS.
$1.00 HAT FOR 50 CENTS.

BOYS' CAPS, 10 AND 20 CENTS.

FRANK STORTTS,

HYMAN'S OLD STAND.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

A GOOD General Servant Wanted for a small family (two). Apply to Mrs. James Hamilton, 14 Alexander st. tf

WANTED—A Good Nurse to look after three children (Protestant preferred). Apply P. O. Box 514, Kingston. 4-13d3t

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. [76deodtf

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

Daily Intelligencer.

TRANSPARENT TRICKERY.

The INTELLIGENCER's prophesy has proved a great deal better than the Hon. Mr. Davies'. The tariff is to come down on the 22nd inst—two days after the Nova Scotia elections.

Was there ever a more transparent and contemptible piece of trickery than this?

The business of the country is to continue to suffer, in order that the Grit Provincial Government in Nova Scotia may not be embarrassed by any changes in the tariff.

And the men now in power are the leaders of those who have for many years denounced any "entangling alliances" between the Dominion and Provincial Governments!

It is to be hoped that the people of Nova Scotia will punish these contemptible tricksters as they deserve.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie.

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Col. Ponton and Lieut. Clapp addressed about 40 young men last night at the Y.M.C.A. in the interest of the XV. Battalion. President Sinclair and the General Secretary also commended the movement. The list is now ready for signatures.

CATARRH CURED FOR 25 CENTS.

Neglect cold in the head and you will surely have catarrh. Neglect nasal catarrh and you will as surely induce pulmonary diseases or Catarrh of the stomach with its disgusting attendants, foul breath, hawking spitting, blowing, etc. Stop it by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. 25 cents a box cures. A perfect blower enclosed with each box.

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
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J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

J. Owen.

WATER WORKS
PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING.
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ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

QUINTE CONFERENCE.

The Programme Committee Meets and Perfects Arrangements for the Conference at Bowmanville.

The Programme Committee of the Bay of Quinte Conference have prepared the following programme for the 14th session of the this Conference which will be held in Bowmanville for the first time.

The Ministerial session opens on Wednesday, June 2nd, at 10 a. m., and the General session on Thursday, June 3rd, at the same hour.

The Stationing Committee meets on Monday, May 31st, at 3 p. m., and the Statistical Committee on June 1st, at 10 a. m.

The public services are as follows:

Sunday, June 6th—Conference church—9 a.m.—Conference Love Feast, led by Rev. Dr. Lambly; 10.30, Ordination sermon by Rev. T. M. Campbell; 3 p.m., Sunday School addresses by Rev D. G. Crossley and E. C. S. Huycke, Esq., of Cobourg; 7 p.m., Rev. C. E. McIntyre; 8:30, Sacramental service, by Bev. W. R. Young.

Queen street church—10:30, Rev. F. B. Stratton; 3 p.m., Sunday School meeting, Rev. F. J. Anderson and S. R. Armstrong, Esq., of Peterborough; 7 p.m., Rev. S. J. Shorey; 8:30, Sacramental service by Rev. J. Kilgour.

St. Paul's (Presbyterian)—11 a.m., Rev. R. Duke; 7 p.m., Rev. Dr. Crothers.

Trinity (Congregational)—11 a.m., Rev. W. Lambert; 7 p.m., Rev. C. W. Watch.

Disciples' Church 11 a.m., Rev. W. B. Seccombe; 7 p.m., Rev. J. S. I. Wilson, B.A.

ANNIVERSARIES.

Educational—Thursday, June 3rd—8 p.m., Revs. Dr. Dyer and W. R. Young and S. P. Ford, Esq., M.D.

Reception service—Friday, June 4th—8 p.m., Rev. T. S. Edmison, B.D., and R. M. Pope.

Temperance — Monday, June 7th—8 p.m., Rev. D. N. McCamus and R. J. McLaughlin, Esq.

A Difficult Problem Satisfactorily Solved.

In the past ladies have had thousands of dollars worth of valuable goods ruined through the use of inferior and adulterated dyes prepared for home dyeing. The greatest loss that we can point to is in the coloring of mixed goods fabrics composed of cotton and wool, cotton and silk, silk and wool.

The manufacturers of Diamond Dyes put up special dyes for the coloring of all mixde goods, giving colors that are fast to soap and sunlight. Diamond Dyes for mixed goods are the only reliable dyes in the world, and are all guaranteed to do perfect work.

Every druggist and dealer of any standing in Canada can supply you with Diamond Dyes for mixed goods. Do not accept imitations or substitutes; compel your dealer to give you the "Diamond.'

Epworth League.

The Lord's Day Alliance, introduced by Rev. T. J. Thompson last Monday evening in Bridge st. League, was again brought to the front at the meeting last night, the result being that several offered their names for membership.

The Bridge st. Senior League will be represented at the Madoc Convention on Thursday and Friday of this week by the Secretary, Miss Lazier; the Junior League by the Superintendent, Miss Holton, and two members, Miss Tottie Taft and Master Roy Chown.

STIRLING.

Miss Edith Conley is visiting in Marmora.

Dr. and Mrs. Zwick were in Marmora this week.

Mrs. (Dr.) Youker and sister are visiting friends in town.

Miss Chard, of Peterborough, is home on a visit to her parents.

Mr. Jas. Ralph, our undertaker, has had the misfortune to lose one of his fine horses.

Miss Milne and Miss Lou Judd, who have been visiting in Belleville, have returned home.

Miss Katie Barlow, who has been attending school in Campbellford, is home on a visit.

Mrs T. A. Milne and children are visiting in Napanee with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Daly.

Mr. Mahan left town on Monday, after spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. C. L. Martin.

Stirling people have caught the bicycle craze. More wheels have been sold than in all previous years.

Mr. Arthur Montgomery left on March 30 for Boissevain, Manitoba, where he has secured employment with Messrs. Hunter & Moore of that place.

On account of the market rates on the Midland being discontinued, two extra stages leave Stirling—two daily to Marmora, and one thrice a week to Belleville. Competition is keen.

UMFRAVILLE.

Mr. M. Gaffney, bailiff, purposes moving to Bancroft this week.

An opposition stage between Bancroft and Ormsby has been started.

Mr. M. Rouse, proprietor of the Pioneer Hotel, is moving to his residence on Hastings st. Bancroft.

Mr. M. Aubel, teacher in S. S. No. 5. Dungannon, has been laid up with la grippe for the past few days.

A number of teachers from this part of the country intend going South to spend their Easter holidays.

Last Thursday night fire broke out in the Walkerville cheese factory and before it was noticed the building had about fallen in. Fortunately the dwelling, which was only a few rods from the factory, was saved. The wood that had been drawn by Mr. J. Gaffney for use in the factory was also burned. The cause of the fire is yet unknown, but the building was covered by insurance. A meeting will be held at Mr. J. Green's, Walkerville, on Saturday for the purpose of deciding about the building of a new factory.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

BEAUTY AND HEALTH TO FAIR WOMEN.

MISS ANNIE PATTERSON, OF SACKVILLE, N. B., ONCE THE VICTIM OF NERVOUSNESS AND GENERAL DEBILITY, TAKES ON THE HEALTH OF EARLY YEARS.

Some remedies are nothing more than a temporary stimulant, and the reaction aggrevates the disease. Where the system has become run down, and nervous debility in its worst forms have shown themselves, South American Nervine will cure. It strikes at the nerve centres and builds up the system by removing the real cause of trouble. Miss Annie Patterson, of Sackville, N.B., a lady well known in the Maritime Provinces, suffered terribly from indigestion and nervousness, and her case seemed incurable. She accepted South American Nervine without hope that it was any different to other remedies, but her words are: "I had taken only one bottle when my system began to take on the health of earlier years, and after taking three bottles I was completely cured." Sold by R. Templeton.

Hood's Pills are the best after dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents.

HOLD ON

Before Ordering Elsewhere!

STOP AND THINK A MOMENT.

BICYCLES 3 MAKES

GENDRON, NEW BARNES AND RELIANCE.

AT . . .

W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S

Our stock is now arriving. Will be ready for business in a few days with a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. NEW GOODS. LOW PRICES.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

MORTGAGE SALE

UNDER and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, default having been made in the payment thereof, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the City Hall in the City of Belleville on Wednesday, the 21st day of April 1897 at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, that valuable residence premises in the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario being composed of Lot number Nine (9) on the North side of Moira street as laid down on the plan of Bleecker's Grove registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1848.

This property is very conveniently situated to the business part of the city, and upon the same is a good brick house and a good barn, and there is a nice garden lot in connection therewith fronting upon Moira street upon which another house could be built if desired.

TERMS OF SALE.

10 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, a further sum of 25 per cent of said purchase money within 30 days thereafter. The balance of said purchase money can either be paid in cash or a mortgage may be given therefor at six per cent interest payable as provided by the conditions of sale of said land, interest to be payable at said rate upon all unpaid purchase money from the day of sale.

For further particulars apply to Francis S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville.

FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Dated this 20th March. 1897. 2tawtd.

AUCTION SALE.

MRS. GEO. GIBSON, at the north end of Murney st., on Moira st., will sell her household effects on April 22, consisting of a Piano, beautiful Parlor Suite, Dining-Room, Kitchen and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Pictures, etc. Sale to commence at 1 p.m.

4-9d3t J. G. DAVISON, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

MR. JACOB DULMAGE, Hillside st., will sell on TUESDAY, 20th inst., his household effects, consisting of Parlor, Dining-Room, Kitchen and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Chenille and Muslin Curtains, Sewing Machine, Happy Thought Range, Grand Universal Heater, Wood Cook and Oil Stoves, all in perfect order. Lawn Mower and quantity fine Canned Fruit.

Sale begins 9:30 a.m. sharp. No reserve.

eod4t D. J. FAIRFIELD, Auctioneer.

THE ALE AND PORTER

..........OF..........

JOHN LABATT,

LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN

WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,

AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Dress ...Dreams

Often had—seldom realized. Whose fault? Modiste perhaps; material probably. The nearest approach to a "dream" of a gown is made of PRIESTLEY'S "EUDORA."

With its soft, rich, dustproof surface; with its qualities of easy fitting and graceful draping, it possesses a charm and refinement of its own, which it lends to the wearer. Wrapped on "THE VARNISHED BOARD." Priestley's name stamped on every five yards.

Eudora The Ideal Dress Fabric.

10

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14 1897. NO. 291

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
AGENTS.

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Carpets.

We wish specially to mention that in our Carpet Department all Carpets, Rugs, Squares and Mats are marked down at equally low cash prices with all other departments.

Royal Axminster
Best Velvets
Best 5-Frame Brussels
Best 4- " "
Best Brussels Tapestry
Best Tapestry
Best All-Wool
Best Unions and Hemps

We are not merely marking down undesirable patterns. Our mark down is general throughout all departments. It requires but one visit to our store to be convinced that to buy dry goods right you must buy them for cash.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW
DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Moira Lodge, A.F.A.M.
Bicycle Club—Hotel Quinte.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Quinte Encampment, I.O.O.F.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 14—Princess Beatrice born, 1857.
President Lincoln assassinated, 1865.
Matthew Arnold died, 1888.
Sabastian Cabot at the Junta of Badajoz, 1524.

THE WEATHER.

Rain last night—dull to-day. Comparison with last year:

	1896		1897
Min	44	Min	40
8 a. m.	48	8 a. m.	44
Noon	62	Noon	50

PROBABILITIES.

Moderate to fresh westerly winds, fair and continued mild.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

ASSAULT CASE.

The Golding assault case before the Magistrate yesterday afternoon was settled by the parties each paying their own costs.

DISPUTE OVER A FENCE.

W. A. Taylor, of the Commercial Hotel, and Geo. Evans had a dispute over a fence between properties which they occupy on Front st., and the Magistrate was asked to arbitrate on their differences. He decided that Evans was right in his claim and that Taylor must allow him to put the fence where he proposed. Taylor paid the costs. J. F. Wills for Evans and C. E. Lyons for Taylor.

PARSONS GOES UP FOR TRIAL.

A big crowd gathered at the court room this afternoon to hear the trial of Parsons, the man arrested in Paterson's store Sunday morning. P. J. M. Anderson appeared for the Crown and C. E. Lyons for the prisoner. The Magistrate took sufficient evidence to warrant him in sending Parsons up for trial at the first court of competent jurisdiction and he was accordingly sent up. Parsons was pale and felt his position keenly.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

A letter of condolence to Mr. Chas. N. Sulman is unavoidably crowded out to-day.

50 people guessed on Saturday at SCHUSTER'S.

The Board of Health gives notice that all premises in the city must be cleaned before the 8th of May.

Remember the meeting of the Bicycle Club at Hotel Quinte this evening. All wheelmen invited.

Mrs. J. C. Jamieson's sale will be concluded Thursday afternoon; bedroom sets, carpets, curtains, etc.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

Tenders for the market tolls will be received up to to-morrow noon and opened to-morrow evening.

New Shirts, Gloves and Ties for Easter; quality the best; prices the lowest.—W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher. [4-14d2t.

We are offering over six hundred pairs of gents' fine boots at one dollar per pair, both congress and lace boots. The price speaks for value.—VERMILYEA & SON.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

New Ties for Easter; New Gloves for Easter; New Shirts for Easter, at lowest prices.—W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher. [4-14d3t.

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

14th annual Christian Conference will D. V. be held "Good Friday" 10:30 a. m. and 3 and 7 p. m. in "Alberta Hall," Thursday, 8 p. m., prayer meeting, Hotel st., next to Baptist church. All invited.

WHERE IS ELLIOTT?

A Number of Citizens Interested in his Whereabouts, and his Creditors in Particular.

It was rumored on the streets yesterday that W. H. Elliott, the proprietor of the Citizens' Dairy on Coleman st., had left town early Monday morning and that he was not likely to return. As the rumor spread it also became known that he had a large number of creditors not only in the city, but in country surrounding.

Elliott came here about two years ago and worked for some time with Jos. Lynn, the proprietor of the Citizens' Dairy, and falling heir to some money subsequently, he purchased the dairy and has conducted it since. It is further said that his business ventures have not been as successful as he could have wished. Last winter he purchased large quantities of wood with the avowed intention of starting a wood yard, and it is alleged that most of it is not paid for.

The Dairy was supplied with milk by farmers on the front of Sidney and we have been told some of these are out quite an amount of money if Elliott does not come back. After he was gone and his creditors found it out they began to inquire what assets there were, and found that Byron Way had a bill of sale against the milk business and appliances for $250. Mr. Way sold the business yesterday to Mr. Wm. Andrews. Mr. Way says he loaned Elliott money and took the bill of sale as security.

It is further alleged that Elliott tried to sell his business a few days ago to a well-known business man in the city, but wanted the deal kept quiet, and the would-be purchaser grew suspicious and refused to buy. Mrs. Elliott is still in the city, but will give no information as to her husband's whereabouts. Another rumor that Elliott has gone to get money from his mother has gained currencey. He was accompanied by a man named Bray, who has been in his employ. He purchased a suit for Bray on Saturday night last and did not pay for it.

Bicycles.

Everybody is talking about the "Norseman," at Riggs', being by far the best wheel in the city for the money. 4-14-6t

CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's Disease. cure Rheumatism and all Catarrhal conditions of the Kidneys and Bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderfully soothing influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the Kidneys or Bladder. One pill a dose, 25 a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

—W. J. Reid & Co.'s Crystal Hall at London was partly burned. The loss is very heavy.

VIN MARIANI
(MARIANI WINE)
THE IDEAL FRENCH TONIC.
For Body, Brain and Nerves
Gives Appetite,
Produces Refreshing Sleep.
A SAFEGUARD AGAINST
Mental Diseases.
As palatable as choicest old Wines
DOSE—Wine glass full three times a day, CHILDREN half the quantity.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
ASK FOR
VIN MARIANI.
Lawrence A. Wilson & Co.
MONTREAL
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA
ALSO FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne
Old Empire Rye Whisky

THE SMEAD-DOWD SYSTEM.

The Board of Education Not a Unit as to its Efficiency.

A Teacher Lost Her Cheque--The Wood Supplied by M. Palmer not up to Contract, so Less Than Contract Price was Paid--Another Medal Wanted.

The Board of Education at their meeting last evening did considerable business of more or less importance and again discussed the system of heating and ventilating at the High and Central School. The wood contract entered into by Mr. M. Palmer was not properly filled and his assignee had to accept a cut in the contract price.

There were present Dr. Tracy, Chairman; Messrs. I. Diamond, Thos. Wills, Tennent, A. Wensley, J. A. Davis, W. C. Reid, J. L. Biggar, John Martin, W. P. Hudson, R. Bogle, Dr. Eakins, Rev. Canon Burke.

The following communications were read:

From Nellie W. Meyers, a teacher in one of the city schools, notifying the Board that she had lost her cheque for March and asking that a duplicate be issued to her.

From Miss Maggie Corbett, applying for a position on the teaching staff.

A circular from the Whitby High School Board relating to new regulations in connection with Government grants.

From Miss Imogen Palen, asking for position on the teaching staff.

The above communications were referred to their respective committees.

REPORTS PRESENTED.

The Finance Committee recommended the payment of a large number of accounts.

The Committee of School Management reported that they had had under consideration the annual report of Inspector Hodgson, which to them was highly satisfactory. The Committee recommended that the library in the High School be moved to the teachers' rooms, and that certain books of reference be added thereto.

The Committee of the Central and High School reported that they had visited the High School building and found the Smead-Dowd system was working satisfactorily, but recommended that some changes be made in the drainage, and that two rooms on the east side be made warmer by fitting the windows closer and plastering under the wainscoting.

Inspector Johnston read his monthly report. The average attendance of the Public Schools during March was much higher than for several years. It was 1,145 per day.

The report of the Printing and Supplies Committee recommended that Mr. M. Palmer be offered $3 per cord for the wood supplied to the schools, as it was not up to that required by the contract, and if he did not accept the price offered that he be requested to remove it.

CONSIDERATION OF REPORTS.

The Board went into Committee of the Whole on Reports, Mr. Hudson in the chair. The accounts recommended for payment were passed.

The School Management Committee's report passed with little discussion.

THE SMEAD-DOWD SYSTEM.

The Central and High School Committee's report caused some discussion. Mr. Wills said he did not believe the Smead-Dowd system was satisfactory. He believed in a year or two it would be found quite unsatisfactory.

Dr. Eakins said the teachers were the best judges of the system of heating and ventilating, and they were unanimous in commendation of it. It was true that the drain would have to be deepened.

Mr. I. Diamond said the rooms were much more comfortable than under the old system, and if some of the rooms were cold he was of opinion that the registers were not properly handled.

Mr. Wills still contended there was a defect in the ventilating.

The Secretary-Treasurer said some of the teachers had told him that there was a difference of 15° between the floor and the ceiling in some of the rooms. He thought the report, if passed, would prejudice the Board's contract with the Smead-Dowd Co.

The report was referred back to the committee.

THE WOOD CONTRACT.

The report of the Printing and Supplies Committee in reference to the wood supplied on contract by Mr. M. Palmer was taken up. Mr. Chas. Ashley, who has the assignment of the contract, said he had found the wood not quite as good as he could have wished and he was prepared to make the matter right. He agreed to take $384.50 in settlement of his contract, which was $15.50 less than asked by Mr. Ashley.

The Committee rose and reported. Report received and adopted.

Under the head of inquiries Mr. Biggar asked what had been done with regard to drill in the High School.

Dr. Tracy said he had given some consideration to the matter. Mr. Milburn would take the drill up in the summer on the grounds.

Mr. I. Diamond said different citizens had offered medals for competition in the city schools, and the matter had been left in the hands of the head masters to arrange the manner in which they would be awarded. He suggested that the Board purchase another medal, if no other citizen comes forward with one.

Mr. Wills thought the system of giving medals was all wrong, and when they were awarded the teachers would be charged with favoritism.

Dr. Eakins wanted to know what had been done with the Governor-General's medal. It was ordered that the diploma from the Columbian Exposition and the above medal be framed and hung in the High School.

The Board adjourned.

Easter Goods.

You will want something new for Easter and Harry's is the place you will find an endless variety of new Neckwear, Gloves, Cotton, and Cashmere Hose, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Hats, Caps, Colored and White Shirts, etc.

He has a lot of new patterns in reversible washing ties, 2 for 25c.—J. F. HARRY, Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing.

Philip McGuire's Funeral.

The funeral of the late Philip McGuire took place at 10 o'clock this morning from St. George's Hotel. A large number of relatives and friends followed the remains to their last resting place. The casket was covered with beautiful floral offerings. Rev. Father Conolly conducted the service at St. Michael's church. The bearers were: Messrs. C. D. Macaulay, L. Hughes, W. A. G. Hardy, Jas. Hanley, F. C. Carney and J. E. Dempsey.

A Handsome Show Case.

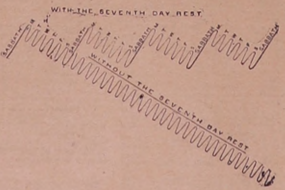
Messrs. George Ritchie & Co. have had placed on their front counter to-day a handsome plate glass show case, 28 feet long with oak frame. This case will be used for the display of fancy goods of different kinds, of which they carry a stock. The case was made by M. Frost & Co., of this city.

DR. CRAFTS' LECTURE.

A Brilliant Discourse on Sabbath Reform--His Efforts Appreciated.

Not many men would have attracted so large an audience on so wet a night as the Rev. Dr. Crafts, of Washington, D.C., did yesterday evening in Bridge st. Sunday School rooms. Amply, indeed, were Dr. Craft's listeners repaid for facing the "warring elements." He is "brimful and running over" with facts, figures and illustrations. His diction, gestures and manner are graceful. Though a "down east Yankee"—come-over-on-the-Mayflower one at that—he is happily free from all drawl or other provincialism of speech. He is evidently an enthusiast in the great cause he champions, but is too much of a Christian to hurl invectives against those he opposes. He has become so possesed of the "new charity" he advocates that no "wrath or bitterness" is on his tongue, and though those who do not agree with him may not accept his premises and their conclusions, they will have no criticism of his spirit, but will admire the man. After explaining the aim and scope of the International Reform Bureau, whose agent he was, which he said embraced reforms in education, municipal, government, immigration, labor, Sabbath, national, amusements, gambling, prison, family, temperance and the new charity, he went on to elucidate each of these in a clear, graphic and original way.

In speaking of Sabbath reform, Dr. Crafts said:—As in the case of temperance, so in that of the Sabbath, we believe the need of the hour is to reinforce conscience with science, to show in this case that it is not a Christian doctrine only but a certainty of science that the best health and the longest life cannot be attained without Sabbath rest. Dr. Haegler's chart, soon to be inserted, we hope, with explanations, in the text books of scientific temperance as they are, one by one, revised, ought to be as familiar and fundamental in every child's education as the rule of three, since this rule of seven is more radically essential to wise living.



Each downward short stroke represents a day's work, which is not quite equalled by the upward restorative stroke of the night's rest, so that one is a little weaker every morning, a little weaker every night, as the week's work goes on. In the case of a certain laborer, take for example, the normal day's work overdraws his oxygen one ounce, and the normal night's rest only restores five-sixths of it. Losing one-sixth of an ounce per day, he is six-sixths of an ounce short on Sabbath morning, a whole ounce short, a whole day behind—in the same condition physically on Sabbath morning, in the same need of rest as on Monday night. He is therefore called to a whole day's rest to balance his account with nature. If he habitually disobeys this divine law of weekly rest he "runs down" more and more until he is as far from what he ought to be, as is shown by the chart, about which doctors do not disagree.

One breathes less oxygen and uses more during ordinary work than when at rest, absorption of mind checking the respiration to the extent of 12,960 cubic inches in eight hours. Oxygen being but another name for vital force, the bearing of the foregoing facts on health and strength apparent. Dr. Haegler calls attention to the chemical facts of expenditure and repair in the constituents of the food, as demonstrated by Pillenkofer and Voit, who showed that the nightly rest after the day's work did not afford a complete recuperation to the vital forces, and was insufficient to keep the mind and body in tone, but that if this reparation is not supplemented by an occasional longer period of rest, the system is subjected to a gradual falling in pitch.

The Rev. T. J. Thompson, President of The Sabbath Reformation Society, was the Chairman of the meeting, and gracefully introduced the lecturer. At the close of the lecture the Rev. Dr. Cade moved, and the Rev. Mr. McIntyre seconded, a vote of thanks to Dr. Crafts, and in a few terse, strong sentences expressed the audience's feelings about Dr. Crafts and his brilliant and comprehensive address.

The meeting further expressed itself as emphatically opposed to exhibitions by Kinetoscope or other illustrations of the late prize fight in Carson City, and sent a petition to the Government to that effect.

YOUNG HOPES BLIGHTED.

A Rawdon Young Woman Wants $2000 for Breach of Promise.

Another dream of love has been dissipated and the rude awakening has caused a young woman in Rawdon severe pangs. To in a measure alleviate her suffering, she wants $2000 for the damage done her heart.

Theda Wright and James Wright are first cousins, and both live in Rawdon. It is alleged by the plff. that they were engaged to be married, but that the deft. broke his promise and through her solicitor Mr. J. P. M. Anderson, has entered an action for $2000 damages. Mr. Geo. Thrasher, of Stirling, is looking after the interests of the deft. The case will come up for hearing on May 10th at the assizes. The examination for discovery took place to-day in the Judges Chamber at Shire Hall.

Given Away at Schuster's.

An $8 Waterproof Coat or an elegant pure silk Umbrella, tipped with sterling silver, leather cased, to the person guessing the nearest to the number of shirts sold within the next ten days. Each purchaser of goods to the value of from 50c. to $1 is entitled to one guess; from $1.25 up, two guesses.—SCHUSTER, Hatter and Gents' Furnisher.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

A Suggestion.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

SIR,—Ever since five o'clock this morning the writer has been wondering if it would be possible to induce the Canning Company to run their factory nights, prepared to can up some of the everlasting "whoop" that the Gas House whistle is wont to screech forth on the slightest provocation.

They might by some peculiar process of sifting or steaming extract enough of the hard wicked deviltry it contains to make its awful howl fit for celebration purposes. It would then furnish a cheap and noisy means by which we could scream out our loyalty this Jubilee year.

Something will have to be done; either this racket, which shames a boiler factory, will have to be canned up or connected with the sewer and piped out into the bay, where it could be utilized in killing off the microbes in the city water.

In all seriousness is it not bad enough for us to have a fire occasionally, in a quiet way, without hustling the people of Detroit, Rochester, Halifax, Bancroft and other outlying cities out of bed in the middle of the night looking for old clothes and cake to send us.

What is the use of us pleading for an assay office and imploring rich miners to come and settle in Belleville when the Gas House whistle will persist every few hours in proclaiming to the miners as far back as the Mackenzie River that Belleville has just started a fire that will wipe her off the map. I can stand a joke as well as "ony mon," but when it comes to being awakened from a pleasant dream of fighting Indians or falling over Niagara to listen to the blood-curdling bellow of our Gas House whistle, I protest.

T. P.

Boys' Three-Piece Suits.

The Oak Hall have some special value this spring in boys' 3-piece short pant suits. We start this line at $3. A really respectable suit for boys 11 to 15 years of age at this low price. Then we have a couple of nice lines at $3.50, and really the suits we are offering at $4 are fully equal to any $5 suit we have ever had.

Sang in Toronto.

At a concert in the Conservatory of Music in Toronto on Monday evening last, Miss Ethel Johnson, of Belleville (daughter of Mayor Johnson), sang "Il Bacio" (Arditi). The Mail and Empire says in yesterday's issue that she sang in good voice, and with spirit and taste.

A Wheel Worth Riding.

If you intend to ride a high grade bicycle look at the Columbia before deciding. There is positively no bicycle that approaches it. Every part is a perfect piece of mechanism. The 1893 Columbia is better than the '97 of any other make. Price only $85. The Hartford made by the Columbia people comes next, a handsome, easy running wheel. Price from this date $75.—HAINES & LOCKETT, Agents.

A Graduate of Toronto University says "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure

Auction Sale!

MRS. J. C. JAMIESON, South Albert st., will sell her household effects TUESDAY, APRIL 13th, sale commencing at 9:30 a.m. and continuing following days until all is sold. The effects consist of Bedroom Sets, Parlor Furnitnre, Book Cases, Tables and all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Carpets, Pictures, Books, Range, Plants, China, Crockery, Glassware, Side-Board, Butler's Table, Boufette, Gas Stove, Gas Fixtures, Awning, Meat Grinder, Clock, Sewing Machine, Large Mirror, Curtain Poles, Lawn Mower, etc. There will also be sold a Carriage Horse, two Phaetons, Dog Cart, Waggon, Sleigh, Saddle, Harness, Robes, Bells, Rugs, Blankets, and other stable articles.

Carriages and Stable Articles will be sold Wednesday afternoon at 2.30,

Easter....

Last year we put in some Easter goods for the first time and were very much pleased with the result. We have added some new lines along with some of the most popular ones of last year, and mention a few below: Large egg with blowing wheel, 15 cts. each; Jockey on egg, 15 cts. each; monkey blowing wheel, 20 cts. each; egg in cup, 8 cts. each; fancy eggs, assorted colors, 5 cts. each; baby in cradle, 17 cts. each; the Yellow Kid, 20 cts. each; chocolate chickens, 10 cts. each; chocolate eggs, 5 cts. each; chocolate eggs, 2 cts. each; cream eggs, fancy, 10 cts. each; cream eggs, 5 cts. each; cream eggs, 4 for 5 cts. Leave your orders early for Hot X Buns.

ED. F. DICKENS.

EASTER REQUIREMENTS.

Easter Gloves.

Every lady likes to wear a new pair of gloves at Easter. Our glove stock is replete with the season's novelties, including plain and fancy styles, with lace, dome and button fastenings. Prices range from 50c. to $2.00 a pair. A special lot worth 90c. to $1.00, selling at 50c. Don't pass Easter without new gloves.

Easter Veilings.

We have them in the correct styles, including plain and spotted nets and gauzes in Black, Black and White, and colors. Some very dainty things in single veils showing with lace borders.

Easter Parasols.

Our parasol stock complete. The very latest in coverings and handles in Black, White and Fancies. Our values are far ahead of anything ever offered before. We will be pleased to show them to you.

Easter Millinery

Of course all the ladies will wear new bonnets or hats on Easter Sunday. Our Millinery Department has such a wide reputation that we need say very little about it. We wish to inform you, however, that we are receiving new things in this department almost every day.

Easter Wraps.

The latest styles in Capes and Coats to be seen in our Mantle Department. Some very pretty things showing in Black Capes, trimmed with Jet and Chiffon. You are sure to find the wrap you want at a very moderate price.

Lace Boleros.

Another lot of Lace Boleros just received. These are quite the correct thing this season. Also some very pretty lace collarettes with ribbon trimmings.

Hosiery.

Our new Cotton Hosiery just received. The values this season will surprise you.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

2 · EASTER REQUIREMENTS · 2

1st--A New Dress.

In this connection we show a full range of novelties in English, French and German made goods.

Our Dressmaking Department is in charge of Miss Conway.

2nd--A Stylish ....Spring Hat

In Ladies' and Children's headwear we show the newest creations known to the millinery trade.

This department is in charge of Miss Morris.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

EASTER CARDS.

Easter is fittingly commemorated in the beautiful custom of remembering friends through the medium of Easter Cards.

Some exquisite novelties—rare examples of the Lithographer's Art—are on view at our store, and the prices are low enough to encourage this growing Easter sentiment—the sending of tokens to absent friends.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

Baby Carriages.

Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.

Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.

When baby "goes-a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.

The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.

C. B. Scantlebury.

YOUR ORDER

For Hot X Buns, if left with us, will, we believe, be filled with every satisfaction to you

15c per dozen. Early delivery.

STRICTLY CASH.

CHAS. S. CLAPP.

See our Easter window.

The Diamond Jubilee

Soft Hat is new—decidedly the latest.
THE STYLE—Very becoming to young men.
THE QUALITY—Wakefield's London very best.
THE PRICE—Very reasonable, within reach of all.
THE COLORS—Four very fashionable shades, Black, Nutria, Agate and Pearl. Special at $2.50; good value at $3. Be loyal and wear one.

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls
AND
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

EASTER NOVELTIES.
EASTER NOVELTIES.
EASTER NOVELTIES.

FOWN'S ENGLISH GLOVES, 2 Button, New Shades, Guaranteed. Per pair $1.00.
NEW BOW TIES,
NEW LOMBARD TIES,
NEW PUFF TIES,
NEW GRADUATED DERBYS,
NEW LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW LINK CUFF BUTTONS,
NEW UMBRELLAS,
NEW WHITE DRESS SHIRTS,
NEW COLORED CAMBRIC SHIRTS,
&c.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.
Men's Outfitter.
See our Grand Display of Hats and Caps.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply their needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices. Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE LATE SESSION.

Commenting on the closing of the session of the Ontario Legislature, the Globe says:

The session of the Legislature which has just closed was noteworthy from more than one point of view. Both parties faced the House with new leaders. Of Mr. Hardy's success as the head of the Government something has already been said, and it is only necessary to repeat that it would be difficult to exaggerate his fitness by nature and experience for the duties of the office. In what manner Mr. Whitney has answered the expectations of his friends may be safely left to them to decide. If those outside of their ranks be allowed to judge they have fair reason to be satisfied. His opponents can pay tribute to his unvarying courtesy and desire to be fair. If he has not succeeded in shaking the Government citadel the failure cannot be imputed to him.

Our contemporary's words are kind and courteous, and are to be appreciated accordingly; but the flattering unction which it lays to its soul that Mr. Hardy's Administration has not lost—and lost heavily—in public favor as compared with that of Sir Oliver Mowat, is "a snare, a mockery and a delusion;" its self-gratulatory reflections will be rudely disturbed ere long by the thundering outburst of public opinion against the men who now rule Ontario and some of their measures. The Globe may not realize it, but it is a fact, that if the Hardy Government had to face the people at the earliest possible date, the probability is they would suffer a disastrous defeat.

Like the over-pressed ostrich, the Globe hides its head and will not see or hear what is going as it did in 1878, when it predicted a sweeping victory for the Mackenzie Government. Others, however, see matters in a very different light, as the following comments by the Hamilton Spectator will show:

"It was Mr. Hardy's first session as Premier, and has given the people ample opportunity to compare his work with that of his predecessor, Sir Oliver Mowat, very much to the detriment of Mr. Hardy. The new Premier had the will to continue the Mowat methods of drifting along on promises, but he had not the knack. His hypocrisy was too painfully apparent to deceive anybody, and he made a bad mess of it. From the time in which he incurred the wrath of the temperance men by failing to fulfil a promise rashly made, until the defeat of his Government on Saturday morning, Premier Hardy has involved his Government in a succession of blunder and wilful wrongs which the people of the province cannot overlook. His first "Temperance" Bill demonstrated that he was a hollow trickster, and the prohibitionists were immediately up in arms. He withdrew that, and his second attempt was condemned by liquor men and temperance men alike. So bad was the Bill that Mr. Hardy entirely lost control of the Legislature, and his Government was condemned by a vote of about 2 to 1. The 64,000 acre steal was a most villainous piece of work, by which a lot of Grit heelers, headed by Grit Organizer-in-Chief Kerr, of Toronto, got three years' possession of 64,000 acres of mining land, the best in the world, to search at their leisure, and to choose what they want of it and pay for at ordinary rates, and to return the useless portions of it to the Government, keeping everybody else out of the territory for three years. It was intended by Mr. Hardy to complete this steal without referring it to the Legislature, but popular clamor forced him to bring it before the Legislature, where he he pushed it through in spite of the protests of the Opposition. Even in the last working hours of the session Mr. Hardy introduced an important bill in respect of Sunday cars, and forced through the Legislature one of the most glaring pieces of unjust legislation ever put a statute book—legislation which confers privileges or rights upon three municipalities which it denies to all others:

"And while the Government has been stupidly stumbling about, or recklessly forcing bad legislation, the Opposition has been unusually active, unusually strong, and unusually alert. Not a point has been permitted to escape Mr. Whitney's watchful eye; not a blunder has been left unexposed; not a wrong undenounced. The Conservative leader has acquitted himself with much credit to himself and to the great advantage of his party, for even if Hardy be foolish enough to go to the country this year the Opposition, through the good work of Mr. Whitney, is in possession of plenty of good ammunition, and is ready for the battle at any time.

"The present leader of the Conservatives is an able debater and an aggressive opponent, and he has been ably supported by his followers. The ancient fiction that the Opposition is weak in ability as in numbers, has been totally exploded. Hardy has met more than his match, and the people of Ontario are now aware that the Conservative party in the Legislature is not the small aggregation of complaisant mediocrities it has been the habit of its enemies to call it. From the first sentence of the debate on the address down to the defeat of the Government on Saturday morning, the Opposition has had the best of it, and has been able to convince the province of its own strength as well as of the weakness of the sad remnant of Mowat's once strong Government."

The independent press, too, have no good word for Mr. Hardy and his administrative acts, not the least unpopular of which is the mining law which he rushed through the House during the last hours of the session, but not in time to escape the strongest condemnation of the class whose interests are most nearly effected, and whose opinions are thus voiced by the London Evening News—an independent newspaper:

One thing is certain, and that is that what with the Engledue deal, Conmee's blanket claims and the new mining laws, the ordinary prospector is beginning to fear that he has a mighty poor show of "getting his feet in" in the new gold fields. He is beginning to be afraid of the Government. Some men are becoming afraid to register their claims for fear they will be told, like the man in the song, that some one has "been there" before. They seem to suspect that there are influences at work, with which they cannot grapple.

The Government cannot afford to let this impression get aboard. The mining lands of the province must be administered fairly and squarely, and not engineered in the interests of sharks and syndicates or politicians with a pull. The vast wealth in Northern Ontario is the heritage of the people. It must be preserved for them and they must all have a fair show at it. If they do not, something will drop and that something will be the Hardy-Ross Government.

When Hardy & Co. come to take stock in the situation they will find that the Globe's estimate of their standing in public estimation is very wide of the mark.

How to Cure Corns.

Easy? Yes, if you go about it the right way. Get the best always. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor never fails to cure. Acts in twenty-four hours and causes neither pain nor discomfort. Putnam's Corn Extractor extracts corns; it is the best.

LEGISLATURE CLOSED

Prorogation of the Ontario Assembly Yesterday.

There Was a Great Array of Empty Seats Owing to the Unpropitious Weather—Several Bills Pass the Various Stages in Short Order—Royal Assent Given to the Measures Carried—What the Administrator of the Government Said in His Dismission Message.

Toronto, April 14.

The third session of the eighth Legislative Assembly of Ontario is now matter of history. The deliberations of the House were brought to an end yesterday by His Honor Sir Casimir Stanislaus Gzowski, K.C.M.G., Administrator of the Government.

The atmosphere was a little more humid than pleasant, which might go to show that "the powers that be" in the huge pile in Queen's park are subsidiary to the jurisdiction of "Old Probs." The rain was coming down in torrents at the hour when the ceremony was to take place and this may no doubt have caused the half hour's delay in commencing the proceedings.

The chamber had been filled with chairs in anticipation of the presence of spectators, but these latter did not materialize to any great extent. Madame Evanturel and a party of ladies occupied seats in front of the Government benches, and a number of prominent citizens were present.

The members attended more generally than might have been expected from men who had really finished their business—and drawn their indemnity and mileage. The Attorney-General, watchful till the last, had kept enough of his supporters at his back to guarantee a majority over the combined Opposition, there being about 25 Government members and 20 Patrons and Conservatives present. Perhaps it was well that such was the case, for Mr. Hardy started the preliminary canter by railroading through the four stages a couple of more or less important bills.

At about 3 o'clock the acting representative of the Queen entered, Sir Casimir Gzowski, preceded by his aides-de-camp, and advanced in state to the Speaker's throne. The Administrator was attired in civilian costume, but wore his various decorations of knighthood.

At his request every one was seated and Assistant Clerk Sydere read the titles of the bills that had passed during the session. Of these there were 102, or about 18 less than were passed at the last session.

To these bills the royal assent was announced by the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly in the following words:

"In Her Majesty's name, His Honor the Administrator of the Government doth assent to these bills."

This formality over, Mr. Speaker stepped forward and said, after a profound bow:

"May it Please Your Honor:

"We, Her Majesty's most dutiful and faithful subjects, the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, in session assembled, approach Your Honor at the close of our labors with sentiments of unfeigned devotion and loyalty to Her Majesty's person and Government, and humbly beg to present for Your Honor's acceptance a bill intituled 'An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money to defray the expenses of civil government for the year 1897 and for other purposes therein mentioned,' thus placing at the disposal of the Crown the means by which the Government can be made efficient for the service and welfare of the province."

To this bill the royal assent was announced by the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly in the following words:

"His Honor the Administrator of the Government doth thank Her Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, accept their benevolence and assent to this bill in Her Majesty's name."

His Honor then delivered the following speech:

"Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

"In relieving you from the labors of the session, it gives me great pleasure to inform you that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, whose illness we all so deeply deplored at the opening of the House, has so far recovered as to be able, I trust, in a few weeks to resume the duties of his office.

"I thank you most heartily for the loyal address which you adopted congratulating Her Gracious Majesty on the approaching completion of the sixtieth anniversary of her beneficent reign. I assure you it will give me great pleasure to place in the hands of His Excellency the Governor-General for transmission to Her Majesty, the address so adopted, containing as it does such gratifying assurance of your attachment to her person and throne.

"The session has been fruitful in useful and important measures. The several bills which you have adopted, and which have special reference to the revision of the statutes, will, it is hoped, not only greatly improve the laws, but aid in completing the work of revision at an early day. The Acts relating to amendments of the statute law; that to arbitrations and references; the Insurance Act; the several Acts relating to joint stock companies, and the Loan Corporations Act; that providing for the better audit of municipal and school accounts; that extending the provisions of the Interpretation Act, the Fisheries Act, the several Acts relating to municipal law, and that respecting the administration of justice in unorganized territories, are all measures of much public interest, and will, I am satisfied, meet with general approval.

"I notice with much pleasure the provision you have made for regulating the hours of labor in shops and for protecting women and children from the unsanitary conditions under which they were too frequently obliged to earn a livelihood.

"The amendments to the Workmen's Compensation for Injuries Act, the Act to amend the Mechanics' and Wage Earners' Lien Act, and the amendments to the Factories Act will, I trust, be found to have been framed in the interests of labor and with a due appreciation of the ends to be attained.

"I am gratified with the measure which you have adopted to give additional strength to the Court of Appeal; and with that relating to the appointment of Queen's counsel.

"I notice with much pleasure that among your amendments to the license laws, you have imposed further restrictions upon the sale of liquors. Your efforts in this respect, as well as your efforts to preserve the sanctity of the Lord's Day, are in the interests of public morals and should tend to the moral well-being of the whole people.

"The appropriations of land and money which you have made to the Provincial University will, I trust, be of great service in carrying on the work for which it was founded. It seems appropriate that on the hundredth anniversary of the Parliament which first suggested the establishment of a State University, there should be this substantial acknowledgment of its great service to the province.

"I have assented with pleasure to the measure to encourage the manufacture of steel and iron in the province, and to the conditions attached to the Railway Aid Act, which requires that railway companies which receive aid from the province shall equip their lines with plant and rolling stock manufactured in Canada where practicable, and also to the Act to further improve the mining laws.

"I thank you for the provisions which you have made for the requirements of the province. I am sure that your liberal appropriations will be carefully expended."

The Provincial Secretary then dismissed the members with the customary speech as follows:

"Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

"It is His Honor's will and pleasure that this Legislative Assembly be prorogued; and this Legislative Assembly is accordingly prorogued."

DR. CHASE'S
CURES
ITCHING PILES, ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM
OINTMENT

D. S. Doan, of Clinton, says: "*Dr. Chase's Ointment* will cure Salt Rheum when all else has failed; believe what I say and try it. Don't go on suffering for years as I did."

DR. CHASE'S
I suffered with piles for years. Chase's Ointment completely cured me. Mrs. Jno. Gerrie, Fergus.
OINTMENT

Mrs. F. Pearson, Inglewood, Ont., says: "My baby, five months old, had eczema very badly on his face and head. I procured two boxes of the Ointment and when they had been used all signs of the disease had disappeared."

DR. CHASE'S
Edmanson, Bates & Co.
PRICE 60c.
45 Lombard St., Toronto
OINTMENT

UNCLE SAM SQUEALING.

He Got the Worst of the Diplomatic Game and Now Wants to Wriggle Out o' the Contract.

London, April 13.—A representative of the Associated Press has learned that communications are passing between Washington and London with reference to Behring Sea. The greatest secrecy is observed here on the subject.

The Pall Mall Gazette refers to the re-opening of this question as "another lesson on the weakness of arbitration," and says it fails to see how Great Britain can be expected to antedate a revision of the awards, adding that they cannot be tossed aside because "one party does not get its full demands."

The St. James' Gazette says: "The United States has inflicted another blow on the believers in arbitration. Could a more complete demonstration of the hollowness of arbitration be given? It is quite possible this matter may become as serious as the Venezuelan dispute. We are bound to support the Canadians' reasonable claim and the prospect might make us regret the failure of the general arbitration treaty, did it not show how small respect Washington feels for arbitration."

A representative of the Associated Press has had interviews on the subject with the heads of the sealing industry here. The importers of London hail with satisfaction the prospect that it will diminish or stop pelagic sealing, and urge an extension of the close time of pelagic sealing to the end of August and the close of the zone to 200 miles from the Pribyloff Islands. They complain that Canada is ruining the future of trade, that prices are so low that fewer expeditions are being fitted out, and they hope the United States will carry out its intention to exclude all the northwestern female skins, adding that if Canada would only consent, some arrangement might be made to resume pelagic sealing a few years hence, when seals are more plentiful.

The Globe remarks that there is no doubt Lord Salisbury will refuse to reopen the Behring Sea question until the stipulated date and until Canada's claims are satisfied.

Mr. Henry White, the United States Charge d'Affaires, has had a conference with the Foreign Office on the subject.

Sir Donald's Paper on Canada.

London, April 13.—Owing to the unavoidable absence of Sir Donald Smith, the Canadian High Commissioner, Sir Joseph G. Colmer, Secretary of the Canadian High Commissioner, read a paper of the former on "Western Canada" to-day before the Royal Colonial Institute. Sir F. Young, Vice-President of the Royal Colonial Institute, occupied the chair. Sir Donald Smith's paper was eulogistic of Western Canada, embraced a good historical description of the country, dealt with its resources and predicted for it a great future.

OTTAWA NEWS NOTES.

A Deputation Seeking Amendment of the Criminal Code—House Committees Organized.

Ottawa, April 13.—(Special.)—Mr. Laurier and Sir Oliver Mowat to-day received a deputation consisting of Messrs Flint, J Charlton and T D Craig, M P's; Rev C W Watch, Brighton; Mr Wilson M P; Rev Dr Saunders, Ottawa; Rev Mr Winters, Toronto; Mr Russell, Deseronto; J J Kelso, Toronto, and Mrs Alexander, Ottawa, who asked certain amendments to the Criminal Code. They asked that the age of consent should be increased from 16 to 18 years, and that the exemption age of the seducer should be reduced from 21 to 18 years. They also requested that the law of seduction should be so amended as to give the same protection to the poor girl as to the heiress.

The committees of the House were organized this morning. The following chairmen were elected: Private Bills, Julius Scriver; Public Accounts, James McMullen; Standing Orders, Dr. Landerkin; Banking and Commerce, James Lister; Railways and Canals, James Sutherland; Privileges and Elections, Francois Langelier; Agriculture, Thomas Bain; Expiring Law, C. Beausoleil.

Mr. Davis of Saskatchewan gives notice of the introduction of a bill to amend the Act authorizing the granting of pensions to the Northwest Mounted Police force. He proposes to reduce the time a man has to serve to get a pension to 20 years. The English system is 21 years, and he claims that 20 years in the Territories will use up a man worse than 21 years in England.

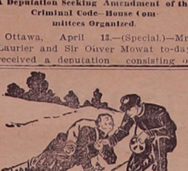
J. D. Harnill, Mayor of Meaford, and James Cleland, M.L.A., are here as a deputation representing the town of Meaford, to ask the Government for a grant to improve the harbor in that town. They had an interview with Mr. Tarte to-day and were cordially received. They have hopes that their request will be granted.

Messrs. W. D. Beardmore of Toronto, Isaac Bowman and Carl Breithaupt of Waterloo were here to-day and had an interview with the Minister of Trade and Commerce regarding the leather duties. If any change is made they would prefer an increase rather than a decrease.

Dr. Bryce, Secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, was here to-day in company with a Dunnville deputation, which saw Mr. Blair and asked for an extra outlet for the drainage of the town under the feeder of the Welland Canal.

Mr. Wood will ask if the Government proposes to introduce the metrical system of weights and measures.

Mr. Davin will move to insert in the Franchise bill a clause to enfranchise women under certain limitations.



The man who lies wounded on the battle-field is an object of pity. The first thought of a tender-hearted comrade is to offer succor and sympathy. There are many wounded men and women on the battle-field of life. Shattered in body and mind, and suffering tortures before which the brief suffering of the wounded hero on the battle-field of war, pales into insignificance. They make no outcry and their friends and acquaintances pass them by without offering help. Their sufferings are known only to themselves. These are the thousands of sufferers from ill-health. Their name is legion.

The pity of it is that if they but knew it there is relief at hand.

An unfailing cure for all the multitude of ills that are due to disorders of the digestion and to impure blood is found in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It makes the digestion perfect. It restores the appetite. It fills the blood with the life-giving elements and drives out all impurities. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder.

Mrs. A. L. Gibbs, of Russellville, Logan Co., Ky., writes: "I can heartily recommend your 'Golden Medical Discovery' to any one who is troubled with indigestion and torpid liver. I was so bad I could not lie on my left side and could scarcely eat anything. I had a dull aching and pain in my stomach all the time. Now it is all gone after taking one bottle of your 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

"The People's Common Sense Adviser" explains symptoms of ailments common to every family, and suggests remedies. It has several chapters on woman's diseases and weaknesses. An edition in heavy paper covers will be distributed *absolutely free.* Send the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., 31 one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of customs and mailing *only.* Cloth binding may be had for 50 stamps.

TWO MURDERERS HANGED.

One Killed His Wife and Mother-in-Law and the Other His Mistress—Jersey City's Tragic Day.

New York, April 13.—John Mackin was hanged in Jersey City this morning. He killed his wife and her mother on Feb. 27, 1896. He was a native of Jersey City, aged 24 years. Mrs. Mackin, having been compelled to leave her husband because of his habits and inability to support her and her three little ones, had taken up residence with her father, Patrick Connor. Twice Mackin attempted to see his wife, but was refused in both instances. At 7 o'clock the evening of the 27th Mackin knocked at the side door of Connor's home in Jersey City. The father-in-law was about leaving the house when Mackin called, and when he opened the door Mackin forced his way into the room, and, without a word, shot the old man in the throat. His wife was likewise unceremoniously shot. One bullet reached her heart and another entered her back as she fell dead at the feet of her murderer husband. Two bullets remained in Mackin's pistol. These he deliberately fired at Mrs. Connor, his mother-in-law. Both took effect, one entering her breast and the other her side as she reeled and fell dead, upon a sofa. Connor, the father-in-law, subsequently recovered.

Paul Genz Also Pays the Penalty.

New York, April 13.—Paul Genz was hanged at 11.04 a.m. in Jersey City. Paul Genz killed his mistress, Clara Arnim, in Hoboken, Aug. 28, 1894. Genz was a native of Prussia and made the acquaintance of Clara Arnim during a voyage to America. After their arrival in this country the couple lived in Hoboken as man and wife until Genz found employment as a fireman on a steamship plying between Hamburg and Hoboken. During the absence of her lover Clara became acquainted with other men whom she liked better than Genz. When Genz returned from his trip he became jealous, and on the afternoon of Aug. 28 bought a bouquet and a revolver. Clara Arnim was visiting on the first floor of the house in which they lived when Genz came home with the bouquet. She met him, cheerfully took the bouquet and the couple went up to their own room on the top floor. Five pistol shots were almost immediately heard. Police and neighbors who broke in the door saw Genz kneeling on the floor holding the bloody head of Clara Arnim on his knee. She was dead with five bullet wounds in her head and body.

HE IS THE CUCKOO.

James Collins, Now in Jail at Sacramento, Cal., Is a Bold Robber.

Sacramento, Cal., April 13.—In an interview published in The Bee, James Collins, now in jail here, acknowledges that he is "Cuckoo" Collins, wanted by the police of Denver for the robbery of a jewelry store, March 9, 1896. The robbery was one of the most daring on record, a man having no confederates going into a store and boldly escaping with a tray containing $10,000 worth of diamonds. Collins tells of his movements after his flight from Denver. He relates his adventures in Australian gold fields, and tells how the change in the charter of a British vessel on which he was steward, saved him from being captured by the Pinkertons at Honolulu.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market for flour is quiet and prices steady. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market was quiet to-day. Red winter sold west at 71c, and white at 72c to 72½c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 78c to 80c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 76c to 77c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, and No. 3 extra at 24c. Feed barley sold at 19c to 20c west.

Oats—The market is dull and steady. Sales of white west at 18½c and 19c, and of mixed at 18c.

Peas—The market is firmer, there being sales to-day at 38½c to 39c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 24c west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices steady, with sales at 32c, middle freights.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The supply of live stock at the western market to-day was small, there being only 35 car loads, including 150 head of sheep and lambs and 1200 hogs. Export cattle were somewhat weaker, with choice selling at 4¼c to 4⅜c per lb. The Montreal market is also easier. Stockers are quoted at 2½c to 3c per lb., and good to choice shipping bulls 3c to 3¼c per lb.

There were some good Easter cattle, which brought 4c per lb. Two Easter calves sold at $38, and an extra one at $25. Ordinary butchers' cattle dull, with sales of best qualities at 3¼c to 3½c; good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, and inferior at 2c to 2¼c per lb. Milch cows sell at $20 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $10 each.

Spring lambs are unchanged, with sales at $2.50 to $5.00 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 150 head. Choice sheep sold at 3¼c to 3½c per lb., and butchers' at 2¾c to 3c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5¼c to 5¾c per lb.

Hogs unchanged, with receipts of 1200. The best sold at 5c, weighed off cars, thick fats at 4½c to 4⅝c, light weights at 4¾c, sows at 3¼c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per pound.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 13.—Spring wheat, 6s 2d to 6s 3d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 5s 11½d to 6s 1½d; corn, 2s 7d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 3; bacon, l.c., heavy, 26s 0d; do., light, 25s 6d; do. short cut, 25s 0d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 0d.

London—Wheat off coast firmer, on passage 3d to 6d higher. English country markets firm. Maize on passage firmer.

Liverpool—Spot wheat steady; futures firm at 5s 9d for May and July, and 5s 8½d for September. Maize firm at 2s 7¾d for May, and 2s 10d for July. Flour 20s 9d.

A Few Prices In Boys' Clothing.

IF YOUR BOY NEEDS A NEW SUIT it would be worth your while to consult the prices below. We have lots of bargains in this announcement, and lots more we would like to mention if we had the room.

Boys' Two-Piece Suits.

A nice blue serge sailor, coat and pants, pants lined, sailor blouse nicely trimmed. We bought 200 of these suits in Germany and they are a decided bargain	$1 00
A tweed German suit, coat and pants lined, made plain. Boys 4 to 10 years of age only	1 50
A nice little serge suit, coat and pants lined, good hard finish, and will give big wear for the price	1 50
A blue serge suit made by Sanford Mfg. Co., pleated back and front, coat lined with good Italian lining, pants lined throughout, $2.50 last year, now	2 00
A mixed tweed suit, a dark gray, beautifully made and trimmed, a very stylish turnout for a small boy, sizes 22 to 27 only, worth easy $2.50, for	2 00
A big bargain is our brown and gray Halifax tweed suits. They are made of the very strongest wool, and will stand more abuse than any suit in the house. In this line nearly one hundred suits have been sold this spring, and we have another large shipment on the way. Price	2 50
A little Sunday suit of nice dark tweed, or blue serge, made in a variety of styles, all wool, extra value. See these lines	3 00

Would like to describe our better suits for little boys, but have not the space.

Boys' Three-Piece Suits.

A suit of blue serge and a suit of tweed, coat vest and pants, well trimmed and made by Sanford, guaranteed to wear well, only	$3 00
A line of blue serges, a mixed tweed, and also different patterns in our celebrated Halifax goods, all the best of trimmings, suits for school or Sunday, only	3 50
A price that is very popular for boys 10 to 15 years of age. We have about twelve to fifteen lines of serges and tweeds all made by Sanford, coat, vest and pants, perfect fitting and very nobby, for	4 00
A decided bargain in three piece suits are our dandy blue serges, both single and double breasted; see these suits. Also a great variety of dark and light tweeds, made up with fine Italian linings. Extra nice goods	5 00
A fine black clay worsted, single and double breasted, made of best imported cloth and trimmed with extra fine farmer's satin. This suit is the favorite for extra nice wear. They are usually sold at $8. That was our price last year, but we have made a big effort and you get them now for only	7 00

Boys' long pant suits equally as good value.

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten Season

Fresh
Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.
Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.
Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.
Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—139 and 157.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

of Plant, Machinery, &c., of Sash, Blind and Door Factory.

In the Matter of the Estate of Harris & Walton, of the City of Belleville, Insolvents.

TENDERS addressed to Wm. Lott, Assignee, Belleville, Ont., at a rate in the dollar will be received up to Monday, the 12th day of April instant, at noon, for the purchase en block or in separate parcels of the estate of the above-named Insolvents, as per inventory as follows:

Plant, machinery and belting for sash, blind and door factory	$3,685 00
Office fixtures	105 00
Mill supplies, oils, &c	73 50
Manufactured stock, doors, mouldings, sash, &c	236 30
Real estate	275 00
Assignment of patent and rights	125 00
Book accounts	1,208 14
	$5,707 10

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Stock and plant may be seen on the premises, Mill street, Belleville. For further particulars or inspection of inventory apply to

WM. LOTT,
Assignee, Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, Solicitor for Assignee.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUONEY proprietor. dif

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, traveles with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McIntee.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Roo Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE
— AND —
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
Representing the following first-class Companies:
The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.
The Waterloo Mutual,
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Of Liverpool, England.
REAL ESTATE.
Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.
Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.
Apply to
JAMES BOOTH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster
Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. Lapointe, Elizabethtown, Ont.
Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Ltd.
Proprietors, Montreal.

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We are now
All Removed
to our new
Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '9

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.
Phone 189.

A YOUNG ....
MONTREAL MILLINER
WRITES:

"I was starting in business last year and wanting to find out what thread was the best to use, tested all the leading makes. Repeated trials showed me that none combined the . . .

Strength, Smoothness and Freedom from Kinks found in

CLAPPERTON'S THREAD

—Most older hands knew this long ago and insist on getting "Clapperton's."

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

Mixed Paints.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
AND
JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT ......
THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our
- Tables. -
Flower's Bargain House,
378 FRONT STREET.

STILL IN HIS PRIME.

North Hastings' Oldest Inhabitant Hale and Hearty.

Josias Moore, of Bancroft, Ont., one of the oldest and best-known residents of Hastings County, can boast of wonderful health and vigor for his age.

"Although I am over 84 years of age," he says, "I feel as young as ever I did."

Mr. Moore, however had a narrow escape from death about a year ago. "I was so bad with indigestion," he writes, "that the doctors gave me up. I tried various alleged remedies but found them no good. One day our popular druggist, F. C. Humphries, sent me a sample of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to try. The result was marvellous. After taking two I was able to get up. Then I sent for a box. I could soon eat anything. In a short time I was able to walk two miles, to Bancroft and back, with ease."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will, without fail, cure all kidney, liver, stomach and blood troubles. For sale by all dealers. Price 25 cents. One pill a dose; one cent a dose. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is the latest discovery for coughs asthma and consumption. It is pleasant, quick and certain. 25 cents.

YOUR
CHILD
SMILES

when you use for his bath .....

BABY'S OWN SOAP

It's so pleasant to use. ....

His skin after the bath—soft, white, sweet smelling—will be proof of the excellence of this soap.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.
Montreal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

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DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

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Money to loan at 5 per cent interest.

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(Successor to Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q.C., BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc Office, McAnnany building, corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont. Private and Company money to loan at 6 per cent. on easy terms upon good land security Charges moderate.

MISCELLANEOUS.

U. E. THOMPSON,

TOWN PASSENGER AGENT G. T. R Bridge Street.
Or at the Grand Trunk Depot.
. GUNN,
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DENTIST—Office over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence or Forin Street. d.w.

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

LET IT BE CREDITABLE

Canada's Military Display in London Ought to be Good.

The Government Will, Sir Richard Cartwright Promises, Bear the Expense of a Suitable Detachment to Take Part in the Parade—The Franchise Bill Got a Scorching From Hon. John F. Wood—Mr. Charlton Attacked the Present Act and Said It Was Damnable—Billy Bennett Roasted Mr. Charlton—A Pretty Warm Debate.

Ottawa, April 13.—(Special.)—There was a brief but friendly talk in the House this afternoon regarding the proposed representation of Canadian volunteers at the Queen's Jubilee, and the gratifying announcement was made by Sir Richard Cartwright that the Government was arranging for an adequate representation in London in June.

Then the franchise bill was taken up and John F. Wood pulverized the measure in a way that the Government will not be able to counteract. The point that Quebec men will be entitled to six or seven votes if duly qualified, as against only one in Ontario, cannot be made. Billy Bennett also made a capital speech.

The motion to adjourn for Easter holidays from Wednesday evening to Tuesday afternoon, was concurred in.

Col. Domville brought up the matter of Canada's participating in the military demonstration in England in honor of the Queen's Jubilee. He did think we could get up and send a worthy representation to England on this occasion without passing around the hat. [Hear, hear.] The Acting Minister of Militia should inform the country what is proposed to be done to make a worthy display. It would be the greatest advertisement Canada could get. He disclaimed for himself any hankering after the command or of desiring to "parade before Europe."

Mr. Lemieux read a letter from the Montreal Demonstration Committee, asking that a proclamation be issued without delay.

Col. Prior thought the House owed a debt of gratitude to Col. Domville for bringing up the matter. This was not a political question and any reasonable sum the Government might ask for to send a first-rate contingent to England would not be treated in a party spirit.

Major Hughes favored the idea and thanked Col. Domville for bringing up the subject. He hoped a representative detachment would be sent. The contingent should, however, remember that they would not be dancing attendance on the Premier or doing duty as a body guard to the Queen, but would have their parade duties, and drill to perform, so that it would not be all a picnic. He, therefore, wished a good selection of first-class men sent over, and also a fitting military display at home.

Captain Casey did not want the thing done on a mean scale. [Hear, hear.] Whatever we do, said the honorable gentlemen, will be looked on as the best we are capable of doing. He favored the sending of a detachment of the Northwest Mounted Police.

Dr. Sproule thought that neither the selection of the detachment nor the defraying of its expenses should be left to private efforts.

Major Beattie pointed out that to send a properly-equipped regiment would cost at least $200,000 and was really not necessary to prove to Britain our capability of loyal defence. He thought the purpose would be better served by sending a nice body guard of say 20 officers to accompany the Premier. If, however, a regiment was to be sent it should be the best that Canada could contribute. [Cheers.]

Mr. Davin held that the country would not begrudge the expense of sending a proper representation. He thanked Col. Domville for reiterating his (Mr. Davin's) plea of a week ago in favor of sending a detachment of the Northwest Mounted Police.

Sir Richard Cartwright said: It is very gratifying to the Government to find that apparently there is such substantial unanimity on both sides of the House as to the desirability of being represented by a contingent of our various military forces on the occasion of the Diamond Jubilee. The Government, I think, would be acting in accord with the general wish, not merely of Parliament, but of the country, in taking care that Canada is properly represented on that occasion, by a thoroughly representative contingent, and they will see that that is done; and I think I may venture to intimate to the honorable gentlemen that the various bodies composing the Canadian militia, not excluding the Mounted Police, will not be forgotten on that occasion. [Cheers.] As to the other matters, I can say that a good deal of correspondence has been going on, and is going on now, with the Imperial authorities with respect to certain details as to the composition of the force, and the House will, therefore, I hope, excuse me for not going into details yet. They will remember that those who go over, at any rate a considerable portion of them, will of necessity be guests of the Imperial authorities, and we must not intrude ourselves too much upon them. Now, on one other point, which I was glad to see brought forward by several honorable gentlemen on both sides, I am entirely of their opinion, that true economy is not parsimony in dealing with our militia—[hear, hear]—and when we bring down our supplementary estimates, I think that we will receive the support of honorable gentlemen opposite, as well as of honorable gentlemen on this side, in making reasonable provisions to see that Canada is fairly and properly represented, as Canada ought to be on an occasion of this importance. I quite agree with what has been said on both sides of the House as to the importance of the occasion and as to the importance of Canada making it plain to every section of the British Empire that the people of Canada are thoroughly determined to preserve law and order in this part of the continent, that has been committed to their charge and that they are well able to do so. I trust that if not to-morrow, at any rate immediately on the re-assembling of the House, I shall be able to give full details to the House, but the House will understand that while these negotiations are pending it is not desirable to go into minute details as to the number of the contingent and other matters of that sort. [Cheers.]

Mr. McMullen resumed the discussion on the franchise bill, but first devoted some time to a consideration of the superannuation question and the tariff. He was invited by the Speaker to confine his remarks to the bill under discussion. Mr. McMullen expressed hope that the bill would pass. The country was tired of the present law. He believed from 10 to 12 per cent. of those entitled to vote were not on the lists. He also argued that there could be no plebiscite on prohibition until the voters' lists had been revised.

Mr. Wood (Brockville) pointed out one vital if not fatal objection to the bill before the House. He mentioned that in Quebec the principle of "one-man-one-vote" did not apply as in Ontario. If this passed it would give to Quebec a much larger representation at the polls than it would give electors in any other province where the principle of one-man-one-vote prevailed. [Opposition cheers.] Did it stand to reason that Parliament should say that a man in Toronto should only have one vote, while a man in Montreal might have six or seven? [Hear, hear.] The thing was absurd on the face of it. In view of such an anomaly, this law would never be enacted during the present session at least. [Hear, hear.] Mr. Wood also pointed out that in some quarters the principle of minority representation prevailed. If one of the provinces adopted it, then it followed that this Parliament would have to accept it, adding to the anomalies involved in the bill.

....

Mr. Charlton spoke strongly against the present Franchise Act, which he declared to be the most damnable measure ever passed by Parliament. He charged that fraud was perpetrated in the revision of the Federal lists, and that they were added to after they got to Ottawa. He defended the provincial franchise basis as the correct one for this Parliament to assume. The franchise in Canada was the most unique one in Christendom.

Sir Charles Tupper: The proposed one. [Cheers and laughter.]

Mr. Charlton said he meant the existing one, under which the rights of the people had been trampled on. On the Liberal side there might be some feeling against this bill. Some Liberal members might entertain the impression that the Dominion should exercise some degree of supervision in this matter, but such an opinion was entirely at variance with the position adopted by the Liberal party on this question in 1885, and advocated since.

Mr. Bennett said Mr. Charlton's remarks partook of their usual acerbity. Evidently his exclusion from the Cabinet had not modified his feelings. Mr. Charlton had made an attack of a libelous character, either on the revising officers in Ontario or on the superintendent of the Government Printing Bureau. He ought to have known that the original voters' lists were in the Parliament Building. If any person had tampered with them there was an excellent opportunity for Mr. Charlton to prove this. Let him call for the production of these lists to justify his sweeping charges. In combatting Mr. Charlton's statement that fraud was perpetrated in the preparation of the lists, Mr. Bennett pointed out that in Ontario the same officers—the county judges—finally revised the provincial lists, so that Mr. Charlton was reflecting upon these gentlemen.

Mr. Bennett, after recess, reminded the Government of its duty in the matter of prohibiting the export of logs, in view of the hostile tariff legislation on the other side.

Mr. Calvert denounced the Dominion Franchise Act. He believed in the principle of one man one vote, as we have it in Ontario, nevertheless, if they decided in Quebec to continue the other system, he would not find fault. He favored manhood suffrage. And just while he was on his feet he took occasion, amidst much merriment, to congratulate Mr. Laurier on the school settlement.

Mr. Craig admitted there was room for improvement in the present franchise law, but it was no improvement to replace it with a system 15 or 16 years old, and so glaringly imperfect as the proposed bill, which placed the Dominion franchise in the hands of the provinces, whose Governments were prone to use such power for party purposes. He argued in favor of fuller consideration for such an important measure than it was possible to give it this short session.

Mr. Frost favored the old provincial system. "I deprecate," he said in all seriousness, "any reference to the tariff at a period so near as this to the bringing down of the budget, for we might make statements that would have to be retracted." [Roars of laughter.]

Nevertheless, Mr. Frost went on to denounce the National Policy.

Refering to this break on Mr. Frost's part, Dr. Sproule twitted the hon. gentleman with being ready to swallow anything the Government saw fit to bring down in the way of a tariff. Dr. Sproule pointed out that the adoption of a provincial franchise would not prevent the possibility of the Dominion having to hold an election upon an old list. He quoted from the various provincial Acts to show the wide range of qualifications in vogue.

Mr. John Ross Robertson considered the present Dominion Franchise Act as a disappointment to its creators, as a scandal and a disgrace. In the last election men of age were denied a vote upon lists that were stuffed with thousands of names of persons who were either dead, or worse still—in the United States. He had no use for a law that enfranchised the graveyard and disfranchised the home. But much as the hon. member hated the old Act, he saw no reason for falling in love with the new one offered in its stead. The bill discarded the one redeeming feature of the old Act—the establishment of a uniform qualification throughout the Dominion—and re-enacted all its failings. He assured the Government that if this was the best they could do, the people would be sadly disappointed. The basis of the franchise should be the same in every province, and for the sake of that principle he would vote against the bill in its present form. In framing it the Government seemed to have been imbued with the notion of attaining what was good for the party rather than for the country.

Mr. Morrison, after gently reminding the last speaker that epigram is not argument, proceeded to defend the bill from the accusation of inequality and decentralization.

Sir Charles Tupper moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned at 10.55 p.m.

Mothers

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter:

"It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not live over three months. She had a bad

Cough

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." MRS. ADDIE PECK, 12 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y.

"I will say that my mother has not stated my case in as strong words as I would have done. Hood's Sarsaparilla has truly cured me and I am now well." CORA PECK, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Navigation is open at Mackinaw, and Manistique, Mich.

Albert Piper, G. T. R. checker at the freight sheds in Kingston, has been retired after 23 years' service.

Abraham L. Sanford, aged 100 years, 11 months and 8 days, died in Syracuse, N. Y., yesterday.

Senator Morgan, the Alabama fire-eater, has now been talking at his long-suffering colleagues in the Upper Chamber at Washington for four days on the Cuban question. He wants the Cuban insurgents recognized as belligerents.

Burglars entered the store of George Hume of Milton, Ont., on Monday night. The safe was drilled and blown open, but Watchman Downey heard the explosion and foiled the plans of the scoundrels, exchanging shots with them as they skedaddled.

IF WAR IS DECLARED

The Coercion Policy Will be Abandoned by the Powers.

The Novoe Vremya of St. Petersburg Says That Persistence in the Coercive Policy Would Savor of Pro-Turkish Intervention—The Situation at Athens as Described by a Correspondent—War Must Come Speedily Because of Inability on Both Sides to Hold Up the Expense—Each Side Blames the Other.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—The Novoe Vremya declares that all coercion of Greece upon the part of the powers will cease so soon as war is declared, because otherwise it would bear the character of pro-Turkish intervention.

What Greece's Plan Was.

London, April 13.—A special despatch from Constantinople alleges that the Greek plan was to stir up a rebellion in Macedonia, to blockade Salonica and to attack Prevesa (the town on the Turkish side of the entrance of the Gulf of Arta) and Smyrna by sea, as well as to endeavor to force the passage of the Dardanelles with the torpedo division of the Greek fleet.

Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander in chief in Macedonia, the despatch adds, has reported to his government that the Greek insurgents attacked the Turks simultaneously at nine different points. He further says they were speedily surrounded, that several prisoners were taken and that the latter have been sent to Salonica. He concludes with stating that the loss of the insurgents was heavy and that of the Turks trifling.

Italy Thinks There Will be War.

Rome, April 13.—In the Italian Senate to-day, the Marquis Visconti Venosta, Foreign Minister, made a statement similar to that made by him in the Chamber of Deputies last Friday, in reply to the interpellation of Signor Imbriani, the Socialist leader. He said that if a Turco-Greek war was inevitable, he felt confident that the powers would remain united, thus localizing the conflict and maintaining the general peace of Europe.

The Senate then approved by a rising vote the statement of the Foreign Minister on behalf of the Government.

Developing Slowly.

Athens, April 13.—The frontier situation is developing slowly for two reasons. In the first place bad weather, snows, rain and bitterly cold winds have made campaigning in the mountainous districts anything but a picnic, and all movements have consequently been retarded. In the second place, intentionally or otherwise, all despatches are being considerably delayed, a not unusual occurrence since the beginning of the present crisis. But if the development is slow, it is none the less menacing, and an open outbreak of hostilities or a backdown on the part of one or the other or both countries most interested, cannot be much longer delayed, as the strain of maintaining armies of about 100,000 men each in the field is being felt with steadily increasing severity by both Turkey and Greece, so that a declaration of war would be welcomed by either side with a feeling of considerable relief. Here and at Constantinople there are daily prolonged and most serious meetings of the councils of Ministers and it is generally recognized that there must be a decided change in the game before long. Both Greece and Turkey are trying to avoid, if possible, being classed as the aggressor in the conflict which is apparently impending, and for this reason they are acting with the greatest caution, also having in view that there is a distinct advantage to the side which can enter into a conflict with the least seeming virtue of resisting aggresion.

While the antagonists are in the position of two gladiators who have been warned in their own interests and by their best friends to refrain from striking the first blow, the Greek National League, or Ethnike Hectairia, is no party to any such proceeding, and as a sort of forlorn hope has already pushed forward a force of 3000 "irregulars," well armed, supplied and equipped, accompanied by ample comissariat corps, through the centre of the Turkish lines. In spite of official denials, nobody doubts that the Greek officials were fully cognizant of the movement of the Ethnike Hectairia, which has been openly prepared for and freely discussed for a long time past, and whose proclamations, on entering Macedonia, sets forth its objects.

It is an open secret here that by the end of the present week at least 10,000 Greek "irregulars" will be in Macedonia, Albania and Epirus, thus really making successful steps in a warlike direction before, possibly, a shot is fired in real earnest between the "regular" forces of either country.

The Turkish Minister at Athens yesterday called the attention of M. Skouzes, the Greek Minister for Foreign Affairs, to the departure for Greece of further "irregular" forces into Macedonia, complaining of their being able to "evade" the Greek troops. The reply which he received was similar to the one previously made by the Greek Premier, M. Delyannis, namely, that Greece might make the same complaint as to the vigilance of the Turkish troops, "unless there was a suggestion of connivance between the two armies."

The next important move which will be heard of will be from the Greek headquarters at Arta, where the banks and principal stores, etc., are closing and removing to the interior, and every other preparation possible is being made to get out of harm's way before the war begins in earnest.

At Arta, it is well known here, a force of about 2000 men organized by the Ethnike Hetairia, has either started for Turkish territory or is making the final preparations for doing so. This body will be divided into six separate detachments, each ably directed and having a separate destination, with the view of raising the flag of the Cross in a certain locality, increasing its numbers as much as possible, and harrassing the rear of the Turkish force, which will be directed from Janina against the Greek regulars, who will operate against the Turks from Arta. The Greek Government has given "strict orders" to stop the departure of this force of "irregulars," but it is semi-officially explained, the Greek commander at Arta, Col. Manos, is "unable to spare men to intercept them."

Reports from Arta also show that should open hostilities break out there in the near future, the Greeks will probably be able to snatch at least several temporary victories from the Turks, as the Greek positions are much stronger than those of the Turks, who, owing to the recent heavy rains and bad roads, will have much difficulty in communicating with their base of supplies at Janina, even if the Greek "irregulars" are not in their rear for the purpose of preventing them from so doing.

Another force of "irregulars" is preparing to cut off the Turkish communications with Salonica, from where the Turks at Elassona derive their supplies.

....

A strong Greek fleet is off Arta, ready to render effective service in that vicinity. Another Greek fleet is off the Island of Skiathos, prepared to strike at Salonica; another Greek fleet is off the Island of Skyre, prepared to attack the Turkish Islands in the Agean Sea.

The powers, however, are still trying to avert war, but there is little prospect in that direction. It is stated that the French Ambassador at Constantinople, M. Cambon, has been instructed to draft an autonomous constitution for the Island of Crete, allowing the Cretans to choose their own governor and providing for a simultaneous Greek and Turkish evacuation of the Island. It is feared these efforts will turn out to have been made too late.

WELL BEGUN IS HALF DONE

Start wash day with good soap, pure soap; that's half the battle won. SURPRISE SOAP is made especially for washing clothes, makes them clean and fresh and sweet, with little rubbing. It's best for this and every use.

Dont forget the name. SURPRISE.

The Cleveland Bicycle.

Look at the Women who Ride These Wheels, they look so Happy and Healthy.

Constant, mental, physical and moral help we feel
That bids us turn enthusiasts and cry "God bless the Wheel."
—WILL CARLETON.

Models 27, 28 and 29..................Price $100
Models 22 and 23..................Price $75

H. A. Lozier's Celebrated make, at

FOSTER'S, 430 Front St.
BELLEVILLE.

Our Special Agent will spend two weeks in Belleville and endeavor to show the great advantages of using

MADDEN CEREAL FOOD COFFEE.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS,
MONTREAL.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Odoroma
IMPART
Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.

O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists

THE Perfect Tooth Powder

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D&L EMULSION

In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.
T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

Dont Play ..
With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don't risk that by another kind—like newfangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

MRS. TUGNETT

HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

R. W. ADAMS

REPRESENTS the following good companies: Insurance Company of North America; Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.; office with Northrup & Roberts, barristers, 12 Bridge st

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Easter Rates.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

Teachers and Students
(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)
Single First Class Fare and One-Third.
Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97.

General Public ...
Single First Class Fare
Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive. Return until April 20th, '97.

To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent, Belleville.

"D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief. —J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

New Millinery,
New Veilings
New Blouses,
New Corsets,
New Laces,
—AT—
A. BRIGNALL'S

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

THE INTELLIGENCER"

Printing & Publishing House,
BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED—An apprentice to the Drug Business. Apply to ALEX. RAY.

A GOOD General Servant Wanted for a small family (two). Apply to Mrs. James Hamilton, 14 Alexander st. tf

WANTED—A Good Nurse to look after three children (Protestant preferred). Apply P. O. Box 514, Kingston. 4-13d3t

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. [76deodtf

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
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J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R,
Honorary Spanish Consul.
Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

J. Owen. WATER WORKS
PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING.
PHONE - - - 219
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

MONTEAGLE.

Mr. Edwards, of New Carlow, suffered a serious loss last week. His house, with contents, was entirely destroyed by fire, the inmates barely escaping with their lives.

The Maynooth creamery is now in operation. Mr. Robt. Bartlett has paid $23.27 per standard for butter.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

Daily Intelligencer.

A Bit of Good Advice.

The cry of dull times will never stop an up-to-date merchant from advertising. It shows him more the importance of advertising. He knows that the duller the times the more hustling, one way and another, he must do to keep up his sales. He marks some goods lower—he keeps his store more attractive—he watches his customers closer—he keeps his clerks busier—his eye is on every part of his business—he is thoroughly wide awake and makes every effort in the direction to get the dollars that must be spent in stores somewhere, hence he advertises.—This is one way, and the best way to attract the people to his store, he can do business, if he has the right goods at the right prices.

Amusement Notes.

THE CHICAGO MARINE BAND.

The concert in the Carman Opera House to-morrow evening by Brooke and his famous Chicago Marine Band will no doubt be largely attended.

MISS SIBYL SAMMIS,

who will be the vocal soloist with the band, is said to possess vocal qualities of transcendent beauty and charm. The Montreal Gazette of April 9th has the following to say of this artist: "The vocalist of the evening was Miss Sibyl Sammis, who sang an aria from 'Les Huguenots' very sweetly. Miss Sammis, who has a beautiful mezzo-soprano voice, created a very favorable impression, and was accorded a double encore, which was gracefully responded to." The plan is now open at Riggs' music store and all those who have not already secured their seats should do so at once. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,
Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

A Grave Charge.

A young man named David Gillespie, the village blacksmith of Plainfied, was arrested last evening by Bailiff Jones Phillips and lodged in gaol. He is charged with seducing a young woman named Murphy, who has for the past month been a domestic at the Albion Hotel in this city. The woman formerly worked at Farrell's Hotel in Plainfield; there she became acquainted with Gillespie and there the alleged seduction took place. The girl is prepossessing and is a daughter of highly respectable parents in Tyendinaga. The case came up in the police court this afternoon.

The case was settled by the deft. paying $200.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

A Blaze on Pinnacle Street.

About five o'clock this morning fire was discovered in a frame stable owned by G. S. Tickell on Pinnacle st., a short distance north of Nicholson's livery. The building and a shed were destroyed. How the fire originated is a mystery. The buildings were insured in the London and Liverpool and Globe for $150. Loss about $250.

Police Notes.

There were only ten tramps in the cells last evening, and it was a good night for them too.

A fire alarm was sent in by the police at 5 o'clock this morning.

CURED WEAK BACK FOR 25 CTS.

For two years I was dosed, pilled and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto. One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

ECZEMA TEN YEARS

Suffered Untold Agonies. Limbs Swollen so Could Not Get About.

Ablest Physicians Signally Failed. Was Absolutely Disheartened. Had Lost All Hope.

Gave CUTICURA a Trial Which Resulted in Absolute and Perfect Cure.

For ten years I suffered untold agonies from that dread disease Eczema, my lower limbs most of the time being so swollen and broken out that I could hardly go about. I had to wear slippers so that I could move about at all. My brother, a physician of thirty years' practice and extensive experience, had tried in vain to effect a cure and signally failed. I tried other physicians of splendid ability with like results, and had reached that point where I became absolutely disheartened, and in fact had lost all hope, when a friend (after long and continued persuasion) succeeded in inducing me to at least give CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial. I shall never regret that I did so, and until my dying day I shall sing the praises of them. I used two cakes of CUTICURA SOAP and two boxes of CUTICURA (ointment), and it resulted in an absolute and permanent cure. I feel that I owe suffering humanity the debt of at least, in my feeble way, calling their attention to my case and absolute cure. I am now, I feel, perfectly cured, sound as a dollar, and the sweets of life are still mine, thank God, and to CUTICURA REMEDIES I attribute my almost miraculous cure. I refer all interested to the Postmaster of this place, any of the ministers, the prominent business men, and all of the citizens of our vicinity indiscriminately, and especially to my friend, John A. B. Shippey, attorney at law, who succeeded in persuading me to give CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial. With profound gratitude, I remain your most enthusiastic admirer, DAVID M. SAPP, Plymouth, Ill. Dealer in Hardware, Stoves, etc.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD HUMORS.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. ☞ "How to Cure Eczema," free.

RED ROUGH HANDS Softened and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

HOLD ON
Before Ordering Elsewhere!
STOP AND THINK A MOMENT.
BICYCLES 3 MAKES
GENDRON, NEW BARNES AND RELIANCE.
AT . . .
W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S

Our stock is now arriving. Will be ready for business in a few days with a full line of Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, &c. NEW GOODS. LOW PRICES.

Plumbing and Repairing at Lowest Rates

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

Always Ready for Fire.

"Yes, sir, you will find one of those things, all ready for instant use, on every floor in the house. The fireman would answer a call right on the jump, sir, of course. We know that, but with our own hose we might prevent a fire from gaining headway, or even put it out before they could arive. Anyhow we think it is prudent to have this arrangement, even if the law didn't require it."

So said the manager of a big London hotel to the writer not long ago. He was obviously right. There are no two sides to that question in the eyes of any sensible person. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. We all agree to that, yet how many of us habitually shape the principle into practice? Not many, I am afraid.

"I always keep a bottle of Mother Seigel's Syrup in the house," says a woman in a recent letter, "and if any of my family ail anything a few doses sets us right." Yes she does now, but there was a time when she did not, and for a good and sufficient reason; she had not heard of it, and found out its value, you could never catch her without it. The big apple of wisdom grows only on the tree of experience.

"Up to the early part of the year 1885," she says, "I had always enjoyed good health, and had no occasion for doctors or medicines. At that time I began to suffer from an illness which, after a little time, seemed to involve my whole system. My appetite at first was fitful and variable, and I had no proper desire or relish for my meals. After eating I had a great pain at the chest and dulness at the stomach, as though what I had taken lay there as it might lie in a dish, without warmth or life.

"I was also much troubled with a sickening wind or gas that came up into my throat, sometimes in such a volume that I could hardly draw my breath. Then I would have frequent attacks of sick headache, with a pressure upon the head as of a heavy weight. I resorted to every means I could hear of for relief, but the disease appeared to be too deeply seated for any medicines known to me or my friends, so that I got to be more and more a confirmed invalid as time went on.

"Not to weary you with the numerous details of my illness I will simply say that my strength continued to fail, and I eventually became so weak as to make getting about the house a difficult and exhausting matter. It was not until I had been in this condition nearly five years that a kind Providence placed in our way the means of recovery. In December, 1889, I happened to read in a newspaper an article about Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup and what it had done in a case very much like my own.

"Inasmuch as I had no hope of help from any other source, I felt moved to try the Syrup and see whether there was any truth in the claims made on its behalf. I procured a bottle from Mr. W. L. Clarke, Chemist, The Pavement, Forest Hill, and found wonderful relief after I had taken that one bottle. Confident that I had come upon the right medicine at last, I got, perhaps, two bottles more in all, when all the bad symptoms left me, and I was soon as well and strong as ever. Since then I always keep a bottle in the house, and if any of my family ail anything a few doses sets us right. (Signed) Mrs. S. C. Bowall, 45 Stanstead Road, Forest Hill, London, January 1st, 1895."

No building would ever be destroyed by fire if the first spark were extinguished the moment watchful eyes looked upon it. Be ready, and have the means of prevention where you can lay hands right on them. That's the way to save time, money and trouble. As with fires, so with diseases. They spring from small beginings; and as the beginning is almost always in the stomach (indigestion and dyspepsia), a few doses of Mother Seigel's Syrup, taken now, will do for you what it does for Mrs. Bowall, and for many other wise and thoughtful women.

HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN THIRTY MINUTES.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. This is the only remedy known to the medical world that will relieve in a few moments, and cure absolutely. The ingredients of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure are essentially liquid, and hence neither it nor anything like it can be prepared in pill form. Sold by R. Templeton.

A Chain Across.

Some enterprising (?) farmers have been trying to save a few dimes when they come to the city and instead of using hotel sheds for their teams have appropriated the new shed of Bridge st. church. A chain with lock attached to it now bars the entrance to the shed, which will be a gentle reminder of "no trespassers permitted here."

—Sarah Johns Young-Morrison was sentenced to three months' imprisonment at London for bigamy.

—In Colchester County, N. S., Messrs. Firman McClure (Liberal), and Dr. D. H. Muir (Conservative) were nominated for the Commons.

66 Tetley's 9699
TEAS
"FROM ANCIENT INDIA AND SWEET CEYLON."

Are not injurious to nerves or stomach because early pickings only are used in blending.

Older leaves contain strong acids that are not found in those we use.

Delicate or Nervous Women Should Drink Tetley's.

In lead Packets to preserve their Fragrance.
40c. 50c. 60c. 70c. PER LB.

All
About
Pneumatic
Tires

Send for our Catalogue. You'll find it full of splendid tire wisdom, which will give you good pointers.

SEND NOW.
It is sure to interest you.

American
Dunlop
Tire Co
TORONTO.

Mention this paper.

SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL.

The Schedule Arranged for the Belleville Foot Ball League.

The Executive Committee of the Belleville League met yesterday afternoon in the Y. M. C. A. parlor and drafted the following schedule for the series of matches to be played this season:

TUESDAY, APR. 27.

City vs. Maple Leaf, on Albert College grounds, Crescents vs. Albert College on D. & D. Institute grounds.

FRIDAY, APR. 30.

High School vs. Maple Leaf, on D. & D. Institute grounds, Crescents vs. City on Albert College ground.

MONDAY, MAY 3.

Cresents vs. Maple Leaf on Albert College ground, High School vs. City on D. & D. Institute ground.

FRIDAY, MAY 4.

City vs. Albert College on D. & D. Institute ground, High School vs. Crescents on Albert College grounds.

TUESDAY, MAY 11.

Albert College vs. Maple Leaf on D. & D. Institute ground.

SATURDAY, MAY 15.

High School vs. Albert College on D. & D. Institute ground.

The Committee thought it advisable to play only one game with each team instead of two as heretofore, and the two leading teams to play off the finals.

All games will be played at 4:30 p. m. excepting the last, which will begin at 3 p. m.

Messrs. Knight, Thomas and Douglas were appointed referees.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

PERSONAL.

Ald Falkiner is in Gananoque.

Mr. John R. Tait, of L'Amable, was in the city to-day.

Rev. N. P. Lent, who has been lecturing in the neighborhood, was in the city yesterday.

Rev. R. Wallace has returned from an extended trip, and has invited a number of friends to Marchmont Thursday, to see his collection of Oriental views and curios.

Mr. John Bell, Q. C., has sufficiently recovered from his recent illness to enable him to leave for Atlanta, Ga., accompanied by his wife, Miss Alice Bell and Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Rathbun. They left yesterday in Manager Hays' private car.

The Rev. J. Conner, of Mimonk, Illinois, oldest son of the late Mr. William Conner, who has been in the city for several days, leaves for his western home to-morrow morning. Many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Conner (nee Miss Ackerman), will be glad to hear of their success. Mr. Conner speaks highly of the composition of the church of which he is Pastor. In the same Conference with him is the Rev. John N. Brown, another former Belleville boy.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The annual meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A. was held yesterday afternoon in the parlor. The officers for the ensuing year as appointed were:

Pres., Mrs. Dunnet; 1st Vice Pres., Mrs. Furnival; 2nd Vice-Pres., Mrs. Chown, 3rd Vice-Pres, Mrs. (Dr.) Tracy; Sec., Miss Hitchon; Treas., Miss Gibson.

The report of the Treasurer was read and showed all bills paid and a small balance to the good.

The Secretary's report showed an average attendance of 8 at the monthly meetings, and was encouraging in the other features.

A vote of thanks was passed Mrs. Flower for her hearty assistance as President during last year.

Over thirty dollars were added to the funds.

The printers basket ball match will not take place this week.

A Priest Many Years.

The Kingston News says: "Rev. Mgr. Farrelly, was ordained into the priesthood, and celebrated the first mass forty-six years ago Monday. He is still hale and hearty, and able to attend to the many and arduous duties of his position as administrator of the arch-diocese of Kingston, and as parish priest of the parish."

Mining Notes.

Seven tons of ore from the Craig mine, crushed and treated by mill process at the Kingston school of mines, yielded $17 per ton. The mine was visited by a large party from Toronto on Tuesday.

A number of Toronto capitalists visited the Bannockburn mine to-day.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—Mr. George Hume's safe was blown open by cracksmen at Milton, and the night watchman exchanged shots with one of the unwelcome visitors.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

—The spinners at the Canadian colored Cotton Mills at Cornwall struck against a reduction of wages, and the mills were closed, throwing 700 or 900 hands out of work.

Murray &
Lanman's
FLORIDA WATER

THE SWEETEST
MOST FRAGRANT, MOST REFRESHING
AND ENDURING OF ALL
PERFUMES FOR THE
HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND
GENERAL DEALERS.

MORTGAGE SALE

UNDER and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, default having been made in the payment thereof, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the City Hall in the City of Belleville on Wednesday, the 21st day of April 1897 at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, that valuable residence premises in the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario being composed of Lot number Nine (9) on the North side of Moira street as laid down on the plan of Bleecker's Grove registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1848.

This property is very conveniently situated to the business part of the city, and upon the same is a good brick house and a good barn, and there is a nice garden lot in connection therewith fronting upon Moira street upon which another house could be built if desired.

TERMS OF SALE.

10 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, a further sum of 25 per cent of said purchase money within 30 days thereafter. The balance of said purchase money can either be paid in cash or a mortgage may be given therefor at six per cent interest payable as provided by the conditions of sale of said land, interest to be payable at said rate upon all unpaid purchase money from the day of sale.

For further particulars apply to Francis S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville.

FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Dated this 20th March. 1897. 2tawtd.

Break Up a Cold in Time
BY USING
PYNY-PECTORAL
The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes: "Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARBOUR, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes: "As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.
QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

Sunlight Soap

Wrapper Competition.

FEBRUARY, 1897.

The following are the WINNERS IN DISTRICT No. 2, comprising Eastern Ontario

Winners of Stearns' Bicycles

Mr. Chas. Skiff Bann, Brockville.
Miss H. F. Kerr, Farran's Point.

Winners of Gold Watches

Miss Annie Milliken, Perth.
Mr. Robert P. Yetts, Dept. Inland Revenue, Ottawa.
Mr. T. C. Barrie, Box 286, Perth.
Master Willie Burgess, Fairknowe, Brockville.
Mrs. G. E. Valleau, 320 Gilmour Street, Ottawa.

☞ We have been obliged to disqualify several competitors for February for sending coupons taken from UNSOLD soap in grocers' stock (see Rule 3).

LEVER BROS. Ltd., Toronto.

—Senator Bechard died in Montreal of a complication of diseases.

CONFOUND IT!
I'VE FORGOTTEN TO GET
A PACKAGE OF
OLD CHUM
SMOKING TOBACO 10c PKG

THE SLATER SHOE

Resting the Feet.

A hard mattress rests the sleeper more than a downy feather bed, *because* it does not press so many parts of the body at once, relieving certain bumps while the others are being lain upon.

No two pairs of shoes are exactly alike on the inside, and changing them once per day eases different portions of the feet by throwing the weight upon other parts. This gives a surprising *restfulness* to the feet, as well as to *the shoe*, which also gets tired, just as a razor does.

Leathers should always be chosen according to the condition of the feet, as they differ materially in effect and purpose.

On every pair of "Slater Shoes" there is a tag, which tells the *exact* leather used, giving its *peculiarities* and the *wear* it is adapted to.

You can thus buy "Slater Shoes" *intelligently* and *know* that they're Goodyear Welted, if you see that they're stamped on the sole with the name and price—$3.00, $4.00, or $5.00.

AGENCY

SOLE AGENTS FOR BELLEVILLE, HAINES & LOCKETT.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

BOVRIL . . .

the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.

Canadian Branch, Bovril, Limited,
27 St. Peter St., Montreal.

THE INTELLIGENCER BINDERY

Makes a Specialty of

Ledgers, Journals,
Cash Books,
And all Descriptions of
Blank Account Books.

MAGAZINES - - - -
ART WORKS - - - -
PERIODICALS - - - -
NAPOLEON SERIAL NUMBERS
NEATLY BOUND!

MAP MOUNTING AND VARNISHING.

☞ Estimates cheerfully furnished for every class of work

Address— INTELLIGENCER, Belleville.

Sons Co'y,
TAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO THURSDAY, APRIL 15 1897.

NO. 292

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Carpets.

We wish specially to mention that in our Carpet Department all Carpets, Rugs, Squares and Mats are marked down at equally low cash prices with all other departments.

Royal Axminster
Best Velvets
Best 5-Frame Brussels
Best 4- " "
Best Brussels Tapestry
Best Tapestry
Best All-Wool
Best Unions and Hemps

We are not merely marking down undesirable patterns. Our mark down is general throughout all departments. It requires but one visit to our store to be convinced that to buy dry goods right you must buy them for cash.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW
DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

True Blues.
Civic Committees.
Juvenile Foresters.
Court St. James C.O.F.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Brooke's Band—Carman Opera House.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 15—Riel expelled from Parliament, 1874.
Government announces that the Remedial Bill will be dropped, 1896.
April 16—Good Friday.
Battle of Culloden, 1746.

THE WEATHER.

Still dull, with rain or snow seeming to impend. Our usual comparison follows:

1896		1897	
Min.	40	Min.	36
8 a. m.	54	8 a. m.	40
Noon	70	Noon	48

PROBABILITIES.

Moderate southerly to westerly winds; fine weather; higher temperature.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician.... who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

Letter of Condolence.

The Canadian Order of Oddfellows, Manchester Unity, Loyal Moira Lodge 116, have sent the following letter of condolence to Mr. Sulman:

BELLEVILLE, April 14th, 1897.

C. N. SULMAN, Esq.,

DEAR SIR AND BROTHER,—At the last regular meeting of our Lodge, your brethren, by the unanimous voice of those present, passed a resolution extending to you their deep sympathy in this the hour of your affliction, and we have been desired not only to place the same on record in our Lodge, but to advise you of it, and in so doing we cannot refrain from expressing how much we all feel for you in the loss of your fond and devoted young wife, who has been known to many of us for some time and whose character and life are proper and fit examples for all to follow, which has been fully evidenced by the many kind remarks passed upon her, not only by her friends, but by the public generally through the press. We sincerely hope you may have strength to bear up under your burden of sorrow, trusting firmly in Him who has seen fit to call your beloved wife thus early into her everlasting home of joy and peace, and that those she has left behind may look forward to a future meeting with her in the land where there shall be no more partings.

In behalf of the Lodge,
ROBERT ORR, N. G.
JOHN A. FALLE, Sec.

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Good Friday.

The INTELLIGENCER will as usual, observe the Good Friday holy-day by suspension of publication.

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

The Bugle Band of the 15th are buying four regimental drums.

We always lead in caps. See the great value in Boy's 25c Golf Caps, at Brasier's.

A million white fish fry have just been placed in Lake Ontario from the Essex, Ont., hatchery.

Great Guessing Contest going on at Schuster's.

Two companies of the 15th Battalion drilled last evening. F. Company had nineteen men out.

$2.25 for a nice stylish Stiff Hat is reasonable. See the JARMAN and WAKEFIELD SPECIAL for $2.25 at Brasier's.

The rear wall of Dr. Boyce's stable, back of this office, has fallen in through water getting into the crevices.

25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00, are the prices of seats for the Chicago Marine Band at the Carman to-night.

The Vanmeer case was up yesterday for judgment and was further enlarged till Monday next.

Tweed Caps are very fashionable. See the elegant assortment of fine English Tweed Caps at 50c, at Brasier's.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

Wheelmen—see the the latest Bicycle Caps for 50c at Brasier's. Great value, light weight and cool.

Don't fail to attend the Concert by Brooke and his famous Chicago Marine Band at the Carman Opera House to-night.

Dr. Buller, of Montreal, will be at Hotel Quinte on Friday, April 23rd and Saturday, the 24th.

Children's Tam O'Shanters—See the nice line of Blue Wire Frame Tams for 25c, at Brasier's.

Large Headed Men can be fitted with the Latest Styles in Black and Brown Stiff and Fedora Hats at Brasier's.

Hear the Phenomenal Soprano, Miss Sibyl Sammis, sing with Brooke and his famous Band at the Carman Opera House to-night. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.

Silk Hats for Easter. See the latest English and American styles in Silk Hats at Brasier's. All sizes.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

At a joint meeting of the Public Works and Executive Committees yesterday afternoon it was decided to recommend the purchase of the St. Michael's church and Ponton lots on Pinnacle st. for a City lumber yard.

A New Hat for Easter is quite necessary. See the latest Stiff Hat specials at Brasier's. The JARMAN and WAKEFIELD SPECIAL for $2.25, as good as others at $2.75. Leaders in price and fashion.

The new "Eight Bells" will be the next attraction at the Carman Opera House. No doctor, no matter how clever, could prescribe for a case of the blues better than recommending a patient to go and see the Bros. Byrne in this clever comedy.

Make your boy feel happy; buy him a new hat for Easter. See Brasier's Latest Boys' Fedoras at 50c, 75c, $1.25. Very nobby goods.

The plan for Brooke's Chicago Marine Band, the greatest popular Music Band in the world, will remain at Riggs' up to 6 o'clock. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

The observation engine "Ontario," with which Superintendent E. G. Russel, of the Rome road makes tours of inspection along the line, has been fitted with a powerful electric headlight, made to answer the purpose of a searchlight. Upon a level stretch it lights up the tracks for a mile or more and every switch can be plainly seen as the observation engine rushes along over the rails.

50 people guessed on Saturday at SCHUSTER'S.

HEAR PROF. ALEXANDER NEXT WEEK AT POWER'S OPERA HOUSE FREE MONDAY NIGHT.

SPORTING NEWS.

THE WHEEL.

At a meeting of the Bicycle Club at Hotel Quinte last evening several matters of interest to wheelmen were discussed. The meeting concurred in a petition to the Dominion Parliament to pass the Casey Baggage Bill, which proposes that bicycles shall be carried as ordinary baggage and the petition will be circulated for signatures.

The club will present a petition to the City Council asking that body to give more attention to street improvement and other matters interesting to wheelmen.

The club will hold a handicap road race on or about the first of May, for which valuable prizes will be offered. The course has not yet been selected, but all arrangements will be made at the meeting next Wednesday evening.

A Wheel Worth Riding.

If you intend to ride a high grade bicycle look at the Columbia before deciding. There is positively no bicycle that approaches it. Every part is a perfect piece of mechanism. The 1893 Columbia is better than the '97 of any other make. Price only $85. The Hartford made by the Columbia people comes next, a handsome, easy running wheel. Price from this date $75.—HAINES & LOCKETT, Agents.

The Close Season.

The close season for bass maskinonge and pickerel begins to-day. It will be unlawful to take pickerel between the 15th of April and the 15th of May, and bass and maskinonge between 15th of April and 15th of June, both dates inclusive in each case. The bay fishermen have not secured an extension of their hoop net licenses from the Government, as asked for.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

News of the Mines

The New Process at Deloro is a Success.

Three Runs Have Been Made by the Sulman Bromo-Cyanogen Process--What the Results Were--The British Syndicate Said to be Purchasing Other Mineralized Lands Since the Tests Have Been Made--South African Miners at Work.

(Toronto World).

Marmora, April 14.—There seems now to be no doubt that mispickel ores of Hastings county readily yield to treatment by the Sulman bromo-cyanogen process. This at least is the conclusion I have come to after enquiring into the operations going on at the Deloro gold mines.

What appears to place the question of the success of the Deloro enterprise beyond peradventure is the fact that the syndicate are just now adding big blocks of mineralized land to their already extensive holdings of property. Were they not absolutely assured of the success of their project they would not be taking such steps. Only the other day they paid $1500 for a mispickel proposition held by Tom Farrell, and it is believed that they will, before the week is out, take up options they hold on a number of other properties in the neighborhood.

OFFICIALS ARE MUM.

It is exceedingly difficult to obtain official information concerning the doings at the Deloro mines and mills. Messrs. A. J. G. Swinney and Pickard, the Manager and Chemical Expert respectively of the syndicate, maintain the preverbial English mining man's reticence regarding their company's affairs, and refuse to admit outsiders to their shafts and mills, but from some of their employees I have managed to procure some interesting particulars of what is being done.

THREE SHAFTS.

At the mines, a mile and a half from Marmora station, three shafts are down a considerable distance one of them nearly 200 feet—upon the main vein. Two gangs of about 40 men each, or 80 in all, are working night and day above and below the ground, and turning out ore as fast as may be. In addition to these miners the company have 25 prospectors looking over the adjoining lands under option. The miners, it may be here stated, are not working for daily wages, but are sinking these shafts on the contract system at so much per foot.

THREE RUNS ALREADY.

So far three lots of pulverized ore have been put through the leeching vats, that is to say, three complete mill runs have already been made, and as a result it is estimated that in everyday work 89 per cent of the gold contained in the ore is saved.

The value of the ore seems to vary considerably, as will be seen by what follows. The first run gave, it is understood, nearly an ounce, or about $16 to the ton; the second over an ounce and a half, or $26 to the ton, while the third resulted in a saving of between three and four ounces, or upwards of $60 to the ton. The ore used in the second and third tests must have been picked lots.

A $600 GOLD BRICK.

It may be added that from the third run, concluded on Saturday last, the syndicate secured a gold brick worth $600.

These statements and the news that the company are buying up more property will prove encouraging reading for those interested in the mines of mid-east Ontario.

SOUTH AFRICANS.

Mining Engineers From the Rand Buying up Hastings Prospects.

Outside capital continues to find its way into Hastings County. It is just announced that Messrs. C. W. Volney, the inventor of smokeless powder, and Theo. A. Baker, M.E., of South Africa, have purchased 1,200 acres of land in Marmora Township, five miles north of this place.

Another syndicate, it is stated, is taking over 10,000 acres hereabouts, and options are, besides, being taken on many properties.

Given Away at Schuster's.

An $8 Waterproof Coat or an elegant pure silk Umbrella, tipped with sterling silver, leather cased, to the person guessing the nearest to the number of shirts sold within the next ten days. Each purchaser of goods to the value of from 50c. to $1 is entitled to one guess; from $1.25 up, two guesses.—SCHUSTER, Hatter and Gents' Furnisher.

Don't Know Where her Husband is.

Mrs. W. H. Elliott has no idea where her husband has gone. He left home on Monday morning saying he was going to Kingston and would return that evening, but she has heard nothing of him since. None of his creditors have any idea that he will return.

Ladies' Oxford Shoes.

Oxford shoes cheaper than in previous years. Usual 75c Oxfords for 60c per pair. See our 75c and dollar Oxfords for special good values.—VERMILYEA & SON.

A Sail on Good Friday.

The steamer Annie Lake will on Friday, 16th run to the Cemetery, making hourly trips at 2, 3 and 4 p. m. Fare 10 cents. Capt. Hart.

Bicycles.

Everybody is talking about the "Norseman," at Riggs', being by far the best wheel in the city for the money. 4-14 6t

An Interesting Budget From our Mining District.

Prospectors Taking the Field--Belleville's Assay Office--The Proposed Reduction Works--Madoc may Have a Plant Provided by Private Enterprise--An Assay Office for Madoc.

(From our own Correspondent.)

MADOC, April 13.

A prospecting party fully equipped for a three months' outing, started for the north on Monday morning. This is only the commencement of many more to follow. There is no doubt this summer will do much to develop the Crown Lands of the northern part of this county.

We are pleased to see that Belleville has the assay office asked for, and we hope it will do a good deal towards bringing the minerals of North Hastings into notice, and thereby facilitate their development. It is hardly understood here just yet what shape and conditions the assay office will take. An "assay" that will secure a complete and honest analysis of the ores is what is wanted.

The Government of Ontario failed to take any steps for reduction works at Madoc or elsewhere. That we did not secure them for North Hastings is not surprising to those who have learned of the petty means used to prevent. As a rule, Governments with a depleted treasury are not anxious to make expenditures, no matter how desirable the object, and when every place outside of Madoc in the locality is for one reason or other, either opposed or took steps of a kind that would be sure to defeat it, the result is not to be wondered at. One thing, Madoc did its duty to the district, not only in applying for these works but in pointing out their importance. Messrs. Wood, Cross and Coe have given a good deal of time and did their duty fully, acting for the public meeting that appointed them, and it is nobody's fault here that we did not succeed. Their efforts, however, are not lost; no one who has given careful consideration to the matter doubts the wisdom of reduction works near to the mining districts. With us it may result in a company taking the matter up. Five tons per day in place of ten, an expenditure of $5000 in place of $10,000 being the difference and possibly a higher rate per ton for the work but not excessive. We have, through the kindness of Mr. Swinney, a promise of any assistance they can give us at Deloro.

An assay office is very much needed here, and arrangements are already being made to have a first-class one at an early date. We have the skilled experts and only require the necessary appliances.

Easter Goods.

You will want something new for Easter and Harry's is the place you will find an endless variety of new Neckwear, Gloves, Cotton, and Cashmere Hose, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Hats, Caps, Colored and White Shirts, etc.

He has a lot of new patterns in reversible washing ties, 2 for 25c.—J. F. HARRY, Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing.

Had a Leg Amputated.

About seven years ago, while painting on the Orillia Asylum, Mr. Wm. Moorman, formerly of this city, took cold and it settled in his left knee. The leg has bothered him ever since till two weeks ago, when it was amputated above the knee in a hospital at Rochester. His brother, Mr. M. Moorman, of the G.T.R. freight sheds, has just returned from Rochester. The doctor in attendance thinks he will recover.

Sending Clothing on Approbation.

The Oak Hall do a strictly cash business. Some people get clothing on approbation and fail to make prompt payment for what is kept. We are determined not to credit in any shape, and from this time forth any customer failing to make immediate payment for goods taken subject to approval, will certainly be considered off our approbation list. We have been driven to this little plain talk.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

ONE MONTH IN GAOL.

Stephen Lynch has only been out of gaol a few days and had a job yesterday cleaning up a yard. He said Bobbie Bates, a pal of his, came around and enticed him away. The consequence was that Stephen was arrested last night while very drunk and trying to sell a stable broom, which was this morning claimed by Gaoler Appleby. The Magistrate thought another month on the hill would do and up went Stephen.

THROAT TROUBLE CURED.

"I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for severe throat trouble," writes Mrs. Hopkins, of 251 Bathurst street, Toronto. "It proved most effective. I regard it as one of the best household remedies there is. It is easy and pleasant to take and drives out the cold with surprising celerity."

Police Notes.

Complaint has been made to the police of a number of noisy boys who play on Emily st.

Stephen Lynch, drunk, was arrested during the night.

Ten tie counters occupied the cells last evening.

There is some talk of improving the police station. It will not be done before it is needed, if they commence to-morrow.

Under eminent scientific control.

"APENTA"

The Best Natural Laxative Water.

"Speedy, Sure, and Gentle."

INSURANCE RATING.

Belleville Reduced to Class C--Effect of the Reduction.

Mr. Edward McHugh has received a telegram from Mr. Geo. Simpson, Manager of the Royal Insurance Co., Montreal, stating that the Underwriters' Association have reduced Belleville to Class C., from the 19th inst.

Mr. W. J. Diamond and Mr. A. M. Ketcheson have received a similiar notification. There seems to be a difference of opinion as to whether the change will effect private residences as well as commercial risks. The reduction to Class C. means an increase of about 10 cents on the $100 in the rate.

PERSONAL.

Miss Kathleen Hamilton is ill.

Miss Beckett is in Napanee to day visiting friends.

Mr. B. R. Hepburn, of Picton, was in the city to-day.

Mr. Chas. Boldrick, of Stirling, was in city to-day.

Mr. H. Corby, M.P., returned to the city to-day noon.

Mr. and Mrs. Hyman leave for Rat Portage on Friday.

Miss Bertha Lott entertained a number of friends last evening.

Mr. Wm. Malcolm has gone to Windsor to visit his daughters.

J. Wellington Reid returns home to-morrow for the Easter holidays.

Mrs. J. H. Madden is visiting Mrs. Eugene Richardson, Albert st.

The Fleur de Lis Club meet at Miss Goldsmith's next Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Stewart, of Winnipeg, is visiting her brother, Professor W. H. Dingle.

Misses Blanche and Susie Taylor went to Napanee to-day to spend the holidays.

Mr. Fred Weller and Regie Pierce return home this evening for the Easter holidays.

Dr. R. B. Chisholm returned to the city to-day. He is receiving many congratulations.

Mr. A. Lesser, of the Carman opera house, will pass his Easter holidays in Montreal.

Mr. Samuel Woods, of the Globe staff, Toronto, is home to spend the Easter holidays.

Mr. Beattie, of Toronto, a former student of Albert College, is in the city for the Easter holidays.

Mrs. Mace, of Tamworth, and Mrs. Sibley, of Harrowsmith, who have been visiting Mrs. Jamieson, left for Toronto to-day.

Misses Ethel Gorman and Helen Wallbridge returned from Bishop Strachan school last evening for the Easter holidays.

Mr. Jas. A. Laurie, a well-known commercial traveller in the biscuit trade, with many friends in Belleville, has become a resident of Ottawa.

Mr. Stewart Wallbridge, of Anaconda, Montana, is home to attend the funeral of his mother, the late Mrs. Frank Wallbridge. He is the youngest son and has been away several years.

The Rev. F. J. Thompson, Rev. C. E. McIntyre, Miss Florence Lazier and Miss Minnie Fleming went to Madoc to-day to take part in the Christian Endeavor and Epworth League of Christian Endeavor Convention for the Bay of Quinte District, which convenes there to-day.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 2, 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,
45 Lombard st., Toronto, Can.

Messieurs the Manufacturers,—I tried a bottle of Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for ulcerated sore throat. It cured me in two days. It is an admirable preparation.

Believe me, votre ami,
D. F. LAFLECHE.

BIRTH.

JACKSON—At the residence of Mr. Wm. McElhaw, Front st., Belleville, on April 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. George Wakeman Jackson (nee Miss L. McElhaw), of Philadelphia, a son.

DEATHS.

WALLBRIDGE—At Belleville, on Monday, April 12th, 1897, CLARINDA M. WALLBRIDGE, aged 65 years.
Funeral Friday, April 16th, at 3:30 p.m. Service at the house at 3 p.m.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

TO-NIGHT!

Brooke's Famous

CHICAGO MARINE BAND.

PRICES - 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only--THURSDAY, APRIL 22nd.
∴ THE FAMOUS ∴
BROS. BYRNE
And their big company of eminent Pantomimists and Comedians, in
THE NEW EIGHT BELLS.
This season funnier and brighter than ever. A perfect cyclone of laughter from start to finish.
PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1

Easter....

Last year we put in some Easter goods for the first time and were very much pleased with the result. We have added some new lines along with some of the most popular ones of last year, and mention a few below: Large egg with blowing wheel, 15 cts. each; jockey on egg, 15 cts. each; monkey blowing wheel, 20 cts. each; egg in cup, 8 cts. each; fancy eggs, assorted colors, 5 cts. each; baby in cradle, 17 cts. each; the Yellow Kid, 20 cts. each; chocolate chickens, 10 cts each; chocolate eggs, 5 cts. each; chocolate eggs, 2 cts. each; cream eggs, fancy, 10 cts. each; cream eggs, 5 cts. each; cream eggs, 4 for 5 cts. Leave your orders early for Hot X Buns.

ED. F. DICKENS.

EASTER REQUIREMENTS.

Easter Gloves. Every lady likes to wear a new pair of gloves at Easter. Our glove stock is replete with the season's novelties, including plain and fancy styles, with lace, dome and button fastenings. Prices range from 50c. to $2.00 a pair. A special lot worth 90c. to $1.00, selling at 50c. Don't pass Easter without new gloves.

Easter Veilings. We have them in the correct styles, including plain and spotted nets and gauzes in Black, Black and White, and colors. Some very dainty things in single veils showing with lace borders.

Easter Parasols. Our parasol stock complete. The very latest in coverings and handles in Black, White and Fancies. Our values are far ahead of anything ever offered before. We will be pleased to show them to you.

Easter Millinery Of course all the ladies will wear new bonnets or hats on Easter Sunday. Our Millinery Department has such a wide reputation that we need say very little about it. We wish to inform you, however, that we are receiving new things in this department almost every day.

Easter Wraps. The latest styles in Capes and Coats to be seen in our Mantle Department. Some very pretty things showing in Black Capes, trimmed with Jet and Chiffon. You are sure to find the wrap you want at a very moderate price.

Lace Boleros. Another lot of Lace Boleros just received. These are quite the correct thing this season. Also some very pretty lace collarettes with ribbon trimmings.

Hosiery. Our new Cotton Hosiery just received. The values this season will surprise you.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

2 - EASTER REQUIREMENTS - 2

1st--A New Dress. In this connection we show a full range of novelties in English, French and German made goods.

Our Dressmaking Department is in charge of Miss Conway.

2nd--A Stylish ....Spring Hat In Ladies' and Children's headwear we show the newest creations known to the millinery trade.

This department is in charge of Miss Morris.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

EASTER CARDS.

Easter is fittingly commemorated in the beautiful custom of remembering friends through the medium of Easter Cards.

Some exquisite novelties—rare examples of the Lithographer's Art—are on view at our store, and the prices are low enough to encourage this growing Easter sentiment—the sending of tokens to absent friends.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

Baby Carriages.

Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.

Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.

When baby "goes-a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.

The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.

C. B. Scantlebury.

WE ARE PREPARED

To take orders for a limited number of Lemon Pies to be made on Saturday for Easter. These will be special for Easter and the price will be 25c each. Ordinarily you pay 20c for Lemon Pies. These special ones will be really worth more than the difference asked, and will be the best Lemon Pies ever offered for sale in the city. Send along your orders now. 25c CASH.

CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Store open until 10.45 to-morrow morning.

Brasier's

EASTER HATS.

We are Sole Agents in Belleville for the Celebrated English Makers

Wakefield and Battersby.

EXTRA LIGHT WEIGHT SILK HATS in the latest English and American Styles.

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply thei needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

EASTER NOVELTIES.
EASTER NOVELTIES.
EASTER NOVELTIES.

FOWN'S ENGLISH GLOVES,
2 Button, New Shades, Guaranteed. Per pair $1.00.
NEW BOW TIES,
NEW LOMBARD TIES,
NEW PUFF TIES,
NEW GRADUATED DERBYS,
NEW LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW LINK CUFF BUTTONS,
NEW UMBRELLAS,
NEW WHITE DRESS SHIRTS,
NEW COLORED CAMBRIC SHIRTS,
&c.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.
Men's Outfitter.
See our Grand Display of Hats and Caps.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	
GOING WEST.	**Arrive.**	**Leave.**
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.
Going East.	**(Arrive.)**
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

ROCKS AHEAD.

A correspondent at Ottawa notes that a sensation has been created by the new light thrown upon Mgr. Del Val's mission by the London Tablet, which speaks for Cardinal Vaughan. In its last issue the Tablet takes a despondent view of the minority's cause. Since then it has received the following cablegram from Quebec:

"Things are not so bad as they will seem to you. Await action of Delegate."

The Tablet commenting upon this says the Liberal party depends for its majority absolutely upon the essentially Catholic Province of Quebec. With two or three exceptions the whole body of Mr. Laurier's followers from Quebec have given distinct pledges to secure full redress of the wrongs of the minority in Manitoba. It has up to the present been impossible to contend that the Laurier-Greenway settlement has redeemed those pledges, but a very different state of things will be brought about when the Apostolic Delegate declares, as he will declare, that the settlement is absolutely unsatisfactory. Every obligation of duty and honor will then oblige those upon whom Mr. Laurier depends either to resign or to see that what Mgr. Del Val, speaking as the direct representative of the Holy See, declares is essential, shall be procured. The Tablet discusses the contention of the Canadian Liberals that Del Val is here to discipline the Bishops, and says: "It is quite possible that Mgr. Del Val may be charged with other work and be the bearer of instructions to the Canadian Hierarchy, but none knows better than Mr. Laurier that the Delegate's main business concerns the schools of Manitoba."

Quite right. Mr. Laurier knows perfectly well that the mission of the Delegate is not alone to mediate between the Roman Catholic ecclesiastics and their flocks—a mission which would be to the people of Canada entirely unobjectionable—but to interfere in a purely domestic matter, namely the settlement of the Manitoba School question. This beyond question, "for he himself has said it" in England before he sailed, and reiterated it in Canada; whilst Mr. Solicitor-General Fitzpatrick openly acknowledged it, and loudly proclaimed the insignificance of Britain's power, as compared with that of the Pope.

Such is the harvest which those who succeeded in defeating the Conservative party are now reaping. They sowed intolerance and are gathering humiliation.

"SLAIN IN THE HOUSE OF ITS FRIENDS."

The Globe is faring badly at the hands of its party friends just now. All readers of the newspapers are familiar with the severe attack upon the Globe, in connection with its course on the proposed Crow's Nest Pass Railway, which was made by Mr. McInnes, the Liberal member for Nanaimo, from his place in the House of Commons, and our contemporary's retort on its accuser that he is "a liar and a slanderer," and its challenge to him to repeat his charge in a place where he would not be free from the operation of the law. Now comes the Montreal Witness, which, although a leading exponent of Liberalism and a confrere of the Globe, thus expresses itself:

> It is charged that two of the large shareholders and directors of the Toronto Globe, one of whom is also its President, were and are interested in the deal between the Canadian Pacific and the British Columbia syndicate, and this the Globe does not deny. But when the very natural conclusion is drawn that the Globe has given, not merely editorial columns day after day, but even a whole page, to editorial advocacy of the Canadian Pacific construction of the railway, because it wishes the scheme, in which its directors are interested, to go through, the Globe gets very indignant. The public, with all these facts before it, takes much the same view as Mr. McInnes, be that view right or wrong. Especially does this view commend itself to the public when the Globe is seen advocating the granting of a subsidy of millions of dollars to the Canadian Pacific for contructing a railway which the Canadian Pacific Railway is bound to construct without a subsidy. The Globe says that the Government should demand in return for the subsidy the power of controlling the Canadian Pacific's rates in the public interests. The answer to that is conclusive. If the Government has to buy the control of the Canadian Pacific rates, it should not mix up the transaction with the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway, but should bargain straight for the control and make sure that it gets what it pays for.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES

Yankee travellers, who have for years been shut out by the N.P., have invaded Canada in numbers, with their samples. They evidently anticipate a lowering of the tariff. In the present state of the public mind the offering of Canada's cheek to the smiter will not be received in a patient spirit by the vast majority of our people.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Time to Strike.

Trade Review.

Now, then, is Canada's opportunity. One, which if grasped firmly, will enable us to secure valuable concessions from the framers of the Dingley Bill. The prompt imposition of a duty on saw logs would range the Michigan mills on our side; one on pulp-wood would start our pulp factories once more, and a duty on cord-wood would induce the lime-burners of the Eastern States to look more leniently on our claims to the free entry of Canadian lime. The iron is hot now. If the Government strike, and strike in earnest, they will have no difficulty in bending it in our direction. But if the opportunity be allowed to escape us it may be long ere circumstances favor us again.

A Very Sharp Curve.

Mail and Empire.

A deputation waited on Mr. Laurier in February asking for the extension of the Intercolonial from Point Levis to Montreal. Mr. Laurier gave an evasive reply, which the party organs interpreted as a polite refusal. One of them at once commented on the proposal. It said:

"The Grand Trunk already has a line from Montreal to Levis, though it is not as short a one as could be built. The Canadian Pacific has a parallel line on the north shore from Quebec, opposite Levis to Montreal. A third line is not needed."

The Globe quoted the opinion on March 6, and characterized it as "good hard sense." On March 25 the purpose of the Government to make the extension was announced in the Speech from the Throne. The Globe found at once that the Government had reached a powerfully wise decision, and that it was bent upon giving competition, cheapening rates, and what not. It was "good hard sense" when the third line, that is not needed, was not to be provided, and "good hard sense" again when the third line, that is not needed, was officially announced. This curious case illustrates the ease with which "good hard sense" is cultivated in Ministerial quarters.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

MAJOR JOHNNIE MASON

Will be Commandant of the Bisley Team This Year.

Major Dunbar of Quebec Will be Second in Command—The Team Will Sail a Week Earlier Than Usual—Col. Bacon Retires From the Presidency—The Governor-General and General Gascoigne Were Present at the Annual Meeting—Hon Col. J. M. Gibson Elected President for a Third Term—Lieut.-Col. Massey Succeeds Lieut.-Col. Henshaw as Vice-President.

Ottawa, April 14.—(Special.)—Major "Johnnie" Mason of the 13th was today confirmed in his appointment as commandant of this year's Bisley team. There was some little doubt among the Executive of the D.R.A. to-day as to the identity of the gentleman who came from Hamilton claiming to be Major Mason. It was simply a temporary misapprehension, however, due to the disappearance of Major Mason's beautiful mutton-chop whiskers, which have been the delight of military meetings and Masonic gatherings for years past.

Major Dunbar of the Royal Rifles, Quebec, was to-night notified of his appointment as adjutant of the team.

It has been settled that the team shall sail for England by the Parisian on June 19th, one week earlier than usual. This will be a beneficial change, as it will enable the men to get more practice with the Lee-Enfield rifle. These matters were settled at the meeting of the council of the D.R.A. this afternoon, at which Col. Massey was elected chairman and Col. Tilton chairman of the Executive.

Col. Bacon, who has long and worthily acted as secretary, retired from the position, Lieut.-Col. W. E. Hodgins of the Ottawa Guards succeeding him. Col. MacPherson was re-elected President.

The annual matches at Ottawa will commence this year on Monday, Aug. 30.

The meeting of the association held during the morning was well attended and very successful.

It was hoped that by holding the meeting during the session a big attendance would be ensured, and this proved to be the case. Lieut.-Col. J. M. Gibson presided. Among the visiting officers were Lieut.-Col. J. M. Gibson, Capt. Kirkpatrick, Capt. A. D. Cartwright, Major Bruce, Lieut.-Col. Massey, Major J. J. Mason, Lieut.-Col. Otter and Lieut.-Col. Stark.

Col. J. M. Gibson congratulated the D.R.A. on the increased interest being taken in the association and heartily thanked the Governor-General for consenting to attend the meeting. Amid great applause Col. Gibson told of the credit brought to Canada by the carrying off of the Kolapore Cup at Bisley, and the fine showing of Canada's team on that occasion. The Colonel, while regretting the illness of Dr. Borden, gracefully alluded to the presence of Sir Richard Cartwright at this meeting.

The use of the new rifle, declared the Colonel, made it necessary that more caution should be taken on the ranges. The great distance which the new rifle carried made it imperative that this should be done. All would rejoice, said he, at the removal of ranges and the voting of supplies for those ranges. As to quarters for the Canadian team at Bisley he would say that quarters creditable to Canada were in course of erection, and would be occupied by the team next July. The site was unusually good and in a short time the highest flag pole in England would be planted there. The Ontario Government had contributed $500 for those new quarters, and he hoped other provinces would do the same.

Lieut.-Col. Burland seconded the motion for the adoption of the report, and spoke hopefully of the results expected from the use of the new rifle. A motion of thanks was moved by Lieut.-Col. Henshaw to the Governor-General for the active interest he had taken in the association, and for his subscription of $500. This Major Sam Hughes supported, and the motion carried amidst applause.

His Excellency the Earl of Aberdeen jocularly made reference to the vote of thanks. He was glad, he said, to be able to further the interests of the Canadian militia. He told of the qualities which went to make up a good rifle shot, and paid a fitting compliment to Canada's last year's Bisley team, and hoped that again in 1897 they would return with flying colors.

Major-General Gascoigne expressed regret at Dr. Borden's illness, which he said, accounted for the inability of the department to say exactly where the shooting should be done in August, and he thought that the Rideau ranges must be again used this year, but in 1898 he predicted new and better ranges.

The interests of the militia, said he, were furthered by this association. He himself had been much pleased with the work of officers and men. Discipline was an absolute necessity, and without it good results could not be obtained. Some remarks the Major-General made about the uniform of certain corps, which, he said in no way reflected credit on Canada's militia. All this he said as commander of the Dominion's forces.

Lieut.-Col. Massey thanked the Government for its assistance to the association, which had materially helped the militia.

The present Government was especially entitled to thanks for aiding in the erection of suitable quarters at Bisley.

Sir Richard Cartwright spoke of Dr. Borden as not only officially, but personally interested in our militia. He himself could not speak with authority of the Minister of Militia. The good old times of shoulder to shoulder and "charge bayonets," said Sir Richard, had gone forever. The infantry of the present time should be schooled in the art of skirmishing and sharpshooting. A large regular force could not be maintained in Canada, but a force made up of good rifle shots, with some outside contributions, could be kept up. Though it was not probable Canada's militia would be called on to fight on their own soil, they might find it necessary to show their loyalty to the Empire by taking up arms to fight abroad. Instruction in shooting was far more than pastime. Bodies of skilled riflemen had on many occasions put to rout well-disciplined troops, which, but for this skill in rifle shooting, would be far superior in force. Partisanship, he declared, had never been allowed to affect the militia, and such would still be the case.

Col. Prior had much to say in praise of Dr. Borden, for whom he moved a motion of sympathy.

Major Mason moved a vote of thanks to the Government for issuing free ammunition for Dominion rifle matches, and this Capt. Cartwright seconded.

Sir Donald Smith briefly responded. A new impetus, said he, would be given to the association and the militia as a whole to go on doing creditable work. He thought it right that a cup should be offered by Canada's representatives in England, for which reason he had decided to follow such a course.

Motions of thanks were made to those contributing funds to the association, to the Canada Club in England for offering a cup to the person making the highest aggregate score at Bisley, and the Metropolitan Rifle Club of England.

On motion of Sir Donald Smith, Hon. J. M. Gibson was unanimously re elected president of the association.

For the Province of Ontario Major Sam Hughes was re-elected vice-president; for Quebec, Robert Hamilton; New Brunswick, Lieut.-Col. Edwin B. Beer; Nova Scotia, Lieut.-Col. C. J. McDonald; Manitoba, Hon. Hugh J. Macdonald; British Columbia, Lieut.-Col. E. G. Prior; Prince Edward Island, Hon. A. A. McDonald.

There was notice of motion given that at next meeting all ex-presidents and Ministers of Militia shall be made ex-officio members of council. Few changes were made in the council.

At a meeting of the council held immediately after, Lieut.-Col. Massey was elected chairman, in place of Lieut.-Col. Henshaw.

Your cough, like a dog's bark, is a sign that there is something foreign around which shouldn't be there. You can quiet the noise, but the danger may be there just the same. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil is not a cough specific; it does not merely allay the symptoms but it does give such strength to the body that it is able to throw off the disease.

You know the old proverb of "the ounce of prevention?" Don't neglect your cough.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. Put up in 50c. and $1.00 sizes.

LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

Linseed and Turpentine is not only a popular remedy, but the best known to medical science for the treatment of nervous membranes of respiratory organs.

DR. CHASE compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of the turpentine and linseed. It was the Doctor's last and greatest remedy, and more of it is sold in Canada than all other cough medicines combined.

A Banker's Experience

HEREAFTER HE INTENDS TO .... BE HIS OWN FAMILY DOCTOR

"I tried a bottle of *Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine* for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thomas Dewson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as simple, cheap and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. **Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor.**"

At first thought it seems impossible that any human being should wilfully embrace death. Yet thousands of women daily court the grim-visaged monster. Some do so through ignorance and others through wilful neglect. The woman who neglects to look after the health of the organs most essential to her womanhood ignorantly or wilfully courts death, and death in a slow and agonizing form. Ills of this description render a woman's life a daily burden, and approaching motherhood a menace of the grave.

An infallible cure for all weakness and disease of the delicate organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible is found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly and only on these organs. It prepares the maid for wifehood and the wife for motherhood. It does away with the usual discomforts of the period preceding motherhood. It insures a healthy baby and makes parturition easy and comparatively painless. Thousands of women have testified to its wonder-working virtues. Get it at the druggists and refuse all substitutes. There is nothing "just the same" or "just as good." The druggist who tells you there is, is either mistaken or dishonest.

"I am very thankful to you indeed for what Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has done for me," writes Mrs. Etta E. Smith, of Grenola, Elk Co., Kansas. "About a month before I was confined I had such pains I could stand up only a little while at a time. I could not rest at night at all, nor at any other time. I could scarcely eat anything at all. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and after the second dose I felt better. From then until I was sick, I carried nearly all the water that was used, up a long hill, and worked in the garden every day, besides my other work, and did not feel at all bad. When the baby was born the doctor and the women who were with me said I had a very easy time. The women said I had an easier time than any one they ever saw for the first time. The baby is very healthy and growing right along. I got up when she was five days old and have been up ever since. After two days I began my own work in the garden, and felt stout and healthy. The baby is now a month old."

In nine cases out of ten sickness is caused by constipation. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a sure, speedy and safe cure for constipation. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe. Druggists sell them.

More Than They Can Accommodate.

Canada's request to be represented at the Queen's Jubilee by a regiment 600 strong cannot be entertained. The Colonial Secretary sent the following message to-day to the Governor-General:

Referring to your telegram of 11th April, I fear there would be serious if not insuperable difficulties in the way of providing accommodation for more than 200 troops from Canada. While most anxious that the Dominion should be fully represented as a federation, I feel that this has been accomplished by raising her contingent to 200, as against from 20 to 100, which will be sent from other colonies. At the same time Her Majesty's Government most cordially recognize and appreciate the loyal and generous feeling which has prompted the offer of a large additional contingent, and only regret that circumstances do not admit of its being accepted. They are confident, moreover, that these sentiments will be shared by the entire British nation.

The report of Hon. T. M. Daly on immigration from Europe, presented to the House to-day, goes thoroughly into the subject. He recommends especial assistance to immigrants to reach this country and the loan to suitable settlers of a sufficient sum to give them a start in farming in the West. Mr. Daly thinks no loss could come from this plan, as the advance could be made a first lien on the land and belongings of the settler.

The Department of Justice has refused to cancel the Canadian license of the Massachusetts Benefit Assurance Association, against which a number of Canadian members protested.

From present appearances there is ample justification for Sir Oliver Mowat's measure authorizing compulsory retirement of judges. A correspondent, referring to the proposed age limit of 70, says: What about those who are below the 60's, and who are infirm and completely blind? Will they be left to adorn the sacred precincts of justice and administer the law to an enlightened community because they have not attained the number of years required by the projected act? I am told of a petition, influentially signed, forwarded lately to the Minister of Justice, complaining of an honorable gentleman, completely blind, who, notwithstanding such affliction, persists in presiding over courts of law in two important districts in the vicinity of the Capital. His pretext for holding the fort is that there is no provision in the law which can force him to resign. A few weeks since this learned luminary was holding court in some remote part of the country, when, to the melancholy diversion of those present, there sat on the bench a blind judge, and below the bench a deaf clerk, so that when the blind was speaking to the deaf the deaf could not hear him, and when the deaf showed the docket to the blind the blind could not see it. Only one thing was wanted to complete the farce—a dumb lawyer. Complaints have been repeatedly made, but apparently in vain.

The Government is pressing the County of Ottawa for the sum of $1683 the amount of the costs in connection with the calling out of the militia in aid of the civil power when the disturbance took place in the Township of Lowe in November, 1895. Mr. Power, for the Deputy Minister of Justice, has written the County Council, stating: "I am to add that unless this matter is arranged at once legal proceedings will be taken to enforce the claim, though the Crown would be unwilling to put the municipality to any unnecessary expense for costs. (Signed) A. Power."

Twelve members of the Council of the D. R. A. visited the suggested site of the new rifle range at Hull for Dominion matches, and unanimously condemned it, owing to its bad approaches, unattractive surroundings and unsuitable character for properly carrying on the work of the association. A communication embodying this view will be sent to the Minister of Militia.

A number of Liberals from Quebec, who got a rather severe overhauling in the Baie des Chaleurs investigation some sessions ago, are pressing the Government to further investigate the exploitation of the subsidy to the Temiscouata Railway.

Mr. Tarte has, without calling for tenders, given the contract for recarpeting all the offices in the Western Block to his uncle, Joseph Robillard, ex-M. P. for Berthier-en-haut. The contract will amount to several thousand dollars. Current rumor has it that Uncle Robillard lent Nephew Tarte $10,000 recently to purchase La Patrie.

PROBABLY A WALK-OVER.

Indications are That the Winnipeg Seat Will Go to Mr. Jameson—Still Danger of Floods in the Prairie City.

Winnipeg, April 14.—(Special.)—Indication s are now that ex-Mayor Jameson, the Government candidate, will have practically a walk-over in Winnipeg. His opponent is E. L. Taylor, a lawyer, unknown in politics, who was selected at a gathering said to represent the labor and temperance organizations. However, he was not the man wanted by the laborers, and they declare they will not support a lawyer. As far as the temperance organizations are concerned their chief officers happen to be Hon. J. W. Sifton, father of the Minister of Interior; Dr. M. Arthur and other prominent Liberal politicians, and they have quickly come forward to deny officially that Taylor is their candidate. Conservatives are taking no part in the contest. As Jameson has promised fair treatment for Conservative civil servants, he will get many Conservative votes.

Winnipeg may yet be flooded, for the water in Red River is now rapidly rising, and is from 18 to 20 feet above the ordinary low water mark. Merchants are moving goods out of basements and taking all precautions for an overflow, which, however, is unlikely.

Emerson is reported to be badly flooded, and people there are compelled to live in the upper storeys of their residences. All the stores have been flooded out.

INSULTING THE WOMEN.

Cuban Ladies Subjected to Indignity and Thrown Into Prison by the Spaniards.

New York, April 14.—Specials from Havana say that 16 Cuban women from the town of San Francisco de Paul, in Havana Province, have been thrust into the house of detention for disreputable women in Havana. They all belong to families of the highest respectability. On their way to the prison they were insulted by the soldiers, and one of them, Aurora Velos, who attempted to protest, was knocked down by a blow with a knife.

In Guanabacoa, women of prominent Cuban families have also been arrested on the charge of being abettors of the insurgents.

The police enter houses after midnight and arrest the women without giving them time even to dress. The town is terrorized again, as in the days when Col. Fondeviela was its mayor.

SATOLLI FOR LEO'S SEAT.

The Cardinal Planning to be the Next Occupant of the Vatican—Pope Growing Weak.

Rome, April 14.—A meeting of Cardinals, convened by Mgr. Satolli, has just been held here. Its object is unknown, but it is common knowledge that Satolli wishes to be a candidate for the Papal chair when it is vacant. Leo's health is seriously weakening.

DROPPED DEAD.

Dougall McGillivray Fell Down and Expired in a Collingwood Hotel.

Collingwood, April 14.—Dougall McGillivray of the 10th concession of Nottawasaga, a pioneer farmer, came to town to-day, and shortly after his arrival droped dead in the Arlington Hotel. Heart disease is supposed to have been the cause of death. He was 81 years of age and was well known throughout this district.

A Few Prices In Boys' Clothin

IF YOUR BOY NEEDS A NEW SUIT it would be worth your while to consult the prices below. We have lots of bargains in this announcement, and lots more we would like to mention if we had the room.

Boys' Two-Piece Suits.

A nice blue serge sailor, coat and pants, pants lined, sailor blouse nicely trimmed. We bought 200 of these suits in Germany and they are a decided bargain	$1 00
A tweed German suit, coat and pants lined, made plain. Boys 4 to 10 years of age only	1 50
A nice little serge suit, coat and pants lined, good hard finish, and will give big wear for the price	1 50
A blue serge suit made by Sanford Mfg. Co., pleated back and front, coat lined with good Italian lining, pants lined throughout, $2.50 last year, now	2 00
A mixed tweed suit, a dark gray, beautifully made and trimmed, a very stylish turnout for a small boy, sizes 22 to 27 only, worth easy $2.50, for	2 00
A big bargain is our brown and gray Halifax tweed suits. They are made of the very strongest wool, and will stand more abuse than any suit in the house. In this line nearly one hundred suits have been sold this spring, and we have another large shipment on the way. Price	2 50
A little Sunday suit of nice dark tweed, or blue serge, made in a variety of styles, all wool, extra value. See these lines	3 00

Would like to describe our better suits for little boys but have not the space.

Boys' Three-Piece Suits.

A suit of blue serge and a suit of tweed, coat vest and pants, well trimmed and made by Sanford, guaranteed to wear well, only	$3 00
A line of blue serges, a mixed tweed, and also different patterns in our celebrated Halifax goods, all the best of trimmings, suits for school or Sunday, only	3 50
A price that is very popular for boys 10 to 15 years of age. We have about twelve to fifteen lines of serges and tweeds all made by Sanford, coat, vest and pants, perfect fitting and very nobby, for	4 00
A decided bargain in three piece suits are our dandy blue serges, both single and double breasted; see these suits. Also a great variety of dark and light tweeds, made up with fine Italian linings. Extra nice goods	5 00
A fine black clay worsted, single and double breasted, made of best imported cloth and trimmed with extra fine farmer's satin. This suit is the favorite for extra nice wear. They are usually sold at $8. That was our price last year, but we have made a big effort and you get them now for only	7 00

Boys' long pant suits equally as good value.

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten Season

Fresh
Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.
Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.
Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.
Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones--139 and 157.

WE COMPARE OUR . . .
Clapperton's Thread
periodically with other makes, and have never found another that combines so much strength and smoothness with the extreme freedom from kinking and snarling that characterizes
CLAPPERTON'S THREAD . . . .

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the forerunner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her.—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE
— AND —
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
Representing the following first-class Companies:
The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.
The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.
The London and Lancashire,
Of Liverpool, England.
REAL ESTATE.
Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.
Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.
APPLY TO
JAMES BOOTH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster
Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.
Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

THE "BIG" FOUR.

A Quartette of Remedies that are Effecting Wonderful Cures.

Dr. Chase's four great remedies are: Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, Dr. Chase's Ointment, Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, and Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, his latest and greatest discovery for all throat and lung affections.

"I was sick for three years," says James Simpson, of Newcomb Mills. "I tried various alleged patent cures and several boxes of a certain pill which has been greatly cracked up. I got no relief. Then I tried Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Since, I have been able to work every day and feel like a new man. Your pills alone cured me at a cost of 25c."

"I have been subject to severe colds every fall and spring," says Miss Hattie Delaney, of 174 Crawford street, Toronto. "I used many cough medicines, but none cured me until at a cost of 25 cents I tried Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine."

"My husband was troubled with the worst kind of piles," writes Mrs. Jane Potts, of Meyersburg. "He was often unable to work. Since using your Chase's Ointment he is completely cured. It is truly worth its weight in gold instead of the price you charge, only 60 cents."

"I bought a box of your Catarrh Cure for 25 cents at Mr. Boyle's drug store here," says Henry R. Nicholls of 176 Rectory street, London, Ont. "I am thankful to say it cured me."

Chase's remedies at all dealers. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manfrs., Toronto.

USE
Baby's
Own
Soap

and you'll
know why we
recommend it

BE SURE AND GET THE
GENUINE.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.
Montreal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MEDICAL.

DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

P. D. GOLDSMITH, M.D., Ontario, L. S.A., L.R.C.P., and M.R.C.P., London, Eng., has permanently located in Belleville.
Office and residence, 55 Campbell street on the hill, just above Merchants Bank Telephone 95. ju6d&wly

A. QUACKENBUSH, M.D., H.M.C., M.C., P.S.O.

HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office over Flint Jones store, Front street. Residence George Street, south of Bridge.

JOSEPH CALDWELL,

DENTIST—Office, Caldwell Block, Front Street. Residence, Bridge Street. 223d&wtf

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OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of Post Office.

LEGAL.

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BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Money to loan at lowest rate of interest. Office, North Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.
W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A. A. A. ROBERTS
April 8, 1895, dtf

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BARRISTER, Solicitor etc., with Lount, Marsh and Cameron, 25 Toronto St. Toronto. Money to loan on farm property lowest rates. 23dtf&w.

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WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office over Express and Telegraph Office, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Solicitor Hastings Loan and Investment Society.

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc. Office in the Robertson Block east side of Front Street.
☞Private Money to Loan. 271dwly

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Money to loan at 5 per cent interest.

LAW OFFICES OF
THOMAS & LAZIER.

East Robertson Block, Front st., Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc. Private funds to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Mortgages and debentures purchased. Estates managed. Agents for the Canada Permanent Loan & Savings Co. Telephone 32.
J. PARKER THOMAS. S. D. LAZIER.

FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE.

(Successor to Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q.C., BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc Office, McAnnany building, corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont. Private and Company money to loan at 6 per cent. on easy terms upon good land security Charges moderate.

MISCELLANEOUS.

U. E. THOMPSON,

TOWN PASSENGER AGENT G. T. R
Bridge Street.
Or at the Grand Trunk Depot.
GUNN,
Agent G.T.R.

A. G. NORTHRUP.

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Shire Hall Belleville. 226d&wly

. L. DULMAGE, L.D.S., D.D.S., (Toronto University.

DENTIST—Office over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence on Forin Street d.w.

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

THE

Waterloo Veteran.

(Concluded.)

With the ending of the Crimean War our village was illuminated. Rows of tallow candles in every window, fireworks in a vacant field, and a torchlight procession! Old John marched at its head in full regimentals, straight as a ramrod, the hero of the night. After John came a dozen grey militiamen of Queenston Heights, Lundy's Lane, and Chippewa; next some forty volunteers of '37. And we boys of the U. E. Loyalist settlement cheered and cheered, thrilled with an intense vague knowledge that the old army of Wellington kept ghostly step with John, while aerial trumpets and drums pealed and beat with rejoicing at the fresh glory of the race and the union of English-speaking men unconsciously celebrated and symbolized by the little rustic parade.

After that the old man again wore his medal concealed. The Chinese War of 1857 was too contemptible to celebrate by displaying his badge of Waterloo.

Then came the dreadful tale of the Sepoy mutiny—Meerut, Delhi, Cawnpore! After the tale of Nana Sahib's massacre of women and children was read to old John he never smiled, I think. Week after week, month after month, as hideous tidings poured steadily in, his face became more haggard, grey and dreadful. The feeling that he was too old for use seemed to shame him. He no longer carried his head high, as of yore. That his son was not marching behind Havelock with the avenging army seemed to cut our veteran sorely. Sergeant Locke had sailed with the old regiment to join Outram in Persia before the Sepoys broke loose. It was at this time that old John was first heard to say, "I'm 'feared something's gone wrong with my heart."

Months went by before we learned that the troops for Persia have been stopped on their way and thrown into India against the mutineers. At that news old John marched into the village with a prouder air than he had worn for many a day. His medal was again on his breast.

It was but the next month, I think, that the village lawyer stood reading aloud the account of the capture of a great Sepoy fort. The veteran entered the post-office, and all made way for him. The reading went on:—

"The blowing open of the Northern Gate was the grandest personal exploit of the attack. It was performed by native sappers, covered by the fire of two regiments, and headed by Lieutenants Holder and Dacre, Sergeants Green, Carmody, Macpherson and Locke."

The lawyer paused. Every eye turned to the face of the old Waterloo soldier. He straightened up to keener attention, threw out his chest, and tapped the glorious medal in salute of the names of the brave.

"God be praised, my son was there!" he said. "Read on."

"Sergeant Carmody, while laying the powder, was killed, and the native havildar wounded. The powder having been laid, the advance party slipped down into the ditch to allow the firing party, under Lieutenant Dacre, to do its duty. While trying to fire the charge he was shot through one arm and leg. He sank, but handed the match to Sergeant Macpherson, who was at once shot dead. Sergeant Locke, already wounded severely in the shoulder, then seized the match, and succeeded in firing the train. He fell at that moment, literally riddled with bullets."

"Read on," said old John, in a deeper voice. All forbore to look twice upon his face.

"Others of the party were falling, when the mighty gate was blown to fragments, and the waiting regiments of infantry, under Colonel Campbell, rushed into the breach."

There was a long silence in the post office, till old John spoke once more.

"The Lord God be thankful for all his dealings with us! My son, Sergeant Locke, died well for England, Queen and Duty."

Nervously fingering the treasure on his breast, the old soldier wheeled about, marched proudly straight down the middle of the village street to his lonely cabin.

The villagers never saw him in life again. Next day he did not appear. All refrained from intruding on his mourning. But in the evening, when the Episcopalian minister heard of his parishioner's loss, he walked to old John's home.

There, stretched upon his straw bed, he lay in his antique regimentals, stiffer than At Attention, all his medals fastened below that of Waterloo above his quiet heart. His right hand lay on an open Bible, and his face wore an expression as of looking for ever and ever upon Sergeant Locke and the Great Commander who takes back unto him the heroes. He fashions to sweeten the world.

UMFRAVILLE.

Mr. M. Gaffney, bailiff, purposes moving to Bancroft this week.

An opposition stage between Bancroft and Ormsby has been started.

Mr. M. Rouse, proprietor of the Pioneer Hotel, is moving to his residence on Hastings st. Bancroft.

Mr. M. Aubel, teacher in S. S. No. 5, Dungannon, has been laid up with la grippe for the past few days.

A number of teachers from this part of the country intend going South to spend their Easter holidays.

Last Thursday night fire broke out in the Walkerville cheese factory and before it was noticed the building had about fallen in. Fortunately the dwelling, which was only a few rods from the factory, was saved. The wood that had been drawn by Mr. J. Gaffney for use in the factory was also burned. The cause of the fire is yet unknown, but the building was covered by insurance. A meeting will be held at Mr. J. Green's, Walkerville, on Saturday for the purpose of deciding about the building of a new factory.

How to Cure Corns.

Easy! Yes, if you go about it the right way. Get the best always. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor never fails to cure. Acts in twenty-four hours and causes neither pain nor discomfort. Putnam's Corn Extractor extracts corns; it is the best.

SALEM.

Mr. G. Horton has moved to Belleville.

Mr. T. Preston has returned to his home in Trenton, after a lengthy visit.

Mr. George Griffin, horse trainer, of Wooler, visited friends in this vicinity last week.

Mr. B. Horton attended his brother's funeral (Mr. A. Horton, formerly of here) on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. White and Mr. and Mrs. Currie, of Stirling, were the guests of Mr. J. Hagerman on Monday.

Mr. J. Ray, Collector of Huntingdon, called on Mr. J. T. Belshaw, Collector of Rawdon, on special business on Friday.

The Kingston Cheese Manufacturing Company have been repairing the factory, and Messrs. H. & J. Warren put an injector on the boiler, which gives the best of satisfaction.

A Graduate of Toronto University says

"My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years. Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure

FAST ATLANTIC LINE.

Sir Charles Tupper Again Raises the Question.

Obstacles Placed in the Way by Liberal Members to Prevent the Carrying Out of the Contract With the Allans—Sir Richard Cartwright's Explanation Supplemented by One From Mr Davies —Questions and Answers—Other Proceedings of the House.

Ottawa, April 14.—(Special.)—Sir Charles Tupper elicited some important information from Sir Richard Cartwright to-day respecting the fast Atlantic service. There has been a good deal of curiosity to know what terms the Government had made with Peterson, Tait & Company, and if it should prove that Canada can get a 20-knot service for an annual Dominion contribution of half a million dollars, the Canadian taxpayer will not grumble at the Government having effected a saving of $250,000. But, as our Quebec friends say, nous verrons.

Sir Charles said he desired to bring before the House the present position of the fast Atlantic steamship question. He complained of repeated discourtesy of the Government in withholding important information regarding public affairs of which Parliament should be cognizant. He thought that it was not proper for members of Parliament to have to go to The London Times or other newspapers for information which should be in possession of the House. Sir Charles then at some length recited the circumstances which led up to the contemplated action of the late Government to close a contract with the Allans for a 20-knot service for a subsidy of $750,000, to which the Imperial Government would add $225,000. He said that upon leaving office he wrote his successor, pointing out that by promptly closing the contract a year would be saved in the establishment of the service. Messrs. Allan were the pioneers of the Canadian steamship service, and were amply capable of carrying out the new contract. The only reason Mr. Laurier could give for delay was that he wished to look further into the matter and ascertain what could be done in the way of securing larger freight accommodation, but evidently his followers placed obstacles in the way which prevented this contract being closed. To show what could be done when the Canadian service was on a par with that to and from New York, he mentioned that some years ago the Allans booked transatlantic passengers from the Western States via Montreal to the amount of $27,000 per month. As to the provisional contract with Messrs. Peterson, Tait & Company, it was disappointing to learn that the final negotiations were entrusted to Mr. Dobell, who had been so hostile to the project. Again, the company did not appear to be one of much standing, and it was to be feared that the Dominion Government was making a mistake in dealing with these people. He thought the House should be made acquainted with the terms of the contract.

Sir Richard Cartwright said the Government had been accused of discourtesy in not giving information regarding uncompleted negotiations, but he thought the hon. gentleman had been equally discourteous in not apprising the Government that he had intended springing this matter on the House. The pith of the hon. gentleman's remarks seemed to be summed up in his contention against the people of Canada getting a contract for less than a million and a quarter, which he was prepared to pay for it. Personally he (Sir Richard) did not consider the tenders put in by Mr. Huddart or the Allans as proper tenders. One wanted four months and the other six months in which to say whether they would go on. In the case of the Allans also there were a number of other stipulations by which it was not known whether Canada was to get a 20, 18 or 15-knot service. The conditions and qualifications which the Allans sought to impose made their tender a wholly one-sided affair. The Opposition evidently were not in a desperate hurry now. Seven or eight years ago the ex-Finance Minister declared his Government to be a 20-knot Government, and that that was to be their future policy. In calling for tenders, they only allowed five weeks for them to be prepared and all arrangements made.

Sir Charles Tupper: That was represented to be absolutely necessary if the service was to be ready within two years from May.

Sir Richard said that plans must be prepared and financial arrangements made, and this would require a longer time than five or six weeks. Tenders submitted under these conditions were not at all likely to afford to the people of Canada adequate protection or assurance that they would get a fair tender for the service. This was a matter in which the British Government had a great deal to say, and as the Parliament of Canada would have to approve any agreement, there was no discourtesy to the House in waiting to see what the Imperial Government were going to do. The Government found that an advantageous proposition to the people of Canada had been submitted, a proposition which would give better service, better rates and better accommodations, and for two-thirds of the money. Was it not proper, under these circumstances, to communicate with the Imperial Government to see whether they would co-operate? Last year the Imperial Government suggested that tenders should be called for, but circumstances were different to-day. The object of tendering was to get a fair price, and this offer was evidently a fair one. Messrs. Peterson, Tait & Company did not propose to construct the ships in their own yards. As far as the Government could learn they were a firm to be relied upon; they were willing to make any reasonable deposit, and assurances had been received of their solvency and high financial standing from the best sources. Sir Charles' action in bringing the matter up would only serve to block the negotiations, but he trusted such would not be the case. In conclusion, he stated that the Government did not feel disposed to depart from the arrangement that Quebec should be the terminus of the line in summer and Halifax in winter. He hoped that he would be in a position to give full particulars to the House shortly.

Mr. Haggart pointed out that Sir Richard had wholly failed to meet the complaint of Sir Charles Tupper, to the effect that information as to the Government's policy on this, as on all other subjects, invariably came to the House indirectly through newspaper or other channels. The House was to-day without the slightest knowledge as to the character of the proposed service, no tenders being called for, and the contract being let to a firm that nobody ever heard of before. What the people of Canada wanted, and what the late Government had secured through bona fide tender and contract, was a service equal to the best in the world. Who knew the day that pressure might not be exercised to induce the Imperial Government to modify the requirements of the service?

Mr. Davies explained that the contract was a provisional one, and that Messrs. Peterson and Tait were of the highest financial standing.

The motion of Sir Charles Tupper to adjourn was negatived by consent.

The remaining private bills on order paper, four in number, were given their second reading and referred to the Railway Committee.

Mr. Laurier, answering Mr. LaRiviere regarding the Manitoba school negotiations, said they were conducted by the Government themselves. No authority was delegated to anyone.

Mr. Tarte informed Mr. Choquette that in the recent fire of the Western Block the Department of Public Works lost correspondence received from 1880 to 1892 with the exception of the correspondence relating to matters still pending. No books of reference were lost. All contracts [illegible] &c. as well as plans in the Chief Engineer's and Architect's offices were saved. Vouchers in the Accountant's office up to 1890 were destroyed. In the Marine Department files containing letters and reports from 1867 to 1879, and also register books from 1867 to 1882, were destroyed. Most of the letters received by the Fisheries Department from 1867 to 1888 were lost. The Mounted Police branch lost nearly everything. The Customs Department lost nothing. The Mounted Police Department lost its correspondence from 1877 to 1887, and registers from 1892 to 1895; a large number of letter books, ledgers, returns, etc., prior to 1894, and all vouchers prior to 1893. The Trade and Commerce Department lost nothing, neither did the Militia Department, except that a few documents were damaged by water.

Mr. Davies informed Mr. McMullen that the Government had under consideration the request of the Canadian Underwriters to have all barges known as pinplates not to be classed as standard barges.

Hon. Mr. Sifton laid on the table the report of Hon. T. M. Daly on immigration from Europe.

Mr. Charlton called attention to a despatch which appeared in The Toronto World of Feb. 12, alleging that he had delivered a lecture in Tonawanda, New York, a few evenings before, at which he had advocated the annexation of Canada to the United States. This despatch was on a par with many which had appeared in Conservative newspapers about him.

Mr. Davin: Where is Tonawanda? [Laughter.]

Mr. Charlton: It is the second lumber centre in the United States. Continuing, he read a letter from the pastor of the church in which he lectured, in which that gentleman denied that Mr. Charlton had advocated annexation. On the contrary, the clergyman said, the lecture was distinctly Canadian in tone and sentiment.

Then, on the motion to adjourn, Mr. McNeill arose and drew attention to a cable despatch in the morning papers stating that the War and Colonial Offices were considering the offer of General Gascoigne to send a Canadian regiment of 600 men to take part in Jubilee demonstration, and that, while the offer was appreciated, it was unacceptable, because it would disturb the proportion of representation allotted to the several colonies. Mr. McNeill availed himself of the occasion to impress upon the Government the necessity of disabusing the Imperial official mind of the impression that Canada was to be rated with the several Australasian colonies, simply because she had so far progressed as to be a confederation.

Sir Richard Cartwright made the characteristic reply that, while he had noted the disposition referred to by the hon. member, he could assure the House there were certain occasions upon which the Australasian colonies themselves were rather prone to admit Canada's priority, and that was when it came to a question of contribution, say for a Pacific cable project. In that case the Australians were quite ready to admit that Canada, by reason of population and commerce, should contribute four times the amount levied upon themselves.

Sir Charles Tupper asked if the report that Gen. Gascoigne had offered to send a regiment of 600 men to represent Canada were true.

To this Sir Richard, as acting Minister of Militia, replied in the negative, adding that, being guests of the Imperial Government in a measure, Canada could not very well dictate to the Mother Country how many guests she should invite.

Mr. Foster renewed his enquiry for information concerning temporary loans. He was informed that there were temporary loans outstanding to the amount of £1,000,000. Of this £400,000 had been borrowed to meet liabilities of the late Government, maturing Jan. 1, 1897, borrowed from the National Provincial Bank of England at 3 per cent. Then there was £600,000 borrowed from the Bank of Montreal by the present Government at 3 1-2 per cent. and maturing July 1, 1897.

The House shortly before 6 o'clock adjourned until next Tuesday.

Bank

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina, Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 75 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. He gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

"I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a very good medicine, especially as a blood purifier. It has done me good many times. For several years I suffered greatly with pains of

Neuralgia

in one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pills very much." ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

Hood's
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Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

THE CROW'S NEST ROAD.

President Van Horne Says the C. P. R. Will Build, Subsidy or No Subsidy —Other Ottawa News.

Ottawa, April 14.—(Special.)—Western Liberal members, who are a unit in favor of Government construction of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway, had a meeting with the Government yesterday to press their views. Mr. Blair announced that he had offered the C. P.R. a subsidy of $10,000 a mile for 315 miles between Macleod and Kootenay, to construct the road, but that Sir William Van Horne had refused the offer, accompanied as it was with a stipulation that the company should forego certain clauses of the charter, viz., one which exempts the company's rates from Government supervision until the earnings reach ten per cent. of the capital; the other which allows the company to claim the right to branch lines by merely filing location plans.

Mr. Blair did not tell the members that the C.P.R. President flatly informed him that unless the company got what they considered a fair show they would build the line on their own account, and this they are arranging to do.

The statement credited to Mr. Blair to the effect that the late Government offered the C.P.R. $25,000 a mile as subsidy is incorrect, because it is distorted. Sir Charles Tupper's Ministry offered a bonus of $5000 a mile and a loan equivalent to $20,000 per mile, repayable in twenty years at 3 per cent. interest.

THIRTY-FOUR MINERS KILLED.

Eight English and Twenty-Six Natives Killed in South Africa.

Johannesburg, April 14.—A terrible dynamite explosion has taken place in a deep mine at Dangiaarte. Eight English and 26 native miners were killed.

A WAR CREDIT ASKED

Greece Shows as Yet No Sign of Backing Down.

Premier Delyannis Still Hopes the Powers Will Consider the Position of Greece and Agree to a Peaceful Settlement—The Trouble on the Frontier Was Not Due to Greece, the Premier Said—Turks Centered in Strong Force at Grevena—At Vienna War Is Believed to be Inevitable—Turkey Will Declare War If There Are Any More Raids.

Athens, April 14.—On the re-assembling of the Boule to-day, M. Delyannis, the Premier, introduced, in the presence of a crowded chamber, a bill granting the Government a credit of 23,000,000 drachmas for the Ministers of War and Marine.

The Premier, dealing with the development of the foreign situation, declared that the powers had taken their stand on the principle of the integrity of Turkey, but up to the present had not expressed an opinion with regard to the proposals Greece had made for a pacific solution of the difficulty. After dwelling upon the right of the Cretans to settle their own destinies, he declared that, despite all which had happened, Greece still hoped the powers would agree to a peaceful settlement. The situation on the frontier was not, he said, created by Greece, but by the strange policy of a state which, by precipitate armament, had compelled Greece to assemble an army capable of coping with all eventualities and of defending the interests and honor of the country. [Sensation.]

In concluding, M. Delyannis said the Greek Government was doing its utmost to repair the imperfections inseparable from an army so hastily collected, and he hoped that in the course of a few days an army would be concentrated abundantly capable of doing its full duty to the country. [Loud cheers.]

Turks Strong at Grevena.

Elassona, April 14.—The Turkish troops are now centered in very strong force at Grevena, and the insurgents have little chance of advancing further. Seyfoullah Bey, the officer who was sent by Edhem Pasha to Krania with instructions to ascertain the exact situation in that locality, is an ex-attache of the Turkish embassy at Athens. He declares that he recognized among the insurgents near Krania and between that town and the border several Greek officers, whom he had met personally at Athens. He also asserts that the Greek troops on the frontier made no attempt whatever to prevent incursions upon Turkish territory.

The Turks complain that the Greek troops are trying to provoke an attack. Yesterday a detachment crossed the frontier and for a brief period occupied the monastery near Damasi, subsequently retiring. A communication has been sent by Edhem Pasha to the Greek commander, informing him that these tactics will be stopped by force, if necessary.

Greeks Repulsed.

Canea, Island of Crete, April 14.—While 50 Turkish soldiers were landing to reinforce the forts at Kissame, the Greek fired on the boat. Several shots struck an Austrian boat, which was assisting, whereupon two Austrian gunboats and one Turkish bombarded the Greeks and repulsed them. It is said that the Cretans recently impaled outside the fort a Turkish non-commissioned officer whom they had captured.

A Reign of Terror.

London, April 14.—The London correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that advices from Epirus represent the situation there as a reign of terror. The Turks are laying the country waste with fire and sword. The Vali of Janina has ordered every Christian to give the Turkish army 10 sheep and a bullock.

Uncle Sam Declines.

London, April 14.—The Daily Telegraph has a despatch from Vienna, saying that the Austrian Government has been informed that the United States declines to recognize the blockade of Crete.

Greeks Going Ahead.

London, April 14.—A special despatch from Salonica, the Turkish base of operations, say that the Greek irregulars have succeeded in advancing as far as Grevena, rallying the population to their cause, and threatening communications between the Turkish armies at Elassona and Janina.

Turkish "Magnanimity."

London, April 14.—A despatch to The Daily News from Constantinople says that the Turkish version of the fighting at Baltino has been published in the newspaper Ikdam, which states that 5000 Greek troops were allowed to attack the place. Their retreat was then cut off and the Greeks were finally worsted, leaving 2000 dead and dying upon the field. The Ikdam adds: "Out of pure magnanimity the Turks took no prisoners."

WHEN PHYSICIANS FAIL

TO EFFECT A CURE IN CASES OF ECZEMA TRY RYCKMAN'S KOOTENAY CURE. IT HAS A RECORD OF CURES UNEQUALLED IN THE HISTORY OF ANY REMEDY.

There is no escaping the fact that Eczema is one of the most intractable of diseases. Its symptoms are so severe and the irritation it causes so great that a sufferer would gladly give anything, do anything, to get relief.

Physicians are often at their wit's end to know what to do with cases of this nature, and in all kindness we would advise them to prescribe for their patients Ryckman's Kootenay Cure. So far we know of ten medical men who have either used it or recommended it.

In the city of London, Ont., at 440 Park Ave., there lives Mrs. Burdick, who is today a grateful woman for having been cured by Kootenay of an Eczema of *five years' standing*. The disease had spread all over her body and was a constant source of irritation, so much so that she was unable to obtain more than one hour's sleep at a time. She had three physicians in attendance and took many patent medicines, but none of them cured her.

After taking eight bottles of Ryckman's Kootenay Cure her blood became pure and she has not the slightest sign of Eczema or any other eruption on her body.

Another lady, Mrs. Richards, living at 28 Aikman Ave., Hamilton, had a somewhat similar experience. For two months she was unable to rest night or day with the awful itching and pain. Medical men failed to cure her, but four bottles of Kootenay did, and she now says the Eczema has entirely disappeared and she feels like another person.

We could multiply instances like the above, and if you are desirous of further indisputable proof of Kootenay's Kingship over disease, send your name to the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont. Phrenological chart book sent free to any address.

One bottle lasts over a month.

Real Application.

Clara—Mr. and Mrs. Brown-Smith enjoy life immensely.

May—Indeed! Why?

Clara—Both married for money, neither of them had any, and now they have lots of fun laughing at each other.

TIRED?
OH, No.
This soap
SURPRISE
greatly lessens the work.
It's pure soap, lathers freely,
rubbing easy does the work.
The clothes come out sweet
and white without injury to the fabrics
SURPRISE is economical, it wears well.

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Makes a Specialty of

Ledgers, Journals,
Cash Books,
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MADDEN CEREAL FOOD COFFEE.

Give the Baby a Chance
The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is
Martin's Cardinal Food
a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.
KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

BLOOD POISON
A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

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Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.
O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists
THE Perfect Tooth Powder

Relief for Lung Troubles
The D&L EMULSION
In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.
By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.
T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal
50c. and $1 per Bottle
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

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With Two Kinds of Fire!
You insure against one kind, don' risk that by another kind—like newfangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.
W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

MRS. TUGNETT
HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

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Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97
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To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East
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I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.
I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief. —J. B. MOORE, M.D., Washington, D.C.
It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.
Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

New Millinery,
New Veilings
New Blouses,
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PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Pain-Killer.
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is
Pain-Killer.
This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.
It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.
TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

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BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.
Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

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Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

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Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

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Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

WANTED—An apprentice to the Drug Business. Apply to ALEX. RAY.

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TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office.

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July 30 1895. [76d-odtf

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Sale begins 9:30 a.m. sharp. No reserve.
eodit D. J. FAIRFIELD, Auctioneer.

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FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

IN THE MATTER OF HARRIS & WALTON, INSOLVENTS.

THERE will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Office of the Assignee, Belleville, on Saturday, the 15th day of May, A. D 1897, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, the following Real Estate situate in Belleville:

Parcel No. 1, Lot No. 65, on the East side of Chatham street.

Parcel No. 2, Lot No. 1 on the South side of Mill street.

Parcel No. 3, Lot No. 27 on the East side of Charles street.

Parcel No. 4, Lot No. 363 on the North side of Pine street, east of Albion street.

These properties are all desirable building lots:

Parcels Nos. 1 and 2 will be sold free from encumbrances. Parcels Nos. 3 and 4 will be sold subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of one Mary Ann Anning for $600.

Terms of Sale, Cash.

For further particulars and conditions apply to

WM. LOTT, Assignee, Mill st.
or to E. GUSS PORTER,
Assignee's Solicitor.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE MARKET OF THE WORLD.

Canada Will Soon Command Entire Lumber Trade.

United States Pine Will Soon be Exhausted --Everything Depends on the Government's Timber Policy.

(Toronto Star.)

"Canadian lumbermen, in fact Canadian statesmen, are making a fatal mistake if they sit still and allow the U.S. Government to impose a duty of even $1 per thousand feet upon Canadian lumber. They can prevent it, and should."

E. W. Rathbun, the Deseronto lumber king, made this statement to me this morning:

"The situation is this," he continued. "In seven years the U. S. pine forests will be wiped out at the present rate of cutting. That fact will be published in a few days in the official report of the United States Bureau of Forestry. In seven years, then, they will be as dependent upon us for pine as they are for pulp-wood now.

"Let the Canadian Government say: If you impose any duty at all upon our cut lumber, we will impose an export duty upon all logs, pine and pulp-wood. When that fact is grasped by the Americans they will change their attitude.

"There is another thing that the public have not realized," said Mr. Rathbun. "The timber limits of the country are passing into the hands of Americans, who have no interest beyond clearing off the lumber. They bring in supplies free and U.S. labor and tow away the logs. They are protected against our competition in the lumber market by the duty of $1 or $2. That means that when they bid for the timber limits they have an advantage over Canadian bidders equal to the duty. We cannot compete against them, and every year sees fewer Canadian purchasers of timber limits and more American.

"Here is another point. I have accurate knowledge of the fact that the timber supply of Norway and Sweden is being worked out. Old Country paper mill owners are turning their attention to this country for supplies. In the ordinary course of events their mills should be transferred here. But will they come? No. When they see that by locating in the States they will have the advantage of the market, while getting free logs from Canada they will go there.

"Now, let Canada demand free lumber for free logs, or put on an export duty. The mills will then have to come here to manufacture and communities will spring up where lumber camps only exist, creating that great home market which is the surest agent for prosperity and steady trade. They will have another effect. Being dependent largely upon timber supplies, they will have an interest in seeing that the forests are replanted. They will compel the attention of the Government to that important phase of forestry. At present, as I have pointed out, the Americans, who have no interest in the matter, are getting control of our timber limits.

"But let Canada put her foot down now and demand free lumber, or put on the export duty. If that is done in either case the mills will eventually come here."

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

Our Medical Memos.

From New York Medical Record.

PHTHISIS. - In the attacks of coughing:

℞ Bromoform .... 30 gtt.
Alcohol .... 10 gm.
Syr. ipecac .... 30 gm.
Aq. laurocerasi .... 20 gm.
Syr. Opii (Tr. cod.) .... 150 gm.
S. Three or four teaspoonfulls in twenty-four hours.

A PARISIAN MEDICAL MAN will, it is said, be invited to deliver one of the general addresses at the Montreal meeting of the British Medical Association, as a compliment to the French-Canadian physicians.

OXYURIS VERMICULARIS.—The threadworm of children is treated by Comby as follows:

Santonin .... 0.15 cgm.
Calomel .... 0.15 cgm.

THE WAY THEY TREAT QUACKS IN GERMANY—A Dusseldorf "doctor," found guilty of selling nostrums for all kinds of diseases, and of advertising "cure alls" and similar impositions, has been sentenced to four years' imprisonment, to pay a fine of £150, and to a suspension of his rights of citizenship for five years.

THE PHYSICIANS OF BERMUDA propose to celebrate the Queen's "diamond jubilee" by the creation of a fund for the payment of two trained nurses to serve in the cottage hospital. These nurses can be obtained in London, on a three years agreement, at the rate of £60 each per annum, and board at the hospital when unemployed. A very generous offer has already been made respecting the travelling expenses of these nurses from London, and there are reasonable grounds for hoping they will be sent out free as far as the hospital funds are concerned.

Epworth League.

The semi-annual election of offiers of Holloway St. Epworth League took place on Monday evening, April 5th, when the following officers were duly elected:

Mr. Geo. McConnell, of Albert College, President.
Miss M. A. Thompson, 1st Vice-Pres.
Miss L. Canniff, 2nd Vice-Pres.
Mr. D. Barragar, 3rd Vice-Pres.
Miss E. Boyd, 4th Vice-Pres.
Miss E. Dunbar, Secretary.
Miss Cade, Treasurer.
Miss E. Grills, Organist.
Miss E. Osborn, Ass't.-Organist.

All the young people of the congregation are requested to unite with and help to continue the success of the League.

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUGNETT proprietor. dtf

MURDERED AND BURNED.

Edward Reynolds and His Family Perished in the Ruins of Their Home.

Pascoag, R. I., April 14.—The community about this place was greatly startled early this morning when news was received of what is believed to be a tragedy at Oakland, a small farming village a few miles from here, where, at about 3 o'clock this morning, the farm buildings occupied by Edward Reynolds and family were burned, and in the ruins of which at least two bodies are thought to be buried. Evidences which lead to the supposition that the fire was the result of arson after murder had been committed were also discovered, and Mrs. Reynolds' body, mutilated and blood-stained, was taken from her bed by those who discovered the fire and were the first to enter the house. They found copious blood stains, and what is believed to be traces of kerosene about the bedroom. They were prevented from making a thorough search of the premises by the heat and smoke. A 20-year-old daughter of Reynolds, Reynolds himself and Martin Morey, who boarded with the family, are missing. The buildings were totally destroyed, entailing a loss of about $2000. At an early hour this morning the ruins had not cooled sufficiently to permit a search among them for the missing persons, but this will be begun as soon as possible.

Later.—Martin Mowry, the boarder who was missing from the scene of the Reynolds tragedy, was found hiding in a barn near Harrisville this forenoon, and was at once placed under arrest on suspicion of having been involved in the affair.

It was several hours before those who were at the scene could continue their search. At daylight a body was seen lying near the centre of the ruins, and as soon as possible it was removed. It was that of Sylvina Reynolds, the 20-year-old daughter of the family. A short time later Reynolds' body was also recovered.

APPROACHING A CRISIS.

British Marine and Shipbuilding Engineers Cannot Get Things Settled.

London, April 14.—The dispute between the British marine and shipbuilding engineers and their employers is rapidly approaching a crisis. A conference was held at the Westminster Palace Hotel to-day at which an attempt was made to reconcile the disputes relating to working machines, payment for trial trips and the appointment of a local committee for the settlement of disputes.

The employers rejected the proposals of the engineers in regard to working machines, and a great strike, which will affect the Glasgow, Belfast, Manchester and Newcastle districts, now seems inevitable.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices steady. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.50.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 in car lots, and shorts $9 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market was quiet to-day, but the tone is better. Red winter sold west at 71½c, and white is held at 73c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 78c to 80c Midland, and No. 2 hard at 76c to 77c Midland. No. 1 Manitoba hard is 71c, Fort William, May shipment.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 27c, and No. 3 extra at 24c. Feed barley sold at 20c west.

Oats—The market is dull and steady. Sales of white west at 19c and at 21c on Midland.

Peas—The market is firm, there being sales to-day at 39c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices steady, with sales at 32c, middle freights.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 14.—Spring wheat, 6s 2d to 6s 3d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 5s 11d to 6s 1d; corn, 2s 7d; peas, 4s 2d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 22s 0d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage nominally unchanged. English country markets 6d higher. Maize on passage steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures steady at 5s 9¼d for May and July, and 5s 8¾d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7¾d for May, and 2s 9¼d for July. Flour 20s 9d.

Paris—Wheat 21f 60c for May; flour 43f 65c for May.

London—Close—Wheat on passage steady. Maize on passage steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat dull at 21f 50c for May; flour 43f 60c for May.

COL. HAY SAILS.

The New U. S. Ambassador to the Court of St. James Starts for His Post in London.

New York, April 14.—Col. John Hay, United States Ambassador to the Court of St. James, sailed for England to-day on the American Line steamship St. Paul. Col. Hay was accompanied by his wife and eldest daughter. His other three children will remain in this country, for the present at least.

Col. Hay said that he would go to London at once and assume the duties of his new post as soon as possible. He refused to discuss diplomatic matters on the ground that it would be indelicate. A large number of his friends went to the pier to see him off. The departing diplomat was the recipient of many floral pieces, which completely filled his suite of rooms.

Ex-Representative Perry Belmont was also among the passengers. He is going abroad for a stay of several months. Almost his last words were that under no circumstances would he be a candidate for Mayor of Greater New York.

CAPT. CROSBY.

William E. Curtiss Tells of the Correspondent's Life.

Capt. Crosby, the soldier of fortune and the Cuban correspondent of The Chicago Record, who was killed the other day in a skirmish between the insurgents and the Spaniards, says William E. Curtis, was an Englishman by birth, but educated in France. He graduated at the national military school at St. Cyr, which corresponds to the Academy at West Point. He then served for several years in the French army in Algiers, Tonquin and elsewhere, and finally drifted into the profession of civil engineer. He lived in Mexico for several years, building railroads and similar works of construction and followed his profession in other of the Latin-American cuntries. It is supposed that he participated in two or three revolutions in South America, and he was well known to the principal men of the Cuban junta in New York, as well as to Gen. Gomez and other active leaders of the revolution in Cuba. While Capt. Crosby was not in the habit of discussing his own history or relating his achievements, it is believed he took a prominent part in a filibustering expedition which failed to reach Cuba, and it was shortly after that he made an engagement with The Record, upon the recommendation of Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, to represent the paper with the insurgent army.

He arrived in Havana on Jan. 30, worked his way cautiously out through the lines of the Spanish army, and finally found an asylum at a ranch on neutral ground, where he remained until he joined a party of insurgent scouts and went with them to the headquarters of Gen. Gomez. Since that time very little has been known of his personal experience, for he was too discreet to intrust any information concerning himself and his movements to the uncertain and suspicious postal authorities of Cuba.

Mr. Crosby was aged about 40 years and possessed a most attractive personality. His wife, Mrs. Mary E. Crosby, and their two children reside at North Salem, a Westchester county suburb of New York city.

Defending His Monopoly.

"Freddie is jealous of his prerogatives, ain't he?"

"What makes you say so?"

"He got angry the other night and told me not to be a fool."

A DECIDED CHANGE

FOR THE BETTER FOLLOWS THE USE OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

HEALTH AND STRENGTH THE CERTAIN OUTCOME—THEY ARE UNRIVALLED AS SPRING MEDICINE AND GIVE FEELING OF RENEWED FRESHNESS AND VIGOR.

Among the remarkable cures which have followed the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is that of Mrs. Geo. N. Godsoe, a well known resident of Anagance Station, N. B. Mrs. Godsoe says:—"For five years I was a sufferer from a most peculiar trouble, which seemed to baffle the skill of several physicians. The first symptom of my trouble I cannot characterize better than by calling them blind spells, as my head would get so bad that I could not see and a blindness came over me. Then I would grow faint and dizzy and could not walk about. My hands and arms would become perfectly numb and would sometimes remain in this condition for days. Latterly the attacks grew more frequent and more severe. I became so nervous and run down that life was indeed a burden to me. My appetite was very poor and I was pale and emaciated. As regular medical treatment made no improvement in my condition, some of my friends strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and at last I consented to do so. I had only taken them for a short time when there was a decided change for the better in my condition. I continued their use and every day my nerves seemed to grow stronger. I gained in flesh and felt like a new woman. I know the load of misery from which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have relieved me and I am more than grateful and will never lose an opportunity of saying a good word for this grand medicine.

Any who are suffering from diseases of the blood and nerves may, like Mrs. Godsoe, find a cure if they will give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial. As a spring medicine there is nothing else can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They drive the seeds of disease from the system and give those who use them a feeling of freshness and vigor. Do not be persuaded to take any pink colored preparation, or something else alleged to be "just as good." Insist upon getting the genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and if your dealer does not have them in stock, they will be sent post paid at 50c. per box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MADOC.

Mr. A. F. Wood was confined to his room for a day or two by an attack of grippe, but is around again and, as he says "all right."

On Saturday and Sunday, the 10th and 11th inst., there were some fine runs of sap in Madoc township. Some say that on Saturday was the best of the season.

The Assessors of Madoc Village are having their hands full in assessing personal property. It is amusing to hear the changes of tune by some parties who were lately boasting of great wealth.

Report has reached here that the Walkerville cheese factory was burned on Friday (9th) night. Fire supposed to have originated by an incendiary, as no fire had been on the premises for some time. Insurance $800. Factory to be rebuilt at once.

The stores here had their "spring days" on Friday and Saturday. Friday was not a very pleasant day for the purpose, but Saturday was much better and the display very fine. It was noted that the displays were more like those you see in cities than in country towns.

Mr. Alexander Gordon, of the west part of Madoc, was buried on Thursday. The Rev. Mr. Claxton conducted the services. Mr. Gordon was one of Madoc Township's oldest settlers. A man of strict integrity and quiet habits, he had been for years an Elder in the congregation of the Presbyterian church, St. Paul's church, West Madoc.

Edward Mouncey, License inspector for many years for North Hastings, has been ill for some time. At one time the expectation was that his recovery was certain, but latterly he has become weaker until yesterday he was given up by his physician, and his decease is supposed to be only a matter of a few days.

Rev. Mr. McTavish, of Deseronto, is to fill the pulpit of St. Peters' (Presbyterian) Church next Sabbath morning and evening. Mr. McTavish will be present at the meetings of the Convention of Christian Endeavor held here this week and will remain over Sabbath. Rev. Mr. Mackay fills the pulpit at Deseronto.

A large attendance is expected at the Convention of Christian Endeavorers for the Bay of Quinte District. Already about 120 delegates have signified their intention to be present, and this, with friends of the people here, will tax the billeting power to its fullest extent. It will commence on Thursday at 2 p.m.

The creditors of John P. Doyle, a lumber jobber who assigned some two weeks ago, met at A. A. McDonald's office and appointed R. R. Casement the regular Assignee. Things are badly mixed. There appears here to be another lesson often taught before, that when a man without capital or experience attempts to carry on business, it is not the safest thing to do to put money or labor in his keeping.

DESERONTO

APRIL 13th.

John Solmes has gone to Chicago.

The sash and door factory is busy filling orders.

Hugo B. Craig, of Kingston, was in town last week.

Mrs. R. English has been visiting friends in Napanee.

The big mill commenced cutting last Wednesday.

The str. Ella Ross commenced her regular trips this morning.

M. Lally, License Inspector, was in town last week.

Dr. Pulkinghorn, dentist, Elora, has located in town.

John Hampton was in Westport and Newboro last week.

Geo. Clement is building a fine brick residence on East Thomas st.

D. Bradshaw and Wm. Donaldson are building extensions to their residences.

Reeve Dryden has purchased Mrs. Powell's fine residence on Centre st.

Edward Charles, of Kingston, has been appointed Supt. of the Deseronto ship yard.

H. M. Rathbun, of the Royal Military College, Kingston, was in town last week.

Marvin and Ernest Rathbun, of Trinity College school, are home for Easter holidays.

Miss Nora Leake, of Napanee, was the guest of Miss Alice Vandervoort on Sunday.

The str. Deseronto commenced her regular trips between this port and Picton last Thursday.

Inspectors Donnelly and Thompson have been in town inspecting the vessels of the Deseronto Navigation Company.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Mark's church purpose holding an Easter concert on April 20th. Mrs. James Grant, of Belleville, will assist.

Thomas Earle, of Shannonville, who is working in the big mill here, yesterday had his fingers lacerated by a saw. It was found necessary to amputate one of them.

E. W. Wallbridge received a severe scalp wound by an iron bar accidentally striking him while working on the B. of Q. R. track last week.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before disease attacks you and serious sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now,

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

WE WILL BE OPEN . . .
FOR BUSINESS
Saturday, April 17.

ON THAT DAY

We will sell an all Steel Hammer for 25 cents.

A Long Handled Round Pointed Shovel for 50 cents.

And will give the choice of any Pocket Knife in the store for 25 cents.

These Prices are for Saturday Only.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.'S

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

Mixed Paints.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS AND JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT . . . . .

THE PHARMACY,

D M. WATERS.

Belleville Markets.

INTELLIGENCER Office,
April 14, 1897.

Grain—Receipts small, with a small decline in barley and a slight increase in oats, as quoted below.

Hogs are firmer and in good demand for shipping at $4 to $4.75. Dressed hogs steady.

Hides and skins are firm, and deakins are wanted at 50c.

Hay is lower at $8.50 to $10.

All other articles unchanged.

WHEAT—White, 75c to 80c.
Red, 75c to 80c.
Spring, 75c to 80c.
BARLEY—No. 1, 25c.
No. 2, 23c.
No. 3, 20c to 23c.
OATS—White, 20c.
Mixed, 18c.
RYE—30 to 32c.
PEAS—Common, 40c to 43c.
Runner, 45c.
BUCKWHEAT—25c to 28c.
BUTTER—Roll, 14c to 20c.
EGGS—7c. to 10c. per doz.
LIVE HOGS—$4.00 to $4.75 per 100 lbs.
DRESSED HOGS—$5.50 to $6.50.
DRESSED BEEF—Hinds, 5 to 6c.
DRESSED BEEF—Fores, 2c to 3c.
LAMB—6 to 7c.
VEAL—5c.
HIDES—No. 1, $7.00; No. 2, $6.00
VEAL HIDES—7c per lb.
DEAKINS—50c.
SHEEP SKINS—Butchers prime $1.
TALLOW—Rough, 1½c
TALLOW—Rendered, 2½c.
LARD—9c. to 10c.
POTATOES—35c. to 50c. per bag.
HAY—$8.50 to $10 per ton.
CHICKENS—40c. to 50c. per pair.
DUCKS—50c. to 60c.
TURKEYS—75c. to $1.00.
ONIONS—20c. per peck.

Montreal Markets.

Grain—There is very little doing and an easier tendency all round. Values here are about as follows:—Wheat—No. 2 hard, nominal; peas, per 60 lbs. in store, 48c to 48½c; oats, No. 2 white in store, 22½c to 22¾c; rye, No. 2, 39c to 40c; barley, feed, 30c to 32c; buckwheat, per bu, 32½c to 33c.

Flour—Business is quiet and unchanged. Local values are about as follows:—Straight rollers, $3.80 to $4; do bags, $1.80 to $1.90; strong bakers', Manitoba, $4.25 to $4.50; spring patents, Manitoba, $4.50 to $4.80 winter wheat patents, $4.30 to $4.50.

Meal—Business is very quiet and prices remain about the same, as follows: Rolled, per bag, $1.35 to $1.40; do. per barrel, $2.75 to $2.85; granulated, $2.75 to $2.85; do. per bag, $1.35 to $1.40; standard, per bag, $1.35.

Feed—The demand does not amount to much at present. Bran is quoted at $8 to $8.50, and western mills is steady here at $12. Shorts are quoted at $13 to $13.50.

Cheese—Two small lots of fodder sold today at 10½c to 10¾c.

Eggs—Fresh laid are selling at 9¼ to 9½c.

Butter—The demand at present is purely jobbing in character but prices hold about steady. Fresh made creamery is quoted all the way from 19½c to 20½c, according to size of lot and quality.

Provisions—Smoked meats appear to be receiving the most attention at present and there is not much doing in other lines. Values are about as follows:—Heavy Canada short cut mess, per brl, $13.50; heavy Canada long cut mess, $12.50; hams, 9½c to 12c; bacon, 9c to 11c; compound lard, 5c to 6c; extra pure, 6½c to 7½c; finest kettle lard, 7¾c to 8½c.

LIVE STOCK.

There were about 1,200 head of butchers' cattle, 500 calves, 125 sheep and 40 spring lambs offered for sale at the east end abattoir to-day. A few cattle were bought by shippers at from 4c to 4½c per lb; extra beeves sold at from 4½c to 5c per lb, and a very fine pair was bought by one butcher at 5 1-3c per lb. Good butchers' cattle sold at from 4c to 4½c, pretty good stock at from 3c to 3¾c, and the common and inferior beasts at from 2½c to near 3c per lb. The calves were of rather poor quality, and sold at from $1 to $6 each. Old sheep sold at from 3½c to 3¾c per lb; yearlings at from 4¾c to 5½c do; spring lambs sold at from $2 75 to $5 each.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

TUFTSVILLE.

Mrs Phizzel, of Canifton, spent a pleasant week at A. W. Andrew's.

Several of our citizens attended the sugar social given by the Holloway Orange Lodge.

Miss Bella McInray will take up her abode at Mr. Stephen Bird's for the summer.

Mrs. Miles Reid is confined to her bed from the effects of a very bad sprain. We hope for her speedy recovery.

Mr. and Mrs John Turner, of the "Turner Settlement," will start Tuesday, 13th, for Manitoba, where they will spend the summer with their children. All their friends unite in wishing them a very pleasant journey.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

AVONDALE.

Mr. F. Latta and Mr. W. Way are intending to remain with us during the summer.

Mr. J. R. Matheson has been reconstructing his sailing punt.

Mrs. D. Carr sustained severe injuries one day last week from the effects of a fall.

There is to be a social here at Case church on Friday, April 16th. Rev. E. Roberts, of Belleville, will deliver an interesting lecture on "Church Pews."

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

THE ALE AND PORTER

..........OF..........

JOHN LABATT,

LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN

WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,

AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

The Cleveland Bicycle.

Look at the Women who Ride These Wheels, they look so Happy and Healthy.

Constant, mental, physical and moral help we feel
That bids us turn enthusiasts and cry "God bless the Wheel."
—WILL CARLETON.

Models 27, 28 and 29 .... Price $100
Models 22 and 23 .... Price $75

H. A. Lozier's Celebrated make, at

FOSTER'S, 430 Front St. BELLEVILLE.

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .

—TO THE—

Nobbiest Sunday Suit

that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF A. W. HOARD, HOARD'S STATION, INSOLVENT.

THE undersigned is instructed by the Inspector of the above estate to sell by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Belleville, on THURSDAY, APRIL 22nd, at 2 p.m., the following stock, consisting of:

Dry Goods	$291 27
Clothing, Hats, Caps and Straws	153 69
Boots, Shoes and Rubbers	177 51
Crockery and Tinware	69 24
Hardware, Paints and Oils	186 36
Groceries and Stationery	203 18
Patent Medicines	82 41

For further particulars and examination of stock sheet, &c., apply to A. L. Colville, Barrister, Campbellford, N. B. Falkiner, Barrister, Belleville, or the Assignee on the premises, Hoard's Station, on G. T. R., six miles from Campbellford.

W. R. MATHER, Assignee,
Menie P. O.

Belleville, April 12th, 1897. d3teod

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our Tables.

Flower's Bargain House,

378 FRONT STREET.

Removed

We are now All Removed to our new Store.

THE BEEHIVE.

CHAS. N. SULMAN

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '97

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.

Phone 189.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO SATURDAY, APRIL 17 1897. NO. 293

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Carpets.

We wish specially to mention that in our Carpet Department all Carpets, Rugs, Squares and Mats are marked down at equally low cash prices with all other departments.

Royal Axminster
Best Velvets
Best 5-Frame Brussels
Best 4- " "
Best Brussels Tapestry
Best Tapestry
Best All-Wool
Best Unions and Hemps

We are not merely marking down undesirable patterns. Our mark down is general throughout all departments. It requires but one visit to our store to be convinced that to buy dry goods right you must buy them for cash.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW
DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Forest and Stream Club.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR.

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 17.—Easter Saturday.
Benjamin Franklin died, 1790.
Hon. Alex. McKenzie died, 1892.
Madame La'tour Capitulates, 1645.
April 18.—Easter Monday.
Baron Liebig died, 1873.
Martial law in Russia, 1779.
Virginia seceded, 1861.
Cook appointed Marine Surveyor for Newfoundland, 1764.

THE WEATHER.

Lovely weather yesterday, but to-day has been showery. A pronounced warm wave has set in over the Northwest Territories, the temperature at many places rising to summer heat. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min.	60	Min.	35
8 a. m.	64	8 a. m.	40
Noon	76	Noon	52

PROBABILITIES.

Northerly to westerly winds, partly cloudy and cool to-day; fine, with higher temperature to-morrow.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

OBITUARY.

MISS LILY SMITH.

After a long illness Miss Lily Smith, daughter of Mrs. Robert J. Smith, corner of Bridge and Coleman sts, died yesterday afternoon. Deceased was a victim of consumption, but her illness was borne with fortitude and patience. Miss Smith was twenty-six years of age and is survived by her mother, one brother and one sister. She was very highly esteemed for her amiability and her death will be deeply regretted by her many friends. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 2, 1896.
Edmanson, Bates & Co.,
45 Lombard st., Toronto, Can.
Messieurs the Manufacturers,—I tried a bottle of Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for ulcerated sore throat. It cured me in two days. It is an admirable preparation.
Believe me, votre ami,
D. F. LAFLECHE.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

"Between Two Sins."

A very large instalment of one of the famous BERTHA M. CLAY'S best stories will be found in the literary sheet of to-day's INTELLIGENCER. From beginning to end it will be found full of a fascinating interest. It will be concluded in next Saturday's issue.

The INTELLIGENCER to-day consists of two separate sheets of four pages each. See that you are furnished with the entire eight pages.

Shade trees are budding.

Lawns are assuming an emerald hue.

Great guessing going on at Schuster's.

Ask Burrows for printed results of his Co'y's latest paid endowments.

We always lead in caps. See the great value in Boy's 25c Golf Caps, at Brasier's.

Parties from Trenton and Stirling attended the band concert on Thursday evening.

Mr. W. H. Reed will lead the men's meeting to-morrow afternoon at the Y.M.C.A.

Take a look at the Foster Co.'s window. You can have a room fitted up just like it.

Children's Tam O'Shanters—See the nice line of Blue Wire Frame Tams for 25c, at Brasier's.

Dr. Buller, of Montreal, will be at Hotel Quinte on Friday, April 23rd and Saturday, the 24th.

The end almost near. On Wednesday April 21, the great shirt guessing contest will be over.

Wheelmen—see the the latest Bicycle Caps for 50c at Brasier's. Great value, light weight and cool.

A large number of people took advantage of the beautiful weather yesterday and went wild flower hunting in the woods.

$2.25 for a nice stylish Stiff Hat is reasonable. See the JARMAN and WAKEFIELD SPECIAL for $2.25 at Brasier's.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

On Easter Monday the Sunday School children of the City Mission will be treated to cake and coffee at 6:30 o'clock.

Tweed Caps are very fashionable. See the elegant assortment of fine English Tweed Caps at 50c, at Brasier's.

Parsons came up for election at noon yesterday before Judge Lazier. His trial was set for Tuesday, 27th inst.

Large Headed Men can be fitted with the Latest Styles in Black and Brown Stiff and Fedora Hats at Brasier's.

Mr. Thomas Stewart, Ann street, will offer his household furniture, &c., for sale by public auction on Friday next, April 23rd.—J. G. Davison, Auctioneer. 1t

Silk Hats for Easter. See the latest English and American styles in Silk Hats at Brasier's. All sizes.

Two small children belonging to Mrs. Acton, Charles street, strayed away from home, Thursday evening, after causing considerable anxiety they were found.

You can get all the modern plans. The best possible returns in a good Canadian Co., by insuring your life with Burrows.

We have reduced 60 pairs of Ladies' extra fine Boots—regular price $4.00 and $4.50—reduced to $2.50 per pair. All latest style, and as neat as they can be made.—VERMILYEA & SON.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

A New Hat for Easter is quite necessary. See the latest Stiff Hat specials at Brasier's. The JARMAN and WAKEFIELD SPECIAL for $2.25, as good as others at $2.75. Leaders in price and fashion.

Make your boy feel happy; buy him a new hat for Easter. See Brasier's Latest Boys' Fedoras at 50c, 75c, $1.25. Very nobby goods.

The Tabernacle Auxiliary of the W. M. S. will hold their Easter thank-offering on Monday evening next at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Kendry, of Peterborough, will address the meeting. All are cordially invited.

Even yet we find an occasional person who thinks that if they purchase tickets from S. Burrows, they must start their journey on the C. P. Ry. This is not the case, as nearly every ticket we issue is good to start from Belleville station.

The attention of the police is called to the constant tampering with and breaking of the water-tap on the corner of Dunbar and Catherine streets, West Belleville, by a lot of mischievous boys. A few hours in the cells would teach the lads a lesson.

AWFUL HEART DISEASE.

DEATH CHARMED AWAY UNDER THE SPELL OF DR AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEART—MORE WONDERFUL THAN A FAIRY TALE IS THE STORY OF MRS. ROADHOUSE, OF WILLSCROFT, ONT.

Where disease has affected the heart the remedy to be applied must be speedy in its effects, or all may be lost. Mrs. Roadhouse, of Willscroft, Ont., says: "Cold sweat would stand out in great beads upon my face, because of the intense suffering from heart disease. I often felt that the death struggle was at hand. No medicine gave me help until I used Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. In 30 minutes the severe pain was removed, and after taking little more than one bottle the trouble had vanished I know nothing of it to-day." Sold by R. Templeton.

Civic Committees.

The Executive had no quorum last night.

The Market and City Property Committee met Thursday night and recommended the payment of Thos. Stewart's account of $16.40; they have accepted the tender of Lemuel Roberts to collect market tolls for the sum of $2,700.

The Public Works Committee recommended the payment of the following accounts: Pay sheet No. 18, $212.76, John Haslett, $13.90; Marsh and Henthorn, $7; The Water Works Co., $3. They further recommended that a sewer be built on William st., from Forin to Bridge street, also a drain on the east side of Bleecker Ave., from Brassey to Emily street at a cost of $120.

The tender for painting the foot bridge has been awarded to Robert Tuite for $28.

They recommended that three manholes be placed in the Front st. sewer, and that the said sewer be cleaned out.

INTERESTING CURIOS

Collected by Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Wallace During Their Tour in China and Japan.

Rev. Robt. and Mrs. Wallace, who have lately returned from an extended tour in China, Japan and other countries, were "at home" to their friends on Thursday afternoon and a large number of ladies and gentlemen availed themselves of the invitations. Mr. and Mrs. Wallace spent two months in the flowery kingdom and wore the Chinese costume while there. It was in these picturesque dresses that they received their friends on Thursday afternoon. The garb consists of a long blue gown over which is worn a black silk overdress. Mrs. Wallace's hair was ornamented with a variety of silver pins, flowers, etc., as worn by Chinese ladies. Mr. Wallace wore on his head a black silk cap shaped like a Turkish fez.

On several tables were displayed souvenirs of their trip in the way of curios picked up here and there in China and Japan. There were some exquisitely carved representations of courts of justice, priests, opium smoking, and very small figures of different kinds of animals, birds, etc. A Chinese opium pipe, Japanese inlaid work, pottery, toys and innumerable articles which we know not the names of use of were shown and greatly interested those present. An object that attracted much attention was a complete Japanese house. There were also a Chinese idol and a large number of views of the countries and their inhabitants, illustrating many characteristics and customs of the people of these interesting lands.

Refreshments were served during the reception and the guests expressed in unmeasured terms their appreciation of Mr. and Mrs. Wallace's hospitality.

Boys' Sailor Suits $1.50.

The Oak Hall have good serge suits for boys at $1.90. We have spoken of them before, but our boys' sailors at $1.50 are the beauties. We have several styles at this price, some trimmed with gold braid and some with black. They are nice; they are good wearing, and they are very low in price. All sizes—22 to 28; boys 4 years to 10 years of age.

Amusement Notes.

BROOKE AT THE CARMAN.

Brooke and his famous Chicago Marine Band appeared before a large and representative audience at the Carman Opera House on Thursday night. Every selection was heartily received and encores called for. The descriptive piece "In a Bird Store," and the Va'se Humoresque "Jolly Fellows," took the house by storm. This band has been heralded as superior to Sousa's, but Belleville musicians and the Belleville public do not concur in that opinion, although they fully recognize the great merit of Mr Brooke's organization. The mezzo-soprano solo, "Page's Aria," from "Les Huguenots," was so highly pleasing that Miss Sibyl Sammis, the soloist, was recalled twice.

After the concert the officers of the 15th and their wives, entertained the band in the officers' quarters. Col. Ponton in a few well chosen and happy words welcomed the band to Belleville, and complimented Mr. Brooke and his comrades upon the excellence of their entertainment. Mr. Brooke thanked Col. Ponton and his officers for the reception accorded himself and his band and expressed the hope that he might visit Belleville at some future date. The members of the band were entertained to a light luncheon and spent a delightful hour in the quarters.

Coming.

Jebb (formerly of New York),—Doctor of Refraction in Optics, and inventor of the famous Recherche Optometer, the latest and most improved instrument known to modern science for pointing out every defect and disease of the eye and sight. Cures granulation and inflammation of the lids, headache, and straightens cross-eye, &c., without medicine or operation. A cure guaranteed in every case or money refunded. Consultation and examination free. See small bills. Treatise on the eye and sight free. Will be at Waters' drug store April 21st and 22nd only.

Mrs. Wallbridge's Funeral.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Frank Wallbridge, who died on Monday last, took place at 3:30 this afternoon from the family residence, George st. The services were conducted by Rev. J. S. Trotter, of Emmanuel Church, at 2:30. The esteem in which deceased was held by her friends was evidenced not only by the large attendance at the funeral, but further by many beautiful floral offerings. The bearers were the four sons of deceased, namely, Francis S., Lewis, William H. and Stewart.

Bicycles.

Everybody is talking about the "Norseman," at Riggs', being by far the best wheel in the city for the money. 4-14-6t

Magistrate Flint's Court.

AN ORGAN DEAL.

Fraser Asseltine was charged in the court this morning by John and Emily Doherty with alleged fraud in removing an organ from the plaintiff's house which had been sold on the instalment plan. A. R. Dougall appeared for the defendant.

DRUNK.

A young man named Dunn was up yesterday on the charge of being drunk and disorderly. If he takes the pledge he gets off; if he does not, the Magistrate will treat with him later.

Police Notes.

The police received two calls yesterday to quell small disturbances.

One individual was arrested for being drunk and disorderly Friday morning at 3 o'clock.

A small purse found last Sunday night awaits an owner at the station.

THROAT TROUBLE CURED.

"I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for severe throat trouble," writes Mrs. Hopkins, of 254 Bathurst street, Toronto. "It proved most effective. I regard it as one of the best household remedies there is. It is easy and pleasant to take and drives out the cold with surprising celerity."

NEWS OF THE MINES.

Toronto People Interested in Hastings District.

Much Work is Now Being done to Develop the Bannockburn—A Steam Drill to be in Operation in the Shaft Next Week—A 10-Stamp Mill in Operation.

(Toronto World.)

Bannockburn, Ont., April 15.—Judging from present indications Toronto people are going to play an active part in the development of the mineral resources of Hastings County. Yesterday my despatch recorded the visit of a Pullman carload of Queen City men to the Craig gold mine, and to-day another select excursion, gotten up by the Bannockburn Gold Mining Company, reached this metropolis of the backwoods and rocks.

Arrived at the property the party spent several hours inspecting the mine, and the mill, with which it is equipped, and came away with the idea that the property has a promising future.

The Bannockburn mine has several leads of ore, one of which, besides being stripped for several hundred feet and having several test pits sunk upon it, is being opened up in a business like manner by means of a working shaft at present upwards of 60 feet deep.

The mine, as is well known, was partially developed some years since by parties who abandoned it because they did not possess sufficient capital to bring it up to a paying basis. The new company which have taken it over, however, purpose to turn it from a prospect into a dividend paying property, and with a view to doing so they have secured an experienced superintendent, in the person of Mr. W. A. McNaughton, who has spent 40 years of his life in mining in California and Mexico. Under Mr. McNaughton's direction a steam drill is to be set in operation in the shaft next week, and by means of it it is hoped to sink upon the vein at the rate of 20 feet per day. Sinking will be continued down 200 feet, and after a depth of 100 feet is reached drifts will be driven every 50 feet.

This vein, it may be said, shows a ratio enlargment of body as the depth is increased. At the surface it increased only 18 or 20 inches across, but at the present level of 60 feet the vein is upwards of four feet wide. When I descended the dripping shaft to-day I found the bottom in a nice looking and well defined body of ore, which is apparently highly mineralized and which I am told runs at the least $20 to the ton in value.

From the mine pit the party repaired to the company's reduction plant and there I found in operation a 10-stamp mill. Workmen were breaking up the ore with stone hammers, one feeding it to the mill; the battery was turning out pulverized quartz, and both in the battery and in the oscillating Frue vanners the free gold was being deposited upon mercury-covered copper plates.

After a time the stamps were stopped, and for the benefit of the visitors a "clean-up" was made. This operation consists in scraping the gold-laden quicksilver off the plates and then of freeing the yellow metal from the amalgam. The operation concluded, Supt. McNaughton informed me that the walnut-sized ball of amalgam resultant therefrom contained from 1½ to 2 ounces of gold.

The mill is equipped with a power engine and boiler and has a capacity of 25 tons per day. The company calculates that it can mine and mill its ore at a cost of $3 per ton, and at this rate the quartz should yield a handsome profit.

MADOC GOLD FIELD

The Little Town Literally Rests on a Foundation of the Precious Metal.

(Madoc Review.)

It was long ago demonstrated that Madoc was situated right in the centre of rich gold fields. It may be further truthfully said that our village rests literally on a golden foundation. We have many promising looking mines within the corporation, and only one day this week a piece of rock was knocked off a stone fence built some years ago around the Seymour property on Livingstone avenue, which contains some fine shows of gold. This sample of the richness of Madoc rock, and of which our fences are made, can be seen by anyone in the Review collection in this office. The rock composing this fence was taken by Mr. Seymour from the surface of the hill around the sash factory. Good samples of gold were found some time ago by well-diggers in the same part of the village, and there is no telling how many rich samples of gold-bearing rock have been put to the base uses of furnishing the paving of our Madoc streets, and the foundations of our buildings in the years that are past. There is no rush and tumble excitement in this gold mining "boom" that has come to Madoc and this section of the County of Hastings, but a steady era of mining development has set in that we believe will bring prosperity to the whole district.

Easter Goods.

You will want something new for Easter and Harry's is the place you will find an endless variety of new Neckwear, Gloves, Cotton, and Cashmere Hose, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Hats, Caps, Colored and White Shirts, etc.

He has a lot of new patterns in reversible washing ties, 2 for 25c.—J. F. HARRY, Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing.

Institute of Chartered Accountants Examinations Will be Held at O. B. C.

The spring examinations of the Institute of Chartered Accountants will be held simultaneously in Toronto and at Ontario Business College in this city on the 19th, 20th and 21st of May. Intending candidates are requested to communicate with J. W. Johnson, Ontario Business College.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

—Admiral Markham, rear-admiral of the Mediterranean fleet, has declined the Dominion Government's offer to take command of the expedition to test the navigability of the Hudson Bay straits, on the grounds that a sealing vessel, with engines of only seventy horse-power, is not a craft suited for the purpose.

GOOD FRIDAY.

How the Holiday was Spent in Belleville—A Quiet Day.

Good Friday broke with a bright sun and balmy air and gave promise of an ideal spring day, but clouds soon overcast the sky, and towards evening the atmosphere was raw and rain threatened. The holiday was generally observed by the citizens of this good city. Services were held in Bridge St. Methodist church, the Presbyterian, Anglican, Reformed Episcopal, Baptist and Roman Catholic churches, and all were well attended.

Nearly everyone who owned a wheel took a spin in the country, but found the roads rutty and muddy in places. Several May-flowering parties visited the woods in the vicinity of the city, and were rewarded with large bunches of the pretty hypantheeus. A few parties were tempted to take a row or a sail upon the bay, but found the air a little too bracing.

WONDERFUL.

PILES CURED IN 3 TO 6 NIGHTS—ITCHING, BURNING SKIN DISEASES RELIEVED IN ONE DAY.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure all cases of itching piles in from three to six nights. One application brings comfort. For blind and bleeding piles it is peerless. Also cures tetter, salt rheum, eczema, barber's itch and all eruptions of the skin. Relieves in a day. 35 cents. Sold by R. Templeton.

Starting the "Drives."

The Rathbun Company are this season driving all of Gilmour & Co's. timber on the Trent water and its tributaries to Trenton. Their men are now at work driving on Squaw River, Deer River and Beaver Creek of the Trent waters, and on the Madawaska River and its tributaries, where a large contingent of men are employed, and Superintendent Thomas Callahan, of Campbellford, is kept busy.

The Company's agents are this week settling with jobbers at Coe Hill, and from thence they go to Ormsby, Gilmour and Marmora. Next week they commence at Bancroft and proceed eastward.

The season's cut in the different places has not yet been computed, but the output will be large. The logs will reach here in a few weeks, as a drive is now crossing Hog Lake.

The Weights and Measures Service.

Our exchanges report that the Inspector of Weights and Measures for the Ottawa District has been superannuated, and the Inspector of the Kingston Division transferred to Ottawa. It is current on the streets to-day that the Kingston and Belleville Divisions are to be amalgamated, and Mr. Wm. Johnson to be Chief Inspector of all the Province east of the County of Ontario excepting the Ottawa Valley. Mr. Johnson went east yesterday, so our reporter could not verify the rumor.

Marine Notes.

The steamer Hero made her first trip to Belleville on Thursday night.

The steamer Vaʼuna commenced her regular trips to-day between Trenton and Picton.

The steam barge Iona left Trenton last night for Oswego with lumber and lathe.

Haines & Lockett's Sale.

A lot of ladies' beaded and patent leather slippers, regular price $3.00 and $2.50, marked now $1.25; a lot of American made fine kid button boots, regular price $4.00 and $3.50; [illegible] now $1.75; Men's tan lace boots, King's make, regular price $3.00, now $2.00; a lot of gents' Slater boots, a little off in style, regular price $5.00, marked now half price.

Wednesday, April 21.

The great shirt guessing contest will be over, the $7 waterproof coat or $6 umbrella, will be given away to the person guessing the nearest to the number of shirts sold from April 10th.—CHAS. SCHUSTER.

A Heinous Offence.

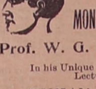
Willis Saunders Smith, a young man from Marmora, was lodged in gaol yesterday on the charge of criminally assaulting a girl named Minnie Downard, aged nine years. The prisoner is being defended by C. E. Lyons.

Infringement of the Dental Act.

Inspector G. S. Johnson for the Ontario Dental Association has had two cases against parties for infringement of the Dental act. One case was in Peterborough County and the other in Prince Edward. Both cases will likely be settled out of court.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only—THURSDAY, APRIL 22nd.
∴ THE FAMOUS ∴
BROS. BYRNE
And their big company of eminent Pantomimists and Comedians, in
THE NEW EIGHT BELLS.
This season funnier and brighter than ever. A perfect cyclone of laughter from start to finish.
PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

Power's Opera House.



EVERY NIGHT,
BEGINNING
MONDAY, APRIL 19th.
Prof. W. G. ALEXANDER
In his Unique and Inimitable Lecture on
"HUMAN NATURE."
Admission first night, free. Silver collection at close. Front seats reserved for ladies.

EASTER REQUIREMENTS.

Easter Gloves.

Every lady likes to wear a new pair of gloves at Easter. Our glove stock is replete with the season's novelties, including plain and fancy styles, with lace, dome and button fastenings. Prices range from 50c. to $2.00 a pair. A special lot worth 90c. to $1.00, selling at 50c. Don't pass Easter without new gloves.

Easter Veilings.

We have them in the correct styles, including plain and spotted nets and gauzes in Black, Black and White, and colors. Some very dainty things in single veils showing with lace borders.

Easter Parasols.

Our parasol stock complete. The very latest in coverings and handles in Black, White and Fancies. Our values are far ahead of anything ever offered before. We will be pleased to show them to you.

Easter Millinery

Of course all the ladies will wear new bonnets or hats on Easter Sunday. Our Millinery Department has such a wide reputation that we need say very little about it. We wish to inform you, however, that we are receiving new things in this department almost every day.

Easter Wraps.

The latest styles in Capes and Coats to be seen in our Mantle Department. Some very pretty things showing in Black Capes, trimmed with Jet and Chiffon. You are sure to find the wrap you want at a very moderate price.

Lace Boleros.

Another lot of Lace Boleros just received. These are quite the correct thing this season. Also some very pretty lace collarettes with ribbon trimmings.

Hosiery.

Our new Cotton Hosiery just received. The values this season will surprise you.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

2 · EASTER REQUIREMENTS · 2

1st—A New Dress.

In this connection we show a full range of novelties in English, French and German made goods.

Our Dressmaking Department is in charge of Miss Conway.

2nd—A Stylish ....Spring Hat

In Ladies' and Children's headwear we show the newest creations known to the millinery trade.

This department is in charge of Miss Morris.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

EASTER CARDS.

Easter is fittingly commemorated in the beautiful custom of remembering friends through the medium of Easter Cards.

Some exquisite novelties—rare examples of the Lithographer's Art—are on view at our store, and the prices are low enough to encourage this growing Easter sentiment—the sending of tokens to absent friends.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

Baby Carriages.

Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.

Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.

When baby "goes a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.

The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.

C. B. Scantlebury.

Don't Forget

That box of Easter Confections tonight you have been thinking of getting. We can give you any quality or price you desire. Our special small boxes at 15c and 30c are very fine.

CHAS. S. CLAPP.
N.B.—Easter Novelties.

Brasier's
EASTER HATS.
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EASTER NOVELTIES.
EASTER NOVELTIES.

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NEW LOMBARD TIES,
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NEW GRADUATED DERBYS,
NEW LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW LINK CUFF BUTTONS,
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NEW WHITE DRESS SHIRTS,
NEW COLORED CAMBRIC SHIRTS,
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Men's Outfitter.
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DISINFECTANTS
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R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY
Elephan

Health and
Shiloh's Cata
Nasal Inje

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a.m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	
GOING WEST.	**Arrive.**	**Leave.**
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.
Going East.	**(Arrive.)**
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p.m.
Mail	3:30 p.m.

Daily Intelligencer.

"TRICKY LEGISLATION."

We commend the following article, clipped from the MAIL AND EMPIRE of the 12th April, as a specimen of Grit Legislation. It is worthy of a Hardy Government:

"Mr. Hardy has just furnished a brilliant example of trickery in legislation. In 1895 he and Sir Oliver noticed that applications were being made to the Federal Government, which was then Conservative, for the appointment of junior County Court judges. This, in their opinion, necessitated the exercise of patronage at Ottawa. In order to lop off the patronage, to which they were, of course, opposed, except when conferred upon themselves, they pushed through the Legislature an Act declaring that no junior judge should hereafter be appointed in any county or union of counties unless the population exceeds 80,000.

During the recess they discovered that the Act did not quite cover their purpose, inasmuch as it did not prevent the filling up of vacancies which by death or removal of junior judges might be created. They therefore added to the law in the session of 1896 a clause saying that in any county or union of counties with a population under 80,000 no vacancy caused by the death or removal of a junior county judge should be filled. There the case stood. Ontario, through its Legislature, had declared by special acts practically that the junior or second judges in counties should disappear. The Liberals came to office at Ottawa, and Sir Oliver became their Minister of Justice. In the closing days of the session of the Legislature prorogued yesterday, Mr. Hardy introduced a bill "to make certain amendments to the statute law." It was represented as a mere explanation of a few trifling points which were not plain in the law as it stands. Clause 58 deals with County Court Judges, and repeats, in strong terms, the will of the Legislature that no more junior county judges be appointed. But there was added this interesting sub-section:

"This section shall not apply to any county in which is situated a city, and for which county a junior judge has been hitherto appointed, nor to the Counties of Grey, Renfrew, Stormont, Dundas, and Glengarry, Ontario, Bruce, Simcoe, Huron, Victoria, and Haliburton."

The object of this clause is to exempt twenty-seven counties from the operation of the law. It makes the law as regards these counties precisely as it previously was. As regards other counties, the intent of the law, namely, that to them junior judges—provided there is not a population of 80,000—shall not be appointed, is apparently carried out. In operation, however, this is not the fact. A section is added, which, in brief, reads thus:—

"If any commission issued to a junior judge recites that the population of such county or union of counties exceeds 80,000, the fact so stated shall be conclusively assumed, and shall not be controverted."

In other words, the mere statement in a commission issued to a junior judge that the population exceeds 80,000 complies with the law, and justifies the appointment, even though the population is under 80,000. So that by a sly and circumlocutory process the policy affirmed in the law, namely, that there shall be no junior judges, is entirely swept away.

The fact is, the gentlemen who wanted to clip the patronage of the late Ottawa Government are extending that of the present Ottawa Government. By a procedure that is supposed to be clever they are pretending to keep down the judicial staff and are providing places for Sir Oliver Mowat to fill.

In a nut shell, this piece of trickery simply means this: When the Conservatives ruled in Ottawa, the Ontario Government passed a law preventing Junior Judges being appointed in certain counties. As soon as the Grits attained to power this law was amended so as to enable the Laurier-Tarte-Mowat combination to appoint a score or so of their friends to judgeship in counties where the same politicians declared them not to be required. Of course, Grit lawyers will applaud.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

ENGLAND IN AFRICA.

Savage Districts Recently Subdued by British Officers.

The British Empire steadily grows bigger in Africa.

Bida, capital city of Nupe, one of the smaller Mohammedan states of the Middle Niger, has been captured by the forces of the British Royal Niger Company. The company has appealed to arms, not on its own account, but in aid of the Nupes against the tyrannous Emir.

The company has a treaty with the Emir which for an annual subsidy of $10,000 gives them unusual commercial advantages and the freest access to the country. The Emir has kept his agreement, but has treated his own subjects cruelly.

Nupe pays annual tribute in thousands of slaves to the Sultan of Sokoto, head of the Fulah power. The many slave raids upon his subjects by the Emir, and his wholesale confiscation of their lands, have reduced the country to a pitiable condition.

In vain the Royal Niger Company protested, and at last decided to use force against the Emir. Five hundred Haussa, armed and drilled in methods of modern warfare, advanced into the interior under the leadership of British officers. They met and defeated 20,000 Fulah of the Emir at Bida, and the city, of 90,000 population, surrendered. The oppressed people are rallying to the support of the company, and a marked change will result.

If the Sultan of Sokoto takes up the
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well-trained soldiery, drawn
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SOME BIG FIGHTING

Between Greek Irregulars and Turkish Forces.

The National League of Greece Ordered to Retreat Into Greek Territory Unless the Regular Army Supports the Irregulars—The Latest News From Elassona, Headquarters of the Turkish Army in Macedonia—Have the Greeks Broken Faith.

Larissa (headquarters of the Greek army in Thessaly), April 16.—Severe fighting has occurred in Macedonia between the Greek irregulars and the Turkish forces. The column of irregulars sent to the right from Pigavitza, after having invested and captured Sitevon, continued its advance towards Kritudes, Plisia and Kourduzi, with orders to hold Kourduzi at all costs, as it commands the right approach to Grevena, the objective point. This column, commanded by chiefs Zermos and Luzzo, attacked Kritudes on Tuesday. The place was defended by two companies of Turks. After a severe fight, during which 80 Turks were killed and 25 were taken prisoners, the position was captured by the Greeks, who also obtained possession of 150 rifles and a quantity of cartridges.

The insurgents, however, have suffered a severe check in another direction. A strong force of Turkish troops, from Mecovon, with a number of mountain guns, advanced on Krania, which had previously been captured by the Greeks, and attacked the 400 irregulars of Greece who occupied an entrenched position. It is reported that the fighting was ferocious on both sides. The insurgents, eventually, were compelled to retreat north to the mountains. Some of them, however, succeeded in breaking through the Turkish lines and escaped to Baltino, the town just across the frontier, in Macedonia, first captured by the Greek irregulars, and used by them as a depot for provisions and ammunition.

The accounts given by the refugees of the Turkish losses are believed to be exaggerated. They say that 265 Turks were killed, while the irregulars only had eight men killed and 17 wounded. The leader of the Greeks operating in that direction, Chief Milonas, was among the wounded and returned later into Greek territory with a number of the refugees. One of the latter says that a portion of the Turkish force was composed of irregulars, whose dress resembles that of the Greek insurgents. This, it appears, enabled the Turkish force to execute a flank movement unheeded by the leaders of the Greeks. The refugee referred to blames the Greek leaders for badly handling their men.

All the refugees bore traces of having experienced great fatigue and it is reported that the Ethnike Hetairia, or National League, has ordered the Greek irregulars to retreat into Greek territory, regarding further bloodshed as useless, unless the regular army of Greece supports the irregulars.

The Crown Princess has arrived here to take part in the work of the ambulance corps.

It is thought probable that Prince Constantine, the Crown Prince, and commander in chief of the Greek forces, will shortly move his headquarters to a more central position near Zarkos.

There is a feeling of great satisfaction here at the declarations made by Premier Delyannis in the Greek Chamber of Deputies.

Three hundred Hungarian horses, intended for cavalry remounts, were landed at Volo yesterday and are being forwarded to Trikhala.

FROM TURKISH HEADQUARTERS.

The Belief Is That the Greek Irregulars are in League With the Government.

Elassona, (headquarters of the Turkish army in Macedonia), Thursday evening, April 15 (delayed in transmission.)—The representative of the Associated Press at the Turkish headquarters has just seen a prisoner who was captured by the Turks during the fighting which has taken place with the Greek irregulars. The man was dirty, wore tattered clothes, and had on his head a helmet upon which was the badge of the Ethnike Hetairia, the national league of Greece. He declared he belonged to a band of irregulars which left Trikhala after receiving an ovation from the inhabitants of that place, under the command of a captain and two lieutenants, of the Greek regular army, and was accompanied by a medical officer, who was wounded. This expedition, the prisoner added, was organized by officers of the Greek regular army, and was openly ordered to invade Turkey, not to harm the villagers, and to fight the Turkish troops only.

After these statements it is difficult to deny that the Greek irregulars were organized with the knowledge of the Greek authorities. This confirms the enquiries made on this subject by Seyfoulah Bey, an officer on the staff of Edham Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, formerly an attache of the Turkish Legation at Athens, and consequently familiar with the personal appearance of many Greek officers, some of whom he recognized among the insurgents.

The whole matter appears to form the basis for a grave accusation against Greek good faith.

The representative of the Associated Press has visited the greater part of the frontier line in this district, and after inspecting all the passes is convinced the Turks hold such strong positions that the Greeks will never be able to enter Turkish territory in force. In fact, the correspondent cannot even imagine the Greeks will make an attempt to do so, while, on the other hand, the Turkish commander-in-chief could send a mass of troops into Greece by several routes and easily capture Larissa.

No Turkish War Party.

London, April 16.—The Times' correspondent at Constantinople denies that there is any effective Turkish war party. He says that the Sultan, the Saraskierat (Ministry of War) and some of the other ministers are strongly opposed to active hostilities with Greece.

Mr. Gladstone's Letter.

London, April 16.—Mr. Gladstone has written a letter to the Macedonian leader, Captain Dampzes, in which he says: "Under the present deplorable scheme all the British Government has the right to do, seemingly, is to plead its opinions before a tribunal of two youthful despots, the Emperors of Germany and Russia, and to abide by their help to execute their final determination.

"Our disgraceful office seems to be to place ships, guns, soldiers and sailors at their disposal for the purpose of keeping down the movement for the liberty of Crete and of securing to these young despots, who have in no wise earned the confidence of Europe, the power of deciding questions which rightfully belong to the Cretans."

War in Three Days.

London, April 16.—The Larissa correspondent of The Times will say tomorrow: Everyone here continues to declare that an outbreak of war is inevitable within the next two or three days, especially as it is now known that in high quarters at Athens a peaceful solution of the difficulty is regarded as almost hopeless. The authorities here are seriously counting the cost of embarking in such a struggle, but other influences are urging them on. Meanwhile it is perfectly certain that the irregulars, unless restrained, will again invade Macedonia in order to compel the Porte to declare war.

Dangers of the Situation.

The Athens correspondent of The Times says: There is little doubt that the Athenians are fully awake to the great dangers of the situation. There is a pessimistic feeling in the air. If Greece now goes to war, it will not be with a light heart. The desire for war is not abated; on the contrary, immediate hostilities are wished for, but it is now realized that the impending conflict will entail enormous sacrifices and possibly a crushing disaster. The Greek nation may be compared to a man who feels bound to fight a duel in order to save his reputation.

THE TRAIL OF DEATH

It begins at the Throat and ends at the Grave How many a human life is unnecessarily sacrificed.

There are many remedies on the market for the cure of consumption, but consumption, once it reaches a certain stage, cannot be cured. In professing, therefore, to do what is impossible, these remedies prove themselves to be simply humbugs.

Consumption is a disease which destroys the tissue of the lungs. Once gone, no medicine can replace that tissue. Good medicine may arrest the disease even after one lung is wholly gone, as long as the other remains sound. Once both are attacked, however, the victim is doomed.

Just why people should risk their lives to this dread disease and go to great expense afterwards to check it, it is hard to conceive. It is much easier prevented than cured. Throat troubles and severe colds are its usual forerunners. A 25-cent bottle of **Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine** will drive these away. It is, without doubt, the best medicine for the purpose to be had anywhere.

A despatch to The Daily Chronicle from Kutsufliani says that the Turks have re-occupied Baltino and other stations. Their sentinels fire on every-one trying to cross the frontier.

The Rome correspondent of The Standard says it is stated there that Admiral Canevaro, commanding the international fleets in Cretan waters, has received notice from the American Government that the United States does not recognize the existence of a blockade of Crete.

Another Engagement.

Athens, April 16.—A despatch from Larissa, the headquarters of the Greek army in Thessaly, received at 11.30 p.m., says that an engagement has taken place near Nozoros, on the frontier, in which artillery participated. The despatch gives no details of the fighting.

THE TROUBLE IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Grievances of the Uitlanders in the South African Republic Discussed in the Cape Colony H. of A.

Cape Town, April 16.—In the House of Assembly to-day a motion was introduced, dilating upon the disastrous and lasting effects which hostilities among the Europeans in Africa would produce, and inviting the House to adopt a policy of moderation and conciliation in the settlement of differences in the interpretation of treaties and conventions. Mr. J. Rose Innes Under Secretary for Native Affairs, moved an amendment to the effect that the ends desired would be best attained by a strict observance of the convention and the redress of the genuine grievances of the Uitlanders. During the course of his remarks in support of this amendment, Mr. Rose Innes said the situation was too acute to be remedied by pious aspirations, and adding that he did not believe President Kruger, who himself urged a maintenance of the convention, would resent Cape Colony expressing its opinion. In conclusion, Mr. Rose Innes remarked that Great Britain could not interfere in the Transvaal unless she had some locus standi and could justify her conduct before all the world.

In Better Business.

"Why do I cease to be an agitator, a socialist and an advocate of Utopian ideas?" echoed the man of affairs to a former friend who is still working on the problem of making this an ideal world.

"I'll tell you just as frankly as I can. While I was sentimentalizing about the masses and grinding out humanitarian cant wherever I could get an audience, I made the startling discovery that I was not making my own home as much of a heaven on earth as it might be. I had to run away from the smaller duties to which a man should first be faithful and tackle the great undertakings that are to be accomplished, if accomplished at all, through the uncertain progress of evolution. I was neglecting my household in an effort to reclaim the world.

"But such sacrifices must be made in the great cause."

"Not a bit of it. Our first duty is to those akin to us. When their happiness and comfort is assured then it is time enough to join the crusade in behalf of the vague multitude. What awakened me was a wife working night and day to get along on scanty means, one little one staying at home from school because he had no shoes, another wearing clothes that excited the ridicule of other children, the coal bin empty and a very short allowance in the larder. I concluded then and there that the rest of the world would have to get along the best it could until I had created some sunshine in my own home. I've been kept very busy in this new line of work, finding some time, however, to afford relief where immediate relief was needed."

The visiting agitator looked much paler than when he had entered and went out chewing his mustache.

Constantinople, April 16.—It is reported here that 200 arrests have been made at Tokat, in the Sivas District of Armenia, in connection with the recent massacre there, including the Mutessarif and the Chief of Police and Gendarmerie.

DEAD AT HIS DESK.

That is the story the morning newspapers tell of the modern business man. Too much money-getting. Too little care for health. Too much rush, and strain, and wear and tear. Too little time to eat, to sleep, to digest the food, to rest tired body and tortured brain. Not enough time to think once in a while of health and strength and happiness and a long and useful life. A widow and orphans left to mourn. A big estate that under the dissecting knife of the executor falls all to pieces. 'Tis the story of thousands of business men in life reputed wealthy and successful. It is a story that is unnecessary—need not be.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery if resorted to occasionally will keep a man or woman in good health. It goes to the roots of things. It tunes up the strings of life and makes them vibrate to the music of good health. It makes the appetite keen, the digestion good, the blood pure, and the nerves strong. Then ill-health is an impossibility, and work is a pleasure. Thousands say so.

"Your 'Golden Medical Discovery' has been a great physician to our family," writes Mr. Ira S. Foust, of Naylor, Ripley Co., Mo. "My wife's father had Bright's Disease. His water was almost pure blood. We got a bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and it did him so much good that he tried another and then a third, and the fourth entirely cured him."

Nothing in the world so many times pays for itself to its owner as a good medical book. The very best one is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Now for a limited time, an edition, paper-covered, will be distributed FREE. Send 31 one-cent stamps (to pay the cost of customs and mailing only), to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For 50 stamps you may obtain the book in cloth.

COLOR IN ANIMALS.

IT FURNISHES THEM PROTECTION AGAINST THEIR ENEMIES.

It Enables Them to Hunt More Successfully and to Warn Their Kind of Danger—A Fact Which Shows They Have Intelligent Control of It.

Mimicry in color in animals, the use of color as a protection for animals, birds, insects and fishes and collateral matters formed the subject for a novel and interesting talk by Dr. Benjamin Sharp before the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences. From that talk The New York Times gives these excerpts:

Animal coloration is either structural or useful. The brilliant colors of some of the minnows are of no actual use, but due to some structural peculiarities. Useful colors are such as cause an animal to resemble its surroundings, escape its enemies, or enable it better to creep upon its prey.

In the white hair of the head we have the transparent shaft, and under the microscope this shaft always appears black, though the effect, as a whole, to the naked eye, is white.

History tells us of human hair turning white in a night. Long ago this was assigned to some acid secretion in the head, arising through some tremendous nervous strain. This is wrong. It is probaby due to the blood at the base of the hair forcing up air bubbles through the shaft, thus producing disseminated light and the effect of white hair. This power of changing the coloration of the hair is utilized by Arctic animals for a color protection.

Among structural colors we have the iridescence so commonly distributed through nature. The iridescence of the soap bubble arises from the fact that, the bubble being very thin, some light is reflected from the outside of the bubble and some from the inside.

A microscopic examination shows the mother-of-pearl shell to be made up of very fine lines so closely put together that the white light is broken up the so-called "play of colors," or the so-called "play of colors," or into its prismatic colors and we get mother of pearl. Taking a very careful cast of mother-of-pearl shell with very fine lines, the wax will yield the same iridescence as the mother-of-pearl.

Some birds' feathers owe their color to this same cause, as in the iridescent green color of the trochilus, the humming bird.

The casting of the skin in the case of the snakes is done entire; in the case of other animals in large flakes of the skin. In the reptilian casting the new and the old skins are separated by a very fine layer of hairs called "casting hairs," that seem to push up the outer skin while the lower one is forming.

Crabs in casting their shells exhibit the same curious arrangements of casting hairs which, under the miscroscope, appear as really worn off.

The gecko has curiously lobed feet, cut up into ridges, and each covered with microscopic hairs. It is an arrangement that serves as a sucker and is quite common in the animal kingdom. The fish that attaches itself to the shark has the same principle, a series of slats like a Venetian blind, that will pull up and cause suction on the object to which it is applied, and of great value in holding the feet flat on objects, or releasing them when it is necessary to let go. Geckos are thus enabled to crawl all over ceilings and smooth, vertical rocks.

The young gecko cannot hold on to upright surfaces until it has shed its first skin, prior to which the casting hairs are lacking.

In a number of cases, biliary salts are deposited in the skin of the animal for the deduction of the distinctive color.

An interesting change of color is going on in the Caucasian race. Russians, Danes, Norwegians and other Northern tribes are characterized by light hair and blue eyes; while along the Mediterranean shores and in Southern Asia, people have dark eyes. All the light races are gradually going out of existence—that is to say, there is a tendency for the Caucasian race to become dark, and this is probably based on the action of the liver. (A Northerner living in the tropics tends to torpidity of the liver; the biliary salts are not properly eliminated from the body, and commence to be deposited under the skin. On the other hand, in cold climates the liver is very active and the biliary salts are carried off and not deposited in the skin, hair and eyes; so we have the light, long hair and blue eyes.

Civilized races are producing a tropical climate throughout the year, and even when living in the extreme north, live in a temperature of 70 to 80 degrees all the year round. This acts upon the liver and conditions are gradually driving out of existence the light-haired and blue-eyed races.

Some animals change their color at will. The color itself is always there, but by contracting certain of these pigment cells and allowing others to expand, a temporary change can be effected. The chromatophores from the skin of a frog represent pigment cells. Some contracted degrees of expansion will grade the animal in color, making it at times dull-brown, at others green.

In the chameleon the chromatophores are supplied with actual muscles giving them much more powerful and quick control over their color than most other animals. The chameleon can change to the brown of the bark or to te dark green of the leaves of the tree upn which it lives; but in those stories making the chameleon scarlet on occasion the writers have drawn upon their imaginations, because the animal cannot produce scarlet.

The sole of the English coast, when placed upon a gravelly bottom, assumes the color of the bottom, making itself in exact harmony with its surroundings. Place the sole in an aquarium with light yellow sand, it would turn just that color. Take this same sole out of the acquarium and put him on a white porcelain plate—the chromatophores will contract down to the very utmost limit and make the animal almost white.

A sole was found entirely out of harmony with the bottom over which he lived. Its color would be light when placed on a dark bottom, and dark when placed over a light bottom. It was found later that the animal was blind. Other specimens have been blindfolded and proof afforded that the harmonization was guided entirely by the animal's own eyesight.

In excitement the wattles around the head and neck of the turkey become deep scarlet, due to the rush of blood to these parts, and gives it one of the sexual colors.

The blushing on our own faces is due to some nervous emotion producing partial paralysis of the muscles controlling the calibre of the capillaries, and these, being relieved of compression, becoming enlarged, an excessive flow of blood, with high color, results.

Japanese Self-Sacrifice.

On board the Matsushima, one man, who had been shot in the abdomen, and whose intestines were protruding from the gaping wounds, refused to be carried to the surgeon's ward, because, he said, he did not want to take any of the fighters from their work to carry him below. Another, after having had his body burnt out of all recognition in attempting to extinguish a fire, stood by helping all he could till the flames were put out, when he died. A third, mortally wounded, man, whose every gasp brought forth a gush of blood, would not close his eyes until he had told a comrade where the key of an important locker was and what the locker contained. A chief gunner, whose underjaw had been shot away, and who, of course, could not utter a word, signed to a subordinate with a nod to take his place, and fell dead after he had placed the handle of the gun lever in his subordinate's hand.—Heroic Japan.

A Few Prices In Boys' Clothing.

IF YOUR BOY NEEDS A NEW SUIT it would be worth your while to consult the prices below. We have lots of bargains in this announcement, and lots more we would like to mention if we had the room.

Boys' Two-Piece Suits.

A nice blue serge sailor, coat and pants, pants lined, sailor blouse nicely trimmed. We bought 200 of these suits in Germany and they are a decided bargain	$1 00
A tweed German suit, coat and pants lined, made plain. Boys 4 to 10 years of age only	1 50
A nice little serge suit, coat and pants lined, good hard finish, and will give big wear for the price	1 50
A blue serge suit made by Sanford Mfg. Co., pleated back and front, coat lined with good Italian lining, pants lined throughout, $2.50 last year, now	2 00
A mixed tweed suit, a dark gray, beautifully made and trimmed, a very stylish turnout for a small boy, sizes 22 to 27 only, worth easy $2.50, for	2 00
A big bargain is our brown and gray Halifax tweed suits. They are made of the very strongest wool, and will stand more abuse than any suit in the house. In this line nearly one hundred suits have been sold this spring, and we have another large shipment on the way. Price	2 50
A little Sunday suit of nice dark tweed, or blue serge, made in a variety of styles, all wool, extra value. See these lines	3 00

Would like to describe our better suits for little boys but have not the space.

Boys' Three-Piece Suits.

A suit of blue serge and a suit of tweed, coat vest and pants, well trimmed and made by Sanford, guaranteed to wear well, only	$3 00
A line of blue serges, a mixed tweed, and also different patterns in our celebrated Halifax goods, all the best of trimmings, suits for school or Sunday, only	3 50
A price that is very popular for boys 10 to 15 years of age. We have about twelve to fifteen lines of serges and tweeds all made by Sanford, coat, vest and pants, perfect fitting and very nobby, for	4 00
A decided bargain in three piece suits are our dandy blue serges, both single and double breasted; see these suits. Also a great variety of dark and light tweeds, made up with fine Italian linings. Extra nice goods	5 00
A fine black clay worsted, single and double breasted, made of best imported cloth and trimmed with extra fine farmer's satin. This suit is the favorite for extra nice wear. They are usually sold at $8. That was our price last year, but we have made a big effort and you get them now for only	7 00

Boys' long pant suits equally as good value.

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FRESH HERRINGS in Tins

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in Tins. Finest Brands.

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CLAPPERTON'S SIX CORD MACHINE COTTON 40

Clapperton's . . Thread.

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen.—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. MCINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
  The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
  To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her.—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The bes to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE

— AND —

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

Representing the following first-class Companies:

The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.

The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.

The London and Lancashire,
Of Liverpool, England.

REAL ESTATE.

Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.

Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.

APPLY TO

JAMES BOOTH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy: in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

A. N. REID,
FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF A. W. HOARD, HOARD'S STATION, INSOLVENT.

THE undersigned is instructed by the Inspector of the above estate to sell by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Belleville, on THURSDAY, APRIL 22nd, at 2 p.m., the following stock, consisting of:

Dry Goods	$291 27
Clothing, Hats, Caps and Straws	153 69
Boots, Shoes and Rubbers	177 51
Crockery and Tinware	69 24
Hardware, Paints and Oils	186 36
Groceries and Stationery	200 18
Patent Medicines	82 41

For further particulars and examination of stock sheet, &c., apply to A. L. Colville, Barrister, Campbellford, N. B. Falkiner, Barrister, Belleville, or the Assignee on the premises, Hoard's Station, on G. T. R., six miles from Campbellford.

W. R. MATHER, Assignee,
Menie P. O.

Belleville, April 12th, 1897. d3teod

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

Dr. Humphreys' Says I
You have Tried
"77" for Grip & Colds,
Now try
"10" for Dyspepsia.

My "77" for Grip and Colds carried you safely through the winter; now try my Specific "10" for your stomach and escape the dangers of spring. You will realize a freedom from Dyspepsia and Indigestion, and experience a joy that can only be derived from a sweet stomach.

A single dose of "10" relieves "smoker's" heartburn; "10" cures Dyspepsia and Weak Stomach.

Dr. Humphreys' Homœopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or mailed free. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25cts., 50cts. or $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John sts., New York.

THE POPE'S DELEGATE

Sketch of the Personal Representative of His Holiness in Canada.

An interesting personality at present in Canada is Mgr. Raffaele Merry del Val, the personal representative of the Pope of Rome. He is clothed with powers second only to those possessed by His Holiness himself; but notwithstanding this the great dailies publish conflicting reports as to his mission and his status. The mother of the new delegate is a daughter of Count Torri Diaz, a Spanish Senator, who, however, married while in England, and lived there for a number of years. His father, Senor Merry del Val, was in the Court of St. James, London, and is now Spanish Ambassador to the Vatican. Mgr. Merry del Val was born in 1862, when his father was in London, and received his early education in England. Later he studied in Belgium and Rome. For the past seven years he has been attached to the household of His Holiness Pope Leo XIII., being one of those in immediate attendance on the Holy Father. It is not customary that anyone in that position should be detched from their attendance, and the sending of Mgr. Merry del Val to Canada in an unusual act, indicative, it is said, of the solicitude of his Holiness for his flock in Canada.

Mgr. Merry Del Val.

It has been reported from London that it is expected that Mgr. Merry del Val's mission to Canada will be completed in time for him to be present at the jubilee celebration in London in June, where he is to be the official representative of the Pope. Mgr. Merry del Val himself, however, has heard nothing of any such intention on the part of His Holiness, and is inclined to think that the report emanated from the fact of his having attended the last jubilee celebration in 1887, where he went as the secretary of Cardinal Ruffo, the official representative of the Vatican on that occasion. In the following year, 1888, Mgr. Merry del Val went to Berlin as secretary of Cardinal Galimberti on the occasion of the funeral services attendant on the death of Emperor Frederick. Mgr. Merry del Val is secretary of the commission appointed of recent years for the reunion of the dissentient churches, of which commission Cardinal Vaughan is a member. This commission is now permanently organized, and is extending its work in all parts of the globe. He is in Canada concerning the Manitoba school question.

His Explanation.

"I wonder," he said, musingly, "why it is that girls wear bloomers."

"I know," yelled her small brother.

"Willie!" she exclaimed, half threateningly and half pleadingly.

"Why?" asked the caller with evident amusement.

"'Cause they won't admit they're old enough to get into long pants," answered Willie.—Chicago Post.

TO MEET AT CHATHAM

Brantford and London Were Beaten by 4000.

Wells of Waterloo Gets the Vice-Presidency—M. Wilson Makes an Eloquent and Successful Plea for Chatham—Bruce Walker of Brantford Tells Anecdotes—Dr. Davis of London Talks of Typewriters—Peterboro and Winnipeg Want the Races in '98.

Toronto, April 17.

The C.W.A. meet controversy is over for the year, and Chatham gets the plum in the easiest sort of fashion. The Maple City surprised themselves and rolled up a plurality of nearly 4000 votes. Brantford's orator created a laugh when he declared that London was not seriously in it, and later on the ballots proved that Brantford was hardly in the running.

The contest was conducted in a most fair manner, and the true sporting spirit of the wheelmen was displayed when Brantford and London made the vote unanimous. The winners are truly grateful for the prize, as the following note from Meet Secretary J. F. Cairns to the Sporting Editor shows:

"Permit me through your columns to thank publicly on behalf of the Chatham Cycle Club all our friends who stood by us so nobly in the recent contest. Coming as comparative strangers, we made many most pleasing acquaintances among the members of the C.W.A., and formed many friendships, which we will be sure in time to come to renew with the greatest pleasure. As regards the outcome of the contest, I may say that, while we never figured ourselves out of the running, we scarcely had the assurance to look for such an overwhelming victory. We were agreeably surprised as to the size of the majority, and can only thank most heartily the kind friends who helped us, and assure them that, on the occasion of their visit next July, we will do our level best to prove ourselves worthy of the confidence thus placed in us."

GEORGE H. ORR, THE NEW HEAD.

T. A. Beamant of Ottawa was chosen chairman of the Racing Board. A. E. Walton ran a good second, and was afterwards elected as a member of that committee.

The vice-presidency resulted in favor of Mr. Wells of Waterloo, who justly earned the position.

Provincial race championships were instituted, but they would have none of the gold brick scheme.

The meeting of delegates was called for 9 a.m., in the Toronto Athletic Club gymnasium, but it was after 10 before the Credential Committee made their report. Then President Robertson called the meeting to order.

Mr. Donley explained that owing to some club oversight the Wanderers' vote was tabled as 53 members, when their correct representation should be 97, and it was accordingly placed at that figure.

The Executive Committee's report was amended on motion of Messrs. A. F. Webster and G H Orr to the effect that hereafter the C.W.A. take 10 per cent. of the gross receipts as its share of the annual race meet.

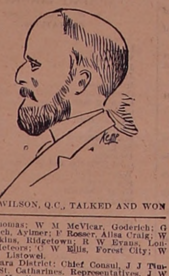
Mr. Ryckman supplemented his splendid rights and privileges report with an eloquent plea for the active support of cyclists everywhere for the furtherance of their rights.

President Robertson referred to his own report as a gem, and it was well taken. The Hamilton man made a model chairman, and kept good order throughout.

On being declared president for the next year, George H. Orr returned modest thanks. He did not want to say much now, but hoped they would hear from him during the current twelve months. He promised to serve the wheelmen to the best of his ability.

The different C.W.A. district consuls and representatives were declared selected, as follows:

Huron District: Chief Consul, H G Rothwell, Walkerville; B P Cory, Petrolea; A E Horn, Chatham; H C McBride, London; J D Lamont, Chatham; G S Herward, Chatham; D Mackenzie, Sarnia; R H McConnell, St. Thomas; W M McVicar, Goderich; G H Hinch, Aylmer; F Rosser, Ailsa Craig; W J Perkins, Ridgetown; R W Evans, London Meteors; C W Ellis, Forest City; W Climie Listowel.



MAT WILSON, Q.C., TALKED AND WON

Niagara District: Chief Consul, J J Tunmon, St. Catharines. Representatives, J W Board, Hamilton Ramblers; W S McBrayne, Hamilton Corinthians; G R Lloyd, Hamilton; C S Allen, Simcoe; H Johns, Hamilton; R C Ripley, Hamilton Crescents; J H Ross, Waterloo; C W Wells, Waterloo; H S Stephens, Niagara Falls; J G Lea, Woodstock; Paul Poquegnot, Berlin; R Broomfield, Brantford; J Hayden, Brantford Goold.

Toronto District: Chief Consul, H B Howson, British America; A F Webster, Toronto; A T Johnston, Athenaeum; S P Sharkey, Wanderers; J A Copland, Globe; A R Walton, R.C.B.C.; W E Wright, Q.O.R.; W J Darby, Mail; G A Howell, Canoeists; W B Campbell, Tourists; D J Kelly, Ramblers.

Central District: Chief Consul, J J Manning, Brampton; W D McLaren, Barrie; J H Jackson, Georgetown; Richard Darling, Harriston; W S Davis, Oakville.

Quinte District: Chief Consul, A J Campbell, Lindsay; G J Hoskins, Peterboro; R J Wilson, Kingston; F J Scott, Campbellford; G M Farmington, Picton; C M Mundy, Oshawa; W A Runnels, Port Hope.

Pacific District: Chief Consul, J A Fullerton, Vancouver; J M Rowell, Vancouver; J W Prescott, Vancouver; G H Gibbons, Victoria; G M Wintermute, New Westminster.

New Brunswick District: Chief Consul, I M Barnes, St. John; Charles Coster, St. John; F B Black, Sackville; E A Harris, Moncton.

Northwest Territories: Chief Consul, S B McNamara, Calgary. Representative, W Crawford, Medicine Hat.

Nova Scotia District: Chief Consul, W A Fitch, Truro, N.S.; J G Dimock, Windsor; W C Acker, Lunenberg; A C Casey, Amherst; A B Copeland, Antigonish; A Hallburton, Halifax.

Manitoba District: Chief Consul, J. Pitblado; W A Crisp, Portage La Prairie; A E Scott, Winnipeg; W H Sparling, Minnedosa.

Ottawa District: Chief Consul, W H Goring, Brockville; F C Chittede, Ottawa; T A Beamant, Ottawa; W Whillins, Ottawa; W Connover, Cornwall; J A Laidlaw, Brockville.

Prince Edward Island: Chief Consul, A Ernest Ings; A C Saunders, Summerside.

Montreal District: Chief Consul, L Rubenstein; D J Watson, G S Low, M M Duff, Wanderers; C Manline, Y.M.C.A.; L Charlebois, Voltigeurs.

Quebec District: Chief Consul, F Macnaughton, Quebec; O Conner, Levis; L A Blagdon, Fraserville; J A Frigon, Three Rivers; J U Roy, Quebec; A D Scott, Quebec; G Van Felson, Quebec; F S Stocking, Quebec.

Sherbroke District: Chief Consul, T L Baldwin, Coaticook; T T Cartwright.

On motion of Messrs. E. B. Ryckman and H. B. Donly, it was adopted that, having regard to the long and glorious reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and the desirability of preserving as a holiday May 24, the Canadian Wheelmen's Association desire to place on record their hearty approval of the measure now before the Dominion Parliament, proposing to make May 24 a perpetual holiday in honor of Her Majesty's Diamond Jubilee, and that copies of this be sent to Hon. Senator Macdonald, the promoter of the bill, and to Hon. Wilfrid Laurier. Mr. Ryckman's motion supporting Mr. Casey's bicycle baggage bill, was also unanimously adopted.

HAL DONLY KNOWS THE GAME.

President Robertson decided to allow only one speaker from each place, each to have a 10 minutes' talk. The three gentlemen entrusted to the task all acquitted themselves creditably, and it is not the fault of Messrs. Walker and Davis that they lost the races. They all promised pretty girls and good beer for the boys, and each was cheered to the echo by his partisans.

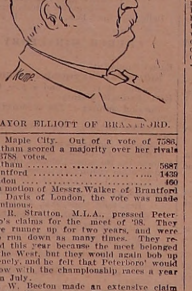
Matthew Wilson, Q.C., made an eloquent appeal on behalf of Chatham. Brantford reminded him of the Indians and Premier Hardy, London of elections, while the Maple City was synonymous with cricket, cycling and all sorts of good athletes. In Brantford they produced wheels, and in Chatham wheelmen. They had good roads, and a good track, and he pledged the meeting that a suitable stand would be built without expense to the C.W.A.

Mr. Bruce Walker presented Brantford's claim with a Scotch accent. He was anecdotal in his narrative. Brantford came to the C.W.A.'s aid 10 years ago. They were glad to meet the young girl then, and why should anyone try to stop them from embracing the buxom maid now, if it was their desire? He roasted Chatham for advertising a trip to Detroit as a side attraction.

RYCKMAN, LEARNED IN BIKE LAW.

Dr. George C. Davis, ex-Mayor of London, presented his city's claim in oratorical style. He had spoken often before in Toronto, and never was beaten in his desire. The brewery would be thrown open and a novel attraction was a field of typewriters, who would be at the disposal of the cyclists—whatever he meant by that.

Delegates were required to deposit their meet ballots with the president, so there would be no mistakes. It took 30 minutes to count them, and when Chairman Irwin announced the result there was a deafening cheer, and Cairns was carried to the front. No one expected such a poll for the Maple City. Out of a vote of 7586, Chatham scored a majority over her rivals of 3788 votes.



MAYOR ELLIOTT OF BRANTFORD.

Chatham	5687
Brantford	1439
London	460

On motion of Messrs. Walker of Brantford and Davis of London, the vote was made unanimous.

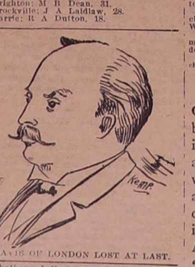
J. R. Stratton, M.L.A., pressed Peterboro's claims for the meet of '98. They were runner up for two years, and were also run down as many times. They retired this year because the meet belonged to the West, but they would again bob up serenely, and he felt that Peterboro' would follow with the championship races a year from July.

A. W. Beeton made an extensive claim for the '98 races for Winnipeg. He extolled the merits of the Prairie City and her athletes. They were the best in the world, and were royal entertainers. The feeling seemed to favor Winnipeg for '99.

A. W. Campbell, M.P., of Chatham, Provincial Good Roads Inspector, spoke a few good-natured words on his favorite topic. He was well received, and congratulated everyone on the fair feeling displayed.

The Credential Committee consisted of Messrs. J. N. Irwin, chairman, Athenaeum; G. R. Lloyd, Hamilton, and James A. Laidlaw of Brockville. The committee reported the following clubs duly represented and entitled to votes, as follows:

Ailsa Craig: F T Rosser, 18.
Aylmer: W W White, 84.
Brantford: Goold, T. Elliott, 100; St. Basils, F McNamara, 8; Brantford, Joseph Ruddy, 100: Massey-Harris, F Bishop, 40.
Berlin, H Teling, 18.
Brampton: J J Manning, 83.
Belleville: Ramblers, A Armstead, 7; Road Club, E W Holton, 30.
Brighton: M B Dean, 31.
Brockville: J A Laidlaw, 28.
Barrie: R A Dutton, 18.



DAVIS OF LONDON LOST AT LAST.

Chatham: J F Cairns, 501.
Collingwood: E H Telfer, 36.
Campbellford: F Smith, 53.
Cobourg: F M Haverly, 31.
Dresden: F H Wells, 26.
Goderich: Hurons, D McGillicuddy, 71.
Galt: Y.M.C.A., W S McKay, 24.
Grimsby: W D Forbes, 37.
Georgetown: J H Jackson, 34.
Hamilton: Crescents, R C Ripley, 36; Hamilton, J W Nelson, 46; Ramblers, J W Board, 86; Y.M.C.A., H Jones, 61.
Harriston: W A Woolner, 17.
Hastings: W M Forbes, 34.
Inglewood: J H Graham, 19.
Kingston: E Lyons, 116.
Rockwood: Dr. T Forster, 22.
Listowel: R Hacking, 41.
London: Conservatives, J L O'Brien, 47; Forest City, G E Coleman, 41; London, J R Miller, 101; Meteors, W H Abbott, 50; Wheelmen, A Rossor, 33.
Lindsay: A L Campbell, 81.
Milton: A Armstrong, 28.
Montreal: L Rubenstein, 220; Wanderers, M McDuff, 105.
Toronto: Q.O.R., W E Right, 43; Queen City, H S Salt, 34; Ramblers, F H Daley, 46; R.C.B.C., J P Willows, 68; St. Alphonsus, S P Grant, 20; T.B.C., A E Webster, 206; Tourists, D Densmore, 87; West Association, W J McLean, 10; Wanderers, H T Wilson, 97; Argonauts, G H Muntz, 20.
Niagara Falls: H E Simpson, 62.
Orillia: J Boyle, 33.
Owen Sound: A J Frost, 54.
Orangeville: D B Brown, 33.
Oshawa: C M Mundy, 41.
Ottawa: T A Beamant, 50; A.A.C., F C Chittick, 28.
Petrolea: Imperial, B P Corey, 133.
Paris: C W Lawton, 18.
Peterboro: P Campbell, 53.
Port Hope: G D Clarke, 29.
Perth: A C Shaw, 47.
Picton: H E C Melrose, 37.
Quebec: F M McNaughton, 641.
Ridgetown: Dr. Marr, 33.
St. Thomas: E E Weldon, 52.
Sarnia: D McKenzie, 140.
Simcoe: C S Allen, 83.
St. Catharines: Owls, G P Mittleberger, 100.
St. George: F K Bell, 14.
Sunderland: J H Clendenning, 8.
Stouffville: C R Fitch, 14.
Sherbrooke, Que.: T T Cartwright, 59.
Trenton: R H Spencer, 18.
Toronto: Athenaeum, G Schofield, 183; Association Wheelmen, 12; British America, H B Housan, 35; Calumet, H L Doble, 38; Camera, G R Baker, 13; Cyclists' Association, G A Kingston, 7; Civil Service, M E Hinds, 41; Canoeists, G A Howell, 38; Epworth League, R H McBride, 9; Globe, C H Good, 48; Garrison, Sergt. Beattie, 6; Mail, W J Darby, 32; Parkdale, C C Henderson, 40.
Vancouver, B.C.: W L Collins, 209.
Walkerville: H O Kerr, 100.
Woodstock: F Hyde, 49.
Waterloo: C W Wells, 49.
Walkerton: F J Macoum, 35.
Winnipeg: Rovers, W W Beaton, 115.
Levis, Que.: O H Carrier, 91.
S. Marys: M Dewey, 18.

The amendment of Messrs. A. F. Webster and George H. Orr that the C.W.A. take 10 per cent. of the gross gate receipts of the July races carried unanimously, and hereafter the association will know their financial connection with the meet holders.

Hereafter all past presidents of the association in good standing shall be members of the Dominion Board.

The board meeting convened after luncheon, with President-elect Orr in the chair. They lost little time in electing the different committees.

The chairmanship of the Racing Board resulted in a surprise to some members of the board. Mr. Beamant, the Ottawa candidate, had a good majority over Messrs. Walton and Hurst, who finished in the order named. Mr. Beamant made a manly address in reply to the demand for a speech. He had canvassed for no votes and had only those to thank who helped him in. He would use every effort for the furtherance of bicycle racing in the Dominion. According to the constitution the two chief offices are filled by the representatives. Mr. Orr, being elected by acclamation, left only a contest for the vice-presidency, Mr. Wells of Waterloo securing the place after a contest. Of course, Hal B. Daly has a permanency of the secretary-treasurership, and thus the list of officers for the coming year will be as follows:

MACNAUGHTON FROM QUEBEC.

President—George H Orr, Toronto Wanderers.

Vice-President—Clayton Wells, Waterloo.

Racing Board—J A Beamant, Ottawa, chairman; Bliss P Corey, Petrolea; J G Gauld, Hamilton; W G McClelland, Toronto; A E Walton, R.C.B.C.

Transportation Committee—A F Webster, chairman; D J Watson, Montreal; R J Wilson, Kingston.

Rules and Regulations—W A Irwin, chairman; membership of two left to the president.

Rights and Privileges—E B Ryckman, chairman; membership left to the president.

Several amendments to the association by-laws had been handed in. Some were important and others not.

Vice-President Wells' amendment, asking for Provincial championship meets, created a lengthy discussion. Messrs. Beaton, Dr. Balfour, Hill, Beamant, Cartwright and Secretary Donly favored the innovation, while ex-President Robertson, Ryckman, McNaughton and Rubenstein opposed the amendment, which was finally carried, and next year each of the Provinces is entitled to championship races.

The appointment of chairmen and members of district racing boards shall be left to the Dominion Racing Board chairman and none of these shall be connected with the bicycle trade.

The gold brick proposition was bowled over. After appointing Dr. Doolittle, the C.W.A. delegate to the National Cyclists' Union races at Glasgow, and exchanging reciprocal greetings with the Canadian Lacrosse Association and Western Football Association, the meeting adjourned.

WINNIPEG WANTS IT IN '98.

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need, in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 13 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." MRS. M. M. MESSENGER, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

We know that Cod-liver Oil is a fat-forming food because takers of it gain rapidly in weight under its use and the whole body receives vital force. When prepared as in Scott's Emulsion, it is quickly and easily changed into the tissues of the body. As your doctor would say, "it is easily assimilated." Perhaps you are suffering from fat starvation. You take fat enough with your food, but it either isn't the right kind, or it isn't digested. You need fat prepared for you, as in Scott's Emulsion.

A TRIPLE MURDER.

Tragedy at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., Creates a Sensation—Two Women Dead in a Carriage.

Sackett's Harbor, N.Y., April 16.—A horrible crime was committed in the vicinity of Madison Barracks, where the 9th U.S. Infantry is stationed, some time last night. During the afternoon or evening, George Allen, a steward at the barracks, hired a horse and carriage and took two women out driving. One of his companions was a young lady, Miss Bailey, and the other a divorced woman, Mrs. Crouch. At 2.30 this morning, the horse came back to the livery stable, drawing the carriage, which first the liveryman believed was empty, but on going up to the rig he found the corpses of the two women in the bottom of it. He at once notified the authorities. About this time Allen came staggering into the barracks in a weakened condition and he, too, is expected to die. He has made an ante-mortem statement to the effect that Crouch, husband of the divorced woman, assaulted the whole party, murdered the two women and threw him (Allen) into a creek. Crouch is under arrest. Crouch formerly lived in Canada.

Allen Says Crouch Did It.

Watertown, N. Y., April 16.—As the day wore on suspicion pointed more and more toward Wilbur Crouch, as the murderer. Allen, the man who was with the two women, came back to the mess hall about 4.40, when he fainted, but not before saying: "Get the women out of the creek." He was wet from head to foot and showed signs of having been in the water. For some time it was impossible to get any statement from him, so low was his condition. Stimulants were given and, as soon as he was aroused, the following statement was given, but only in answer to questions, he saying that it hurt his throat to talk: "Crouch did it. It was done by the creek. Crouch grasped the reins of the right horse and I leaped out of the rig. I was struck by a lash and then shot. I tried to get out my revolver, but before I could do so was shot again. In getting out my revolver I accidentally shot myself in the throat. The women were shot and fell on top of me."

Allen was asked how many times he shot and would hold up his hand with fingers outstretched, meaning that five bullets had pierced his body. After the shooting occurred Allen says he was driven a long distance by Crouch, and afterwards fell out of the buggy. He has now partly recovered, but grave fears are entertained for his recovery. Allen has been keeping company with Miss Daly, and it is said they were to be married tomorrow.

A coroner's jury was empanelled and rendered a verdict to the effect that the two women came to their death by bullet wounds believed to have been administered by Wilbur Crouch. Crouch has been arrested, and is in the county jail in Watertown.

WARNED BY THE QUADRA.

The Complaint Made Against the Canadian Government by the Owner of the U.S. Fishing Steamer Edith.

Tacoma, Wash., April 16.—W. N. Lazler, one of the owners of the American steamer Edith, which fished off the North Pacific halibut banks during the winter, says the officers of the Canadian revenue cutter Quadra warned the vessel not to fish off the coast of British Columbia, under penalty of seizure, although she was several miles beyond the three mile limit. Lazler says that another American fishing vessel has also been warned. He claims to have reported the matter to the United States authorities, and is waiting advices. He hesitates, under the conditions, to send the vessel to the banks. The greater part of the Edith's catch was shipped from Tacoma to New York and Boston. The vessel might be sent out from British Columbia ports under the British flag, but the duty charged by the United States on halibut caught by British vessels would make the business of catering to the American trade unprofitable.

UNITED PRESBYTERIANISM.

The Object of the Gathering of Ministers Now Being Held in Chicago.

Chicago, April 16.—Many distinguished Presbyterian ministers are in session in Chicago to-day to consider methods of bringing the various Presbyterian church organizations of the world into closer harmony. These men are members of the western section of the executive commission of the Alliance of Reformed Churches throughout the world holding the Presbyterian system. They come from many sections of the United States and canada and represent a variety of Presbyterian churches. Their sessions will not be open to the public. The western section of the commission has 56 members. Rev. William Caven, principal of Knox College, Toronto is the chairman. Rev. W. H. Roberts, clerk of the General Asssembly of the Presbyterian Church, is the American secretary.

Bullet Proof Cloth

Chicago, April 16.—Casimir Zeigler, a brother of the Order of Resurrectionists, at a cloister connected with the St. Stanislaus Polish Church in Noble-street, has invented a cloth of silk and wool treated chemically which is declared to be bullet proof. In a test made yesterday the piece of cloth which he had woven stopped steel bullets fired into it by a regulation U. S. rifle at a distance of 150 yards. The cloth is half an inch thick. A breastplate made of it would weigh four pounds.

Real Application.

Clara—Mr. and Mrs. Brown-Smith enjoy life immensely.

May—Indeed! Why?

Clara—Both married for money, neither of them had any, and now they have lots of fun laughing at each other.

WHEN YOU ARE CRIPPLED AND DISABLED BY RHEUMATISM
USE PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND.

It Cures Perfectly and Permanently.

"Save me from my sufferings and excruciating agonies!" Thousands of helpless and suffering ones utter this cry daily.

A kind Providence has permitted the afflicted ones to see the glorious spring time with its joyous singing birds and budding flowers, but they cannot enjoy the beauties of nature; they are martyrs to rheumatism and sciatica, and can think of nothing but their own pitiful condition.

Sufferers, you are completely hedged in by dangers, and the sooner you escape from them the better. A little longer putting off—another week's procrastination, and death may receive you in its cold embrace.

Do not longer remain inactive or go on experimenting with medicines that cannot cure you. Paine's Celery Compound, that banisher of rheumatism, in a scientific way removess the cause, and permanently cures.

Your muscles, joints and limbs that have become stiffened and contracted will become limber after Paine's Celery Compound, has been used for a time, and soon—very soon—you will walk as spry as any youth.

Thousands have forever banished their rheumatism by the use of Paine's Celery Compound, and have given the most decided and convincing testimony. Try its virtues, poor sufferer, this very day! No one ever failed to find health and strength who faithfully used nature's true remedy—Paine's Celery Compound.

It is poor economy to buy cheap Tea, and use twice as much, and not get half as much satisfaction as from a good one.

"LUDELLA"
CEYLON TEA

Is a good one and sure to please.
In Lead Packages. 25c., 40c., 50c. and 60c.
From Leading Grocers Everywhere.

WAS SLOWLY DYING.

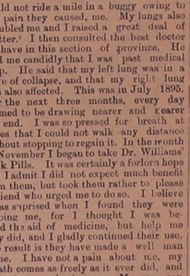
THE RESULT OF AN ATTACK OF LA GRIPPE AND PNEUMONIA.

THE STRANGE CASE OF MR. JAMES OWEN, OF JOHNVILLE—DOCTORS TOLD HIM HIS LUNGS WERE AFFECTED AND HE COULD NOT RECOVER—NOW IN GOOD HEALTH.

(From the Sherbrooke Gazette.)

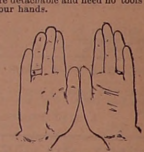
When a man faces what medical authorities tell him is certain death, and regains health and strength, he is naturally grateful to the medicine that has restored him. Such a man is Mr. James Owen, one of the best known farmers in the vicinity of Johnville, Que. Mr. Owen tells his story of shattered health and renewed strength as follows:—"On the 17th of December, 1894, I was attacked with la grippe. A week later the trouble developed into pneumonia in its worst form, and I did not leave my bed until the first of March, 1895, and then I was so weak that I was unable to walk alone. All winter my life hung in the balance. Summer came, and I was still weak and feeble, though with the warm weather I gained a little strength. I had, however, but very little power in my legs, and I could not ride a mile in a buggy owing to the pain they caused, me. My lungs also troubled me and I raised a great deal of matter. I then consulted the best doctor we have in this section of province. He told me candidly that I was past medical help. He said that my left lung was in a state of collapse, and that my right lung was also affected. This was in July 1895. For the next three months, every day seemed to be drawing nearer and nearer the end. I was so pressed for breath at times that I could not walk any distance without stopping to regain it. In the month of November I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It was certainly a forlorn hope and I admit I did not expect much benefit from them, but took them rather to please a friend who urged me to do so. I believe I was surprised when I found they were helping me, for I thought I was beyond the aid of medicine, but help me they did, and I gladly continued their use. The result is they have made a well man of me. I have not a pain about me, my breath comes as freely as it ever did, and I am strong and vigorous. My case can be briefly summed up in a few words. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have given me a new lease of life and I am glad to let everybody know it.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves, and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured after all other medicines had failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from imposition by refusing any pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box.



Tire Tools . . .
are a miserable burden, and even if you have them all with you, you're working in the dark if you can't detach your tire.

Dunlop Tires
are detachable and need no tools but your hands.



Send for our catalogue—it will interest you to understand just why Dunlop's are the popular favorites.

American Dunlop Tire Co.,
TORONTO.

WHAT IS BRITAIN'S AIM?

Seven Warships Turn Up Unexpectedly at Durban, Natal—All are Under Sealed Orders.

Durban, Natal, April 16.—The British cruiser Racoon, which left Cape Town on Feb. 12, under sealed orders, arrived here unexpectedly during the night with six other British warships. Two more war vessels of the British fleet are expected here to-night. The object of this naval demonstration is not known here.

HAMMOND IN LONDON.

The Ex-Transvaal Prisoner Arrives There and Expresses His Views.

London, April 16.—Mr. John Hays Hammond, the American engineer and former member of the Johannesburg Reform Committee, arrived here from South Africa to-day. He says that affairs at Johannesburg are very unsettled, which precluded discussing Transvaal politics. But Mr. Hammond did not think an outbreak of war between Great Britain and the Transvaal was likely to occur in the immediate future.

Canadian Lacrosse Association.

Toronto, April 17.

The annual meeting of the Canadian Lacrosse Association, called to be held in the Rossin House yesterday afternoon, was so largely attended that they had to adjourn to the Confederation Life Building.

The meeting proved to be the largest in the history of the C.L.A., there being 98 clubs represented. President H. O'Loughlin was in the chair, and after welcoming the delegates, old and new, the various reports were read and adopted. There was a hot discussion between Messrs. Lennox, Rose, Nesbitt and Secretary Vance over the adoption of the auditors' report, which showed a balance on hand of $104 in the Merchants' Bank. This report was finally adopted.

The following officers were elected after a hot fight: Hon. president, H O'Loughlin; president, J J Craig, Fergus (Jackson retired in favor of Lennox); vice-president, J D Bailey, Toronto; second vice-president, J Glanville, Mount Forest; sec.-treas., W J Vance (re-elected); council, R Jackson, J Macdonald, F Nelson, Howard, Clemes, W J Stark, F J Moore, B McMillan, D Slater, J A Ross, W H Hall.

After the election of officer
amendments were adopted
There are five clubs ent
League—Tecumseh, Seaf
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wishing to enter can
week. It was moved b
carried that the associa
ner to the Toronto Jun
and to any other su
Mr. Jackson as
for Seaforth, bu
in Toronto, af

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

WANTED—An apprentice to the Drug Business. Apply to ALEX. RAY.

WANTED—Reliable Agents for this locality; liberal terms. R. B. Hayhoe & Co., 48 Church St., Toronto. 1t

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

Farms or Ranches.

WANTED—Management of Farm or Ranche; two-thirds profit of produce for working same; 12 months' option to purchase. Apply to L. L. L., this office. 4-17d4tw1t

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. I7ddeodtf

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

J. Owen.

WATER WORKS
PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING.
PHONE - - - 219

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

AUCTION SALE.

MR. JACOB DULMAGE, Hillside st., will sell on TUESDAY, 20th inst., his household effects, consisting of Parlor, Dining-Room, Kitchen and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Chenille and Muslin Curtains, Sewing Machine, Happy Thought Range, Grand Universal Heater, Wood Cook and Oil Stoves, all in perfect order. Lawn Mower and quantity fine Canned Fruit.

Sale begins 9:30 a.m. sharp. No reserve. eod4t D. J. FAIRFIELD, Auctioneer.

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

ENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

no need of sending your
ut of the city when you can
ed or dyed equally well at
eam Dye Works, South
OUNG r proprietor. dtf

ronto University says
e been treated with
heir earliest years
mmended it and
s cold my wife
s remedy, which

Daily Intelligencer.

HONORED THE WORLD OVER

By Englishmen, Sunday, June 20, in Commemoration of the Queen's Diamond Jubilee.

The Supreme Lodge of the Sons of England Society has decreed that a church parade be held by the lodges throughout Canada on that day. The Supreme President has since elaborated the idea, with the object of making the occasion a continuous service of prayer and thanksgiving around the world. In a circular just issued to the brethren, he says:

"The services of the day will commence in the Fiji Islands. In due course they will be taken up by the lodges in South Africa, and so follow the sun westward. Upon the sun having crossed the ocean and reached the Continent of America, the brothers in St. John's Newfoundland, will commence the anthem, which will then be taken up in succession, lodge after lodge, across the continent through Canada, as the precise time reaches each, from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The brothers at Victoria, British Columbia, will send it across the Pacific back to the place of beginning, having kept company with the hours, and traversed the world in one unbroken line through the colonies of the Empire of the Union Jack.

"The members shall meet at their lodge rooms, or in some convenient place, and, clad in their regalia, shall march in procession to the church selected. Where there are two or more lodges in a locality they shall attend one combined service, which shall be held in a church selected by the Joint committee.

"The service will commence at 3.30 p.m. The opening hymn shall be the 'Old Hundredth.' 'All People that on Earth do Dwell.' At 4 p.m. precisely, according to astronomical or sun time, being the time at which the sun passes over the locality, the the congregation shall stand and sing three verses of the National Anthem, 'God Save the Queen,' to be immediately followed by (a) the Collect of Thanksgiving for Her Majesty's accession to the throne, as formerly used in the thanksgiving service for June 20, and (b) the prayer for the Queen and the royal family. The rest of the service is to be the regular Sunday afternoon service, with an interval to permit of the National Anthem being sung as the above at the proper time.

"This continuous anthem and prayer will be the loyal and affectionate tribute of the Sons of England to their gracious Queen, upon the Diamond Jubilee of her accession to the throne.

"The collection shall be given, as has been desired by Her Majesty, to some charitable purpose.

"The closing hymn shall be 'The Day Thou Gavest, Lord, is Ended,' No. 477. Ancient and Modern.

"The lodges shall invite the municipal authorities and sister societies to attend the service."

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

Ruin, Loss and Trouble.

When Common Dyes Are Used

Of all the preparations sold by druggists and general dealers in Canada for domestic use, certain package dyes for home dyeing give more trouble and cause more loss of time and money than all other articles sold.

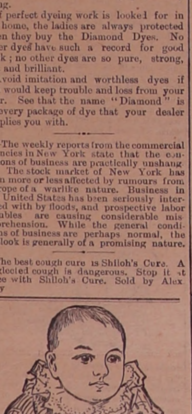
The reason, and the only reason that can be given, is that there are so many imitations of the celebrated Diamond Dyes now on the market, some of these worthless dyes being home made and some foreign. These common dyes are sold by some retailers for the sake of the large profits they bring.

If perfect dyeing work is looked for in the home, the ladies are always protected when they buy the Diamond Dyes. No other dyes have such a record for good work; no other dyes are so pure, strong, fast and brilliant.

Avoid imitation and worthless dyes if you would keep trouble and loss from your door. See that the name "Diamond" is on every package of dye that your dealer supplies you with.

—The weekly reports from the commercial agencies in New York state that the conditions of business are practically unshanged. The stock market of New York has been more or less affected by rumours from Europe of a warlike nature. Business in the United States has been seriously interfered with by floods, and prospective labor troubles are causing considerable misapprehension. While the general conditions of business are perhaps normal, the outlook is generally of a promising nature.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex Ray



SCALES LIKE A FISH

Terrible Condition of a Baby from a Scaly Skin Humor.

Our baby boy was born July 1, 1894. In the fall his legs became rough, from some skin trouble, from his knees down to his toes, also his arms, breast, and abdomen. We tried a great many different kinds of remedies, but without success. In the summer of 1896 it became a little better, but in the fall, and all winter, it was a sight to behold. He had scales on his body and arms like a fish, and almost black. In fact we were ashamed with it, but could not help it. We were almost in despair until we had used CUTICURA REMEDIES for about four days, when we noticed an improvement. Every time my wife washed him, her apron became covered with a scale-like skin. To-day it is gone, his skin is as smooth as any child, and we owe it, with the blessings of God, to CUTICURA REMEDIES. If you can use this testimony, we give our full consent.

GEO. HUYSKEN & WIFE,
375 Maple Street, Detroit, Mich.

In all the world there is no other treatment so pure, so sweet, so speedily effective as CUTICURA, greatest of skin cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies. CUTICURA REMEDIES daily perform more great cures of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating skin, scalp, and blood diseases than all other blood and skin remedies combined. A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, constitute the only unfailing external and internal treatment for all forms of skin, scalp, and blood humor known.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Baby Humor," free.

PIMPLY FACES Purified and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

THE CHARM.

Slight is the thing it needs to wake
The embers that have slumbered long
Within the poet's heart, and make
Them burn again with song.

A rose, a star, a voice, a glance,
Echo or glimpse—it is the same,
Some mystery of time or chance
That finds the hidden flame.

Embers of song and song's desire,
Hushed in the singer's heart they lie,
And softly kindle into fire,
If but a dream go by.

And none may say, since none can know,
Whence comes the vivifying spark
That sends a transitory glow
Of song across the dark.

It is a secret summons, such
As comes unto the spray when spring
Wakens the blossoms with a touch
That bids the poet sing.

LIFE'S LITTLE ILLS.

An Easy Way of Vanquishing the Mosquito.

A mixture of glycerine and carbolic acid is said to supply a wonderful protection from mosquitoes, as well as a cure for their bites. Take about twenty drops of the acid and put it into a bottle containing an ounce of glycerine and half an ounce of rosemary water. If used freely at night the sting of the insect will be almost miraculously cured and the disfiguring blotches removed by morning. If the odor is too disagreeable a few drops of attar of roses will make the remedy pleasanter, and leave it quite as efficacious.

Insect Bites.

Salt will relieve the pain caused by the stings or bites of insects if dampened with water, applied to the affected part, and bound tightly with a bandage. Ammonia is also of great service, especially for wasp stings; to which also an indigo bag may be applied with good results. Flea bites are relieved by vinegar.

Tender Feet.

After a long walk, or much standing, when the feet are very tired, it is a good plan to bathe them in water in which charcoal has been boiled; or frictions with gin and water will give speedy relief. Another remedy under the same condition is to put a handful of common salt into a footbath of hot water.

Feet are apt to be sensitive, growing hot and irritable when the skin is dry and fails to perspire. In these cases a salve is very comforting, and the following will be found efficacious: Zinc ointment, cold cream and spermaceti in equal parts.

When there is copious perspiration of the feet it often arises from constitutional weakness, and a tonic should be prescribed by a physician. In this case it is unwise to bathe the feet too frequently, and the water should contain a solution of borax; they should be freely powdered with lycopodium, or with equal parts of starch and subnitrate of bismuth.

The following is also helpful: Oleate of zinc, one drachm; subnitrate of bismuth, two drachms; Beta—naphthol, two grains. To be dusted frequently over the surface.

Red Hands.

Red hands are often benefited by frequent baths in oatmeal water—that is, take fine oatmeal, boil it in water for about an hour, strain, then night and morning use the liquid to wash in; it must, however, be made fresh every day, as it soon spoils. For exceptionally red and harsh hands a few grains of chloride of lime may be safely added to the soft warm water you wash them in; but remember to remove your rings, or they will be tarnished.

Indigestion.

Cider has been lately recommended as a remedy for certain phases of indigestion. In cases where food assimilation is too hurried, the cider is said to beneficial, and possibly its acid favors the action of the gastric juice. For gouty people, cider has also been recommended because it corrects the formations of the uric acid, to the presence of which gout is due.

Indigestion in children can be cured by carefully watching and vigilantly preaching the wholesome doctrine of mastication. Teach the child that every morsel he swallows without chewing thoroughly is so much poison to his body. Children are tenacious of life, and may be made to believe the truth of this statement.

For Cuts.

A powder for arresting bleeding is made by mixing together equal parts of alum, nutgalls, gum arabic and gum benzoin, these first being finely powdered. Another recipe gives equal parts of alum, gum tragacenth and taumic acid. Each powder is used by sprinkling and pressing a little on the wounded part. For slight cuts these powders will be found efficient, and especially in the often persistent bleeding which follows shaving.

THE COOKING SCHOOL GRADUATE.

I.

She understands biology,
Hygiene and physiology—
Qualitative analysis she knows from A to Z;
She is simply in her glory
When she's in the labatory,
For chemistry she's gotten down as fine as it can be.

II.

She knows culinary science,
Knows every late appliance
That is used in modern cookery in getting up the feast;
And she understands gastronomy—
Likewise household economy,
And can write a splendid essay on bacteria and yeast.

III.

She knows wholesome combinations,
Is "way up" on fermentations,
Of the carbohydrates, albumen and fats she knows a deal;
She is brimming o'er with knowledge
She acquired at cooking college,
But to save her theoretic soul she cannot cook a meal!

GOLD IN LEAD PACKETS ONLY, TO PRESERVE ... THEIR FRAGRANCE ...

For SUPERIOR FLAVOR FRAGRANCE, BOUQUET, HEALTH PROPERTIES.

DRINK ... "Tetley's" TEAS

"FROM ANCIENT INDIA AND SWEET CEYLON."

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Mason, Ann st., is quite ill.

Mr. T. J. Spafford, Toronto, is in the city.

Mrs. J. H. Madden has returned to Napanee.

Henry Corby, M. P., leaves for Ottawa to-night.

Miss Clara Brown is home for the Easter holidays.

Mrs. Hunter, of Harrowsmith, is visiting Mrs. J. C. Ash.

Mr. W. C. McLean, of Montreal, is home for the holidays.

Mr. Chas. Jenkins, of Montreal, is in the city on a visit.

Mr. A. Petrie, of Queen's College, is home for the holidays.

Mr. H. W. Morden, of Picton, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dulmage spent Good Friday in Trenton.

Mr. Cunningham, of Kingston, was in the city yesterday.

Geo. E. Casey, M.P., Fingal, is registered at Hotel Quinte.

Mrs. John J. Harrison, of Ottawa, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Harry Chislett, of Toronto, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. W. R. Roote, Cedar st., went to Toronto at noon to-day.

Miss Grange, of Napanee, is visiting Mrs. Edgar Foster, Queen st.

Mr. James McDonald, of Montreal, is home for the holidays.

The Rev. H. Bruce Kenny, of Grafton, spent Good Friday in the city.

Miss L. Holden, George st., left to-day on a visit to friends in Toronto.

James Macdonald is home from Montrea visiting his mother, George street.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Richardson, have gone to Napanee for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Gould, Wooler, are the guests of Mrs. McColl, Coleman st.

Miss Jessie Arkett is spending her Easter holidays with Miss Louisa Thompson.

Miss Miunie Brintnell is spending the Easter holidays in Colborne.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stevenson, of Deseronto, are visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. Dr. Coleman is visiting her mother, Mrs. Douglas Hooper, Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Henry and children, of Napanee, are in town visiting friends.

Mr. A. McAllister, Collector of Inland Revenue, is visiting relatives at Cobourg.

Mr. W. S. Cook, cheese exporter, returned on Thursday from a business trip to England.

Geo. A. Browne, of the Richelieu & Ontario Nav. Co'y, spent yesterday in the city.

Miss Edith Davis, daughter of C. W. Davis, Montreal, is the guest of Miss Jessie McLean.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Clarke entertained at their residence, corner Hotel and Ann sts., last evening.

Mr. W. H. Gordon and family will spend Easter at the residence of his father at the Lodgeroom, Hungerford.

Mr. Thos. J. Shanks, an old INTELLIGENCER boy, now editor of the Kingston News, was in town yesterday.

Miss Falkiner, Lady Superintendant of the hospital at Woodstock, is visiting her parents at Ballyrickard.

Mr. Stewart Wallbridge, of Anaconda, Montana, arrived home last night to attend the funeral of his mother.

Mr. McCollough and Mr. Gordon, of Kingston, spent Good Friday at Mr. Hugh Thompson's, Dunbar st.

Mrs. John Forin came home last evening from Brockville. She was accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. McLaren.

Miss Maggie Webster entertained a large party of her young friends at her father's residence, Bridge st., last evening.

Mr. J. W. Narraway, formerly Principal of the Central School, now teaching in Parkdale, is in the city renewing old acquaintances.

Mr. Frank Dowling, of Sydenham, will open a drug store in the Forin block next week. His place of business is being neatly fitted up.

The Tweed News says: "Mr. Jas. Marchen leaves on Monday for Belleville to apprentice himself as a machinest in the Walker foundry.'

The Rev. D. O. Crossley will preach in the Tabernacle to-morrow, giving a song sermon in the evening, when he will be pleased to see his many Belleville friends.

Capt. McGuinness, who went to Liverpool last fall to assist his father during the winter, returned on Thursday and was heartily welcomed home by his comrades of the 15th.

Mr. A. H. Wallbridge, of Vancouver, B. C., is in the city. It is seven years since he left here to seek his fortune in the west, and he thinks the old city greatly improved during his absence.

J. T. Clarke, of Foxboro, has just passed his final examination for the degree of M. D., C. M., at Trinity University, winning a certificate of honor, which means over 75% in all subjects. He has also been made a Fellow of Trinity Medical College, passing the examination for that degree with first-class honors.

J. E. Halliwell, Stirling; F. G. Lewis, F. J. White, H. Lefort, H. A. Bowers, Montreal; John Colvert, Mantern, N.J.; D. E. K. Stewart, Madoc; Geo. E. Casey, Fingal; T. A. Mace, St. Johns, Que.; W. H. Pearson, jr., T. Davitt, R. Matthews, J. Johnston, Ed. Egan, Toronto; G. W. McEathron, Syracuse, N. Y., are registered at the Quinte.

Geo. A. Stone, London; C. A. Powell, Galt; J. N. Chambers, Owen Sound; C. A. Bigelow, Trenton; W. S. Gordon and J. K. McCullough, Kingston; D. R. Milne, Stirling; Geo. E. J. Brown, Barrie; A. E. Bailey, Campbellford; J. E. Terrill, Picton; H. G. Buck, Norwood; S. Westover, Foxboro; O. H. Ostrom, Toronto; A. W. H. Doyle and A. S. Valleau, Deseronto; C. H. McCrady, Brockville, are at the Anglo.

WE ARE NOW OPEN ... FOR BUSINESS

We wish to thank those who so liberally patronized us when in the retail business before. We sdall be pleased to see all our old customers and all others, and we shall endeavor by prompt and careful attentiou to merit your patronage.

All our goods are new.

MR. JOHN MAY is with us and will be pleased to see all his friends.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.,

HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE.
STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET,
BELLEVILLE. d&w

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our - Tables. -

Flower's Bargain House,
375 FRONT STREET.

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Chap. 110 R. S. O. 1887 that all persons having claims against the estate of Emma Jane Chapman late of the Township of Thurlow in the County of Hastings, deceased, who died on or about the 14th day of December 1896, are required on or before the 15th day of May 1897, to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned, Solicitor for the Administrator, their Christian and Surnames and addresses and a statement of their claims with particulars and description duly sworn to and the nature of security (if any) held by them.

And after said date the Administrator, The Toronto General Trusts Co., will distribute the assets of the said Estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which it then had notice; and the said Administrator will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof of whose claims notice shall not then have been received as aforesaid.

W. JEFFERS DIAMOND,
Solicitor for Administrator.
Belleville, April 15th, 1897. 17-24-1-8.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Easter Sunday at

BRIDGE ST. METHODIST CHURCH.

Sermons at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. by the Rev. Charles E. McIntyre.

Morning subject—"The Resurection of Christ."

Evening Subject—"The Resurection of Man."

2:30 p.m.—Sunday School.

Strangers in the city, students at Albert College, the Business Colleges, the schools, and all other visitors welcomed.

HOLLOWAY ST. METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. Robt. Cade, D.D., Pastor.
(Services to-morrow, April 18th.)

10 a.m.—Class Meetings.

11 a.m.—Sermon: "The Great Mystery of Godliness."

2:30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—Sermon: "Messiah's Sufferings and Glory."

Easter anthems by Mr. Eaton and the choir.

Students, strangers and citizens always welcome.

TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH

Church St.
Rev. E. Roberts, Pastor.

10 a.m.—Fellowship Meeting.
11 a.m.—Rev. D. O. Crossley.
2.30—Sabbath School.
6.30—Epworth League prayer meeting.
7 p.m.—Song Sermon.

As the services are of a special character, all are invited and will be made welcome.

Hard on Trenton.

The Gilmour Co. are removing a large quantity of their mill machinery from Trenton to their new mill at Canoe Lake, in the Algonquin Park. They have taken away eight of the sixteen boilers, more than half the saws, and a lot of other apparatus is being daily shipped north. The cut at Trenton this year will be comparatively light and will not begin before the middle of July. The big mill is a sad wreck and its ultimate removal is only a matter of time.

EASY VICTIMS.

A LARGE PERCENTAGE OF MEMBERS IN THE COMMONS SUFFER FROM CATARRH—THE HOPE OF FIFTY FOUND IN DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER—THEY TELL THEIR OWN STORY OF SUCCESSFUL RECOVERY THROUGH THIS REMEDY.

Mr. W. H. Bennett, Member for East Simcoe, and forty-nine others of the House of Commons, have, over their own signatures, told of the good effects of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. What the remedy has done for these Parliamentarians it is doing for thousands of others in public and private life the Dominion over. With cold in the head it gives immediate relief inside of half an hour, and a little perseverance quickly rids the head of all trouble. It is easy and pleasant to use and produces no hurtful after effects. Sold by R. Templeton.

Union Service.

The Good Friday service at Bridge st. church was a union one, the Revds. E. Roberts, C. E. McIntyre and Dr. Cade participated in it. The Rev. Dr. Cade delivered an appropriate address.

THE ALE AND PORTER

..........OF..........

JOHN LABATT,

LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN
WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,

AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

THE history of H. A. Lozier & Co. in Canada almost reads like a fairy tale. It is almost beyond conception, the progress that this firm has made since coming here. In the fall of 1895 they manufactured the first Cleveland Bicycle made in Canada, and in the short space of time which has ensued since then they have become the most successful manufacturers in the Cycle trade. Their wonderful success has been due, not to luck, but honestly earned by embracing in the manufacturing of the Cleveland Bicycle everything that ingenuity, skill and wealth could devise. The thoroughness of manufacture and the rigid inspection which every part of the wheel has to undergo before being allowed to be used, is responsible for the fact that of the thousands of Clevelands that were turned out last season there was not one returned on account of defective workmanship. Without going into the many details and improvements that are embodied in the 1897 Cleveland, it will not be out of place to call attention to the remarkable manner in which the whole world has confirmed the verdict of America on the Cleveland Wheel during the past season.

The prejudice against American wheels was perhaps natural, but not being based on any sound objection has vanished before the Cleveland. Not only is the Cleveland solidly established in popularity in all Europe, but it can be seen in use in every civilized country of the Globe, being, for instance, in Australia the only typical and easily leading Americal wheel.

To eulogize the Cleveland would be to consume a day; suffice to say that honesty of manufacture and true merit have received their reward, and the Cleveland Bicycle well deserves the position it now occupies as the leading Wheel of Canada.

THE FOSTER COMPANY, Limited.

MINING MARKET.

R W. Adams, Agent.
QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

PILL-OSOPHY.

There are pills and Pills—but Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills at 20 cents a vial lead in demand. The sale borders on the phenomenal.

Sluggish liver, constipation or irregular bowels are the precursors of many physical disorders.

These little wonders remove the cause.

They are entirely vegetable. They act on the liver and bowels without disturbance to the system, diet or occupation. They never gripe. They act pleasantly. 40 in a vial for 20 cents. Sold by R. Templeton.

—Mr. John Wrightman, one of the most prosperous farmers of Glengarry, died yesterday.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

—The Federal convention in Adelaide by a vote of twenty-three to twelve has rejected an amendment to allow women to vote for members of the South Australian House of Representatives.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

—At present there are two Conservative Associations in Ottawa, but it is hoped that differences have been healed, and that the two associations will soon be reunited. There is a split in the Liberal party in the capital, which is likely to result in the formation of two Liberal Associations.

How to Cure Corns.

Easy? Yes, if you go about it the right way. Get the best always. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor never fails to cure. Acts in twenty-four hours and causes neither pain nor discomfort. Putnam's Corn Extractor extracts corns; it is the best.

The Phrenoline Medicines

THE ONLY ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE PREPARATIONS ON THE MARKET

Pleasant, Pure and Healthful

PHRENOLINE Rheumatic Specific — Guaranteed to cure Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout and Neuralgia.

PHRENOLINE Pills — A sure cure for Headache, Dizziness Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Paralysis, Convulsions, Heart Disease, etc., etc.

Manufactured on Honor and Sold on Merit.

Sold in Belleville only by D. M. Waters. apr

Mixed Paints.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS AND JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT ......

THE PHARMACY,

D M. WATERS.

Easter....

Last year we put in some Easter goods for the first time and were very much pleased with the result. We have added some new lines along with some of the most popular ones of last year, and mention a few below: Large egg with blowing wheel, 15 cts. each; jockey on egg, 15 cts. each; monkey blowing wheel, 20 cts. each; egg in cup, 8 cts. each; fancy eggs, assorted colors, 5 cts. each; baby in cradle, 17 cts. each; the Yellow Kid, 20 cts. each; chocolate chickens, 10 cts. each; chocolate eggs, 5 cts. each; chocolate eggs, 2 cts. each; cream eggs, fancy, 10 cts. each; cream eggs, 5 cts. each; cream eggs, 4 for 5 cts. Leave your orders early for Hot X Buns.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Why Buy
BABY CARRIAGES & FURNITURE
From Tickell & Sons Co'y?
BECAUSE They Offer BARGAINS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

Part 2.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO SATURDAY, APRIL 17 1897. NO. 293

These Competitions will be conducted monthly during 1897.

FIRST PRIZES—
10 Stearns' Bicycles EACH MONTH.

SECOND PRIZES—
25 Gold Watches EACH MONTH.

HOW TO OBTAIN THEM. Competitors to save as many "Sunlight" Soap Wrappers as they can collect. Cut off the top portion of each wrapper—that portion containing the heading "SUNLIGHT SOAP." These (called "Coupons") are to be sent enclosed with a sheet of paper on which the competitor has written his or her full name and address, and the number of coupons sent in, postage paid, to Messrs. Lever Bros. Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, marked on the postal wrapper (top left hand corner) with the number of the district competitor lives in. The districts are as follows:

NAME OF DISTRICT.
1 Western Ontario, consisting of Counties York, Simcoe and all Counties W. and N. of these.
2 Eastern Ontario, consisting of Counties Ontario, Muskoka and all Counties E. and N. of these.
3 Province of Quebec.
4 Province of New Brunswick.
5 Province of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

SEND THIS TOP PORTION
"SUNLIGHT" SOAP
WHY DOES A WOMAN LOOK OLD

$1,625 Given Away EACH MONTH IN BICYCLES AND WATCHES FOR SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS.

The bicycles are the celebrated Stearns, manufactured by E. C. Stearns & Co., Syracuse, N. Y., and Toronto, Ont. Each wheel is guaranteed by the makers, and has complete attachments.

LEVER BROS., LTD.,
23 SCOTT STREET, TORONTO.

RULES. 1. Every month during 1897, in each of the five districts, prizes will be awarded as follows:

The two competitors who send in the largest numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside, will each receive, at winner's option, a lady's or gent's Stearns' Bicycle with complete attachments.

The five competitors who send in the next largest numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside, will each receive, at winner's option, a lady's or gent's Gold Watch, value $25.

2. The competition will close the last day of each month during 1897. Coupons received too late for one month's competition will be put into the next.

3. Competitors who obtain wrappers from unsold soap in dealer's stock will be disqualified. Employees of Messrs. Lever Bros., Ltd., and their families are debarred from competing.

4. A printed list of winners in competitor's district will be forwarded to competitors 21 days after each competition closes.

5. Messrs. Lever Bros. Ltd., will endeavor to award the prizes fairly to the best of their ability and judgment, but it is understood that all who compete agree to accept the award of Messrs. Lever Bros., Ltd., as final.

"THE SLATER SHOE"

Intellectual Feet.

Large feet indicate ability, intellect, perseverance and integrity.

Scores of distinguished men have been as much noted for their big feet as for their large noses.

As your foot should look.

George Eliot, Madame de Staël and other supremely intelligent women had also very large feet.

It is not the *size* but the *shape* of the foot which makes it beautiful or ugly, and the *shoe worn decides its shape*, as well as its comfort.

There is more care used—more time spent—in *shaping* "Slater Shoes," and in taking the stretch out of the leather so it will *retain* that shape, than in the entire making of ordinary shoes.

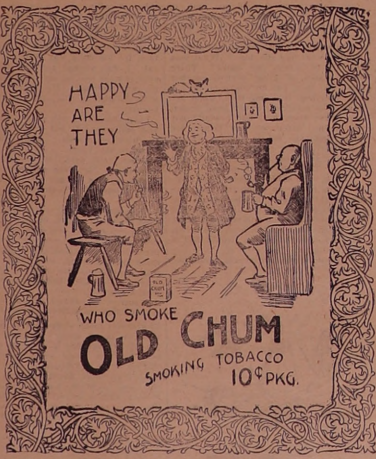
The Goodyear Welt process admits of this fine modelling, and the stamp on the sole ensures to the wearer these hidden qualities.

A tag on each pair of "Slater Shoes" tells of the leather in it.

$3.00, $4.00 and $5.00 per pair.

AGENCY

SOLE AGENTS FOR BELLEVILLE, HAINES & LOCKETT.



Dress— ...Dreams

Often had—seldom realized. Whose fault? Modiste perhaps; material probably. The nearest approach to a "dream" of a gown is made of PRIESTLEY'S "EUDORA."

With its soft, rich, dustproof surface; with its qualities of easy fitting and graceful draping, it possesses a charm and refinement of its own, which it lends to the wearer. Wrapped on "THE VARNISHED BOARD," Priestley's name stamped on every five yards.

Eudora The Ideal Dress Fabric.

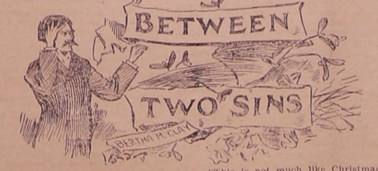
10

BOVRIL...

the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.

Canadian Branch, Bovril, Limited,
27 St. Peter St., Montreal,



CHAPTER I.

The Christmas Eve that brought happiness to so many thousands of homes brought to me nothing more than a long, uncomfortable journey and the novelty of a first situation; for I had traveled from London to the lake-country; and when I reached the station at Ulladale, my senses were numbed with cold and frost.

Evidently some mistake had been made as to the time of the trains, for the carriage which I had expected would be sent to meet me had not yet arrived. The station was a small one, and there were few people about. The wind wailed dismally round the building. The open archway that led from the station to the road looked like a black, yawning abyss. Anything was better than remaining there, so I resolved to fill up the time that I must wait in walking down the road that led to Ulladale. In the distance was the pretty town, the church-spires of which stood out tall and white. Just as I reached the end of the road, the moon came from behind the clouds and cast a silvery gleam over the snow-clad scene, and then it was exceedingly beautiful.

I leaned over the stile to gaze at it. The moonlight kissed the white spires, the snow-covered meadows, the distant houses. From the bare hedges and the branches of the trees hung great icicles which glittered like diamonds. The red berries shone on the holly trees, the tall dark firs stood out in a martial array, the stars shone in the night sky.

Oh, beautiful Christmas Eve Something stirred in my heart and brought tears to my eyes when the bells began to ring and the soft, sweet chime, came to me across the snow. I thought of the happy homes that Christmas moon was shining on, of devoted husbands and wives, fond fathers and mothers, merry children home from school, of happy lovers, kindly friends. I looked up to the sky, and I prayed that Heaven would send some one to love me. Every one expects a gift at Christmas-time, and that was what I asked from Heaven. That was my prayer on Christmas eve, and my story will tell how it was granted.

I returned to the station, just as the hour was striking, and found that the carriage had arrived during my absence. The coachman touched his hat as I came up the platform. There was no other being in sight.

"The carriage for Miss Forster, from Ullamere," he said. And a few minutes later I was on my way to the Hall.

It seemd as though the stars were lighting me to a fresh life, as though the snow-fringed branches of the tall trees were beckoning to me. I felt a weird sensation in driving along through this silent country on Christmas Eve.

The moon shone out with a whiter, brighter light. I saw that we were driving through a beautiful park. The water lying under the trees was completely frozen; the evergreens stood out distinct and clear; and the weird music of the wind, as it stirred the great trees, sounded as though the very spirit of Christmas were abroad.

A sudden curve, the ripple of a fountain not yet frozen, the cry of a startled bird, the deep baying of a hound, and we were driving up a fine avenue of chestnut trees. The moon revealed a noble pile of buildings. I see the picture now as I saw it then. Ullamere, was a large, handsome residence, built in the Italian style, with pillared porch and balcony, and stately wings. A lawn sloped down to the very edge of the lake, and the park lay behind the house. No ruddy light shone from the windows; all was dark and gloomy. It struck me vaguely, as I stood outside, that the house held a secret. No answer came to the first ring; the second brought an old grey-haired man, who opened the door cautiously, it seemed to me. In the large entrance hall there were no evergreens, no firelight, no mistletoe bough, only gloom and deep shadows. A small lamp glimmered somewhere in the depths of the hall. I felt chilled.

"Miss Forster," said the butler, "my lady is expecting you. Will you step this way?"

He led the way to the library, where a fire burned in the grate and a lighted lamp stood on the table. As for any sign of Christmas, I might as well have loked for roses in December.

"I will tell Lady Culmore that you are here," he said.

He went away, leaving me alone. What a silent house this was! No sound disturbed it, not even the opening or shutting of a door; and the silence appeared to grow more and more intense. It seemed as though an atmosphere of wrong-doing filled the house. I turned up the lamp. The light fell on handsome marble busts, on well-lined book-cases, on massive bronze ornaments, on a few choice pictures.

Presently the door opened, and the grey-haired butler announced "Lady Culmore." I heard the rustle of a silken dress; a faint odor, as of heliotrope, was wafted to me. As I saw her then I shall see her until I die. She came in with a quiet, graceful movement. Her dress was of rich ruby velvet, while fine lace shrouded the white shoulders and the rrounded arms. Jewels flashed in her hair, on her neck, on her arms. She was beautiful as a Queen, and if ever a woman's face told a story, her face did. I read in it power, passion, terrible repression—the outcome of an unnatural life; I read wistfulness and fear. It was the loveliest, but the strangest face I had ever seen. One peculiarity of it was that, when she was not speaking or smiling, her lips became very pale.

She came to me with outstretched hands, but without a smile, without a gleam of welcome in her eyes. She was like a fair marble statue; yet what a depth of feeling lay in the dark blue eyes!

"You have had a long, cold journey, Miss Forster," she said. "It is eight o'clock, and we are just going to take tea. Mrs. Harper shall show you to your room, and then you can join us."

Not to save my life could I have refrained, as I raised my eyes, filled with tears, to her face, from saying

"This is not much like Christmas."

And, if the words had been so many barbed arrows that pierced her heart, she could not have started more. It was as though some long-lost voice had spoken to her.

"Is it Christmas Eve?" she replied. "I had forgotten it."

"You forgot that it was Christmas Eve?" I cried, wondering to myself what manner of woman this was. "Why," I continued, "the whole world remembers and loves Christmas!"

"I loved it once," she remarked.

"And why not now?" I asked, without thinking that perhaps my words were abrupt.

"Now?" she answered, dully. "Oh, now is quite different!" She looked confused, as though she hardly knew how to answer me. Then, seeing the tears rain down my face, she added, "You must try to be happy. It was kind of you to come. You iwll find Ullamere a beautiful place, but very dull."

She shuddered as she spoke, and I noticed that her voice was sweet and clear, but sadly deficient in the sweet intonations that speak of hope and love. I believe that I was almost frightened by her.

SHE CAME IN WITH A QUIET, GRACEFUL MOVEMENT.

"You are fatigued with your long journey," she said, seeing that my tears still fell.

"Yes; but it is not that," I replied. "I thought Christmas was so beautiful in England."

"So it is," she replied, and she clasped her white hands together. "But not here—not here; we forget it. It must seem strange to you."

"I had read such beautiful stories of Christmas Eve in England—of the holly and mistletoe, and of Christmas decoration." I remembered my prayer at the stile under the snow-fringed trees.

"I have asked for a Christmas gift," I said, impulsively.

"What have you asked for?" she inquired.

"I was looking at the blue sky, watching the stars, and I asked that Heaven, as my Christmas gift, might give me some one to love me."

"Some one to love you!" she echoed. Her face flushed, her eyes sparkled, her hands trembled. 'Ask for a sword to pierce your heart, for a deadly serpent to poison you, for lightning to strike you dead, if you will; but never ask for any one to love you—never for any one whom you can love!"

And the next minute she was gone.

A kindly, comely woman, whom I knew afterfard as Mrs. Harper, the housekeeper, came to me a few minutes later.

"Will you go to your room, miss?" she asked. "You must be tired and cold."

Yet, though the wintry wind had pierced me, and the frost had seized my hands, my heart was colder still; and I longed for the happy, sunny France that I had left.

We went through long winding passages, Mrs. Harper carried a wax-taper, which made the darkness seem all the more profound. The wind moaned fitfully.

"What a dreary house!" I cried involuntarily. "Why do you not have it lighted?"

"There is no gas nearer than Ulladale," she replied, "and that is quite five miles away. Besides, no one cares about having the place lighted up."

"No one cares!" I repeated. "What an extraordinary thing! I thought everyone liked to make a house cheerful."

"All the gas that could be made in the world would not render this house cheerful," said Mrs. Harper. "There is a shadow over it."

"The shadow of what?" I asked, with a pale face and fast-beating heart.

"No one knows. I can see the shadow and feel it, but I can not tell what it is. You are young, Miss Forster, and you must try to be cheerful. Do not let the gloom oppress you. That is the bell for tea."

I looked at my few plain and simple dresses.

"I am ashamed to go down in one of these," I said. "Are there any visitors?"

She laughed a dreary laugh.

"Visitors!" No; they seldom come here."

"But Lady Culmore was so superbly dressed!" I cried.

The housekeeper looked at me earnestly.

"In all the county," she replied, "there is no one who dresses so magnificently as my lady; but she will never get that which she dresses for—never."

I took out a dress of plain black silk and some holly berries.

"I will not forget it is Christmas, if every one else in the house does!" I cried, as I placed a spray of red-berried holly in my hair and one in the bodice of my dress.

A few minutes afterward I stood at the drawing-room door with a beating heart. There was a death-like silence within; the wind was wailing outside, the shadows were deepening and gathering around me. I took courage, opened the door, and found myself in a magnificent room, lofty and beautifully decorated. The ceiling was painted; there were fine pictures, a few rare statues, jardinieres filled with costly exotics, luxurious furniture; altogether it was a most charming apartment. It was lighted by wax-tapers. Lady Culmore was seated before the ruddy fire.

"Come in, Miss Forster," she said. "You will be glad to have some tea, I am sure."

A cozy little table was drawn to the fire; a silver tea-service, with cups and saucers of Sevres china, was placed on it. I took a seat, and then Lady Culmore forgot all about me. She sat looking into the fire, holding in her white hand a fan of delicate feathers. Evidently she saw pictures in the fire which I could not see, she read stories there which I could not read.

After a short interval, a servant brought in a silver stand and kettle, and placed them on the table.

"Sir Rudolph is coming, my lady," she said.

I had thought her cold and without emotion, but I saw now that I had been mistaken. Her face changed. The peculiar pallor of the lips disappeared, the mask as of stone fell; there was the flushed, passionate, beautiful face of a living, loving woman. I noticed that she placed one hand over her heart, as though she would still its beating. I have never seen such pain, such passion, such intensity of longing in any human eyes as I read in hers.

Again the door opened, and Sir Rudolph entered. I forgot at first to look at him, in the wonder I felt at her. The agony in the eyes of a frightened bird when the snake first fixes it would give a faint idea of the expression in hers; yet in them shone a gleam of love—unutterable, despairing love. But, when he spoke, I looked at him. He was not a model of manly beauty; but he had a face that, once seen, could never be forgotten. He was tall, with the erect figure, the broad shoulders, the muscular limbs that distinguish a true Englishman. The chief charms of his face lay in his mouth and eyes. The mouth was tender, proud and firm, its graceful lines unhidden by the dark mustache. I could never describe the beauty, the power and the pathos of his eyes. When they looked at me, they were kindly, clear and bright; when they fell on Lady Culmore's face, I read aversion and fear in them.

AGAIN THE DOOR OPENED, AND SIR RUDOLPH ENTERED.

Sir Rudolph held out his hand and bade me welcome to Ullamere. His greeting was a thousand times more kindly than Lady Culmore's had been. He said that he hoped I should not find it dull—that he spent his own time in reading, boating, fishing and rambling over the hills. And all the time he spoke his wife's eyes were fixed on him with the look of a frightened bird.

We sat down, and if ever there was a study these two, husband and wife, presented one. I see the whole scene so plainly—the magnificent room, with the pale clear light from the wax tapers, the glow of the fire as it fell on the pictures and statues, the bloom and fragrance of the hothouse flowers. I shall never forget how the firelight fell on the rich dress and jewels, the fair hair and beautiful face of Lady Culmore, and on the dark head and noble face of Sir Rudolph. Had she donned the rich robe and gems to please Sir Rudolph? If so, it was indeed labor in vain. After the first half-shrinking look his eyes were carefully averted from her. I could see that plainly. It was not careless indifference; it was that he would not look at her. When he spoke to me his eyes met mine with a frank, open expression. If Lady Culmore addressed him, they were studiously fixed on anything but her.

As tea proceeded, the wonder to me grew greater. When Sir Rudolph addressed his wife he seemed quite unconscious of the constraint and coldness that came into his voice, as she seemed quite unconscious of the pleading that came into hers. There was no attempt at conversation between them. I could not say that Sir Rudolph was wanting in civility or attention to the beautiful woman who looked at him with such passionate, entreating, love-lit eyes; but he did only just what was needful—no more. There was more below the surface, unless I was greatly mistaken. I read shrinking aversion, something more than dislike—loathing even on his part; on hers, love that was painful in its passionate entreaty. Altogether I felt that I was in an atmosphere of mystery. The gloom of the house, the silence that reigned in the splendid rooms, the curious aspect of husband and wife, all confirmed the idea.

One little incident impressed me much. Lady Culmore wore a very handsome diamond bracelet, the gold of the setting of one of the stones was slightly damaged, and hurt her arm. She raised it suddenly with a little cry of pain, and went over to her husband.

"Rudolph," she said, "will you see to this bracelet for me?" And she looked at him with eyes so full of love that my wonder was that he did not embrace her on the spot and kiss the lovely pleading face.

She held out her beautifully rounded white arm to him, and showed him the little red mark caused by the broken gold. In doing so her hand touched him. It was accidental, I believe; but I shall never forget the incident. It was over in a moment; but, while that moment lasted, the scene was terrible. His face changed, fierce anger flamed from his eyes. He shook the white hand from him as though it had been a viper.

"You forget!" he cried in a voice so cold and hard that I recognized it with difficulty; and, shuddering, white, trembling, she shrank away from him.

"Good-night, Miss Forster," said Sir Rudolph, abruptly. "I hope you will make yourself as happy as you can."

He was gone before I had time to reply.

Lady Culmore stood quite still for a few moments;; then she tore the jewels from her hair, from her neck, from her arms, and dashed them upon the ground.

"Am I so hateful, so horrible," she cried, "that he will not look at me, that I may not touch him? Oh, heaven, am I so hateful, so loathsome as that?"

Suddenly she remembered my presence, and looked at me with a wild, passionate despair that touched my very heart. I went to pick up the beautiful gems strewn upon the ground. I laid them, a glittering, magnificent mass, on the table. She came up to them with a half-shamed face.

SHE REGARDED ME CRITICALLY.

"How passionate I am, Miss Forster!" she said. "What can you think of me?"

"I have had no time to think at all yet," I replied.

Then she walked to one of the large mirrors, and stood before it for some minutes in silence.

"Miss Forster, come here," she said, after she had looked long and earnestly at herself.

I went to her, and we stood side by side. She regarded me critically.

"You are beautiful," she said, slowly. "You are dark as the daughters of sunny Spain, and your eyes are like dusky velvet—no, they are like purple heart's-ease; but you are not so beautiful as I am." She turned to me fiercely and clutched my hands. "Tell me," she cried—"you have had time to judge—tell me—am I not a woman whom any man could love?"

"Yes," I replied, quickly, half frightened by her strange manner.

"Look at my arm," she continued. "If any other man had been in his place, he would have kissed it; and he flung it from him!"

I had no time to answer. The footman came in to clear the table, and I went back to my room.

CHAPTER II.

What manner of house, what manner of people were these? What was wrong under this roof? What was the shadow where all should have been bright? I had been tired before, but the mystery and novelty had so excited and bewildered me that I could not rest, I could not sleep. Surely no one had ever spent a stranger Christmas Eve than this?

I drew aside the hangings. Ah, me, the sweet, white world that lay outside, the beauty of the Christmas night-sky and golden stars! I could not hear the bells, although I knew they would chime until past midnight; and I knew how the music of them would rise and fall over the trees, would die away across the snow. I should have wept in sheer desperate pity for my own loneliness had it not been that my thoughts were so deeply engrossed with the mystery of Ullamere.

I went to sleep at last, thinking of the beautiful face of the wife, of the noble face of the husband wondering what shadow, what sorrow lay between them.

Christmas morning dawned bright and beautiful. I drew near the window and looked out in wonder and delight. There lay the mere, known as Ulla Water, and the grounds of the estate sloped donwn to the very edge. It was a beautiful lake, on which in summer the water-lilies slept, green reeds and sedges grew on the banks and in many places the boughs of the trees dipped into the water. There was almost every variety of tree in the grounds—copper-beech and silver-beech, stately oak and graceful lime, trembling aspen and spreading walnut, the pride of the place being a grand old cedar. In its mantle of white snow, with the sun shining full upon it, the scene was most striking. The robins were flying about in search of food, and the laurustinus was in full flower. My heart and spirits rose. It could not be al misery in such a world as this, such a beautiful world, difigured only by man and sin!

I went down-stairs, thinking that, if Christmas Eve were forgotten, surely, being Christmas, they would remember Christmas Day! But again there was no recognition of it—no holly, no mistletoe, no cheery voice, no laughter, no Christmas greeting. The house was as silent in the morning sunshine as it had been on the previous night.

Breakfast was served in the dining-room; but neither Sir Rudolph nor his wife came down to it. The old butler told me that Sir Rudolph's breakfast was served to him in his study, and that her ladyship took hers in her own room.

There was nothing to be done but to make the best of it, to take my breakfast in solitude and dream of the thousand happy homes where, on Christmas morning, the long-parted met again, and there was nothing but gladness and love; and while the sunshine does not deepen the shadow in this gloomy dwelling, I can tell the brief story of my life—how and why I came to Ullamere.

My mother, Mabel Averil, came of a good old English family. When not more than seventeen she ran away with her drawing-master, Alec Forster, a young artist, who had dreams of making a name and winning fame. Her family never forgave her, and my father took her to Paris. There he struggled long and arduously. The best engagement he had was as drawing-master to the pupils of Mme. Dudevant, who had a large and fashionable school in the Champs Elysees. He died suddenly of fever when I was four years old; and Mme. Dudevant, who was a kind-hearted woman, offered my mother a situation as English teacher in her school. My education was to be her recompense—and, truly, I received a first-class education. Had I been the daughter of a peeress instead of a poor English teacher, she could not have taken greater pains with me. On my life at the Parisian pension I need not dwell. My mother died when I was nearly eighteen; and after that I could never endure the place, it was so full of painful memories for me, Madame was very good; when I told her how unhappy I felt, she said the best thing would be for me to take a situation in England. She answered an advertisement for a young lady who spoke French, German and Italian, and was well acquainted with the literature of the three countries. It was essential that she should also be an excellent musician and a good singer. The salary proposed was most liberal, and a comfortable though exceedingly quiet home was offered.

"You will be very fortunate," said Madame Dudevant to me, "if you secure this."

Very fortunate indeed in a great many respects! The salary was one hundred per annum; the situation was that of companion to Lady Culmore, the wife of Sir Rudolph Culmore of Brooke, residing now at Ullamere, in Lancashire. Madame thought she had some reason for congratulating me, and I was only too delighted to have an opportunity of seeing England, the land I loved.

It was on the twenty-third of December that I left Madame Dudevant, the school and the gay sunny land of France. I was eighteen the same month. My experience of life was limited to that of a boarding school. I had a vague idea that all married people were very happy, never having lived with any. The only men I had seen were the masters who attended the school and the fathers and brothers of the boarders.

So, young and inexperienced, I was plunged into what I felt must be the very heart of a tragedy.

Mrs. Harper came to say that Lady Culmore was not very well, and would not be downstairs yet for some time, but that, if I liked, I could have the carriage and drive to Ulladale Church.

"Will no one else go to church, Mrs. Harper?" I asked.

"No one ever goes to church from here," she said sadly. "You will find this like very few other houses in the world, Miss Forster;" and I felt that her words were true.

I told her how glad I should be to attend church. It was pleasant to think of going out into the sunshine amidst the holly and the snow.

Tears came to my eyes when I heard the chime of Christmas bells at last. There was no lack of evergreens in the church; the whole place seemed to be filled with them. Again I prayed heaven, for my Christmas gift—some one to love me. I thought much, as I knelt there; of the darkened household whence no one went to church, and where they had forgotten Christmas Eve.

I drove home again when service was over, better and brighter for that my first visit to an English church; but, as I drew near Ullamere, the shadow fell over me again.

When I re-enterd the house, I found that Sir Rudolph was out, and the butler told me that Lady Culmore wished to see me in her boudoir. The boudoir was a pretty little room leading from the drawing room and looking right over the mere. I went to her at once, feeling more curiosity than I cared to express. I found her very quiet, very sad, and pale. Evidently the terrible emotion of the preceding evening had exhausted her. She wore a dress of purple velvet that showed her tall, graceful figure to the greatest advantage. There was the same deadly pallor on her face, the same curious expression of restraint, fear and longing in her eyes as there had been on the previous night. She held out her hand to me, half clinging to me, as I noticed afterward she clung to any one who was kind to her.

"YOU HAVE BEEN TO CHURCH."

"You have been to church," she said, with a smile. "You found something like Christmas there?"

"A beautiful Christmas," I replied, "just as I had dreamed of it—all holly and laurel and mistletoe. And I love to hear the old Christmas carols."

"I have not been to church for so long, I almost forget what the services are like," she said.

"Do you not think it rather a pity not to go to church?" I ventured to ask. "It does not matter whether our trouble be of body or of mind, there is always comfort there."

"It would be useless for me," she said—"quite useless."

"But why?" I asked.

And her face paled as she answered:

"If man can not forgive, how can Heaven forgive?"

"It is just the reverse," I answered. "It matters little about man forgiving, if Heaven forgives. But you— Oh, Lady Culmore, what a strange thing for you to say! What can you have done for such pardon to be required?"

They were imprudent words, and, had I stopped to think, I should not have uttered them; but she did not take them amiss. I saw a faint motion of her hands, as though she would fain wring them, and then she turned away.

"Lady Culmore," I said to her presently, "if you have a few minutes to spare, I should like to know what my duties are. Up to the present time I have not done anything for you."

"Your duties," she repeated, vaguely—"your duties as a companion to me? It was Sir Rudolph who insisted that I should have a companion. I do not know. He thought I wanted some one to be with me."

"What shall I be able to do to help you?" I asked.

"I hardly know," she replied. "Can you comfort me when I am most miserable?"

"I will do my best," I answered; and she turned from me with a low moan."

"I want comfort," she said—"comfort always."

CHAPTER III.

I could not describe the misery of Sir Rudolph's household. What the shadow was that lay over it I was unable to guess. Husband and wife were both young and handsome; they had almost every gift that Heaven could bestow; nothing was wanting, so far as I could see to complete their happiness; yet they were further apart, it seemed to me, than if a grave had lain between them—a thousand times further apart.

That first Christmas Day that I spent in England will never die from my memory. We did not see Sir Rudolph until dinner-time—seven o'clock; and then it appeared to me that my remonstrance respecting Christmas Day had reached the kitchen, for the dinner comprised something in the shape of Christmas fare—a turkey and a plum pudding. Some one, in a moment of ill-advised enthusiasm, had placed a pretty little sprig of holly—a few glossy leaves, with a fair sprinkling of red berries—on the top of the latter. Sir Rudolph looked at it, and then turned to the butler.

"What is this?" he asked.

"Holly, Sir Rudolph," he replied.

"And why has it been put there?" he continued.

"I thought — perhaps — Christmas Day," he said, stammering.

"Take it away-" commanded Sir Rudolph, sternly.

And the butler, with great perturbation of manner and a crimson face, removed the unfortunate sprig of holly.

I read the expression of Sir Rudolph's face, and it said, as plainly as words could speak, "I will have no rejoicing, no outward sign of rejoicing, in this house."

And in such fashion Christmas was celebrated at Ullamere. I watched husband and wife, and I was never so completely puzzled. I could not make out the cause of disagreement at all. It was no petty feeling that actuated him, that had caused those lines on Sir Rudolph's face; one could see that. Some great, deep emotion was at work within him, and at times it almost overpowered him.

Lady Culmore was beautiful enough to charm any man, yet she evidently had no charm for him. Whatever the mystery might be, I felt sure it was not that he cared for anyone else. There was something so true, so noble about him that no one living could suspect him of anything wrong. He was polite to his wife, with a cold, icy politeness that was enough to madden a woman who loved him.

He never said an unnecessary word to her. When he was dining with us, he did the honors of the table. If, on asking her to partake of any dish, she declined, he did not press her. He never repeated the invitation. When a bow or gesture of any kind could take the place of words, it was made to do so. Any little act of politeness, such as placing a chair or a footstool for her, was performed with a formality and coldness that made matters far worse than if he had omitted it. He never went out with her. He went his way, she went hers. He never interfered with her arrangements. If Lady Culmore asked him a question, he replied to it as briefly as possible. He never offered any comment, any suggestion; in fact, between them a gulf lay wide and deep as the grave. But Lady Culmore, I could see, had a wild, passionate adoration for her husband. She loved him so well that she trembled at the sound of his footsteps, at the sound of his voice. Her eyes were always full of entreaty, full of pain and passion. She suffered terribly when he was present; she suffered even more when he was present. In one case it was an agony of longing, in the other an agony of pain. It was the strangest household, surely, into which any one ever entered. Sir Rudolph occupied the west wing. His rooms were all there—his study, dressing-room, bed room, gun-room—and overlooking the park. Lady Culmore's rooms were in the east wing. The great drawing-room and the dining-room, with one or two handsomely furnished reception rooms, were in the centre of the building.

There they met on neutral ground, as it were, but nowhere else. No messages ever passed between them. They lived as perfect strangers, barely interchanging the ordinary civilities of life. Strange husband and wife, surely. And the gloom that surrounded them seemed to spread to others. They went about with a hushed, subdued air and movement, as though they too felt the weight of the mystery.

Only on Sunday morning did we all take breakfast together; and a most solemn and funereal affair it was. During the week Sir Rudolph and Lady Culmore never met until night, when we dined. We spent the day in study and sport. She—well, it seemed to me that her hours were spent in a fevered dream. I shudder now when I think of them. She was never at ease, at rest, for five minutes together. She would ask me to play and sing to or with her, and then in a few minutes would rise and cry out that it was enough, that she did not care for it. She would begin to translate some foreign work, and, ebfore she had written many lies, it would follow the fate of the music.

"Come out with me, Miss Forster," she would say, "I cannot bear the house; it stifles me."

We would go out, and perhaps before we had reached the park gates, she would say, with a dreary sigh—

"Let us go back again. I cannot bear the park."

On the beautiful restless face I never saw for one moment an expression of peace.

The evenings were perhaps the most dreary part of the life at Ullamere. Sir Rudolph never spent them with us. When dinner was ended, he went to his room, and we saw no more of him.

But one evening—ah, me, what a night that was!—a most terrible storm raged. The snow was all washed away, the rain fell in torrents. It beat against the windows as though it would shatter them. The wind was omething appalling in its violence. We could hardly hear each other speak; trees were torn up by the roots; the doors and windows rattled. Once or twice the great bell in the stable rang without rhythm or measure. The dogs howled, the servants were pale with fear.

As usual, Sir Rudolph rose to quit the dining-room. To my surprise, Lady Culmore went up to him. This time she did not touch him; she did not lay her hand upon his arm, but she looked up at him with the most despairing eyes I ever beheld.

"Sir Rudolph," she said—and her voice trembled with the passion of her earnestness—"I pray you remain with us; I am frightened. Heaven is angry to-night, and I am sorely afraid. Stay with us."

TO MY SURPRISE, LADY CULMORE WENT UP TO HIM.

For a moment his eyes flashed fire. Then, looking at the white face, with its quivering lips and frightened eyes, the fire died out and profoundest pity took its place.

I thought my prayer added to hers might have effect, and I said:

"The wind and the rain would make any one afraid."

He hesitated half a minute. He did not look at his wife again, but glanced at me.

"Are you really alarmed, Miss Forster?" he asked.

"I should be glad if you would remain," I replied touched by the wistful entreaty of her eyes.

"Then I will," he replied; and the relief on her face was beautiful to see.

I could not understand why she cared so much for his presence. He never spoke to her nor looked at her, never went near her. If she made a remark to me, he was studiously silent; yet I fancied that he listened with some kind of curiosity to all that she said.

During that evening a feeling of friendship sprung up between Sir Rudolph and myself. He was well-bred, graceful and accomplished. To me there was something more than courtesy, something of chivalry in it. I found that he was an excellent French and German scholar. We talked of Goethe and of Heine, of that most graceful and original writer, Fouque, of whom he was an enthusiastic admirer. We had a most enjoyable conversation. Several times I tried my best to draw Lady Culmore into it; but, when I spoke to her, he remained silent. If she made any comment, he did not reply; so, from sheer pity for her embarrassment, I refrained from appealing to her. Still, it seemed strange. There was the husband, intellectual, a deep thinker, fluent speaker, delightful companion; here was the wife, fair and beautiful, as the morning star; between them was a gulf that no human power could bridge.

I liked Sir Rudolph. I could see no fault in him; but I noticed one thing. No matter what we said, no matter how the subject engrossed him, the shade of sorrow and sadness never left his face nor died from his dark eyes. Something of pity for the estranged wife filled my heart. Surely she must suffer terribly! He was so kind, so gentle in his manner to me—to her so cold, so silent. To me it became so painful at last that I said to myself that anything would be better than for Sir Rudolph to spend his evenings with us.

What was the mystery? Even as he talked to me over and over again I asked myself this question. I could see no fault in either, nor could I see in either any cause, any reason for the coldness that existed.

It struck ten at last. The storm had abated. Sir Rudolph arose.

"You will not be afraid now," he said, regarding me with a kindly smile. "The wind has fallen, and the rain has ceased."

I looked instinctively at Lady Culmore. His glance followed mine; but the expression of his face changed completely as his eyes rested on her. Then, with a bow, he was gone; and she turned away with an expression of mortal anguish on her face.

CHAPTER IV.

If Sir Rudolph did not like his wife, why did he not leave her? If she had done him any wrong, why did he not punish her? If there was anything against her of which he knew, why did he not charge her with it? Any mode of life must be better than this.

As the days passed on, I saw no difference, no relaxation of severity and coldness on his part, no lessening of the passionate love and bootless worship on hers. It would be always so, I supposed. I wondered in a dull kind of way at times whether I should spend my whole life in the contemplation of a mystery that I could not understand. Neither husband nor wife ever spoke of each other, or I might have gathered something of the truth from what they said. Sir Rudolph talked to me for hours together on every conceivable occasion, and I helped him occasionaly with some translations; but never once during the time we spent together did he ever mention the name of his wife. I was but young, and had the natural curiosity of youth. I must say I longed to know the mystery of the household in which I lived.

The new year came and was welcomed much as Christmas had been. At times I asked myself if I should remain at Ullamere, if I should not go out into the world, escape from this atmosphere of melancholy; but, odd to say, estranged as they were, I was growing most warmly attached to both—to the wretched husband and the miserable wife. I did not know which I liked best, or which I pitied the more.

January, with its ice and snow, came to an end; February, with its faint gleams of sunshine, passed; March came in like a lion. It was well for me that the beauties of nature had power to soothe and charm. I watched eagerly for the spring, thinking that the glory and the tenderness of it must surely in some measure chase away the horrible gloom. But there came an evening in March the very recollection of which chills my heart. There was no storm, no tempest of rain, but the wind was blowing as I had never heard it. I love the wind, I love it, be it the softest breath that stirs the roses and lifts the sprays of jasmine, or the mighty blast that rends the giant branches and bends the sturdy oak.

That evening it came in great gusts from the hills, like the roar of artillery, afterward seeming to die away on the lake. Then it rose again, and came wailing with a long-drawn, sobbing sound round the house. I was not afraid. This was what I liked; and when I went to my room, instead of going to sleep like a sensible girl, I opened my window the better to hear it, for my heart and soul rejoiced in it.

Suddenly I heard the sound of footsteps in the corridor. Some one tried the handle of my door gently and cautiously. I did not know fear, but I must confess that at the sound of the handle turning my heart beast fast. I went to the door and opened it. To my surprise there stood Lady Culmore, wrapped in a long blue dressing-gown, her hair hanging over her shoulders, her face white as death, her eyes full of fear. Even at that moment I could not help noticing the whiteness of the hands that held the taper.

"I am disturbing you, Miss Forster," she said; "but I am afraid—oh, so sorely afraid! Will you come with me?"

"Yes, Lady Culmore. But what frightens you?" I asked.

"The wind, the wind!" she replied. "I am sure that every lost soul is abroad to-night and wailing in it. Will you come with me?"

She was trembling from head to foot; great drops of agony stood on her forehead; the hand that held the wax taper trembled. What was it that made the beautiful face so terrible to see?

"You need not be frightened, Lady Culmore," I said. "The wind is always rough in March. You are afraid of it. I think it beautiful."

"It is not the wind that I hear in my room," she whispered. "Oh, come!"

Without another word I took the taper from her hand and went with her. When we reached the room where Lady Culmore slept, I found that all the lamps were burning. She laid her hand upon my arm.

"I want you to listen," she said, in a low, hoarse whisper. "Listen!"

As she stood before me, with a strained, despairing expression on her face, wild terror in her eyes and her hand uplifted, I might have been forgiven some little emotion of fear. The scene was weird enough.

"Listen!" she repeated. And then I heard the soft, sad sob of the wind at the window dying away into the faintest possible moan.

"What is that?" she asked me, while a strong shudder shook her frame. "Listen again, and tell me, for Heaven's sake, what is that?"

The dying wail of the wind was followed by a soft tap against the window-glass, so soft, so indistinct, that I could hardly hear it. The sound came again and again, until at last the terrified woman flung herself upon her knees with a cry of anguish that I shall never forget—a perfect scream of terror. It rings in my ears even now as I write.

"I know what it is!" she cried. "You must not let it in! Keep the window closed! Send it away! Oh, Heaven, send it away!" And she fell senseless, with her white, miserable face upon the ground.

I raised her, laid her upon the couch, and went to the window. The moon shone on the budding trees and on the mere. I saw in a moment that the sound was caused by the tapping of a small spray of ivy against the window-glass. Having found this out, I went back to rouse and reassure her. She lay just where I had placed her, her blue eyes open and full of inexplicable terror.

I WENT TO THE DOOR AND OPENED IT.

"Have you sent it away?" she asked, in a horarse whisper.

"There is nothing to send away, Lady Culmore," I replied.

"Nothing!" she cried. "Are you quite sure? Nothing at all?"

"No. What could there be outside your window?"

I began to wonder if her brain was affected. It was the only possible explanation of her conduct.

The wind had been silent for some few minutes. Then it rose again—the same faint sobbing round the window, a sound as natural as any could be, but evidently full of spernatural dread to her. She sprang to her feet and held up her hand again.

"Listen!" she cried.

"It is nothing, Lady Culmore," I said, speaking firmly, for I thought that perhaps this was but a severe hysterical attack. "It is nothing, Lady Culmore," I repeated. "Do you understand? It is only the wailing of the wind."

"Ah, no!" she said. "That is what it sounds like to you. Do you know what it is in reality? It is the crying of a little child, quite a little child, standing there. Hark! Do you not hear it now?"

There was certainly some faint resemblance to the cry of a child, the wail of an infant in great pain. I should never have thought of it but for her.

"Lady Culmore," I said, "you must listen to reason, you must be calm. This is foolish, hysterical, nervous nonsense! Come with me to the window. Look and listen for yourself."

She wrung her hands.

"I dare not!" she cried.

"You must," I said, "It is the only way in which you can be convinced. Come."

I took the white hands in mine and compelled her to cross the room. I drew aside the blinds and hangings, opened the window, and made her look out.

"You see there is nothing," I said. "Look at the moon, the water and the trees."

She turned away with a deathly shudder.

"I must have dreamt it then," she said.

"What did you dream?" I asked.

"I dreamed that I heard some one tapping at the window, and I awoke in a great fright. Then I heard the wailing of a child, a pitiful tiny voice sobbing with the faintest breath, and the sound came from the window. I went there, and rew aside the curtains as you have done now, and I saw—oh, that Heaven would darken my eyes for evermore!—I saw a tiny child standing there, dressed in a little white shroud, and he was rapping with a feeble little hand on the window-pane. For one moment the baby eyes flashed into mine, and I knew that if he came in I should fall down dead."

"It was a dream," I said, with a sigh of unutterable relief—"only a dream."

But she broke from me with a terrible cry. She flung herself upon her knees, she tore her fair hair, she beat her hands together wildly, and I spent the remainder of the night in trying to soothe her. Verily I had cause to remember the bitter winds of March!

CHAPTER V.

April, with its soft showers, its odor of sweet violets and growing buds, its sweet daffodils and pale primroses, was passing quickly, but still there was no change at Ullamere. It was nearly four months since I came, and there was the same gloom, the same constraint, the same wretchedness in Sir Rudolph's home! but by this time I had lost all desire to leave the place. All my affection and interest, all my thoughts, were centered in the baronet and his wife.

There was nothing very mysterious about Sir Rudolph, except the way in which he lived. The whole mystery seemed to cling to Lady Culmore. After that night when the winds of March blew so terribly, I had a lingering suspicion that her mind was unhinged—had lost its balance. And yet, even if it were so, that was no solution to the mystery of Sir Rudolph's conduct. A man who loved his wife would but study her the more for any misfortune of that kind.

I remember another incident. This happened in the calm, early, gray morning light. Again I heard footsteps in the corridor, and again the handle of my door was turned. I knew this time that it was Lady Culmore. She was standing outside, with the same terrible fear on her face.

"I want you, Miss Forster," she said. "Come with me;" and, as a matter of course, I went.

She carefully closed the door of her room, placed the wax taper on the table, and turned to me. The distress in her white face was terrible to see.

"Now," she cried—"now tell me what you hear!" She seemed to breathe with difficulty; great gasps came from her lips. "Quickly," she said—"tell me quickly! what do you hear?"

"Nothing," I replied. "There is not a sound; even the wind is still."

She struck her hands together with a passionate cry.

"You must hear it! You say 'No' to calm me. I shall not be frightened if you hear it; but if it comes only to me, oh heaven! what shall I do?"

She hid her face in her hands, and trembled so violently that I became alarmed.

"Tell me what you hear, Lady Culmore," I requested.

"The cry of a child. Can you not hear it? It has been wailing round my pillow all night long, until it has driven me mad," she said. "I am mad! Oh, Miss Forster, look for it! I am sure it is here! Some of those wicked servants have hidden it here on purpose that it should cry and frighten me. We must find it! I can bear it no longer!" And the most painful spectacle I ever saw in my life was the spectacle of this beautiful, desperate woman searching everywhere for that which did not exist. Suddenly she looked at the door.

"Ah," she cried, "it is outside, now! It is dying away at the end of the corridor. It is gone! Thank heaven, it is gone!"

She shrank, shuddering, from the door, and sank down upon a chair. She was exhausted, white, trembling. I went to her, and took her hands. They were cold as death itself.

"You have been dreaming again, Lady Culmore," I said. "You must remember that you had the same dream before, and how it terrified you. Try to be cheerful. You must be ill or nervous; such fancies and dreams as these do not trouble strong or healthy people. You should go away from here. I shall certainly speak to Sir Rudolph about it; he does not know how ill you are."

She clung to me with passionate cries and tears.

"You must not do that. I can not go away. Promise me that you will not say one word to him. I will kill myself if you do!"

Her vehemence startled me.

"Certainly, I wil not, unless you wish it," I said. "You are really ill, though Lady Culmore, and you should have medical advice. These terrible fancies of yours are only the result of illness."

She flung her arms around me, and laid her fair head on my shoulder.

"Do you think so?" she whispered. "Oh, comfort me, comfort me, for my heart is torn and desolate!"

How was I to comfort her when I did not even know her trouble? I could feel how her heart was beating, how she trembled, while great bitter sobs rose to her lips, and I wondered more than ever what had gone wrong in the life of this beautiful, sorrowful woman.

I smoothed the fair, shining hair, and the touch of my hand calmed her.

"It is a strange thing," I said to her, "that you should always have the same dream, that you should be haunted, as it were, by the cries of a little child."

Her face could grow no paler, but her head fell more heavily upon my shoulder.

"So strange!" she murmured, "Ah, so strange!"

"You never had a little child, Lady Culmore, had you?"

"Never," she answered.

"Have you little brothers or sisters?" I asked.

"None," she replied.

"It is an extraordinary thing, never having had anything to do with a little child, that you should be haunted by the cries of one!"

She was looking at me with wild, distended eyes.

"Miss Forster, you will not tell this fancy of mine to anyone?' she said, slowly. "I am so afraid that people should think me mad."

Then she promised to try to be calm, to lie down and sleep if I would remain with her. I did so, and sat down by her side, holding her hand, until at last she dropped into a fevered, restless sleep.

Ah, me, how restless! The beautiful head and troubled face turned incessantly from side to side; the lips were never still; and the burden of her cry was, "I did it all for you, love—all for you!" Then came prayers, entreaties, sighs, and tears; but above all rang that one pitiful cry, "All for you, love—all for you!"

In the full morning light I left her fast asleep.

Could it be that the gloom of the house was extending to me? All that day I was miserable. I felt sure that Lady Culmore was very ill, threatened with a severe illness or with insanity. I was sorely perplexed, feeling that it was my duty to get help for her from somewhere, yet not knowing in the least to whom I should apply. I would not betray her. I would keep the secret of her strange fancies and her terrible nights; but I must have the advice of some one as to how she be best dealt with. The only person I could think of was Mrs. Harper, the housekeeper; and I went one afternoon in search of her. I asked her to come out with me into the grounds, where I could talk to her at my ease. I told her that I thought Lady Culmore was very ill, and that she required more attention than I could give her. The housekeeper looked sorry and puzzled.

"I am just as much bewildered as yourself, miss," she said. "This is not like any other household. What lies between those two—husband and wife—I cannot tell, but I fear it is something terrible. They seem to me more like jailor and prisoner than anything else."

"Which is the jailer?" I asked.

"Sir Rudolph," she answered. "I would not stay but that, after all, I like both my master and my lady so well. They seem to me perfection apart, but together they would puzzle the saints."

"Has it always been this way, Mrs. Harper?"

"Yes. The servants in the house are strangers, except the butler and myself. We lived with Sir Rudolph at Brooke Hall. We were with him at his marriage."

"I AM JUST AS MUCH BEWILDERED AS YOURSELF, MISS."

"Was there anything curious connected with it?" I asked.

"Nothing. Everyone noticed the intense love of the bridegroom for the bride. I never saw any one so devoted in my life. It was marvellous to see them together. Sir Rudolph brought his bride home to Brooke Hall, and I lived there one year with them. Then, quite suddenly, they came here, and they have lived in this strange fashion ever since."

"And you know nothing of what brought them here—nothing of the cause of their being on such terms with each other?"

"Nothing. Everything was bright and happy at Brooke Hall. The house was filled with guests. I remember even that arrangements had been made for a dance, when Sir Rudolph sent for me suddenly. 'We are going to Ullamere, Mrs. Harper,' he said, 'Will you come with us? We shall not return to Brooke Hall.' 'It is very sudden, Sir Rudolph,' I said; and then I noticed how white his face was. I have never seen him like himself since that—never; and that was Christmas Eve. We stopped at Brooke Hall until the day after Christmas Day. We have been her just one year.'

"But there must have been a reason," I said. "A husband and wife, both young, passionately attached to each other, could not have fallen into this state without some reason."

"I know of none. I have thought it over a hundred times."

"Did nothing happen at Brooke Hall? Did Lady Culmore make her husband jealous?"

"There was little fear," she replied. "If ever any woman worshipped a man, my lady worshipped her husband. She seemed as though she could not live out of his presence. It was the wonder of every one. I do not think, when she talked and laughed with other men, that she really heeded them. Her eyes followed him always, and her whole heart was in them."

"But was there no warning of what was about to happen?"

"None," was the reply. "The only incident which occurred at Brooke was the death of the nurse, Margaret Jennings. She died on the morning of Christmas Eve; but that had nothing to do with my master and mistress leaving home so suddenly. I think, Miss Forster, it will be better for you to speak to Sir Rudolph about my lady. He loved her so dearly once, he must feel anxious if he thinks there is anything the matter with her."

I took Mrs. Harper's advice, and went at once to Sir Rudolph. I found him in the gun-room.

"I want to speak to you for a few mnutes, Sir Rudolph," I said.

He bowed with the frank courtesy that was his great charm.

"Will you not come in, Miss Forster?" he asked.

"I am too great a coward, Sir Rudolph. I am afraid of the guns."

"I must come to you, then," he said, laughingly; and he joined me where I was standing on the lawn, adding, "I am at your service, Miss Forster."

But all his geniality died away when I told him that I wished to speak to him about Lady Culmore. I said that she was very ill, and that I was uneasy about her. He was a changed man at once—cold, hard, unyielding. He listened to all I said, and made no answer, except that, if I thought Lady Culmore ill, I could send for a doctor—any doctor I liked. Then his interest ceased.

"MAD! I WISM TO HEAVEN SHE WAS!"

"Sir Rudolph," I said, "have you—has any one who knows her—any suspicion that Lady Culmore is mad?"

"Mad," he repeated, with infinite scorn—"mad! I wish to heaven she was!"

And I was left to find out what those words meant.

CHAPTER VI.

The end of the month of May was near, and during all this time I had not seen one visitor at the hall. Just as we were when the Christmas snow fell, so were we now that the roses and lillies were beginning to bloom, save that the outer world was like a paradise. The lake-country is, to my thinking, thae fairest part of England, with its tors and fells, its mountains and vales.

I shall never forget the sunlight on the hills, the blue deep waters, the winding streams, the laughing green valleys.

I had longed for years to see an English May, and now my desire was gratified. I had never dreamed of anything one-half so fair. And this May was the true month of the poets, sweet and smiling. Pink and white hawthorn grew in the hedges; the lilacs and laburnums were all in flower; the fields were so bright with daisies and buttercups that they appeared carpeted with silver and gold, and the handsome spikes of the chestnuts were out in profusion.

Lady Culmore had steadfastly refused to see a doctor.

"Why shoud I try to preserve my lfe?" she said, when I spoke of one. "I had one great hope, but it is dying slowly and surely. When it is quite dead, I shall die too. What is there in my life to make me desire it?" she cried passionately, "Christmas snow, March winds, summer flowers, would come and go; I should be eating my heart away."

"But, Lady Culmore," I said, "why should you feel and think in this way? Why should not life be bright to you as it is to others? You are so unhappy that I dare to talk to you as I would not to anyone else. Why need you despair? You are young and beautiful and wealthy; you have a husband who might——Well, perhaps I had better not speak of that."

"You do not understand," she said. "I made a terrible mistake once in my life—a most terrible mistake. I see it now. He will never forgive nor forget it."

"How did you make it?" I asked.

"Trough love of him," she answered. "Heaven knows I speak the truth. I never thought of the right or the wrong; I only thought that it was all for him."

"Can you tell me what it was you did?" I asked.

She shrunk from me, trembling, with an expression of utter despair. It seemed to me that I was about to solve the mystery at last. But she cried out:

"No—a thousand times no! The words would scorch my lips. I did not see then as I see now."

"And you say it was this mistake of yours that estranged your husband from you?" I asked.

"Yes. He said he would never forgive me, and I begin to think that he never will. I had hope once, but now I have none. So I pray that I may die, for the silence of death is sweet, and life is all bitterness to me."

"I could not press the question. I could not force her to tell me this secret which was corroding her very life.

As the spring grew warmer, she had fewer distressing nights. I urged her to come out of doors, I tried to interest her in the beauty of the mountain and valley, of flower and tree, but in vain.

"My heart is dead," she said to me one morning—I had taken her to Esthwaite Water, and we were sitting on a grassy bank. "You see the beauty of the sunlight and the flowers; I do not. Everything is alike to me—a dull, hopeless blank."

"Do you not think you ought to try to rouse yourself?" I asked. "I know there are incurable sorrows, but yours can hardly be one."

She looked at me with a faint gleam of hope in her eyes.

"What do you call an incurable sorrow, Kate?" she asked—we were so much together, and she had grown so fond of me, that she generally used my Christian name.

"An incurable sorrow means, I suppose, a sorrow which there seems no hope of assuaging," I replied.

"And what should you think would cause such a sorrow as that?" she asked.

I thought deeply for a few minutes; then I replied:

"There are very few reasons for an incurable sorrow. Death would not be one, for there is the hope of meeting again in heaven; sickness that has no remedy would not be one, for, patiently borne, it brings a blessing of its own; loss of money is not one, for life holds plenty of happiness without wealth, and hard work hurts no one. I am puzzled to imagine what can cause an incurable sorrow. The only thing I can think of is the doing of an evil deed for which there is no remedy."

"You admit that there is a ground for sorrow that can never be cured?"

Looking at the beauty of earth and sky, of the gleaming waters kissing the green banks, of the myriads of wild flowers and ferns growing around us, I was puzzled again. All this was the work of the great Creator. Would He who clothed the lilies, who fed the sparrows, give to one of His creatures pain that could not be cured?

"I am beginning to think that there is no such thing as an incurable sorrow," I said slowly. "We agree that evil deeds, sin, crime, are the greatest sources of sorrow. There is no sin, no crime, so great but that Heaven will pardon it."

"Do you think so, Kate?" and the mournful blue eyes sought mine with the first gleam of hope that I had ever seen in them.

"I am sure of it," I replied. "There is no sin so great, no crome so horrible but that Heaven will pardon, if pardon be asked."

"But man," she said—"why does not man forgive?"

"Man acts with human power, heaven with power divine. Men in this world judge, reward and punish according to human laws."

"Then it happens sometimes," she said sadly, "that while heaven pardons men punish?"

"It must be so," I said. "Take a thief for instance. He may repent of his sin, and may ask pardon for it with prayers and tears; all the same, men must punish him. He must be imprisoned, and made, if possible, to give back his ill-gotten goods. So with all other sins. I am quite sure of one thing—that, no matter what men may do, heaven always pardons a humble and contrite heart."

"Yet," she said despairingly, "my husband will never forgive me. Why should he be less pitiful, less merciful than heaven? If I knelt and prayed to him from sunrise to sunset, he would wave me away with the same cold gesture. Oh, Kate, Kate, do not be shocked, but I think—nay, I am sure—that I would sooner have my husband's forgiveness than the pardon of heaven." And her eyes sought mine with a wistfulness that made my very heart ache.

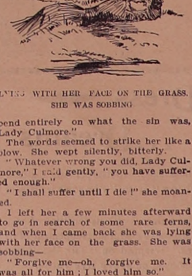
"No, you do not mean that, Lady Culmore, for in that case you must have loved your husband with a greater love than you have given the Creator."

"I did," she gasped—"hence my sin, my terrible sin! I will be wiser, Kate, I will weary heaven with my prayers for pardon; and, when it is granted, I will not cease to seek my husband's forgiveness. Oh, my sin, my sin! It was all for love of him. I would have gone through fire and water for him; and now—"

I looked at her in wonder and amazement. What had she done? What was the sin of which she spoke? There were traces of great sorrow on her beautiful face, but no traces of sin. A few questions from me then, when her heart was softened, would have drawn her secret from her; but I would not ask then. After we had talked for some time, she sat in silence, watching the golden light that played amongst the trees and shone upon the waters. Then she spoke again.

"Kate," she said, "If you loved any-one very much—so much that you forgot everything else in the world, so much that you forgot all about right and wrong—and you committed a great sin for the sake of the man you loved, should you not think he would find it easy to forgive?"

"I should think forgiveness would depend entirely on what the sin was, Lady Culmore."



LYING WITH HER FACE ON THE GRASS. SHE WAS SOBBING

The words seemed to strike her like a blow. She wept silently, bitterly.

"Whatever wrong you did, Lady Culmore," I said gently, "you have suffered enough."

"I shall suffer until I die!" she moaned.

I left her a few minutes afterward to go in search of some rare ferns, and when I came back she was lying with her face on the grass. She was sobbing—

"Forgive me—oh, forgive me. It was all for him; I loved him so."

And I wondered more than ever what was the mystery of this woman's life.

CHAPTER VII.

"Miss Forster," said Sir Rudolph, one morning, "will you take a message from me to Mrs. Harper? I promised to be at Bernham Woods by eleven o'clock, and it is nine now; so that I have not time to see her myself."

"I will take any message you please, Sir Rudolph," I replied, grieved that he altogether ignored his wife, who was present.

She looked up, with a deep shadow of pain in her eyes.

"Tell Mrs. Harper that I expect my brother, Mr. Ulric Culmore, this evening, and that he will remain a few weeks. I should like the blue rooms to be prepared for him." The blue rooms were two very charming apartments in the west wing, near to Sir Rudolph's; one was used as a sitting-room, the other as a sleeping-room. "Ask Mrs. Harper to see that a writing-table is placed in the sitting-room," continued Sir Rudolph; "my brother will want to study while he is here."

He bowed and went away. Lady Culmore came up to me, and once more I noticed the excessive whiteness of her hand, the palor of her face. She clutched rather than held my arm.

"Kate," she cried, in a low, terrified whisper, "Kate, what does this mean?"

"I do not understand you, Lady Culmore," I said.

"Why is he coming, of all the people in the world? Ulric Culmore—why is he coming? I—I am sore afraid."

"Afraid of what?" I asked. "Surely not of Sir Rudolph's brother?"

"Yes, of him," she said. "What is he coming for?"

"To see Sir Rudolph, and to rest most probably," I said.

"Do you think so?" she cried eagerly. "Do you see nothing else in it?"

"What else could there be?" I asked.

"He is a barrister, and very clever," she said.

"That has nothing to do with it," I answered, laughing.

But she continued to tremble, and I left her to attend to Sir Rudolph's orders.

"Mr. Ulric Culmore coming!" said the housekeeper. "I am glad!"

"Do you know him?" I asked.

"Yes, miss. He came to Brooke Hall while I was there, and I liked him very much. I am glad he is coming. He will be sure to bring some kind of change to this miserable house."

"Then he has never been to Ullamere?" I asked.

"No," she replied. "The last time he came to Brooke was to attend the funeral."

A funeral is an every-day matter, and it did not occur to me to ask whose it was.

"When he was at Brooke Hall, all was right between Sir Rudolph and my lady," continued Mrs. Harper. "I remember that they both drove with him to the station. He will be surprised indeed when he sees how matters stand here; but I think he will improve them. Both Sir Rudolph and my lady are much attached to him."

I remembered the white face and the frightened eyes of Lady Culmore, and I doubted if this were the case so far as she was concerned.

On the evening of the 27th of May I went out for a short stroll through the grounds. Dinner was delayed until half past eight, on account of Ulric Culmore's expected arrival. I wandered down to the lakeside, and stood there watching the gold of the laburnum, the blue of the lake, the rippling green foliage, the brown distant hills, until I was lost in admiration. It was the chill breeze coming from the lake that roused me. I had been absorbed in trying to penetrate the mystery of the baronet's household, and I found that the time had passed on rapidly. I hastened back to the house; and, as I stood outside the porch, which was hidden by great masses of white jasmine and climbing roses, I heard a strange voice say:

"You have visitors at Ullamere, Rudolph?"

"No," was the quick reply, "we have not."

"There was one of the loveliest girls I have ever seen in my life down by the lakeside," added the strange voice. "I saw her as I was crossing the bridge—a brunette, perfect in her way."

"Miss Forster," said Rudolph, quietly.

"And who is Miss Forster?" asked the unknown.

"She is, as you say, a most lovely girl, and she is as good as she is lovely. She lives here at Ullamere as companion to Lady Culmore."

Then I heard a light laugh.

"I should not have thought you would have allowed that. You were always companion enough for her."

I hurried away, the conversation was not intended for me; and surely he, the stranger, must have been mistaken in calling me a lovely girl! Why, at school the other girls were always teasing me about my dusky hair and dark eyes! Of course this must be Ulric Culmore. I longed to see his face, for his voice was rich and musical. I was young, and no one had ever praised me, no one had ever paid me any homage. My heart thrilled with delight at this tribute to my beauty.

Then the dinner-bell rang. I felt shy and embarrassed; but I had no time to think of myself. Lady Culmore came to my room.

"Kate," she said, "let me go down with you." She wore a rich sapphire velvet, with a parure of fine pearls.

"Do I look nice?" she asked eagerly.

"You look perfectly beautiful," I replied. "That is a dress fit for a queen."

"But my face?" she said. "Kate, if you saw my face now for the first time, should you think that I had anything on my mind, that any secret was eating my life away? Tell me truely, Kate. Do I look like a woman with a secret?"

I turned so that I could see her plainly. The magnificent dress, falling in graceful folds, suited her to perfection; the pearls shone round her white graceful throat and in the coils of her fair hair; a sweet subtle odor was wafted to me. No figure, no face could have been more beautiful; but, alas, she was right—it was the face of a woman with a secret! The eyes and lips betrayed it—they were so constrained, she kept such a guard over them. She stood watching me anxiously, as though her very life depended upon my answer. For a few moments I was silent.

"And you do not wish Mr. Ulric Culmore to find it out?" was all I could bring myself to say.

"I do not," she replied.

"Then you must let your face relax. There is a restraint, a tension about it, that tells the story."

"How shall I shake it off?" she cried, suddenly clinging to me. "You are so kind to me, so good to me, tell me—how shall I shake it off?"

"Forget it," I said.

I regretted my words as soon as they were uttered. She flung up her arms with a terrible cry.

"Forget it! Oh, Heaven, if I might, if I could but have the power to forget it for one hour—only one hour!"

I saw that one of her fits of violent excitement was impending, and that she would not be able to go down to dinner unless it was averted. I talked to her, reasoned with her, admired her dress—admiration of such a kind, poor lady, always pleased her—and, by the time the dinner-bell rang, I had quite forgotten my own little gleam of happiness in having been called lovely.

I went into the room with Lady Culmore. She trembled so that she could hardly hold her fan in her hands. Som one came to meet us as we entered; some one with a handsome face and winning voice took Lady Culmore's hand in his and said:

"Why Nest, you are not looking well! What is the matter? Will you introduce me to Miss Forster?"

Ah, me! the thought of the rapture of that moment will cause my heart to thrill with ecestasy until I die! Never till then shall I forget his first glance. So I met my fate—the love that was my doom! It came to me when Ulric Culmore looked into my face for the first time. I remember it was only a momentary glance; but my heart beat fast, a mist came before my eyes, a vague something stirred in my heart: one glance from those beautiful eyes had suddenly roused my whole being into new life.

When I was myself again, he was talking to Lady Culmore, and there was evident anxiety in his voice.

"I cannot think what has changed you so completely, Nest," he was saying. "You had two of the most delicious dimples in the world, and they have both disappeared. I remember thinking to myself that, when I married, I would choose a wife with just such dimples."

How terribly awkward it was! Just as he said those words I wondered if I was blessed with such charms. I raised my eyes suddenly; and found that he was looking at me. I felt as though I had been detected in some terrible crime, and blushed to the very roots of my hair.

Sir Rudolph came into the room and went to speak to his brother. I turned to Lady Culmore, who looked very pale and agitated.

"Pray forgive me, Lady Culmore," I said. "What was the pretty name by which Mr. Culmore called you?"

A sad, sweet smile came over her beautiful face.

"Nest," she replied. "It is a Welsh name. I can not tell why it was given to me. It brings back so much to my mind. I have not heard the name for a year—for a whole year. I had almost forgotten it."

Then I looked up in wonder, for I heard a sound that was quite novel to me—Sir Rudolph laughing, actually laughing in the most light-hearted fashion. How completely that laugh changed the expression of his face it would be impossible to tell. I had been at Ullamere from Christmas Eve until now, the end of May, and such a thing had never occurred before.

"Kate," said Lady Culmore, "do you think that Ulric will notice Sir Rudolph's manner to me?"

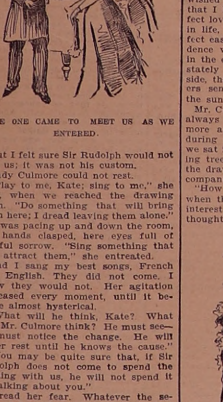
I felt sure that he must; but I did my best to comfort her by saying that we would talk so much that it would not be perceived.

CHAPTER VIII.

The dinner that evening was, for two of us at least, an anxious interval. Lady Culmore evidently did not wish Mr. Culmore to see the peculiar footing on which she stood with Sir Rudolph. He himself did not change his manner in the least. Except for the needful civilities of the table, he did not address his wife. She spoke to him several times, and between us we managed to hide from the visitor the terrible state of things that existed. Yet I saw him once or twice look from one to the other with strangely wondering eyes, as though he could not quite understand or make out how matters stood. He was bewildered and puzzled. And, though it was a delight to me to sit there at table with him, where I could see the handsome face and listen to every bright, cheerful word that fell from his lips, I was glad when we went away. It was such an effort to keep up conversation in the circumstances.

Mr. Culmore held the door open for us as we passed through. He smiled at Lady Culmore.

"We shall not be long, Nest," he said "It is a barbarous custom for men to linger over their wine."



SOME ONE CAME TO MEET US AS WE ENTERED.

But I felt sure Sir Rudolph would not join us; it was not his custom.

Lady Culmore could not rest.

"Play to me, Kate; sing to me," she said, when we reached the drawing room. "Do something that will bring them here; I dread leaving them alone." She was pacing up and down the room, her hands clasped, here eyes full of wistful sorrow. "Sing something that will attract them," she entreated.

And I sang my best songs, French and English. They did not come. I knew they would not. Her agitation increased every moment, until it became almost hysterical.

"What will he think, Kate? What will Mr. Culmore think? He must see—he must notice the change. He will never rest until he knows the cause."

"You may be quite sure that, if Sir Rudolph does not come to spend the evening with us, he will not spend it in talking about you."

I read her fear. Whatever the secret of her life was, she dreaded lest her husband should reveal it to his brother. I knew Sir Rudolph was incapable of that.

I continued to play and sing; but the clock had struck 11 before they came, and I saw that the gloom and the shadow had spread to Ulric's handsome face and rested there. Yet I felt sure that Sir Rudolph had not betrayed his wife.

Mr. Culmore looked wonderingly from one to the other.

"You must not blame me, Nest. It is not fair to tell tales out of school; but Rudolph would not come. He would have all my bar stories over again. I told him it was not polite."

Then he came over to me. He talked to me, and the sound of his voice was sweet and pleasant to my ears. Yet I was not so much engrossed but that I saw Lady Culmore go up to her husband and speak to him. She folded her hands, as though she were uttering a prayer, but she did not offer to touch him. I knew afterward that she was pleading with him, in tones that might have melted any heart, that he would be just a little merciful to her while Ulric was here. And he had answered:

"A contract is a contract. Ours can not be broken."

The gentlemen remained in the drawing room for half an hour, and the puzzled, bewildered look in Ulric Culmore's eyes deepened. In his happy, cordial way he made an effort to bring them together. He asked if we should like a game of whist. Sir Rudolph said "No." In his conversation he appealed from one to the other; but Sir Rudolph was impenetrable; cold, impassible—nothing stirred or moved him; and, when Mr. Culmore found this to be really the case, he was too much of a gentleman to persevere. He let matters take their own course, and looked on in silence.

When something or other happened that revealed the gulf between this hapless husband and wife, I saw his eyes fixed on me questioningly; but no words crossed our lips.

Sir Rudolph seemed devotedly attached to his brother; the love that should have been lavished on his wife was given to him. It was delightful to see them together; he was so amiable, so attentive, Ulric so bright and kindly. But Lady Culmore was sorely pained. I did not remember ever to have seen her look so unhappy. Ulric made no change in his treatment of her. He was kind, attentive and affectionate to her. Either he knew her secret and thought nothing of it, or did not know and retained his old affectionate respect for her.

Mr. Culmore came to breakfast with us the next morning, and was startled at not finding his brother there.

"Where is Rudolph?" he asked.

"He seldom takes breakfast with us," replied Lady Culmore, her face flushing painfully. And Ulric, seeing it, said no more.

So the days passed, and, though Ulric's presence seemed to have brought light and sunshine, it wrought no change in the unhappy relationship which existed between husband and wife. He never alluded to it; he seemed gradually to fall into our strange ways. He was kind and loving to both, ignored the estrangement as much as possible, took the part of neither, and behaved as well as any man could possibly have behaved in the circumstances.

After a few days Lady Culmore recovered herself, finding that her brother-in-law merely wondered and looked puzzled.

How am I to tell what next happened! What words shall I find sweet enough, fair enough for my story? On Christmas Eve, leaning over the stile that led into the snow-clad meadows, looking up to the night sky where the stars shone, I had prayed heaven as a Christmas gift to send me some one to love me; and with the budding of the green leaves, with the singing of birds and the sunshine of May, my prayer was granted.

I seemed to be standing outside the gates of some wonderful land, when suddenly they opened, and the golden light fell upon me, blinding and dazzling me. At first I thought of Ulric Culmore simply as a scholar and a gentleman; later I began to look upon him as one of the handsomest, noblest, most generous of men; finally I found that his presence greatly affected me. Why should my heart beat fast at the sound of his voice? Why should my face burn at the sight of him? Why did I tremble like a leaf in the wind when he spoke to me? Why did every nerve and pulse thrill at the bare mention of his name? My heart told me it was because I loved him.

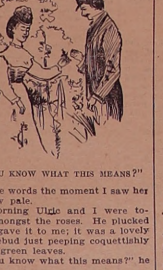
I gave him the whole love of my heart, and I never thought of its being returned. It was happiness enough to me to love him. I never thought of past or future; the present sufficed for me. Heaven knows that I was not presumptuous in my love. To live where I should see him, to do all in my power for those he loved, to live loving him, to die breathing his name—I had no greater ambition, no more fervent hope. To me he stood quite apart in the world of men—there was none like him, none equal to him; that he should ever dream of placing me by his side seemed almost improbable. So the lovely month of roses came round while the heart of the child changed into the passionate, loving heart of the woman, and I was a child no more.

How I loved him! And it was no wonder. I had seen so little of life. He was really the first young, handsome man I had known. That beautiful June was the happiest month of my life; not that I forgot the troubles and sorrows of others, but that the glamour of love's young dream was so strong upon me that my heart was full.

Ulric Culmore had come to Ullamere to study and to rest, yet how often in the early mornings, when the lake was like a sheet of molten gold and the rosy light lay on the distant hills, I found him in the grounds or down by the water side! And I had not the faintest idea that he came because he wished to talk to me. The knowledge that I loved him with a full and perfect love that was to be my one secret in life, gave me, strange to say, perfect ease in his presence, perfect confidence while with him. So we talked in the early morning hours, under the stately trees, and down by the river side, the birds singing to us, the flowers sending us their sweet perfume, the sun shining down upon us.

Mr. Culmore liked talking to me. He always took breakfast with Lady Culmore and me. He very often came during the morning to read to us as we sat in the shade of the great speading trees; he followed us always into the drawing room after dinner; he accompanied us in our walks and drives.

"How much pleasanter a house is when there is a gentleman to take an interest in matters!" I said one day thoughtlessly to Lady Culmore. I repented the words the moment I saw her face grow pale.



"DO YOU KNOW WHAT THIS MEANS?"

One morning Ulric and I were together amongst the roses. He plucked one and gave it to me; it was a lovely moss rosebud just peeping coquettishly from its green leaves.

"Do you know what this means?" he asked.

I said "No." that I knew nothing of the language of flowers.

You do not know what a moss rosebud symbolizes?" he questioned. "Promise me to try to find out."

Was it the warm sunlight that dazzled my happy eyes? I could not look at him. I took the rosebud and ran away shamefacedly.

CHAPTER IX.

As I hurried from Mr. Culmore, I almost ran against Lady Culmore. I stopped to apologize.

"Where are you going in such a hurry?" she asked.

"I do not know," I replied.

"Not know where you are going, Kate? How strange!"

It was perfectly true. I only knew that I was running away from happiness so great that it dazed me as do the rays of a burning sun. Lady Culmore looked at me earnestly—I would have given the world if I could have hidden my face from her gaze.

"Oh, child," she said, "what is this I read in your eyes! What is it, Kate?"

"Nothing," I replied, trying guiltily to hide the rosebud.

"Nothing?" she repeated. "Lift up your head, Kate, and look at me."

There was no help for it. I raised my head, and looked at her. She gazed into my eyes, and said:

"My dear, the light that is in your eyes is the light that never yet shone on land or sea. Do you know what that is?"

"No," I answered.

"The light of love," she said. "Oh, Kate, what—who has brought it there?"

"The sunlight," I answered, as I ran away a second time.

It was only natural that I should go to the library in search of a "Language of Flowers," and I read, "Moss-rosebud—confession of love." Ah, me, I smile now! But then, when I read it, a great, an almost solemn awe came over me. I felt as a pilgrim feels when he first enters a shrine. Of course it was all nonsense, merely a jest. It was not likely that he loved me. Still I would far rather that he had not jested with me on such a subject. And then the delicious memory of his words came to me. He had said that I was one of the loveliest girls he had ever seen.

How my heart beat! How my whole soul seemed filled with sunshine and happiness! Could any one be wretched in this beautiful world? And then, like an icy wind, came the memory of Lady Culmore. She had loved her husband, and what was her reward? I remembered what she said when I told her of my prayer on Christmas Eve. Yet, not heeding the warning, I wrapped up my precious rosebud. I wonder if ever one small flower made any girl so perfectly happy before?

When I saw Lady Culmore the next time, her face was pale from excessive weeping, and I could not help wondering if what had passed between us had not roused bitter-sweet memories in her heart.

* * * * *

Dinner was over; it had been the ordinary curious, constrained meal, with the usual complete estrangement of husband and wife, the usual efforts at cheerfulness on the part of Mr. Culmore. How I longed to get away, longed for the brightness of sunlight and flowers, for the fresh air and outdoor freedom.

How it happened I can not tell. I seem to see that evening always through a golden mist. Sir Rudolph was in his study, engaged on some business about the estate, Lady Culmore had disappeared and Ulric came to me.

"Miss Forster," he said, "do not waste this beautiful evening indoors. Our host and hostess have both withdrawn. Let us enjoy the last rays of the sun. Will you come?"

Would I? My heart went out to him in answer. Whither could he have led that I would not have followed?

"You will not need hat or cloak this lovely evening," he continued.

A black shawl of Lady Culmore's lay on the couch. He wrapped it in Spanish fashion around my head and shoulders.

"I will show the flowers their queen," he said. "Let us leave the world, with all its cares and miseries behind us, Miss Forster, and go for an hour into fairy-land."

"Where is fairy-land?" I asked.

"Wherever we like to make it," he replied. "We shall find ours near the lake."

Shall I ever forget the scent of the magnolia, which was in full bloom, and filled the air with perfume? Shall I ever forget the cry of the cushat dove, the song of the nightingale on the far side of the lake, the golden light on the water, the fair, blue sky, the scent of the blossoms we crushed beneath our feet?

Just where the magnolia-tree, with its great, white, scented flowers, stood, the lake formed a little bay. Lady Culmore, who had pretty fancies when she was not too miserable to entertain them, called it "Magnolia Bay." I told Mr. Culmore this, and he smiled at the pretty conceit.

"We will make it our fairy-land," he said.

Such an hour comes only once in life; and it came, thank Heaven, then for me! The water of the lake softly rippled and kissed the green banks; the wind stirred the magnolia-blossoms. Far away stretched the rugged brown hills, golden now in the light of the setting sun. My lover was silent for some minutes, then he took both my hands, looking at them earnestly.

"You year no rings, Miss Forster," he said.

"I haven't any," I replied quickly. "Madame gave me my mother's wedding ring; but it broke."

"I wonder if you will think me very rude if I make one comment?" he continued.

"I should never think you rude," I answered, "make what comment you might."

"As you wear no engagement ring, I venture to conclude you are not engaged?"

"To be married, do you mean?" I asked, in supreme wonder.

"Yes, to be married," he said.

"Oh, no! How could that be? I have been at school all my life."

"You have never had a lover?" he pursued.

"No, never," I answered.

"I knew it," he said. "Ah, Kate, no woman's eyes are ever the same after a lover has looked into their depths! Yours are as clear as the morning star. No lover has ever gazed into them. Kate, raise them to mine."

"YOU WEAR NO RINGS, MISS FORSTER?"

But, instead of that, I buried my face in my hands.

The birds sang on, the wavelets broke tranquilly against the bank; but above the song and the ripple I heard the voice that held all the music of earth for me.

"Did you find out what the moss-rosebud symbolized? You must tell me. Did you find it out, Kate?"

"Yes," I whispered, almost inaudibly.

"I loved you at first sight, Kate," he said. "You were sitting here by the lake whe I saw you. You do not know the charm of your own face. Yet you will learn it quickly enough when you are in the world of men. I could not imagine who you were, for my brother had not told me of the new additin to his household; but I thought yu the loveliest girl I had ever seen; and Kate, in that first moment my heart went out to you, and it has never come back. I wanted to tell you this days ago, but I have hesitated; you seemed so unconscious of it all. To trouble you with the cares of love seemed like breaking into some beautiful sanctuary; yet I do not see why I should not be happy, if I can. Kate, I love you, and I want you to be my wife."

That was the answer to my prayer.

"I love you so dearly, so well, Kate, that I will devote my life to you. Will you love me in return?"

I did—Heaven only knew how well. But it occurred to me that it would be madness for him to marry me. I had nothing but what he was pleased to call my beauty and my loving heart. I had neither fortune, position nor connections, and I felt sure that all these were needful to him. I told him that he could not do a worse thing for himself. He laughed, and said that he was the best judge. He loved me, and nothing else was of consequence.

I did not tell him all—how I had loved him from the first moment I had heard his voice. Some few details I kept secret even from him. We plighted our troth by the side of the lake—a troth that has not been broken, and never will be.

His wife! How little I dreamed that I should ever hear those words! I had loved him with a love that was all humility.

"You delight my eyes just as you gladden my heart, Kate," said my lover. "It seems to me always as though you move to some sweet hidden music. You confess that you love me, Kate?"

"Yes; I love you," I replied.

"And you promise to be my wife?"

"Yes—if you really wish it."

"As if I could help wishing it, Kate. I am your first lover, darling?"

"And my last," I said, earnestly.

"That I believe. No lover has looked into your beautiful eyes, no lover has kissed your lips—sweet as they are true! May I have the first kiss, Kate?"

And there, in the glory of the evening sunset, my lover kissed me for the first time; and that kiss bound my heart to him forever.

The sun had set, leaving the water cold and gray, before we remembered how time was flying. The birds had all gone to rest, al lnature seemed to repose when we rose to return to the house.

"Mr. Culmore," I began.

"Never, 'Mr. Culmore' again, Kate," he said. "Mine is not a very melodious name, but you must try to use it. Say 'Ulric' always when you speak to me."

"Ulric," I said, shyly, "do not tell anyone just yet. Let me grow accustomed to it first."

"I will do as you wish, my darling," he said, "but for a short time only."

And then, although we were so near the house that any one could see us from the windows, he kissed me again.

CHAPTER X.

"Kate," cried my lover impatiently, "there are limits to human endurance!"

"Very small limits they are!" I retorted. "You, Ulric, are the most impatient of men."

The dark handsome face smiled.

"You do not mean it, Kate. If I thought you did—"

"You shall not kiss me again, Ulric; I have made up my mind. Yesterday, I am sure, the gardener saw you."

"He may see me again to-day, if he likes!" laughed Ulric. "If a man may not kiss the girl whom he is going to marry, pray tell me whom he is to kiss?"

That was a problem I was unable at the moment to solve.

"Strange that we should both be thinking of the same thing! I was just about to tell you that human endurance has its limits, and that I shall not bear this kind of thing much longer."

I knew very well that "this kind of thing" meant silence as to our engagement, but I was so unwilling to speak of it.

It was a glorious morning at the end of June. My lover—heaven bless his handsome head and dark beautiful face—had come out to smoke a cigar under the chestnut trees. As a matter of course, I must go with him. Sir Rudolph had ridden over to Ulladale; Ulric had eclined to accompany him.

"We will have a little picinic of our own Kate," he said; "I will have a cigar or two, you shall have some fruit, and we will improve the shining hours."

It was absurd to resist, to make excuses—which I did hypocritically enough—for nothing on earth was so delightful to me as to be with him.

"You forget," I said, "that I am Lady Culmore's companion."

"I know that you are my companion," he said; "and I shall not give you up either to Lady Culmore or to any one else."

He arranged a most comfortable seat for me, and placed some fruit where I could easily reach it—rich ripe strawberries and purple grapes.

"Now, you have nothing to do but to sit still, Kate, look charming, and let me admire you. Do you know that you look like the morning itself? Your eyes are so bright, and you have the daintiest colors. Your hair—what dark hair it is, Kate!—all lies in rings and waves. Altogether, I am more in love than ever with my future wife!"

He knelt by my side, kissed my hands, kissed my lips, called me by every endearing name. I wondered for a moment whether he would always love me in this fashion, or whether coldness or estrangement would come to us as it had come to Sir Rudolph and Lady Culmore.

"You are thinking of something disagreeable, Kate; I know it by the expression of your face."

I sighed.

"I will not have you sigh, dearest," said my lover. "Sighs must not pass such lips as yours—lips made for smiles and kisses."

"Ah, sweet sunny hours, sweeter than words can tell, how quickly they passed, and how blissful they were!

"I am saying, Kate," continued Ulric, "that I have come to the end of my endurance. To love you as I do, yet not to be at liberty to give full expression to that love, is torture. Last night, when you were singing, you looked so captivating that I could hardly refrain from taking you in my arms and kissing you."

"I WAS SAYING, KATE," CONTINUED ULRIC, "THAT I HAVE COME TO THE END OF MY ENDURANCE"

"It was well you did not," Isaid, wondering what Lady Culmore would have thought.

"You said, dearest, you wished me to keep silence about our engagement for a short time, because you wanted to grow accustomed to it. Are you accustomed to it yet?"

I raised my happy eyes to his face, and told him that the wonder of it was so great that, if I lived for a century, it would still be a source of supreme astonishment to me.

"Evidently, then, it is quite useless waiting any longer. Let me tell my brother his evening. My darling, I want to marry you in the autumn. Are those tears in your eyes, Kate?"

"Yes, tears of joy," I replied. "I am so happy, Ulric—no girl in the wide world was ever happier; but I can not forget the misery that surrounds us. If I could see Lady Culmore less miserable, Sir Rudolph more like you, I should not care. I know how it will be when we tell her; she will cry, or say some of those terrible things that one can not bear to hear, and Sir Rudolph will be colder than ever. Out here in the sunlight, where the waters shine, the roses bloom, and the whole world is lovely, it is easy to be happy and to talk of love; but in that shadowed house, by that shadowed hearth, where husband and wife speak of our love there, a shadow will fall over it."

His face grew grave, the laughter died from his eyes.

"I understand," he said, in a low voice, "and I sympathize sincerely. Kate," he continued after a time, "I have never liked to speak to you about the matter, but what can possibly have parted those two? Do you know anything about it?"

"Nothing in the world," I replied. "No one could know less."

"Has the coldness existed ever since you have been here?"

"Yes; and it is that which makes me dislike to speak of my own happy love."

"I have said nothing about it," continued Ulric; "but I was never so shocked, so startled, so distressed in my life. The first night I spent here I thought the coldness was only a passing one—and even that horrified me; but, when I saw that it was always the same, that nothing changed or softened it, I was bewildered. Do you know, Kate, that they were once the most devoted of lovers, that Rudolph was mad about her, and that she, so beautiful and graceful, was sought after everywhere? She rejected some of the best offers in England to marry Rudolph."

"And now he is tired of her?" I asked.

"No, that is not it. I have watched them closely—for I would do anything to bring about a different state of things—and have come to the conclusion that there is a secret between them, and that it concerns Nest."

"Of what nature is the secret, do you think, Ulric?" I asked.

"I read fear and shrinking in her face," replied my lover. "Evidently she has done something which has made her afraid of him. What it can be is a mystery to me. She is so gentle, so loving, I can not imagine that she would do anything wrong. I am sure it is a strong reason on his part that causes him to treat her in this fashion."

"I pity her the most," I said. "She loves him so dearly; her whole life seems to be a passion of love and pain."

"And I," said Ulric, slowly, "pity him the most; I see in his face such an expression of torture. I know that he loved her so entirely that his heart must have been broken before matters came to this pass."

I told him how I had found her by the lakeside; her face buried in the grass, crying to Heaven for pardon—that it had been all for love of him. My lover was silent for some time after that.

"I seems a dishonorable thing," I said, "to try to discover a secret that is evidently kept from one; but, if anything could be done to bring them together, or even to re-establish ordinary kindness and civility between them, it would be a good deed."

Still, my lover, always so quick of speech was silent.

"Kate," he said, after a time, "are you sure that Lady Culmore used those words—'all for him'?"

"Not once, but a hundred times," I replied. And then I saw that his face had grown pale.

"'All for him,'" he repeated. "That would imply that she admitted having done something wrong, but that it was for his sake."

"That is what I have always thought, Ulric—that she did some wrong to him."

"What could she have done?" he continued, "She loves him too entirely to have given a thought to any one else."

"No, she has never betrayed him even by a thought," I said. And I saw the dark face grow paler.

"Kate," asked my lover, solemnly, "have you ever tried to imagine what Lady Culmore could possibly have done?"

"Never. She is truthful, or I might think that she had lied in some shameful way."

"But what could she have lied about?" asked Ulric. "There was no mystery about their love or marriage; and the lie must have been a shameful one which could part them."

"Candidly, Ulric, I have seen no fault in Lady Culmore except a too great love for her husband. To me her character seems perfect in every other respect. I believe she loves him most devotedly. I thing she would do anything in the wide world for him. I can imagine that she might even mistake wrong for right for his sake. Nay, Ulric, I can go further; I believe that she loves him so entirely that she would do wrong for his sake and think it right. Love for him is the master-passion of her nature."

Ulric looked terribly distressed.

"Why," I cried, "the shadow is spreading to you. You look miserable. What is it?"

"A horrible idea," he replied—"a false one, I could swear, but so unutterably horrible that it has made me ill."

He looked ill.

"Tell me what it is?" I requested.

"I can not, Kate. To save my life I would not put into words the idea that has crossed my mind."

Not only had his face grown white, but his hands trembled. I did not like to ask him any further questions. He stamped his foot impatiently.

"How foolish I am, Kate," he cried, "frightening myself with a scare-crow! I must have a terribly depraved mind for such an idea to cross it. That is the worst of my profession; we are always diving into motives. Kate, this has spoiled our picnic. Let us forget it."

He spoke lightly; but it was in vain; he could not forget. I saw him shudder again and again. He rose from his seat, and paced up and down by the lakeside, his arms folded, his head bent, intense misery on his face. Truly our picnic was spoiled. I went to him at last, and laid my head upon his arm.

"Forigve me, my darling," he said. "I have a fit of the horrors. I am ashamed of myself. Tell me one thing more. Justice is justice. Tell me, in all her raving and her prayers, has Lady Culmore ever said anything about a little child?"

"Why," I cried in wonder, "that is the very thing she is afraid of!"

I told him of the scenes which had occurred. He stood like one transfixed.

"Great Heaven," he said at last, "I believe I am right! I believe with my whole heart and soul that I am right. Kate, it is all over with our picnic. Come back to the house."

CHAPTER XI.

From that hour Ulric Culmore was a changed man. The blight, the shadow that lay over the others had spread now to him. He was silent, abstracted, and gloomy. At times he seemed to try hard to become his old genial self again, but the attempt always failed.

What was the mystery that hung over Ullamere, that seemed to blight every one it touched? Something

(Concluded next Saturday.)

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The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.
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Belleville Sept. 11th, 1896.

PILLAR TO THE LORD.

LESSONS TAUGHT BY THE WONDERFUL PYRAMID OF GIZAH.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Likens It to the Pyramids of Good or Pyramids of Evil We Are All Raising—The Greatest Stuff for Modern Pyramid-Building.

REV. DR. TALMAGE preached on Sunday from the text, "In that day shall there be an altar to the Lord in the midst of the land of Egypt, and a pillar at the border thereof to the Lord. And it shall be for a sign and for a witness." Isaiah xix, 19, 20.

Isaiah no doubt here refers to the great pyramid at Gizeh, the chief pyramid of Egypt. The text speaks of a pillar in Egypt, and this is the greatest pillar ever lifted; and the text says it is to be at the border of the land, and this pyramid is at the border of the land; and the text says that it shall be for a witness, and the object of this sermon is to tell what the pyramid witnesses.

We had, on a morning of December, landed in Africa. Amid the howling boatmen of Alexandria we had come ashore and taken the rail train from Cairo, Egypt, along the banks of the most thoroughly harnessed river of the world—the River Nile—we had at eventide entered the city of Cairo, the city where Christ dwelt while staying in Egypt during the Herodic persecution. It was our first night in Egypt. No destroying agent sweeping through as once, but all the stars were out and the skies were filled with angels of beauty and angels of light, and the air was balmy as an American June. The next morning we were early awake and at the window, looking upon palm trees in full glory of leafage, and upon gardens of fruits and flowers at the very season when our homes far away are canopied by bleak skies and the last leaf of the forest has gone down in the equinoctials.

But how can I describe the thrill of expectation, for to-day we are to see what all the world has seen or wants to see—the pyramids. We are mounted for an hour and a half's ride. We pass on amid bazaars stuffed with rugs and carpets and curious fabrics of all sorts from Smyrna, from Algiers, from Persia, from Turkey, and through streets where we meet people of all colors and all garbs, carts loaded with garden productions, priests with gowns, women in black veils, Bedouins in long and seemingly superfluous apparel, Janissaries in jackets of embroidered gold—out and on toward the great pyramid, for though there are sixty-nine pyramids still standing, the pyramid at Gizeh is the monarch of pyramids. We meet camels grunting under their loads and see buffaloes browsing in pasture fields.

The road we travel is for part of the way under clumps of acacia and by long rows of sycamore and tamerisk, but after a while it is a path of rock and sand, and we find we have reached the margin of the desert, the great Sahara desert, and we cry out to the dragoman as we see a huge pile of rock looming in sight, "Dragoman, what is that?" His answer is, "The pyramid," and then it seemed as if we were living a century every minute. Our thoughts and emotions were too rapid and intense for utterance, and we ride on in silence until we come to the foot of the pyramid spoken of in the text, the oldest structure in all the earth, four thousand years old at least. Here it is. We stand under the shadow of a structure that shuts out all the earth and all the sky, and we look up and strain our vision to appreciate the distant top, and are overwhelmed while we cry, "The Pyramid! The Pyramid!"

I had started that morning with the determination of ascending the pyramid. One of my chief objects in going to Egypt was not only to see the base of that granitic wonder, but to stand on top of it. Yet the nearer I came to this eternity in stone the more my determination was shaken. Its altitude to me was simply appalling. A great height has always been to me a most disagreeable sensation. As we dismounted at the base of the pyramid, I said: "Others may go up it, but not I. I will satisfy myself with a view from the base. The ascent of it would be to me a foolhardy undertaking." But after I had given up all idea of ascending, I found my daughter was determined to go, and I could not let her go with strangers, and I changed my mind and we started with guides. It cannot be done without these helpers. Two or three times foolhardy men have attempted it alone, but their bodies came tumbling down unrecognizable and lifeless.

Each person in our party had two or three guides or helpers. One of them unrolled his turban and wrapped it around my waist, and he held the other end of the turban as a matter of safety. Many of the blocks of stone are four or five feet high and beyond any ordinary human stride unless assisted. But two Arabs to pull and two Arabs to push, I found myself rapidly ascending from height to height, and on to altitudes terrific and at last on the tiptop we found ourselves on a level space of about thirty feet square. Through clearest atmosphere we looked off upon the desert, and off upon the winding Nile, and off upon the Sphynx, with its features of everlasting stone, and yonder upon the minarets of Cairo glittering in the sun, and yonder upon Memphis in ruins, and off upon the wreck of empires and the battlefield of ages, a radius of view enough to fill the mind and shock the nerves and overwhelm one's entire being.

After looking around for a while, and a kodak had pictured the group, we descended. The descent was more trying than the ascent, for climbing you need not see the depths beneath, but coming down it was impossible not to see the abysms beneath. But two Arabs ahead to help us down, and two Arabs to hold us back, we were lowered, hand below hand, until the ground was invitingly near, and amid the jargon of the Arabs we were safely landed. Then came one of the most wonderful feats of daring and agility. One of the Arabs solicited a dollar, saying he would run up and down the pyramid in seven minutes. We would rather have given him a dollar not to go. But his ascent and descent in seven minutes he was determined on, and so by the watch in seven minutes he went to the top and was back again at the base. It was a bloodcurdling spectacle.

I said the dominant color of the pyramid was gray, but in certain lights it seems to shake off the gray of centuries and become a blonde, and the silver turns to the golden. It covers thirteen acres of ground. What an antiquity! It was at least two thousand years old when the baby Christ was carried within sight of it by his fugitive parents, Joseph and Mary. The storms of forty centuries have drenched it, bombarded it, shadowed it, flashed upon it, but there it stands ready to take another forty centuries of atmospheric attack if the world should continue to exist. The oldest buildings of the earth are juniors to this great senior of the centuries.

Herodotus says that for ten years preparations were being made for the building of this pyramid. It has eighty-two million one hundred and eleven thousand cubic feet of masonry. One hundred thousand workmen at one time toiled in its erection. To bring the stone from the quarry a causeway sixty feet wide was built. The top stones were lifted by machinery such as the world knows nothing of to-day. It is seven hundred and forty-six feet each side of the square base. The structure is four hundred and fifty feet high; higher than the cathedral of Cologne, Strasburg, Rouen, St. Peter's and St. Paul's. No surprise to me that it was put at the head of the seven wonders of the world. It has a subterraneous room of red granite, called the "king's chamber," and another room called the "queen's chamber," and the probability is that there are other rooms yet unexplored.

The evident design of the architect was to make those rooms as inaccessible as possible. After all the work of explorations and all the digging and blasting, if you would enter these subterraneous rooms you would go through a passage only three feet eleven inches high and less than four feet wide. A sarcophagus of red granite stands down under this mountain of masonry. The sarcophagus could not have been carried in after the pyramid was built. It must have been put there before the structure was reared. Probably in that sarcophagus once lay a wooden coffin containing a dead king, but time has destroyed the coffin and destroyed the last vestige of human remains.

For three thousand years this sepulchral was unopened, and would have been until to-day probably unopened had not a superstitious impression got abroad that the heart of the pyramid was filled with silver and gold and diamonds, and under Al Mamoun an excavating party went to work, and having bored and blasted through a hundred feet of rock, they found no opening ahead, and were about to give up the attempt when a workman heard a stone roll down into a seemingly hollow place, and encouraged by that they resumed their work and came into the underground rooms.

The disappointment of the workmen in finding the sarcophagus empty of all silver and gold and precious stones was so great that they would have assassinated Al Mamoun, who employed them, had he not hid in another part of the pyramid as much silver and gold as would pay them for their work at ordinary rates of wages and induced them there to dig till they to their suprise came upon adequate compensation. Was the design God's own?

I wonder not that this mountain of limestone and red granite had been the fascination of scholars, of scientists, of intelligent Christians of all ages. Sir John Herschel, the astronomer, said he thought it had astronomical significance. The wise men who accompanied Napoleon's army into Egypt, went into profound study of the pyramid that they might be as continuously as possible close to the pyramid which they were investigating. The pyramid, built more than four thousand years ago, being a complete geometrical figure, wise men conclude it must have been divinely constructed. Man came through thousands of years to fine architecture, to music, to painting, but this was perfect at the world's start, and God must have directed it.

All astronomers and geometricians and scientists say that it was scientifically and mathematically constructed before science and mathematics were born. From the inscriptions on the pyramid, from its proportions, from the points of the compass recognized in its structure, from the direction in which its tunnels run, from the relative position of the blocks that compose it, scientists, Christians and infidels have demonstrated that the being who planned this pyramid must have known the world's sphericity and that its motion was rotary, and how many miles it was in diameter and circumference, and how many tons the world weighs, and knew at what point in the heavens certain stars would appear at certain periods of time.

Not in the four thousand years since the putting up of that pyramid has a single fact in astronomy or mathematics been found to contradict the wisdom of that structure. Yet they had not at the age when the pyramid was started an astronomer or an architect or a mathematician worth mentioning. Who then planned the pyramid? Who superintended its erection? Who from its first foundation stone to its capstone erected everything. It must have been God. Isaiah was right when he said in my text, "A pillar shall be at the border of the land of Egypt, and it shall be for a sign and a witness." The pyramid is God's first Bible. Hundreds, if not thousands, of years before the first line of the Book of Genesis was written the lesson of the pyramid was written.

Well, of what is this Cyclopean masonry a sign and a witness? Among other things—of the prolongation of human work compared with the brevity of human life. In all the four thousand years this pyramid has only lost eighteen feet in width; one side of its square at the base changed only from seven hundred and sixty-four feet to seven hundred and forty feet, and the most of the eighteen feet taken off by architects to furnish stone for building in the city of Cairo. The men who constructed the pyramid worked at it only a few years, and then put down the trowel, and the compass, and the square, and lowered the derrick which had lifted the ponderous weights; but forty centuries has their work stood, and it will be good for forty centuries more.

All Egypt has been shaken by terrible earthquakes and cities have been prostrated or swallowed, but that pyramid has defied all volcanic paroxysms. It has looked upon some of the greatest battles ever fought since the world stood. Where are the men who constructed it? Their bodies gone to dust, and even the dust scattered. Even the sarcophagus in which the king's mummy may have slept is empty.

So men die but their work lives on. We are all building pyramids not to last four thousand years, but forty thousand, forty million, forty trillion, forty quadrillion, forty quintillion. For a while we wield the trowel, or pound with the hammer, or measure with the yard stick, or write with the pen, or experiment with the scientific battery, or plan with the brain, and for a while the foot walks, and the eye sees, and the ear hears, and the tongue speaks. All the good words or bad words we speak are spread out into one layer for a pyramid. All the kind deeds or malevolent deeds we do are spread out into another layer. All the indirect influences of our lives are spread out in another layer. Then the time soon comes when we put down the implement of toil, and pass away, but the pyramid stands.

The twentieth century will not rock it down, nor the thirtieth century, nor the one hundredth century. The earthquake that rocks this world to pieces will not stop our influence for good or evil. You modestly say, "That is true in regard to the great workers for good or evil, and of gigantic [illegible], Miltonian or Talleyrandian, [illegible] for me, for I live and work on [illegible]." My hearer, remember those who built the pyramids were common workmen. Not one of them could lift one of those great stones. It took a dozen of them to lift just one stone, and others just wielded a trowel, clicking it on the hard edge or smoothing the mortar between the layers. One hundred thousand men toiled on those sublime elevations.

If one of those granite blocks that I just touch with my feet as the two Arabs pull me and the two other Arabs push me, could speak out and tell its history it would say: "The place of my nativity was down in the great stone quarry of Mokattam or Asswan. Then they began to bore at my sides, and then to drive down great iron wedges, crushing against me till the whole quarry quaked and thundered. Then I was pried out with crowbars and levers, scores of men putting their weight on the leverage. Then chains were put around me, and I was hoisted with wheels that groaned under the weight, and many workmen had their hands on the cranks and turned until the muscles on their arms stood out in ridges, and the sweat rolled from their dusky foreheads.

"Then I was drawn by long teams of oxen, yoke after yoke, yoke after yoke. Then I was put on an incline plane and hauled upward, and how many iron tools, and how many human hands, and how many beasts of burden were employed to get me to this place no one can tell. Then I had to be measured and squared and compassed and fitted in before I was left here to do my silent work of thousands of years. God only knows how many hands were busied in getting me from my geological cradle in the quarry to the enthronement of innumerable ages." My hearers, that is the autobiography of one block of the pyramid. Cheops didn't build the pyramid. Some boss mason in the world's twilight didn't build the pyramid. One hundred thousand men built it, and perhaps from first to last two hundred thousand men.

So with the pyramids now rising—pyramids of evil or pyramids of good. The pyramids of drunkenness, rising ever since the time when Noah got drunk on wine, although there was at this time such a superabundance of water. All the saloonists of the world adding their ale casks and wine pitchers and rum jugs until the pyramid overshadows the Great Sahara desert of desolated homes and broken hearts and destroyed eternities. And as the pyramid still rises, layers of human skulls piled on top of human skulls and other mountains of human bones to whiten the peaks reaching unto the heavens, hundreds of thousands of people are building that pyramid.

So with the pyramid of righteousness. Multitudes of hands are toiling on the steeps, hands infantile, hands octogenarian, masculine hands, female hands, strong hands, weak hands. Some clanging a towel, some pulling a rope, some measuring the sides. Layers of psalm books on top of layers of sermons. Layers of prayers on top of layers of sacrifice. And hundreds of thousands coming down to sleep their last sleep, but other hundreds of thousands going up to take their places, and the pyramids will continue to rise until the millennial morning gilds the completed work, and the toilers on those heights shall take off their aprons and throw down their towels, crying: "It is finished."

Your business and mine is not to build a pyramid, but to be one of the hundreds of thousands who shall ring a trowel, pull a rope, or turn a crank of a derrick, or cry, "Yo, heave!" while lifting another block to its elevation. Though it be seemingly a small work, it is a work that shall last forever. In the last day many a man and woman whose work has never been recognized on earth will come to a special honor. Fifty million Methodists in all parts of the earth do honor to the memory of John Wesley, but I wonder if any of them think to twist a garland for the memory of humble Peter Bohler, the Moravian, who brought John Wesley into the kingdom of God.

I rejoice that all the thousands who have been toiling in the pyramid of righteousness will at last be recognized and rewarded—the mother who brought her children to Christ, the Sabbath teacher who brought her class to the knowledge of the truth, the unpretending man who saved a soul. Then the trowel will be more honored than the sceptre. As a great battle was going on the soldiers were ordered to the front and a sick man jumped out of an ambulance in which he was being carried to the hospital. The surgeon asked him what he meant by getting out of the ambulance when he was sick and almost ready to die. The soldier answered, "Doctor, I am going to the front. I had rather die on the field than die in the ambulance." Thank God; if we cannot do much we can do a little.

While there seems to be no practical use for postmortem consideration later than the time of one's great-grandchildren, yet no one wants to be forgotten as soon as the obsequies are over. This pyramid, which Isaiah says is a sign and a witness, demonstrates that neither limestone nor red granite are competent to keep one affectionately remembered; neither can bronze, neither can Parian marble; neither can Aberdeen granite do the work. But there is something out of which to build an everlasting monument and that will keep one freshly remembered four thousand years—yea, forever and ever. It does not stand in marble yards. It is not to be purchased at mourning stores! Yet it is to be found in every neighborhood, plenty of it, inexhaustible quantities of it. It is the greatest stuff in the universe to build monuments out of. I refer to the memories of those to whom we can do a kindness, the memories of those whose struggles we may alleviate, the memories of those whose souls we may save.

The Soldier's Choice.

A general was one evening busy writinging in his tent, near a pool of water, when a bombshell from the enemy fell close at the entrance.

On looking up he saw the sentry stoop down, take up the shell and throw it into the water with great coolness.

The general arose, went to the soldier and said:

"You have saved my life, you know!"

"I have done what I could, geenral."

"Well, what am I to give you? The cross of St. George or a hundred pounds?"

The sentry paused a moment, and then inquired:

"What is the cross of St. George worth, general?"

"Worth? A mere trifle in itself—a matter of £5, I suppose. But there's the honor."

"Well, then," calmly replied the soldier, "if that's so I'll take £95 and the cross of St. George."—Spare Moments.

Origin of the Cravat.

The cravat was once the name of a great military nation, the Croats, or Cravates, of the Balkans. It was their fashion to wrap large shawls or pieces of cloth around their necks and shoulders. About the middle of the reign of Louis XVI. he uniformed several regiments in the Croat fashion, with huge shawls about their necks. The fashion took, and the shawl diminished in size to the slight strip of cloth we still have with us.

The Beginning of Diaz.

In the revolution which ended in the expulsion of that strange cross of ass and wolf, whom one of the most naive of Mexican folk-songs celebrates in "La pata de Saint' Anna," young Diaz became Jefe Politico (Mayor) of Ixtlan. In this hamlet was the first fair scope for the military bent which had been visible even in his childhood. He drilled the half-naked Indians of his jefature on Sundays, holding them by dances, a gymnasium, and the like artifices until he had really valuable militia. When Garcia "pronounced" in Oaxaca, the boy Mayor of Ixtlan marched on that capital with his aborigines and induced the usurper to "take it back"; and upon Garcia's renewal of the pronounciamento, Diaz returned and took the city and the small despot fled. For this service Diaz refused the pay proffered him. A little later he resigned his post as Mayor to become captain in the National Guard at less than half the pay, and won his first laurels in crushing the rebellion of Jamiltepec. Badly wounded, he saw the weak point in the insurgent lines, and won the day. It was a week before he reached the doctor, and he carried the bullet more than a year.—Harper's Magazine.

Eternal Life.

Man's spirit was not made to live a terrestrial slave imprisoned, and then to be utterly quenched like a candle at night. God must see that it would not prove worth while to make me for only that end. If for this life merely, the spirit infused with the breath of God and made a living soul is vastly too precious and complicated for its sphere. It is fitted for something infinitely better. And to that higher life it must attain, else God created vast powers for little accomplishment. So as I sit and muse, the spirit of eternal life burns within me. I believe in Easter. I sun my soul in immortality. Because He lives I shall live also. Bring your choicest flowers, sweet prophecies of eternal spring-time. Give us your choicest music, echoes escaping through the Easter gates ajar. It shall be with us as if a window of heaven were lifted and we permitted a glance within.—Dr. Taylor.

Buried Treasures.

Some of the famous treasure ships which lie at the bottom of the seas include L'Orient, sunk by Nelson at the battle of the Nile, with $3,000,000 aboard; the Latune sunk in the Zuyder Zee, with $7,000,000 in her hold; the De Brake, lost off Delaware Bay, with Spanish bullion, and the ship Golden Gate, which went down off Cape Hatteras while returning from California in the '50's, loaded with gold. Official statistics show that 2000 vessels are sunk annually, the vessels and cargoes valued at $100,000,000. The Atlantic and Pacific coasts are strewn with old and new wrecks, many laden with valuable cargoes.

Rather Mixed.

A local preacher in the west of England recently offered up the singular prayer "that the spark of grace might be watered with the dew of blessing from on high."—Saturday Review.

LONG TRIP IN THE AIR.

"TOURING CLUB" HAS TRAVELED 375 MILES IN ONE JOURNEY.

This Air Ship Was Afloat Longer Than Any Previous Balloon—Two Balloons Only Have Gone Further, and They Only by a Few Kilometres.

The amount of attention devoted to navigation of the air is constantly on the increase both in America and Europe. The remarkable experiments in which kites have been an important factor which were carried on in the vicinity of New York during last summer and fall are fresh in the minds of most persons. They demonstrated the feasibility of lifting weights by the force of the wind exercised on kites, and will, no doubt, prove of immense advantage to future aeronauts in the way of enabling them to direct their balloons.

Those who are interested in following up such matters await with extreme hopefulness the result of the proposed voyage to the Polar regions by Swedish scientists, which was postponed last summer at the critical moment owing to unfavorable winds and weather; but that the subject is receiving close attention is shown by the remarkable voyage recently made by a balloon named Touring Club, which accomplished the journey of 608 kilometres (375 miles) from Paris to Agen.

This record has never been surpassed in length, except by two ascents during the seige of Paris by the balloon Ville d'Orleans, which landed in Norway, and the General Chanzy, which landed at Ausbach, in Bavaria.

Both of these distances exceed the record of the Touring Club by a few kilometres only.

Only one of the forty-four ascents made under the auspices of the Society for Aerial Navigation of Berlin, and only the two mentioned of the sixty-four balloons sent up during the seige of Paris have equalled the distance record of the Touring Club.

Incidentally the record for length of sojourn above the earth was also exceeded, and many new instruments were tested and will have a wide bearing on the proposed international study of atmospheric conditions by means of stationary balloons.

The balloon itself was made of China silk and had a cubic content of 1700 metres. Five hundred kilograms of ballast were taken, making the total weight, including instruments and balloonists, 735 kilograms; altogether something over a ton. The two aeronauts were Messrs. George Besacon and Maurice Farman. The anchor carried was of an original design, a grapnel with two stocks.

The valve was studied with particular care, permitting the gas to escape rapidly when the balloon was to make a landing, without requiring a continued strain on the cord to bring into play special mechanism. The latitude reached was never very high, and it required an hour to attain two thousand feet, the theory of Mr. Besacon being, that when one undertakes an extended voyage in point of time, it is necessary to remain in a low altitude, so as to husband the supply of gas. The greater portion of the voyage was made at a height of about seven hundred feet.

BALLOONISTS WHO MADE A JOURNEY 375 MILES.

The balloon ascended at Paris early in the morning, and followed the direction of the railroad line to Orleans. The descent was made at a quarter past three on the afternoon of the next day, in the neighborhood of Agen, after having been in the air more than thirty hours. The rate of travel of the balloon varied from fifteen to fifty miles an hour.

One of the features of this voyage was the distribution of printed blanks, asking certain questions, which were to be filled up and returned by whoever found them. Nine thousand of these were sent out during the voyage, and about one hundred and fifty have been returned, furnishing important data.

Is Consumption Contagious?

With pulmonary consumption the dust of the dried expectoration is believed to be the direct medium of infection. Considering the widespread dissemination of that material in crowded cities, and the thousands who breathe bacilli everywhere they may go—in street cars, sleeping berths, hotels, parlors and churches—and taking into account the alarming bulletins of ambitiously active health boards, it would appear that the disease should be wellnigh universal. It is a satisfaction, however, to know that the chances of infection with a healthy person are so exceedingly small as not to merit mention, much less cause alarm. With every communicable disease it is a question of seed taking good root in the properly prepared soil. Especially is this the case with phthisis. The degree of vital resistance is the real element of protection. When there is no preparation of the soil by hereditary predisposition or lowered health standard, the individual is amply guarded against attack. Otherwise no one would be safe anywhere. The real good that may come from the agitation of the question of contagion in this disease is the opportunity afforded health boards of educating the victims to the necessary habit of cleanliness, which in individual cases will lessen the possibilities of disseminating the germs. If the ultimate result shall be nothing more than the abolition of the abominable habit of promiscuous spitting in public conveyances and assembly rooms, the present senseless scare may yet eventuate in the greatest benefit of the largest number.—Dr. George F. Shrady, in The Forum.

Fighting the Departmental Stores.

In attempting to fight the big department stores Chicago merchants are simply butting against an inexorable law of economics. The men who are crowded to the wall in the fierce struggle of business competition are deserving of all sympathy. They are wrecks from the cyclone of our competitive system. The conflict, however, is inevitable. It is one phase of the larger warfare which is changing the entire face of the Nation's industries. The department store and the trust spring from common soil. The movement of concentration comes in obedience to the relentless law of supply and demand. The department store, by concentrating its forces, can deliver goods cheaper than the individual merchant. Hamper its working, forbid its very existence, and this modern labor-saver yet will find means to obey the inexorable demands of social economy.—Illustrated American.

Basket Making.

Baskets are made both by hand and by machine. Very fine qualities of baskets come from China, Japan and India, being made of peculiar varieties of grasses which grow in those parts of the world. Willow baskets are still being made by hand, although machinery has been extensively introduced in their manufacture. Wire baskets are machine-made.

LONGEST RAILROAD.

THE TRANS-SIBERIAN NOW HOLDS THE RECORD.

More Than Twice as Long as Our Trans-Continental, the Canadian Pacific—The Wonderful Work of Russian Engineers.

The French engineer, M. Levat, who has just returned from Siberia, gives to The Monde Illustre some interesting details in regard to the gigantic railway which the Russians have now almost completed. It is called the Trans-Siberian or Great National Russian line, and it merits the title, because everything connected with it is Russian. Evidently great progress has been made in railroad building in the empire of the Czars since the French engineer, Michel Chevalier, placed the first rail upon that soil. To-day the Russian engineers come from the national schools. The iron comes from the mines in the Ural, and they work it in their own foundries. They have no need for the assistance of foreigners for any part of their material. In this immense enterprise of the Trans-Siberian everything is Russian, everything will be Russian, and at the same time everything will be done according to the last advance in railroad progress.

From St. Petersburg to Vladivostock the line will cover more than 9000 versts, more than 6000 miles, or about eleven times the distance from Paris to Marseilles. "The traveler who from the window of his railway car watches the panorama of our fields and provinces rolling before his eyes from Paris to the Mediterranean," says M. Levat, "feels a sensation of pride when he thinks of the size of France. But what will be the sentiment of the Russians when the locomotive will carry them from St. Petersburg to Vladivostock?" The trans-continental C. P. R. from Halifax to Vancouver is not half that length. The Trans-Caspian, the elder brother of the Trans-Siberian, whose rapidity of construction and boldness in undertaking excited so much admiration some years ago, is only about 800 miles in length.

The real head of the line is at Tchelabinsk, the first great Siberian town where one arrives from Moscow in 80 hours. The rails are at present laid down as far as Nijnesudinsk and beyond Krasnciarsk in Central Siberia, that is to say one-half of the distance. It takes from 200 to 250 hours to reach Tcheliabinsk, the present terminus. Commercial exploitation has not yet extended to that point; but for some time all Western Siberia has had its regular services. Trains run three times a week back and forth. Along the entire line stations are made at the points where commercial life is developing rapidly. The cars are very comfortable, even of the third class. Each traveler is furnished with a little bed. The cars are of the American type, enabling the travelers to pass from one to the other the whole length of the train. There is a platform and a lavatory in each car.

Russian engineers are remarkable for the extraordinary rapidity with which they lay down rails across the steppes, through the forests and mountains, and over the rivers. Five hundred miles of line is only child's play for them. They finish it in a few months, notwithstanding the rigor of their winters. They always proceed with order and method. At the head of the line which they are laying down they have a large number of hands, who live on board the train, which follows the line as it is laid; and supplies are brought by the trains behind. In this way they proceed along the freshly constructed railway.

In the leading train are always officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers, who form the cadres of the corps laying the rails. A grocery wagon, a forge, a bakery, etc., make the train a moving village. As soon as a train is unloaded, the material is rapidly carried forward, and no less rapidly fixed in position. In a single day they can lay down about four miles of railway.

The difficult work of making bridges is also done with great rapidity during the summer season. On the great Siberian rivers, when they are frozen over, or when the ice is breaking up, it is impossible to use floating material in their construction. The greatest bridge is that of Innessef, which is about 5000 feet in length. Another curiosity of the Trans-Siberian will be the crossing of Lake Baikal. In a few months, when the weather will permit, the line will be laid at the point turning the southern extremity of the lake, but just now it is necessary to go straight and quickly. On their arrival at Listviniza the engineers determined that the trains should pass over the lake to the other side, at Mouissova; but between these two points the distance is about 50 miles, and, although the Russian engineers undertake almost anything, they could not dream of making a bridge there. But that made no difference; the trains went on all the same. They were simply embarked on board boats specially built for the purpose, which carry them from Listviniza to Mouissova, even in winter, because they keep a canal cut through the ice of the lake by means of ice boats of the same model as those at present in use at the entrance of the port of Vladivostock in cold weather.

From Lake Baikal the line reaches to Strettinsk, a town situated at the terminal point of the navigation of the Chilka, a northern branch of the Amour. To reach there it is necessary to cross the Yablonovoi Mountains. The Russian engineers were obliged to get through them without a tunnel.

At Strettinsk the old proposed line followed the valley of the Amour as far as Khabarovsk to reach to the south of Vladivostock. It formed an immense arc of a circle in a country where communication was already established by fluvial navigation. This was long and expensive. The direct line following the chord of the arc was preferable. But it cut through Chinese Manchuria, and the Government at Pekin opposed the project on the ground that it really meant taking possession of the territory; and here it was the business of Russian diplomacy to obtain the necessary permission from China. It was obtained. The authority was hardly given before the enterprise was undertaken.

Already the Russian engineers are tracing out their lines in Manchuria. To-morrow the workmen will be there, and after to-morrow the old mandarians will hold up their hands in horror when they witness the sacreligious arrival of the locomotive. When the Russian locomotive engineer starts his engine through China, who can tell where he will stop? The Russians already say that, as the port of Vladivostock is frozen over in winter, it will be necessary to extend the terminal point of the Trans-Siberian on to Fusan, the Corean port of the south that never freeze over, and where the Japanese are still garrisoned.

The Ladies of Constantinople.

It was amusing to see negresses with the thickest of lips veiled. All the pretty faces were more or less painted and the eyelids and eyebrows pencilled. The quality of the paint showed the quality of the rady. Poor women daub themselves with horrid pigments. No Turkish gentleman goes out to walk with his wife; to do so would be counted in the highest degree absurd. At most she is followed by a slave. But wrapped up in the ugly black silk feridje, she can go where she pleases and alone. No man would dream of looking at a veiled lady in a feridje. Were a Giaour to scan her face he would run a risk of being massacred. Snopping is a feminine pastime; another is holding receptions, which, of course, ladies only attend. Munching sweetmeats renders Constantinople belles grossly fat while still young, and rather spoils their teeth. All over the East teeth are even, white, and of medium size, and mouths well-shaped. They are mouths made for laughter, gourmandize, and sensual love. Eastern women are far better looking in youth than Western. Those of Stamboul are the least graceful. They are seldom neat about the ankles. Their stockings are not well drawn up, their shoes are a world to big, and their gait is heavy and shuffling.—London Truth.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO MONDAY, APRIL 19 1897. NO. 294

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Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

City Council.
A.O.F. Assembly.
Forest and Stream Club.
Anglican Vestry Meetings.
Mizpah Lodge, 127, I.O.O.F.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Tabernacle Auxiliary, W.M.S.
Y.P.S.C.E.—John St. Church.
Canadian Order Chosen Friends.
E.L. of C.E.—Methodist Churches.
Emmanuel Church Vestry Meeting.
Prof. Alexander—Power Opera House.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—J. R. H. and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 19—Baffin began his second voyage, 1616.
Lord Byron died, 1824.
Easter Monday. Bank holiday.

THE WEATHER.

An extraordinary drop took place in the temperature this morning, namely from 48 at 8 a. m. to 30 at noon; the wind, which during the night had blown a south-east gale with rain, shifting to northwest—right around the compass—with snow flurries, and blowing little short of a hurricane. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	52	Min	40
8 a. m	58	8 a. m	48
Noon	76	Noon	30

PROBABILITIES.

Strong winds and gales from west and north, with a change to decidedly colder weather; showers at some places, followed by snow flurries.

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who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

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CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

Aldermen Cannot Sit.

According to a new law Aldermen are no longer to sit as members of the Court of Revision in cities. The Court shall in cities other than Toronto hereafter be composed of one member chosen by the Council, one by the Mayor and one by the Sheriff of the county. In cities of 30,000 and less than 100,000 the members of the Court may be paid a sum not exceeding $300, and in cities with a less population any sum which the Council may by by-law direct.

A Graduate of Toronto University says "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years. Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy which always effects a cure

The Price of Prosperity
IS ADVERTISING IN THE
INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Three more days of great guessing.

The City Council will meet this evening.

To-day—Easter Monday—is a bank holiday.

Wednesday last day of the great shirt guessing contest.

Guelph's insurance rating has been reduced from Class A. to Class C.

Next Sunday Bishop Hamilton, of Ottawa, will be at St. Thomas' Church to hold Confirmation services.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

The annual Vestry meetings will be held in the Anglican and Reformed Episcopal Churches this evening.

The steamer Varuna began her trips on Saturday last over her old route, under command of the genial Capt. Hicks. The boat is in perfect order. See the advertisement.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

We have special values in Boys' and Youths' Ox Blood Boots, sizes 11 to 13 $1.25 per pair, sizes 2 to 5 $1.50 per pair. You will find these boots very neat and extra good wearers.—VERMILYEA & SON.

Mr. Dingle gives his ninth Organ Recital next Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. He will be assisted by Mr. F. Eaton, who leaves May 1st for Toronto. The programme is made up of compositions by American composers.

The annual assembly of the Ancient Order of Foresters takes place this evening in the Oddfellows' Hall. Every arrangement has been made to accommodate a large gathering and a pleasant evening is assured those who attend.

The Whig of Saturday says: "W. L. Hamilton, Belleville, Inspector of Inland Revenue, is in the city to-day in connection with the removal of the Weights and Measures Office from Kingston to Belleville, where it will be placed in charge of William Johnson, Electrician.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

ABUSIVE LANGUAGE.

Ed. Dame was charged with using abusive language toward William Embury, a post office clerk. The case was adjourned till Friday next.

MISAPPROPRIATION AND WAGES.

Dennis Ryan, of Tyendinaga, was charged by Margaret Ryan with failing to pay her $40 wages due. He was charged with unlawfully and fraudulently appropriating to his own use one fur coat, the property of Edward Ryan, her husband. From Margaret's evidence, her father-in-law Dennis was made to appear in a very bad light. In fact, he, according to her testimony, was all that was bad and made her do all sorts of hard work. Under Mr. Porter's cross-examination the witness was forced to acknowledge that Dennis was not as black as she seemed desirous of painting him. The wages case was dismissed, as it was not brought within thirty days of time of service.

Mrs. Dennis Ryan swore that her son sold 17 cords of wood off their place, out of which he got the fur coat that is in dispute, as well as his wife, whom he married about that time.

The case as to the coat was settled.

Christ Church.

The confirmation class meets in the vestry on Thursday at 7:30 p.m. for instruction. The Holy Rite of Confirmation will be conferred on Sunday next, April 25th, in Christ Church, at 7 p.m., by His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa. The Rector expects to present between thirty and forty candidates to receive this Holy Rite.

—The stronghold of Gamasep, Bechuanaland, has been captured by the Duke of Edinburgh's volunteer rifles. Galishowe lost three hundred horses, many cattle and many warriors. The British had six wounded.

VIN MARIANI
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DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day. Children half the quantity.

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MONTREAL
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PERSONAL.

Col. Brown is no better to-day.

Miss Bajus, Kingston, is visiting relatives here.

Major E. Harrison, of Ottawa, is in the city.

J. C. Fowlds, Campbellford, is at the Quinte.

W. G. Alexander, New York, is at the Quinte.

Miss Blanche Crysler is home for the holidays.

Rev. T. J. Edmison, of Wellington, is in the city.

Miss "Ernie" Foley, of Picton, is home for Easter.

The Rev. Dr. Galbraith was in Napanee yesterday.

Miss Elsie Price is visiting friends in Montreal.

Mr. Walter W. Mills is confined to bed by illness.

Mr. Alex. Morrice, Madoc, was in the city to-day.

J. R. McCrea and wife, Campbellford, are at the Quinte.

Mr. Sidney Warner, Napanee, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. James Macdonald returned to Montreal last night.

Mr. Thos. Peck and Miss Peck, of Montreal, are guests at Dr. Farley's.

Miss Addie Wolever, Stirling, is visiting Mrs. John Williams, Charles st.

Mrs. James Philp, Whitby, is visiting Mrs. John McKeown, Albert st.

Miss Fenwick, of Kingston, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Jack, Hotel st.

Miss Ella Metcalf has decided to return to Huntsville. She will leave on Friday next.

Dr. Frank Wallbridge, of Midland, passed the Easter holidays in his native city.

Mr. W. G. Hinds spent Sunday in the city, the guest of his father-in-law, Ald. Falkiner.

Mr. W. Embury, of Toronto, spent Easter Sunday with his brother-in-law, Mr. W. Hill, Albert st.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Burrows returned to the city on Saturday evening after spending a couple of days in Kingston.

Sergt. McIntosh, of "A" Field Battery, Kingston, is in the city to attend the A. O. F. assembly this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Spafford and family left to-day noon for their future home in Toronto. The good wishes of many friends go with them.

Mr. and Mrs. Pearson, Toronto, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Biggar. Mr. Pearson is of the firm of architects that designed St. Andrew's church.

Mr. James H. Mills is temporarily invalided by sprained ankles, the result of a fall from a log in crossing a ravine in Elzevir. He was able to drive out to-day.

Amongst the company who have commenced the publication of a daily newspaper at Rat Portage is Mr. George H. Moore, a "Belleville boy," son of Mr. John G. Moore, and a graduate of the INTELLIGENCER office.

Mr. George A. Kingston, barrister, Toronto, was in the city yesterday. Mrs. Kingston, who has been visiting relatives and friends in the city and vicinity for ten days, will return with Mr. Kingston to Toronto to-day.

A. J. Howard, A. Matthews, Alex. Cromer and M. Dowsley, Toronto; J. H. Thompson, Buffalo; Sergt. McIntosh, Kingston; T. E. Ball, Campbellford; J. H. Bush, Stirling; John L. McBride, Brockville, are registered at the Anglo.

F. C. Ridley, Hamilton; H. E. Sherman, F. G. Lewis, W. T. Heaslip, H. W. Austin, Paul Goldsmith, D. C. Macnaughten, Montreal; G. McCullough, G. W. Crawford, Brampton; J. C. Fowlds, J. R. McCrea and wife, Campbellford; W. G. Alexander, New York; H. W. Smith, Leslie Davidson, Jas. Laurie, L. Cleghorn, Chas. Ruse, Toronto, are at the Quinte.

Easter Services.

Easter Sunday, although it came much later in the season than usual, was not very mild, but spring headgear and costumes were greatly in evidence, notwithstanding the cool atmosphere. The churches at the services yesterday reminded one forcibly of conservatories in full bloom.

The services at all the churches were largely attended and the subjects of all the sermons dealt with the anniversary and its attendant history. In several places of worship special music was rendered. The choir of John st. church, which is one of the largest and best conducted in the city, contributed several anthems in the evening and at the morning a quartette was sung.

St. Michael's presented a grand and festive appearance yesterday, quite in touch with the glorious Eastertide. The altars, which are always tastefully adorned on the various festivals of the year, possessed additional charm on this occasion. The numerous colored lights, which sparkled among a wealth of natural flowers, had a very pretty effect, especially at the evening service. The music was particularly good.

A Parting Gift.

On Thursday night last the members of the Tabernacle Mission Circle met at Mr. Tobias Carr's and presented his daughter, Mrs. T. J. Spafford, who has long been associated with them, and is leaving Belleville, with a handsome oak rocking chair and the following address, which was read by Miss Lena Lazier:

DEAR MRS. SPAFFORD,—It is with feelings of the deepest regret that we, the members of the Tabernacle Mission Circle, learned that you were no longer to be one of our number. When the Board was first organized and in need of willing workers we found you ever ready to do any work, any duty. We are loath to bid you "adieu," but yet we feel we must submit to God's plans, and pray that God, who is too wise to err and too good to be unkind, will be with you in every circumstance in life and should it not be our privilege to meet here on earth, that we may all meet in heaven.

Please accept this chair, not for its intrinsic value, but as a slight token of remembrance.

Signed on behalf of the Tabernacle Mission Circle.

EFFIE SANFORD, Secretary.
MRS. A. C. MAYBEE, President.

Three More Days

Of the great shirt guessing contest at Schuster's.

OBITUARY.

MRS. PHILIP HAMBLY.

One of the oldest residents of this district died at 3:20 Sunday morning in the person of Mrs. Philip Hambly, at her home at Corbyville. Deceased was born in St. Stephens, Cornwall, England, on the 21st of October, 1802, thus being within a few months of attaining her 95th year. Her husband died six years ago. The family surviving her are: Major P. H. Hambly, of H. M. Customs, this city; William, Kingston; and two daughters—Mrs. Jos. Warren, Toronto, and Mrs. E. Wensley, Kaladar. For many years the late Mrs. Hambly and her husband conducted successfully a restaurant and confectionery business in this city, and about twenty five years ago removed to Corbyville. Mrs. Hambly retained all her faculties until a few years since, and being one of the early settlers in Belleville, was possessed of a fund of interesting information as to the city's early history. The funeral will be announced later.

SMITH.

The two months' old infant of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith, died yesterday. The remains were interred this afternoon in St. Michael's cemetery.

Haines & Lockett's Sale.

A lot of ladies' beaded and patent leather slippers, regular price $3.00 and $2.50, marked now $1.25; a lot of American made fine kid button boots, regular price $4.00 and $3.50; marked now $1.50; Men's tan lace boots, King's make, regular price $3.00, now $2.00; a lot of gents' Slater boots, a little off in style, regular price $5.00, marked now half price.

Amusement Notes.

8 BELLS.

The famous Bros. Byrne will produce their successful production, the new "8 Bells," at the Carman Opera House on Thursday, April 22nd. The trick and scenic effects invented by the talented John F. Byrne are very clever and startling. The piece is virtually new, and comes as fresh and crisp as a new bank note. The plan is now open at Riggs'.

PROF. ALEXANDER.

To-night Prof. W. G. Alexander, of Fowler & Wells Co., of New York, opens his course with a free lecture in Power's Opera House. Speaking of his opening lecture the Kingston News says: "Those who attended the City Hall last night enjoyed a treat too seldom afforded the people of Kingston. The lecture was certainly one of the best ever delivered here and if it may be taken as a sample of those to follow it is safe to say the seating capacity of the hall will be taxed to its utmost during the remainder of the course. The lecturer more than sustained the reputation that had preceded him. Witty anecdotes, humorous sayings and apt illustrations kept everybody on the qui vive for what was to come and not for an instant did the interest flag."

Horse Stolen.

William Vandewater, of the 2nd con. of Sidney, was unfortunate in having a horse, buggy, harness, two robes and a foot rug stolen from his farm Sunday night. The following is a description of the outfit lost:

Horse—brown, having been clipped with the exception of the head it now has the color of mouse. Two hind feet white, one front foot white, white strip in the face. Seven years old, 15½ hands. Buggy Black top, made by Hart & Ringer of Picton. Harness—One single ply set with rosette on head stall. Robes—One dark, lined with dark green and name on, the other was grey with red, white and blue trimming. Rug—Home-made carpet, bright colored.

The police have been notified and have the case in hand.

Wrongs Cheerfully Made Right.

Clothing is ofttimes treacherous—gives every promise of solid wear, but when put to the test is found wanting. No dealer wants such clothing in his stock—every dealer has more or less of it. The Oak Hall try very hard to keep clear, but get caught occasionally. Among the thousands of garments we turn out yearly, a few will turn out badly. We want to hear from the dissatisfied ones. We think one of our best advertisements is the cheerfulness with which we right the few wrongs that are bound to happen.

The Executive Committee.

The members of the Executive Committee of Bay of Quinte Branch of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church are in session in the parlor of Bridge St. Church this afternoon. It members are: President, Mrs. G. D. Platt, Picton; 1st Vice-President, Mrs. (Rev.) J. C. Wilson, Tweed; 2nd Vice-President, Mrs. Levi Massey, Wallbridge; 3rd Vice-President, Mrs. (Rev.) T. M. Campbell, Campbellford; Recording Secretary, Mrs. A. W. Grange, Napanee; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. J. Kendry, Peterborough; Treasurer, Mrs. (Rev.) A. N. Campbell, Hastings; Mission Band Secretary, Miss M. Hawley, Bath. The members of this Committee will address a public meeting in the Tabernacle this evening.

Easter Goods.

You will want something new for Easter and Harry's is the place you will find an endless variety of new Neckwear, Gloves, Cotton, and Cashmere Hose, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Hats, Caps, Colored and White Shirts, etc.

He has a lot of new patterns in reversible washing ties, 2 for 25c.—J. F. HARRY, Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing.

Police Notes.

Two fire alarms are registered on the police books. A chimney at T. S. Carman's, Front st., Saturday afternoon, and another, chimney at T. C. Lazier's, Charles street, at 11:45 o'clock Saturday night. Practically no damage was done at either place.

The police were called to quell "a small boy" disturbance on Great St. James st.

Over Saturday and Sunday nights the police accommodated eight tramps with lodgings.

A GREAT COMBINATION.

Geo. T. Fulford and Printer's Ink.

(Brockville Recorder.)

On his arrival in Sydney, Australia, some weeks ago our townsman, Mr. Geo. T. Fulford, interviewed by a reporter for the Evening News of that city, gave some very interesting statistics relative to the vast business which he now controls and much of the success of which he is not backward in attributing to Printer's ink. among other things Mr. Fulford said: "I consider newspaper advertising far and away the best for bringing anything under the notice of the public, and so am a large advertiser in all the principle papers in the civilized world that receive advertisements. Altogether the Pink Pills are advertised in about 30,000 newspapers in America, Great Britain, and the continent of Europe. Last year I spent over $600,000, and this year I estimate spending about $700,000, or at the rate of nearly $2,000 a day. That amount, I think, will make the Pink Pills the largest advertised article in the world. There may be a medicine more largely advertised, but I don't know what it is. Last year four million boxes containing about 200 million pills were sold, and upwards of 50 million books printed in 13 or 14 languages were distributed in different parts of the world. The largest turnover is in the United States, but in proportion to the population Canada comes first and Great Britain next. My headquarters are in Brockville, Ontario, Canada, and there are depots in the United States, Great Britain, France, Brazil, Argentine Republic, Cape Town, Sydney, Melbourne, Brisbane and Honolulu, besides agencies in a large number of towns where the population is not sufficiently large to warrant a depot."

Speaking of his trip he said, "I left America some four months ago for the purpose of making a circuit of the world in connection with the business of the company, and have already travelled about 17,000 miles, and spent forty-three days on steamers. I intend remaining about six weeks in Sydney, and will return home by one of the 'Frisco steamers, which will mean another twenty-three days on the water. I stopped to visit the depots at London, Paris, Egypt and Ceylon, and intend spending a month in India, but gave up the idea owing to the outbreak of the plague. I caught the Arcadia at Colombo, and had a most enjoyable trip across to Australia. Captain Doggin did all he could to make things pleasant and comfortable for the passengers, and was a general favorite with all on board. We remained but a short while at Adelaide, so that I had no time to see the city. We had a couple of days at Melbourne; and I was much struck with the magnificent buildings it contained, but thought business rather dull. On entering Sydney Harbor I was rather surprised at its magnitude, and the natural beauty of the scenery. Some Sydney gentlemen, who were returning from a trip to England, pointed out to me many beautiful picture spots that otherwise I would probably have missed. Your harbor has a reputation in America of being the finest in the world, and I think it fully deserves the title. I have seen the principal ones in the world, but none finer than Port Jackson. Its scenery reminds me somewhat of the Thousand Islands in the River St. Lawrence."

One Minute Cure for Toothache.

Magical in potency and power, penetrating at once to the diseased nerve, Nerviline—nerve pain cure—cures toothache in a moment. Nerviline, the most marvellous pain remedy known to science, may be used for all nerve pains. Test at once its efficacy.

County Court.

John Vanmeer, Landlord, vs. Jeremiah Vanmeer and Geo. Vanmeer, Tenants.—In this case, which has been before the court for some time, the landlord seeking to obtain possession of the farm on an alleged forfeiture of the lease by breach of covenants and conditions by the tenants, judgement was delivered this morning by His Honor Judge Lazier, dismissing the application of the landlord with costs, which were fixed at $20, payable by the landlord in 20 days. Geo. Denmark, for landlord; Thomas & Lazier, for tenants.

Bicycles.

Everybody is talking about the "Norseman," at Riggs', being by far the best wheel in the city for the money. 4-14-6t

A BANKER'S EXPERIENCE.

"I tried a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for a troublesome affection of throat," writes Manager Thomas Dewson of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as simple, cheap and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor."

Experience proves the merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only—THURSDAY, APRIL 22nd.
∴ THE FAMOUS ∴
BROS. BYRNE
And their big company of eminent Pantomimists and Comedians, in
THE NEW EIGHT BELLS.
This season funnier and brighter than ever. A perfect cyclone of laughter from start to finish.
PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

Power's Opera House.

EVERY NIGHT,
BEGINNING
MONDAY, APRIL 19th.
Prof. W. G. ALEXANDER
In his Unique and Inimitable Lecture on
"HUMAN NATURE."
Admission first night, free. Silver collection at close. Front seats reserved for ladies.

∴CARPETS∴

If you want a new Carpet why not have one of CROSSLEY'S?

For wear and style this make is recognized as

AHEAD of ALL OTHERS

and the prices are not higher than you would pay for inferior makes. This season's newest patterns in stock.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

APRIL SHOWERS
BRING
MAY FLOWERS.

....They also bring a ready sale for our....

Ladies' Umbrellas ∴

We can help you in making a selection. See our Fancy Handles.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

Baby Carriages.

Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.

Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.

When baby "goes-a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.

The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.

Wall Papers.

One word—the '97 designs are far and away in advance of anything ever produced before—beautiful rich colorings, magnificent designs; perfectly appointed in every respect.

C. B. Scantlebury.

If you have any dyeing or cleaning you wish attended to this spring remember we hold the sole agency for R. PARKER & CO., Toronto. They do perfect work and do it as rapidly as is best for it to be done.

Boston Chips

Is another new thing we are making in the cake and pastry line. Ladies who have tried them say they are "simply delicious." 20c per doz. We have them fresh this afternoon.

CHAS. S. CLAPP.

YOUR NEW HAT

Should be a JARMAN OR WAKEFIELD SPECIAL for several reasons.

BECAUSE the price, $2.25, is a reasonable price to pay for a real stylish hat.

THEN AGAIN, the style is strictly up-to-date and a very becoming hat for young men. Sold by

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

J. Owen. WATER WORKS
PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING.
PHONE - - - 219
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

EASTER NOVELTIES.
EASTER NOVELTIES.
EASTER NOVELTIES.

FOWN'S ENGLISH GLOVES,
2 Button, New Shades, Guaranteed. Per pair $1.00.
NEW BOW TIES,
NEW LOMBARD TIES,
NEW PUFF TIES,
NEW GRADUATED DERBYS,
NEW LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,
NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW LINK CUFF BUTTONS,
NEW UMBRELLAS,
NEW WHITE DRESS SHIRTS,
NEW COLORED CAMBRIC SHIRTS,
&c.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.
Men's Outfitter.
See our Grand Display of Hats and Caps.

THIS STORE

Is devoted entirely to Carpets, Curtains and General Housefurnishing and Drapery Goods, and with the ten years' experience we have had buying this line of stuff for the people of Belleville and vicinity we feel that we are better prepared to supply thei needs than any other house between Toronto and Montreal.

Our Carpet room is 30x40 ft., splendidly lighted, and has a full stock of all grades of Carpets, Mattings, Rugs Oilcloths, etc.

We have had 15 years' experience making and hanging Window Shades, and will guarantee our special order work for 5 years. Goods are all bright and new, and at lowest possible prices Inspection invited.

T. P. BROWN'S

Bring your pictures here for artistic framing.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUGNETT proprietor. dtf

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a.m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.
Going East.	**(Arrive.)**
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:30 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	1:00 p.m.
Mail	3:30 p.m.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE VETERANS OF '66.

The Globe gives the following strong editorial support to the appeal of the Veterans of '66 to the Dominion, which has our cordial endorsation:

> The approaching jubilee of her Majesty, which coincides with the completion of the thirtieth year of Canadian Confederation, is marked by the survivors of a noteworthy and creditable episode in Canadian history by a request for a measure of recognition and justice. The veterans of '66 are asking that the services they rendered with toil and shedding of blood to the welding of the Canadian colonies into a Canadian Dominion should, after years of silence, be rewarded by some measure of public recognition tangibly expressed.
>
> The services of these men are well worth the graceful recognition of a medal. The gallantry of our citizen soldiery in the sixties is deserving of greater attention than has yet vouchsafed it. In the long years of profound peace which preceded the Crimean war the militia decayed, for a utilitarian people thought there was no use for a force which would never be needed; and those were the days of high hopes of universal peace, and they had small desire for fine uniforms and fine feathers. But when the complexion of international politics grew dark the readiness to prepare for trouble grew with the danger of it and when a war cloud of most ominous proportions threatened our borders a peace-loving but high-spirited people rushed to arms—rather puzzling by their zeal the old-time professional soldiers who were responsible for the defence of the country. And when in 1866 the country was actually invaded by a force composed of veterans of the civil war of the United States, the townsmen of Toronto and Hamilton, badly handled from a strategical standpoint by the professional soldiers who commanded them, and thrown into action under inexperienced leadership, yet fought with a disciplined regularity which caused the Fenians to mistake them for British regulars, and retreated only when definitely ordered so to do. Canadians have no reason to be ashamed of these men who rushed with splendid readiness to the front, and demeaned themselves well on the field.
>
> It would be a graceful act to grant to the survivors of that time, as well as of the creditable and hard-working Red River expedition and the abortive Fenian raid of 1870, some public recognition of their services. It would well mark a definite period in the history of Canada, and would well befit the character of the Imperial festival which we soon will be celebrating.

There is but one exception to be taken to our contemporary's remarks, which is that they are not broad enough, in that they would exclude the veterans of 1837-8. This ought not to be, as those men, who are now, unhappily, but few in number, loyally obeyed the lawfully constituted authorities and did and suffered much in so doing. Nor should they who served in guarding our frontiers in 1864-5 be passed over unnoticed and unrewarded. There ought to be no discrimination in this matter. Let all Canadians who have been in active service be rewarded—as petitioned for—or none.

HOW DIVIDED.

WHERE THE D. & D. INSTITUTE BUY THEIR REQUIREMENTS—THE FAVORS NOT EVENLY DISTRIBUTED.

The following from the Belleville Ontario—organ of the Hardy Administration—of the 15th inst. is interesting as well as instructive, in showing how the Grit party are fighting over the spoils:

> Following is a list of the merchants who have been patronized by the Institute during 1896. The distribution of favors is more equitable and fair than it was in 1895, but there is still room for improvement. It will be noticed that only two dry goods houses have been patronized and one of these gets nearly all the trade. This is most unfair to the other merchants, and cannot be defended. The course the Institute authorities have pursued in buying dry goods for the past few years is doing the Government much harm in town. It will alienate many good old friends:

R. Bateman	$ 30 10
Belleville Canning Co.	162 63
J. Brasier	3 00
T. P. Brown	157 00
E. F. Dickens	11 60
J. G. Frost	111 25
J. C. Hanley & Co.	377 74
W. H. Ketcheson	784 80
A. Knox	67 57
John Lewis & Co.	188 85
Wm. McGie	120 72
McIntosh Bros.	51 55
W. Paterson & Son	103 02
Geo. Ritchie & Co.	608 20
A. Robinson	34 60
Alex. Ray	86 44
Sinclair & Ostrom	85 51
C. B. Scantlebury	129 40
Stroud Bros.	114 18
J. F. Sierichs	4 20
R. Templeton	224 09
G. I. Thomas	3,110 29
J. W. Walker	232 00
A. Wallace	130 61
D. M. Waters	57 80
J. E. Walmsley & Co.	665 81
Wallbridge & Clarke	1 80
Wm. Williamson	269 57
Jas. Wallace & Co.	8 70
R. J. Orr	4 90
Oak Hall	4 10
Wesley Bullen	2 10

The spectacle thus afforded to the public is both instructive and amusing, but it has also its serious side.

"FALSE IN ONE THING, FALSE IN ALL."

So says the ancient proverb. If this be correct—and who dare deny it?—what judgment can any one pass upon the conduct of the Ontario Government towards the teetotallers and prohibitionists, as narrated and commented upon by their representative men and journals. Following are some of their utterances:

PRESIDENT MCLAREN.

We asked many things, but not much. We got less.

THE TEMPLAR.

If the Government can afford to go on its record before the deceived Prohibitionists, "The Templar" will spare no pains to make the latter understand the facts.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Hardy's Good Luck.

Mail and Empire.

It is a very fortunate thing for Mr. Hardy that the jubilee eventuates this year. Last year he was not Ontario's Premier, and a year hence some one else will be. The present year is therefore the only one in which he could represent the province in the capacity of Premier.

Bargain and Sale.

Guelph Herald.

The appointment of Mr. James E. P. Prendergast, of Winnipeg, to be a county judge, was gazetted on Saturday. The arrangement whereby Mr. Prendergast succeeds to the judgeship has been considerably criticised. This gentleman opposed the school policy of the Manitoba Government on behalf of the minority. While the Conservatives were in office he called for Separate Schools at the top of his voice. When the Liberals came in he accepted Public Schools coupled with a judgeship.

Put to the Test.

Montreal Star

The Liberals themselves confess, indeed, that they are the party of economy; for—not to quote the picturesque tirades of Sir Richard Cartwright against Tory extravagance—did not the official Ottawa platform declare, as its fourth "plank," that:

> We (the Liberals) cannot but view with alarm the large increase of the public debt and of the controllable annual expenditure of the Dominion and the consequent undue taxation of the people under the Governments that have been continuously in power since 1878, and we demand the strictest economy in the administration of the government of the country.

Of course they are economists, for they themselves have said it; and they know that the place to make known their economical intentions is in the estimates. Thus the wearied taxpayer awaited these first clear Grit estimates with hopeful anxiety. Now they have come; and they are $114,000 less than the amount asked in the main estimates last session, but they are nearly $280,000 larger than the total estimates for the last Tory year, ending June 30, 1896.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

HAVE DECLARED WAR.

(Continued from third page).

whether the Turks intend to advance on Larissa."

Fierce Work.

Athens, April 18, 9 p.m.—In the fighting on the frontier the Turks have occupied Ana and Milouna, but they have not succeeded in taking Kata.

The engagement at Milouna Pass was of the fiercest character, and the losses were heavy on both sides. The Turks destroyed two pieces of Greek artillery. The Greeks captured an entire battery from the Turks.

Three Greek officers of high rank were killed. A large body of Greeks is now marching against Menesse and brisk firing is going on along the whole line as far west as Arta.

At Turkish Headquarters.

Elassona, April 18, headquarters of the Turkish army in Macedonia.—The first division of the troops are at Domik, the second at Elassona, the fifth at Skompa and the sixth at Karaya (or Koskuy). The last two are engaged in defensive operations. The Greeks who have invaded the district of Mount Godoman have been repulsed. Battalions from the divisions at Aplum and Karahissar are arriving at Ismidt en route for Rodosto and Muratli, in order to reinforce the troops in that district.

To Cut Off a Railway Line.

Salonica, April 18.—Greek bands have landed at Elevetheropoli, west of Kavala, and are marching on Goyarn, distant about one kilometre from Dedeagatch. Their design is evidently to cut the railway line to Salonica. Turkish troops have been sent in pursuit and there has been fighting, but the result is not known here.

Will the Powers Interfere?

Paris, April 18.—The Temps calls upon the powers to intervene by force of arms to stop Turkey and Greece from further fighting.

Fifty Thousand Men Engaged.

Elassona, April 18.—The Greeks from all their positions in the Karaya district began the advance toward the frontier at 7 o'clock on Friday evening. The fighting lasted all that night and extended on Saturday to within ten miles of the frontier. It is estimated that 15,000 Greeks were engaged. The battle continued with great vigor throughout Saturday, when altogether 50,000 were engaged.

On Sunday morning the fire was concentrated toward the southeast of Milouna. About noon to-day (Sunday) the Greeks began to give way after the hottest fighting of the engagement. The Turks advanced only a little beyond the frontier into Greek territory. Considering the rapidity of the firing and the expenditure of ammunition, the number of killed is comparatively small, probably under 200. Altogether the behavior of the Turkish troops was better than that of the Greeks. Their officers remained cool and collected. The firing still continues, but it is expected to cease at nightfall, as the troops have been engaged for 30 hours without food or sleep.

May Break the Deadlock.

London, April 18.—A despatch to The Times from Constantinople says that the Greek subjects there will probably remain under the protection of Mr. Terrel, the American Minister. It is believed that the hostilities will break the deadlock and lead up to an arrangement between Greece and Turkey

THE HOSPITAL AT ELASSONA

Visited by The Times Correspondent—A Distressing Scene of Agony.

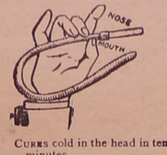
London, April 18.—The Times' correspondent at Elassona says: "I visited the hospital to-day (Sunday) and found all admirably conducted. But the scene was most distressing, the wounded screaming in their agony and the feverish tearing the bedding in babbling delirium. On Saturday's hill fighting the Turks had the advantage. They were judiciously ambushed behind the rocks, and from their sheltered positions maintained an incessant fire.

"To-day's (Sunday) fighting at Milouna Pass took place around three outlying blockhouses, which were captured, then retaken, captured again and again retaken. The Greek positions suffered severely from the splendid shrapnel practice of the Turkish batteries at a range of 3800 metres. Columns of smoke could be seen rising in every direction from the Greek positions caused by the Turkish shell fire. The Greeks defended with the greatest courage, but were not able to stand against the slow but steady advance of the Turks.

"As evening came on three of the Greek outworks surrendered and asked the Turks to cease the shell fire. The latter now hold the advanced line except at one spot.

"The principal fighting done by the Turks' infantry was at Skumba and Dumenie, to the right of the Pass.

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE



CURES cold in the head in ten minutes.
CURES incipient catarrh in from one to three days.
CURES chronic catarrh, hay fever and rose fever.
Complete, with blower free.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS
Price 25 Cents

"The position of affairs seems to be that the Turkish move on Nezeros is a feint to draw attention from Milouna, where, it is evident, Edhem Pasha intends to advance in force on Larissa. This attempt will lead to severe fighting. The results of yesterday's fighting are indecisive. Accounts of it are biased according as they come from Greek or Turkish sources. It appears, however, pretty certain that the Turks had the advantage.

"The Greeks were partially successful in their movement at Karaya, which was aimed at cutting off the Turkish communications with Salonica, where the Greek fleet is expected almost immediately."

Machine Guns for the Sultan.

London, April 18.—A despatch to The Standard from Constantinople says that a battery of American machine guns of the latest pattern arrived here recently and was secretly conveyed to the Yildiz Kiosk, where it has been placed in position.

RED RIVER STILL RISING.

If Things Get Worse the People of Winnipeg Will Have to Use Candles and Coal Oil Lamps.

Winnipeg, Man., April 18.—(Special.)—The water in the Red River at Winnipeg continues to rise gradually, and there can be no doubt that within a few days there will be exceptionally high water. Merchants have moved all goods out of basements, and all precautions are being taken. The town of Emerson is under several feet of water, and there is a tremendous volume of water to come down from there as well as from the Assiniboine.

Later.—Despatches from Emerson to-night state that the people there are in bad shape, the high winds prevailing to-day approaching the proportions of a hurricane. The water has undermined the foundations of many houses and the wind has played havoc with buildings, wrecking several residences and warehouses. The Massey-Harris and McCaul warehouses were among the wrecked buildings.

All the churches of the town are under water and no services could be held to-day.

The Northern Pacific Railway bridge at St. Norbert, a few miles from Winnipeg, has been washed away, and the Northern Pacific track is under several feet of water. A rise of a few more feet at Winnipeg will reach the power house and cut off the city lighting. With this prospect everybody is buying coal oil lamps. The highest water at Winnipeg may not be reached for several days yet.

ENGLAND TO MAKE A SHOW

That Will Bring Old Grandpa Kruger to His Senses—Nine Warships at Durban—Cecil Rhodes' Popularity.

Cape Town, South Africa, April 17.—Cecil Rhodes is expected to arrive here next Tuesday. Great preparations are making for demonstrations in his honor and for public rejoicing over his return. He will take a seat in the Colonial Parliament again.

The British squadron, which is assembling at Durban, the chief town of the Colony of Natal, on the southeast coast, is under sealed orders, and nobody knows why it is called together or what it is to do. It is supposed to be going to Delagoa Bay to make a demonstration of British paramouncy in South Africa. Nine war vessels have arrived at Durban already, the first-class cruiser St. George, Admiral Ransom's flagship; the third-class battleship Monarch, the cruisers Fox, Racoon, Astraea, Scylla, Brisk and Philomel and the gunboat Magpie. Three more men-of-war are expected, making a fleet of 12 formidable fighting ships.

Spain Will Hold On.

Washington, April 17.—The Spanish Minister has received a telegram from the President of the Council of Ministers, Senor Canovas, saying that the report of the recall of 30,000 men from Cuba has no more foundation than the fact of its publication in an Opposition paper of Madrid. Minister De Lome says no soldiers will be withdrawn from Cuba. Captain-General Weyler has telegraphed that he does not need a single soldier more to terminate the war.

Isn't it a pity that so many women go through life as nervous, fretful invalids, always in a sick-bed or on the verge of it. They are to be sincerely pitied for the great majority have in them the making of healthy, amiable, capable wives and mothers. These cases become sadder still when it is realized that the sufferings they endure are unnecessary. Any woman can be healthy and amiable and helpful if she will take care of the health of those delicate organs that are essentially feminine.

The greatest known medicine for women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures all weakness and disease of the organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. It allays inflammation, soothes pain, and restores calm and strength to the shattered nerves. It prepares for wifehood and maternity. Over 90,000 women have testified to its virtues. Druggists sell it.

"I commenced using your medicine three days after my child was born," writes Mrs. A. J. Bryant, of Wilbraham, Hampden Co., Mass. (care of Wesleyan Academy). "It was the fourth one, and I never got up so strong and well. I can do all my own work. I have recommended my friends to try the 'Favorite Prescription.'"

If somebody was offering to give away gold mines for the asking what a scrambling there would be! When a mine of health is offered there is some lively scrambling too. Over 680,000 people hurried to get Doctor Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser at $1.50 per copy. It has 1,008 pages with over 300 illustrations. Something over 90 of these pages relate to diseases peculiar to women. This book may now be had free. Send 31 one-cent stamps, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y. (the cost of customs and mailing only), for book in paper covers; [illegible] 50 stamps for cloth binding.

THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE.

How the Two Hundred Militiamen Have Been Picked.

General Gascoigne Decides to Reorganize Canadian Militia and Reduce the 35,000 on Paper to 25,000 Men Who Would be of Service if Needed—The Annual Summer Camps Will be Held This Year in June—Ottawa Gossip.

Ottawa, April 18.—(Special.)—The authorities of the Militia Department have been busily engaged since the receipt of the Colonial Secretary's message, making arrangements for sending the troops to England to take part in the Sons of Empire parade on the occasion of Her Majesty's Jubilee, and on Saturday the Cabinet approved of the scheme of selection. The list of regiments has been carefully gone over, the desire being to make the detachment as representative as possible. It is settled that all arms of the service are to be inspected in battalion, and, in order that the contingent may be an essentially strong one, representatives are to be drawn from every Province. With very few exceptions, the infantry and rifles are to be chosen from the city battalions. The proportion will be about four men from each corps. The three Toronto regiments will each contribute their quota, also the 13th Hamilton, 7th London, the Guards and 43rd Ottawa, 14th Kingston and 38th Brantford. In addition to these, Guelph, Ottawa, Hamilton, Kingston and London Field Batteries will, it is expected, send a small contingent, while the Governor-General's Body Guard and the P.L.D. Guards will assist to form a cavalry representation. Although from two to four men may seem a small portion to be called, yet, as the number for the whole Dominion is fixed at 200, it will be seen that the department has had no easy task before it. However, the red coats and green coats from Ontario, when grouped with their comrades in arms from the other Provinces, will make a respectable showing. As there are only two kilted regiments in the Dominion—the Highlanders and Royal Scots—it is probable these corps will be asked to furnish a few more than other regiments, in order that the "bowlegs" may not be lost sight of altogether. The regimental force of all arms are not to be forgotten on this trip; neither are the Mounted Police. All these different bodies are to be asked to furnish men. Out of compliment to the Minister of Militia, the 68th King's County Battalion, of which Dr. Borden is surgeon-lieutenant-colonel, is to send a contingent. Col. Domville, M.P., has also secured an invitation for his crack cavalry regiment—8th Princess Louise New Brunswick Hussars—to be present.

The annual summer camps will be held this year in June, commencing about the 7th and running along until the end of the month. All those battalions that did not drill last autumn must complete their training before the 30th June. It is not unlikely that autumn camps will be dispensed with hereafter, except for Nova Scotia. The different battalions which go to camp this year will have to be on their best behavior, as it is understood to be the policy of the Government to reduce the force somewhat by wiping out those corps which are not efficient. The existence of some regiments will therefore altogether depend upon the manner in which they acquit themselves during the coming June. It is thought the force of 35,000 on paper can, without detriment to the country's interest, be reduced to 25,000 efficient men. Col. Gascoigne intends to visit as many of the camps as possible, and those that he cannot inspect, the duty will be performed by Col. Lake, quarter-master general, Col. Aylmer, adjutant-general, going to England in command of the Jubilee battalions.

Gen. Gascoigne's desire is that only men who are physically fit for active service should perform annual training, and a general order has been issued providing a standard and physical requirements of non-commissioned officers and men. The age limit is placed between 18 and 45 years. Exceptions may be made in the case of senior non-commissioned officers, whose ages must, however, be not more than 50 years. A minimum chest measurement of 33 inches is required, and the height not less than 5 feet 4 inches for mounted corps and 5 feet 5 inches for dismounted corps. They must have a physical development suitable for their age and be free from symptoms of rheumatic affections and other physical defects, calculated to render them unfit for service, or predisposing them to become non-effective under exposure. They must be free from lameness and be in full possession of senses of speech and hearing. They are not to be flat-footed. When practicable, medical inspection will be made before leaving headquarters for camp; but, if not examined, the inspection must be made immediately on arrival at camp. Those found unfit will be at once returned to their homes. their homes, and the cost of transportation at the rate of 2 cents per mile from local headquarters to camp and return, will be a charge against the pay of the squadron, battery or company officer bringing to camp such as have been found medically unfit for service.

Trade returns for March show a continuance of the rush that is being made to get goods in and duties paid before the changes in the tariff are announced next Thursday. The March exports were $6,453,000 and the imports $11,810,000, making a total trade of $18,263,000. The comparison with the previous year is as follows:

	Total trade.	Duty paid.
March, 1896	$14,255,000	$1,900,000
March, 1897	18,263,000	2,458,000

There was an increase of nearly $2,000,000 in the trade import of raw sugar alone, showing that refiners are anticipating an increase.

For the nine months ending March 31, the comparison with the corresponding nine months of the previous fiscal year was as follows:

	Exports.	Imports.	Duty paid.
1896	$92,000,000	$83,834,000	$15,463,000
1897	99,192,000	85,080,000	15,769,000

The report published in a Toronto paper that Admiral Markham has declined the command of the Hudson's Bay expedition is entirely without foundation. Capt. Walkham was appointed to the command weeks ago, and is making all arrangements for the trip. Admiral Markham, who went to Hudson's Bay with Lieut. Gordon in 1885, promised to go this year, but finds now that he cannot leave his duties in England.

A report was current in the city yesterday that the Canadian Pacific Railway has accepted the proposition of the Government to build the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. The proposition is said to be that the Government give the company $10,000 per mile, and in return for this subsidy the railway will give up certain of its special privileges which it has in its charter, such as control of rates by the Government. Whatever decision the Government may have reached, your correspondent is in a position to state that it has not been formally communicated to the Canadian Pacific authorities.

Mr. Gorrel of Brockville, a well-known mail clerk in this division, and who ran between this city and Brockville, dropped dead in the office of his son, Dr. Gorrel, on Bank-street, on Friday evening. Mr. Gorrel arrived in the city on the Brockville train yesterday at 5 o'clock. During the ride down he complained of feeling unwell, and upon arriving here was driven to his son's residence. He coughed up considerable blood, and a few minutes before 6 o'clock passed away. He leaves a widow and eleven children who reside in Brockville. The remains were taken home yesterday, and the funeral will take place at Brockville to-morrow.

Four officers of Royal Scots waited on Major-General Gascoigne a few days ago, in reference to the Board of Enquiry asked for by the officers for the final settlement of misunderstanding between them and their colonel. As a result of their interview the various papers bearing upon the case were forwarded to Hon. Dr. Borden, and it is expected that the Minister of Militia will at once cause a court of enquiry to be convened to adjudicate upon the dispute.

JAPS AFTER HAWAII.

It Turns Out That the "Students" Landed at Honolulu are Simply Trained Soldiers in Disguise.

Honolulu, H. I., April 5.—The suspicious and somewhat alarming fact has come to light that the Japanese immigrants, who have been pouring into the Islands, and under the guise of "students" are, in reality, trained soldiers. Suspicion of this fact was first aroused by their soldierly bearing and their military gait and movements, especially when passing through the streets in groups. Yokohama having been declared by the Board of Health to be an infected port, the fumigating station at quarantine disclosed unquestioned confirmation of this suspicion. In almost every case their baggage contained the whole or a portion of a Japanese military uniform. It is the belief that these men have seen service in the recent Japan-China war, and are now sent to Hawaii for a purpose.

A Few Prices In Boys' Clothing.

IF YOUR BOY NEEDS A NEW SUIT it would be worth your while to consult the prices below. We have lots of bargains in this announcement, and lots more we would like to mention if we had the room.

Boys' Two-Piece Suits.

A nice blue serge sailor, coat and pants, pants lined, sailor blouse nicely trimmed. We bought 200 of these suits in Germany and they are a decided bargain	$1 00
A tweed German suit, coat and pants lined, made plain. Boys 4 to 10 years of age only	1 50
A nice little serge suit, coat and pants lined, good hard finish, and will give big wear for the price	1 50
A blue serge suit made by Sanford Mfg. Co., pleated back and front, coat lined with good Italian lining, pants lined throughout, $2.50 last year, now	2 00
A mixed tweed suit, a dark gray, beautifully made and trimmed, a very stylish turnout for a small boy, sixes 22 to 27 only, worth easy $2.50, for	2 00
A big bargain is our brown and gray Halifax tweed suits. They are made of the very strongest wool, and will stand more abuse than any suit in the house. In this line nearly one hundred suits have been sold this spring, and we have another large shipment on the way. Price	2 50
A little Sunday suit of nice dark tweed, or blue serge, made in a variety of styles, all wool, extra value. See these lines	3 00

Would like to describe our better suits for little boys but have not the space.

Boys' Three-Piece Suits.

A suit of blue serge and a suit of tweed, coat vest and pants, well trimmed and made by Sanford, guaranteed to wear well, only	$3 00
A line of blue serges, a mixed tweed, and also different patterns in our celebrated Halifax goods, all the best of trimmings, suits for school or Sunday, only	3 50
A price that is very popular for boys 10 to 15 years of age. We have about twelve to fifteen lines of serges and tweeds all made by Sanford, coat, vest and pants, perfect fitting and very nobby, for	4 00
A decided bargain in three piece suits are our dandy blue serges, both single and double breasted; see these suits. Also a great variety of dark and light tweeds, made up with fine Italian linings. Extra nice goods	5 00
A fine black clay worsted, single and double breasted, made of best imported cloth and trimmed with extra fine farmer's satin. This suit is the favorite for extra nice wear. They are usually sold at $8. That was our price last year, but we have made a big effort and you get them now for only	7 00

Boys' long pant suits equally as good value.

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten Season

Fresh
Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.

Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.

Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—130 and 157.

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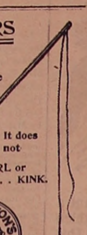

It does not
SNARL or
. . . KINK.

Clapperton's
. . Thread.

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
  The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
  To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

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—AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
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Of Manchester, England.
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Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.
Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.
APPLY TO
JAMES BOOTH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

AT STITTSVILLE!

The Town's Leading Merchant Laid Up

Rheumatism in various forms is one of the most common diseases there is. It arises generally from impure blood and a broken down system. In the limbs it is painful; in most of the internal organs dangerous, and in the heart usually fatal.

The experience of Mr. S. Mann, the well known general merchant of Stittsville, is interesting:

"Last winter I was badly afflicted with rheumatism. I decided to try Dr. Chase's Pills. To my surprise, I got immediate relief, and before I had used one box my affliction was gone.

"I was also troubled with biliousness for years, and at intervals of three or four weeks would be laid up with a severe headache and sick stomach. Since using Chase's Pills I have not had an attack of either.

"I may add that Dr. Chase's Ointment for piles and skin diseases in just as effective as Dr. Chase's Pills for blood troubles. I have a clerk who suffered terribly from bleeding piles. He tried Chase's Ointment and in a few days was completely cured."

All dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto. 25c.

Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for colds, bronchitis and consumption. Sure cure, 25 cents.

YOUR
BABY'S SKIN
NEEDS
"BABY'S
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SOAP"

NONE BETTER
FOR
DELICATE SKINS

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.
Montreal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MEDICAL.

DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

P. D. GOLDSMITH, M.D., Ontario, L. S.A., L.R.C.P., and M.R.C.P., London, Eng., has permanently located in Belleville.
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MISCELLANEOUS.

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Or at the Grand Trunk Depot.
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A. G. NORTHRUP,

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DENTIST—One over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence on Forin Street d.w.

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation the best Malt Extract that can be had and contains less alcohol than any other article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

John Bedell....
U. E. Loyalist.

"A renegade! A rebel against his king! A black-hearted traitor! You dare to tell me that you love George Winthrop! Son of canting, lying Ezra Winthrop! By the Eternal, I'll shoot him on sight if he comes this side!"

While old John Bedell was speaking, he tore and flung away a letter, reached for his long rifle on its pins above the chimney-place, dashed its butt angrily to the floor, and poured powder into his palm.

"For Heaven's sake, father! You would not! You could not! The war is over. It would be murder!" cried Ruth Bedell, sobbing.

"Wouldn't I?" He poured the powder in. "Yes, by gracious, quicker'n I'd kill a rattlesnake!" He placed the round bullet on the little square of greased rag at the muzzle of the rifle. "A rank traitor—bone and blood of those who drove out loyal men!"—he crowded the tight lead home, dashed the ramrod into place, looked to the flint. "Rest there,—wake up for George Winthrop!" and the fierce old man replaced rifle and powder-horn on their pegs.

Bedell's hatred for the foes who had beaten down King George's cause, and imposed the alternative of confiscation or the oath of allegiance on the vanquished, was considered intense, even by his brother Loyalists of the Niagara frontier.

"The Squire kind o' sees his boys' blood when the sky's red," said they in explanation. But Bedell was so much an enthusiast that he could almost rejoice because his three stark sons had gained the prize of death in battle. He was too brave to hate the fighting-men he had so often confronted; but he abhorred the politicians, especially the intimate civic enemies on whom he had poured scorn before the armed struggle began. More than any he hated Ezra Winthrop, the lawyer, arch-revolutionist of their native town, who had never used a weapon but his tongue. And now his Ruth, the beloved and only child left to his exiled age, had confessed her love for Ezra Winthrop's son! They had been boy and girl, pretty maiden and bright stripling together, without the Squire suspecting—he could not, even now, conceive clearly so wild a thing as their affection! The confession burned in his heart like veritable fire,—a raging anguish of mingled loathing and love. He stood now gazing at Ruth dumbly, his hands clenched, head sometimes mechanically quivering, anger, hate, love, grief tumultuous in his soul.

Ruth glanced up—her father seemed about to speak—she bowed again, shuddering as though the coming words might kill. Still there was silence,—a long silence. Bedell stood motionless, poised, breathing hard—the silence oppressed the girl—each moment her terror increased—expectant attention became suffering that demanded his voice—and still was silence—save for the dull roar of Niagara that more and more prevaded the air. The torture of waiting for the words a cure against her she feared—overwore Ruth's endurance. She looked up suddenly, and John Bedell saw in hers the beloved eyes of his dead wife, shrinking with intolerable fear. He groaned heavily, flung up his hands despairingly, and strode out toward the river.

How crafty smooth the green Niagara sweeps toward the plunge beneath that perpetual white cloud above the Falls! From Bedell's clearing below Navy Island, two miles above the Falls, he could see the swaying and rolling of the midst, ever rushing up to expand and overhang. The terrible stream had a profound fascination for him, with its racing eddies eating at the shore; its long weeds [illegible] the clear water, trailing close down to the bottom; its inexorable, eternal, onward pouring. Because it was so mighty and so threatening, he rejoiced grimly in the awful river. To float, watching cracks and ledges of its flat bottom-rock drift quickly upward; to bend to his oars only when white crests of the rapids yelled for his life; to win escape by sheer strength from points so low down that he sometimes doubted but the greedy forces had been tempted too long; to stake his life, watching tree-tops for a sign that he could yet save it, was the dreadful pastime by which Bedell often quelled passionate promptings to revenge his exile. "The Falls is bound to get the Squire, some day," said the banished settlers. But the Squire's skiff was clean built as a pickerel, and his old arms iron-strong. Now when he had gone forth from the beloved child, who seemed to him so traitorous to his love and all loyality, he went instinctively to spend his rage upon the river.

Ruth Bedell, gazing at the loaded rifle, shuddered, not with dread only, but a sense of having been treacherous to her father. She had not told him all the truth. George Winthrop himself, having made his way secretely through the forest from Lake Ontario, had given her his own letter asking leave from the Squire to visit his newly made cabin. From tee moment of arrival her lover had implored her to fly with him. But filial love was strong in Ruth to give hope that her father would yield to the yet stronger affection freshened in her heart. Believing their union might be permitted, she had pledged herself to escape with her lover if it were forbidden. Now he waited by the hickory wood for a signal to conceal himself or come forward.

When Ruth saw her father far down the river, she stepped to the flagstaff he had raised before building the cabin—his first duty being to hoist the Union Jack! It was the largest flag he could procure; he could see it flying defiantly all day long; at night he could hear its glorious folds whipping in the wind; the hot old Loyalist loved to fancy his foemen cursing at it from the other side, nearly three miles away. Ruth hauled the flag down a little, then ran it up to the mast-head again.

At tall young fellow came springing into the clearing, jumping exultantly over brush-heaps and tree-trunks, his queue waggling, his bright eyes, glad, under his three-cornered hat. Joying that her father had yielded, he ran forward till he saw Ruth's tears.

"What, sweatheart!—crying? It was the signal to come on," cried he.

"Yes; to see you sooner, George. Father is out yonder. But no, he will never, never consent."

"Then you will come with me, love," he said taking her hands.

"No, no; I dare not," sobbed Ruth. "Father would overtake us. He swears to shoot you on sight! Go, George! Escape while you can! Oh, if he should find you here!"

"But, darling love, we need not fear. We can escape easily. I know the forest path. But—" Then he thought how weak her pace.

"We might cross here before he could come up!" cried Winthrop, looking toward where the Squire's boat was now a distant blotch.

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HAVE DECLARED WAR

Turkey and Greece are Now Locked Arms.

The Preliminaries Soon Over, and When the Envoys Got Their Passports From the Respective Countries Fierce Fighting Took Place—Fifty Thousand Men In Several Battles Yesterday—The Whole of the Frontier of Thessaly Ablaze.

BULLETIN.

Constantinople, April 17.—War with Greece has been declared.

Constantinople, April 17.—Following the news of the incursion by the Greeks on Turkish territory the Council of Ministers at the palace to-day recalled the general assembly, gave passports to Prince Maurocordato, the Greek Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, and ordered Edhem Pasha, the Turkish military commander, to take the offensive. No actual declaration of war has been made.

A detailed circular sent this evening to the Turkish representatives abroad recalls the week's invasions and states that the newest incursion was participated in by the Greek troops, which, therefore, establishes war, which has broken out.

The circular expresses the hope that the powers, in a spirit of justice, will agree that the entire responsibility for the war falls on Greece. Turkey has no idea of conquest, and, as a fresh proof of pacific sentiments, offers to retire the Turkish troops on the frontier if Greece will retire hers from the frontier and from Crete.

The Situation Explained.

London, April 18.—The Greco-Turkish situation is understood here to be substantially as follows: War has not officially been declared between Turkey and Greece, but it has been declared officially to have "broken out." The Turkish Cabinet has decided to sever diplomatic relations with Greece, and has ordered Edhem Pasha, the commander of the Turkish forces, to take the offensive. It is considered in London that war between Turkey and Greece has actually begun, the Turkish declaration that war has "broken out" being merely for the purpose of diplomatically putting the onus of the war upon the Kingdom of Greece.

Firing on Saturday.

Athens, April 17, midnight.—In spite of the fact that the official reports indicate that firing on the frontier ceased at midday a telegram from Larissa at 7 o'clock in the evening says that firing continued past 4 o'clock this (Saturday) afternoon. The line of fire extended from Mount Analipsis post to Klephtika Gentokia, a distance equal to 90 minutes' march. The Turks, falling back, abandoned several stations, which the Greeks promptly occupied. The Greeks cannonaded the Turks from the Greek position at Tsamtoja, in the rear. The cannonading caused much excitement at other points. Since noon strong [illegible] the direction of Mount Analipsis. At 5 o'clock the firing slackened. It is expected the Turks will attempt a night attack upon Analipsis, which was the central point of the battle. Greek reinforcements have arrived and there is a general movement of troops towards the frontier. Reinforcements are being hurried towards the frontier from all directions.

A Night Attack.

Athens, April 18, 1 a.m.—An official despatch from Larissa, dated at 9 o'clock last (Saturday) night, says that the Turks, under cover of darkness, are assaulting the Greek forces at Mount Analipsis with great fierceness. The Greeks' resistance, so far, has been magnificent. The Greeks maintain their positions. The firing begun at Gritsovali. The fighting at Gritsovali commenced in an attempt of the Turks to occupy a strategic portion of the neutral zone. The Turks continue to abandon their advance posts, a general movement apparently taking place. Firing is reported from Moluna. From Larissa the flashing of guns can be seen. In yesterday's fight at Mount Analipsis the Greeks lost 40 wounded and 3 killed.

Greece Enters a Protest.

Athens, April 18, 1.30 a.m.—The Cabinet has decided to protest to the powers against the aggressive action of Turkey. An invasion by Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander, is expected, and the Greek army has taken up positions for the purpose of being in readiness to repel the advance.

All Along the Frontier.

Athens, April 18, 2.40 a.m.—Firing is reported along the whole line of the frontier in Thessaly.

THE FEELING AT ATHENS.

Sinking of a Greek Steamer Brings on Prevosa's Bombardment.

Athens, April 18, 11 a.m.—The Turkish batteries at Prevosa, on the north shore of the entrance of the Gulf of Arta, where, according to the treaty of Berlin, the Turks had no right to erect fortifications, fired on and sank a Greek steamer, the Macedonia, this morning while she was attempting to leave the Gulf of Ambracia. The crew of the steamer were saved by boats from the shore, but the captain of the Macedonia was severely wounded.

Upon receipt of this news, the Greek Government sent orders to the Greek fleet in the Gulf of Ambracia to bombard Prevosa. Consequently the bombardment of Prevosa commenced at 6 o'clock this morning and continues as this despatch is sent. Prevosa, which is in Epirus, and 18 miles from Arta, is strongly fortified.

The Turkish Minister here, Assim Bey, has asked for his passports. They have been handed to him and he has left Athens for Constantinople. The German Minister at Athens, Baron Von Plessen, has undertaken to protect Turkish interests in Greece during the severance of diplomatic relations between the two countries. The Greek Minister at Constantinople, Prince Mavrocordato, has been recalled.

Throughout the day there were scenes of extraordinary excitement here. The streets were crowded with people discussing the outbreak of war and its probable outcome. The general feeling was one of satisfaction at the relief from the irritating tension of the past few weeks, which had gradually become almost unendurable, and which is ended at last by overt acts, it is claimed here, upon the part of Turkey. The Greeks hold that it was an attempt upon the part of the Turkish forces to occupy a strategic position near Mount Analipsis, not far from Nezeros, in the neutral zone, which led to the encounter on Friday between the Greeks and the Turks. This, it is added, was used at Constantinople as a reason for ordering Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, to assume the offensive, and led to the rupture of diplomatic relations between the countries.

The so-called outrage off Prevosa this morning, when the Turkish batteries there sank the Greek steamer Macedonia further justified Greece, in the minds of the Athenians, in waging war to the death against Turkey. The Greek Government, therefore, is warmly commended for recalling the Greek Minister at Constantinople, and not waiting, according to the Turkish version, until Prince Mavrocordato was handed his passports.

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It is stated in some quarters that Assim Bey, the Turkish Minister to Greece, did not wait for his passports to be handed to him, but so soon as he received the sum of 5000 francs telegraphed to him from Constantinople through the Athenian Bank, for traveling expenses, etc., he hastily quitted this city.

Little news of a reliable nature has been received here or allowed to leak out, regarding what has really transpired on the frontier. It is known, however, that the whole frontier of Thessaly has been blazing with murderous firing since early this morning, and that the Greeks have captured a fortified position at Menexa in Macedonia.

According to the general understanding here, the Turkish plan of campaign is a concentration of the Turks near the important Greek frontier town of Tyrnavos, with a view of forcing the mountain passes leading towards Larissa. One report, which is generally credited, has it that Edhem Pasha, at the head of 12,000 men, has already begun this movement, and rumors in this respect are flying, the substance of them being that the battle which is expected to be fought at or near Tyrnavos has already commenced.

The Greek plan of campaign, so far as it is understood by the Athenians, is founded on the defence of Larissa in the first instance, an attack upon that place having been anticipated and prepared for by occupying and taking every possible advantage of all strategic points. The country there is admirably suited for defence, and while this is relied on to destroy the coast ports of Epirus and Macedonia. The Greek belief in ultimate success is based on the expectation of a universal rising of the Macedonians and Epirotes, so soon as the Greeks succeed in winning a brilliant victory anywhere over the Turks.

FIGHTING ON THE FRONTIER.

Fierce Work at Karaya All Day Saturday—Turks Were Steady.

Headquarters of the Turkish Army in Macedonia, Elassona, April 17, 10 p.m. (delayed in transmission).—The correspondent of the Associated Press, at this hour, has just returned from Karaya, on the Greek frontier, north of Tyrnavos and three hours' ride from here. A fierce battle between the Turks and Greeks is now raging at Karaya. The fighting has been in progress all day. The correspondent left the Turkish headquarters here on horseback this morning and arrived at Karaya three hours later. The battle was then proceeding and the correspondent was enabled to watch the fighting from a point near the tent of Hamid Pasha, who is in command of the sixth army corps, the Turkish force there engaged. Hamid Pasha, surrounded by his staff, was watching the movements of the opposing forces. The combatants were posted on the faces of two hills overlooking a small valley at a distance of about a mile. It appeared that the Greek force, which was evidently composed of the regular troops of Greece, crossed the frontier at 8 o'clock yesterday evening and advanced upon the valley referred to at an early hour this morning. The Greeks later were engaged by four battalions of Turkish infantry, and after some sharp fighting were driven back towards the frontier.

The Greek forces, however, then took up a position on the crest of several hills, and the combatants resumed at 10 o'clock.

Among the invaders were considerable numbers of Sicilian volunteers. At intervals of about two hours the Greeks renewed their attacks upon the Turkish position. The Turks remained calm and stood on the defensive, though suffering considerable loss.

The number of killed and wounded among the Turks could not be ascertained at that time, but the correspondent saw 43 Turkish wounded brought to the rear with the five bodies of Turkish officers. Only two wounded Turks and the bodies of the officers were being brought from the front to the field hospitals, hence the number of men killed could not be gathered. The dead were left where they fell.

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the correspondent left Karaya, more Turkish wounded were being carried in to camp. The Greeks appeared to be contenting themselves with occupying the position which they had taken upon the crest of the hills and maintaining a heavy fire from it without advancing, but at the same time preventing the Turkish troops from crossing the frontier. The Turks returned the fire of the Greeks with persistent spirit.

While the correspondent of the Associated Press was at Karaya, Hamdi Pasha, the Turkish commander, received a despatch from Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, saying that a general advance of the Turkish forces had been ordered for to-morrow, war between Turkey and Greece having been declared. This news was received by the Turks with enthusiastic shouts, meaning "Long live war." At the same time that Hamdi Pasha received the news of the declaration of war he received news of a fresh attack by a Greek force, in the direction of Eleuthochori, to the north and left of Zarkos.

During the correspondent's return journey here he heard further firing, both rifles and artillery. This was after nightfall, though a full moon was shining.

Edhem Pasha at this hour is holding a council of war and it is expected that a great battle will be fought tomorrow. The Turkish troops are most eager for a general engagement.

The weather continues very cold.

The Powers Notified.

Brussels, April 18.—The Independance Belge to-day announces that Turkey has officially declared war against Greece, and that a notification to this effect was sent to the powers this morning.

FORT AT ACTIUM DESTROYED

By the Turkish Fire Which Opened Hot at 5.30 a.m. Yesterday.

Athens, April 18, 7 p.m.—The Greek commander at Actium, opposite Prevosa, telegraphs that the Greek steamer Macedonia, which was fired upon this morning by the Turkish batteries, did not sink in deep water, but was able to run ashore near the entrance of the gulf.

It appears that the bombardment of Prevosa only began at 11.30 a.m., whereas the Turkish forts there opened a hot fire upon Actium at 5.30 a.m. Actium was formerly a telegraph station, but the building was converted into a fort and was garrisoned by 500 men. The Turkish fire completely destroyed it. Several of the garrison were killed and wounded, although the Turkish aim was often wide.

The Greek commander requested instructions by telegraph, and the Minister of War ordered him to bombard Prevosa immediately. At 10 a.m. the Safidaki fort fired a few shots on a Greek gunboat, which replied, effectually silencing the Turkish battery.

At 11 o'clock the Greeks began to attack the Turkish forts outside the entrance of the Gulf, partly to divert the enemy's attention and partly in order to prevent the massacre of the Greeks at Prevosa. The Greek ironclad Spetzai has arrived to assist in bombarding Prevosa and the gunboats continue to bombard from inside the Gulf.

According to the last telegrams from Actium, 2000 Greeks crossed the Gulf of Arta from Uonitza to Salagora and are now marching on Prevosa. Various reports are current as to the landing of the insurgent bands on the Chalkis Peninsula. Bugles are sounding in various quarters of the city, soldiers are hastening to their barracks, and bodies of troops, hurriedly equipped, are being despatched to the front amid enthusiastic ovations from the crowds that fill the streets. Numerous conferences have taken place to-day between the King and the Cabinet and, as a result of them, the two last classes of 1886 reserves have been called out.

GREEKS STAND TOGETHER.

Opposition Leader Backs Up the Premier's Patriotic Declarations.

Athens, April 18, 8 p.m.—A late special sitting of the Legislative Assembly was held to-day. The public galleries were crowded. Amid intense excitement M. Delyannis, the Premier, announced that the Turkish Government had to-day notified Greece of the rupture of diplomatic relations on the ground of the aggressive attitude of the Greek Government. In a cool but most deliberate speech he reviewed the recent events to show, on the contrary, that Turkey had been the aggressor, that her troops had attacked the Greeks and attempted to occupy the neutral positions and that her batteries at Prevosa had sunk the Greek ship Macedonia. "Turkey," said M. Delyannis, "declares war against us. We accept it."

This statement was received with prolonged cheers from the galleries and the floor of the Chamber.

The Premier then read despatches reciting the events which had happened on the frontier, and with reference to the reported capture of Menexa he said that the batteries at that important position had been brought into action, but he knew nothing as to its alleged capture. He added that the Turks, after repeated attempts to force a passage at Reveni, which commands the road to Larissa, had been driven back. The leader of the Opposition, amid renewed cheers from all parts of the chamber and from the galleries, eloquently endorsed the patriotic declarations of the Premier.

Turkish Batteries Destroyed.

Athens, April 18, 9 p.m.—A despatch [illegible] Greek warships shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon, have been completely destroyed. The Greek battery at Kesipanaghia co-operated effectively with the flotilla in the bombardment.

Turks in Full Retreat.

Larissa, April 18 (headquarters [illegible] Greek army in Thessaly [illegible] Turkish positions have captured [illegible]okoutra, and the Turks are in full retreat toward the interior, where their forces are massing.

The batteries at Menexa ceased firing at 11 p.m. Sunday.

THROWS IT ALL ON GREECE.

Turkish Government is Now Squaring Itself Before the World.

Constantinople, April 18.—An official communication to the newspapers states that the Imperial Government has spared no pains to preserve the peace, but that Greece, having sent troops to Crete in defiance of the wish of the powers, and having begun hostilities on the frontier, has compelled Turkey to defend her integrity and to retaliate by an act of war.

The Minister of War has given explicit orders to Edhem Pasha, in accordance with an Imperial irade, approving the decision of the council and adopting the plan of operations formulated by the military commission. The irade throws the entire responsibility for the war upon Greece.

Edhem Pasha is authorized to take immediate action, defensive or offensive, in accordance with this plan, and in the exercise of his best judgment.

The Porte has handed his passports to Prince Mavrocordato, the Greek Minister to Turkey, together with a note announcing the breaking of diplomatic relations between the two governments and the recall of Assim Bey, the Turkish Minister, and the Turkish consuls. It invites Prince Mavrocordato and all Greek consuls in Turkish territory to quit the confines of the empire, giving the Greek subjects 15 days' notice. Prince Mavrocordato will leave on Tuesday by the Austrian mail boat.

Greeks Driven Back.

Foot of Milouna Pass, April 18, 10 a.m.—A fierce battle raged in the pass all night long. The Greeks, who entered and descended toward the valley, encountered four battalions of Turks, who drove them back, and, at the point of the bayonet, rescued the force garrisoning the Turkish block house, which the Greeks had encircled before entering the pass.

Neshad Pasha, commanding the fifth division, is occupying Mount Parna with a great force, while Hairi Pasha, commanding the sixth division, is prepared to enter the Tchaishan Pass, and Haidar Pasha, with the fourth division, occupied the Milouna Pass.

Before dawn Edhem Pasha rode out to direct the disposition of these divisions.

A general engagement ensued. The battle still continues along the entire pass, over 20,000 men being engaged. The combat turns on the possession of the Greek blockhouse, which was most obstinately defended. Several vigorous attacks were made by the Turks without success, but finally about 9 o'clock, by a magnificent dash, they took the blockhouse at the point of the bayonet.

The Greeks are still defending their positions on the summit of the hill. At the present moment four battalions of Mendukh Pasha's division are advancing to the frontier positions already taken. The Turks are fighting like lions, the Turkish artillery doing splendid execution under the command of Riza Pasha.

The correspondent of the Associated Press says: "I regret to have to announce the death of Hafiz Pasha at Milouna. The battle is still undecided, but the Turks, without calling up the reserves, have taken almost the whole pass. It is impossible to give details as to the losses. I saw many groups of wounded men, but they were mostly on the heights. Ambulances have been sent to bring them in. I cannot [illegible]

(Continued on second page).

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July 30 1895. 17d-wtf

MINING SHARES

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.
R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. fJ15d&wtf

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

—An unknown man jumped off the upper suspension bridge at Niagara Falls on Saturday afternoon.

—Mr. Henry J. Modlin, of Hamilton, is dead as the result of swallowing a brass-headed tack six years ago.

—Adam Singer, a penitentiary convict from Woodstock, committed suicide by cutting his arm with a piece of glass.

—Mr. Edward S. M. Collett, acting Surveyor of Customs, London, Ont., died there yesterday after a long illness, aged 71.

—A general order has been issued by the Militia Department which restricts the pay lists to men who are fit for active service.

—The trade returns for nine months of the present fiscal year were $184,734,000, nearly ten millions better than last year.

—Frontenac Liberals have nominated Mr. Duncan McRae, ex-Reeve of Wolfe Island, for the Ontario Legislative Assembly.

—Russian prisoners for Siberia will in future be taken to their destination by train, and be thus spared the horrors of the long march.

—The next advance of the Anglo-Egyptian forces in the Soudan will be made as soon as there is water enough for the steamers to pass the fourth cataract of the Nile, probably in July or August.

—The body of General Grant was removed on Friday from the temporary tomb where it has lain for nearly twelve years to the imposing mausoleum which is designed to be its permanent resting place.

—It is stated that Lord Wolseley, Commander-in-Chief of the British forces, will have to shortly retire on account of ill-health. Lord Roberts and Sir Redvers Buller are mentioned as favorites for the succession.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,
Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

EXPOSITION OF 1900.

PLAN OF THE PARIS FAIR TO USHER IN THE TWENTIETH CENTURY.

The Work Already Begun — The First Stroke of the Pick Made Transplanting Trees on the Exhibition Grounds —The Champs Elysees.

As far as money, energy and art will avail, Paris proposes to usher in the twentieth century with an exposition that will far eclipse everything of the sort in the past and discount the undertakings of the future for many years to come.

No expense is to be spared, and ample provision has been made for all the money that may be needed; the grounds have been selected and laid off, and the work of preparing and beautifying them begun, and the designs for the various buildings have been chosen, the sites selected, and the preliminary work is now under way.

Three million one hundred and twenty-five thousand construction bonds of twenty francs each ($13,000,000) have been issued, each of which gives the right of twenty admissions to the exposition, reduced rates to all the specials shows and exhibits, and on the railways of the city, and to the great lotteries, with prizes ranging as high as 500,000 francs, that are the usual accompaniment of every public undertaking in France.

When the funds from this source are exhausted a treasury loan is to be made guaranteed by the entrance fees.

FIRST STROKE OF THE PICK ON THE 1900 EXPOSITION.

The site selected lies on both sides of the Seine from the Pont de la Concorde down to some distance below the Pont d'Jena.

In the northeastern part of the Champs Elysees are the gates of entrance and the Palaces of Fine Arts. The ground chosen for these latter was occupied in part by the Palace of Industry erected some years ago. This has been erazed and palaces 2 and 3 are to be erected in its place. The entrance to No. 2 will be the grand entrance to the exposition, by which all public and official visitations will be made.

The grounds have been enclosed by a high palisade fence, and there is to be no marring the beauty of the adjoining grounds or disturbing the convenience of the public by the cartage of old and new material up and down the avenues. This will be done entirely by underground railways. The accompanying cuts show the first stroke of work in the construction of the railroad from the grand palaces 2, 3 and 4 to the Seine, by means of which everything is to be handled by boats on the river.

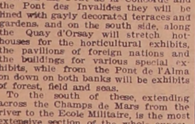
One of the most interesting and instructive features of the work now underway is that of forest-making. Huge trees of large girth, and great spread of limb, are being transplanted in great numbers in the exposition grounds. Trees of mature growth and great size are selected. Excavation is made about the roots so as to leave them intact in the inclosing earth, which is to be bound and swaddled as to hold it firmly in place while in transit on a specially contrived vehicle from the forests to the place of transplanting.

The selections were all made some time ago, and as soon as the winter was well set in large forces of men were set to work and the transplanting [illegible] so as to get the roots [illegible] the ground before the sap begins. By the time [illegible] empty [illegible] sees and [illegible] of the Champs [illegible] will have the parts of the grounds of 50 years' growth [illegible] appearance of a forest.

From the Champs Elysees section passage is had to the next, lying on the south side of the Seine by the new Pont Alexandre III, a splendid structure, designed by the celebrated MM. Cassien-Bernard, the cornerstone of which was laid by the Czar during his visit to Paris last year. The second or Industrial and Manufacturing section lies along the Esplanade des Invalides and comprises four extensive and splendid palaces.

The plans have recently been amended to make the river banks one of the greatest attractions of the exposition. Between the Pont de la Concorde and the Pont des Invalides they will be lined with gayly decorated terraces and gardens, and on the south side, along the Quay d'Orsay will stretch hothouses for the horticultural exhibits, the pavilions of foreign nations and the buildings for various special exhibits, while from the Pont de l'Alma on down on both banks will be exhibits of forest, field and seas.

To the south of these, extending across the Champs de Mars from the river to the Ecole Militaire, is the most extensive section of the whole exposition. Seven huge structures, whose uses are shown by the index to the ground plan, occupy the space and afford ample accommodation for a most lavish display in their several lines.



TRANSPLANTING THE TREES.

The display of architectural taste and skill in the designs of the various buildings will be at once unique and magnificent. The foremost talent of the world, it may be said, entered into the competition and the selections made from the designs submitted are said to be marvels of beauty and appropriateness.

Outside the grounds Paris is making extensive additions to its already large facilities for handling the multitudes who will flock to the show. Large new hotels are being erected and others added to and renovated, and the transportation facilities are being enlarged and extended on a grand scale.

The work of allotting space to the exhibitors from the various countries will soon begin, and it will be in a large measure "first come, first served." All the European nations, besides Canada, Australia, Japan and several of the South American countries, have made appropriations and provision for exhibits, but the United States Government has as yet made no move towards giving his people an opportunity of making a display.

PALACES OF FINE ARTS—ARCHITECT-IN-CHIEF M. GIRAULT.

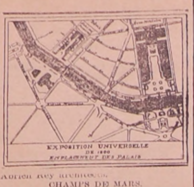
1—Small Palace, M. Girault architect.
2—Grand Palace, exterior part, M. DeGlane architect.
3—Grand Palace, intermediate part, M. Albert Louvet architect.
4—Grand Palace, posterior part, M. Alber Momus architect.
5—Entrance Gates, M. R. Binet architect.

BARGES AND QUAYS.

6—Bridge Quays and Barges, as far as Pont des Invalides, MM. Cassien-Bernard architects.

ESPLANADE DES INVALIDES.

7—Palace of Information and National Manufactures, MM. Tourdoir & Pradelle architects.
8—Palace of Decoration and Furniture, M. Esquil architect.
9—Palace of Various Industries, MM. Lauche & Machose architects.
10—Palace of Ceramics and Glasses, M. Tropez-Bailly architect.
11—Palace of Horticulture and the Barges and Quays on both banks between the Pont des Invalides and the Pont de l'Alma, M. Ch. A. Gautin architect.
12—Palaces of Marine Merchandise of Forest, Chase, Fisheries and Harvest. MM. Guillaume Trouenet and



Aorien Rey architects.

CHAMPS DE MARS.

14—Palace of Instruments and General Proceedings of Literature, Science and Arts, M. Louis Sortais architect.
15—Palace of Foods, M. L. Varcollier architect.
16—Palace of Threads, Tissues and Cloths, M. Blavette architect.
17—Palace of Civil Engineering and Means of Transportation, M. Jacques Humont architect.
18—Palace of Mines, Matallurgy, Mechanics and Fountains, M. Paulin architect.
19—Palace of Electricity and Chemical Industries, M. Eugene Henard architect.
20—Banqueting Hall and Palace of Agriculture, M. Raulin architect.

TROCADERO.

21—Palace of Colonization, MM. Deputtus & Son architects.

CHESS HISTORY.

The Game Said to Have Been Played More Than 5000 Years Ago.

Chess players with a turn of the history of their strategic amusement will be interested to learn that all the hypotheses as to the origin of the game have suddenly been "mated" by a recent extraordinary discovery in Egypt. The Chinese—who invented many things in times long gone by, which had to be reinvented in Europe—assert that they can trace chess in their own country to about 200 years before our era. Now there can certainly be no doubt in the character of the figures at present used, and in some of the words connected with the game—such as "schah" (shah) and matt (or "mate")—and Indian, Persian and Arabic influence is traceable. But here comes news of the latest excavations on the pyramid fields of Sakkara which have brought to a light a wall painting on which a high official is represented as playing chess with a partner at the time of the government of King Teta, who belonged to the ninth dynasty. Prof. Lepsius formerly assigned the reign of that monarch to about the year 2700 B.C. Prof. Brugsch, correcting this chronology, puts it back to 3300 B.C., so that chess would have been known in the once mysterious land of Mizraim, something like 5200 years ago.

EXCITEMENT OVER WHEAT.

Foreign Orders are Simply "Buy Wheat" and the Deals in New York Ran Up Into Millions on Saturday.

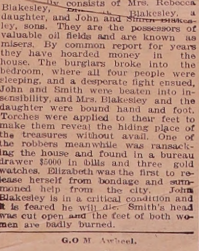
New York, April 17.—There was tremendous excitement in the wheat market today. Prices advanced 4 cents a bushel in little over two hours. Dealings ran up into the millions. Shorts were completely stampeded and their orders to buy flooded the market from start to finish. War news and foreign buying were the factors which occasioned the tumult. The latter was by far the heaviest seen here in a long time. No limit was set on the execution of the foreign orders. They simply said: "Buy wheat," and it was bought at any figure. During the regular market session, May advanced from 75¼ to 78, and on the latter curb to 79½. To the other influences was added export demand at the close. Europe took about 35 loads. The market was at fever heat all day and left off at its wildest point. Total sales were between six and seven million bushels.

TORTURED AND ROBBED.

The Blakesley Family of Findlay, O., Visited by Masked Men, Who Steal $5000 in Money.

Findlay, Ohio, April 17.—The famous Blakesley family, living three miles from this city, were robbed and tortured last night by 12 masked robbers. The family consists of Mrs. Rebecca Blakesley, [illegible] Blakesley, a daughter, and John and Smith Blakesley, sons. They are the possessors of valuable oil fields and are known as misers. By common report for years they have hoarded money in the house. The burglars broke into the bedroom, where all four people were sleeping, and a desperate fight ensued. John and Smith were beaten into insensibility, and Mrs. Blakesley and the daughter were bound hand and foot. Torches were applied to their feet to make them reveal the hiding place of the treasures without avail. One of the robbers meanwhile was ransacking the house and found in a bureau drawer $5000 in bills and three gold watches. Elizabeth was the first to release herself from bondage and summoned help from the city. John Blakesley is in a critical condition and it is feared he will die. Smith's head was cut open and the feet of both women are badly burned.

G.O M. Awheel.



The Right Hon. W. Ewart Gladstone has taken to riding a bike, and writes that he has now fairly mastered the fickle machine. The above illustration is from a snapshot as he passed along a Hawarden by-path.

Taking a Good Look at One Another.

Tryon took his long glass on shore with him, and found it useful for reconnoitring the position and proceedings of the enemy. He made the acquaintance of a Russian officer who also rejoiced in a long glass (a species of acquaintance which was not at all common during the siege of Sebastopol). In the early morning, as soon as it was light enough, they reconnoitred each other with their long glasses, to see if anything new had been done during the long night; then, as soon as they were satisfied, they mounted their respective parapets, waved each other a friendly recognition, jumped down, and blazed away. War is a curious business.—From "The Life of Vice-Admiral Sir George Tryon."

Amphibious Man.

Man becomes almost amphibious in certain regions. Temperature permitting, he swims as well, dives better than many animals—better, for instance, than dogs. The Greek sponge-fishers and the Arabic divers must have sight almost as keen below water as that of the sea otter. They have even learned, by practice, to control the consumption of the air supply in their lungs. The usual time for a hippopotamus to remain below water is five minutes. The pearl-fisher can remain below two and a half minutes. In a tank a diver has remained under water for four minutes. But temperature marks the limits of man's amphibious habits.—The Spectator.

A Dainty Habit.

Irish cambric, well covered with applied designs of yellow lace, is used for wide collars on thin cotton gowns, is combined with chiffon for vests, and for waists with chiffon underneath.

WE ARE NOW OPEN . . . FOR BUSINESS

We wish to thank those who so liberally patronized us when in the retail business before. We shall be pleased to see all our old customers and all others, and we shall endeavor by prompt and careful attention to merit your patronage.

All our goods are new.

MR. JOHN MAY is with us and will be pleased to see all his friends.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.,

HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE.
STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

Mixed Paints.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
AND
JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT . . . . .
THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

Easter....

Last year we put in some Easter goods for the first time and were very much pleased with the result. We have added some new lines along with some of the most popular ones of last year, and mention a few below: Large egg with blowing wheel, 15 cts. each; jockey on egg, 15 cts. each; monkey blowing wheel, 20 cts. each; egg in cup, 8 cts. each; fancy eggs, assorted colors, 5 cts. each; baby in cradle, 17 cts. each; the Yellow Kid, 20 cts. each; chocolate chickens, 10 cts. each; chocolate eggs, 5 cts. each; chocolate eggs, 2 cts. each; cream eggs, fancy, 10 cts. each; cream eggs, 5 cts. each; cream eggs, 4 for 5 cts. Leave your orders early for Hot X Buns.

ED. F. DICKENS.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

. . . 1897 . . .

STEAMER

"ALEXANDRIA"

will commence season by running a grand popular

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y., AND RETURN.

FARE for Round - Trip - **$1.50** FARE for Round - Trip -

SCHEDULE.

Leaving Picton, Friday, April 23rd, 1897, at 4:00 o'clock p.m.; Deseronto, 5:15 p.m.; Northport, 6:00 p.m.; Belleville, 7:30 p.m.; Rednerville, 8:00 p.m.; Trenton, 9:00 p.m.; Canal (R. R. Bridge), 10:00 p.m.; Brighton, 12:00 p.m. Arriving at Charlotte (port of Rochester, N. Y.,) 5:50 o'clock a.m., on Saturday, April 24th.

Returning—will leave Charlotte 7:30 p.m., Sunday, 25th April.

TWO DAYS—Saturday and Sunday, in Rochester or sufficient time to visit Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and other adjacent cities.

A. W. HEPBURN,
Manager, Picton, Ont.

Str. "VARUNA"

A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto
J. W. HEPBURN, Agent Picton

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Easter service at the Y.M.C.A. yesterday afternoon was addressed by Mr. A. P. Lent and Rev. R. Wallace. The Baptist choir greatly aided in the singing.

Mr. T. S. Cole arrived to-day in the city and will spend a few days in the interests of the local work.

A special meeting of the Board will be held to-night to meet Mr Cole.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray.

A Large Funeral.

The funeral of the late Lillie Smith yesterday afternoon was very largely attended, especially by the members of Bridge St. Sunday School. Rev. C. E. McIntyre conducted the service. The bearers were: Jas. Reeves, W. B. Deacon, J. McCarthy, S. Clark, Geo. Pearce and E. B. Frederick.

—A large mass of rock weighing several tons fell from the cliff down on Champlain street, Quebec. A couple of houses were damaged.

—The resignation of Chief Justice Hagarty of the Ontario Court of Appeal has been accepted. Mr. Justice Burton, of the same court, will be the new Chief Justice of Ontario, and Mr. Charles Moss, Q.C., is mentioned in legal circles as the most acceptable new Judge in place of Mr. Justice Burton.

Removed

We are now
All Removed
to our new
Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '9

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.
Phone 189.

MORTGAGE SALE

UNDER and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, default having been made in the payment thereof, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the City Hall in the City of Belleville on Wednesday, the 21st day of April 1897 at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, that valuable residence premises in the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario being composed of Lot number Nine (9) on the North side of Moira street as laid down on the plan of Bleecker's Grove registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1848.

This property is very conveniently situated to the business part of the city, and upon barn, and there is a nice garden lot in connection therewith fronting upon Moira street upon which another house could be built if desired.

TERMS OF SALE.

10 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, a further sum of 25 per cent of said purchase money within 30 days thereafter. The balance of said purchase money can either be paid in cash or a mortgage may be given therefor at six per cent interest payable as provided by the conditions of sale of said land, interest to be payable at said rate upon all unpaid purchase money from the day of sale.

For further particulars apply to Francis S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville.

FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE,
Vendor's Solicitor.
Dated this 20th March. 1897. 2tawtd.

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

New Regulations.

The following regulations regarding the physical requirements of the volunteer force of Canada have been issued:

The standard and physical requirements of non-commissioned officers and men will be as follows:—

(1.) Age—Between 18 and 45 years. Exceptions may be made in the case of senior non-commissioned officers, whose age must, however, be not more than 50 years.

(2.) Chest Measurement—Minimum 33 inches.

(3.) Height—Minimum 5 feet 4 inches for mounted corps, and 5 feet 5 inches for dismounted corps.

(4.) To have a physical development suitable for their age, and to be free from symptoms af rheumatic affections, disease of the lungs, heart or viscera, venereal disease, defective vision, or any other physical defect rendering them unfit for service, or predisposing them to become non-effective under exposure.

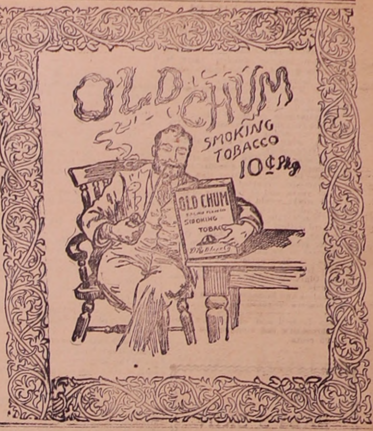
(5.) To be free from lameness, and to have the full use of all limbs, and senses of speech and hearing.

(6.) To be free from ill-shaped or overlapping toes; not to be flat-footed.

The above rules are not much different from those of former years, but they are to be rigidly enforced.

SURPRISED HIS DOCTOR.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C. Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills."



Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

THE history of H. A. Lozier & Co. in Canada almost reads like a fairy tale. It is almost beyond conception, the progress that this firm has made since coming here. In the fall of 1895 they manufactured the first Cleveland Bicycle made in Canada, and in the short space of time which has ensued since then they have become the most successful manufacturers in the Cycle trade. Their wonderful success has been due, not to luck, but honestly earned by embracing in the manufacturing of the Cleveland Bicycle everything that ingenuity, skill and wealth could devise. The thoroughness of manufacture and the rigid inspection which every part of the wheel has to undergo before being allowed to be used, is responsible for the fact that of the thousands of Clevelands that were turned out last season there was not one returned on account of defective workmanship. Without going into the many details and improvements that are embodied in the 1897 Cleveland, it will not be out of place to call attention to the remarkable manner in which the whole world has confirmed the verdict of America on the Cleveland Wheel during the past season.

The prejudice against American wheels was perhaps natural, but not being based on any sound objection has vanished before the Cleveland. Not only is the Cleveland solidly established in popularity in all Europe, but it can be seen in use in every civilized country of the Globe, being, for instance, in Australia the only typical and easily leading Americal wheel.

To eulogize the Cleveland would be to consume a day; suffice to say that honesty of manufacture and true merit have received their reward, and the Cleveland Bicycle well deserves the position it now occupies as the leading Wheel of Canada.

THE FOSTER COMPANY, Limited.

A thin oily fibre-food fluid, which sinks into the pores leaving a velvety burnishing film outside. Rub this friction coat a little, and lo!—a brilliant, lasting, lustre dawns through it. Neither varnish, turpentine, nor wax, to parch leather or seal up its pores, in—

SLATER SHOE POLISH

HAINES & LOCKETT, SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.

BOVRIL . . .

the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.

Canadian Branch, Bovril, Limited,
27 St. Peter St., Montreal.

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our Tables.

Flower' Bargain House,
3 FRONT STREET.

HAVE YOU CATARRH?

But One Sure Remedy—Obtain It for 25 Cents, Blower Included, and be Cured.

Catarrh is a disagreeable and offensive disease. It usually results from a cold and often ends in consumption and death. The one effective remedy so far discovered for it is Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure.

Physicians failed to cure Geo. Belffey, toll-gate keeper, Holland Landing road. Chase's Catarrh Cure did it.

One box cured William Kneeshaw and two boxes James T. Stoddard, both of West Gwillimbury.

Division Court Clerk Joel Rogers, Robert J. Hoover and Geo. Taylor, all of Beeton, voluntarily certify to the efficacy of Chase's Catarrh Cure.

J. W. Jennison, of Gilford, spent nearly $300 on doctors, but found no permanent relief until he tried a 25-cent box of Chase's.

Miss Dwyer, of Alliston, got rid of a cold in the head in 12 hours.

Henry R. Nicholls, 176 Rectory street, London, tried a box with excellent effect.

Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure is for sale by any dealer, or by Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. Price 25 cents including blower.

Coughs, colds and bronchial troubles readily cured by the latest discovery, Chase's Linseed and Turpentine. Pleasant and easy to take. 25 cents.

4 FOUR GENERATIONS HAVE USED

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

AND ITS SALE IS STEADILY INCREASING.

Have you tried it?

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MEDICAL.

DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

P. D. GOLDSMITH, M.D., Ontario, L.S.A., L.R.C.P., and M.R.C.P., London, Eng., has permanently located in Belleville.
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John Bedell....
U. E. Loyalist.

"No, no," wailed Ruth, yet yielding to his embrace. "This is the last time I shall see you forever and forever. Go, dear,—good-bye, my love, my love."

But he clasped her in his strong arms, kissing imploring, cheering her,—and how should true love choose hopeless renunciation?

. . . .

Tempting, defying, regaining his lost ground, drifting down again, trying hard to tire out and subdue his heart-pangs, Bedell dallied with death more closely than ever. He had let his skiff drift far down toward the Falls. Often he could see the wide smooth curve where the green volume lapses vastly on a lazy slope, to shoulder up below as a huge calm billow, before pitching into the madness of waves whose confusion of tossing and tortured crests hurries to the abyss. The afternoon grew toward evening before he pulled steadily home, crawling away from the roarers against the cruel green, watching the ominous cloud with some such grim humor as if under observation by an overpowering but baffled enemy.

Approaching his landing, a shout drew Bedell's glance ashore to a group of men excitedly gesticulating. They seemed motioning him to watch the American shore. Turning, he saw a boat in midstream, where no craft then on the river, except his own skiff, could be safe, unless manned by several good men. Only two oars were flashing. Bedell could make out two figures indistinctively. It was clear they were doomed,—though still a full mile above the point whence he had come, they were much farther out than he when near the rapids. Yet one life might be saved! Instantly Bedell's bow turned outward, and cheers flung to him from ashore.

At that moment he looked to his own landing-place, and saw that his larger boat was gone. Turning again, he angrily recognized it, but keep right on he must try to rescue even a thief. He wondered Ruth had not prevented the theft, but had no suspicion of the truth. Always he had refused to let her go out upon the river—mortally fearing it for her.

Thrusting his skiff mightily forward,—often it glanced, half-whirled by up-whelming and spreading spaces of water,—the old Loyalist's heart was quit of his pangs and sore only with certainty that he must abandon one human soul to death. By the time that he could reach the larger boat his would be too near the rapids to escape with three!

When George Winthrop saw Bedell in pursuit, he bent to his ash-blades more strongly, and Ruth, trembling to remember her father's threats, urged her lover to speed. They feared the pursuer only, quite unconscious that they were in the remorseless grasp of the river. Ruth had so often seen her father far lower down than they had yet drifted that she did not realize the truth, and George, a stranger in the Niagara district, was unaware of the length of the cataracts above the Falls. He was also deceived by the stream's treacherous smoothness, and instead of half-upward, pulled straight across, as if certainly able to land anywhere he might touch the American shore.

Bedell looked over his shoulder often. When he distinguished a woman, he put on more force, but slackened soon—the pull home would tax his endurance, he reflected. In some sort it was a relief to know that one was a woman; he had been anticipating trouble with two men equally bent on being saved. That the man would abandon himself bravely, the Squire took as a matter of course. For a while he thought of pulling with the woman to the American shore, more easily to be gained from the point where the rescue must occur. But he rejected the plan, confident he could win back, for he had sworn never to set foot on the soil unless in war. Had it been possible to save both, he would have been forced to disregard that vow; but the Squire knew that it was impossible for him to reach the New York Shore with two passengers—two would overload his boat beyond escape. Man or woman, one must go over the Falls.

Having carefully studied landmarks for his position, Bedell turned to look again at the doomed boat, and a well-known ribbon caught his attention! The old man dropped his oars, confused with horror. "My God, my God! it's Ruth!" he cried, and the whole truth came with another look, for he had not forgotten George Winthrop.

"Your father stops, Ruth. Perhaps he is in pain," said George to the quaking girl.

She looked back. "What can it be?" she cried, filial love returning overmasteringly.

"Perhaps he is only tired." George effected carelessness,—his first wish was to secure his bride,—and pulled hard away to get all advantage from Bedell's halt.

"Tired! He is in danger of the Falls, then!" screamed Ruth. "Stop! Turn! Back to him!"

Winthrop instantly prepared to obey. "Yes, darling," he said, "we must not think of ourselves. We must go back to save him!" Yet his was a sore groan at turning; what Duty ordered was so hard,—he must give up his love for the sake of his enemy.

But while Winthrop was still pulling round, the old Royalist resumed rowing, with a more rapid stroke that soon brought him alongside.

In those moments of waiting, all Bedell's life, his personal hatreds, his loves, his sorrows, had been reviewed before his soul. He had seen again his sons, the slain in battle, in the pride of their young might; and the gentle eyes of Ruth had pleaded with him beneath his dead wife's brow. Into those beloved, unforgotten, visionary eyes he looked with an encouraging, strengthening gaze,—now that the deed to be done was as clear before him as the face of Almighty God. In accepting it the darker passions that had swayed his stormy life fell suddenly away from their hold on his soul. How trival had been old disputes! how good at heart old well-known civic enemies! how poor seemed hate! how poor and mean seemed all but Love and Loyalty!

Resolution and deep peace had come upon the man.

The lovers wondered at his look. No wrath was there. The old eyes were calm and cheerful, a gentle smile flickered about his lips. Only that he was very pale, Ruth would have been wholly glad for the happy change.

"Forgive me, father," she cried, as he laid hand on their boat.

"I do, my child," he answered. "Come now without an instant's delay to me."

"Oh, father, if you would let us be happy!" cried Ruth, heart-torn by two loves.

"Dear, you shall be happy. I was wrong, child; I did not understand how you loved him. But come! both of you! Take the oars, George. Kiss me, dear, my Ruth, once more. Good-bye, my little girl. Winthrop, be good to her. And may God bless you both forever!"

As the old Squire spoke, he stepped into the larger boat, instantly releasing the skiff. His imperative gentleness had secured his object without loss of time, and the boats were apart with Winthrop's readiness to pull.

"Now row! Row for her life to yonder shore! Bow well up! Away, or the Falls will have her!" shouted Bedell.

(To be continued.)

HOW THE WAR GOES.

Greeks Defeat the Turks at Reveni.

Hot Fighting Now in Progress at Gritzovali—Greeks are Trying to Retake the Place—The London Times Says Turkey is Right in Resenting the Attacks of Greece, But That the Latter Country Can Lose Nothing—The Pass of Death.

Larissa, April 19, 5 p.m.—The Greeks have defeated the Turks at Reveni, and two Greek brigades have entered Turkish territory in different directions and penetrated to Damasi, northeast of Zarkos. Another division is trying to flank the Turks, who are retreating in disorder.

Heavy fighting is in progress at Gritzovali. It has been going on since noon. The Greeks are trying to recapture the place.

The Crown Prince Constantine has gone to Tyrnavo.

Greek Steamer Athens Sunk.

Salonica, April 19.—A Turkish torpedo boat has sunk the Greek steamer Athens in the Gulf of Salonica. On board were insurgents and members of various secret societies.

A general panic prevails here. All vessels are prohibited from leaving the gulf. The Turks have seized the Greek steamer Kephalcion.

In Suspense at Athens.

London, April 19.—A despatch to The Daily Chronicle from Athens, dated midnight, says that General Smolenitz, in command of the Greeks at Reveni, has pushed Edhem Pasha toward Damasi. The suspense here is extreme. Everybody is waiting for the list of killed and wounded. Patriotic bankers and others have offered the Government over £1,000,000.

Has a Massacre Taken Place?

Athens, April 20, 1 a.m.—The Greeks have occupied several strategic positions around Damasi, including Viglis, and 3000 armed peasants have joined the troops. It is alleged that 22,000 Turks attacked Reveni. It is feared that a massacre has taken place at Prevosa during the bombardment.

FOREIGN OFFICE AT WORK.

The Powers May Intervene to Stop Hostilities at This Juncture.

London, April 19.—In spite of the fact that the hostilities on the Greek frontier have caused but little excitement here, communications have been in progress all day between the Foreign Office and Rome, France and Athens.

It is reported to-night that among the matters considered is the expediency of ordering the international fleets to leave Cretan waters and to go in the direction of Salonica and the Dardanelles to watch the fighting, with a view of localizing it if necessary by naval intervention. Should this suggestion, which is understood to emanate from the Italian Foreign Office, be acted upon, it is probable that only half the fleet of foreign warships would be withdrawn for such a purpose, the other half remaining to continue the Cretan blockade.

There is said to be a sharp difference of opinion between the military powers, Russia, Austria and Germany, and the maritime powers, Great Britain, France and Italy, as to the most expeditious and least violent methods of compelling a cessation of hostilities should this result not be reached by the exercise of diplomatic pressure at Athens and Constantinople.

It is reported at the Foreign Office that the communications received here to-day from the Marquis of Salisbury, after his interview with Queen Victoria at Nice, support the theory that the British Government is using its utmost energy to persuade both the combatants to make a cessation of the conflict at the stage which it has now reached.

THE STAND GREECE TAKES.

Claims That the Turkish Government Broke Faith on April 10.

Athens, April 19.—The Greek Minister for Foreign Affairs has sent a reply to the note which Assim Bey, the retiring Turkish Minister, handed to M. Skouzes. The Turkish note was as follows:

"In consequence of the aggressive attitude of Greece, diplomatic relations between the King of the Hellenes and his Imperial Majesty the Sultan of Turkey and their respective Governments are hereby broken off.

"The Greek Minister at Constantinople and the Greek Consuls have been ordered to quit Turkish territory. For the same reason the Turkish Consuls in Greece have been recalled to Constantinople. Within a fortnight from the date of this announcement all Greek subjects must leave Turkish territory. Ottoman subjects now in Greek territory have been invited to leave within the same period."

M. Skouzes in his answer says: "In wishing to make Greece responsible for the rupture of diplomatic relations the Imperial Government appears to lose sight of the fact that Greece, far from proceeding to acts of hostility against Turkey, has had to suffer during the last few days from repeated acts of aggression upon the part of the Turkish army at several points on the frontier. Owing to the conflict at the Prophet Elias on March 28, the Royal Government drew the attention of the Imperial Government to the attitude of the Turkish troops, but instead of yielding to the spirit of moderation dictating this step, the Imperial Government appeared disposed to precipitate events. Thus on Friday, the Turkish army, without provocation, attempted to obtain possession of Analipsis, which was mutually agreed to be neutral territory. It was only on the resistance of the Greeks that this attempt to violate neutral territory failed.

"The Royal Government cannot let pass in silence the fact that before it was officially notified of the rupture of diplomatic relations, and while the King's Minister at Constantinople was only notified at an advanced hour of the night, the forts at Prevosa opened fire at 5 o'clock in the morning on the Hellenic position at Actium and sunk the Greek steamer Macedonia.

"In face of these facts, showing there is little foundation for the assertion of the sublime Porte to the effect that Greece committed acts of hostility, the responsibility for the consequences can in no way rest with the King's Government."

Where France Stands.

Paris, April 19.—At a Cabinet meeting held this morning it was decided not to modify the policy of non-intervention in Graeco-Turkish affairs previously adopted by France. At the request of the Greek Minister at Constantinople, Prince Mavrocordato, the French Embassy there has been authorized to take under its protection the Greek Catholics in Turkey.

At the close of the Cabinet meeting, M. Hanotaux, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, received the Greek Minister to France, M. Delyannis.

Where the Greeks are Short.

St. Petersburg, April 19.—Referring to the formation of an alliance between Bulgaria, Servia and Montenegro, it is semi-officially pointed out to-day that the league being formed is not only for their protection against Turkey and Austria but against Pan-Hellenic aspirations in the Balkan Peninsula. Therefore, it is added, Greece is unable to count upon any support from them in the present conflict, and, moreover, the respective Ministers have positively assured Russia that their Governments will maintain strict neutrality.

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Powers Against Greece.

London, April 19.—In spite of the fact of its being a holiday here to-day, there was great activity at the Foreign office, where the full staff was at work the whole day long. The Italian, German, Austrian, Swedish, French and Turkish Ministers had a lengthy conference with Sir Thomas H. Sanderson, the Permanent Secretary of the Foreign Office. The latter said to a representative of the Associated Press that the powers had not yet decided to interfere in the war between Greece and Turkey, which, he added, should be sharp and decisive, as the Greeks have little chance of ultimately winning.

Greeks Get Together Again.

Athens, April 19.—In the second engagement at Gritzovali, the Greek brigade commanded by General Mastropas was able to re-form after giving way before the Turkish assault. Another Greek brigade, under the command of General Minopoulos, is hurrying to reinforce General Mastropas.

A despatch from Arta, filed at 11.30 this morning, announced that fighting continues between the Greeks and Turks at the entrance of the Gulf of Arta and elsewhere in that vicinity. The Turkish batteries at Hamidieh and Pantoeratoros are replying feebly.

The crossing of the River Arakphos by the Greek army under Col. Manos, numbering about 25,000 men, was attended by severe figthing, during which the Greek artillery batteries distinguished themselves. This Greek force is now in Epirus.

Despatches from the frontier received here this evening say that the Turks in considerable force have been attacking Reveni, not far from Tyrnavo, northwest of Larissa, which would indicate that the Greeks have not advanced far into the Damazi plain. It is added that the Turks were repulsed at Reveni.

A still later despatch from Gritzovali admits that the Turks have recaptured that place.

GREEKS IN THE STATES

Will Send Reinforcements to Athens to Aid Their Fellow-Countrymen.

New York, April 19.—The Greek restaurants and meeting places in this city were crowded to-day with excited little groups of patriots. Daily labor seemed to be forgotten in the all-absorbing interest of listening to despatches from the seat of war.

"Elsta Sunora!" (To the front!) was shouted at frequent intervals during the reading of Grecian triumphs. Not a single Greek seemed to have the least doubt that the Turkish forces would be speedily routed by land and sea.

The enthusiasm among the Greeks has been brought to a head by definite commencement of hostilities, and active preparations are on foot to send reinforcements from the United States to aid the cause of Greece. It is expected that a large contingent of patriots will leave this week for Athens.

WHAT THE THUNDERER SAYS.

Greece Gave Turkey Provocation, But Turkey Will Never Reap Any Benefit.

London, April 19.—The Times in an editorial on the war between Turkey and Greece dwells upon the provocation Turkey has received by Greece invading Crete and remaining there, and then invading Macedonia. The paper asks: "What other power in Europe commanding a fine army would have carried its patience so far as Turkey has done?" It adds: "Of course there are special reasons why she has been slow to respond to the provocation. Turkey is well aware that in no case will she be allowed to gather the fruit of victory over a Christian people.

"The statement in her circular to the powers declaring that she has no idea of conquest and expressing her willingness to withdraw her troops if Greece withdraws hers from the frontier and from Crete was wise, but it was also a somewhat superfluous display of moderation. She prudently renounces what she knows she will not be permitted to have."

Discussing the reports of the fighting The Times says that if the Turks get undisputed possession of Milouna, the plains of Thessaly will be open to them. It concludes:

"Whatever the fortunes of the campaign it must be the general wish that it will be short and decisive.

"It would be idle to deny that a continued struggle would not be a menace to European peace. It is impossible to credit the rumor from Athens that Russia and Germany incited the Porte to hostility."

VIEWED IN THE UNITED STATES.

Progress of Hostilities Watched With Keen Interest—Germany's "Loan" Discussed.

Washington, D.C., April 19.—The President and Secretary Sherman were in consultation several times during the afternoon. It is gathered unofficially that they had under consideration a telegram from Minister Terrell at Constantinople regarding the protection of American interests and the protection of Greek subjects which have been intrusted to the United States Minister to the Porte. Secretary of the Navy Long was also with the President.

The progress of hostilities is being watched with the keenest interest in military circles here. It may be said that, while the sympathies of the army officers lie largely with the Greeks, they fully expect that the Turks will prevail in the end if allowed to wage war untrammeled by the interference of the other powers, and there are signs to indicate that such an arrangement has been reached by the principal military and naval powers of Europe as will make this possible. The War Department experts say that Turkey, on paper at least, has one of the most formidable armies in the world, and although it is generally admitted that its strength may not be anywhere near as large as thus set out, still there actually exists a military force beside which that of Greece is absolutely insignificant in number. In addition to this numerical superiority, the War Department experts say that the Turkish forces for some time past have had the benefit of thorough training by a number of German army officers, the best drill masters in the world. At present the Turkish commander-in-chief, Edhem Pasha, has at his back one of the ablest strategists in all Europe in the person of Lieut.-General Baron Comar von der Goltz, a German officer "loaned" to Turkey by Emperor William. This officer is said to unite in himself all the qualities of a most gifted scholar and an experienced soldier. He participated in the war with Denmark, in the Franco-Prussian war and in the Austro-Prussian war, and, in addition, he is the author of three military books that are regarded almost as text-books in the service. It is reported here that Baron von der Goltz is really the author of the plan of campaign under which the Turkish army is now fighting.

THE BRAVERY OF TURKS.

They Walk Calmly Into the Jaws of Death—Blood-Stained Reports.

Headquarters of the Turkish army in Macedonia, Elassona, April 18, 9 p.m. (delayed in transmission).—After the most fatiguing day with the headquarters staff in the Milouna Pass, the correspondent of the Associated Press has returned here. The battle, resulting in giving the Turks possession of Milouna Pass, was waged with the most admirable courage and determination on both sides. The whole pass rang with the roar of artillery and the rattle of musketry. It was, however, around the two Greek blockhouses that the most furious conflict occurred. They were defended with the utmost valor and tenacity. The correspondent was greatly struck with the coolness and discipline of the Turks. In the midst of the hottest fighting, for instance, four Turkish soldiers, advancing in skirmishing order under a deadly fire, became detached from the main body. Nevertheless they continued to advance with perfect self-possession amid a hail of bullets. One of the men was hit and fell, then the second man was shot and the third received a bullet wound, but the fourth man calmly continued firing without regard for his personal safety until the Greeks retired.

The most important Greek blockhouse named Kritchova, was strongly fortified and defended by earthworks. The Turks mostly attacked in skirmishing order, firing independently. They very seldom fired volleys. The scene while the engagement was at its height was exceedingly picturesque. Edhem Pasha, surrounded by a brilliant staff, was the centre of a striking group, with the constantly going and coming of orderlies carrying reports, instructions, etc.

The ambulance corps was busy in every direction, bringing in the wounded, whose faces were black with powder and covered with blood.

Edhem Pasha gravely followed every phase of the fighting through a field glass, giving orders and receiving reports with imperturbable deliberateness. It was noticed that many of the reports were scribbled on scraps of paper stained with blood.

The officers and men alike were black with the dust of battle and had not slept, shaved or washed for two days and nights.

Riza Pasha, commanding the Turkish artillery, is a man of magnificent presence. He exhibited most masterly skill in placing his batteries and in directing their fire.

It is believed to-morrow's fighting must be decisive. Several additional batteries of artillery and battalions of infantry have arrived to take part in the great combat of to-morrow (Monday).

The hill slopes on the northern side of the pass are strewn with Greek dead, mostly Evzones, splendid men. The faces of many of the dead are as calm as though asleep.

FLOODS IN NEW ZEALAND.

Napier Almost Inundated—Twelve Persons Drowned While Trying to Rescue Others Hemmed In.

Wellington, New Zealand, April 19.—The Napier district of Hawkes' Bay, on the east coast of North Island, is suffering from severe floods. Napier itself is almost inundated.

It is estimated that the damage will reach $100,000.

Twelve persons have been drowned while trying to effect the rescue of others hemmed in by the waters.

THE DINGLEY BILL.

It is Said That the Retroactive Clause Will Not be in It When It Goes to the Senate.

Buffalo, N.Y., April 19.—A Washington despatch to The Enquirer to-day says:

"It can be said on good authority that when the tariff bill is reported to the Senate, the retroactive clause will not be in it. That idea, which originated in the brain of a prominent House Republican, who framed it, has never impressed Senators Aldrich and Allison, and it is understood that they quickly determined to eliminate the clause, on the ground that the courts would not sustain legislation of a retroactive nature.

"It is now said the sub-committee will be ready by Wednesday to report the tariff bill to the full committee, and the calculation is to get it before the Senate by May 1, if possible.

"It is also learned that the bill has been cut to pieces so generally, and such heavy reductions made in the rates of duty that it is problematical whether the bill can pass the Senate in the shape it is expected to assume when reported.

"The chances are the Republican Senators will hold numerous caucuses after the committee finally agree on the schedule. While the members of the sub-committee are extremely secretive, and decline to discuss in detail the results of their labors, enough has leaked out to warrant the statement that the bill has been so hacked to pieces and duties so heavily reduced that certain interests clamoring for high protection will use their influence to prevent the House accepting the Senate bill.

"Senator Aldrich, even, has admitted privately within the past few days that the outlook is not pleasant to contemplate. He, however, is prepared for a long tussle and contends that the bill will eventually pass."

EXCITEMENT IN WHEAT.

New York Brokers Talk Over the War Situation and Then Create a Tumult—Changes at Chicago.

New York, April 19.—The breaking of the war cloud in Southern Europe put the wheat market in a state of fevered excitement this morning. Long before the opening crowds of brokers were on hand discussing the situation. The curb price for May wheat was 82⅝c, or an advance of 3c over Saturday's 1 o'clock figures. As the market opened, the scene in the exchange became one of wild excitement. Amidst the tremendous tumult, May wheat started off at 82¼c, jumped to 83⅛c, reacted a little and then whirled up to 83⅜c, all within the first five minutes, and after that the market pursued an irregular and erratic course under continued great excitement.

At Chicago.

Chicago, April 19.—The war news sent the wheat market skyward to-day. May wheat sold as high as 78c a bushel at the opening of trading on 'Change, an advance of 4¼c over the closing figures of Saturday and 8⅝c over the lowest prices touched that day. Fluctuations were violent, trading at the start being all the way from 77c to 78c at the same time in different parts of the pit. Most of the initial sales were at 77c to 77½c, but for nearly 10 minutes purchases were being recorded at top figures named. Then the market steadied for a moment or two at 77½c. At this point there was a fearfully rapid reaction. The market plunged suddenly downward 2c a bushel, to 75½c, with scarcely a single stop. An equally quick rally followed, prices dashing up to 77⅜c, nearly 2c advance in two minutes. In five minutes afterwards the market was down again almost a cent, and at 10 a.m., half an hour after the opening, was selling at 76½c May. By 10.15 a.m. the price was shooting the chutes again and had touched 75⅝c, but by 10.30 was comparatively steady around 76⅝c.

Dollar Wheat at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., April 19.—For the first time since 1891, cash wheat passed the dollar mark. One car load extra high grade sold for $1.01, and two car loads No. 2 red winter wheat at $1.02½.

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You insure against one kind, don't risk that by another kind—like newfangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

MRS. TUGNETT

HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

R. W. ADAMS

REPRESENTS the following good companies: Insurance Company of North America; Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.; office with Northrup & Roberts, barristers, 12 Bridge st.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Easter Rates.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS WILL BE ISSUED AS FOLLOWS:

Teachers and Students
(On surrender of standard form of school vacation railway certificate signed by principal)
Single First Class Fare and One-Third.
Good going March 27th to April 17th inclusive. Return until April 27th, '97

General Public . . .
Single First Class Fare
Good going April 15th to 19th, inclusive. Return until April 20th, '97.

To all stations in Canada, Fort William, Sault Ste. Marie, Windsor and East

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent, Belleville.

"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

New Millinery,
New Veilings
New Blouses,
New Corsets,
New Laces,
—AT—
A. BRIGNALL'S

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD, Proprietors, MONTREAL.

THE "INTELLIGENCER"

Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

WANTED—An apprentice to the Drug Business. Apply to ALEX. RAY

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

Farms or Ranches.

WANTED—Management of Farm or Ranche; one-third profit of produce for working same; 12 months' option to purchase. Apply to L. L. L., this office. 4-17d4tw1t

HOUSES TO LET.

HOUSE TO RENT—A Brick House on Grove st.; good cellar and cistern; 9 rooms, all in good repair. Apply to PATRICK O'HORO. 4-19d6tp

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Comfortable brick residence on Murney Hill, near Mr. N. B. Falkiner's. Apply at this office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. 176deodtf

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,
Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. fJ15d&wtf

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our
- Tables. -

Flower's Bargain House,
375 FRONT STREET.

—At Bergerville, Quebec, as Mrs. Auguste Lamontagne was going home across the fields she attempted to cross over a fence, but her dress caught and she fell over on her head. Her neck was broken and death was instantaneous.

SURPRISED HIS DOCTOR.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C. Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills."

Daily Intelligencer.

AN AFFLICTED FAMILY.

One Child Dead and Five Others Down With Diphtheria.

The family of Mr. John Teskey, 7th con. of Tyendinaga, is sorely afflicted just at present, and from present indications it looks as though very few of his children would be spared. Less than a week ago Amos, aged ten years, the youngest son, was attacked with diphtheria and he died at four o'clock this morning.

Dr. Hudson, who is in attendance, says the disease is of the most virulent type and has forbidden the family to go among the neighbors.

There are five surviving children in the family and they are all down with the disease. The youngest, a girl of eight years, it is thought cannot live. The eldest daughter, a young woman about eighteen years of age, was around as usual early this morning and about nine o'clock she was attacked. There are no other cases in the neighborhood, which is usually healthy, and the origin of the disease is unknown. Mr. Teskey was obliged to prepare his own son for burial.

One Minute Cure for Toothache.

Magical in potency and power, penetrating at once to the diseased nerve, Nerviline—nerve pain cure—cures toothache in a moment. Nerviline, the most marvellous pain remedy known to science, may be used for all nerve pains. Test at once its efficacy.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Sprague was in Toronto yesterday.

H. G. Buck, Norwood, is at the Quinte.

Mr. Fred Weller left for Toronto to-day.

W. C. Delong, Ameliasburg, is at the Quinte.

Mr. "Bob" Dougall leaves for Lindsay this morning.

Mr. Wm. McLean returned to Montreal this morning.

Mr. W. U. Alston, piano tuner, has returned to the city.

Mr. Thos. Watkin returned last evening from a business trip to England.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Richardson returned from Napanee to-day.

Mr. J. W. Reid, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, returned to Woodstock to-day.

The Rev. Father O'Brien, of Brockville, spent last night in the city and returned home this morning.

Mrs. Smith, of Kingston, is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Richard Ham, Burton st.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,
Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.
QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP McKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

—The Nova Scotia general election takes place to-day.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—Miss Mary Maynard was burned nearly to death at Whitby by her clothing catching fire from a lamp.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

—John Hines was arrested at Winona and taken to Welland to be tried on a charge of killing Mr. George Potter's horse.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

At St. John, N. B., Rev. D. Corbett, a Roman Catholic priest attached to the cathedral parish, fell from the third storey window of the Bishop's residence and was killed.

WHEN YOU ARE SICK

Promptness in Using Paine's Celery Compound Means Quick Restoration to Health.

Get the Genuine "Paine's" At All Times.

Refuse Substitutes and Imitations.

If sick people acted with more promptness and decision, suffering and misery would be vastly reduced.

To put off the work of regulating and strengthening the nerves and purifying the blood at this time of the year is a very serious mistake.

Run-down, weak, nervous and diseased men and women cannot with safety refuse to use Paine's Celery Compound, that great vitalizer and health renewer. The onward and triumphant march of the great medicine all over this Canada of ours should be positive proof that it is the right medicine for every man, woman and child who lacks strength, robustness and healthful energy.

It is of the greatest importance that every sick person should get just what they ask for from their dealer. Paine's Celery Compound, so celebrated for its curative qualities, has many imitations. No mistake can be made when you see the name "Paine's" and the stalk of celery on each bottle and wrapper.

THEY SPEAK IN SIGNS.

The Secret Written Language in Use Among the Tramps.

The tramp who is a properly initiated member of his vast and ancient fraternity has a secret written language in which he can communicate with any of his brethren who may come along after him.

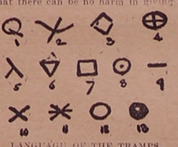
This language belongs properly to the gypsies. It is of an unfathomable antiquity. It is modified to suit the exigencies of various countries, and in America has undergone great developments. In England and America it is to a considerable extent identical, but this country may affirm with pride that its tramp can express a greater variety of meaning in hieroglyphics.

Some very important selections from the sign language are reproduced here from The New York Journal. Their publication is a very curious and surprising event. The tramps and all their kind guard their language very jealously. The man who would implore you in the most abject fashion for five cents would not for five dollars give up the secret of his sign language. You will find it an interesting experiment to try this.

These examples are taken from a book entitled "A Parish on Wheels," by Rev. J. Howard Swinstead, an English clergyman, who, after many years and much diplomacy, has ingratiated himself with a few members of the tramp race.

No. 1 in this selection means "This road is better than the other." This sign written on a house, a fence or a milestone, may be the means of encouraging a tramp for many a weary mile.

No. 2 means "Good for food." There is no enthusiasm about this. The subject of it cannot be worked to any great extent. He or she merely says that there can be no harm in giving a tramp a modicum of inferior food and there is an end of it.



LANGUAGE OF THE TRAMPS.

No. 4 means "Religious, but good on the whole." There is in this sentence an implied belief that religious people are not, as a rule, "good on the whole." It shows admirable candor in Mr. Swinstead to reprint such a sign. The people to whom No. 4 applies gives the tramp many words of religious guidance, a tract, some food, and, perhaps, a little money. They are very kind-hearted.

No. 5 means "No good." Here a dog, a boot or a stick is liable to be encountered.

No. 6 means "Spoilt by too many calling." This is very bad.

No. 7 means "Likely to have you taken up." Of course this is particularly pointed in England, where policemen are abundant all over the country.

No. 8 means "Dangerous, sure of being handed to police." This has saved many a tramp from insult and incarceration.

No. 9 means "Doubtful." The tramp should not apply here unless he has diplomatic qualities of a high order.

No. 10 means "Good." There is no imbiguity about this. The average tramp may call with a certainty of getting food and a ind reception. Perhaps it is not generally known that many tramps value a little intelligent conversation with a respectable citizen almost as highly as a gift of food or money.

No. 11 means "Very good." Call here often and stay long.

No. 12 means "Has given, and will again; soft, lay it on thick." Nothing can be added to this encomium.

THE FUTURE OF AUSTRALIA.

The U. S. Consul-General at Melbourne Thinks Confederation Will Come in the Near Future.

Washington, D. C., April 19.—A report upon the political future of Australia has just been sent to the State Department by Consul-General Maratta, stationed at Melbourne, in which he says that the colonies are on the eve of federation. An election is to be held at once to elect delegates to the convention to bring about the union of the colonies. It is proposed to have a Governor-General of the confederation, to be appointed by the Queen, with Lieutenant-Governors for the different colonies, to be chosen by the people of the states.

There is also to be a Senate and House of Representatives, all chosen by the people. There will be intercolonial free trade, and the Congress is to adjust the duties on all foreign imports. Many differences of opinion, the consul reports, exist between the leading Premiers on minor points, but the convention is expected to adjust these. He predicts that in a short time Australia will be under one Government and known to the world as the Australian nation.

A BOY'S CONFESSION.

He Put Paris Green in Tea to be Partaken of by His Stepmother, Who Gave Him Fits.

Exeter, N. H., April 19.—Frank Wentworth, the 16-year-old boy who was arrested Saturday and lodged in Exeter jail on the charge of having attempted to poison his father and step-mother, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Wentworth of Newton, N. H., has made a confession, stating that he put paris green in the tea while getting breakfast. He gives as his excuse for the act that he despised his stepmother on account of her continually "giving him fits," but says that he had no ill-feeling toward his father.

THE ARBITRATION TREATY

Will be Voted Upon by the U. S. Senate on May 5.

Washington, D.C., April 19.—The Senate in executive session to-day decided to vote on the arbitration treaty May 5 at 4 p.m. There was no particular opposition to fixing the time for the vote, although Senator Davis urged an earlier date. His first suggestion was for May 3, and when objection was made, proposed the 4th and then the 5th, which met with no opposition. It is understood that the opponents expect to have all their strength in the Senate on that date.

H. M. S. Talbot at New York.

New York, April 19.—The British cruiser Talbot arrived this morning from Jamaica and anchored in the North River. The Talbot will represent the British Government in the naval display at the Grant monument celebration. The Royal Sugar Commission are on board the Talbot.

They All Loved Beaconsfield.

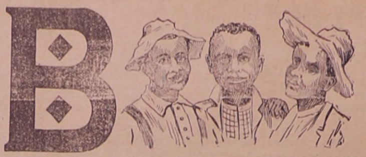
London, April 19.—Primrose Day, the anniversary of the death of Benjamin Disraeli (Lord Beaconsfield), was observed today with the usual display of his favorite flower. The decoration of the Beaconsfield statue surpassed all records.

Motives.

With God, the deed has just that value which the intention gives it. A man's character is the sum total of his motives. No thoughtful student of the Sermon on the Mount can arrive at any other conclusion. There, dispositions, motives, intentions are all in all. Lent comes once a year to warn men that they need to revise their motives. We would fain coin a new proverb: Take care of your motives, and your deeds will take care of themselves.—The Churchman.

A Dainty Habit.

Irish cambric, well covered with applied designs of yellow lace, is used for wide collars on thin cotton gowns, is combined with chiffon for vests, and for waists with chiffon underneath.



Stands for BLACKS, of this there's no doubt,—
The black on these faces will never wash out;
For wool, silk and cotton, Black Diamond Dyes
Are used without fear by the prudent and wise.

The above is taken from "Excelsior Rhyming A B C Book, Illustrated." Each letter of the Alphabet is 2½ inches long; no two letters of the same color. Just the Book for the little ones. Sent for 3-cent stamp to any address.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO., Montreal.

WE ARE NOW OPEN . . . FOR BUSINESS

We wish to thank those who so liberally patronized us when in the retail business before. We shall be pleased to see all our old customers and all others, and we shall endeavor by prompt and careful attention to merit your patronage.

All our goods are new.

MR. JOHN MAY is with us and will be pleased to see all his friends.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.,
HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE.
STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

Mixed Paints.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS AND JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT . . . . .

THE PHARMACY,
D. M. WATERS.

UNRESERVED AUCTION

—OF HIGH CLASS—
ANCIENT - AND - MODERN FURNITURE.

Tuesday, April 27,
1897, at 9:30 a.m.

TO wind up the Estate of H. CAROLINE WALLBRIDGE, I am instructed to sell the whole of the Furniture in the WHITE HOUSE, corner of Front and Dundas streets, comprising:

10 Solid Walnut Bed-room Sets
1 Solid Oak Bed-room Set.
Drawing Room Furniture.
Dining Room Furniture.
2 Sideboards.
7 Chests of Drawers.
3 Solid Walnut Wardrobes.

and hundreds of other articles too numerous to mention.

J. G. DAVISON, Auctioneer.
d6tw1t

AUCTION SALE.

MRS. GEO. GIBSON, at the north end of Murney st., on Moira st., will sell her household effects on April 22, consisting of a Piano, beautiful Parlor Suite, Dining-Room, Kitchen and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Pictures, etc. Sale to commence at 1 p.m.
4-20d1t J. G. DAVISON, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

MR. THOS. STEWART, Coal Merchant, has instructed me to sell at his residence, 215 Ann st., on Friday, April 23rd, his household effects, including a handsome covered Phaeton (new), Oak Bedroom Suite, Refrigerator, etc. Terms strictly cash. Sale to commence at 9:30 a.m.
4-20d3t J. G. DAVISON, Auctioneer.

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

I Have for sale a quantity of good hard wood and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of mill wood, at the CENTRAL WOOD YARD, west end of Footbridge. Office, third door west Footbridge.
dtf EDWARD NEWMAN.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only—THURSDAY, APRIL 22nd.
∴ THE FAMOUS ∴

BROS. BYRNE

And their big company of eminent Pantomimists and Comedians, in

THE NEW EIGHT BELLS.

This season funnier and brighter than ever. A perfect cyclone of laughter from start to finish.
PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

Power's Opera House.

TO-NIGHT,
and every night this week,
Prof. W. G. ALEXANDER
BLINDFOLD TEST EXAMINATIONS TO-NIGHT. SILVER COLLECTION.

Private consultations daily from 10 a.m. at the Quinte.

Removed

We are now
All Removed
to our new
Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a
Bicycle Suit . . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

. . . 1897 . . .

STEAMER
"ALEXANDRIA"

will commence season by running a grand popular

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y.,
AND RETURN.

FARE for Round - Trip - $1.50 FARE for Round - Trip -

SCHEDULE.

Leaving Picton, Friday, April 23rd, 1897, at 4:00 o'clock p.m.; Deseronto, 5:15 p.m.; Northport, 6:00 p.m.; Belleville, 7:30 p.m.; Rednerville, 8:00 p.m.; Trenton, 9:00 p.m.; Canal (R. R. Bridge), 10:00 p.m.; Brighton, 12:00 p.m. Arriving at Charlotte (port of Rochester, N. Y.,) 5:50 o'clock a.m., on Saturday, April 24th.

Returning—will leave Charlotte 7:30 p.m., Sunday, 25th April.

TWO DAYS—Saturday and Sunday, in Rochester or sufficient time to visit Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and other adjacent cities.

A. W. HEPBURN,
Manager, Picton, Ont.

Str. "VARUNA"

A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.
J. W. HEPBURN, Agent Picton.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

Cream Puffs,

Filled with Whipped Cream,
fresh at 11 a. m. and 3 p.m.
Price 20 cents per dozen.

ED. F. DICKENS.

THE ALE AND PORTER

.........OF.........

JOHN LABATT,
LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN
WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,
AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

A Woman's Ideal

Eudora
The Ideal Dress Fabric.

Has just been realised in Priestley's ideal dress fabric, the new EUDORA, —superior even to his other famous weaves—extra width, extra weight, extra draping and fitting qualities. Soft — rich — firm — durable — dust proof. In black only.

Wrapped on "THE VARNISHED BOARD."
Priestley's name stamped on every five yards. 13

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

THE history of H. A. Lozier & Co. in Canada almost reads like a fairy tale. It is almost beyond conception, the progress that this firm has made since coming here. In the fall of 1895 they manufactured the first Cleveland Bicycle made in Canada, and in the short space of time which has ensued since then they have become the most successful manufacturers in the Cycle trade. Their wonderful success has been due, not to luck, but honestly earned by embracing in the manufacturing of the Cleveland Bicycle everything that ingenuity, skill and wealth could devise. The thoroughness of manufacture and the rigid inspection which every part of the wheel has to undergo before being allowed to be used, is responsible for the fact that of the thousands of Clevelands that were turned out last season there was not one returned on account of defective workmanship. Without going into the many details and improvements that are embodied in the 1897 Cleveland, it will not be out of place to call attention to the remarkable manner in which the whole world has confirmed the verdict of America on the Cleveland Wheel during the past season.

The prejudice against American wheels was perhaps natural, but not being based on any sound objection has vanished before the Cleveland. Not only is the Cleveland solidly established in popularity in all Europe, but it can be seen in use in every civilized country of the Globe, being, for instance, in Australia the only typical and easily leading American wheel.

To eulogize the Cleveland would be to consume a day; suffice to say that honesty of manufacture and true merit have received their reward, and the Cleveland Bicycle well deserves the position it now occupies as the leading Wheel of Canada.

THE FOSTER COMPANY, Limited.

MORTGAGE SALE

UNDER and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, default having been made in the payment thereof, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the City Hall in the City of Belleville on Wednesday, the 21st day of April 1897 at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, that valuable residence premises in the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario being composed of Lot number Nine (9) on the North side of Moira street as laid down on the plan of Bleecker's Grove registered in the Registry Office of the County of Hastings on the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1848.

This property is very conveniently situated to the business part of the city, and upon the same is a good brick house and a good barn, and there is a nice garden lot in connection therewith fronting upon Moira street upon which another house could be built if desired.

TERMS OF SALE.

10 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, a further sum of 25 per cent of said purchase money within 30 days thereafter. The balance of said purchase money can either be paid in cash or a mortgage may be given therefor at six per cent interest payable as provided by the conditions of sale of said land, interest to be payable at said rate upon all unpaid purchase money from the day of sale.

For further particulars apply to Francis S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville.

FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE,
Vendor's Solicitor.
Dated this 20th March. 1897. 2tawtd.

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '9

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD.
Phone 189.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21 1897. NO. 296

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Carpets.

We wish specially to mention that in our Carpet Department all Carpets, Rugs, Squares and Mats are marked down at equally low cash prices with all other departments.

Royal Axminster
Best Velvets
Best 5-Frame Brussels
Best 4- " "
Best Brussels Tapestry
Best Tapestry
Best All-Wool
Best Unions and Hemps

We are not merely marking down undesirable patterns. Our mark down is general throughout all departments. It requires but one visit to our store to be convinced that to buy dry goods right you must buy them for cash.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW
DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Companions of the Forest.
Bicycle Club—Hotel Quinte.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Juvenile Oxford Lodge, S.O.E.
Eureka Lodge A. F. and A. M.
Prayer Meeting—Different Churches.
J. W. A. Guild—St. Thomas' Church.
Prof. Alexander—Power Opera House.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.
Y.M.C.A.—J. R. H. and Reading Room.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 21—Cromwell proclaimed Protector, 1653.
Henry VII died, 1509.
Seymour Governor B.C., 1834.

THE WEATHER.

Spring is once more in business at the old stand. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	45	Min	23
8 a.m.	52	8 a.m.	38
Noon	60	Noon	50

PROBABILITIES.

Moderate to fresh southerly and easterly winds; fair and milder.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

MELROSE.

Mr. Arthur Osborne has been at Deseronto visiting school-mates.

Miss Emma Ray, who has been ill for the past two weeks, still continues very low.

Mr. John Hawley, who has been suffering from an attack of pneumonia, is slowly improving.

Mr. George Thomas, who attends the High School in Belleville, is spending his holidays visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mundell and daughter intend leaving in a few days for Montreal, where they will reside in future.

Miss Jennie MacFarlane and Master Will, of Deseronto, are spending their Easter holidays under the parental roof.

Mr. Alex. McLaren, M.P.P., had his "raising bee" last week, and it now begins to look like a new barn around there.

Our cheese factory will be reopened on the 26th under the management of Mr. J. Collins, assisted by Mr. J. Latta and W. Gordanier.

Child Badly Burned.

Ida, the nine year old daughter of Mr. Robert Taylor, South Front st., while playing around a pile of burning straw yesterday afternoon had her clothes ignited, and before they could be torn off her she was badly burned about the body. She is still in a serious condition.

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer." BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

The last day of 10 days' hard guessing.

The steamer Hamilton will commence running on May 1st.

Stainless black cotton half hose, 2 pairs for 25c. at Harry's.

Prof. Alexander drew a good sized audience at the Power Opera House last evening.

The $7 rubber coat or $6 umbrella will be given out this evening at Schuster's.

Owing to the canals not being open the str. Alexandria's excursion to Charlotte has been postponed till the 30th inst.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

Amongst the buildings destroyed in the big fire at Norwood was the office of Mr. George J. Sherry, barrister.

All kinds of stand-up and turn-down collars, 2 for 25c., at Harry's.

The trial of young Smith, of Marmora, has been fixed for Thursday, 29th inst.

The annual camps of instruction will be held this year commencing about the 7th of June and all terminating during that month.

The local lodges of the Sons of England will celebrate the anniversary of England's patron saint by a reunion in the Prentice Boys' hall on Friday night.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

Inside of thirty-seven days we in Canada will have three public holidays, namely the Queen's Birthday, 24th of May; Queen's Jubilee, 22nd June; and Dominion Day, July 1st.

On Thursday eve last a surprise party of about 24 young people from Belleville drove to the residence of Mr. Jas. Coulter, Murray. A most enjoyable evening was spent. The crowd returned in the early morning.

The graduating exercises of the Training School for Nurses, will be held in the City Hall, on Thursday, April 22nd, at 8 o'clock P.M. Invitations have been sent to contributors, but all interested in the Hospital are cordially invited to be present.

FIRE AT DESERONTO.

Two Millions of Shingles Burned and a Wharf Damaged.

DESERONTO, April 21.—About 1:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon fire broke out on the shingle dock of the Rathbun Company, destroying about two millions of pine shingles, and doing considerable damage to the dock.

The Last Day.

of the great mammoth shirt guessing sale at Schusters.

Successful Sugar Social.

The choir of the Tabernacle gave a very successful sugar social last evening. Besides an abundant supply of sugar an enjoyable programme was rendered. Rev. E. Roberts presided in his happiest manner. The programme consisted of recitations by Mrs. Larke and Miss Lena Lazier; two piano duets by Miss Lloyd and Mr. C. M. Tripp; cornet solos with organ accompaniment by Mr. I. B. A. Lucas, and vocal solos by Mr. Tripp.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray

—The Grand Camp, Sons of Scotland, held the first session of its biennial meeting yesterday morning in St. George's Hall, Toronto. Grand Chief Lieut.-Col. Donald Campbell, of Milton, presided.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

—The Tarte-Grenier libel case has been set back to next term, as Mr. Grenier declared he was unable to proceed without Mr. Tarte, while the Minister of Public Works pleads that he is too busy to leave Ottawa at present.

VIN MARIANI
(MARIANI WINE)

No article that has ever been offered to the public has received so many voluntary testimonials from eminent people as this world famous tonic wine, Vin Mariani.

As a healthful invigorating and stimulating tonic it has no equal.

"I have much pleasure in stating that I have used the Vin Mariani for many years. I consider it a valuable stimulant."

Morell MacKenzie, M.D. London.
Court Physician to Her Majesty the Queen.

At Druggists & Fancy Grocers. Avoid substitutions.
Album of Portraits of Celebrities testifying to the merits of Vin Mariani sent free on application.
LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.,
MONTREAL.
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne. Old Empire Rye Whisky.

OUR GOLDEN NORTH.

Valuable Discovery of Nickel Near Ormsby.

(From our own Correspondent.)

ORMSBY, April 19.—All is excitement and stir in our midst, due to the fact that our rocky section is being found to be a valuable mineral region. Gold and marble to the south, iron and lead to the west, silver to the east, and a nickel supply of untold value just to the north, at present in the possession of R. A. Jackson. Some Toronto capitalists have the rich deposit under consideration at a sum that verges on a million of dollars. We heartily congratulate Mr. Jackson on his luck, and trust that his highest hopes may be fulfilled.

What Haines & Lockett Say.

We are putting new stock into the Coleman store, where we have had our sale, and shall try and make the place as comfortable and attractive as possible while our own place 's rebuilding. What damaged stock there is left will be sold at very low prices till all is sold out. Meantime new lines of seasonable shoes are arriving daily—HAINES & LOCKETT.

Miss Berryman's Recital.

Miss Nellie Berryman, of Toronto, gave an elocution recital last evening in Alberta Hall under the auspices of Mrs. (Rev.) M. W. Maclean's Bible Class of St. Andrew's Church. The audience was a large and representative one and thoroughly enjoyed the efforts of Miss Berryman, who was assisted by Miss E. G. Thomas and Mr. Frank Eaton. Miss Berryman is a finished elocutionist and her rendering of the varied programme showed her wonderful versatility. Following were her numbers: "A Girl's Way," Lulu Judson; "The White Ship," Dante G. Rossetti; "Bobbie Shaftoe," Homer Greene; "Annie Laurie," Elizabeth Stewart Phelps; "The Mouse Trap," W. D. Howells; "The Tale," Robert Browning; "Trying the Rose-Act," Josiah Allen's Wife; Papa and the Boy," J. L. Harlour.

Mr. Eaton sang "Song of Faith" in his usual excellent manner. Miss Thomas' piano solos were much appreciated. Rev. M. W. Maclean occupied the chair.

Here at Last.

Stroud's beautiful Easter Art Panels have arrived—one of these handsome souvenirs will be given to each purchaser of one pound of any price tea. Secure your panel early, they are too nice to last long. 20-21-23.

Bound to Have it.

A lady and her daughter attended a sale of household goods yesterday and in the list of articles offered was a lamp, which they had set their hearts upon. When the lamp was put up the mother and daughter were in different parts of the room and each began to bid upon it, thinking someone else wanted it also. When the lamp had been run up to the price of a new one it was knocked down to the daughter. The mother was greatly disappointed, but imagine her chagrin when she found her daughter was the successful bidder.

Piano Tuning.

Mr. W. U. Alston, as a first-class piano tuner is highly recommend by Messrs. Mason & Risch and A. & S. Nordheimer. Orders may be left at Riggs' music store.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

DRUNK.

John Cummings ("Slasher"), just a plain drunk, was allowed to go.

Eli Babcock, for moving out of a house without paying rent, was ordered to pay $1.50 per month until the whole amount $10.75 was wiped out.

A Gentle Reminder.

You may not need an umbrella to-day but you might to-morrow; it will pay you to save money while the sun shines by buying one of Harry's $1.00 umbrellas.

Police Notes.

John Cummings alias "Slasher," was arrested for being drunk by Sergt. Downs between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning.

Eli Babcock is charged with moving out of a house belonging to the Filiter estate owing $10.75 unpaid rent.

Four were in for protection.

Mrs. Alf. McCrodan reports the loss of a fur boa.

One Minute Cure for Toothache.

Magical in potency and power, penetrating at once to the diseased nerve, Nerviline—nerve pain cure—cures toothache in a moment. Nerviline, the most marvellous pain remedy known to science, may be used for all nerve pains. Test at once its efficacy.

Spraying Time Card.

Instructions given in the preparation and application of insecticides and fungicides, by W. M. Orr, Superintendent, at the following places: Brighton—Thursday, April 29th, 2 p.m., John Nisbett's. Trenton—Friday, April 30th, 2 p.m., W. A. Warner's. Consecon—Saturday, May 1st, 2 p.m., Jas. L. Adams', S.B. Picton—Monday, May 3rd, 10 a.m., J. P. Thorn's.

A BANKER'S EXPERIENCE.

"I tried a bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for a troublesome affection of throat," writes Manager Thomas Dewson of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as simple, cheap and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor.'

Church Parade.

The I. O. O. F. will on Sunday next celebrate the anniversary of their order by attending divine service in the morning, when the Rev. T. W. Jolliffe, Past Grand Master, will preach. The brethren will assemble at the lodge room of Belleville Lodge. On the following evening a concert and assembly will be held at Mizpah Lodge.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

THE C. E. CONVENTION.

Large and Successful Gathering at Madoc.

Features of the Convention—Admirable Papers—Impressive Proceedings—All the Details That are of Public Interest.

(From our own Correspondent.)

MADOC, April 20.

The Christian Endeavor Convention for the Bay of Quinte District Union has come and gone. It opened on Thursday at 2:30 p.m. in the Presbyterian church (St. Peter's) with the President, Mr. A. D. Shaw, of Kingston, in the chair. Miss N. Barney, of Kingston; Miss M. C. Austin, of Trenton; Rev. T. J. Thompson, Presbyterian Minister, of Belleville; Rev. W. N. Clarke, of Fort Stewart; Mr. J. Frappy, Stirling; Miss M. Fleming, Belleville; and Rev. Geo. Brown, Madoc, took part in the papers and addresses during the afternoon. The District Executive held a meeting at 5 p.m.

The officers for last year were: Pres., Mr. D. A. Shaw, Kingston; Vice-Pres., Rev. D. S. Houck, Picton; Cor. Sec., Miss J. Redmond, Picton; Rec. Sec., Treas., Miss G. Moxley, Kingston; Executive Committee, Rev. N. A. McDiarmid, Napanee; Rev. W. B. Tucker, Bath; Miss M. C. Austin, Trenton; Miss Martha Whytock, Madoc. The local Committees to arrange for the convention are: Rev. G. Brown, chairman; Reception, Mr. T. E. Mullett; Billetting, Miss M. Whytock; Music, Rev. E. W. Mackay, B.A.

On Thursday evening the programme was carried out as follows:

6.00 p.m.—Reception to Delegates.
7:30 p.m.—Praise service.
7:45 p.m.—Devotional services by Rev. Mr. Mackay, B.A., and Rev. Mr. Wishart.
8:00 p.m.—Appointing committees.
8:10 p.m.—Address of welcome by A. F. Wood, Esq., followed with reply by Rev. Mr. Houck, of Picton.

Song solos by Miss Conley, of Stirling, and Miss Falconer, of Tweed. President's address; an address on "Baptism of the Holy Spirit for work" by Rev. Mr. Claxton, B.A., B.D., Queensboro; an address "Christian Living and Working," by Rev. C. E. McIntyre, Belleville.

On Friday at 7 a.m. a sunrise prayer meeting was held in the Methodist church, followed at 9:30 by devotional exercises by Rev. Mr. Rowe, Eldorado. Then came reports of officers. Addresses—"Systematic Giving" by Rev. R. Bamfrith, B.A., Chisholm; "Why we Should Read," Mr. E. F. Case, Picton; "What we Should Read," Mr. R. Snell, Marmora; "How we Should Read," Miss C. Stewart, Madoc Township; "Discussion on Papers Read," by W. Mackintosh, Esq., I.P.S., Madoc. Generally the addresses were good, especially the paper by Miss Stewart, which was excellent.

Friday afternoon—Devotional exercises by Rev. Mr. Burns, Stirling, followed by reports of committees; address, "Wasted Resources."

Mr. J. R. Brown, Napanee, "Junior Rally" conducted by Miss S. E. Allen, Kingston, "Question Drawer" by Prov. President, Mr. F. A. Hardy, B.A., Lindsay—paper "The pledge and its obligations" by Miss G. Davis Deseronto, and addresses by Rev. A. L. Brown, of Bancroft, on "Present duty of C. E. in Temperance work."

Friday evening in Methodist church, 7:30 praise service, followed by devotional exerceses by Revd. Geo. Brown, Madoc; introduction of officers, when the newly elected President of the Bay of Quinte District Union, Rev. D. S. Houck, of Picton. There were solos by Miss Conley and Miss Falconer, addresses by Mr. E. L. Ingalls, of Trenton, on "How the young people may be won to a deeper interest in the work," and on "the pledge taken by the Endeavorer" by Mr. E. A. Hardy, B. A., Lindsay, Prov. President, closing with a consecration service by Mr. W. J. Mallah, Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., Kingston.

Among the many valuable papers it would be hard to distinguish, but those by Miss G. Davis, of Deseronto, Mr. Ingalls, of Trenton, and E. A. Hardy, B. A., of Lindsay, would seem to require special mention.

From beginning to end the Convention was a success. The features were: Fine weather, a large gathering of delegates, namely 140, large and attentive congregations, highly instructive addresses and papers. A deep spiritual life seemed to pervade all the sessions, and the closing consecration services were very inspiring and deeply impressive.

The delegates have nothing but kind words to say for the place and people. There is one thing beyond doubt, which is that the people of our town were most anxious to give of their best, and their well-known hospitality was freely and heartily tendered. One feature was the large number of clergymen present, showing what a strong hold the Christian Endeavor and Epworth League work has on the churches. There must have been present at least 25.

First-Class Clothing.

Take in consideration this fact:—The Oak Hall carry only a first-class stock of made-up clothing. Such garments as we turn out are only equalled by fine tailor-made work. The only competition we recognize in Belleville are the tailors. Our stock grades are so much higher than the ordinary ready-made stocks that a customer need not be at all a good judge to see the difference. We invite a comparison all round. We beat all ready-made opposition by our high class goods and we distance the tailors in prices.

W. W. Chown's New Store.

A few years since Mr. W. W. Chown retired from the hardware business in order to devote his whole time to his large manufacturing interests, but recently seeing an opening for another hardware store he reentered the business in which he has had such a large experience. He now occupies the premises lately occupied by Lewis & Sills, opposite the INTELLIGENCER office, and his stock, which is all new and personally selected, is one of the most complete in the city. It embraces shelf, builders' and heavy hardware, tinware of Mr. Chown's own manufacture, enamelled ware of all kinds, farm and garden tools, a most complete line of mechanics' tools, dairy supplies, platform and counter scales, lawn mowers and garden hose, pocket and table cutlery and sportsmen's goods in season. Mr. Chown has the agency for McClary's famous stoves, which include the new Blue Flame oil stove, the Famous and Active gas stoves and the celebrated Active range, which has such a high reputation all over the province. Mr. Chown is also agent for the celebrated New Barnes and Gendron bicycles. The store is one of the best appointed in the city and is particularly bright and inviting. By buying your tinware from Mr. Chown you assist a local industry.

Built Up.

When the system is run down, a person becomes an easy prey to Consumption or Scrofula. Many valuable lives are saved by using Scott's Emulsion as soon as a decline in health is observed.

Mrs Hambly's Obsequies

The funeral of the late Mrs. Philip Hambly took place this afternoon, when a number of the old friends from the city followed her remains from her late home to the cemetery. The services were conducted by the Ven. Canon Burke.

BURGLARS IN TWEED.

They Got $3 in the Post Office, But Nothing at Easterbrook's Mill.

(Special to the INTELLIGENCER.)

TWEED, April 21.—Burglars entered George Easterbrook's mill office here last night. The outside door of the safe was destroyed, but they failed to get further. The explosion broke all the glass in the windows of the office.

The post office was also burglarized, but only $3 was taken. No clue.

SURPRISED HIS DOCTOR.

"A little over a year ago I was laid up with bronchitis," says Stanley C. Bright, clerk, of Kingston. "My doctor's bill came to $42, and altogether my illness cost me $125. This fall I had another attack. I came across an advertisement in a newspaper for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for throat troubles. I thought I would risk a quarter and try it. It cured me. After this I intend to treat my own ills."

SPORTING NEWS.

HORSE AND TRACK.

The Chicago Horse Review says: "By the time C. C. Jerome is ready to move his stable of pacers and trotters to their training quarters he will doubtless have the most finely equipped racing stable which has ever started on a year's campaign. Our representative stepped into The J. H. Fenton Co.'s Emporium last Friday to take a look at the new Toomey Bike cart which has just been finished for Phenol 2:07¼. This cart, like all the rest of her paraphernalia, is virtually a work of art—graceful in its design, strong in its construction, light in weight and beautiful in finish. The color is a bright carmine, handsomely striped with black; the wheels are made of the finest quality of piano wire; the hubs are of drilled steel, with tool steel bushings; the bearings are of the latest pattern, with three points of contact, which have been found by mechanical experts to be the most frictionless bearing made; the axle or arch is a truss of the Toomey patent; the foot rest is adjustable, and can be taken off or put on without revoving a bolt or screw, and is covered with an enamel leather boot, so as to form a boot box in case it is used for road driving; the seat has a dainty four-inch stick or spindle rail, with a handsome black corduroy cushion. The cart was sent the same afternoon to T. J. Dunbar's stable on Thirty-fifth street."

THE WHEEL.

We have received from Emil Grossman & Co., Cleveland, O., a vest pocket edition of the "Up-to-Date Cycling Record Book" of the League of American Wheelmen for 1897, a publication of almost absolute necessity to race officials and riders. It contains correct records by amateurs and professionals and half-tone cuts of the leading cracker-jacks of the path embellish its pages. Price 10 cents.

The Bicycle Club will meet this evening at Hotel Quinte to consider several matters of importance. A large attendance is requested.

BASE BALL

President Nick Young, of the National Baseball League, announces officially that Amos Rusie, the noted pitcher, has signed a contract with the New York club. By the terms of the contract Rusie is to receive a salary of $2,400 for the season's work, and to pay the fine of $200 that stood as a barrier for 18 months between the twirler and Freeman.

Many a Young Man.

When from over-work, possibly assisted by an inherited weakness, the health fails and rest of medical treatment must be restored to, then no medicine can be employed with the same beneficial results as Scott's Emulsion.

Address and Presentation.

The Easter Thank-Offering service held in the Tabernacle Monday evening was very pleasing and helpful to those present. A number of the Executive were there, and addresses delivered by Mrs. Platt, of Picton, President of the Bay of Quinte Branch of the Woman's Missionary Society, and Mrs. (Rev.) A. R. Campbell, of Hastings, Branch Treasurer.

Mrs. Platt dwelt on the motto of the student volunteer movement, the evangelization of the world in the present generation, and spoke of the work in foreign fields, while Mrs. Campbell upheld the home work.

A pleasing feature of the evening was the presentation of the following address to Mrs. J. F. Post, accompanied by a certificate of life membership in the Society, which cost $25:

To Mrs. Post:

DEAR FRIEND AND SISTER,—Not in accordance with our will or wishes, but under circumstances over which we have no control, you are about to leave us, and we feel we cannot let you go without assuring you of our appreciation for your gentleness, your loving kindness and your unwearied toil, so freely and uncomplainingly given in the many departments of church work, calls for more than mere words. It shall ever have our heart felt gratitude.

In looking over our church record, we find that some thirty years ago, you were as active in church work as at present.

In hours of sickness and bereavement your voice and words of love and sympathy have cheered and consoled us; and, we too felt your sorrow, and loss, and earnestly prayed that the blessed comforter might help and sustain you. We rejoice to feel and know that there are bonds of love and labor between us, that are not to be broken while life shall last. We are glad that in our Woman's Missionary Society, we are still to be sisters, and as a pledge of this, we ask you to accept from us, as members of our W. M. S. and our Ladies' Aid Society, this life membership certificate and thus cement some of the strong ties that now bind us together, praying that you and yours may ever have the presence of Him, who has promised to be our guide even unto death.

Signed by the Presidents of the W. M. S. and Ladies' Aid Societies.

The address was read by Mrs. McCurdy, Secretary of the W. M. S., and the presentation made by Mrs. W. H. Gordon, President of the Ladies' Aid Society.

Launch.

Mr. Hepburn will launch his big barge at Picton to-morrow, Thursday. The steamer Varna will run a cheap trip giving two hours in Picton.

Amusement Notes.

8 BELLS.

The novelty of a steamship turning completely over in mid-ocean and the passengers still remaining right-side up is certainly a very laughable conceit. The Byrne brothers, who appear at the Carman Opera House to-morrow evening, April 22nd, in "8 Bells," are doubtless aware of this feature as a fun maker when they embodied it in their curious spectacular production of that name. As everybody knows, the brothers are great acrobats and as supple as eels. The supporting company is generally agile and talented. Prices 25c., 50c., 75c. and $1.00. Plan now open at Riggs'.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 10 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

.:.CARPETS.:.

If you want a new Carpet why not have one of CROSSLEY'S?

For wear and style this make is recognized as

AHEAD of ALL OTHERS

and the prices are not higher than you would pay for inferior makes. This season's newest patterns in stock.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

APRIL SHOWERS
BRING
MAY FLOWERS.

....They also bring a ready sale for our....

Ladies' Umbrellas .:.

We can help you in making a selection. See our Fancy Handles.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

Baby Carriages.

Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.

Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.

When baby "goes-a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.

The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.

Wall Papers.

One word—the '97 designs are far and away in advance of anything ever produced before—beautiful rich colorings, magnificent designs; perfectly appointed in every respect.

C. B. Scantlebury.

If you have any dyeing or cleaning you wish attended to this spring remember we hold the sole agency for R. PARKER & CO., Toronto. They do perfect work and do it as rapidly as is best for it to be done.

We are

Making an exceptionally fine LEMON PIE now. They are 25 cents each, and are worth it every bit. After trying one we believe you will willingly pay that amount for ours. We have them fresh to-day and any day you want them.

CHAS. S. CLAPP.

YOUR NEW HAT

Should be a JARMAN OR WAKEFIELD SPECIAL for several reasons.

BECAUSE the price, $2.25, is a reasonable price to pay for a real stylish hat.

THEN AGAIN, the style is strictly up-to-date and a very becoming hat for young men. Sold by

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

'Phone 219 J. Owen
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
Try our Tinsmith on stove repairs. Stoves taken down on the shortest notice.
PLUMBING AND GAS-FITTING.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.

HATS AND CAPS.
MEN'S UNDERWEAR.
GLOVES AND HOSIERY.
COLLARS, CUFFS AND TIES.
UMBRELLAS AND SUSPENDERS.
MEN'S & BOYS' SWEATERS.
MEN'S AND BOYS' BICYCLE CAPS.
BICYCLE GLOVES AND HOSE.
BICYCLE SUITS, Caps to match.
BOYS' 2 AND 3 PIECE SUITS.
MEN'S BLACK & NAVY SERGE SUITS.
MEN'S ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS.
WORKINGMEN'S PANTS, OVERALLS, SMOCKS, &c.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Men's Outfitter.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

We have just received, direct from the makers in Switzerland, a fine lot of Swiss Lace Curtains and Sash Nets, Window Shade Laces and Fringes.

Our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Furniture Coverings, etc., is very complete, and the prices will be found lower than any other house in Belleville.

Have just put into stock a beautiful lot of American Picture Mouldings, and some very pretty pictures suitable for studies or framing.

Do not be afraid to come in and look at our goods, even if you are not out to buy.

T. P. BROWN'S
Opposite Bank of Commerce.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TOUNE T proprietor. dtf

A Graduate of Toronto University says "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years. Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy which always effects a cure

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

Going East.	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a.m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	
Going West.	**Arrive.**	**Leave.**
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m.
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m.
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.
Going East.	**(Arrive.)**
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE ESTIMATES—PREACHING VS. PRACTICE.

The Laurier Government has laid its first estimates before Parliament, and, as was expected, the professed economists have in this, as in all other professions of principle, given the lie to their promises. "These Liberals," says a contemporary, "profess, indeed, that they are the party of economy; for—not to quote the picturesque tirades of Sir Richard Cartwright against Tory extravagance—did not the official Ottawa platform declare, as its fourth 'plank,' that:

> 'We (the Liberals) cannot but view with alarm the large increase of the public debt and of the controllable annual expenditure of the Dominion and the consequent undue taxation of the people under the Governments that have been continuously in power since 1878, and we demand the strictest economy in the administration of the Government of the country.'

"Of course they are economists, for they themselves have said it; and they know that the place to make known their economical intentions is in the estimates. Thus the wearied taxpayer awaited these first clear Grit estimates with hopeful anxiety. Now they have come; and they are $114,000 less than the amount asked in the main estimates last session, but they are nearly $280,000 larger than the total estimates for the last Tory year, ending June 30, 1896. This, of course, is dealing with consolidated fund account alone."

The country has yet to wait for the supplementary estimates. When these are before us, the electorate will be better able to judge of the material out of which Grit economists are made.

THE VALLIERE DEAL—$300,000 FOR $50,000.

Scarcely a month passes but that some additional evidence is forthcoming to prove the barefaced manner in which the Treasury was robbed during the reign of Liberism in Quebec to provide a reptile fund for the elections.

A Quebec furniture dealer tells the story himself in a letter just published. Epitomized, it is simply this: Mr. Philippe Valliere, of Quebec, received what he termed a contract without tender for the furnishing of furniture to the extent of $300,000 for different public buildings, for which contract, he says, "I willingly consented to subscribe to the electoral fund "of the Liberal party a sum of $50,000, "which amount I effectively paid over to "the right party a few days later." This is quite of a piece with the Langevin stationery steal. It is difficult to conceive more barefaced public stealing than that which prevailed during the memorable time that Grit-Rougeism was rampant in the Province of Quebec. Is the late action of Mr. Tarte, in giving orders without tenders for a supply of carpets, of a like character? And are we not to expect like results? It is the same party that is now in power, and will not like results follow?

The Montreal Gazette summarizes the transaction as follows. It is worth reading and remembering when the time for voting comes:

> Mr. Philippe Valliere, of Quebec, has written for publication a letter explaining his side of the much discussed contract for providing furniture for the Montreal Court House and other public buildings. Generally, it adds little to the public knowledge of the transaction in question. Mr. Valliere, after some conversation with Mr. Mercier, received an order from Mr. Garneau, Commissioner of Public Works in the Liberal Government, to make furniture, which he calculated would amount to $300,000. He proceeded with the work, made some $70,000 worth, which the Government's architects examined and reported upon, and received in payment an advance of $60,000. He handed over to the Government the policies for the insurance on the furniture, and the Government, in effect, took possession of it, Mr. Garneau giving instructions that the renewal premiums of insurance should be paid by the Province. Then the Liberal Government went out of office. The position the new Ministers found themselves in is thus described by Mr. Valliere:—"The "Government was $60,000 out of pocket, "and it was necessary for them either to re-"cover that amount or to take the furni-"ture." It was deemed best—and it undoubtedly was best, under the circumstances—to take the furniture. One part was paid for according to the contract schedule signed by Mr. Garneau; the value of the remainder was fixed by arbitration. On an account of $26,000, there was a reduction of $11,000 made. Instead of getting $300,000, Mr. Valliere received less than $100,000. He would have received the $300,000 had the Liberal ministers remained in power. He had paid $50,000 to their election fund to make this sure. That had been part of the bargain with the corruptionists who formed the last Liberal Government in Quebec. Mr. Valliere says so over his own signature in the letter now issued. It is a new job, so far as public knowledge is concerned, of Quebec's Liberal party.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

It is novel, but pleasing, to have our free-trade contemporary, the Ontario, in full accord with the INTELLIGENCER in advocating protection, which it does in urging the Government to impose a duty on saw-logs. Our contemporary has been long living in darkness, but its conversion is none the less welcome. Let us hope that it will not backslide before a week has passed.

The Liberals used to hold up the public debt as something dreadful. During the coming year they propose to add $6,386,000 to the gross debt, or a little over $4,000,000 to the net debt. The Globe would use very harsh terms to characterize such divergence between profession and practice, had the parties guilty of it been Conservatives.

"What will the tariff be?" is now the question. There is but one certain answer, and that is that it cannot possibly be in accord with all the policies which the Liberal party have professed during the past six or seven years.

The City Council has done well in changing the name of Hotel st. to Victoria avenue, in commemoration of Her Majesty's jubilee.

Canada must have a uniform franchise for Dominion purposes.

A DANGEROUS SEASON.

NATURE REQUIRES AID IN THROWING OFF THE POISONS OF WINTER.

CLOSE CONFINEMENT LEAVES OLD AND YOUNG WEAK, NERVOUS AND OFTEN DESPONDENT—DR. WILLIAMS' PILLS THE ONLY RELIABLE TONIC.

At this season of the year young and old feel the need of some assistance from the medical world to help nature in her work of renewing and rebuilding the system after the trying months of winter. Teachers and students especially feel the effects of long months of mental toil that have been rendered more dangerous to health by hours of study in close, ill-ventilated rooms, and exposure to cold and storm, and chills from wet and bedraggled skirts. The following letter from a well known lady teacher in the west tells how she made use of one of the most wonderful medical discoveries of the age, with happy results.

"Every spring for the last eight years I have suffered from attacks of what the doctors called nervous prostration. The attacks were generally heralded by nervous headaches which lasted for three or four days, causing untold agony, palpitation and pain at the heart, loss of appetite and a general feeling that life was not worth living. Only those who have suffered in this way can imagine what I endured or how great has been my joy to find that I have learned of a means of escape from all those horrors. This wondrous medicine, which doctors acknowledge to be a good tonic and great benefit to weak people, was brought to my attention by a niece who had herself been cured of a dangerous malady by this remedy. She had become weak and unable to continue her studies, her blood turned to water and her face lost every trace of its once fresh healthy color, and a general "breaking up" of her system caused her friends to fear that she was in the first stages of consumption. She became tired of hearing thoughtless people tell her how pale she looked, and seeing an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People she bought some in the hope that they might restore a little color to her cheeks. She was surprised and delighted to find that after using them for a few weeks her face regained its bright healthy color and her strength and vitality also returned, and to-day she is perfectly strong and healthy. Knowing how I had suffered she strongly advised me to try them. I did so, and instead of feeling "worn out" as usual at this season I feel stronger and better in every way than I have done for years. Those dreadful headaches and other distressing symptoms have entirely disappeared and I feel years younger than I did a year ago, and my friends say I look ten years younger. I feel so happy that I can perform my duties with zeal and pleasure that I wish to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all teachers and students who wish to escape what I have suffered.

"Gratefully yours,
"H.S. KER"

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. Avoid imitations by insisting that every box you purchase is enclosed in a wrapper bearing the full trade mark, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

MR. DAVIN'S HOT SHOT.

Liberal Corruption in the Saskatchewan Election Shown Up Franchise Bill Talked Out.

Ottawa, April 20.—(Special.)—Mr. Davin was instrumental this afternoon in exploiting what he characterized as the alarming and disgraceful state of things in Northwest constituencies, especially mentioning that of Saskatchewan, in which more than one Minister of the Crown was implicated. In June last Mr. Laurier was elected by a small majority there. There was evidence enough to upset the election, but the Conservatives decided not to disturb him in his seat. When Mr. Laurier decided not to sit for the constituency a fierce fight arose. Mr. Sifton, brother of the Minister of Interior, was sent to act as peacemaker, and did it so well as to make the strife worse than ever. A leading official of the Indian Department was sent up by Mr. Laurier (talk of political partisanship) to induce the Liberals to accept Mr. Newland, but this official so mixed matters up as to make them worse. Then came the split, and the contest between the two Liberals, resulting in the return of Mr. Davis. A petition was filed against his return with sufficient evidence to unseat him, but Mr. McPhail received a telegram from the Finance Minister to come to Ottawa. He did so and the outcome was a corrupt arrangement with the Ministers, as a result of which McPhail goes back, and with lightning-like rapidity withdraws his petition.

Sir Charles Tupper, speaking to the point of order, ventured to express the hope that Mr. Speaker would not formally rule in accordance with his observation. The invariable practice, he said, was that an hon. member should be allowed from his place in the House to draw attention to any matter affecting the Government or any member of the House. This would allow the Government or the member to make such an explanation perhaps as would settle the whole subject.

Mr. Laurier said that charges were never made against any hon. member of the House except upon the personal responsibility of the member making them who was bound to pledge his honor that he believed them to be true, and ask to have them referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. When Mr. Davin was prepared to take that course the Government would act, but it would not act upon references to the mere gossip of scurrilous newspapers.

The motion to adjourn the House was lost.

Sir Charles Tupper, resuming the discussion on the franchise bill, said, in view of the announcement made by the Finance Minister that the tariff would be brought down on Thursday, he would not advance any arguments in support of the amendment now before the House. As regards the bill itself, he had still hopes that the Government would not press it this session, but that during recess a serious attempt would be made to devise a more practical measure.

Sir Charles Tupper, continuing, after recess, characterized as extraordinary and undesirable the provision which called upon a judge to decide a question of moral culpability, or whether a certain act affected the result of an election. The whole tendency of the bill was to open the door to irregularity and corruption. The best The Globe itself could say for the new Act was that it would be no more objectionable than the present system. The trend of public opinion was towards manhood suffrage and one-man-one-vote. That was the law in Nova Scotia in 1859. The electorate of Canada was sufficiently intelligent to be entrusted with manhood suffrage. He would recommend some such simple and uniform system. It was base ingratitude of the Liberals to quarrel with the present law. Under the provincial franchise they had been beaten seven times, while out of three elections held under the Dominion franchise they had won one without a policy, without principles, with nothing but the prestige of their leader, although he admitted that was a good deal. [Mr. Laurier bowed.] The Liberals went to the country and came back to place and power. [Laughter and cheers.]

Mr. Davies rose in high spirits to reply. He congratulated Sir Charles upon the progressive mildness of his speech, and accounted for it upon the hypothesis that the Opposition leader had been receiving discouraging news from Nova Scotia. And then Mr. Davies announced that Nova Scotia had gone Liberal by 32 out of 38 seats, and that Colchester had gone Government—[Liberal cheers]—and that, despite the fact that the Conservative leader opposite had sent to help the Tory cause the brightest of his lieutenants. [Sir Charles smiled.] Mr. Davies claimed that Parliament was not parting with its control of the Federal franchise.

Dr. Roche spoke on the workings of the Manitoba franchise, which was administered to the advantage of the Liberal party. Until such time as the Conservatives of the province got fair play under the local Franchise Act they should be exempted from the provisions of the measure before the House. Amid Conservative cheers he revised Mr. Davies' figures of the result of the Colchester election.

Mr. Richardson of Selkirk followed in a brief defence of the Manitoba Franchise Act.

At 10 minutes to 11 the debate was adjourned on Mr. McMillan's motion, and the House has heard the last of this bill for some weeks, and probably for this year.

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&
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FLORIDA WATER

THE SWEETEST MOST FRAGRANT MOST REFRESHING AND ENDURING OF ALL PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

That Red Blotchy Face

Skin Eruptions
Rough Skin
Black Heads
Pimples
Eczema
Salt Rheum
Tetter
And All Itchy Skin Diseases

CHASE'S OINTMENT
Is a Guaranteed Cure
PRICE 60 CENTS PER BOX

LINDSAY GIRL GONE CRAZY.

Annie May Roberts Became Demented in Buffalo and Was Taken Care Of.

Buffalo, April 20.—Annie May Roberts, a domestic, aged 23, who came here from Lindsay, Ont., about a year ago, has been arrested on a charge of insanity. Her father is dead, and it is said that her mother is in an insane asylum in Toronto. She has been acting strangely for some time. She became infatuated with a young man at sight, and has several times said that she had dreamed that she was married to him. Last Tuesday she waited on the breakfast table wearing a white gown, white shoes and white gloves. It was soon seen that the unfortunate girl was demented. She was examined by Police Surgeon Fowler, who pronounced her insane, and she was sent to the Buffalo State Hospital to-day.

The Greater Misfortune.

Interested Acquaintance—I hear your house was entered by burglars last night. Did they get anything?

Mr. Newlyblessed (sleepily)—No, but they woke the baby!

Good Pasture for Hogs.

Oats and peas grown together make a good hog pasture.

Cutting up pranks with baby is great fun for a young mother. But before she can cut pranks with the baby she must have a healthy baby. A puny, sickly, peevish baby has no use for pranks. It lies in every young mother's power to insure the health of the expected newcomer. If she will see that the organs which make motherhood possible are healthy and vigorous, and will keep them so during the period preceding maternity, she may be sure that the baby will be healthy and happy.

A marvelous medicine for young mothers is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Taken during the period preceding motherhood it makes strong, healthy and vigorous the organs upon which rest the burdens of maternity. It allays inflammation, soothes pain, and restores steadiness to the nerves. It does away with the discomforts of the expectant period. It insures the health of baby and makes its coming easy and almost painless. It is the discovery of an eminent and successful specialist, Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription before my confinement, and I was only in labor a short time," writes Mrs. Minnie A. Peterson, Box 5, Easton, Fresno Co., Cal. "The physician said I got along unusually well. I think the medicine saved a great deal of suffering and I get all my friends who need it to try it."

One of the best-known of American medical men said: "If you want to reform a man, begin with his grandfather." That would be wise if it could be done. Since it cannot be done, try something else. Reform the future grandfathers and grandmothers. Do this through education. The greatest thing for a man or woman to know is himself or herself. To know one-half the capabilities and disabilities of the human body is a liberal education. A good start for this education is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Any one can have this finely illustrated 1000-page book for the small price of thirty-one one-cent stamps. This is simply to pay for customs and mailing. If you would like the book in fine cloth binding instead of paper, send fifty stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

ONTARIO PEDAGOGUES

Met in Toronto and Read and Discussed Papers.

Arguments in Favor of Manual Training in the Schools—Plea for Definite Religious Instruction—Teaching by Phonetics—The Jew in Literature—Public and High School Curriculum—Brilliant Reception at the Education Department Last Evening.

Toronto, April 20.

The representatives of the profession whose duty it is to teach the young idea how to shoot came to this city in unprecedented force yesterday. It was the occasion of the thirty-sixth annual meeting of the Ontario Educational Association, and all manner of pedagogues, from the University professor to the teacher in the sideline little red school house, assembled together at the Normal School to explain to one another what methods of imparting knowledge had met with the best results in their own experience. The day was taken up with the reading of admirably-written papers on various literary, historical and general educational topics, and in the evening a grand reception in the school theatre was addressed by the Minister of Education and others. The session continues to-day and to-morrow.

Messrs. J. D. Livingston, Forest; W. B. Forbes, Markham; M. J. Carson, London; W. J. Hendry, Toronto; R. W. Doan, Toronto; Z. A. Hall, Preston; C. W. Chadwick, Toronto; John A. Anderson, Rossmore; W. H. Brown, Gravenhurst; J. S. Pringle, Ridgetown; G. A. Miller, Dresden; David Mills, Bay View; D. C. McGregor, Johnson; P. W. Currie, Niagara Falls; A. A. Jordan, Meaford; W. MacMurchy, Elora; J. A. Jackson, Iroquois; F. S. Michell, Perth; A. McKee, Midland; R. Kenney, Brockville; S. J. Stubbs, St. Mary's; G. A. McKee, Ridgetown; G. McPherson, Prescott; J. Seath, Toronto; H. O. Asman, Hamilton; L. T. Lockheed, Caledonia; J. J. Hare, Whitby; W. J. Greenwood, Whitby; Henry Conn, Watford; C. H. McGee, Brockville; J. M. Field, Walkerton; W. E. Martin, Shelburne; David Din, Woodbridge; J. F. Thompson, Seaforth; A. E. Jewett, Chatham; J. W. Hogarth, Ailsa Craig; W. W. Tamblyn, Whitby; J. Ryerson, Orillia; D. A. McCrimmon, York Mills; John A. Cooke, Dunnville; Henry Ward, Toronto; W. H. Shrapnell, Walford; William Elliott, Mitchell; James Norris, Kincardine; George R. Anderson, Windsor; William Irwin, Durham; Nicholas Wilson, London; J. J. Morgan, Omemee; Miss J. Carnochan, Niagara; Miss G. M. Parmenter, Gananoque; Miss M. A. Mark, Peterboro; Mrs. D. Mills, Bayview; Miss M. Porter, Milford; Miss Helen Blakely, Picton; Miss H. Revel, Paris; Miss Isabel Sutherland, Mildmay; Miss M. Livingstone, Forest; Miss M. E. Reid, Walford; Miss D. J. Hall, Peterboro; Mrs. A. E. Jewett, Chatham; Miss A. C. Kerr, Ottawa; Miss Day, Cobourg; Miss A. G. H White, Toronto; Miss M. Coverdale, Canfield; Miss Nina Conger, Picton.

Miss E. J. Preston of Ottawa read the first paper entitled, "The Criminal and His Recruiting Grounds." Crime, she held, was coeval with man, but expanded and developed as he advanced in civilization. In the past it had been studied from the points of sentiment or revenge. Criminology, seeking the source on purely scientific grounds, claims that it is due in a great measure to heredity, atavism, a perverted moral nature or some physical cause.

Mr. F. F. Manley presided over the Mathematical and Physical Association and read an address in which he recommended that fees in secondary education be graduated according to the ability of the pupils. Promising students, he held, should be charged a small fee, while pupils whose progress was slow, and who consequently retarded the work of the teacher, should pay an additional fee for the trouble so caused.

This proposition met with strong opposition and was followed by a paper on "Elementary Geometry as a Preparation for Honor Mathematical Work."

The president, Mr. Fletcher's, paper on "Practical Penmanship" provoked lively discussion on account of its many radical statements. It said that practical penmanship was not being taught to any great extent in our Public Schools, for the reason that teachers were not trained to practical teaching of writing, finger movement was almost exclusively used, teachers dislike to spoil the display of pupils' writing by introducing practical movement, and copy-books were used in senior classes. These were condemned as not training and as unfitting for business.

At the Inspector's section, Mr. James L. Hughes' paper on "Manual Training" came up first. He advocated manual training for educational, not economic, reasons, and showed that manual training does not mean teaching trades, or even improving the child's chances of making a living by industrial work, but the development of the physical, mental and moral nature.

To the lot of Inspector D. Fotheringham of South York it fell to handle at this meeting the time-worn but none the less vital subject of "Moral Training in Public Schools." He took occasion to observe that there was no religious instruction given with any regularity at the Public Schools, and that the provisions for such instruction were either impracticable or out of touch with public opinion.

At the meeting of the Historical Association, President William Houston, M.A., in dealing with "History As a Culture Subject," made a strong plea for the study of original documents, such as copies of Magna Charta, etc., which should be on the walls of every school room. The biographical side of history was the one which should be mainly presented to children. Historical documents should be taken up backwards, the later ones coming first, or from that which to some extent is best known to that which is unknown. Thus, in Canadian history, the order would be: B.N.A. Act, 1867; Union Act, 1841; Constitutional Act, 1791; Quebec Act, 1774; Governor Murray's Convention, 1764, and so on, back to the first known records. Certain United States documents should also be taken up, and, if possible, documents pertaining to other countries.

President Wright was in the chair at the Modern Language Association meeting, and presented an able paper on "The Jew in English Literature."

Mr. A. W. Burt, B.A., of Brantford, in his remarks on "Phonetics," urged the need of more careful attention to the subject of sight pronunciation in our schools. Most of our High School graduates, he claimed, could not utter a sentence without proclaiming their lack of refinement in this respect. He laid the blame of this defect to the all-engrossing claims of "examination" subjects. A knowledge of the mechanism of sound production, i.e., of a knowledge of phonetics, was essential to their correction. He recommended the adoption of the principles of instruction laid down in "Le Maitre Phonetique," the organ of the International Phonetic Association.

A large gathering of friends of education assembled at the reception in the theatre of the Normal School. Mr. John Dearness, the association president, was in the chair, and had with him on the platform: Hon. G. W. Ross, President Loudon, Chancellor Burwash, Rev. Dr. Dewart and Ald. John Hallam, the latter of whom represented the Mayor.

Hon. Dr. Ross delivered an admirable address, in which he spoke of the evolution of the old log schools to the present magnificent, commodious structures. He welcomed the assembled pedagogues as the men and women who formed the groundwork of the nation. He hoped they would derive benefit from this visit. He desired to make the Normal School, re-fitted, as it now was, on its fiftieth anniversary, the Mecca of the teachers of the Province.

Mr. John Dearness, president of the Association, replied to the welcome of the civic and Government authorities.

A letter was read from Mr. J. H. Yewdall, secretary of the English Teachers' Union, now in session in Wales, conveying fraternal greetings.

The meeting concluded with the singing of the National and New Jubilee Anthems, and, upon invitation of the Minister of Education, another hour was spent by the visitors in inspecting the art and educational exhibits of the Educational building.

MACDONALD AND WINNIPEG.

Rutherford and McKenzie in the Former and Jameson and Taylor in the Latter Will Fight It Out.

Winnipeg April, 20.—(Special.)—Nominations for the vacancies in the Dominion Parliament for Macdonald and Winnipeg took place to-day. In Macdonald, Dr. Rutherford, Government, and Kenneth McKenzie, Patron, were placed in the field.

In Winnipeg the nominations were ex-Mayor R. W. Jameson, Government, and Edwin Taylor, Independent. Taylor's friends hope to poll a good vote, but Jameson's election is conceded. Leading Conservatives decline to take any part in the contest, and most of them will not vote at all.

The water in Red River at Winnipeg is still high, but it is believed all danger of a flood has passed. Several Northern Pacific bridges have been washed away and traffic on the North-

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The Enjoyment of Riding a Wheel is discounted 50 per cent. when you are not properly clothed for it.

The proper attire for the '97 Wheelman is not a heavy expense, if purchased here. Our suits have all the good points of the made-to-order kind without its large price. We have some in Scotch Tweed effects, Knickerbockers, Patch Pockets, double seat, at

...$5 and $6...

BICYCLE PANTS.

Those who do not wish a complete suit can get the proper knickerbocker pants only, made of good tweed, double seats and all the improvements. Prices

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Regular supplies direct from packers.

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Direct from Portland per express.

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FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
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in Tins. Finest Brands.

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GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
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All Removed
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Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, traveles with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 900 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Roo Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

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JAMES BOOTH.

Cramps, Colic, Colds,
Croup, Coughs, Tooth-ache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain-Killer
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

DROPPED DEAD!

Suddenly Stricken Down by Heart Disease.

"A sad and sudden death occurred to a well-known citizen on one of the leading streets this morning."

Nearly every large city paper contains daily some such heading. The number of deaths from heart failure is very large, but it is only when they occur in some public and sensational manner that general attention is drawn to them.

Palpitation and fluttering of the heart are common complaints. With the heart itself there is nothing radically wrong. But the system is disorganized, the kidneys and liver are out of order, and the stomach is not in condition to do its work porperly. Between them all, they throw too much responsibility on the heart, and the latter is unable to stand the strain.

A box of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills at a cost of 25 cents will regulate the system, purify the blood and make a new person of every sickly man, woman or child.

Dr. Chase's Liver-Kidney Pills may be had from any dealer or from the manufacturers, Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. One pill a dose, one cent a dose.

Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine is and colds. Largest bottle on the market; only 25 cents.

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '97

A bath room equipped witl modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

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60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

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DENTIST—Office over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence on Forin Street. d.w.

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

John Bedell....
U. E. Loyalist.

(Concluded.)

"But you!" cried Winthrop, bending for his stroke. Yet he did not comprehend Bedell's meaning. Till the last the old man had spoken without strong excitement. Dread of the river was not on George; his bliss was supreme in his thought, and he took the Squire's order for one of exaggerated alarm.

"Row, I say, with all your strength!" cried Bedell, with a flash of anger that sent the young fellow away instantly. "Row! Concern yourself not for me. I am going home. Row! for her life, Winthrop! God will deliver you yet. Good-bye, children. Remember always my blessing is freely given you."

"God bless and keep you forever, father!" cried Ruth, from the distance, as her lover pulled away.

They landed conscious of having passed a swift current, indeed, but quite unthinking of the price paid for their safety. Looking back on the Darkling river, they saw nothing of the old man.

"Poor father!" sighed Ruth, "how kind he was! I'm sore-hearted for thinking of him at home, so lonely."

Left alone in the clumsy boat, Bedell stretched with the long, heavy oars for his own shore, making appearance of strong exertion. But when he no longer feared that his children might turn back with sudden understanding, and vainly, to his aid, he dragged the boat slowly, watching her swift drift down—down toward the towering mist. Then as he gazed at the cloud, rising in two distinct volumes, came a thought spurring the Loyalist spirit in an instant. He was not yet out of American water! Thereafter he pulled steadily, powerfully, noting landmsrks anxiously, studying currents, considering always their trend to or from his own shore. Half an hour had gone when he again dropped into slower motion. Then he could see Goat Island's upper end between him and the mist of the American fall.

Now the old man gave himself up to intense curiosity, looking over into the water with fascinated inquiry. He had never been so far down the river. Darting beside their shadows, deep in the clear flood, were now larger fishes than he had ever taken, and all moved up as if hurrying to escape. How fast the long trailing, swaying, single weeds, and the crevices in flat rock whence they so strangely grew, went up stream and away as if drawn backward. The sameness of the bottom to that higher up interested him—where then did the current begin to sweep clean? He should certainly know that soon, he thought, without a touch of fear, having utterly accepted death when he determined it were base to carry his weary old life a little longer, and let Ruth's young love die. Now the Falls' heavy monotone was overborne by terrible sounds—a mingled clashing, shrieking, groaning, and rumbling, as of great bowlders churned in their beds.

Bedell was nearing the first long swoop downward at the rapid's head when those watching him from the high bank below the Chippewa River's mouth saw him put his boat stern with the current and cease rowing entirely, facing fairy the up-rushing mist to which he was being hurried. Then they observed him stooping, as if writing, for a time. Something flashed in his hands, and then he knelt with head bowed down. Kneeling, they prayed, too.

Now he was almost on the brink of the cascades. Then he arose, and, glancing backward to his home, caught sight of his friends on the high shore. Camly he waved a farewell. What then? Thrice round he flung his hat, with a gesture they knew full well. Some had seen that exultant waving in front of ranks of battle. As clearly as though the roar of waters had not drowned his ringing voice, they knew that old John Bedell, at the poise of death, cheered thrice, "Hurrah! Hurrah! Hurrah for the King!"

They found his body a week afterwards, floating with the heaving water in the gorge below the Falls. Though beaten almost out of recognition, portions of clothing still adhered to it, and in a waistcoat pocked they found the old Loyalist's metal snuff-box, with this inscription scratched by knife-poiut on the cover: "God be praised, I die in British waters! JOHN BEDELL."

Wrapper Competition for every month of the year 1897

$1,625.

GIVEN AWAY EACH MONTH.

In Bicycles & Watches.

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SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS.

For full particulars see advts. or apply to

LEVER BROS., LTD.

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Break Up a Cold in Time

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PYNY-PECTORAL

The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes:

"Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARBOUR, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes:

"As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

FIGHTING FURIOUSLY.

Greeks Appear to be Getting the Worst of It.

Both Armies Took a Rest After the Awful Work of Saturday and Sunday—Greek Success at Reveni Caused Jubilation at Athens—Turks Said to Have Lost 7000 Men—Battle in Progress at Tyrnavo—Turks Fight Like Fiends and Greeks Show the Stubborness of Their Ancestors

Athens, April 20.—(6 p.m.)—All the members of the gendarmerie and other police forces, military organized, are now going to the frontier. The citizens have volunteered to guard the town and the same state of affairs prevails in the other towns of Greece. On all sides, there is a firm determination to meet the Turkish invasion, and every man who can be spared and who can bear arms is going to the front. The Athenian ladies, under the patronage of the Queen, have converted the steamer Thessaly into a floating hospital. Three hundred beds for the wounded have been fitted up on board of her and she is now proceeding to Volo.

All Greek Citizens Must Fight.

Headquarters of the Greek Army in Thessaly, Larissa, April 20.—The Mayor of Larissa has issued a proclamation, calling upon all citizens to arm themselves in defence of the country.

VIEWS OF THE BRITISH PRESS.

All Seem to Side With Turkey—What Will the Powers Do?

London, April 20.—The Globe, a consistent Philo-Turkish organ, says that Turkey practised exemplary patience under persistent provocation and affront, and the joint interest of the powers now lies in localizing the war.

The Birmingham Post, the organ of the Progressive Unionists, urges Lord Salisbury to depart from the concert of Europe, and declares that the resolution of Turkey to settle her quarrel with Greece by the sword should compel the British Government to reconsider their position of adhesion to the concert of the powers, which was only justified as preserving European peace, wherein it has failed.

The Times, discussing editorially the Greek invitation to the powers to withdraw their forces from Crete, says that if Greece meditates the recall of Col. Vassos, the commander of the Greek army of occupation in Crete, so that he may co-operate in the defence of his country, the powers might doubtless strain a point and let him out, but if this is the object the Greek Government should say so. Until they do the powers are not in the least likely to modify their action in Crete.

The Greeks report that the Turks lost 7000 killed and wounded at Reveni, but this estimate is probably excessive. The Grdek engineers constructed a bridge at Pachyskalos to enable their troops to cross the river. It is stated that the Turkish forces attacking Reveni numbered more than 10,000 men.

LOOKS BAD FOR GREECE.

Greeks Lacked Artillery in the Milouna Pass and Turks Were Victors.

Summit of the Milouna Pass, Monday morning, April 19.—The Turkish victory of yesterday in the Milouna Pass was complete. The enemy retired to the Plain of Thessaly, leaving only a rear guard on a hill, from which it was driven later by four battalions of Turkish infantry. The Turks pulled up to the top of the hill three mountain batteries, singing, laughing and weeping with joy like children.

One battery opened fire upon the Greeks, who were retreating on the Plain of Traves, and did terrible execution. The correspondent of the Associated Press saw some of the Turkish shells burst in the middle of a battalion of Greeks, with the result that whole groups were killed or wounded.

Yesterday evening seven new Turkish battalions and several mounted batteries of artillery left for the front and at dawn the latter were trained on the Greek blockhouse on the plain below.

Junes Effendi, the Turkish commander, and his men had been 26 hours without food or drink. When they were preparing to capture the Greek blockhouse, Junes made a speech to his soldiers, saying: "All those who love God must advance to the assault."

This was enough. Every man, with loud exultant shouts, dashed forward in the direction of the blockhouse. Even the muleteers, who were bringing up the reserve ammunition, joined in the assault on the blockhouse, which was held by the Greeks with magnificent courage. The Turks, with splendid dash, charged with the bayonet and eventually leaped over the ramparts with shouts of triumph. The Greeks waited their approach until the Turks were within 30 yards before withdrawing.

In this assault, the Turks had only 16 men killed and 17 wounded. Everywhere was to be seen the effect of the Turkish artillery, their terrible shells bursting just at the calculated moment. The Greeks, on the other hand, appeared to be lacking in artillery.

As the correspondent was writing this despatch, the Greeks attempted to reply to the Turkish artillery, but they were eventually forced to retire.

The correspondent saw numberless Greek bodies stripped of their uniforms by the Greeks, leaving only their shirts and drawers on. Most of the dead, however, were carried off by the Turks, who raised the corpses of the Greeks reverently and placed them beneath the shade of trees. The Turkish losses in the fighting of yesterday were only 50 killed and 150 wounded.

On reaching the summit of the hills above Tyrnavo, the Greek frontier town, situated about ten miles from Larissa, the Turks observed that the Greeks were occupying a small hill, from which they fired but feebly at the Turks. Finally two Turkish mountain batteries were brought up to the summit of the hill occupied by the Turks and from there the Turkish guns began bombarding Tyrnavo. Under cover of this fire, the Turkish infantry advanced and, after capturing a spur opposite the Greek blockhouse, orders were given to the Turks, at 5 o'clock, to take the blockhouse by assault. This movement was brilliantly effected 20 minutes later. The Greek prisoners say that the Greek army has already lost heart.

The situation at present is that the Turks have possession of all the commanding heights between headquarters and the Greek headquarters at Larissa, with the exception of Tyrnavo, which is now commanded by the Turkish batteries. The Turks to-night are camping in the Greek tents, left on the Plain of Thessaly, near the Milouna Pass by the retreating Greek army. The Turks to-day only had six men killed and ten wounded.

The death of Rafiz Pasha, the Turkish commander, who was killed in the fighting, which took place in the Milouna Pass on Saturday, is greatly lamented. He was 80 years old and while advancing at the head of his troops, was urged to dismount and rest. The old pasha replied: "During the Russian War I never dismounted, and why should I do so now?" Soon afterwards he was wounded in the arm, but he still remained in the saddle. Later a second bullet struck him on the hand. Yet the old warrior refused to retire. Finally a third bullet broke the gallant pasha's spine and he reeled from his saddle, dead.

Greek Position Near Arta.

Athens, April 20.—An official despatch from Arta says that after crossing the Aracthos at Bani, the Greeks occupied the villages of Niokhori and Sakhikalama, where they strongly entrenched themselves. Col. Manos is now advancing northward in the direction of Paraskevi. The Greeks repulsed an attempt of the Turks to cross the bridge at 5 this morning. A number of Greeks, among them several officers, were killed and others wounded.

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering.

"I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." MRS. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

GREEKS VICTORIOUS.

Captured and Burned Damasi after a Desperate Struggle

Athens, April 20, midnight.—News has just reached here that the Greeks, after a desperate battle have captured and burned Damasi. Viglia is still resisting. But another division of the Greek trops, it is reported, has traversed the Reveni Pass and captured three blockhouses. This division has almost reached Damasi, where it will effect a union with the force that captured the town. The 20,000 trops under Col. Smolenitz displayed the greatest bravery.

Reveni lies 12 miles northwest of Larissa. Edhem Pasha with a force variousl yestimated at from 10,000 to 14,000 troops ,led seven assaults against it yesterday, but all were repelled by the Greeks.

The Crown Prince Constantine has telegraphed here that the Turks at that point were repulsed.

In Athens greater attention has been paid to the operations in the neighborhood of Reveni than to those at Milouna Pass. The theory all along has been that if the Greeks could establish themselves at Damasi, their road would lie open to Elassona.

The exact situation Tyrnavo is somewhat in doubt. The news from that point is conflicting. But there is no confirmation of the rumor that the place has been captured by the Turks. What seems to have happened is that Tyrnavo was evacuated in order to send troops forward.

An Artillery Duel.

A despatch from Arta says that 3000 Greeks have crosed the frontier at Bani and a severe artillery duel has been in progres since Monday. The Greek artillery have silenced the Turkish Imauret fort, commanding the town. Two attempts by the Turks to cross the river were repulsed. There has been brisk firing at Placa, and a heavy infantry along the line for about five miles. Two Greek officers and many Turks have been killed.

Shelling the Town.

Milouna Pass, April 20, evening.—The Turks have just commenced to shell the town of Tyrnavo. All the roads leading to Larissa are crowded with fugitives, shouting "Reserves, don't try conclusions with the Turks." The Greek villages in the plain are completely deserted.

A MISTAKEN ORDER

Gave the Turks a Chance to Advance—1000 Greeks Killed and Wounded.

Athens, April 20.—There was renewed fighting between the Turks and Greeks in the Milouna Pass yesterday. It was of the most severe description, but full details are not obtainable here. The firing ceased at 5 o'clock yesterday evening. The total Greek loss in the various engagements in the Milouna Pass is estimated here at 1000 killed and wounded.

Over 200 wounded soldiers and officers of the Greek army have arrived at Larissa, Tyrnavo and Volo.

The losses of the Turks are declared to be much greater than those of the Greeks.

Prince Constantine has returned to Larissa from Gritzovali, where he witnessed some severe fighting. The Greek reverse at that place was due to the fact that General Mastropas, who is in command of the Greek artillery, misunderstood Prince Constantine's orders and ordered a retreat of the Greek forces.

The Turks thereupon advanced and soon occupied Gritzovali, pursuing the retreating Greeks, killing a few and wounding two hundred of them.

General Mastropas' brigade later rallied and made a stand. In the meantime Prince Constantine hurried reinforcements forward to the assistance of General Mastropas and General Smolenitz, formerly Greek Minister for War, succeeded in forcing the enemy back.

Prince Constantine has severely censured General Mastropas for his blunder.

A despatch received here from Cairo, Egypt, says that at the request of the Turkish Government the Egyptian Government has handed the Greek diplomatic agent, M. J. Gryparis, his passports, and has ordered all Greeks to leave Egypt within a fortnight.

THE TURKS ADVANCING.

They Were Only About Ten Miles From Greek Headquarters Yesterday.

Headquarters of the Turkish army in Macedonia, Elassona, April 19, night.—The Turkish artillery this afternoon began cannonading Tyrnavo, the Greek town to the northwest of Larissa, and only about ten miles from the Greek headquarters, the Greeks having fallen back upon Tyrnavo.

The whole chain of mountains from Tchaissza to the Milouna Pass is now in possession of the Turks.

The last brush on the hills was very brief, the Greeks making but little resistance.

The Turks have captured several prisoners, including an Italian volunteer.

The dash of the Turks is irresistible, and it is expected that a general advance of the Turkish army will take place to-morrow (Tuesday) morning.

A Big Battle in Progress.

Athens, April 20.—Fighting between the Greeks and Turks was resumed this morning at Reveni, not far from Tyrnavo, northwest of Larissa. A big battle is in progress. The Turks are attacking in still greater force than yesterday, but the Greeks are making a stubborn resistance.

OUR JUBILEE CORPS

Will Represent Every Branch of the Military Service.

Toronto, Hamilton, London, Guelph and Other Cities Will Have a Share in the Honors—Construction of the Crow's Nest Road Talked Over by Mr. Shaughnessy With the Ministers—Mr. E. B. Eddy Writes a Pointed Letter Favoring the Imposition of Duty on Pulp Wood—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 20.—(Special.)—The official list of corps invited to send men to England as members of the Jubilee Battalion varies somewhat from that published on Monday. It has been finally approved by the Government, and is as follows: the figures after the name of each corps indicating the number of representatives they will send:

Cavalry—N.W. Mounted Police, 24 men; Governor-General's Body Guard, Toronto, P.L.D.G., Ottawa; King's, (N. S.), Canadian Hussars; Queen's Own Canadian Hussars; 1st Hussars, London; 4th Hussars, Kingston; 3rd Dragoons, Peterboro; Manitoba Dragoons; Portage la Prairie; 6th Hussars, Montreal; 8th Hussars, Kings, N.B.—four men each.

Field Artillery—1st Brigade, Guelph; 1st Regiment, Quebec; 2nd, Ottawa; 4th, Hamilton; 9th, Toronto; 12th, King's, N.B.; 13th, Winnipeg; 15th, Shefford—1 man each.

Garrison Artillery—1st Regiment, Halifax; 3rd, St. John, N.B.; 4th, Charlottetown; 5th, British Columbia—2 men each.

Infantry—Governor-General's Foot Guards; 2nd, Q.O.R., Toronto; 3rd, Victorias, Montreal; 5th, Royal Scots; 9th, Veltigeurs, Quebec; 10th, Royal Grenadiers, Toronto; 13th, Hamilton; 14th, Kingston; 48th Highlanders, Toronto; 62nd, St John Fusiliers; 63rd, Halifax Rifles; 65th Battalion, Montreal; 68th, King's, N.S.; 82nd, Queen's County, P. E.I.—4 men each.

The permanent corps will send eight men each for the cavalry, artillery and infantry.

The instructions to commanding officers are that men to be selected must be either non-commissioned officers or privates who possess certificates of qualification from one of the schools. Commissioned officers will not be allowed to go in the ranks. Col. Aylmer, Adjutant-General, will command the contingent, but his staff has yet to be chosen.

T. G. Shaughnessy, Vice-President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, was in town all day, and together with Messrs F. L. Beique, Q.C., and Joseph Brunet of Montreal had an important conference to-night with several Ministers respecting the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. It is expected a formal anouncement will be made in a few days as to the conditions upon which the company will build the road.

Further papers regarding the Manitoba school settlement were brought down to-day. They include protests from the Catholics of six municipalities in Manitoba against the school settlement, and from two places, Deleau and Saskatchewan, in favor of it. The Deleau communication says: "We are of opinion that all men not influenced by party spirit will accept this agreement as being the best obtainable under the circumstances if carried out honestly by the local authorities." Mr. Tarte is thanked for his efforts to secure education for the French Catholic children on an equal footing with English children. The communication concludes with the expression of a fervent hope that Mr. Laurier will long be spared to hold the Premiership. It is signed by 42 electors.

The Saskatchewan document is signed by 101 Roman Catholic electors, and congratulates the Government on the successful issue of the negotiations in settling the vexed question which at one time threatened to destroy the harmony and good fellowship in Canada.

The result of the Nova Scotia provincial elections was a great disappointment to the Conservatives, although everything was against them. The House was prematurely dissolved and the Opposition were caught unawares, while Premier Murray had the advantage of a strong organization and the aid of the Federal Government. Mr. Fielding's declaration on the coal question greatly aided the provincial Liberals, and gave them a clean sweep in Cape Breton county, where they only had three out of the eight seats. Nova Scotia has a habit of being all or nothing. Out of 38 seats the Conservatives had only 10 seats in the last House and 8 in the previous one. When the Holmes-Thompson Government was in power there were only 4 Liberals in the Assembly.

Mr. E. B. Eddy, the well-known manufacturer, has a strong letter in the papers regarding an export duty on pulp wood, of which he is a strong advocate. He points out that the consumption of the United States is about 4,000,000 tons of mechanical ground wood pulp annually, and of this quantity not less than 25 per cent. of this pulp comes from wood, the growth of this country. In the past year about 600,000 cords of pulp wood have been exported to the United States, besides which a quantity of the pulp has been ground here, principally in Nova Scotia. The cost of conversion of these 600,000 cords of wood into pulp, with the freight from the mills to the border, will amount to about $5 per cord, thus depriving us of the circulation of money in labor and freights of some $3,000,000 in the past year.

An export duty on pulp wood of at least $4 per cord, if not $5, would compel the manufacture of pulp in our own country.

NOVA SCOTIA ELECTIONS.

Liberals Carried the Province by an Overwhelming Majority Opposition About Wiped Out.

Halifax, April 20.—General Provincial elections took place in Nova Scotia to-day, and a contest in Colchester County for the Dominion Commons. The result of the Provincial contests was an overwhelming triumph for the Liberal party. The Conservatives number not more than four men, and perhaps only three, to the Assembly, which consits of 38 members. Every member of the Provincial Government who offered for re-election was returned. Premier Murray in Victoria, Attorney-General Longley in Annapolis and Commissioner of Works Church in Lunenburg all have handsome majorities. For first time in seven years Halifax elected a full Liberal ticket. The returns in this county are: Liberals—Macpherson 4903, Mitchell 4907, Wallace 4696. Conservatives—Stairs 4181, Foster 4313, Walsh 3891. The Dominion election is claimed by the Conservatives, and returns, which are reported complete, give Candidate Muir a majority of two votes over McClure (Lib.). The Liberals, however, claim a majority for McClure of 10.

The Result.

The names of the successful candidates in the Provincial elections are:

Annapolis—Longley and Bancroft (Lib.).
Antigonish—McGillivray and Chisholm (L.)
Cape Breton—Kendall and Johnston (L.).
Colchester—Laurence (L.), McMullin (C.).
Cumberland—Black and Fraser (Lib.).
Digby—Comeau and Gibney (Lib.).
Guysboro'—Sinclair and Ferguson (Lib.).
Halifax—Mitchell, McPherson and Wallace (Lib.).
Hants—Drysdale (Lib.), Wilcox (Con.).
Inverness—McDonald and Doucett (Lib.).
King's—Wickwire and Dodge (Lib.).
Lunenburg—Church and Sperry (Lib.).
Pictou—McDonald and McGregor (Lib), and Tanner (Con.).
Queen's—Farrel (Lib).; second seat in doubt between Kell (Lib.) and Millard (C.).
Richmond—Joice and Finlayson (Lib.).
Shelburne—Johnston and Robertson (Lib.).
By acclamation.
Victoria—Premier Murray and Morrison (Lib.).
Yarmouth—Law and Leblanc (Lib.).

How They Went.

The Admirer of Heroes—And I suppose you were overjoyed when you got the order to embark for the scene of war?

The Hero—Oh, yes. We went into a regular transport.

WELL BEGUN IS HALF DONE

Start wash day with good soap, pure soap; that's half the battle won.

SURPRISE SOAP is made especially for washing clothes, makes them clean and fresh and sweet, with little rubbing.

It's best for this and every use.

Don't forget the name. SURPRISE.

THE INTELLIGENCER BINDERY

Makes a Specialty of

Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books,

And all Descriptions of

Blank Account Books.

MAGAZINES - - - - -
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NAPOLEON SERIAL NUMBERS NEATLY BOUND
MAP MOUNTING AND VARNISHING.

☞ Estimates cheerfully furnished for every class of work

Address— INTELLIGENCER, Belleville.

BOVRIL . . .

the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.

Canadian Branch, Bovril, Limited,
27 St. Peter St., Montreal.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Odoroma IMPART

Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.

O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists

THE Perfect Tooth Powder

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D&L EMULSION

IN CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.

T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal.

50c. and $1 per Bottle

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

Dont Play . . .

With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don't risk that by another kind—like newfangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been married like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P. HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

MRS. TUGNETT

HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S.T.

R. W. ADAMS

REPRESENTS the following good companies: Insurance Company of North America; Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.; office with Northrup & Roberts, barristers, 12 Bridge st.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

FULLY EQUIPPED

TOURIST CAR

Leaves NORTH BAY
Every THURSDAY
And TORONTO
Every FRIDAY
FOR THE
GOLD FIELDS
KOOTENAY AND CARIBOO, BRITISH COLUMBIA
AND ALL PACIFIC COAST POINTS.

Lowest Rates Best Accommodation
Quickest Time Most Scenic Route

Application for berths should be made to any Canadian Pacific Ry. Agent, or C. E. McPherson, Toronto.

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent
Belleville.

"D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. MOORE, M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

New Millinery,
New Veilings
New Blouses,
New Corsets,
New Laces,
—AT—
A. BRIGNALL'S

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy: in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., Proprietors, MONTREAL.

THE "INTELLIGENCER"

Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his agent and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED—A Clerk, male. Apply to W. C. MIKEL. 4-21d6t

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

WANTED—An apprentice to the Drug Business. Apply to ALEX. RAY.

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

Farms or Ranches.

WANTED—Management of Farm or Ranche; one-third profit of produce for working same; 12 months' option to purchase. Apply to L. L. L., this office. 4-17d4tw1t

HOUSES TO LET.

HOUSE TO RENT—A Brick House on Grove st.; good cellar and cistern; 9 rooms, all in good repair. Apply to PATRICK O'HORO. 4-19d6tp

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. f76deodtf

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
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J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. fJ15d&wtf

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.

QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP McKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Daily Intelligencer.

OBITUARY.

MRS. IRVINE GRAVES.

Mrs. Irvine Graves died at her husband's residence on College Hill on Monday. Deceased who was about thirty years of age, was a Miss Smith, of Tyendinaga, and had only lived in the city for a short time. Her husband and two children survive her. The funeral, which took place this morning to Shannonville, was largely attended.

MRS. WILLIAM GUYDON.

An old resident of this city died in Rochester on Monday in the person of Mrs. William Guydon. Deceased lived here for several years, but went to Rochester to live with her daughter, Mrs. Tyndall, about six years ago. She was born in Dublin 84 years ago. Her husband has been dead many years and four daughters survive her. The remains, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Tyndall, arrived from Rochester at 12:20 p.m. today and will be taken to Stoco to-morrow for interment.

PERSONAL.

Col. Brown was reported weaker to-day.

T. O. Kinsella, Trenton, is at the Quinte.

G. R. German, Marmora, is at the Quinte.

Mr. H. C. Hunt went to Campbellford last evening on business.

W. S. R. Murch and T. J. Sutherland, Kingston, are at the Quinte.

Joseph James, Bridgewater, is registered at the Quinte.

Mr. Geo. LeClair, of Toronto, was in the city for Easter and has gone east.

Miss Mabel Vermilyea returned last evening from a visit to friends in Kingston.

Miss Marguerite Perkins is giving a large young people's party this evening at her grandfather's residence, Bridge street.

Miss Belle Craig, who has been visiting the (Rev.) Mrs. McLean, George st., returned to her home in Kingston this morning.

Col. Ponton and Major Biggar went to Kingston to-day to make arrangements for the visit of the 15th Batt. to that city on the 24th of May.

Dr. Whiteman, Shannonville, left for Detroit on Monday with the intention of locating there, having sold out his practice to Dr. Moore.

The Fleur de Lis Club met at Dr. Goldsmith's, Campbell street, last night. About seventy young people were present and in addition to taking "complete charge of the house," they spent a most enjoyable evening.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

SIDNEY CROSSING.

The farmers in this section are busily engaged with their spring's seeding.

Mr. P. W. Fletcher, who has been very ill for the past week, is slowly improving.

Master Allen Spafford, of Belleville, spent Easter with his cousin, Mr. Harry Spafford.

Mrs. Butler, who has been very ill for the past few months, still lies in a very critical condition.

Miss Minnie Fletcher leaves to-day to take charge of the G. N. W. telegraph office at Colborne.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Goldsmith, of Centenary, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Spafford on Sunday.

Vandervoort's cheese box factory is running full blast and extensive orders are being received from all sources.

Mr. Watson and Mr. Metcalf, of Port Hope, are spending their Easter holidays at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Vandervoort.

Mr. McClatchie, B. A., of Belleville, conducted an Easter service in this church on Sabbath. The reverend gentleman delivered a most eloquent address.

Messrs. Jas. Farley and Randall Moran have a large herd of imported thoroughbred swine in their pens this season. These gentlemen do a rushing business in this line every year.

Mrs. Hadrell met with a narrow escape while driving to the city on Saturday. The horse became frightened at a pile of debris along the road and the lady was thrown between the wheels. She was released with some difficulty, but received no injures but a bad shaking up.

How many people are ashamed to go into company on account of their foul-smelling breath caused from catarrh or cold in head? If they would study their own interests they would soon have sweet breath like their neighbors. There is one sure cure for catarrh and that is Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. Give one blow through the blower and you can get relief immediately. Price, including blower, 25 cents.

—William, the fourteen-year old son of Mr. William Davis, of Hamilton Township, was killed in a runaway accident.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25 cents.

—Joseph E. Kelly, who was arrested at Montreal on the charge of murdering Cashier Stickney, of the Great Falls National Bank, Summersmith, N.H., has confessed his crime.

SKIN HUMOR ON BABY

Head and Entire Body Covered. Itching Intense, Would Scratch Till Blood Came.

Had to Put Mittens on His Hands To Keep Him from Tearing His Skin.

One Application of CUTICURA Soothes Him to Sleep. Complete Cure.

When my little boy was about three months old his head broke out with a rash, which was very itchy and ran considerable watery fluid. We tried everything we could, but he got worse all the time till it spread to his arms, legs, and then to his entire body, and he got so bad that he came near dying. The rash would itch so that he would scratch till the blood ran, and a thin, yellowish stuff would be all over his pillow in the morning. I had to put mittens on his hands to keep him from tearing his skin around his wrists. He got so weak and run down that he took fainting spells like we would think him dying. He was almost a skeleton, and his little hands were thin like claws.

He was bad about eight months when we tried CUTICURA REMEDIES. I had not laid him down in his cradle in the day time for a long time. He had got so that he just slept in our arms all the time. I washed him with CUTICURA SOAP, and put on *one application of* CUTICURA, and he was so soothed that I put him in his cradle. You don't know how glad I felt he felt better. It took one box of CUTICURA, pretty near one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, and about half a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT to cure him. I think our little boy would have died only for CUTICURA REMEDIES, and I shall always remain a firm friend of them. MRS. M. C. MAITLAND, Jasper, Ont.

Cuticura Remedies have effected the most wonderful cures of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating skin and scalp humors of infants and children, as well as of adults of every age. No statement is made regarding them that is not justified by the strongest evidence. They are the most speedy, economical, and infallible skin cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies of modern times.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Props., Boston. "How to Cure Baby Humors," free.

FACE HUMORS Prevented and Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

Better be a Shoemaker.

The chief ambition of the writer's boyhood was to grow up and become the captain of a pirate ship; the most rakish and dangerous that ever swept the Spanish Main. Under compulsion of a merciless fate, I found myself willing to be a blacksmith, but under no circumstances either a tailor or a shoemaker. On searching my mind for my latent objections to the latter two forms of industry, considered as fields for my own exertions, I seemed to fix on one fault common to both: they were stuffy, monotonous, and liable to give one a backache.

Alas for me! Later observation showed me that there was no public demand for any more pirates, and that my early deductions were right as to the calling of a tailor and the shoemaker. Two things more mark the members of these useful trades; namely, all authors agree that they are, as a class, among the most thoughtful and intellectual of men, and apt to suffer from dyspepsia.

Whether the case of Mr. Charles Ingamells (who is a boot and shoemaker) bears out these theories or not, we can tell better after we have read what he has to say about himself.

"Up to November, 1892," he writes, "I was always strong and healthy. At that time I began to feel something was wrong with me. I had a bad taste in the mouth, and was heavy, languid, and tired; although I had been doing no more work than usual. My appetite was poor, and such food as I obliged myself to eat, went against me. Immediately after eating I had a sense of dulness, torpor, and weight at the stomach, as if the process of digestion had been arrested, and the meal lay sluggish and unavailing within me. I had also that tormenting feeling I have often read of in the cases of others; I mean the sense of 'gnawing,' as though a living animal were actually nibbling at the coats of my stomach. This I understood to be due to the inflammation of the parts, and the fermentation of the food, giving rise to acids which bite almost like teeth.

"I was much troubled with belching up the result of this—a sour fluid which at times half choked me. I got no proper rest night or day, and was more thoroughly fagged and worn out of a morning than when I went to bed. As I sat at my work I suffered great pain, which, of course, made what I had to do doubly difficult and exhausting.

"As time went on (nothing I had thus far used affording me any relief), I grew so weak and depressed that I had no mind or ambition for anything. In this way, with various ups and downs, I continued for two years, and with every prospect, so far as I could forecast, of remaining so for the rest of my days. 'When things are in their worst they are sure to mend,' says the proverb. I don't believe that altogether, but it came true in my case.

"In July, 1894, Mr. Pidd, the draper and grocer (and a good neighbor as well), told me about Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup and strongly advised me to try it. It cures indigestion and dyspepsia, he said, which at the bottom was no doubt my trouble. After having used only one bottle I felt wonderfully benefited. I could hardly understand it. My appetite came back and my food gave me no pain. I felt lighter and brighter than I had done for nearly two years, and I gained strength. When I had taken four bottles I was as well as ever I was in my life. I am heartily thankful that I came to know of this great remedy, and am willing you should publish this hasty statement of my case. I think my illness (chronic dyspepsia), was brought on by sitting over my work. (Signed) Chas. Ingamells, New Leake, Boston, Lines, May 16th, 1895."

Mr. Ingamells is right, in part, if not wholly. Long continued sedentary occupations usually impair the action of the stomach, especially if much thinking or worry goes with the enforced lack of exercise. The only cure is Mother Seigel's Syrup, assisted by cheerfulness and hope. We trust our friend may make make many a pair of excellent shoes before he takes a stitch otherwise than in comfort.

Their Strength Compared.

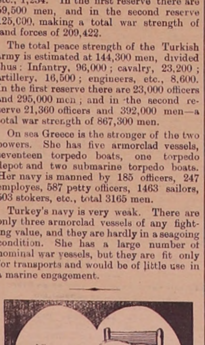
Now that the war between Greece and Turkey has actually begun, it will be interesting to compare their strength on land and at sea.

The total peace strength of the Greek army is as follows: Infantry, 14,707; cavalry, 2,648; artillery, 3,420; engineers, etc., 1,234. In the first reserve there are 59,500 men, and in the second reserve 125,000, making a total war strength of land forces of 209,422.

The total peace strength of the Turkish army is estimated at 144,300 men, divided thus: Infantry, 96,000; cavalry, 23,200; artillery, 16,500; engineers, etc., 8,600. In the first reserve there are 23,000 officers and 295,000 men; and in the second reserve 21,360 officers and 392,000 men—a total war strength of 867,300 men.

On sea Greece is the stronger of the two powers. She has five armorclad vessels, seventeen torpedo boats, one torpedo depot and two submarine torpedo boats. Her navy is manned by 185 officers, 247 employes, 587 petty officers, 1463 sailors, 503 stokers, etc., total 3165 men.

Turkey's navy is very weak. There are only three armorclad vessels of any fighting value, and they are hardly in a seagoing condition. She has a large number of nominal war vessels, but they are fit only for transports and would be of little use in a marine engagement.



DELAY MEANS DEATH.

One Dose Relieves—A Few Bottles Always Cure.

"For ten years I have suffered greatly from heart disease. Fluttering of the heart, palpitation and smothering spells have made my life miserable. When dropsy set in my physician said I must prepare my family for the worst. All this time I had seen Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure advertised. As a last resort I tried it, and think of my joy when I received great relief from one dose. One bottle cured my dropsy, and brought me out of bed, and five bottles have completely cured my heart. If you are troubled with any heart affection, and are in despair, as I was, use this remedy, for I know it will cure you."—Mrs. James Adams, Syracuse, N. Y.—Sold by R. Templeton.

—Mr. Wm. Gibson, M. P. for Lincoln, has the masonry contract for the Victoria bridge enlargement at Montreal.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—The German Consul at Quebec, Mr. Charles Pitl, dropped dead in his office of heart disease.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray.

PURE TEA

Sold in lead packets to keep their fragrance.

That is, Tea leaves, scientifically prepared, from early pickings, off well cultivated plants—is a wholesome, invigorating drink.

Few people, however nervous, are otherwise than pleasantly affected by drinking properly prepared

"Tetley's" TEAS

"FROM ANCIENT INDIA AND SWEET CEYLON."

WE ARE NOW OPEN . . . FOR BUSINESS

We wish to thank those who so liberally patronized us when in the retail business before. We sdall be pleased to see all our old customers and all others, and we shall endeavor by prompt and careful attentiou to merit your patronage.

All our goods are now.

MR. JOHN MAY is with us and will be pleased to see all his friends.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.,

HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE.

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

UNRESERVED AUCTION

—OF HIGH CLASS—

ANCIENT - AND - MODERN FURNITURE.

Tuesday, April 27, 1897, at 9:30 a.m.

TO wind up the Estate of H. CAROLINE WALLBRIDGE, I am instructed to sell the whole of the Furniture in the WHITE HOUSE, corner of Front and Dundas streets, comprising:

10 Solid Walnut Bed-room Sets
1 Solid Oak Bed-room Set.
Drawing Room Furniture.
Dining Room Furniture.
2 Sideboards.
7 Chests of Drawers.
3 Solid Walnut Wardrobes.

and hundreds of other articles too numerous to mention.

J. G. DAVISON, Auctioneer.

2016tw1t

AUCTION SALE.

MR. THOS. STEWART, Coal Merchant, has instructed me to sell at his residence, 215 Ann st., on Friday, April 23rd, his household effects, including a handsome covered Phaeton (new), Oak Bedroom Suite, Refrigerator, etc. Terms strictly cash. Sale to commence at 9:30 a.m.

4-20d3t J. G. DAVISON, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

Under Section 617 of "The Consolidated Municipal Act of 1892."

TAKE NOTICE that the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Belleville intends to carry out the following local improvement, viz: To construct a sewer on William street from the centre of Forin street to Bridge street to connect with the sewer thereon and to assess the final cost thereof by means of a special rate upon the property fronting or abutting thereon or to be immediately benefited thereby, unless the majority of the owners of such real property according to the last revised assessment roll of the Municipality of the City of Belleville representing at least one-half in value thereof petition the said Council against the same within one month after the 5th day of May, 1897, being the last day this notice is authorized to be published.

And take further notice that a statement showing the lands liable to pay the said assessment and the names of the owners thereof, as far as they can be ascertained from the last revised assessment roll, is now filed in my office and is open for inspection during office hours.

The estimated cost of the proposed sewer is $2,250; the City's share thereof $250.

Persons desiring to petition the said Council against undertaking the said proposed work must do so on or before the 7th day of June next.

D. B. ROBERTSON,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office,
Belleville, April 21st, 1897. d21-28-5

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. Lesser, Manager.

One Night Only--THURSDAY, APRIL 22nd.

∴ THE FAMOUS ∴

BROS. BYRNE

And their big company of eminent Pantomimists and Comedians, in

THE NEW EIGHT BELLS.

This season funnier and brighter than ever. A perfect cyclone of laughter from start to finish.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

Power's Opera House.

TO-NIGHT,

and every night this week,

Prof. W. G. ALEXANDER

BLINDFOLD TEST EXAMINATIONS TO-NIGHT. SILVER COLLECTION.

Private consultations daily from 10 a.m. at the Quinte.

Experience proves the merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .

—TO THE—

Nobbiest Sunday Suit

that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

. . . 1897 . . .

STEAMER

"ALEXANDRIA"

will commence season by running a grand popular

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y., AND RETURN.

FARE for Round - Trip - $1.50 FARE for Round - Trip -

SCHEDULE.

Leaving Picton, Friday, April 30th, 1897, at 4:00 o'clock p.m.; Deseronto, 5:15 p.m.; Northport, 6:00 p.m.; Belleville, 7:30 p.m.; Rednerville, 8:00 p.m.; Trenton, 9:00 p.m.; Canal (R. R. Bridge), 10:00 p.m.; Brighton, 12:00 p.m. Arriving at Charlotte (port of Rochester, N. Y.,) 5:50 o'clock a.m., on Saturday, May 1st.

Returning—will leave Charlotte 7:30 p.m., Sunday, May 2nd.

TWO DAYS—Saturday and Sunday, in Rochester or sufficient time to visit Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and other adjacent cities.

A. W. HEPBURN,
Manager, Picton, Ont.

Str. "VARUNA"

A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.

J. W. BEPBURN, Agent Picton

Don't be Bothered

with tires that need a lot of tools and are hard to manage.

Dunlop Tires

give glorious "all round" satisfaction, and never need any tools but YOUR HANDS.

For your own comfort's sake have them on your wheel.

American Dunlop Tire Co.,
TORONTO.

Mixed Paints.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS AND JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT . . . . . .

THE PHARMACY,

D M. WATERS.

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our - Tables. -

Flower's Bargain House,

378 FRONT STREET.

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

I Have for sale a quantity of good hard wood and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of mill wood, at the CENTRAL WOOD YARD, west end of Footbridge. Office, third door west Footbridge. dtf EDWARD NEWMAN.

THE SLATER SHOE

"Beau-ideal" Shape

—makes the foot look slender. Straight sided sole—full box toe, ridged at top, in latest mode. Roomy but narrow looking. Laced, Buttoned, Congress, or Oxford. Black, Tan, Seal Brown, Carmine, Wine color, 13 leathers—13 half sizes.—5 widths.—Goodyear Welt.—$3.00, $4.00, $5.00. Stamped on sole.

CATALOGUE FREE

"The Slater Shoe."

MAKERS — MONTREAL.

HAINES & LOCKETT, SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

THE history of H. A. Lozier & Co. in Canada almost reads like a fairy tale. It is almost beyond conception, the progress that this firm has made since coming here. In the fall of 1895 they manufactured the first Cleveland Bicycle made in Canada, and in the short space of time which has ensued since then they have become the most successful manufacturers in the Cycle trade. Their wonderful success has been due, not to luck, but honestly earned by embracing in the manufacturing of the Cleveland Bicycle everything that ingenuity, skill and wealth could devise. The thoroughness of manufacture and the rigid inspection which every part of the wheel has to undergo before being allowed to be used, is responsible for the fact that of the thousands of Clevelands that were turned out last season there was not one returned on account of defective workmanship. Without going into the many details and improvements that are embodied in the 1897 Cleveland, it will not be out of place to call attention to the remarkable manner in which the whole world has confirmed the verdict of America on the Cleveland Wheel during the past season.

The prejudice against American wheels was perhaps natural, but not being based on any sound objection has vanished before the Cleveland. Not only is the Cleveland solidly established in popularity in all Europe, but it can be seen in use in every civilized country of the Globe, being, for instance, in Australia the only typical and easily leading Americal wheel.

To eulogize the Cleveland would be to consume a day; suffice to say that honesty of manufacture and true merit have received their reward, and the Cleveland Bicycle well deserves the position it now occupies as the leading Wheel of Canada.

THE FOSTER COMPANY, Limited.

Our Special Agent will spend two weeks in Belleville and endeavor to show the great advantages of using

MADDEN CEREAL FOOD COFFEE.

PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Hood is not the only one who makes Sarsaparilla. There are others. For instance, Frederick Stearns & Co. make one which we guarantee to be twice the strength of Hood's or any other patent. They publish the formula on the label, so you know just what you are taking. They put their money in the medicine—not in the newspapers. So, when you want the best, ask us for Stearns'.

McKeown's Drug Store

Cream Puffs,

Filled with Whipped Cream, fresh at 11 a. m. and 3 p.m.

Price 20 cents per dozen.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO THURSDAY, APRIL 22 1897. NO. 297

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Carpets.

We wish specially to mention that in our Carpet Department all Carpets, Rugs, Squares and Mats are marked down at equally low cash prices with all other departments.

Royal Axminster
Best Velvets
Best 5-Frame Brussels
Best 4- " "
Best Brussels Tapestry
Best Tapestry
Best All-Wool
Best Unions and Hemps

We are not merely marking down undesirable patterns. Our mark down is general throughout all departments. It requires but one visit to our store to be convinced that to buy dry goods right you must buy them for cash.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW
DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Sons of Scotland.
Forest and Stream Club.
Loyal Moira Lodge C.O.O.F.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
8 Bells—Carman Opera House.
Graduating Class nurses—City Hall.
Prof. Alexander—Power Opera House.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Y.M.C.A.—J. R. H. and Reading Room.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 22—Racine, French poet, died 1699.
Battle of Camden, 1781.
Demarara taken by the English, 1793.

THE WEATHER.

The morning opened dull, but the day proved to be the hottest of the season. The comparison with date last year is as follows:

1896		1897	
Min	34	Min	36
8 a.m	42	8 a.m	48
Noon	52	Noon	68

PROBABILITIES.

Fresh to strong southeast, shifting to southwest winds; a few local showers, but mostly fair and warmer.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

ORMSBY.

Taffy parties have been the order of the week.

Our cheese factory will soon open under the control of Mr. Stanley Hicks, formerly of Wellman's.

Miss Agnes Mills, of Stratford, will take charge of the school April 26th, as Mr. G. A. Jordison left last week for school.

Mr. Whit Halen, of Madoc, who has taken charge of the Bancroft and Ormsby mail line, has planned to move his family north soon.

The drives are now under headway and some of the boys from the Ridge have hired to work in the north waters while Wm. McKillican and Jas. Davidson went to work on the south streams.

PILES CURED BY DR. CHASE.

I. M. Iral, 186 Drolet street, Montreal. 15 years suffered. Cured of blind itching piles. William Butler, Passowan, Ont. Suffered many months. Cured of protruding piles by one box. Pabano Bastard, Gower Point, Ont. Suffered for 30 years. Cured of itching piles by three boxes. Nelson Simmons, Myersburg, Ont. Cured of itching piles. Dr. Chase's Ointment will positively cure all forms of piles. Write any of the above if in doubt.

—Mr. McClure, Liberal, was elected to the Commons for Colchester by a majority of ten.

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

There was no police court this morning.

Over 9 doz. shirts sold at Schuster's from April 10th.

Stainless black cotton half hose, 2 pairs for 25c. at Harry's.

Only one ho-bo rested his limbs at the station last night.

All kinds of stand-up and turn-down collars, 2 for 25c., at Harry's.

A purse was found by the police on the market this morning containing 27 cents.

Over 9 doz. shirts sold at the great shirt guessing contest.

The streets from the upper bridge to the G. T. R. station are very dusty.

The roof is being put on Mr. Watkin's new cold storage building at the station.

We always lead in caps. Wheelmen, see the latest bicycle caps for 50c at Brasier's.

For adoption—a healthy female infant. Address Box 433, Belleville Post Office. [A22d&w2t

The Leavens, Snooks, and Garbutt case, will come before the court to-morrow when judgment will be given.

Ladies, see the latest cycling Tam. at Brasier's. Very pretty. The latest American novelty.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

Mr. Wm. Blaind will begin the numbering of the houses on the west side of the river in a few days.

Boys' school caps. See the latest and best assortment of blue and tweed golf caps for 25c in the city at Brasier's.

Garnet Brown a small boy, fell into the river yesterday afternoon and got a ducking. Apparently the wetting did him no harm.

We have received several lines of extra quality Gents' Colored Boots. We will be pleased to show them. We have the new shades and coin toes.—VERMILYEA & SON.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

Ben. Sanford is accused by Mrs. Clapper with throwing half a brick at her last night. This little affair will be aired to-morrow in Magistrate Flint's Court.

Caps our specialty. We have always led in caps in past years, but this season we have no competition in the cap line. Drop into Brasier's and be convinced of the truth of it.

The following were the bearers yesterday at the funeral of the late Mrs. Philip Hambly: G. W. Palmer, Joel Brenton, James Brenton, Sidney Fairman, Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Thomas Wills.

A local contemporary—the first down the street—printed a "roast" on the "8 Bells Company" last night, which was copied from the Hamilton Herald. It is only fair to the local management, and to the "8 Bells" company, to say that after their first performance in Toronto, that the Globe gave the show a very favorable criticism.

SPORTING NEWS.

HARE AND HOUNDS.

The hare and hound race by the Y.M.C.A. juniors yesterday afternoon was a grand success. The two hares, Claud Fairman and Rob. Alford, left the rooms at 3:30 running in a northerly direction and laying the usual trail of cut-up papers as they ran. Five minutes later the pack of hounds were fairly on the scent with Alex. Andrews and Abel Finkle leading, but the hares were too shrewd for them and in an hour's time had returned to the building 8 minutes before any of the hounds. There will be another race on Saturday morning if weather is fine. A senior accompanies the boys each time.

CRICKET.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Cricket Club held last evening it was reported that the Bridge st. grounds had been secured for the season. The crease will be put in shape at once and practice will begin in a few days.

BASE BALL

The season in the National League opens to-day.

The Torontos defeated the Athletics at Philadelphia yesterday 9 to 5.

The Prize Winner.

Mr. Geo. Bennett, of Vandervoort's Grocery, guessed the number of shirts sold from April 10th. His guess was 112. Geo. is quite delighted with the fine silk umbrella which he received this morning.—CHAS. SCHUSTER.

Sons of Scotland.

The following officers were elected at the annual meeting in Toronto: Grand Chieftain, Alexander Fraser, Toronto; Chieftain, J. A. McLean, Guelph; Grand Secretary, Captain D. M. Robertson, Toronto; Grand Treasurer, Alex. Hay, Toronto; Grand Chaplain, Rev. D. McCrea, D.D., Collingwood; Grand Medical Examiner, Thomas Wyllie, M.D., Toronto; Grand Marshal, William Bell, Winnipeg; Grand Standard Bearer, A. R. McLean, Oshawa; Grand Senior Guard, Allan Stewart, Sonya; Grand Inside Guard, J. A. McCormack, Cornwall; Grand Trustees, D. L. McLean, Ottawa; D. McCrae, Guelph; J. M. Wingfield, Toronto; Pipe Major McGregor, Hamilton. Insurance Committee, D. L. McLean, Ottawa; D. Ferguson, Toronto; E. A. Maclaurin, Toronto; D. Monro, Cornwall; D. F. McWatt, Barrie.

Sensation Exploded.

(Special to the INTELLIGENCER.)

COBOURG, April 22.—The preliminary hearing of the charge of arson laid against Chief of Fire Brigade Stevens and Arthur Bond was held this morning before P. M. Dumble. The evidence presented was not sufficient to make out a prima facie case, and the accused were accordingly discharged.

A GROWING BUSINESS.

A Visit to Mr. W. C. Reid's Nursery—Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

A reporter of the INTELLIGENCER had the pleasure yesterday of visiting Mr. W. C. Reid's nurseries and trial grounds on Dundas st. Mr. Reid has gradually increased his business from a small beginning to its present large proportions, and it is surprising the amount of stock he is turning out at present.

We first looked over the shipping ground, where five or six men were busily engaged making up orders for fruit and ornamental trees. In this work the greatest care is exercised both in keeping the stock fresh and making sure of the variety. The trees are kept in trenches until they are called for or shipped away, so that they do not become dry, as is the case with most imported stock.

Mr. Reid has made a thorough study of his business and in the matter of fruit trees is prepared to give prospective purchasers intelligent advice on the selection of the best varieties for shipping and domestic purposes. He does not grow any varieties that are not popular with shippers or specially adapted for table use. In apples he has a very large range and his trees are the most healthy and uniform in size we have ever seen. He guarantees every tree of his stock if given one half the attention after it leaves his hands that it has received before.

Mr. Reid is making a specialty of ornamental ferns, cedars and other shrubs, and he has also some very rare varieties in roses. In small fruits he handles only the best varieties, and the stock he has turned out during the past few years has borne excellent fruit. An advantage enjoyed by Mr. Reid is that he has very fertile soil in which to start his grafts, thus assuring healthy growth. He employs in the cultivation of his trees only men skilled in the work, so that mistakes are very rare.

The citizens of Belleville and the farmers of this district should patronize this home industry, as by so doing they are assured of the very best quality of fruit, and are assisting to build up a business which will benefit the city and country. Mr. Reid's business is much larger this year than ever before, and he is increasing his grounds. Mr. Reid will be pleased to have people look over his nursery.

Piano Tuning.

Mr. W. U. Alston, as a first-class piano tuner is highly recommend by Messrs. Mason & Risch and A. & S. Nordheimer. Orders may be left at Riggs' music store.

Licenses Granted.

The License Commissioners for West Hastings met yesterday afternoon to consider the applications for licenses in the riding.

The following hotel licenses were granted: Wm. Docter, D. Callaghan, J. A. O'Neil, M. Wims, C. Kyle, McGuire Bros., Capt. W. H. Bottom, F. H. Vanaltan, Jas. Logan, D. Coyle, J. F. Baird, J. V. Jenkins, John Mackie, John F. Cockram, Norah Feehery, Jas. E. Ketcheson.

Shops—W. Bullen, Geo. Wallbridge, Dechane & Leavens.

Wholesale—H. Corby.

Trenton licenses will be dealt with to-morrow, and the other hotels in Belleville not mentioned in the above list will be dealt with at a future meeting.

The law does not require that any licenses be cut off in this city this year.

A Gentle Reminder.

You may not need an umbrella to-day but you might to-morrow; it will pay you to save money while the sun shines by buying one of Harry's $1.00 umbrellas.

Oddfellows' Celebration.

On Sunday the I.O.O.F. will celebrate their anniversary by attending divine worship at the Baptist church in the morning, when the pastor, the Rev. V. H. Cowsert, will preach. The brethren will meet in Belleville Lodge at 10 a.m.

On Monday evening a concert and assembly will be held at the assembly room, in the premises of Belleville Lodge.

The General Committee re the meeting of Grand Lodge will meet in Mizpah Lodge on Friday night.

Keep Your Eyes

In good condition by wearing properly fitted glasses. When these are necessary, if in doubt, call on ALEX. RAY, Druggist and Optician.

Amusement Notes.

8 BELLS.

The above pantomimic comedy, which has had such wonderful success everywhere, will be seen at the Carman Opera House to-night. The Brothers Byrne are a rarely progressive firm of clever artists, and in this season's production will give their many admirers a rare treat. The last act is entirely new and will convince our theatre goers that the Brothers Byrne are head and shoulders over other artists on the pantomimic stage. Everything has been perfected in detail. Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. The plan will remain at Riggs' music store up to 6 o'clock.

What Haines & Lockett Say.

We are putting new stock into the Coleman store, where we have had our sale, and shall try and make the place as comfortable and attractive as possible while our own place is rebuilding. What damaged stock there is left will be sold at very low prices till all is sold out. Meantime new lines of seasonable shoes are arriving daily—HAINES & LOCKETT.

—Kelly, the Somersworth murderer, arrested at Montreal, consented to go back with the Sheriff without extradition, and left in charge of the American officers.

Under eminent scientific control.

"APENTA"

The Best Natural Laxative Water.

The most certain and comfortable cathartic in cases of constipation and sluggish liver or piles.

TWEED BURGLARY.

Further Particulars—The Burglars' Tools Found—Robbed for the Fourth Time.

(From our own Correspondent.)

TWEED, April 21st.—This morning about four o'clock the grist mill belonging to Geo. Easterbrook and the Post-Office were entered by a gang of burglars. The safe in the mill was broken by an explosion, and the door was twisted and broken across about the centre. They only got a few coppers. Two of the windows were broken by concussion.

The Post-Office door was unlocked. They must have had a key that opened it. There they got out of Mr. Bowell's till about $2.50 in coppers and some stamps.

In the mill were found a small drill and an old sledge.

This is the fourth time the mill and Post-Office have been burglarized.

How many people are ashamed to go into company on account of their foul-smelling breath caused from catarrh or cold in head? If they would study their own interests they would soon have sweet breath like their neighbors. There is one sure cure for catarrh and that is Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. Give one blow through the blower and you can get relief immediately. Price, including blower, 25 cents.

COLLEGE BUILDINGS SOLD

The Government Will Likely Establish Two Institutions.

COBOURG, April 20.—The old Victoria College buildings have been sold to the Ontario Government for $25,000 at the rate of $5,000 per acre for five years without interest. The college authorities claim the buildings were sold too cheaply, while the Government claimed they were paying all they were worth, considering that they will have to spend from $15,000 to $20,000 in order to put them into proper shape for a public institution. However that may be, the original cost of the buildings was about $65,000, Faraday hall costing $22,000 and old Vic. about $43,000. The land is not so valuable as it was, as a portion of it, eight acres purchased by Mr. Beatty, cost $4,000. The Government has not made public the particular institution it proposes to establish in these buildings, but so far as we can learn it is their intention to turn the college building into a reformatory for girls, similar to the reformatory for boys at Penetanguishene, while Faraday hall is to be converted into a home for epileptics.

Boys' Good Suits.

You never hear of any one saying they get a bad suit at the Oak Hall. Once and a while you may hear a mother say this—"My, $5 seems a big price for a little boy's suit." Just so, it may appear that way, but if this suit for $5 wears out two suits at $3.50, which is the cheaper? Oak Hall suits for boys are good

Wootton-Taylor Nuptials.

A very pleasant event took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. William Tennent, Church st., at 3 o'clock this afternoon, when Miss Nellie F. Taylor was married to Mr. Ernest A. Wootton, of Maynooth. Rev. M. W. Maclean, pastor of St. Andrew's church, performed the ceremony in the presence of a few relatives and friends of the contracting parties. After a sumptuous wedding dinner Mr. and Mrs. Wootton left on the Peterborough train en route to their new home, followed by the best wishes of a host of friends.

The bride received an unusually large number of beautiful presents. She was a very popular young lady in the city and will be greatly missed by her friend. Mr. Wootton is a prosperous merchant at Maynooth and highly esteemed in that locality. The INTELLIGENCER joins with the many friends of the young couple in congratulations.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

SIR,—In answer to numerous enquiries as to why the Sun newspaper has published a notice highly unfavorable to the "8 Bells" company, who are to appear at the Carman opera house to-night, I have to say that the cause is obvious. I do not advertise in that paper. The INTELLIGENCER and Ontario are, in my opinion, sufficient to reach the public, and the Sun is mistaken in the opinion that by any such disreputable means it can force me into paying for what I do not want—the use of its advertising columns.

A. LESSER,
Manager.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.
QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

THE KINGSTON TRIP.

Col. Ponton and Major Biggar Make all Arrangements—Battalion Notes.

Col. Ponton and Major Biggar were in Kingston yesterday arranging for the visit of the 15th to that city on the 24th of May. They were most courteously received by the officers of the local corps and every attention paid them. The arrangements for the trip are now about complete and the boys in red are certain of a grand reception in the Limestone City.

The Battalion will leave here at 10 o'clock on the night of the 22nd and will reach Kingston about 11:30 by special train. They will be quartered in Ontario Hall, part of the city building, only a short distance from the city G. T. R. station. The hall is on the second story of the city building and has windows on both sides, so that there will be plenty of ventilation. Wash rooms will be provided in the market shambles below. The men will each have three blankets. They will take their meals at the hotels around the market square. There will be a church parade on Sunday, in which all the local and visiting corps will join.

The officers of both the 13th and 15th will be quartered at Hotel Frontenac. The 13th Batt. will reach Kingston about 7 o'clock on Saturday evening and will go under canvas on the fair grounds. On Monday, 24th, there will be a grand military parade, with a salute of twenty-one guns at noon. This will undoubtedly be the best trip the battalion have ever had, and it will only cost each man $2.

BATTALION NOTES.

Col. Ponton has received word from the Department that if he can secure a full battalion in two weeks, a full issue of serge tunics, belts and frogs will be made to the men. This should be an incentive towards a hustle by officers and men.

The battalion will parade next week and there will be company drill every evening from now till the 24th of May.

The 15th Battalion was not included in the list of battalions from which the jubilee regiment is to be selected. Col. Ponton has written the department asking why Belleville and its battalion are to be ignored.

The 14th Battalion, of Kingston, are drilling nightly, so that they may not be outshone by the visiting corps on the 24th.

Let there be a grand rally to the ranks of the old 15th, and the regiment will do themselves proud as usual on their third annual outing.

Sale of Furniture.

PRIVATE SALE of FURNITURE at White House, corner of Front and Dundas sts., Friday and Saturday between hours of 10 and 12 and 3 and 5. 4-22d2t.

PERSONAL.

J. H. Jamieson, Picton, is at the Quinte.

T. H. Wootton, Stirling, is at the Quinte.

Col. Brown was reported weaker to-day.

J. R. Tait, L'Amable, is registered at the Quinte.

Mrs. Geo. F. Stewart, Octavia st., is seriously ill.

Mrs. C. D. Macaulay is prostrated by pneumonia.

Miss Goldie, of Galt, is the guest of Miss Ethelind G. Thomas.

L. Redner and wife, Ameliasburg, are registered at the Quinte.

Mr. Donald Patterson has been ill for several days with hiccoughs.

Miss Ethel Reid, of London, Eng., is visiting her uncle, Mr. C. M. Reid.

E. Donald and W. E. Foster were at the Queen's, Toronto, yesterday.

Mr. Costigan denies the rumor that he intended going over to the Liberals.

Mrs. E. W. Reede, Toronto, has returned home after visiting friends in city.

Mrs. VanNorman is in Toronto attending the wholesale summer sale of millinery.

Mr. Thos. Waterston, of the G. T. R. Solicitor's office, went to Ottawa on business to-day.

Mr. "Al." Lesser, Manager of the Carman Opera House, has returned from his Easter visit to Montreal.

Lieut.-Governor Kirkpatrick left Liverpool yesterday on the steamer Majestic on his way back to Toronto.

Emperor William of Germany arrived in Vienna yesterday morning, and was welcomed by Emperor Francis Joseph and all the Archdukes.

Col. John Hay, the United States Ambassador to the Court of St. James', arrived in Southampton yesterday, and was welcomed by the Mayor.

Mr. G. F. Marter, M.P.P., left this morning for Europe, where he will recuperate after the fatiguing duties of the session. He will remain on the Continent until December next.

Miss Maud Reid, formerly of this city, and now of Chicago, where she went some months ago to take a course in one of the training schools of that city, has secured a good position in North Carolina.

The Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen attended a public meeting in Montreal yesterday, when the latter explained the project for the establishment in Canada of a Victorian Order of Nurses in commemoration of her Majesty's diamond jubilee. A resolution was adopted approving the scheme.

D. R. Hawley, C. Laycock, A. H. Wootton, J. D. Shaw, F. S. Currie, Montreal; T. McQuillan, J. L. Bronsdon, G. H. Clemes, R. Matthews, E. Sale, J. J. Leavitt, F. A. Prinie, Chas. H. Watson, Loth Reinhardt, Toronto; E. A. Wootton, Maynooth; J. S. Heath, Kingston; J. H. Jamieson, Picton; Burton L. Redner and wife, Ameliasburg; Samuel F. Davis, Philadelphia; T. H. Wootton, Stirling; J. R. Tait, L'Amable, are at the Quinte.

Arthur W. H. Callaghan, W. H. Cochram, Kingston; Fred Sherman, Napanee; M. M. Rice, F. M. Zavitz, E. J. Salisbury, W. H. Knox, Wm. G. Phillips, Toronto; John Franklin, Madoc; W. E. Wolfile, Berlin; J. W. Hearnes, East Toronto; Chas. P. Parent, Montreal; G. R. German, Marmora; E. B. Cale, Stratford; W. R. Mather and J. Barrie, Campbellford; J. J. Ward, Consecon; twelve members of 8 Bells Co., are registered at the Anglo.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

.·.CARPETS.·.

If you want a new Carpet why not have one of CROSSLEY'S?

For wear and style this make is recognized as

AHEAD of ALL OTHERS

and the prices are not higher than you would pay for inferior makes. This season's newest patterns in stock.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

APRIL SHOWERS
BRING
MAY FLOWERS.

....They also bring a ready sale for our....
Ladies' Umbrellas .·.

We can help you in making a selection. See our Fancy Handles.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

Baby Carriages.

Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.

Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.

When baby "goes-a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.

The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.

Wall Papers.

One word—the '97 designs are far and away in advance of anything ever produced before—beautiful rich colorings, magnificent designs; perfectly appointed in every respect.

C. B. Scantlebury.

If you have any dyeing or cleaning you wish attended to this spring remember we hold the sole agency for R. PARKER & CO., Toronto. They do perfect work and do it as rapidly as is best for it to be done.

We are

Making an exceptionally fine LEMON PIE now. They are 25 cents each, and are worth it every bit. After trying one we believe you will willingly pay that amount for ours. We have them fresh to-day and any day you want them.

CHAS. S. CLAPP.

Hat-wear.

New hats are wanted, and you know that no place in town can you get the quantity, the quality and the variety to choose from as at BRASIER'S. This is no new story, but it's good enough to repeat again and again.

You want hat-worth for the least money. We give it. Hats for all heads—Old, Middle-aged or Young—we're dictators in hat styles. Highest in quality—lowest in price—always.

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

'Phone 219 J. Owen

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Try our Tinsmith on stove repairs. Stoves taken down on the shortest notice.

PLUMBING AND GAS-FITTING.

Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.

HATS AND CAPS.
MEN'S UNDERWEAR.
GLOVES AND HOSIERY.
COLLARS, CUFFS AND TIES.
UMBRELLAS AND SUSPENDERS.
MEN'S & BOYS' SWEATERS.
MEN'S AND BOYS' BICYCLE CAPS.
BICYCLE GLOVES AND HOSE.
BICYCLE SUITS, Caps to match.
BOYS' 2 AND 3 PIECE SUITS.
MEN'S BLACK & NAVY SERGE SUITS.
MEN'S ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS.
WORKINGMEN'S PANTS, OVERALLS, SMOCKS, &c.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Men's Outfitter.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

We have just received, direct from the makers in Switzerland, a fine lot of Swiss Lace Curtains and Sash Nets, Window Shade Laces and Fringes.

Our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Furniture Coverings, etc., is very complete, and the prices will be found lower than any other house in Belleville.

Have just put into stock a beautiful lot of American Picture Mouldings, and some very pretty pictures suitable for studies or framing.

Do not be afraid to come in and look at our goods, even if you are not out to buy.

T. P. BROWN'S
Opposite Bank of Commerce.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUGNETT proprietor. dtf

A Graduate o Toronto University says

"My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years. Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy which always effects a cure

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:15 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.

Going East.	(Arrive.)
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:10 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

THEY "AGREE TO DIFFER."

There is a wide divergence of opinion between Liberals as to whether their party are carrying out the pledges that they made whilst they were in Opposition.

This difference is strikingly illustrated in the following extracts from the writings of two well-known Liberals :

The Editor of the Galt Reformer (Liberal.)	C. A. Mallory (Liberal) Grand President of the P. of I.
The shockingly useless waste of public moneys, which so long characterized the Conservative regime, is displaced by retrenchment and economy. Useless offices are being abolished, scores of sinecures are being cut off, and the public purse for the first time in eighteen years is being guarded in the interests of the public. Those who have held that politics is a case of "grab" must view with satisfaction the action of the various ministers in readjusting the affairs of his department, so as to effect the best service at a minimum of cost.	The policy of the Liberals when in Opposition was economy and retrenchment, a lessening of taxation and a removal of protection, a cultivation of friendship with our neighbors and a tariff for revenue only, with British free trade as the goal. From present indications their policy when in power is lavish expenditure, resulting in an increase of debt and taxation, a remodelled system of protection, retaliation whenever it can be applied with a tariff framed to match McKinley, while cold storage, rapid transport, and shouts of loyalty are expected to cushion the farmers' shoulders for the load of taxes all parties seem determined we shall bear.

"Where doctors differ the patient may die," says the ancient proverb. It may, in a comparatively short time, be verified in this connection.

"WHAT WILL THE TARIFF BE?

This day, if the promise of our Liberal rulers at Ottawa be not broken, will be "big with fate" for Canada ; for, perhaps as these lines are passing through the press, Finance Minister Fielding will be laying before the assembled wisdom of Parliament, in his budget speech, the policy of the Laurier-Tarte Administration as to the tariff. The great question for the last eight months has been as to what that policy will be. Will the Liberals live up to their ante-election declarations, or will they legislate on other lines? Few, we imagine, look for the carrying out of the policy of the Liberal party, as thus formally defined in their great party convention, which was held at Ottawa in June 1893, and which they had not repudiated up to the day of election, namely June, 23rd, 1896 :

> That the customs tariff of the Dominion should be based, not as it is now, upon the protective principle, but upon the requirements of the public service ; that the existing tariff, founded upon an unsound principle, and used, as it has been by the Government, as a corrupting agency wherewith to keep themselves in office, has developed monopolies, trusts and combinations ; it has decreased the value of farm and other landed property ; it has oppressed the masses to the enrichment of a few ; it has checked immigration ; it has caused great loss of population ; it has impeded commerce ; it has discriminated against Great Britain ; in these and in many other ways it has occasioned great public and private injury, all of which evils must continue to grow in intensity as long as the present tariff system remains in force. That the highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle to our country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing injustice to any class, will promote domestic and foreign trade, and hasten the return of prosperity to our people ; that to that end the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient Government ; that it should be so adjusted as to make free, or to bear as lightly as possible upon, the necessities of life, and should be so arranged as to promote freer trade with the whole world, more particularly with Great Britain and the United States. We believe that the results of the protective system have grievously disappointed thousands of persons who honestly supported it, and that the country, in the light of experience, is now prepared to declare for a sound fiscal policy. The issue between the two political parties on this question is now clearly defined. The Government themselves admit the failure of their fiscal policy, and now profess their willingness to make some changes ; but they say that such changes must be based only on the principle of protection. We denounce the principle of protection as radically unsound, and unjust to the masses of the people, and we declare our conviction that any tariff changes based on that principle must fail to afford any substantial relief from the burdens under which the country labors. This issue we unhesitatingly accept, and upon it we await with the fullest confidence the verdict of the electors of Canada.

This declaration of principle will be found useful for comparison with the practice of the party whose honor was pledged to it in the most formal manner possible. That Messrs. Laurier, Tarte and their colleagues, who have been fighting over the matter for weeks past, are not expected to adhere to their professions, but, as is the usual course of their party, to ignore them, is evidenced by the following utterances of that stalwart Grit free-trader, the Montreal Witness, in its issue of the 20th instant :

> If the readers of the Liberal journals which published this plank of the party in June last so frequently, voted for the Liberal candidates in reliance upon the word of these journals that the party would be true to its pledges, they must feel sadly betrayed as they read the editorials of these same journals to-day, excusing and defending in anticipation an expected surrender to the protected interests. For our part we confidently expect the Government to carry out the policy outlined in the above tariff plank of the Liberal platform.

The trustfulness of the journal which the other day asked "What is truth?" would be pathetic were it not so self-evidently jesuitical.

However, the time for speculation on the subject has almost passed. The issue has been decided in the Cabinet, and nothing remains but the unveiling of the result of their deliberations, in order to determine whether we are to have a hideous monster, liked the Veiled Prophet proved on exposure, or a tariff full of prosperity for Canada's varied interests. We hope for the latter, but have many doubts.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Clear Gritism Truly.

Montreal Gazette.

At a meeting of the Ottawa Reform Club, it appears that certain Liberal M. P.'s deplored the idea that the volunteers should be called upon to "buy their places" upon the Canadian jubilee representative contingent, and it is said one gentleman denounced it as a "Tory picayune trick." It would seem that some Liberals have been so long accustomed to associate everything the Government does with Toryism that they forget, at times, where they are at. The project to make the militiamen pay their own expenses to England is purely liberal, and mean. If Canada is to send a representative battalion to the Jubilee celebration the country should pay the expense. It will pay Mr. Laurier's expenses.

Blighted Hopes.

Toronto Star (Liberal).

We had hoped that with the advent of a new Government an era of economy would have been introduced. The Liberals have for years complained of the lavish expenditure of the Conservative Government on public works. But no sooner do they obtain the power, than schemes involving the addition of many millions are entered into.

"On the Inside."

Mail and Empire.

From the sudden activity shown by a large number of Montreal business men in taking out of bond such goods as sugar, tea, coffee, cotton fabrics, spirits, leather, tobacco, etc., it would appear that the tariff uncertainty is being removed a little too completely by somebody "on the inside.

"The Same Chap"—Roasting a "Chestnut."

Hamilton Spectator.

The present writer does not know what the Spectator said about Mr. Mackenzie during his last years in power, during his leadership of the Opposition after 1878, or at the time when he was betrayed and deserted by his party in 1880, and is quite willing to take the Times' word for it. The Times man of to-day, who so heartily denounces the Spectator of that time, ought to know what this paper said then, for he was the identical chap who then wielded the bludgeon with which poor Mackenzie was pounded by the Spectator.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures ; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

WITH THE TEACHERS.

Nothing Either Too Small or Too Great for Their Notice.

The Minister of Education Will be Memorialized by the School Trustees' Section Not to Alter the Law Regarding Religious Instruction in Schools—Normal School Alumni Wish to Fittingly Celebrate the Jubilee of That Institution—Three Instructive Sessions Were Held Yesterday.

Toronto, April 22.

The session of the Ontario Educational Association continued in the Normal School yesterday. According to the report of the general secretary, the attendance this year is larger than ever before. The papers are increasing in public interest and a large number were read yesterday. The address of the retiring president, delivered at the evening session, was of unusual importance. The proceedings conclude this evening.

Mr. W. E. Groves, Toronto, in the Public school department, gave an address on "The Influence of the Public School Department: How to Extend It." The lack of interest, he charged, among other things, to the lack of permanency in the personnel of the corps of Public school teachers, the lack of security in the tenure of the teacher's office, the non-representative character of the department, lack of permanency in the membership of the department and the further fact that the department was not in close touch with the training department and the inspectors' department.

Among the remedies suggested were an increase in the age limit, for a license to teach, a lengthening of the Model school term, the formation of a provincial protective association which would provide sick benefits and a small retiring pension, the necessity of county institutes sending a duly accredited representative, with the extension of his term of representation to two or three years, and, finally, a close unity of interest between the various departments interested in Public school work.

Mr. C. Ferrier, Mimico, read a paper on "The Aims and Methods of an Industrial School." The purpose of such an institution, he said, was to prevent crime by drying up its source. He refuted the idea that the school was in any way a prison. He explained at length the methods in vogue in the Mimico school. They had 50 acres of land, an orchard, six cottages, school house, workshops, etc. After eight months of general work, a boy was allowed a choice of employment.

Mr. William Scott, Guelph, in a paper on "The Public School Leaving Examination," advocated more advanced education in the Public schools, because 65 per cent. of the population never went any further. He thought that the entrance examination should be dropped and the Public school leaving take its place. He advocated also the adoption of agriculture and elementary physics as compulsory subjects in the Public schools.

Mr. H. I. Strang, Goderich defended the High school system from recent attacks. He said these complainers sought to make it appear that there was widespread discontent among the farming and laboring classes with the system, that they wanted the Public schools made more efficient, and higher education left to those who were able to pay for it. In his experience he had never found a farmer who did not commend the High schools. He had found that the schools were condemned mostly by those who had no children and professional men, while they were supported by the industrial classes. Who was to say in this democratic country what was the proper sphere for any boy? He had no objection to scholarships, but the scholarship system, proposing to enable the bright boys to get ahead, would be limiting the possibilities of the great majority, instead of letting all have a fair chance.

Mr. J. H. Burritt, Pembroke, recommended with regard to religion in the schools that the laws remain as they are now. He claimed that the state exists for one thing, religion for another; that religion pertains to the hereafter; the state's functions are confined to this planet; that their aims are diverse and contradictory; that morality can be taught apart from religious dogma, and is fully provided for in our school law; that the school curriculum is now more than full of the absolute essentials, and if religious instruction is to be forced in something essential will be forced out, the result being that the children are imperfectly equipped for the battle here and very questionably prepared for their journey in the other world.

On motion, the Minister of Education will be memorialized by the Trustee Department to leave the law regarding religious instruction in schools as it is.

Inspector Morgan, in an address on "What Method of Inspection Would Secure the Best Results," advised the inspectors to show themselves the true friends of teachers and pupils.

Mr. Locheed, M. A., principal of Caledonia High School, sang the praises of a system involving phonetic vertical script, with a complete consistent phonetic alphabet, with every vowel sound and consonant function represented. His paper was entitled "Phonetic Script as an Aid to the Teaching of Reading, Writing and Spelling." He argued from the standpoint, not of a spelling reformer, but of a teacher who finds that much time and energy are wasted in the way of a child first grappling with reading and spelling under the present traditional and much-involved system. His idea is to supplement the present phonic system by making the elements of English words visible as well as audible.

"The Ideal Teacher," according to Mr. R. W. Murray, Toronto Provincial Model School, should be in the prime of life, in good health and should have natural governing powers. Among his acquired qualifications should be the very best literary training and a knowledge of psychology.

"The Women in Canadian Literature" was the title of an essay by Miss Janet Carnochan, Niagara. The subject matter was not Canadian authors, but female characters in Canadian literature. The writer deplored the tendency lately shown to decry Canadian poetry. She quoted such writers as Kirby, Miss Curzon, Robert Margery, Wilfrid Campbell, Isabella V. Crawford, Charles Mair, Miss Machar, Dr. O'Hagan, "Seranus," P. McArthur, Jean Blewett and others to show that the women depicted in their works were noble, unselfish, patriotic, tender and true, willing and daring.

"Cabot and His Times," a paper of special interest on this, the 400th anniversary of the explorer's great discovery, was read by Mrs. S. A. Curzon, Toronto. She dealt with the impulsiveness which characterized the literature, religion and traveling activity, and which originated with the renaissance period. This accounted for the utopian dreams of More, the religious ideals of Colet, the intellectual vigor of Erasmus and the daring of such seamen as Columbus and Cabot.

At the training department Mr. T. R. Stewart, Stratford, quoted several instances of incompetency on the part of members of county boards of examiners who examine Model school students. He advocated the appointment of a central board of examiners, his paper being on "Examinations of Model school students."

The Trustees' Department was much interested in the paper on the vital subject of "Manual Training in the Public Schools," read by Mr. George C. Chown, Kingston. He dealt principally with the physiological side of the subject, maintaining that the development of the brain cells, which generate nerve energy, could only take place in compatibility with the corresponding development of the right and left sides of the body, with which the right and left sides of the brain were inversely connected. Consequently brain development depended to a great extent on physical exercise.

Dr. Loudon delivered an address on "The Interference of Sound" before the Mathematical and Physical Association. He illustrated his remarks with the acoustical apparatus of the University and the condensations and rarefactions due to sound waves were made visible to the eye by Koenig's manometric flame apparatus.

A meeting of the Normal School Alumni was held in the prinipal's lecture room, Hon. Dr. Ross presiding. The object of the meeting was to formulate some plan of celebrating the jubilee of the Normal School on Nov. 1 next. Addresses were delivered by the chairman, Inspectors Kelly, Fotheringham, Brown, Glashan and others. The following committee was appointed to make the arrangements: Hon. Dr. Ross, the principal, vice-principal and teachers of the Normal School, Dr. McLellan and Inspectors Kelly, Fotheringham, Hughes, Chapman, Deacon, Smith, Glashan, Principals Doan, Baxter and Elliott.

In his valedictory address President Dearness regretted that the Technical schools and School of Practical Science were not represented in the association. All things considered, Ontario had the finest system of education today.

The Minister of Education smiled and blushed.

"But we are here," the president went on, "to find out the evils and remedy them." Lessons could be learned in school sanitation from Great Britain, the teaching of elementary sciences from Nova Scotia, technical school instruction from France, and various other improvements in different countries. He advised that sanitation should be enforced upon peril of the refusal of Government grant. He was confident that the study of the science of agriculture would soon find a place in the Public school curriculum. It was not the secondary education that took the boys off the farm, but it was the years of town boarding that was most responsible for this tendency. He ridiculed the over-attention paid to spelling in the schools, to the neglect of writing. He had never seen a letter in which the spelling was so bad that he lost much time in reading it, but there were few persons who had not met with letters in which the writing forbade deciphering."

The president concluded with a reference to the teaching of religion in schools. Occasionally from certain clergymen there arose a clamor for formal religious instruction in schools by the regular teachers. This agitation would be dangerous to the harmony and success of the schools only that nobody else than the agitators seemed to be excited by it. Some of these good people would lay burdens on the teachers that they didn't seem willing to touch, although the school law offered them every reasonable opportunity. One reverend member of a deputation to the Government, who came from his own county, was reported as bewailing the disuse of the Bible in the schools and deploring their growing godlessness. At that very time the Scriptures were daily read in the school of his own district, which he was never known to visit in school hours while he resided there.

"In view of these recurring criticisms," said the speaker, "and such an utterance as that by a judge at the Wentworth Assizes last year, it behooves us who know the truth to proclaim from time to time that our schools are religious and Christian. This association stands not only against those who would make catechists of the teachers, but also against those secularists who would not permit us to invoke the Divine blessing on our daily labors. Our free schools are the staunchest bulwark of our national morality and permanence. May they never suffer an invasion of either a sectarianism or a secularism which would disturb their harmony and destroy their usefulness."

The officers of the General Association were elected for the coming year as follows: President, Mr. John Munro, Ottawa; secretary, Mr. R. W. Doan, Toronto; treasurer, Mr. W J. Hendry, Toronto.

"Just as Good as Scott's Emulsion"

You hear it in nine out of ten drug stores.

It is the reluctant testimony of 40,000 druggists that Scott's Emulsion is the standard of the world.

And isn't the kind all others try to range up to, the kind for you to buy?

Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00.

Dr. CHASE CURES FATHER AND CHILD

Both afflicted with Eczema of a very troublesome type and cured in a remarkably short while by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

"I was troubled for ten years with eczema on one leg; the itching was something terrible; would scratch until the blood came. How I came to know the value of DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT, I have a little girl two years; when she was one year old the same disease began to show upon her face. It wasn't long before her face became literally covered with it. In order to keep her from scratching it we had to bandage her hands up. I tried several doctors, but got no relief. Seeing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT so highly advertised I made up my mind to purchase a box, which I did from one of our leading druggists. The first application I noticed a change. It was then I began to think about myself. With four or five applications, to my surprise, I am completely cured, no sign of the disease, and my little girl's face to-day is clear of all the scabs. I am only too glad to inform any person what a blessing DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT has proved itself.

"HIRAM FREY,
"Wheel Maker,
"Norwood, Ont."

A man cannot run away from Death. If he would conquer it he must stand and fight with the weapons of common sense and science. Thousands of men and women try to escape Death's most active agent, consumption, by running away. They flee from one climate to another, and from one end of the world to the other, forgetting their demon is within them and not to be escaped from by a change of locality. Consumption has been pronounced incurable. It is not. It is curable and without change of climate if the proper remedy is resorted to, in reasonable time.

98 per cent. of all cases of consumption are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It goes to the seat of the trouble. It cures all disorders of the digestion. It makes the appetite keen and the assimilation of the food perfect. It fills the blood with life-giving elements. It is the great blood-purifier, flesh-builder, and nerve-invigorator. It acts directly on the lungs. It not only cures consumption, but all other wasting diseases due to improper nourishment. All good druggist sell it.

"I have used one bottle of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and am now on the second one," writes Amanda E. Blankenship, of Templeton, Dyer Co., Tenn. "I am pleased to say that I have received more benefit from it than from all the medicine I have taken from our home doctors in the last twelve months."

Whoever would like a complete medical library in compact form should send for Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This is a book of 1,008 pages, illustrated with more than 300 drawings and colored plates. Dr. Pierce is one of the best known medical men in the United States. The best of what he knows is "boiled down" in this book. He talks to you in plain English of all the sickness you ever heard of. Several chapters relate to the physiology of woman's reproductive organs. This book, until recently, sold for $1.50. At this price 680,000 copies were sold. Now an enormous edition in paper covers is to be distributed absolutely FREE. Send 31 one-cent stamps to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., to pay the cost of customs and mailing *only*. If a copy in fine French cloth with embossed covers is desired, send 50 stamps.

YUKON CHARTERED COMPANY.

Petition to Parliament for Incorporation—Some Very Important Britishers Are in the Scheme.

Ottawa, April 21.—(Special.)—An important petition was presented to Parliament to-day for incorporation of what is to be known as the British Yukon Chartered Company. It is important on account of the influential character of the signatures. Chief among them is his Serene Highness the Duke of Teck, son-in-law to Her Majesty. The petitioners also include 51 members of the British House of Commons, among whom are: A. Dincher, R. B. Martin, H. S. Samuel, Major Dalbiac, Hon. H. V. Duncombe, H. H. Marks, E. Flower, Major Jones, W. J. Howell, Thomas Richardson, H. C Richards and others, and many leading bankers and merchants in London. The company is asking the Canadian Government for a guarantee of 3 per cent. interest on a bond issue of a million and a quarter dollars, to enable them to build a railway from the head of the Lynn Canal over the White Mountain Pass to the head waters of navigation on the Yukon River, thereby tapping 9000 miles of navigable water and enabling the company's proposed fleet of steamers to serve the great gold-bearing districts. The company offer to administer the territory subject to conditions to be prescribed by the Government.

A War of Rates Imminent.

Chicago, April 21.—More demoralization has been discovered in connection with the excessive commissions now being paid by the Western roads. The report circulated that the Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific were paying commissions to ticket brokers in Denver, has led the other roads to pay them not only in Denver, but throughout the Western territory. Threats have been renewed that unless the present practice is stopped immediately, open reductions in the tariff will be made to meet the cuts put into effect by the brokers.

A Foul Air Recorder.

A foul air indicator, which is expected to record bad atmosphere as the thermometer does the temperature, has recently been introduced in Zurich, Switzerland. The apparatus consists of a tube filled with a red liquid, below which a cord is hung tightened by a weight. This liquid has the property of changing its color when acted upon by impure air. The liquid is allowed to flow along the cord at the rate of one drop every hundred seconds. As the drop runs down the cord it changes color, becoming white at the end. The exact condition of the air is shown by a scale placed alongside the cord, divided into degrees marked "extremely bad," "very bad," "passable," and pure."

His Motion.

"Do you mean to say," asked the visitor, in horror, "that the gentleman was shot for simply rising and making a motion during a meeting of your debating society?"

"Sut'ingly," replied the colonel, "but you must rememhah, sah, that the motion he was called down on was made in the direction of his hip pocket, sah."—Detroit Free Press.

BICYCLE CLOTHING COMFORT!

The Enjoyment of Riding a Wheel is discounted 50 per cent. when you are not properly clothed for it.

The proper attire for the '97 Wheelman is not a heavy expense, if purchased here. Our suits have all the good points of the made-to-order kind without its large price. We have some in Scotch Tweed effects, Knickerbockers, Patch Pockets, double seat, at

...$5 and $6...

BICYCLE PANTS.

Those who do not wish a complete suit can get the proper knickerbocker pants only, made of good tweed, double seats and all the improvements. Prices

...$1.50 and $2.50...

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten Season

Fresh Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomoto Sauce in Tins

Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.

Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.

Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—130 and 187.

Removed

We are now
All Removed
to our new
Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, traveles with perilous rapidity ; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
  The editor doth greet ;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
  To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure : "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE
— AND —
REAL ESTATE AGENCY

Representing the following first-class Companies :

The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.

The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.

The London and Lancashire,
Of Liverpool, England.

REAL ESTATE.

Farm and city property bought and sold or rented ; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.

Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.

APPLY TO
JAMES BOOTH.

Cramps, Colic, Colds,

Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is

Pain-Killer

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

A FAMOUS MAN!

What His Researches Have Done for the World.

DR. CHASE.

All successful and distinguished men have imitators, and Dr. Chase, the well-known author of Chase's Recipe Book, proved no exception to the rule. Dr. Chase's discoveries have many pretended rivals, but no equals.

Long scientific researches produced Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and Chase's Ointment, the first a certain cure for all kidney, liver, stomach, bladder and rheumatic troubles; the latter an absolute specific for chronic and offensive skin diseases. Among his other discoveries were Chase's Catarrh Cure and Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for colds and bronchitis.

During 1895 the Canadian manufacturers, Edmanson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard street, Toronto, gave away free 500,000 samples of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and 100,000 samples of Chase's Ointment. The return they brought proved how much they were appreciated. The same free distribution of samples will be continued during 1896. Those at a distance should enclose a 5-cent stamp and also receive a sheet of the latest music in return.

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '97

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD

Phone 189.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MEDICAL.

DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

DRS. GOLDSMITH & GOLDSMITH. Office and residence, 55 Campbell st., on the hill, just above Merchants Bank. Telephone 95. P. D. Goldsmith, M.D., Ontario, L.S.A., L.R.C.P. and M.R.C.P., London, Eng. P. G. Goldsmith, M.D., late resident surgeon Children's Hospital, Toronto. ju6d&wly

A. QUACKENBUSH, M. D., H.M.C., M.C., P.S.O.

HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office over Flint Jones store, Front street. Residence George Street, south of Bridge.

JOSEPH CALDWELL,

DENTIST—Office, Caldwell Block, Front Street. Residence, Bridge Street. 223d&wtf

JOHN J. FARLEY, M. D., C. M., M. R. C. S. England.

OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of Post Office.

LEGAL.

NORTHRUP & ROBERTS.

BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Money to loan at lowest rate of interest. Office, North Bridge Street, Belleville, Ont.
W. B. NORTHRUP, M. A. A. A. ROBERTS
April 8, 1895, dtf

J. E. COOK.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, &c., rooms 9 and 10 Medical Building, corner Bay and Richmond sts., Toronto, Ont. [D9d&wly

GEO. A. KINGSTON.

BARRISTER, Solicitor etc., with Lount, Marsh and Cameron, 25 Toronto St., Toronto. Money to loan on farm property lowest rates. 233dtf9w.

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public Conveyancer, &c. Office, 9 Campbell st., 'phone 74. Money to loan at lowest rates.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office over Express and Telegraph Office, Bridge St., Belleville. Money to loan—private funds. Solicitor Hastings Loan and Investment Society.

W. C. MIKEL.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public Conveyancer, etc. Offices, Bridge St. Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates

E. GUSS PORTER.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public etc. Office in the Robertson Block east side of Front Street.
☞Private Money to Loan. 271dwly

C. D. MACAULAY.

BARRISTER, etc. Office, Bridge Street Belleville, Ont.
Money to loan at 5 per cent interest.

LAW OFFICES OF
THOMAS & LAZIER.

East Robertson Block, Front st., Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc. Private funds to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Mortgages and debentures purchased. Estates managed. Agents for the Canada Permanent Loan & Savings Co. Telephone 32.
J. PARKER THOMAS. S. D. LAZIER.

FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE.

(Successor to Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q.C., BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc Office, McAnnany building, corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont. Private and Company money to loan at 6 per cent. on easy terms upon good land security. Charges moderate.

MISCELLANEOUS.

U. E. THOMPSON,

TOWN PASSENGER AGENT G. T. R Bridge Street.
Or at the Grand Trunk Depot.
GUNN,
Agent G.T.R.

A. G. NORTHRUP,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Shire Hall Belleville 226d&wly

I. DULMAGE, L.D.S., D.D.S., (Toronto University.

DENTIST—Office over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence on Forin Street. d.w.

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. his preparation is the best Malt Extract at can be had, and contains less alcohol n any other like article. It is a strength r, food digester, and acts as a tonic in ses of debility.

MADOC.

A complaint was made before A. F. Wood, J. P., by a Mr. P. Welsh, of Springbrook, against Thos. Reid, hotel-keeper, for selling his son, under 16 years of age, whiskey until he was drunk. Trial on Thursday, the 22nd.

It is understood here that C. F. Aylsworth, jr., P. L. S., has secured a six months' survey in the North West. If it pays we hope it is true, as he belongs here and he is no doubt competent and is entitled to it from his political friends at Ottawa.

Revd. Mr. McTavish, of Deseronto, filled the pulpit of St. Peter's Presbyterian church on Sunday morning and evening. His services were very acceptable to the congregation. Mr. McTavish is a preacher of more than ordinary ability and is very happy and bright in his ministrations.

E. Mouncey, Esq., License Inspector, died on the morning of the 17th. His death had been expected for some days. His funeral took place on Monday the 19th at 2 p. m. His place as Inspector being vacant, of course there will be many applicants; in fact, it is reported that some days ago the usual influence with headquarters had been looked up. It appears that it is not fully decided who has the patronage. No doubt Mr. Haggerty would like it, but when the bargain at last election was made it did not include the patronage. No doubt what influence he has will be invoked. Then there are the local committee and the President of the Reform Assosociation, Mr. Lott, O'Flynn and Vankleek, and then the Patrons.

We are waiting for the tariff; so is the whole country. The question is being asked—will the Government continue the bounty on iron smelted in Canada? Will they protect our timber interests by an export duty on logs and pulp wood? Will there be a continuation of a National Policy that has done so much for Canada? "Hope deferred makes the heart sick;" so waiting for a declaration as to what this Government will do, is disheartning to all the interests of Canada. We have iron ore—will they assist in its development? We have logs and pulp wood—will they give us a chance to get its value? We are a part of a great nation—in fact, a nation in a nation. Are we to have a policy that is stimulating and developing?

A horse trade here with novel results reached its climax on Saturday last. No. 1 traded with No. 2, who exchanged with No. 3, he with No. 4, and 4 with 5. After some weeks, A., who holds a chattel mortgage on No. 1's horse, decides to hunt him up and traces him to 5, and takes him under a covenant in this mortgage. No. 5 falls back on 4, 4 on 3, 3 on 2, and 2 called on 1 for his horse, who refuses to reciprocate. On Saturday No. 2 gets a search warrant and takes his horse. No. 1 puts his case as follows: "I did not put the chattel mortgage on the horse; it was on him, which I did not know when I bought him, and the party I bought him from is worth nothing." It seems a hard case, but as No. 2 has rights he carries off his horse triumphantly. So ends this chapter. There is still a chance for a writ of replevin and a law suit, and the old story of "the upper and the lower mill," which both passed into the hands of the lawyers.

WESTLAKE.

Miss Bertie Ferguson left for Madoc on Monday.

Miss Ellen Bird, of The Ridge, is ill with diphtheria.

Rev. C. Lord, of the Chandos Mission, is confined to the house by illness.

Another little daughter has arrived to brighten the home of Mr. Norman Woodbeck.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hawley, sr., have returned after a two years' residence in New York.

Mr. George Cloutier, book-keeper for Mr. John Hawley, returned to his home in Montreal last Tuesday.

A very successful party was given by Mr. and Mrs. John Hawley on Friday, April 9th. A large number were present, and dancing was indulged in until about 3 a.m. Mr. Charles Hawley furnished music in his usual excellent style.

Two unexpected visitors appeared at our school house last week, when two large red squirrels ran in at the open door. Forgetful of all discipline, one of the elder boys dashed to the door and closed it, not before one had escaped however. The boys, aided by coats, caps, brooms, &c., managed to catch master squirrel without injury and deposited him in a table drawer until four o'clock when he was taken to the home of one of the pupils, to be trained for a pet.

MAYNOOTH.

APRIL 17th.

Our snow has about all disappeared at last, leaving the roads in a very muddy condition.

Maple sugar and syrup are quite plentiful this spring, but the season is now about at a close.

Our cheese factory is for the present converted into a creamery. Geo. Rose, who has been cheesemaker for the last three years, has engaged L. Ward, of Halloway, as assistant for the summer.

Mining seems to be the topic of the day. Some of our enterprising townsmen are traversing the country collecting mineral specimens. We wish them success in discovering something valuable among the numerous rocks here.

Sanford Card, of our village, has been confined to bed during the past three or four weeks with a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism, but under the skilful treatment of Dr. A. Robertson, of Whitney, he is slowly recovering.

Conflagrations are becoming quite common in this vicinity. Mr. Edwards, of Carlow; Robt. French, who has charge of Maynooth Mills; and Thos. McCoughlin, of McKenzie Lake, have all lost their dwelling houses during the past three weeks, and the contents were nearly all destroyed in each case.

PLAINFIELD.

APRIL, 20th.

Mr. John L. Clapp has sold his residence for a hotel.

Mrs. Jas. Hall will move into Mr. E. N. Gould's house.

Mr. Clapp will move into Mr. Fred Pope's house, near Thrasher's Corners.

The Bronk, Plainfield and East Hastings cheese factories, are all in operation.

Mr. W. W. Caverly, cheese maker, will go to Newtonville to take charge of a factory there.

Mr. Fred H. Gould will start on Wednesday for his factory at Purdy, in the Township of Bangor.

On Monday, the 12th inst., Mr. Wesley Howe, son of Mr. William Howe, started for Vancouver, B. C., to visit his uncle. The same day Mr. E. D. Hicks, one of our cheese makers, started for the west.

Easter visitors: Mr. Malcom Wilson (son of Rev. W. O. P. Wilson), and Mr. Clarance Thorn, of Hilton, have been spending a few days with Fred H. Gould. Mr. R. B. Scott, of Colborne, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Gould, this week.

Two Good Things

"77" for Grip and Colds

"10" for Dyspepsia.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cts., 50 cts. or $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

CHATTERTON.

Mr. Egbert Sine has left our vicinity.

Our spring work has begun with our farmers.

Miss E. Turner has been spending a few weeks in Rawdon.

Mr. C. Vanallan was the guest of Mr. Faulkner on Good Friday.

Miss Kattie Vanderwaters, our church organist, has returned home.

Mrs. Bordman has been confined to the house with a sprained ankle.

Mrs. J. Bailey, who has been sick for the past week, is improving.

The Stirling stage, which passed through our town on Tuesday last, was well filled.

Mr. James Bailey had a runaway last week, which resulted in the breaking of his waggon.

Miss Joe Bordman has returned home, after spending a few weeks with friends in Marmora.

DESPERATE FIGHTING

Turkish Headquarters are Now at Milouna.

The First Seriously Planned Battle—Edhem Pasha Suppressing the News of the Progress of His Army, Fearing That the Greeks May Cut Off His Supplies—Russia Asks the Sultan's Permission to Send the Black Sea Fleet Through the Dardanelles—Brutal Treatment of Wounded Greeks.

Larissa, April 21.—The first seriously planned battle commenced to-day. Early this morning Edhem Pasha's advance guard, under Generals Maviomichali and Macris advanced against the Greeks in force from Reveni, Boughazi and Stelias. The fighting was greatly extended and the battle raged till late this afternoon with varying fortune. The Greeks were assisted by thousands of irregulars, who harassed the Turkish outposts and wings, as well as participated in the general engagement. The Turks had an overwhelming superiority in numbers. They had constructed earthworks and trenches everywhere, and in and behind these awaited the attacks of the Greeks.

On the whole they clung tenaciously to their defences, while the Greeks attacked these again and again with the most desperate bravery. In spite of the furious attacks still made upon them, the Greeks continue to hold the Reveni and Nezeros Passes. At 3 o'clock this afternoon it is practically a drawn battle.

The Crown Prince Constantine is hurrying reinforcements to the front.

LAST HEIGHT CAPTURED.

And the Turks Will Descend Into the Thessalian Plain.

Foot of Milouna Pass, April 20 (afternoon).—The last height commanding Tyrnavo has just been captured by the Turks. The infantry advance was supported by cavalry, the soldiers cheering lustily as they began the attack.

Mendous Pasha has prepared to descend at 9 a.m. to-morrow into the Thessalian plain. Taking the road to the left, which skirts along the base of the foothills, large bodies of cavalry will push forward to the front, while the infantry takes possession of the buildings which the Greeks have left in their hurried retreat.

It was the task of Neschat Pasha to attack the Losphaki heights, the last Greek stronghold commanding Tyrnavo. The Turkish batteries, each gun dragged by fifty men, pushed forward and bombarded the Greek position. A deep ravine lay between the infantry forces and the two armies. It was strewn with heavy rocks and loose boulders.

After sharp fighting the Greek batteries withdrew, but the Greek infantry continued to defend the position until compelled to retire.

Heavy firing has been heard from the direction of Zarkos throughout the afternoon and the struggle at Karya still continues, each side in turn advancing and retreating across the frontier.

Reinforcements were sent from this point last night (Monday) to Hamdi Pasha at Karya. When they arrive there it is expected the Greeks will be finally repulsed.

The Greeks are now strongly entrenched on the plain north and west of Larissa. Edhem Pasha is acting with the greatest caution and deliberation.

The Turks Advance.

Night.—The Greek posts at Milouna and Tyrnavo were captured at noon to-day. The Turkish headquarters have been removed from Elassona to Milouna.

It is estimated that the Greek forces now in the Thessalian plain in front of Edhem Pasha and between this point and Larissa number at least 60,000, but the Greek prisoners say that their reserves are exhausted.

A military telegraphic line has been extended to Milouna, but as yet there is no postal service. From the heights can be seen huge clouds of dust in the distance, which indicate that large bodies of Greek infantry are en route from Larissa to defend the heights not yet captured at Tyrnavo, but they will probably be too late. The coolness and courage of the Turks in attack are beyond praise.

GREEKS HAVE PREVESA.

But Cannot Spare the Forces to Occupy the Town.

Athens, April 21.—The Crown Prince has sent several regiments to relieve those who have been fighting at Reveni, but the latter refuse to leave the scene, although they have been actively engaged almost without cessation for nearly 50 hours.

Telegrams from Prevosa say that the town would have been occupied by the Greeks, but it was impossible to spare the men.

Major Ansolinos, who gave the order for the abandonment of Gritzovali, has been replaced by Col. Papastavre. Col. Manos is meeting with but little opposition. The Turks are collecting at Pentepigavia, 20 miles south of Janina, where a decisive battle is expected which will settle the fate of Janina.

Midnight.—An official despatch from Larissa says that the Greeks continue to defend the Mati Pass. Tyrnavo has been completely abandoned by its inhabitants.

M. Delyannis has received telegrams from Greek deputies at Larissa, who declare that according to the opinion of the officers, the situation is not yet compromised, as the positions occupied by the Turks are of secondary importance.

A despatch from Arta says that the Greeks have captured the villages of Aghia, Tsaprasli, Paraskevi, Kirnikala, Alimbei and Jenicari, all of which have been abandoned by the Turks.

A despatch received from Commodore Kriezis, in command of the Greek squadron which bombarded Platomona, says that 500 Turks were wounded during the bombardment, but the Greeks sustained no losses. The squadron has started for Katerina.

The Government has received a despatch from Larissa which says the exact situation at Damasi is not known there, but that the rumor of its capture by the Turks is inaccurate.

IS RUSSIA IN IT NOW?

Czar Asks Permission for Black Sea Fleet to Pass the Dardanelles.

Berlin, April 21.—It is reported here to-night in well-informed circles that the Russian Government has asked permission of the Sultan for the Russian Black Sea fleet to pass through the Dardanelles. The Baltic fleet is also ready to start under sealed orders.

All Greeks Called Out.

Athens, April 21, 6 p.m.—The Turks to-day tried to capture the post of the Prophet Eli on the road to Tyrnavo, but they were repulsed.

The last series of the Greek reserves has now been called out, and fresh troops have been sent to the frontier.

The bombardment of Prevosa, at the entrance of the Gulf of Arta, has been very heavy since early to-day. The Turkish garrison there has been completely isolated by the advance of the Greek troops.

The report that the Greek fleet today bombarded Platomona on the west shore of the Gulf of Salonica, is confirmed. The Greek fleet also bombarded the town of Leptheharya, adjoining Platomona. The powder magazine of the Turks at Platomona was exploded by a Greek shell, causing much damage and loss of life to the enemy.

Fighting has been renewed at Damasi which is being cannonaded by a Greek brigade advancing from Boughazi. The Turks have occupied the posts of Ligaria and Karatzo, which are strategically unimportant, while the Greeks have advanced and occupied the Slati hill.

A despatch from Arta says that the Turks have abandoned Strevina, beyond Filippiada, after burning it. The bombardment of Prevosa continues with increasing damage to the forts.

After bombarding Platomona, the squadron will proceed to Katerina.

Troops for Crete.

Naples, April 21.—The steamers Independence and Arno and the cruiser Ligurdia have started with troops for Crete.

Hoists the Greek Flag.

Athens, April 21, 5 p.m.—Col. Manos, in command of the Greek army operating against the Turks in Epirus, telegraphs that he had destroyed Imaret fort and has advanced without opposition to Filippiada, which place the Turks abandoned after burning it. Colonel Manos has hoisted the Greek flag over Filippiada.

Assuring News for King George.

Athens, April 21, midnight.—The Crown Prince Constantine telegraphs from Larissa, the headquarters of the Greek forces in Thessaly: "We have kept all our positions and the situation to-day is excellent. Every road by which the Turks can descend into the Thessalian plain has been secured by the concentration of our troops. I canot wire at greater length now. I am fighting myself. So is Prince Nicholas."

SUPPRESSION BY THE TURKS.

Edhem Pasha Won't Permit News to be Sent From Elassona.

London, April 21.—Commenting on the absence of definite news to-day from Elassona, the headquarters of the Turkish troops in Macedonia, The Daily Mail says it has received a private telegram from one of its correspondents on the scene of hostilities indicating that Edhem Pasha is suppressing all despatches.

This correspondent adds: "The whole situation appears changed by the tenacity with which the Greeks are holding Reveni Pass, whereby they may possibly turn Edhem Pasha's position and cut off his communications with Elassona."

SUSPENSE AT ATHENS.

Nerves are Strained Owing to the Lack of Definite News.

Athens, April 21.—The public suspense here to-night is terrible owing to the lack of definite news. The Government has received telegrams from Larissa throughout the day, urging the prompt despatch of reinforcements to that point, as the Greek troops are being exhausted by the incessant Turkish attacks.

All the shops were closed to-day while prayers were being offered in the churches for the success of the Greek troops. Every nerve is being strained to send all available men to the front. The palace guard and the gendarmerie will go to-morrow. Volunteer bands are organizing everywhere throughout the country. In Thessaly the whole population is being armed and made ready. Next week thousands will start for the frontier from the provinces long famous for the fine quality of their fighting men.

REINFORCEMENTS CALLED FOR.

Edhem Pasha Has Asked for 40,000 More Men at Once.

Constantinople, April 21.—The sitting of the military commission has been continuous since yesterday at the Yildiz Kiosk. It is reported that Edhem Pasha has asked for 40,000 reinforcements, and that orders have been sent to Salonica to hasten the despatch of the reserves to the frontier. The mobilization of 40 additional battalions has been decided upon, and the enrollment of volunteers is being considered.

The sturdy resistance offered by the Greeks was wholly unexpected and the idea that the forces of Edhem Pasha would have a military promenade to Larissa has already been abandoned.

Telegrams received by the Porte from the far western provinces show that the Albanian irregulars are devastating the country in many localities, and especially along the line of route between Prevosa and Janina. The local authorities are powerless to restrain them.

An Imperial irade has been issued ordering the Turkish fleet to avoid a battle at sea and to remain under the protection of the fortifications.

THE DEVILISH TURKS

Built Fires Around the Wounded Greeks and Roasted Them Alive.

London, April 21.—The Athens correspondent of The Daily Chronicle telegraphs that he has had an interview with Crown Princess Sophia, who returned to-night from Larissa. She says she found that there had been much improvement in the hospitals there since her previous visit to the place. She also says that while she was in the hospital she heard wounded Greeks tell how the Turks treated the wounded who fell into their hands. They built fires around some of them and roasted them to death, and inflicted horrible tortures upon others of their prisoners before despatching them.

A Revolution in Athens.

London, April 21.—The Rome correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette telegraphed to his paper this afternoon saying a despatch had been received there from Athens expressing fear that if the Greeks suffer further reverses and the Turks occupy Larissa, a revolution will break out at Athens.

Scrofula

Infests the blood of humanity. It appears in varied forms, but is forced to yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood and cures all such diseases. Read this:

"In September, 1894, I made a misstep and injured my ankle. Very soon afterwards,

A Sore

two inches across formed and in walking to favor it I sprained my ankle. The sore became worse; I could not put my boot on and I thought I should have to give up at every step. I could not get any relief and had to stop work. I read of a cure of a similar case by Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. Before I had taken all of two bottles the sore had healed and the swelling had gone down. My

Foot

is now well and I have been greatly benefited otherwise. I have increased in weight and am in better health. I cannot say enough in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. H. BLAKE, So. Berwick, Me.

This and other similar cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills the best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c.

NOW FOR THE BUDGET

Everybody is Waiting to Learn About the Tariff.

Will the Government Put a Duty on Pennsylvania Coal and Thus Keep Faith With the Nova Scotia Barons Who Helped Them Win the Local Elections?—Patrons and Agricultural Implement Men Are in Evidence at the Capital—General Notes From Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 21.—(Special.)—Everyone is agog as to what tariff changes the Budget will unfold to-morrow. It is believed that the Minister of Finance, who was supposed to be an out and out Free Trader, has developed into a Protectionist, and crowded Sir Richard aside; and that on the strength of the Nova Scotia local elections, and in return for the assistance given the Liberals by the coal barons of that province, the Minister of Finance will put a duty of 40 or 50 cents a ton on Pennsylvania anthracite coal. This will be out-Heroding Herod.

Agricultural implements are likely to come under a uniform rate of 25 per cent. Mr. Lyman Jones of the Massey Company has been here all day.

Mr. George Gooderham and Mr. Blackstock were also here to-day, and it is said it is in connection with a proposal of the Government to increase the excise on spirits. At present the excise tax on whiskey is 55 cents a gallon less than the customs duty on whiskey. Several unimportant articles used by farmers are to be put on the free list, to let the Patrons out. The general incidence of the tariff, it is predicted, will not be lightened, but rather increased. But to-morrow afternoon will tell the tale.

Joseph Haycock, M. L. A., Patron leader, and Lockie Wilson, grand secrotary, arrived here to-night for the purpose of stiffening the backbone of Patron members of the House to make a big fight for free admission of binder twine, agricultural implements and coal oil. Patron members, however, do not seem to be very anxious to commit themselves.

As apparently there is no immediate prospect for a seat in the Commons being procured for Hon. Peter White, it is suggested that the honorable gentleman should be induced to enter the Provincial contest with Mr. Whitney, and strong efforts will be made to carry out this proposition.

There is an awful lot of kicking over one of the conditions governing the selection of men to form Jubilee regiments, viz.: That which says the individual chosen must be in possession of a certificate from a royal school of military instruction. It is claimed that if this provision be enforced it will shut out some of the best men, although probably not 2 per cent. of those in the city corps have qualified from one of the schools.

There was a regular flood of petitions to-day in favor of Mr. Casey's bill to compel railway companies to carry bicycles free as travelers' luggage. Mr. Lount had one signed by 2500, Mr. Clarke's was headed by Mayor Fleming and signed by 1184, Mr. Ross Robertson's had 1018 signatures, and there were other petitions to like effect from Athens, Brampton and Morrisburg.

Mayor Bingham has received a request to call a public meeting on Saturday, April 24, in the Normal School in order to give Their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen an opportunity of conferring with the public respecting the Victorian Order of Home Nurses.

Negotiations have been in progress for some time to establish a large Danish settlement on the Upper Gatineau. Advertisements have been inserted in all the country papers asking for farms that were for sale up the Gatineau Valley. Many replies have been received and offers made. Nearly 500 farms have been placed upon the market at prices varying from $300 up to $1000, and in size from 150 to 200 acres. The residents of these districts have been paying much attention to lumbering and have neglected their farms. As a consequence, they have become good lumbermen, but poor farmers, and are now willing to dispose of their partially cleared farms at very low prices.

Mr. Resseman of the Gatineau Valley Railway, in conjunction with the Danish and Swedish consuls in Ottawa and Montreal, has been investigating the various farms that are offered with a view to bringing in a large number of Danish and Swedish immigrants to form a settlement in this district, and steps will be taken to get settlers out from Scandinavia to locate there.

Dr. H. Walton Jones of Montreal has been appointed Commissioner for Canada to the exhibition in Stockholm, which opens next month. Dr. Jones lived in Sweden for some years and speaks the language perfectly. He will afterwards act as emigration agent for Canada in Scandinavian countries.

"HE HATH THE FALLING SICKNESS."

—*Shakespeare.*

Epilepsy or the "Falling Sickness" has been known for many centuries, and for as long a period of time no cure has been discovered, till Ryckman's Kootenay Cure came upon the scene and revolutionized the healing art. Julius Cæsar, one of the greatest men of ancient times, was a victim to it, and no physician of his day could effect a cure. Napoleon, the greatest warrior of modern times, fell a prey to it, and among all his conquering hosts there was not one that could conquer this insidious disease.

But here is Samuel Duffin, residing in the Township of West Nissouri, eight miles from the City of London, who makes a sworn statement before a Notary Public, that about eight years ago he had a paralytic stroke, and has ever since been subject to Epileptic Fits, which came upon him so often that it was unsafe for him to be left alone. He was treated by five of the best physicians in the province, and spent hundreds of dollars, to no avail, in endeavoring to get relief. Then he tried Kootenay Cure, which contains the new ingredient. Note the change.

"I have taken between three and four bottles." "I have now a good appetite, sleep well every night, and best of all, the fits have almost entirely left me." "My friends see a change in my appearance, and ask me what I have been doing, I gladly tell them I have been taking Kootenay. My general health is wonderfully improved, and I certainly feel, after twelve years of terrible suffering, I have been given a new lease of life by Kootenay Cure, the Greatest Medicine of the Age."

The price of Kootenay Cure is $1 50 per bottle. If your druggist does not keep it, send to the Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont. Chart book free on application. One bottle lasts over a month.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices firm. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.65 to $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $9 in car lots, and shorts $9.50 to $10.50.

Wheat—The local wheat market is very strong. Red winter wheat is quoted at 75c to 76c, and white sold at 77c, west. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 84c, Midland, and 74c to 75c, afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 82c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 30c, No. 2 at 26c to 27c, and No. 3 extra at 24c. Feed barley 20c to 21c, west.

Oats—The market is quiet and firm. Sales of white west at 20c. Mixed are quoted at 18½c to 19c, west.

Peas—The market is firm, there being sales to-day at 40c to 41c, north and west.

TIRED? OH, No.

This soap

greatly lessens the work.
It's pure soap, lathers freely,
rubbing easy does the work.
The clothes come out sweet
and white without injury to the fabrics
SURPRISE is economical, it wears well.

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the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.

Canadian Branch, Bovril, Limited,
27 St. Peter St., Montreal.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

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Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.

O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists

THE Perfect Tooth Powder

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D. & L. EMULSION

In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.

T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

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"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M. D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

New Millinery,
New Veilings
New Blouses,
New Corsets,
New Laces,
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PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

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Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

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Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

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Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

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Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

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Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

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WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

WANTED—A Clerk, male. Apply to W. C. MIKEL. 4-21d6t

WANTED — Reliable agents for this locality; liberal terms. R. B. Hayhoe & Co., Tea and Coffee Importers, 48 Church, Toronto.

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

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TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

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Our Medical Memos.

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HARMLESS CATARRH POWDER.

A catarrh cure to be put up in 2 dram vials, will easily replace a largely advertised preparation of similar character. The best argument in its favor with the people is the absence of any poisonous ingredient like cocaine, which forms so large a part of the advertised preparation. I sell mine for 25 cents per bottle, which is 25 cents cheaper than the advertised preparation. As to its efficacy, my sales warrant me in pronouncing it the equal if not the superior of others of its kind. The formula reads:

Powdered myrrh.
Powdered blood root.
Powdered acacia aa equal parts.
Mix according to art.—Prize formula A.D.

EFFERVESCENT BROMO-TARTAR.

This is put up in 10 to 25 cent bottles, and is taking so well that seven-tenths of my customers are now asking for it.—(Helmuth in A. D.)

Potas bromide	50 grains.
Caffeine	7 grains.
Sod. bicarb	150 grains.
Tartaric acid	135 grains.
Acetanilid	25 grains.
Powdered sugar	85 grains.

Triturate the ingredients, which must be in an absolutely dry condition, to a fine uniform powder; now mix it with a little alcohol to a soft paste and pass this through a No. 20 tinned iron sieve, or what is better still, an enameled colander, such as housewives use in expressing and straining fruit; let dry and reduce it to a granular powder.

VASELINE-GLYCERINE OINTMENTS.

It often happens that oxide of zinc, bismuth subnitrate and other powders are prescribed to be rubbed up with glycerine and made up with vaseline, for salves. There is some difficulty in getting a homogeneous mixture of the glycerine and vaseline. This difficulty is readily overcome by using a little lanoline, which acts as a trait d'union between the glycerine and vaseline, and thus a beautifully smooth and satisfactory ointment is obtained.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

AVONDALE.

Mrs. Brentinal, of Toronto, has been spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Badgely, of Thurlow were the guests of Mr. Philip Denyes on Sunday last.

The Ladies' Missionary meeting, which was to have been held here on Monday night, has been postponed owing to the inability of the Secretary to be present.

Our church was beautifully decorated with flowers for the Easter Service. Rev. Mr. Saunders delivered an eloquent discourse and also alluded to his appreciation of the fitting manner in which the church was decorated.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Blanchard and Miss Blanchard narrowly escaped a serious accident while returning from the city on Saturday. The horse became frightened and made a lunge for the ditch. The buggy was quite badly shattered, but the occupants escaped uninjured.

The social held here on Friday evening last was a brilliant success. At eight o'clock, the church being fairly well filled, the meeting was opened by Rev. E. Roberts, of Belleville, after which Rev. W. J. Saunders made a few introductory remarks and concluded by asking the choir to favor the gathering with a selection. Rev. Mr. Roberts then came forward and delivered his "practical talk" on "Church Pews." The lecture was practical, humorous and to the point and was thoroughly appreciated by every one present. Cake and coffee were then served by the ladies, who had taken much pains to make the social a success. A vote of thanks was tendered Rev. E. Roberts for his kindness in accepting the invitation. Mr. Roberts complimented the choir for their assistance during the evening.

"Not Exactly Right."

Thousands of people are in this condition. They are not sick and yet they are by no means well. A single bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla will do them a world of good. It would tone the stomach, create an appetite, purify and enrich the blood and give wonderful vigor and vitality. Now is the time to take it.

STIRLING.

Chas E. Parker spent Good Friday in Picton.

Messrs. A. Judd and A. L. Hough are on the sick list.

Dr. Meiklejohn is the happy father of another boy.

Miss Lilian Stickle spent Easter at Smith's Falls.

Miss Rosa Gray, of Kingston, is in town visiting relatives and friends.

Miss Constance L. Thompson has returned from Whitby Ladies' College for the holidays.

F. C. Bird, teacher in the 4th con. of Sidney, is home with his parents for the Easter vacation.

The time of year has arrived when you have to eat on a packing box and sleep on the soft side of a board.

G. G. Thrasher and wife spent Easter in Picton as the guests of Mrs. Thrasher's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Dobson.

The grim monster death claims his victims in the persons of Mrs. David Hubble, Hugh Scott and Louis Mack, all of Rawdon.

Among those who attended the E. L. of C. E. Convention in Madoc were Rev. S. S. Burns, Miss Milne, Miss Conley, and Mrs. Florence Martin.

The License Inspectorship of North Hastings has numerous aspirants, which means numerous disappointments, less one. The great question is who is the one?

Rev. Mr. Fee, who occupied the pulpit in the Presbyterian church for several Sundays before Mr. Burns' arrival, was in town last week. He was accompanied by Mrs. Fee.

—Two old conductors of the Grand Trunk at London, Messrs. Murray and Jones, have resigned.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

—Mr. David Robertson, living near Elmira, was swindled out of $180 by three sharpers who worked the land-purchase game on him.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25 cents.

—It is understood that the report of the court of inquiry on the Queen's Own troubles is not favorable to Col. Hamilton's reinstatement.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

—The floods at Emerson and Morris are increasing. Mrs. Noar, wife of a German settler, was drowned while trying to escape to higher ground near Emerson.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

—The latest returns gives 34 Liberals and 4 Conservatives elected in the Nova Scotia Provincial elections. Mr. Church, Commissioner of Works and Mines, was defeated.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

DULL DAY IN THE HOUSE.

The Only Fun Was a Spat Between Messrs. Davin and Oliver.

Ottawa, April 21.—(Special.)—Inexpressibly dull were the proceedings in the House to-day. The only relief to the monotony of the afternoon was a spat between Messrs. Davin and Oliver, which led to the interference of Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Blair informed Mr. Clancy that the departmental rule governing deposits with tenders for public works was 10 per cent. when the work did not exceed a quarter of a million dollars, and 5 per cent. when it was over that amount.

Mr. Laurier told Mr. Wood that it was not the intention to sell any islands in the Upper St. Lawrence this year, nor was it the intention to introduce the metrical system of weights and measures.

Mr. Davin moved for papers received by the Government with reference to enlarging the powers of the executive of the Northwest Territories and to increase the subsidy to the Territories. Mr. Davin made an able speech in advocacy of an extension of the powers of the Northwest executive. In place of the present annual subsidy, about half a million dollars ought to be voted. He claimed the present Government should deal generously with the Northwest.

Mr. Oliver agreed with the contention put forth by Mr. Davin, but spoke in somewhat bitter terms with regard to some of the observations of Mr. Davin. He resented what he considered a mean insinuation by that gentleman against representatives of the Northwest Government now in town.

Mr. Davin proceeded to score Mr. Oliver for the peculiar tone in which he had spoken. That gentleman evidently very reluctantly agreed with the stand he (Mr. Davin) had taken.

A reference to the "miserable insect spirit" shown by Mr. Oliver brought Mr. Speaker to his feet with the statement that he thought both gentlemen had gone far enough. Both had used language which he hardly thought proper in the House.

Mr. Davin wanted to know if the expression "miserable insect spirit" was unparliamentary. Was that to be the understanding hereafter?

Mr. Speaker said the language which one gentleman would not use to another in private should not be uttered in the House.

Mr. Davin: Shades of Disraeli! Shades of Gladstone! What would these great statesmen have thought if they had sat under a Speaker who would set up such a high standard? The rule just laid down would certainly have astonished those gentlemen.

Mr. Speaker said it was not proper for any member to discuss his ruling. There was only one alternative if a member disagreed with him, namely, to appeal to the House.

Mr. Davin said he would loyally bow to the Speaker's ruling and passed on to discuss the question again, urging the importance of an independent audit, such as Sir John Macdonald considered to be an assistance to the Government.

Mr. Davies, replying, gave credit to Mr. Oliver for having brought the matter up before, supported by Mr. Davin. Besides, there was a memorial from the Northwest Legislature to the same effect. As to the audit of Northwest expenditures, it was exhaustively done by Dominion and Territorial audit. He promised on the part of the Government the most favorable consideration of the matter.

Mr. Davin moved that the services of Wood Mountain scouts during the Rebellion should be settled by an issue of scrip.

After observations by Mr. Oliver and Mr. Sproule, the debate was adjourned on Mr. Davies' motion.

Mr. Martin, on a motion for correspondence, drew attention to the wholesale dismissals of P. E. I. officials, especially of postmasters and others receiving small salaries. The present Government, he said, professed to be Liberals of the English school, but they were proving themselves Democrats of the Yankee school by introducing the spoils system.

Mr. Mulock replied, denying that any dismissals have taken place in the Postoffice Department without sufficient cause.

On the House resuming after dinner W. F. Maclean moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Railway Act. He explained that the bill sought to compel all railway companies to keep the upper berths in all sleeping cars closed when not in use. He said this would prove a great boon to the traveling community, and he had received many letters approving of the proposal. It had been tried with great success in several States of the Union. The second clause seeks to compel railway companies to furnish to the Government annually a return showing the names of the parties to whom free trips had been given during the year, as well as preferential rates given to certain classes in the country. Mr. Maclean considered that the three cents a mile rate now levied was too high, and believed that its continuance is due to the excessive number of free passes issued by the railway companies. With this information the Government would be better able to deal with the transportation problem.

The bill was read a second time and referred to the Railway Committee.

Mr. Charlton moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Criminal Code for the better protection of young girls, to increase the age of consent from 16 to 18, to make a male responsible for seduction under promise of marriage of any girl when he is 18 years of age, instead of 21. Mr. Charlton dwelt upon the urgency for protection to the young women of the country.

Mr. Craig supported the proposed raising of the age of consent, but could not accept the proposition to reduce the age of responsibility in the case of young men from 21 to 18. Young men needed protection as much as young women.

Mr. Laurier concurred in the observations of Mr. Craig. He thought it would be unwise to reduce the age of responsibility in males. Under the civil law of Quebec no man under 21 could contract a marriage without the consent of his parents. The enactment of such a clause would not be conducive to morality, but the very reverse. It would lead to blackmail in many cases and to boys being entrapped. If a girl wanted to accept a promise of marriage, she should accept the promise of a man, and not that of a boy.

The bill was read a second time.

Mr. Casey's bill to compel railway companies to provide proper means of drainage of farm lands which they cross was read a second time after several members had spoken approvingly of its provisions.

The House adjourned at 9.20.

Easter Decorations in the Churches.

Awake thee, O spring!
To flowers come forth
With thousand hues tinting
The soft green earth;
Ye violets tender
And sweet roses bright,
Gay Lent lilies blended
With pure lilies white,
All triumph, He liveth;
He lives, as He said;
The Lord has arisen
Unharmed from the dead.

So sang some unknown monkish poet in his gloomy cloister five centuries ago. And still, on every Eastertide do the children of the church bring flowers, "violets tender" and "pure lilies white" to deck their altars, until now, not only Roman Catholic and Episcopalians, but Presbyterians, too, decorate their churches in memory of the day when Christ arose, though 30 years ago it would have been an almost unheard of thing for a Presbyterian clergyman to preach an Easter sermon or have flowers placed upon the pulpit. There is indeed a growing love of Easter in this country.

How They Went.

The Admirer of Heroes—And I suppose you were overjoyed when you got the order to embark for the scene of war?

The Hero—Oh, yes. We went into a regular transport.

Belleville Markets.

INTELLIGENCER Office,
April 21, 1897.

The general market has been well supplied with produce during the past week and there is little or no change to note in prices. The declaration of war between Turkey and Greece has strengthened the grain market and wheat in particular has taken quite a jump. Oats have advanced 2 cents and rye 3 cents. Following are our weekly quotations:

WHEAT—White, 75c to 85c.
Red, 75c to 85c.
Spring, 75c to 80c.
BARLEY—No. 1, 25c.
No. 2, 23c.
No. 3, 20c to 23c.
OATS—White, 20c to 22c.
RYE—35c.
PEAS—Common, 40c to 43c.
Runner, 45c.
BUCKWHEAT—25c to 28c.
BUTTER—Roll, 14c to 20c.
EGGS—7c. to 10c. per doz.
LIVE HOGS—$4.00 to $4.75 per 100 lbs.
DRESSED HOGS—$5.50 to $6.50.
DRESSED BEEF—Hinds, 5 to 6c.
DRESSED BEEF—Fores, 2c to 3c.
LAMB—6 to 7c.
VEAL—5c.
HIDES—No. 1, $7.00; No. 2, $6.00
VEAL HIDES—7c per lb.
DEAKINS—35 to 40c.
SHEEP SKINS—Butchers prime $1.10 to $1.15.
TALLOW—Rough, 1½c
TALLOW—Rendered, 2½c.
LARD—9c. to 10c.
POTATOES—35c. to 50c. per bag.
HAY—$8.50 to $10 per ton.
CHICKENS—40c. to 50c. per pair.
DUCKS—50c. to 60c.
TURKEYS—75c. to $1.00.
ONIONS—20c. per peck.

One Minute Cure for Toothache.

Magical in potency and power, penetrating at once to the diseased nerve, Nerviline—nerve pain cure—cures toothache in a moment. Nerviline, the most marvellous pain remedy known to science, may be used for all nerve pains. Test at once its efficacy.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, April 19.—Grain—There was not much activity in the local grain markets to-day, but prices were very firm, in sympathy with the rise in wheat. Values range about as follows:—Wheat. No.2 hard, nominal; peas, per 60 lbs in store, 48c to 48½c; oats, No. 2 white, in store, 23½c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 39c to 40c; barley, feed, 30c to 32c; buckwheat, per bu, 32½c to 33c.

Flour—The Manitoba millers said they did not alter their prices this morning, but the handlers of Ontario grades announced an advance of 10c. to 15c. a barrel, which, however, they had some difficulty in obtaining. If wheat keeps up it is likely that Manitoba prices will advance. The range is as follows:—Straight rollers, $3.80 to $4; straight rollers, bags, $1.80 to $1.90; strong bakers', Manitoba, $4.25 to $4.50; spring patents, Manitoba, $4.50 to $4.80; winter wheat patents, $4.30 to $4.50.

Meal—The market is very dull at the following range:—Rolled, per bag, $1.35 to $1.40; rolled, per brl, $2.75 to $2.85; granulated, per brl, $2.75 to $2.85; granulated, per bag, $1.35 to $1.40; standard, per bag, $1.35.

Feed—The tone of the market is about steady with the volume of trade rather limited. Bran is quoted on the basis of $12 and shorts at $13, in bulk.

Butter—The demand is dull; creamery sells at 19c to 19½c.

Eggs—There is a steady demand at 9½c to 10c a dozen.

Provisions—The demand for smoked meats is fair and value is pretty well maintained. Pork has received but very little attention. Values are:—Heavy Canada short cut mess, $13.50; heavy Canada long cut mess, $12.50; extra plate beef, half barrel, 100 lbs, $4.25; extra plate beef, 200 lbs, $8; extra plate, tierces, 300 lbs, $12; hams, 9½c to 12c; bacon, 9c to 11c; compound lard, 5c to 6c; extra pure, 6½c to 7½c; finest kettle, 7½c to 8½c.

LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, April 19.—(Special.)—At the East-end cattle market this morning the offerings of live stock were 150 cattle, 15 sheep, 25 spring lambs and 50 calves. Sales of heifers and steers for export were made at 4c. to 4½c., but 5c. would have been paid for really choice stock, which was scarce to-day. Choice cows sold at 3½c., and bulls at 3c. to 3½c. A few butchers' cattle were disposed of at 4 to 4½c, and lower grades at 2½ to 3½c per pound. The demand for small meats was exceedingly slow, in fact holders of sheep it impossible to effect sales, consequently it is difficult to quote prices. Spring lambs sold at $2 to $5 each, and calves at $1 to $7 each, as to size and quality.

GUNTER.

Bert Hinchliffe is home from Trenton for Easter holidays.

Photographer Barkley did considerable work in this vicinity last week.

A number of the farmers around here have begun their spring work.

The sugar social which was held in the school house last week proved a success.

Mr. S. T. Gunter, of Wooler, payed a flying visit to his friends of this place last week.

Miss Gertie Hinchliffe, of Pine View, has been spending a few days with friends in this place.

J. R. Pound and family, of Pine View, were the guests of Frank Hazard on Sunday.

Miss Ella Haggerty returned to Trenton on Monday after having spent a few weeks under the parental roof.

NO DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION

necessary to enable you to buy a cake of

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Be sure and get the genuine — wherever you can — and you will have the best soap made.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

A Chance

TO GET READY FOR WASHDAY.

SATURDAY we will sell a set of Sensible Sad Irons, 3 Irons, Handle and Stand, for 57 Cents, and an 11 inch Roll Royal Canadian Wringer for $2.10, and some other goods at special bargains sor that day. See our south window.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.,

HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE.
STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

POSTPONED.

STEAMER

"ALEXANDRIA"

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y.,
AND RETURN.

Announced for Friday, April 23, has (owing to delay in opening of St. Lawrence River Canals, been postponed ....until....

Friday, April 30th

FARE for Round Trip $1.50 FARE for Round Trip

Str. "VARUNA"

A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.
J. W. HEPBURN, Agent Picton

The Mark . . . of the Moth

Will soon make its appearance if you let him have his own way. Don't let him have his own way, use our

MOTH CAMPHOR.

Howard's English Camphor in 1 oz. cakes, Persian Insect Powder, or English Lavander Flowers.

A fresh supply of each just received at

McKeown's Drug Store

Cream Puffs,

Filled with Whipped Cream, fresh at 11 a. m. and 3 p.m.

Price 20 cents per dozen.

ED. F. DICKENS.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. Lesser, Manager.

One Night Only--THURSDAY, APRIL 22nd.

∴ THE FAMOUS ∴

BROS. BYRNE

And their big company of eminent Pantomimists and Comedians, in

THE NEW EIGHT BELLS.

This season funnier and brighter than ever. A perfect cyclone of laughter from start to finish.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

Power's Opera House.

TO-NIGHT,

and every night this week,

Prof. W. G. ALEXANDER

BLINDFOLD TEST EXAMINATIONS TO-NIGHT. SILVER COLLECTION AT THE DOOR.

Private consultations daily from 10 a.m. at the Quinte.

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

I Have for sale a quantity of good hard wood and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of mill wood, at the CENTRAL WOOD YARD, west end of Footbridge. Office, third door west Footbridge. dtf EDWARD NEWMAN.

Many a Young Man.

When from over-work, possibly assisted by an inherited weakness, the health fails and rest of medical treatment must be restored to, then no medicine can be employed with the same beneficial results as Scott's Emulsion.

Experience proves the merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

THE ALE AND PORTER

OF

JOHN LABATT,

LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN
WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,
AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

THE history of H. A. Lozier & Co. in Canada almost reads like a fairy tale. It is almost beyond conception, the progress that this firm has made since coming here. In the fall of 1895 they manufactured the first Cleveland Bicycle made in Canada, and in the short space of time which has ensued since then they have become the most successful manufacturers in the Cycle trade. Their wonderful success has been due, not to luck, but honestly earned by embracing in the manufacturing of the Cleveland Bicycle everything that ingenuity, skill and wealth could devise. The thoroughness of manufacture and the rigid inspection which every part of the wheel has to undergo before being allowed to be used, is responsible for the fact that of the thousands of Clevelands that were turned out last season there was not one returned on account of defective workmanship. Without going into the many details and improvements that are embodied in the 1897 Cleveland, it will not be out of place to call attention to the remarkable manner in which the whole world has confirmed the verdict of America on the Cleveland Wheel during the past season.

The prejudice against American wheels was perhaps natural, but not being based on any sound objection has vanished before the Cleveland. Not only is the Cleveland solidly established in popularity in all Europe, but it can be seen in use in every civilized country of the Globe, being, for instance, in Australia the only typical and easily leading Americal wheel.

To eulogize the Cleveland would be to consume a day; suffice to say that honesty of manufacture and true merit have received their reward, and the Cleveland Bicycle well deserves the position it now occupies as the leading Wheel of Canada.

THE FOSTER COMPANY, Limited.

UNRESERVED AUCTION

—OF HIGH CLASS—

ANCIENT - AND - MODERN FURNITURE.

Tuesday, April 27,

1897, at 9:30 a.m.

TO wind up the Estate of H. CAROLINE WALLBRIDGE, I am instructed to sell the whole of the Furniture in the WHITE HOUSE, corner of Front and Dundas streets, comprising:

- 10 Solid Walnut Bed-room Sets.
- 1 Solid Oak Bed-room Set.
- Drawing Room Furniture.
- Dining Room Furniture.
- 2 Sideboards.
- 7 Chests of Drawers.
- 3 Solid Walnut Wardrobes.

and hundreds of other articles too numerous to mention.

J. G. DAVISON,
Auctioneer.

20d6tw1t

N. B.—The White House property will also be offered for sale at 12 o'clock noon.

AUCTION SALE.

MR. THOS. STEWART, Coal Merchant, has instructed me to sell at his residence, 215 Ann st., on Friday, April 23rd, his household effects, including a handsome covered Phaeton (new), Oak Bedroom Suite, Refrigerator, etc. Terms strictly cash. Sale to commence at 9:30 a.m.

The phaeton will be sold at 2:30 p.m.

4-20d3t J. G. DAVISON, Auctioneer.

Mixed Paints.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS AND JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT......

THE PHARMACY,

D M. WATERS.

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .

—TO THE—

Nobbiest Sunday Suit

that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

IN THE MATTER OF HARRIS & WALTON, INSOLVENTS.

THERE will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Office of the Assignee, Belleville, on Saturday, the 15th day of May, A. D. 1897, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, the following Real Estate situate in Belleville:

Parcel No. 1, Lot No. 65, on the East side of Chatham street
Parcel No. 2, Lot No. 1 on the South side of Mill street.
Parcel No. 3, Lot No. 27 on the East side of Charles street.
Parcel No. 4, Lot No. 363 on the North side of Pine street, east of Albion street.
Parcel No. 5, Lot No. 77, on the East side of Chatham st.

These properties are all desirable building lots.

Parcels Nos. 1, 2 and 5 will be sold free from encumbrances. Parcels Nos. 3 and 4 will be sold subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of one Mary Ann Anning for $600.

Terms of Sale, Cash.

For further particulars and conditions apply to

WM. LOTT, Assignee, Mill st.
or to E. GUSS PORTER,
Assignee's Solicitor.

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our - Tables. -

Flower's Bargain House,
375 FRONT STREET.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root T gives perfect regularity of the bowels." S by Alex. Ray

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel--70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

OL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO FRIDAY, APRIL 23 1897. NO. 298

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Dress Goods.

Our Fancy Tweed effect Dress Goods at 24c, regular 30c yard goods, is unsurpassed. No bad shades, all the newest spring tints.

Plain and Fancy Lustres in plain and shot effects.

Plain all Wool Serges in all shades from 23c per yard.

Special Hard Twisted Serges suitable for Bicycle Suitings, in Greys, Fawns and Navys.

Dress Patterns.

In all the newest spring materials.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Choir Practices.
Y. M. C. A. Rooms.
Daughters of England.
Court Moira 31, I. O. F.
Baptist Church—Lecture.
St. Andrew's Boys' Brigade.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
S.O.E. Reunion—'Prentice Boys' Hall.
Prof. Alexander—Power Opera House.
Oddfellows' Committee—Mizpah Lodge.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 23—St. George's day.
Shakespeare died, 1616.
Parliament prorogued, 1896.
Canadian Stamps first issued, 1851.

THE WEATHER.

The mercury continues to climb, to-day being warmer than yesterday. Comparison:

1896		1897	
Min.	34	Min.	45
8 a. m.	46	8 a. m.	58
Noon	62	Noon	70

PROBABILITIES.

Fresh to strong southerly and southwesterly winds; mostly fair and warm, with local showers or thunder storms.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.
QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer." BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Five tramps were in the cells last night.

Over 9 doz. shirts sold at Schuster's from April 10th.

The Jewish feast of the Passover closed to-day.

Stainless black cotton half hose, 2 pairs for 25c. at Harry's.

Over 9 doz. shirts sold at the great shirt guessing contest.

All kinds of stand-up and turn-down collars, 2 for 25c., at Harry's.

The police received a call to put out two drunken men from the Hub Hotel yesterday.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

The Entertainment Committee re the I.O.O.F. Grand Lodge will meet to-night in Mizpah Lodge.

See our window for sound argument in furnishings for the men folks.—W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher. 2t

Lightning flashed and thunder rolled to the north last night, but the storm did not reach the city.

There is a bad hole in the street at the corner of West Bridge and Octavia sts. It has been there over a month and it is time it was either covered or fenced in.

Archbishop Cleary has written Kingston friends that he will not return to Canada until warmer weather sets in, probably about the first of next month. He is at present at Cape May.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

If you are looking for Colored Shirts, different and better than the ordinary, you ought to see ours. Prices always the lowest. —W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher. 2t

Notwithstanding the copied yelpings of the "enfant terrible" the "eight bells" company played to fair business last night. Perhaps it would be well for the junior mugwump sheet to see and hear for itself before trying to harm certain aggregations in advance. We know of a certain playhouse not a hundred miles from here where some very poor cheap and trashy productions were put on during the winter, and it was more than funny and farcial to read the straddler's, (we mean the Sun's) criticisms afterwards.

OBITUARY.

MRS. ANNA C. TRAVER.

The Conneaut (Ohio) Herald reports the death, at her home in that place on the 7th inst., of Mrs. Anna C. Traver, aged 88 years and 5 months. Deceased leaves several relatives in the township of Sidney.

Bicycle Clothing.

The pleasure of riding a wheel is greatly increased if you are properly clothed. There is not any use telling this to old riders who have tried it. The Oak Hall have both suits and odd pants, suits $5 and $6, pants at $1.50 and $2.50. Prices you notice are right.

Mackay Institute

We have received a copy of the twenty-sixth annual report of the Mackay Institute for Protestant Deaf Mutes and the Blind, at Montreal, of which Mrs. Harriet E. Ashcroft, nee McGann, is the Superintendent. The year was one of the most successful in the history of the institution.

Withdrawn.

Private sale of Furniture at White House has been withdrawn, but visitors will be welcome to-morrow between 10 and 12 and 3 and 5.

Dental Exams.

The following local students have passed their examinations at the College of Dental Surgeons: First year—C. M. Reeves; W. W. Mills, to take further examinations in histology. Second class—T. F. O'Brien, to take further examinations in operative dentistry and chemistry. Final—George C. Mathison.

—Sir Donald Smith, Chancellor of the University of McGill, has promised to endow a chair in zoology.

—The by-law granting $25,000 to aid the G.T.R. in building a million-bushel elevator was passed at midland by a large majority.

VIN MARIANI
(MARIANI WINE)
THE IDEAL FRENCH TONIC.
An INFALLIBLE REMEDY in all cases of OVERWORK or EXHAUSTION of
Body
Brain
and Nerves
Delicious in Taste, Immediate and lasting in Effect, no unpleasant reaction.
DOSE.—Wine glass full three times a day, CHILDREN half the quantity.
Sold at Druggists, Fancy Grocers and Wine Merchants.
LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO., MONTREAL,
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA
ALSO FOR Gold Lack Sec Champagne
Old Empire Rye Whisky

TRAINED NURSES.

The Diplomas Presented Last Evening to the Graduating Class.

The City Hall was filled to the doors last evening by citizens who assembled to witness the graduating exercises of the Training School for Nurses of the Belleville General Hospital. Shortly after eight the Advisory Board of the Hospital took their seats on the platform, followed by the Hospital Board, the Medical Board, and the nurses who were to receive their diplomas.

His Worship the Mayor was chairman of the evening.

The Rev. Canon Burke opened the proceedings by prayer.

Mrs. Campbell and Miss Price brilliantly rendered a piano duet.

The Mayor gave an admirable address, referring most acceptably to the Hospital and Home and pointing out to the citizens what a large amount was saved annually by the Woman's Christian Association. Many other points were well presented, but lack of space prevents their enumeration.

Miss Blanche Lazier gave a violin solo which was rapturously encored.

Miss Gordon, the Lady Superintendant of the Hospital, presented a report of the Training School, refering in a most touching way to the death of two nurses in the Hospital, Miss Mozier and Miss Garaid. Miss Gordon's report concluded with a beautiful quotation from Ian McLaren.

Mr. Eaton, one of Belleville's favorite singers, gave a pleasing solo.

Dr. Clinton gave an excellent address to the nurses which abounded with practical advice, which will be undoubtedly of great service to them in their future work.

Misses Caswell and Price, acompanied by Mrs. Campbell on the piano and Miss Lazier on the violin, gave a beautiful duet which very greatly delighted the audience.

Dr. Gibson presented the diplomas to Misses Sarah A. McPhail, Annie Empey and Miss Cassie A. Ferguson, the graduating nurses. Dr. Gibson's address was full of excellent points explaining fully the course required to be taken by the nurses. Dr. Gibson stated that the young ladies had passed most successful examinations and received their diplomas with the unanimous approbation of the Medical Board. At the conclusion of the Dr's address he presented to each nurse a beautiful diploma.

Master Cunnington was such a distinguished success in his vocal solo that he was compelled to respond to an encore, and most sweetly sang Robin Adair.

Mrs. Yeomans, the President of the Hospital Board, very gracefully presented each nurse with an appropriate badge. Mr. Eaton followed with a song.

The Mayor stated that he would give a prize for general proficiency to the next class of graduating nurses, and requested that some one would give a prize for proficiency in bandaging.

The charming evening was brought to a close by singing "God Save the Queen."

I cannot close this brief notice of the evening's entertainment without alluding to the wonderful work of the Decoration Committee. Chief among the willing workers was a lady who is entitled to the warmest thanks of the friends of the hospital for her encouraging labors. I allude to Mrs. Denmark, under whose skilful management the prosaic stage was transformed into a bower of beauty. F.

A Gentle Reminder.

You may not need an umbrella to-day but you might to-morrow; it will pay you to save money while the sun shines by buying one of Harry's $1.00 umbrellas.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

INSULTING LANGUAGE.

The adjourned case of alleged insulting language brought by William Embury against Ed. Dame was finished by Dame being fined with costs $2.95.

THE BABCOCKS.

Mrs. Sara Babcock charged Maria Baker with abusive language. $3 or ten days.

THREW HALF A BRICK.

Mrs. Clapper charged her son-in-law, Ben Sanford, with abusive language and assault. Sanford was put in the box and said he knew nothing about it, as he was full. Fined $5 or one month.

GARBUTT VS. SNOOKS AND LEAVENS JUDGEMENT.

This long drawn out case terminated this morning. The Magistrate found Snooks guilty in refusing to deliver. Leavens and Snooks were found guilty under the by-law. The case of cruelty to animals against Robt. Garbutt was dismissed. W. B. Northrup appeared for Garbutt.

Here at Last.

Stroud's beautiful Easter Art Panels have arrived—one of these handsome souvenirs will be given to each purchaser of one pound of any price tea. Secure your panel early, they are too nice to last long. 20-21-23.

Condolence.

The Wardens, Vestrymen, Congregation, Sunday School, Ladies' Aid, Missionary Society, Young People's Association and Rector of Emmanuel Reformed Episcopal Church hereby express their deep and sincere sympathy with F. Wallbridge, Esq., and family in the irreparable bereavement they have sustained by the unexpected death of Mrs. Wallbridge.

Her removal is a serious trial to our church, of which she had long been a loyal and devoted member and one of its most faithful workers. But our loss is her infinite and everlasting gain, and the fragrance of her uniform, beautiful Christian life remains to incite us to a purer and higher consecration in the blessed service of our Heavenly Master.

"Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of His Saints."

T. E. KETCHESON } Wardens.
S. T. HARRIS }
J. S. TROTTER, Rector.
Belleville, April 23rd, 1897.

What Haines & Lockett Say.

We are putting new stock into the Coleman store, where we have had our sale, and shall try and make the place as comfortable and attractive as possible while our own place 's rebuilding. What damaged stock there is left will be sold at very low prices till all is sold out. Meantime new lines of seasonable shoes are arriving daily—HAINES & LOCKETT.

SPORTING NEWS.

BASE BALL.

The National League opened yesterday. Following were the results of the games: At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 8, Chicago 7; at Baltimore—Baltimore 10, Boston 5; at Washington—Washington 4, Brooklyn 5; at Philadelphia—Philadelphia 5, New York 1; at St. Louis—St. Louis 1, Pittsburg 4; at Louisville—Louisville 3, Cleveland 1.

Toronto was beaten at Reading, Pa., yesterday by 4 to 3. Dineen pitched for Toronto.

HORSE AND TRACK.

A match for $50 a side, to be decided at the Ashley track, Foxboro, on the 25th of June next, has been made between the black mare Lucy B. (trotter) owned by a local party and the pacing mare Drover's Maid, owned by Thos Hislop, Canifton.

The Prize Winner.

Mr. Geo. Bennett, of Vandervoort's Grocery, guessed the number of shirts sold from April 10th. His guess was 112. Geo is quite delighted with the fine silk umbrella which he received this morning.—CHAS. SCHUSTER.

Official Suggestions.

In connection with the approaching Diamond Jubilee of Her Majesty, Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, has issued a circular to School Inspectors throughout the province suggesting that they direct the respective Teachers of their respective Inspectorial Divisions to devote the Friday afternoon preceding the 21st of June to a consideration of the most notable events in Her Majesty's reign, particularly those bearing upon the progress made in science, invention and education. In addition to this, Mr. Ross says, the history of Canada in relation to the Empire might with great advantage be considered in brief addresses by the Trustees and others. Mr. Ross also suggests that a portrait of Her Majesty appropriately framed be placed in every schoolroom.

Keep Your Eyes

In good condition by wearing properly fitted glasses. When these are necessary, if in doubt, call on ALEX. RAY, Druggist and Optician.

Amusement Notes.

R. WATKIN-MILLS.

Mr. Lesser yesterday concluded arrangements with Mr. Jones for the appearance in Belleville, at the Carman opera house, on Monday evening, 3rd May next, of this great artist. Mr. Mills is the leading basso at all of the great English festivals, Crystal Palace and St. James' concerts, London, Eng. His exposition of the great oratorios, operatic airs, ballads and songs are a revelation. His services are in great demand, and the people of Belleville should look forward to this concert as one of the attractions at Eastertide. Mr. George Fox, the talented violinist, accompanies Mr. Mills upon his Canadian tour. A subscription list will be opened at Riggs' on Monday, April 26th, at 10 a.m. Subscribers to have first choice of seats.

THE NEW 8 BELLS.

The Byrne Brothers' combination of farce comedy gymnastics and general jollity, entitled "Eight Bells," was produced last night at the Carman Opera House, before a fair sized audience. "Eight Bells" is full of amusement, contains a burlesque, a pantomime and a spectacular production. The whole performance was good and brought forth unstinted applause. The show is all that it was claimed to be. The specialties and scenery are particularly worthy of mention. The orchestra played fairly well. It was from Trenton, but we would rather have our own, as the regular Whylie orchestra is far in advance of anything our neighbors have.

One Minute Cure for Toothache.

Magical in potency and power, penetrating at once to the diseased nerve, Nerviline—nerve pain cure—cures toothache in a moment. Nerviline, the most marvellous pain remedy known to science, may be used for all nerve pains. Test at once its efficacy.

Sudden Summons

The Madoc Review says: "Mr. James Roberts, of Madoc township, had a sudden summons into eternity on Saturday evening last. He was in the village during the day in apparently his usual health. While sitting at his tea-table with his wife, eating heartily, his head suddenly dropped forward and he never spoke again, death following in a few hours afterwards. Mr. Roberts was an old resident of Madoc township, aged 78 years, and leaves a wife to mourn his sudden death."

Many a Young Man.

When from over-work, possibly assisted by an inherited weakness, the health fails and rest of medical treatment must be restored to, then no medicine can be employed with the same beneficial results as Scott's Emulsion.

Organ Recital.

The following is Mr. Dingle's organ recital programme for Saturday, April 24, at 4 p.m.:

Eddy......Prelude A Minor
Parker......Melody and Intermezzo
Shelley } (a)......Spring Song
} (b)......Scherzo
......The Resurrection (Vocal)
Buck } (a)......At Evening
} (b)......Sonata, op. 22
Campion......The Ninety and Nine (Vocal)
Flagler......Variations on an American Air
Thayer......Offertoire

All the compositions are by American composers. Mr. Frank Eaton, vocalist.

SCURFY HEAD.

If a child's head is scurfy, do not comb the hair, which is apt to scratch and irritate the scalp, but brush gently. After washing the head thoroughly, dry it, and apply Dr. Chase's Oinment.

Work of the Frost.

It is feared that a large amount of wheat has been Killed by the cold spell on Monday, and the very severe frost at night. The plant looked thrifty and promising last week, and farmers were beginning to feel satisfied that their crop had wintered in very fair condition. The bursting buds on fruit trees and even the grass which had just started into new life have been injured, some, perhaps, beyond recovery.

Peterborough, Oct. 22, 1896.
To Messrs Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.
Gentlemen,—I take great pleasure in testifying to the merits of Dr. Chase's K. & L. Pills. They prove themselves to be just what they are recommended for and are one of the best selling pills that I have ever handled.
J. D. TULLY, Druggist.

SIMPLE ORE TESTS.

To Show Whether Ore Carries Any of the Precious Metals.

The following simple tests will show whether an ore carries any precious metals. Afterwards samples of the rock should be assayed to ascertain the amount of value per ton:

Gold—Powder; roast if sulphurets are present; grind very fine and wash in pan or spoon; examine with lens; yellow particles not soluble in nitric acid. The color of pure gold is bright yellow, tinged with red. Gold may be distinguished from all other metals or alloys by the the following simple traits; It is yellow, malleable, not acted upon by nitric acid.

Silver—Pure silver is the brightest of metals of a beautiful white color and rich lustre.

Chloride of silver—If suspected, in a pulp harshly rub a bright and wet copper cartridge thereon. If a chloride or chloride-bromide of silver, it will whiten the copper. Graphite will thus whiten copper or gold, but can be rubbed off.

Copper—After roasting the pulp, intimately mix and well knead with a like quantity of salt and candle grease, or any other fat, and cast into the fire, when the characteristic colors—first blue, then green—will appear. This test is better made at night.

Galena—Black zinc blend is often mistaken for galena. The two may be distinguished by the infallible sign; the powder of galena is black; that of blend brown or yellow.

PERSONAL.

D. A. Spencer, of Picton is in the city.

F. T. Ward, Stirling, is at the Quinte.

Dr. Buller, Montreal, is at the Quinte.

Mr. "Al." Lesser, left for Montreal today.

A. W. McMahon, Kingston, is at the Quinte.

Mr. W. H. Davis, of Napanee, visited the city to-day.

Mr. E. D. O'Flynn, of Madoc, was in the city to-day.

Mr. R. Foy is able to be about again after a severe illness.

Mr. J. E. Harrison, of Bridgewater, was in town to day.

Mr. Walter Mills' condition was less favorable to-day.

Mrs. L. and Mrs. W. Givan, Campbellford, are at the Quinte.

A. A. McDonald, barrister, Madoc, was in the city to-day.

Mr. Jas. English, of Madoc Township, was in the city to-day.

Fred Sherman and Fred Mooney, of Corbyville, left for Rossland, B. C., yesterday.

Col. Brown had a bad night. He is unable to take nourishment and his condition is very bad.

Mrs. Craig (formerly Miss Annie Roote, of this city) is dangerously ill at her home in Toronto.

Mr. D. O. Roblin returned this morning from Cornwall. He has spent a busy week booking orders before the new tariff regulations came in.

The Married People's Whist Club met at the residence of Mr. W. B. Northrup last night, when the prizes won were distributed. Last night's meeting winds up the club's affairs for this season.

G. H. Robinson, E. A. Wessels, J. Hodge, Alf. Rae, W. T. Merrick, J. B. Watson, Toronto; Fred Castle and C. C. Searle, Montreal; H. A. Sloan, Peterborough; P. J. Connell, Ottawa; W. E. Woelfle, H. E. Wettlaufer, Berlin; Wm. Polley, Trenton; R. B Gould, Port Hope; F. M. Davis, New York; Jas. Currie, Stirling; Peter H. Fox, Northport, are registered at the Anglo.

H. C. [illegible], Alex. Leslie, W. E. Gladwick, A. B. Chaffee, Jas. S. Wallace, E. W. Wigg, A. Reid, R. Johnson, D. Dunnett, Dr. Buller, F. M. Tait, Montreal; Ed. Egan, J Johnston, W. Cowan, W. O. Richardson, C. Moyan, W. Davulen, T. Saunders, B. Spence, Toronto; A. W. McMahon, Kingston; J. E. Halliwell, Stirling; J. T. Pitts, Rutland, Vt.; Mrs. L. Givan, Mrs. W. Givan, Campbellford, are at the Quinte.

St. George's Day.

This being the 23rd of April, flags were floating from the Post Office building, Sons of England Hall, Wm. Doctor's hotel, G. T. R., and other places. To-night the Sons of England and their friends will celebrate the day by holding a reunion and smoking concert. Mr. S. J. Wedden, florist, remembered some of his English friends to-day by presenting them with handsome rose buds.

Clean Up.

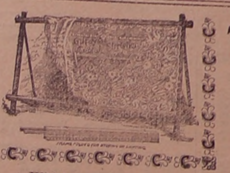
Spring cleaning is now the order of the day. The hot weather will soon be upon us, and if the winter's accumulation of filth and garbage is not disposed of before the heated term begins it may easily become a source of disease. Every householder owes it not only to himself but to his neighbors to clean up as quickly as possible.

A Generous Offer.

Senator Sanford has offered his building called "Elsinore" at Hamilton beach, suitably furnished and provided with servants, as a "Convalescent Home" to Hamilton city, provided that the city can keep it filled with suitable inmates from June 15th to Sept. 15th. The offer is characteristic of the gentleman who has made it.

Experience proves the merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only--MONDAY, May 3rd.
R. Watkin-Mills,
ENGLAND'S BARITONE.
George Fox,
CANADA'S VIOLIN VIRTUOSO.
A subscription list will be opened at Riggs' Music store on Monday morning, April 26, at 10 a.m. Subscribers to have first choice of seats.
PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
W. S. JONES, director and accompanist.



This Cut Represents Gilray's Curtain Stretcher......
Which saves you all the bother of pinning your lace curtains out on a carpet to dry after washing. The price is $2.00, and you will save that amount many times over by using them, as they do not tear or injure your curtains in any way, and they will last a lifetime with careful using. When not in use they fold up in a very small parcel.
OUR STOCK of CURTAINS
offers very special attractions to intending purchasers. See our values before buying any.
All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.
Geo. Ritchie & Co.

APRIL SHOWERS
BRING
MAY FLOWERS.
....They also bring a ready sale for our....
Ladies' Umbrellas ∴
We can help you in making a selection. See our Fancy Handles.
SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

Baby Carriages.
Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.
Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.
When baby "goes-a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.
The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.
Wall Papers.
One word—the '97 designs are far and away in advance of anything ever produced before—beautiful rich colorings, magnificent designs; perfectly appointed in every respect.
C. B. Scantlebury.
If you have any dyeing or cleaning you wish attended to this spring remember we hold the sole agency for R. PARKER & CO., Toronto. They do perfect work and do it as rapidly as is best for it to be done.

The Steadily Increasing Demand
For our Tea Biscuits and Scones is certainly an evidence of their excellence and superiority over others. Fresh almost daily. 10c dozen.
CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
CASH STRICTLY.

Hat-wear.
New hats are wanted, and you know that no place in town can you get the quantity, the quality and the variety to choose from as at BRASIER'S. This is no new story, but it's good enough to repeat again and again.
You want hat-worth for the least money. We give it. Hats for all heads—Old, Middle-aged or Young—we're dictators in hat styles. Highest in quality—lowest in price—always.
J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

Moth Balls
- - AND - -
DISINFECTANTS
AT—
R. TEMPLETON & CO.'S
PAINTS.
READY MIXED.
Elephant Brand.

'Phone 219 J. Owen
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
Try our Tinsmith on stove repairs. Stoves taken down on the shortest notice.
PLUMBING AND GAS-FITTING.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HATS - HATS - HATS
Do You Want a Nobby Hat.
Do You Want the Latest in Bicycle Caps.
We are now showing a complete range in the above.
HATS FOR MEN.
HATS FOR BOYS.
TAMS FOR THE CHILDREN.
Everything new and nobby at popular prices.
Visit us in our new store.
J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.
We have just received, direct from the makers in Switzerland, a fine lot of Swiss Lace Curtains and Sash Nets, Window Shade Laces and Fringes.
Our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Furniture Coverings, etc., is very complete, and the prices will be found lower than any other house in Belleville.
Have just put into stock a beautiful lot of American Picture Mouldings, and some very pretty pictures suitable for studies or framing.
Do not be afraid to come in and look at our goods, even if you are not out to buy.
T. P. BROWN'S
Opposite Bank of Commerce.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.
THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUONEY proprietor. dtf

A Graduate of Toronto University says
"My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy which always effects a cure

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

GOING WEST.	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.
Going East.	**(Arrive.)**
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

PLEBISCITE—PROHIBITION.

The really honest prohibitionists are beginning to fathom the depths of sincerity with which this most important of all questions is being handled and manipulated by political tricksters.

It might be considered unfair to forecast what the Plebiscite Bill of Mowat will be. The utterances of the Government mouthpiece of Ontario—the Globe—has, however, indicated what may be expected. If it be correct it will be but another shuffle to foist the whole question upon future generations.

A letter just published in the Montreal Witness diagnosed the political situation upon this question correctly. We commend it to our ardent prohibitionists:—

Sir,—In the Globe of Wednesday last there is the following reference to the plebiscite:—

"It may therefore be allowed by common consent that only persons entitled to vote in Dominion elections shall be given a vote on the coming plebiscite; and that a clear majority of all the electors of Canada will be required to make the introduction of a measure of prohibition obligatory upon the Government."

Now, sir, I sincerely trust that this was not inspired by the Government, but was simply an idea of the Globe's Ottawa correspondent. The Globe makes a grave mistake if it imagines that common consent will be given to any such an absurd idea as he has enunciated. To the first proposal there cannot be much objection; but to the second, that there must be recorded an absolute majority of all the electors of Canada before the Government would be required to introduce prohibitory legislation, there will be a unanimous protest from the prohibitionists of Canada. Would any such a proposal be made in regard to any other public question? Supposing that the same principle was applied to the politics of our country, how long would the Liberal party have had to wait if an absolute majority of the electors of Canada would be required to declare in its favor before it could be entrusted with the government of the country?

The Liberal party felt itself justified in assuming the control of affairs of the Dominion after a vote of the country had been taken, and considerably less than one-third of the electors of Canada had voted in favor of its candidates. If the Manitoba school question, the tariff question and other important issues are to be settled by one-third vote of the electors, where can the sense be of asking for an absolute majority, before granting prohibition? There were 1,353,375 voters on the list at the last general elections. Of that number about four hundred thousand voted Liberal, and if only the vote in constituencies where Liberals were elected be taken, the votes polled by the successful Liberal members of the House of Commons, including all the Independent and Patron members, was only 256,250, or less than one-fifth of the qualified voters.

Temperance workers who have endeavored to secure a majority of qualified electors to sign an opposition against the granting of a liquor license in any polling subdivision, know well how almost impossible has been their task. In such cases, all absent, sick or infirm voters who cannot sign, are counted as favoring the license, because their names do not appear as opposants.

A plebiscite upon the conditions suggested in the Globe, would be perfectly useless and would, I am sure, be rejected by the prohibitionists of Canada.

J. H. CARSON.

WHAT THE DELEGATE IS AFTER.

An able article on the Manitoba School question, from a Roman Catholic standpoint, appears in the April number of the Nineteenth Century, remarks the Toronto News. The writer is J. G. Snead Cox, who displays an intimate knowledge of the whole question and presents his views with exceptional conciseness. He is the editor of the Tablet, which is the recognized organ of Cardinal Vaughan. The article is of special interest to Canadians at this time, because of the plain intimation that the settlement of the school question is not regarded as final by the chief authorities of the Roman Catholic Church. He says:

"The appointment by the Holy See of an Apostolic Commissioner to go to Canada with instructions, if possible, to bring about some tolerable compromise between the representatives of the Catholic minority in Manitoba and the Government of the Province, is but one of the signs which show that the problem which now for seven years has troubled the peace of the Dominion is not yet laid at rest."

These are the words of the man who speaks for Cardinal Vaughan, and the words were written after the Papal Delegate and the Cardinal of Great Britain had conferred on the subject. With such indubitable proof of the fact that the Papal authorities anticipate "a most tolerable compromise," it is absurd to say that the Delegate has been sent out to discipline the Quebec Bishops.

A FRIEND CONDEMNS THEM.

The Rev. A. C. Courtice, editor of the Christian Guardian—the organ of the Methodist church—is in politics an advanced Liberal. He is also a strong advocate of tee-totalism, and as such took an active part in the recent action of the total abstainers on behalf of further restricting the liquor traffic by enactment of the Ontario Legislature. Mr. Courtice was therefore in an exceptionally favorable position for forming a correct judgment on all that took place in that connection.

In the Guardian of the 21st inst. Mr. Courtice, as one of a committee appointed by the convention of temperance workers to watch the course of the License Bill through the Ontario Legislature, publishes, over his own signature, a report of two columns in length, the concluding paragraph of which is as follows:

"The Liberal Party of Ontario is guilty of loitering, and has failed in leadership during this session. Its policy on this subject does not respond to the convictions and conscience of Ontario, nor lead our Christian citizens in politico-moral problems. The members of the Government are better disposed to moral leadership than the rank and file of the party. The Government was right in estimating the House as backward, and the extremely moderate course of the Government encouraged the bolt of their own followers."

Such is the verdict of a Liberal temperance worker on a Liberal Administration of which the head said: "We are a temperance Government."

A CURIOUS PROCEEDING.

The Liberals have superannuated, because of his old age, and consequent debility James Shannon, Postmaster at Kingston, who was born June 2nd 1829, and have appointed as his successor Alexander Gunn, a frisky and vigorous chap who was born October 5th, 1828,

Vive la humbug!

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

THE WAR IN THE EAST

Greece Sends a Mission to the Czar of Russia.

War News is Conflicting and Meagre, but it Would Seem That the Greeks Have Been on the Winning Side—Turks Suffer Many Losses—They Are Returning to Elassona by the Milouna Pass—Latest News From the Battlefield.

Headquarters of the Greek Army, Larissa, April 22.—The latest advices as to the situation at Damasi show that on Sunday the Turks made a sortie from the town and attacked the Greek position at Boughasi Pass and Sideropoluki. After severe fighting, the Greeks drove the Turks back across the frontier, with a loss of five guns.

The Turks have rescended from Milouna Pass on Kurtrivali. The result is not yet known here.

Four hundred members of the Foreign Legion, including 26 Englishmen, under Captain Birch, arrived here on Tuesday. They were received with a great demonstration, which was repeated on their departure for the front in the evening. Intense enthusiasm was caused among the Greeks when the Englishmen sang the Greek National war song.

The reek Evzones and a mountain battery, having ascended the mountains east of the St. George Monastery, were taken by the Turks on the flank. After a severe fight, lasting many hours, the Turks, who on Monday had driven the Greeks from Mati and Ligaria brought 280 Circassian cavalry from Elassona. This was on Tuesday. The Circassians began to extend into the plain, but being raked by the Greek Colonel Mastropas battery and by the Evzones, they were compelled to turn back to Ligaria with great loss.

A portion of the fleeing Turks have re-crossed the Milouna Pass towards Elassona. The Greek infantry, extending in a semi-circle from Tyrnavo to Karavali, was supported by artillery, all well handled, after a hard day's fighting, drove back the Turks upon Ligaria. It is understood that the latter are retreating in force towards Elassona.

The estimation in which the Turks are held is shown by the stampede of the whole population on the frontier. The villages and roads to Larissa are literally blocked with fugitives, herds of cattle, horses and donkeys, women and children on foot, old women carrying chairs, beds and household gear on their backs, on donkeys, in ox-wagons and in every conceivable sort of vehicle. The scene is heart-rending and reminds one of Pliny's description of the flight from Pompeii after the eruption of Mount Vesuvius.

Larissa is overcrowded. Food is scarce; the hospitals are full and there is an urgent appeal for nurses and surgical operations. The wounded are arriving hourly and all the surgical operations must be performed without chloroform, as there is none to be had.

The Raiders Returned.

Larissa, April 22, 6 p.m.—Chief Davellis and the survivors of his band of irregulars have returned here from their raid into Macedonia.

Athens, April 22, 5.30 p.m.—Prince Constantine, the Greek commander in chief, a despatch from Larissa announces, has been present at the scene of the military operations against the Turks since early this morning

Prayers were offered up in the churches of every town of Greece today for the success of the Greek army.

A Capture Denied.

Constantinople, April 22.—The Turkish Government denies that the Greeks have captured the Islands of Mitylene and Scio, off the west coast of Asia Minor.

LATEST WAR NEWS.

Greece Sends a Mission to St. Petersburg to Interview the Czar.

Odessa, April 22.—A special mission from the Greek Government passed through this city yesterda yen route to St. Petersburg.

Greece Holds Its Own.

London, April 22.—A despatch to The Daily Chronicle from Athens says that the Greeks have held their own positions and destroyed the Turkish cavalry at Mati. German officers were seen fighting with the Turks in German uniforms.

Civil War at Prevesa.

London, April 22.—A despatch to The Morning Post, from Karvassara, says it is reported that civil war has broken out among the Turks in Prevesa and that the surrender of the town is expected hourly.

Great Loss to Turks.

London, April 22.—The Standard's Athens' correspondent says that the Greeks at Mati repulsed a charge of 3000 Turkish cavalry with great loss to the Turks. The Crown Prince Constantine was present.

Gritlovali Recaptured.

Larissa, April 22.—The latest news from the district of Kurtiscovali (probably identical with Gritzovali, is that the place has been recaptured by the Greeks.

The News is Meagre.

London, April 22.—The war news received from the special correspondent of the London morning papers for publication to-morrow is meagre and somewhat conflicting. The only certainty seems to be that Tyrnavo has not yet fallen, but Nezeros is in the hands of the Turks.

Looks Bad for the Greeks.

Paris, April 22.—The situation on the Thessalian frontier, according to a despatch from Athens to-day, is considered to be highly critical. It is feared the Greek troops, exhausted by three days' hard fighting, will be unable to resist much longer the furious attacks of the Turks.

DR. CHASE'S
Catarrh Cure

CURES CATARRH, HAY FEVER, ROSE FEVER, AND ALL HEAD COLDS . . . GIVE ONE BLOW WITH THE BLOWER AND THE POWDER IS DIFFUSED, MAKING A SURE AND PERMANENT CURE . . . .
PRICE WITH BLOWER 25 CENTS

Greek Citizens Massacred.

London, April 22.—According to a special despatch from Athens massacres of Greek citizens have occurred near Prevesa, the Turkish town at the entrance of the Gulf of Arta. The Greek troops, it is added, have stormed five villages occupied by the Turks.

Russia to Interfere.

Paris, April 22.—Le Journal's correspondent at Odessa telegraphs that all the necessary measures have been taken at Sebastopol for the eventual intervention of Russia in the war between Turkey and Greece.

THE FRESHET IN MANITOBA.

Winnipeg is Not Distressed, But Emerson People Have to Live in the Upper Storeys of Their Houses.

Winnipeg, April 22.—(Special.)—The Red River at Winnipeg continues to rise slowly, but thus far no inconvenience has been caused here and there is believed to be no danger of a flood. At Emerson, Morris and other points down the river, where the land lies much lower and the river is much narrower, a serious state of affairs exists, the country being inundated and most people being compelled to live in the upper storeys of their houses. It is reported that along the Red River between Winnipeg and Emerson many settlers are suffering distress and want as a result of the flood. The Government is taking steps to find out if such reports are true, and will despatch a steamer down the river to relieve any distress that may be found to exist. Despatches from Emerson to-night say the water is slowly receding, and it is now believed the worst stage has been passed.

The high water has caused more inconvenience than loss at Winnipeg. The water now stands 21 feet 10 inches above the ordinary low water mark. It is only two feet below the power house of the Electric Light Companies, but is not expected to reach them.

TEACHERS' CONVENTION CLOSED

The Pedagogues Have Had a Good Time—Some Criticism of the Education Department.

Toronto, April 23.

The annual convention of the Ontario Educational Association, which closed last night, proved highly successful and instructive. There was a wide range of topics discussed and some severe criticisms of details in the educational system of the Province. On all hands it was conceded that good will result from the discussions and that the educators themselves will profit greatly from this their thirty-sixth annual conference.

In the Trustees' Section, Dr. McGillivray, Whitby, read a paper on examinations, and announced that there were too many and they cost too much. In addition to this, it was the practice of the Minister of Education to saddle High Schools with the cost of maintaining a lot of useless officials, who received their positions as party rewards. Whenever a teacher raised his voice in protest, said Dr. McGillivray, the Minister of Education closed his mouth by giving him a text-book to write, or some other job.

Hon. G. W. Ross quoted figures to show that the cost was less than in any other country where a like efficiency was maintained.

As to the charge of jobbery, the Minister said it was a base insinuation against the teachers of the Province, which would not be heeded by any right-thinking man.

Dr. B. A. Hinsdale of Ann Arbor, Mich., lectured on the psychological aspects of education and pointed out that moral teaching must be done incidentally. Intellectual training could be given by a direct appeal to the intelligence, but moral teaching was successful only so far as it appealed to the sympathies of the pupil. Direct teaching of this character only aroused the combative and argumentative spirit.

The Committee on High School Entrance Examinations presented, through Dr. Burwash, the following report: 1. The division of the High Schools into two distinct classes, the one literary and classical, preparing for university and higher professional courses; the other, English and scientific, preparing for agriculture and other industrial pursuits.

2. The entrance to the first division should be such as to enable pupils to enter not later than 12 years of age, so that they can advantageously begin their language studies, while the entrance to the second division might be placed at a more advanced stage of the Public School program and thus tend to raise the character of the Public Schools.

3. In the selection of examiners for entrance to the schools of the first division, representatives of High Schools of this class or of the universities should have a controlling place. For entrance to those of the second division, representatives of the Public Schools and of the second division of the High Schools should have prominence.

The jubilee resolution, as drafted by the sub-committee, was read to the association and contained the usual congratulatory expression of loyalty to Her Majesty. The resolution will be engrossed, signed by the president, president-elect and secretary and sent to the Queen.

The Minister of Education, who has been in great demand throughout the meeting, gave an able address on "Citizenship and Higher Education." One of the main points which Dr. Ross strove to make was that whatever the state might spend in aid of university education would be amply repaid by the indirect benefits she would derive from the useful experimental works and resulting inventions the scientific and otherwise learned men turned out by the university would carry out. Political economists should step into politics and throw some light on such topics as the tariff. Up to this time each man held just such views as, if carried out, would most benefit himself. Turning to the question of the neglect of art and literature and the failure to patronize learning and learned men in proportion to their merit, he stated that there could be found no more of the artistic in Toronto to-day than could be found in the Indian villages discovered by La Salle 300 years ago. Though constitutionally Canadians are empowered to govern half the continent, yet the country is dominated by provincial ideas. Thus, in choosing the Government, the Premier of the Dominion had to choose representatives from each of the Provinces. The same might be said in regard to creeds. A Government should have represented so many Catholics, so many Protestants, so many lawyers and so many farmers. We allowed local interests to dominate our actions and larger conceptions of citizenship were unknown. It was the duty of higher education to remove this drawback. Religious intolerance, though largely wiped away in the past four hundred years, still existed. People still sneered at other mortals because they chose to prostrate themselves before their Maker in some different way to what they took themselves. The churches were human. They loved power and sought the protection of the throne, and not the left, but the right side of the throne at that. [Laughter.] The Minister concluded with an appeal to the members to repay to their country the services they had received from it in the shape of an almost entirely free education.

This closed the convention.

The light in the window after midnight but too frequently tells the old, old story of the awful torture of approaching motherhood for some illy-prepared women. All too often death lurks on the doorstep. This is a story that would seldom be told if women would but properly prepare themselves for the duties of motherhood. If a woman will take the right care of the organs that make motherhood possible, approaching maternity will have no fears for her. Nature intended that all women should bear children, and did not mean that this duty should be a cruel torture. Woman's own ignorance and neglect have made it so.

All weakness and disease of woman's reproductive organism are cured by Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly upon these organs. It makes them strong and healthy. It prepares them for approaching maternity. It allays the discomforts of the expectant period. It makes baby's coming easy and comparatively painless, and insures the health of the child. All good druggists sell it.

"I have had three miscarriages," writes Mrs. J. L. Shaffer, of Ney, Sully Co., S. Dakota. "Last Spring I received one of your Memorandum Books in which I found your 'Favorite Prescription' recommended to prevent it. I took eleven bottles of it and have a bright boy five months old, which I owe to God and your medicine."

What woman does not wish to make her family cares as light as possible, consistent with her family's well-being? The greatest care of all is the fear of sickness. It is a common saying amongst conscientious mothers: "As long as the children are well, I don't mind anything else." For these mothers Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser would prove "The shadow of a great rock in a weary land." This book of 1,008 pages, profusely illustrated, gives plain talks and kindly sensible medical advice. It is peculiarly valuable for mothers of young daughters. More than a half a million copies of this book have been sold for $1.50 each. Now there is an enormous edition to be given away. Send 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of customs and mailing *only*, for a copy in paper cover. For cloth binding, send 50 stamps. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices firm. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.70 to $3.75, Manitoba patents at $4.75 and strong bakers $4.40.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8 to $8.50, west, and shorts $9.50 to $10.

Wheat—The local wheat market continues strong. Red winter wheat sold at 76c, and white at 77c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 83c, Midland, and 74c afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 81c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 29c to 30c, No. 2 at 25c to 26c, and No. 3 extra at 23c. Feed barley 20c to 21c, west.

Oats—The market is quiet and firm. Sales of white west at 20c. Mixed are quoted at 18½c to 19c, west. White on the Midland quoted at 22c.

Peas—The market is firm, there being sales to-day at 40c to 41c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c, west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices firm, with quotations 33c to 34c, outside.

THEY CAUSED A SENSATION.

Eight British War Vessels Turned Up at Lorenzo Marquez and the Inhabitants Got Excited About It.

Lorenzo Marquise, Delagoa Bay, April 22.—A squadron of eight British warships arrived here yesterday evening. The advent of the squadron caused much excitement here. Six of the warships have entered the river and two others remain in the bay. A French warship has also arrived here.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

Large Increase in the Reserve and a Decrease in Circulation

London, April 22.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England, issued to-day, shows the following changes as compared with the previous account:

Total reserve increased £443,000, circulations decreased £549,000, bullion decreased £105,765, other securities increased £250,000, other deposits increased £38,000, public deposits increased £712,000, notes reserved increased £561,000, Government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability, which last week was 50.75 per cent., is now 50.93 per cent. The bank rate of discount remains unchanged at 2 1-2 per cent.

The Latest Chatter

CLEAR THE WAY.

Men of thought! be up and stirring
Night and day;
Sow the seed, withdraw the curtain,
Clear the way,
Men of action, aid and cheer them,
As ye may!
There's a fount about to stream,
There's a light about to beam,
There's a warmth about to glow,
There's a flower about to blow;
There's a midnight blackness changing
Into gray;
Men of thought and men of action,
Clear the way,

Once the welcome light has broken,
Who shall say
What the unimagined glories
Of the day?
What the evil that shall perish
In its ray?
Aid the dawning, tongue and pen;
Aid it, hopes of honest men;
Aid it, paper—aid it, type—
Aid it, for the hour is ripe;
And our earnest must not slacken
Into play;
Men of thought and men of action,
Clear the way,

Lo! a cloud's about to vanish
From the day,
And a brazen wrong to crumble
Into clay,
Lo! the Right's about to conquer—
Clear the way,
With the Right shall many more
Enter smiling at the door;
With the giant Wrong shall fall
Many others, great and small,
That for ages long have held us
For their prey;
Men of thought and men of action
Clear the way!

—CHARLES MACKAY.

THE FARMER AND THE HARE.

A Story Good Enough to Tell the Children.

A farmer of Montgomery, in the Department of Seine et Oise, France, has just had the misfortune to be robbed of no less a sum than 765 francs ($150) by a hare. Though this sounds somewhat like a fairy tale, it is nevertheless a fact, and occurred in the following manner: The farmer, who had been to the neighboring town and sold a horse for the above-named sum, was on his way home when, in passing through a vineyard, he saw a fine hare which had been caught in a trap—evidently the work of some poachers. He at once took the hare from the trap, with the intention of making a meal of him. But, though he had caught his hare, he was far from cooking him. The poor animal made frantic efforts to get free, so the farmer drew out his pocket-handkerchief to tie it up. He had just succeeded in fastening one leg when the hare made a last bold bid for liberty, and managed to slip from his captor's grasp. In a trice he was off like the wind, bearing the handkerchief with him, and the farmer was left lamenting, for in a corner of that handkerchief he, after the fashion of country folk, had tied the notes for thirty pounds which he had received for his horse. Before he had recovered from his surprise the hare was of course over the hills and far away, leaving never a trace behind.

BICYCLE—
CLOTHING—
COMFORT!

The Enjoyment of Riding a Wheel is discounted 50 per cent. when you are not properly clothed for it.

The proper attire for the '97 Wheelman is not a heavy expense, if purchased here. Our suits have all the good points of the made-to-order kind without its large price. We have some in Scotch Tweed effects, Knickerbockers, Patch Pockets, double seat, at

...$5 and $6...

BICYCLE PANTS.

Those who do not wish a complete suit can get the proper knickerbocker pants only, made of good tweed, double seats and all the improvements. Prices

...$1.50 and $2.50...

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten
Season

Fresh
Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.
Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.
Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies
FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins
Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.
Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.
Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—139 and 157.

Removed
We are now
All Removed
to our new
Store.
THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Roo Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The bes to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE
— AND —
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
Representing the following first-class Companies:
The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.
The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.
The London and Lancashire,
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A GREAT BIG MUDDLE

Mr. Fielding's Budget is Fearful and Wonderful.

He Denounces the National Policy and Produces a Schedule That Will Tangle Business Men All Up—Duty on Spirits Advanced, Also on Tobacco—The Iron Duties Reduced and a Bounty to be Paid to Manufacturers as an Offset—Barbed Wire to be Free Next Year—Preferential Treatment for British Goods.

Ottawa, April 22.—(Special.)—The clock in the Commons Chamber registered half-past 3 o'clock before Mr. Speaker called the members to prayer. When the doors were opened the galleries filled up quickly, although it was the subject of remark that there have been occasional "Budget Days" in the past when a bigger crowd was present. Among those observable in the galleries were well-known manufacturers and importers from all parts of the country, anxious to know their fate. There were also old-time Liberals keen to learn how the great Liberal party proposed to live up to the Ottawa platform of 1893, when tariff for revenue became the party watchword. Lady Aberdeen occupied a seat to the right of Mr. Speaker. Routine business took over an hour to dispose of, but nobody seemed to pay much attention to it.

Mr. Fielding entered at 4.25, and was greeted with Liberal cheers. By arrangement, he took Sir Richard Cartwright's chair in order to give him the use of both desks for his papers. The fateful tariff reposed in a basket until the proper time to unfold it. The Minister looked pale and somewhat nervous. No doubt he has been working under high pressure for some weeks. He sported in his button hole some Nova Scotia Mayflowers.

THE BUDGET SPEECH.

Mr. Fielding Figures on a Deficit This Year of a Million

Mr. Fielding arose amid loud Ministerial cheers. He asked the generous indulgence of the House in his task. He paid a tribute to the long line of able men who had preceded him in this particular duty. First of all he devoted himself to the financial returns of last year, explaining the increases in customs, excise and miscellaneous. The total revenue was $36,618,590, as against $33,978,129 the previous year, an increase of $2,640,431. The expenditure amounted to $36,949,142, or within $50,000 of Mr. Foster's estimate. The deficit for the year amounted to $330,551, due to revenue not coming up to Mr. Foster's expectations. Moving to this year's figures, the revenue up to April 20th (last Tuesday) amounted to $30,284,403. Add to this for the purpose of the year's estimate the actual receipts between April 20 and June 30 last year of $7,892,252, the probable receipts this year might be considered as $38,146,655. But this, he considered, was beyond the mark, for the reason that the excise income this year was unduly swollen by reason of duties paid last month, and that would necessarily affect the revenue for the balance of the year. The customs also had been unduly increased in anticipation of tariff changes. A safe and reasonable estimated deduction from income mentioned was $850,000, leaving the probable income for the year $37,300,000. The expenditure to April 20 was $25,463,830, and from that date to the end of June last year $12,393,949, or an estimated total of $37,857,779. The estimated deficit this year might be $600,000, but probably that was too sanguine. He thought the Government would come through the year with a deficit well within a million dollars, but it might not exceed $600.00. This deficit was the result of legacies left by the late Government.

He held that not until the obligations left by the last Government had been wiped out could the financial policy of the present Government be fairly criticized. In place of the present Government having had to borrow $10,000,000 as a temporary loan predicted by Mr. Foster last session they had only borrowed £600,000 sterling to meet all services. [Liberal cheers.] After referring to the capital expenditure of last year he said the result would be a net increase in the debt of $1,750,000. The expenditure for next year he estimated at $38,250,000. The revenue on the basis of the present tariff would amount to $37,500,000, leaving a deficit of three-quarters of a million. The increase in the net debt of the year would amount to about $2,750,000.

Then, preliminary to announcing the new tariff, the Minister proceeded to criticise the National Policy. He contended that the adoption of that policy was not on account of a principle with Conservatives. They adopted it in a time of depression, when people were looking for relief. This policy was the growth of political difficulties, in which the leaders of the Conservative party erroneously permitted themselves to be led away from the old faith.

Mr. Foster: No cheers for that sentiment.

Mr. Lister: The cheers will come later.

Mr. Foster: Yes, when we get to the oil duties. [Laughter.]

Mr. Fielding, continuing, said the contention put forth in favor of the National Policy was that with two or three years of protection the infant industries could stand alone. But what was the contention to-day? Take the nursing bottle away from them and they would immediately perish off the face of the earth. Then it was contended that a high tariff would seure reciprocity with our neighbors in two years. But how had that prediction been fulfilled? The country was no nearer reciprocity to-day than in 1878. He read a string of census figures to show how, in his judgment, the National Policy had failed to come up to the expectations of its progenitors. In the past decade the increase in population was only 509,000 souls, whereas, acording to the natural rate of increase, plus the immigrants among it, should have been 1,241,000 people more. The National Policy, instead of keeping our people at home, had driven them away. He recited a conversation he had had with a prominent Conservative manufacturer, who said if the next census returns did not make a better showing he would lose all faith in the future of his country.

The present Government hoped by a change in policy and after ten years of rule to show far better results, so as not to induce Conservative manufacturers to lose faith in their country. Then he read the tariff platform adopted by the Liberal Convention in Ottawa in 1893. On that policy the country gave its verdict last June, and, subject to such changes as varying circumstances might require and on which he would have something to say later, the Government accepted that platform as a delaration of principles which they were bound to follow in their tariff. [Liberal cheers.]

At a quarter to 6 the Speaker left the chair, and the House rose for dinner

Mr. Fielding, after recess, continued his denunciation of the National Policy. He contrasted the present era of bonus hunting and tariff protection with the good old policy of industries running along on their own merits. He argued that the National Policy had injured rather than helped the manufacturer. Then came the stage of the combine, the wealthy capitalist stepping in and buying up all the small establishments. Far more benefit accrued to the country by a moderate tariff than by a protective one. He urged that manufacturers should not be led away by the cry that their successes were identified with the protective policy. He referred to the statements made to the Tariff Commission that the people would not buy Canadian made goods, but preferred foreign ones. He was loth to believe that, but doubtless it was correct. Certainly it was a startling result of the National Policy. Coercion had evidently failed where conciliation would succeed.

Now the time had arrived to let in the free air of competition, and so he would say to the manufacturers of Canada that they had much to hope from the new tariff. The Government had been importuned to bring free trade principles into operation at once. But no reasonable man could expect that. A writer in The London Times, after the Liberal triumph of last June, had pointed out that the change in Canada would have to be gradual. Lord Farrer, a great free trade writer, was even more pronounced in his declaration on that point.

Continuing, he demurred to the contention that the manufacturer had vested rights in the National Policy. There was a good deal of the speculative element in that policy. Men who played the game and gathered in the winnings when the turn of trade came should pay the losses. [Liberal cheers.] If we struck out of the tariff every vestige of protection they should take the risk and abide by the consequences. While it would be but stern justice there was no such disposition on the part of this Government. [Loud Conservative applause.]

Mr. Foster: Scoundrels great and scoundrels small. [Conservative cheers and laughter.]

Mr. Fielding: There is no disposition on the part of this Government to deal with the protected classes in that spirit, although he submitted if it suited the will of the people of Canada to establish free trade, while it would be a dangerous thing to do, so far as the protected classes are concerned they would have no reason to complain. But they were dealing with more than the protected interests. The evil of protection was widespread; it had become so interwoven with the business of Canada that if we attempted to strike it down it would do harm to other interests which are not directly connected with the protected interests. The interests of labor had to be considered, and the banking interests were closely bound up with this question. Some gentlemen said they ought to make a clean sweep now, but intelligent men would not say so. [Liberal cheers.]

Mr. Foster: Come to the point, you make us tired.

Mr. Fielding said the hon. gentleman would be more tired before he had done. Referring to the circumstances under which the Ottawa platform was adopted he said there was every indication then in the United States of a more liberal tariff policy. But to-day everything was changed, a protective policy had been adopted by that country, and if the Dingley bill became law it would undoubtedly affect the trade relations between the two countries. The Government was justified in stopping to think what would be the effect of its policy if, on the eve of negotiations for reciprocity, it should in advance revise the tariff down to the lowest figures. [Conservative cheers.] While some would urge that Canada should mete out an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth it was not the policy of the Government to adopt that course. But if events justified the Government in withholding action with regard to the States that was no reason why it should not proceed to deal with tariff reform in relation to those countries which are prepared to deal with us. [Liberal cheers.] We are prepared, he said, to declare to the world that we are willing to trade with those countries which are prepared to deal with us. If the United States frames its policy for itself, we have a right to frame our policy with a single eye to Canadian interests. [Cheers.] While we will not yield to the spirit of retaliation which is in the air, and for which there is perhaps considerable justification, while the fence would not be put up three or four strands higher, there was no particular reason for taking it down to-day.

This led to the conclusion that there must be one tariff for countries willing to trade with us, and a different tariff for countries that are not prepared to deal with us. So far as regards the countries not willing to trade with us there are articles which we want, and therefore in regard to these articles the tariff could not be reduced. It was not the intention, speaking generally, to propose any great reduction in the tariff as applied to those countries which are not disposed to trade with us. We propose, therefore, to have a general tariff, and that to a large extent will be the tariff of to-day. [Prolonged Conservative cheers and counter cheers.] It would be the tariff of to-day freed from some of its enormities—[Liberal cheers]—freed from the injustices of which the people complained; free from specific duties—[Liberal cheers]—free from the annoyance and irritation which have created friction between importers and the Department—the tariff of to-day, with those changes. [Hear, hear.] The preferential tariff which would be submitted would give preference above all others to products of Great Britain. [Liberal cheers.]

Were they beginning de novo, the Government could have made an entirely new tariff arrangement, but they had to take matters as they found them, or, as a new chapter trenchantly put it, to build upon an old foundation. So the best the Government could do, seeing they couldn't reduce the number of items, was to make the rate of duty more uniform.

Mr. Fielding then went on to detail the changes in the tariff. The chief of these was, he said, that in the duty on spirits, which had been raised 15c per gallon; the duty on flour reduced from 75c to 60c per barrel; the duty on coal oil, refined, from 6c per gallon to 5c, and on crude petroleum from 3c per gallon to 2 1-2c. The Finance Minister added that it was proposed to change the regulations so as to admit coal oil in tanks.

An Opposition Member: So they have been bought with 1c per gallon. [Laughter.]

Mr. Fielding went on to deal with the question of coal. There is to be no reduction, he said, in the duty upon coal. [Cries of "Oh, oh."] The Finance Minister repudiated, amidst renewed merriment on Mr. Speaker's left, the assertion that the retention of the coal duty had anything to do with the Nova Scotia elections. The Congress of the United States, he said, was reconsidering the question of the duty on coal, and he hoped that the Dingley bill proposal of 75 cents would be reduced to 40 cents per ton, as it was now. When that had been done Canada would reduce her coal duty to 40c a ton also. But as the Government could not act on supposition now it was thought better to wait and see what the Congress of the United States would really do.

Major Hughes: Why did you not hold the corn duties as an offset against the American duty?

Mr. Fielding replied that that matter would doubtless be explained in due time.

Sir Charles Tupper decided not to allow the statement as to the coal duties to go as an indefinite announcement. In case the United States tariff should remain at 75c per ton, he asked, will the hon. gentleman say that he intends to carry out his declaration at Montreal, not only to retain the present duty of 60c on bituminous, but to impose a duty on anthracite coal as well?

Mr. Fielding: Yes, and impose a duty on anthracite coal as well.

At this point Mr. Fielding, whose endurance had evidently been overtaxed, begged the House to excuse him from further effort and allow the Controller of Customs to proceed with the tariff explanations.

Mr. Paterson accordingly continued. He went on to explain that on the whole class of agricultural and dairy products which we largely import from the United States the Government have decided not to change, in view of negotiations with that country. Indian corn, now rateable at 7 1-2c per bushel, the Government proposed to make free except to distillers, who shall pay the present duty. Flour was reduced from 75c to 60c per barrel and the duty on cornmeal retained at 40c a barrel, but the provision was abolished in regard to the granting of corn in bond for human food. Uncleaned rice it was proposed to increase frim 3-10c per lb. to 3-4c per lb., while the duty on cleaned rice would remain at 1 1-4c.

Books were changed from 6c per lb. to 20 per cent. ad valorem, and advertising pamphlets, show cards, etc., now 6c per lb. and 20 per cent., would be 35 per cent. ad valorem. Wall paper and paper sacks, now dutiable at 25c and 25 per cent. respectively, were both to be 25 per cent. Muriatic and all mixed acids, sulphuric ether, etc., were grouped under a uniform duty of 25 per cent., while medical and medicinal preparations of all sorts were reduced from 50 to 35 per cent.

The duty on earthenware jugs, etc., was made uniform at 35 per cent. ad valorem, and in the matter of cement, now 40c per barrel, it was decided, because of difference in the weights of barrels, to make it uniform at 12 1-2c per cwt., including the weight of packing.

Rough blocks, or slabs of marble, now 10 per cent., are increased to 20 per cent. to be uniform with the duty on flagstones, granite, etc., while finished marble goods are increased from 30 to 35 per cent.

Leather board was increased from 20 to 25 per cent., and ordinary leather, now 15 per cent., and patent leather, now 22 1-2 per cent., were made uniform at the increased duty of 25 per cent.

Belting of all kinds, leather and rubber, was made dutiable at 20 per cent., and the duty on india rubber boots, etc., was reduced from 30 to 25 per cent.

Mr. Paterson, in coming to the iron duties, the schedule of metal and metal manufactures, regretted that the Finance Minister had not been able to make the explanation himself. He went on to say, however, that the policy of the Government to-day is, that pig, wrought and scrap iron and steel, being the basis of so many industries, the duty upon them should be reduced, notwithstanding the admitted fact that most of this material came to us from across the line. Yet the Government had taken steps to provide that the present iron industry should not thereby be crushed, but should be compensated for the loss of this protection by an increase of bounties. [Conservative cheers and laughter.] The duty on scrap iron and steel it is proposed to reduce from $4 to $1.50 per ton, and the duty on pig iron, kentledge, etc., from $4 to $2.50 per ton, while iron and steel blooms, slabs and billets, and puddled bars are to be reduced from $5 to $4 per ton.

The announcement that barbed fencing would be free after Jan. 1 next was received with loud applause from the Liberals.

Several increases to 35 per cent. provoked great cheering from the Opposition.

Mr. Fielding announced that the binder twine duty would be immediately reduced from 12 1-2 to 10 per cent., and that after Jan. 1 next it would be free, and all articles entering into the manufactures of binder twine would get on the free list.

It was not proposed to make any change in the duty on tea. In place of increasing the duty on sugar, as anticipated, it was proposed practically to reduce it. The duty on raw sugar would remain as it is, 1-2c a pound, but the duty on refined sugar, which governed the price of the article to the consumer, would be reduced 14-1000c per pound.

The free list remains practically the same.

Then, taking up the proposed preferential schedule, he explained that where countries gave favorable treatment to Canada it was proposed to accord favorable treatment to it. From now until June 30 on importations from Great Britain and countries which favored Canada, the reduction would be one-eighth on the general tariff, while after that date the reductions of duty would be one-fourth, but this would not apply to ales, beer, wines or liquors, sugar, molasses or syrups, tobaccos, cigars and cigarets. The Minister explained that it was proposed to strike out the combines by authorizing the placing of articles on the free list where a combine was formed to increase the price.

With regard to revenue gains and losses from these changes on iron the Government might lose $215,000; on woolens, $275,000; on cottons, $66,000; corn, $147,000, or a gross amount of probably $700,000.

It was proposed to increase the excise duty on spirits from $1.70 per proof gallon to $1.90, to reduce duty on vinegars and increase it on acetic acid. It was proposed also to charge a duty on raw leaf tobacco of 10c a pound. This would give nearly $1,000,000; spirits, $5,000,000; cigarets, $100,000; customs duties on spirits, etc., $173,000. In this way he hoped to haul out about square at the end of the year.

He proceeded to explain the bounty on iron, but said this would be on iron for home consumption only. The Government reserved to itself the right to impose a duty on iron for export.

Sir Charles Tupper asked how the Government proposed to get over the Belgian and German treaties, which prohibited discrimination by colonies of Great Britain against these countries.

Mr. Fielding said while these treaties forbade any concession of a preferential character being made with Great Britain, the proposal before the House would apply to every country which was willing to establish fair and reasonable trade relations with Canada.

Sir Charles Tupper: The hon. gentleman's proposal is entirely delusive, and will have no effect whatever.

Major Hughes asked if it was proposed to impose an export duty on logs or pulpwood.

Mr. Fielding said the Government had no proposal at this time, but reserved its judgment until a later stage of the session.

In conclusion, Mr. Fielding said: We present to this House a tariff which has the advantage of being simpler than the one that now exists, and I feel assured that it will to a considerable extent put an end to that friction that has so long existed between the merchants of the country and the Custom Houses. We submit a tariff which largel yabandons the specific duties, which have been so unjust to the poorer classes. We submit a tariff in which the larger free list is no tpractically disturbed, but has large additions made to it. We give to the country the great boon of free corn, which will have an important effect on the development of our farming interests, and particularly the dairying interest, to which we must look in a very large degree for the prosperity of our farmers and the increase of our exports. We give to the country a reduction of the duty on coal oil and the removal of the burdensome restrictions respecting the sale of coal oil. We give to the country a reduction of the duty on coal oil and the removal of the burdensome restrictions respecting the sale of coal oil. We give to the farmer his fence wire at a low rate of duty for the present year, and place it on the free list from the 1st Jan. next. We give him his binder twine on the same terms, a lower rate of duty for the present, and make it free from the 1st day of January next.

We give the medical and dental professions a boon which the younger and less wealthy members of the profession will appreciate, when we put all surgical and dental instruments on the free list.

We recognize the great mining industry of the country by placing on the free list all machinery exclusively used in mining enterprises. [Ministerial cheers.] We do not confine it to mining machinery made in Canada, but we say it is more important to develop the mining interests of Canada than even to make a few machines in Canada, and so we put mining machinery exclusively used for the purposes of mining enterprises on the free list. We give the people the benefit of reductions on breadstuffs, flour, wheat and cornmeal. We give the manufacturers the benefit of cheaper iron, and much complaint has been made in the past of the burdens imposed upon them by the iron duthy. We revise the duties on rice in such a maner that they will not add a cent to the cost to the consumer and will add materially to the public revenue. We give the people a reduction almost all along the line. We provide the necessary revenue to meet the great needs of the country by increased taxes on articles of luxury, such as spirits, tobacco and cigars, without any increased taxation on the necessaries of life. [Liberal cheers.] Hon. gentlemen opposite have ever had the free breakfast they talk about; we make it freer to-day by reducing the duty on sugar from $1.14 per 100 lbs. to $1, which is a material reduction; and last, but not least, we give to the people the benefits of preferential trade with the Mother Country. [Great Ministerial cheering.] This question of preferenteial trade has been mentioned in the House in times past. Leading public men have advocated preferential trade, but always annexing to their sugestions demands for England's action, with which it was well known England could not comply. The advocates of preferential trade, at all events all who have taken an active part in that movement, have assumed that as the first step England must consent to put a duty on corn. We know that England does not view that project with favor. We know that no more unpopular project can be offered the English people than to ask them to put a duty on breadstuffs. It may be that as time rolls along at an early day they may change their views. It may be that they may see it in their interests to make this distinction, and they may offer some preferential rate to the grain of Canada. If they can be induced to do that by fair argument, I have no doubt it will be a good thing for Canada. But why should we wait for England to take action? England has dealt generously with us in the past. [Cheers.] England has given us a larger degree of liberty perhaps than is possessed by any other country on the face of the earth. She has given us liberty to tax her wares even when she admits our goods free, and we have taxed them to an enormous degree. Why should we wait for England to do more? Somebody must make a move in this matter, and we propose that Canada shall lead the way. The leader of the Opposition says that our project of freer trade with England is a delusive one.

Mr. Fielding concluded his speech at midnight after speaking five hours, with some assistance from Mr. Paterson.

Mr. Foster moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House rose forthwith, both sides rising and joining in singing the National Anthem.

Sour

Stomach, sometimes called waterbrash, and burning pain, distress, nausea, dyspepsia, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This it accomplishes because with its wonderful power as a blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates an appetite, gives refreshing sleep, and raises the health tone. In cases of dyspepsia and indigestion it seems to have "a magic touch."

"For over 12 years I suffered from sour

Stomach

with severe pains across my shoulders, and great distress. I had violent nausea which would leave me very weak and faint, difficult to get my breath. These spells came oftener and more severe. I did not receive any lasting benefit from physicians, but found such happy effects from a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I took several bottles and mean to always keep it in the house. I am now able to do all my own work, which for six years I have been unable to do. My husband and son have also been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla—for pains in the back, and after the grip. I gladly recommend this grand blood medicine." MRS. PETER BURBY, Leominster, Mass.

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Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents

McKinley Helps Along a Love Affair.

The President has a good deal of sentiment in his composition. He has shown great interest in the love affairs of a young man from Ohio, and has taken a role in a romance which does credit both to his heart and head.

The young man referred to may be called Jones for purposes of identification, and he may be located at Cincinnati, although he has a different name and lives in another place. Shortly before inauguration Jones called upon the President at Canton to pay his respects, and to his embarrassment Major McKinley inquired how he was getting alone with his love affair. Jones dodged the question, but the Major pinned him down and finally extracted from his reluctant lips a confession that he had not yet persuaded the young lady in the case to accept his heart and hand, although he hoped to be able to do so. Jones explained that his prospects were not very alluring, and that love in a cottage had no attractions for the young lady he desired for his wife.

"Do you think she would like to live abroad a little while?" asked the President.

"I wouldn't wonder," said Jones, "although I have never discussed that subject with her. I imagine she is like most young ladies, and that she would enjoy seeing foreign lands."

"Well," said the President, "if you think it will do any good, tell her that I will give you a consular appointment as a wedding present. Pick out eight or ten places in Europe that you think would suit her, and when I take up consular matters I will nominate you for one of them."

Jones thanked the President warmly, and has since notified him that he would be married early in June.—Chicago Record.

Explanation of the Camel's Hump

Where did the camel get its hump?

Be it known that camels did not originally have humps on their backs. So says Professor Cattaneo, of the Italian Institute of Science. The proof that they did not and the explanation of why they have them now is given by this savant in a recently published monograph, which is the result of scientific study of the subject.

The llama is known to have been used as a beast of burden centuries before the discovery of the western hemisphere, but it is asserted that thousands of years before the first llama carried a load upon his back the camel had been domesticated and was used for the transportation of burdens.

It is upon this point that the Italian savant rests his theory as to the formation of that animal's hump. In the beginning, he says, the camel, like the llama, was straight of back, but a hundred centuries, perhaps, of making a pack animal of the camel have brought about the change. At first the skin grew loose upon the camel's back. Then there and upon its knees the skin grew thick and callous. Soon nature began to pad this burdened part with fat and muscle; then for countless generations heredity did its work; little by little the hump grew, until it finally acquired its present size.

The use of the camel in the desert places of the world also played its part in the formation of this portion of its anatomy. For, being forced to go without food for days at a time, nature came to the rescue of the camel and providently stored these humps with fat which should nourish the beast through its periods of privation.

The Greater Misfortune.

Interested Acquaintance—I hear your house was entered by burglars last night. Did they get anything?

Mr. Newlyblessed (sleepily)—No, but they woke the baby!

SEE THAT LINE

It's the wash, out early, done quickly, cleanly, white.

Pure Soap did it

SURPRISE SOAP

with power to clean without too hard rubbing, without injury to fabrics.

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is the name, don't forget it.

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the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.

Canadian Branch, Bovril, Limited,
27 St. Peter St., Montreal.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

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BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

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Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.

O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists

THE Perfect Tooth Powder

The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable, if you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

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Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

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Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

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With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don't risk that by another kind—like new-fangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

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HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

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GOLD FIELDS
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Lowest Rates Best Accommodation
Quickest Time Most Scenic Route

Application for berths should be made to any Canadian Pacific Ry. Agent, or C. E. McPherson, Toronto.

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent
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"D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief.—J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

New Millinery,
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A. BRIGNALL'S

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD, Proprietors, MONTREAL.

THE "INTELLIGENCER"

Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

FOR ADOPTION—A healthy female infant. Address Box 443, Belleville Post Office. [A23d&w2t

WANTED—A Clerk, male. Apply to W. C. MIKEL. 4-21d6t

WANTED—Reliable agents for this locality; liberal terms. R. B. Hayhoe & Co., Tea and Coffee Importers, 48 Church, Toronto.

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

HOUSE TO RENT—A Brick House on Grove st.; good cellar and cistern; 9 rooms, all in good repair. Apply to PATRICK O'HORO. 4-19d6tp

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6d-f

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. [76deodtf

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Honorary Spanish Consul.

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Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received for excavating for, and building three manholes from the Front street sewer according to plans and specifications to be seen at my office, where tenders should be left with me, addressed to Thos. Luscombe, Esq., Chairman of Public Works, Belleville, with the names of two good sureties, up to noon of Tuesday, the 27th day of April inst. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

D. B. ROBERTSON,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office, April 23rd, 1897. d2t

G. T. R. Notes.

Passenger and freight traffic is very light at present, but it is expected business will revive with the advent of warmer weather.

All the engines coming from the shops now are equipped with air brakes. Some of them have the drive wheel brake. This is a preparatory step towards introducing air brakes on freight trains.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25 cents.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE NEW TARIFF.

The new tariff is depicted by the Globe's cartoonist as a lusty young colt—"Sire—British Policy, dam Protection." As "British Policy" is another name for "Free Trade" the colt cannot possibly be other than a mongrel, like Mark Twain's famous mare, which was "sired by 'Canal horse,' and damed by everybody who rode her."

Nova Scotia Elections.

Kingston News.

At first sight the Liberal victory in Nova Scotia looks like a disaster to the Conservative party. On closer examination, however, it will be found to be the very opposite. In reality it is a trumpet blast in favor of the Conservative principle of protection to native industries—Canada for the Canadians—in short, the National Policy. A few weeks ago the Hon. Mr. Fielding, replying to a delegation in Montreal, foreshadowed a continuance of the present Canadian duty of 75 cents per ton on bituminous coal, and even hinted at a restoration of the former duty on anthracite. His object was apparent. He had recently been Premier of Nova Scotia; he wanted to get the elections in that Province over before the tariff was announced; and he wanted to convey an impression that the Liberal party would not only do all that the Conservative party were likely to do in behalf of Nova Scotia's greatest industry, but would even "go one better." Following this deliverance, and as if part of the same carefully concocted scheme, Mr. Murray, the present Premier of Nova Scotia, issued a manifesto making protection on coal the principal plank in his platform for the Provincial contest, and appealing to the electors to show by their votes—to demonstrate in the eyes of the Government at Ottawa—that they would be content with nothing less. What was this but stealing the Conservative position outright? Under such circumstances it would have been a miracle if the elections had not resulted as they did. Making no allowance for the influence of the Federal and Provincial Governents, which must have been greatly felt, even Conservatives (so the more heedless of them doubtless thought) could scarcely fail to vote with Premier Murray to help him to impress upon Grits like Cartwright in the Ottawa Cabinet the imperative necessity of at least a retention of the present duty on bituminous coal. It remains to be seen whether or not Mr. Fielding has really made up his mind to heed so clamorous a cry. If he has, fortunate indeed are the Bluenoses to have both the great political parties of the Dominion plighted to conserve their interests. Is the National Policy, under its eleventh-hour adherents, to be extended also to Ontario and Quebec?

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie,

Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

—The C.P.R. is building a large amount of rolling stock of all kinds at its Hochelaga works.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray.

—A steamer to relieve the settlers in distress from floods along the Red River has been sent out by the Manitoba Government.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

—The franchise of the Lower Town Street Railway of Quebec has been finally sold to the new electric railway company for $20,000.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

—Canadian laborers at the Fort Erie race track attacked and drove back a gang of Italians from Buffalo, who were brought over to work by Contractors Craig & Craig.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray

—An unsuccessful attempt was made to stab King Humbert of Italy, who was proceeding in his carriage to the Campanelle race course. The would-be assassin was arrested.

A Society Sketch.

St. Sulthens Sewing Circle (connected with that fashionable Toronto church).

Maud (entering)—Why, how do you do Edith? I see I am about last.

Edith—Yes, every member is here excepting Mrs. Hauton, and nobody wants her.

Maud—Oh, that woman makes me tired. She is always scheming to push her plain looking daughters to the front, and making ill-natured remarks about her dearest friends.

Edith—Yes, and the questions she asks! She wanted to know how much our last dinner party cost, and how much mother paid for her new cloak.

Maud—Oh, that's nothing; she asked me so many unpleasant questions that I told the Governor, and he wanted to know what nerve food she used.

(Enter Mrs. Hauton.)

Edith—Why, my dear Mrs. Hauton, we were just saying the Circle was not complete without you; how are your charming daughters?

Maud—Yes, it is really quite slow without you.

Mrs. Hauton—Well, girls, I have some news for you. Ed. Crane has jilted Fanny Flowers, and she has gone to her sister in Montreal, and the Bilstons have lost a heap of money, and have to give up their carriage.

Edith—Oh, that's too bad; but did you hear that Harry Jones was engaged to a Hamilton girl?

Mrs. Hauton (who once hoped to secure H. J. for a son-in-law)—Nobody cares whether Harry Jones is engaged or not, except to pity the girl.

Edith—How did you enjoy Osgoode, Mrs. Hauton; I saw you there with the Menzies under your wing?

Mrs. Hauton—Yes, dear, I was obliged to trot them round as I came in their carriage.

Maud—Oh, I see; you coach them and they carriage you.

Edith—I went with my brother Tom, but saw little of him.

Maud—I saw him dancing with a plain-looking woman, dressed very decollete.

Mrs. Hauton—That was Mrs. Mopes; quite passee, but thinks she has a fine neck.

Edith—Just what Tom said; it was neck or nothing with her.

Maud—Oh, here's the rector going to close the shop.

Rector—My dear sisters, I am sure you will go home feeling that you have passed a more profitable and satisfactory afternoon than if engaged in some worldly and frivolous amusement. You will reap a spiritual benefit as the heathen will a material benefit

CANADA FLATHEADS.

CONCERNING THE CONTENTED INDIANS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

They Are Industrious, Independent and Happy—Some Portraits Showing Characteristic Faces of the Interesting Tribe.

The Flathead Indians of British Columbia afford an extensive field for character study, and the writer having lived among them a number of years, has had unlimited opportunity for noting their peculiarities. Friendly contact with this people shows them to be of an entirely different disposition from their northwestern brothers, and distinct as a tribe. They receive no help from the Government, for the reason that they are well able to sustain themselves by securing employment at numerous occupations open to them.

Independence is stamped upon their countenances and their talent consists in carving, canoe building and kindred employments. Fishing and hop picking are the principal industries in which they are employed during the summer, while in winter, felling timber and hunting gives ample compensation for a comfortable living. Canoes are their means of transportation and their skill in manipulating the paddle is often made manifest during town exhibitions, in which this sport is a prominent feature. Great numbers of these ingenious Indians live along the trend of the Fraser river, which winds through dark canyons, amid towering mountains where in proximity to the waters turbulently falling over rocks they live in a state of felicity, fishing and hunting.

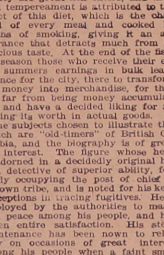
FLATHEAD INDIAN—"JIM."

The ritual of the Roman Catholic Church attracts many of them, and schools of this denomination are scattered about the province. Industrial schools are also opened for their especial benefit, and many of the youthful Indians avail themselves of this invaluable instruction. Indian brass bands have been organized at different stations, and it is amusing to note their rapid acquisition of skill in the management of the different musical instruments, considering that they were comparative strangers to anything in this line such a short time ago, and now it is quite a common sight to observe these bands playing on occasions of festivity in the cities.

WOMAN OF THE FLATHEAD INDIAN TRIBE.

They are great fish eaters, and their mild tempereament is attributed to the effect of this diet, which is the chief food of every meal and cooked by means of smoking, giving it an appearance that detracts much from its delicious taste. At the end of the fishing season those who receive their entire summers earnings in bulk leave at once for the city, there to transform the money into merchandise, for they are far from being money accumulators, and have a decided liking for receiving its worth in actual goods.

The subjects chosen to illustrate this sketch are "old-timers" of British Columbia, and the biography is of great ing interest. The figure whose head is adorned in a decidedly original hat is a detective of superior ability, formerly occupying the post of chief in his own tribe, and is noted for his keen perceptions in tracing fugitives. He is employed by the authorities to maintain peace among his people, and has given entire satisfaction. His stern countenance has been nown to relax only on occasions of great interest among his people when a faint smile is distinguishable. The clothes he wears are of his own selection, for the people imitate the whites in regard to dress, in so far that some wear denby hats, causing an amusing spectacle to a visiting stranger, for the reason that their peculiar, flat-shaped heads compel them to wear these hats with the peaks overlapping the ears.



FLATHEAD INDIAN—THE DETECTIVE.

The picture representing a "smiling character" will probably receive criticism as to its beauty; the ugliness of the face, however, is somewhat relieved by the vigorous growth of hair. He is a jovial companion, ever ready to chat with one who understands the Indian jargon. He is known by the abbreviated name of "Jim," and has kla-how-ya (how are you) ever ready for his acquaintances. Being too old to work, for he is about 80 years of age, he is permitted to wander about according to his own inclination, and is surprisingly agile for his age.

The women are hard workers, and are frequently seen walking through the cities burdened with a "pack" sufficiently heavy for a strong man to carry; but fastened as it is to their backs, they evince no sign of weariness while in winter they are seen walking along with characteristic gait in their bare feet, over ice and snow, showing no apparent discomfort for the exposure. The third illustration is a fine type of the older women, and like the male characters previously described, they are not remarkable for their beauty. This one is over seventy years old, and is in good health, sickness being infrequent among them.

Beet-root sugar is for the first time being manufactured in Persia, a Belgian company, which for the last two years has been erecting a magnificent factory on the newest principles, with electric motors, having just begun work. Another company has started a glass factory, which is also at work.

W. C. T. U.

Hard Times and the Drink Habit.

(From an American Writer.)

During the past two years a great deal has been said about "hard times." Last winter the poor of our cities were in want and suffering, while the sympathies and purses alike of the more fortunate ones were taxed to the utmost to relieve even in a small degree the great needs. The financial depression reached to village and hamlet; and it seemed that there was literally no money in the United States.

Under these circumstances it was startling to read the following official statement: "The drink bill of the United States in one year is nine hundred million dollars!"

Think of that; nine hundred millions. Not the dollars and cents of the wealthy classes alone, but the "poor working man"—many of whom are and have been for months out of employment. It is enough money to have kept all the idle factories running—enough to supply all the destitute men, women and children with the necessities and many of the luxuries of life. It is more than is paid for bread, shoes and stockings, public schools, sugar and molasses, clergymen's salaries, home and foreign missions combined!

We hear a great deal about the horrors of war and the great loss of life which it occasions; of the anxious hearts and the tears of those who sent fathers and sons to the battle-field. Our hearts almost stand still when we read of the great numbers who have fallen in battle; but read this statement, and comprehend if you can, how "worse than war and pestilence and famine," is this great evil. "In the territory now known as the United States there have been killed during one hundred and fifty years in war, six hundred thousand persons, yearly average four thousand. Rum kills (at a low estimate) fifty thousand yearly, or during the past one hundred and fifty years, seven million five hundred thousand. The great wars of the world for twenty-five years, from 1852 to 1877, including the Franco-German war and our own civil war, cost a fraction over twelve billion dollars. The cost of intoxicants for the same period in the United States was fifteen billion dollars, or three billion dollars more than all the wars of the world. For every thousand killed in battle rum kills twelve and a half thousand.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

Board-house Geometry.

N. Y. Truth.

DEFINITIONS AND AXIOMS.

All boarding-houses are the same boarding-house.

Boarders in the same boarding-house and on the same flat are equal to one another.

A single room is that which has no parts and no magnitude.

The landlady of a boarding-house is a parallelogram—that is, an oblong and angular figure, which cannot be described, but which is equal to anything.

A wrangle is the disclination of two boarders to each other that meet together but are not on the same flat.

All the other rooms being taken, a single room is said to be a double room.

POSTULATES AND PROPOSITIONS.

A pie may be produced any number of times.

The landlady can be reduced to her lowest terms by a series of propositions.

A bee line may be made from any boarding-house to any other boarding-house.

The clothes of a boarding-house bed, though produced ever so far both ways, will not meet.

Any two meals at a boarding-house are together less than two square meals.

If from the opposite ends of a boarding-house a line be drawn passing through all the rooms in turn, then the stovepipe which warms the boarders will lie within that line.

On the same bill and on the same side of it there should not be two charges for the same thing.

If there be two boarders on the same flat, and the amount of side of the one be equal to the amount of side of the other, each to each, and the wrangle between one boarder and the landlady be equal to the wrangle between the landlady and the other, then shall the weekly bills of the two boarders be equal also, each to each.

For if not, let one bill be the greater.

Then the other bill is less than it might have been—which is absurd.—STEPHEN LEACOCK.

UNRESERVED AUCTION

—OF HIGH CLASS—

ANCIENT - AND - MODERN FURNITURE.

Tuesday, April 27,

1897, at 9:30 a.m.

TO wind up the Estate of H. CAROLINE WALLBRIDGE, I am instructed to sell the whole of the Furniture in the WHITE HOUSE, corner of Front and Dundas streets, comprising:

- 10 Solid Walnut Bed-room Sets
- 1 Solid Oak Bed-room Set.
- Drawing Room Furniture.
- Dining Room Furniture.
- 2 Sideboards.
- 7 Chests of Drawers.
- 3 Solid Walnut Wardrobes.

and hundreds of other articles too numerous to mention.

J. G. DAVISON,
Auctioneer.

20d6tw1t

N. B.—The White House property will also be offered for sale at 12 o'clock noon.

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D&L EMULSION

In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.

T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

A Chance

TO GET READY FOR WASHDAY.

SATURDAY we will sell a set of Sensible Sad Irons, 3 Irons, Handle and Stand, for 57 Cents, and an 11 inch Roll Royal Canadian Wringer for $2.10, and some other goods at special bargains sor that day. See our south window.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.,

HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE.
STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞Call and be convinced.

POSTPONED.

STEAMER
"ALEXANDRIA"

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y.,
AND RETURN.

Announced for Friday, April 23, has (owing to delay in opening of St. Lawrence River Canals, been postponed ....until....

Friday, April 30th

FARE for Round - Trip - $1.50 FARE for Round - Trip -

Str. "VARUNA"

A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.

J. W. HEPBURN, Agent Picton

The Mark . . . of the Moth

Will soon make its appearance if you let him have his own way. Don't let him have his own way, use our

MOTH CAMPHOR.

Howard's English Camphor in 1 oz. cakes, Persian Insect Powder or English Lavander Flowers.

A fresh supply of each just received at

McKeown's Drug Store

Cream Puffs,

Filled with Whipped Cream, fresh at 11 a. m. and 3 p.m. Price 20 cents per dozen.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Mixed Paints.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
AND
JOHNSON'S ARE THE BEST. AT......
THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our - Tables. -

Flower's Bargain House,
378 FRONT STREET.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

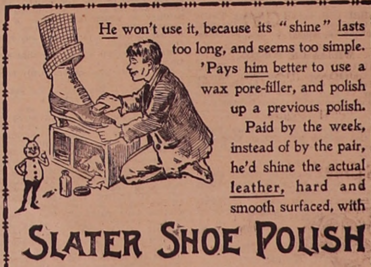
The Cleveland ..at $75.00..

Is Positively the best value for a Wheel in the market.

The demand for them is great. It just means that you are buying a high-grade $100 wheel for $75.00. Don't miss this chance. Our $100 Cleveland is a marvel of neatness, simplicity and workmanship.

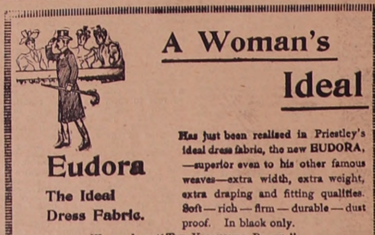
The Foster Co. Ltd

Frank S. Foster, Manager.



He won't use it, because its "shine" lasts too long, and seems too simple. 'Pays him better to use a wax pore-filler, and polish up a previous polish. Paid by the week, instead of by the pair, he'd shine the actual leather, hard and smooth surfaced, with
SLATER SHOE POLISH

HAINES & LOCKETT, SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.



Has just been realised in Priestley's ideal dress fabric, the new EUDORA,—superior even to his other famous weaves—extra width, extra weight, extra draping and fitting qualities. Soft—rich—firm—durable—dust proof. In black only.

Wrapped on "THE VARNISHED BOARD."

Priestley's name stamped on every five yards. 13

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

I Have for sale a quantity of good hard wood and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of mill wood, at the CENTRAL WOOD YARD, west end of Footbridge. Office, third door west Footbridge. dtf EDWARD NEWMAN.

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest mark prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, On

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO SATURDAY, APRIL 24 1897. NO. 299

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Dress Goods.

Our Fancy Tweed effect Dress Goods at 24c, regular 30c yard goods, is unsurpassed. No bad shades, all the newest spring tints.

Plain and Fancy Lustres in plain and shot effects.

Plain all Wool Serges in all shades from 23c per yard.

Special Hard Twisted Serges suitable for Bicycle Suitings, in Greys, Fawns and Navys.

Dress Patterns.

In all the newest spring materials.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Y. M. C. A. Rooms.
Forest and Stream Club.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 24—Sir Donald Smith appointed High Commissioner, 1893.
Earl Cathcart Governor-General, 1846.
Fight at Fish Creek, 1885.
Victoria Order of Knighthood instituted, 1896.
Russo-Turkish war began, 1877.
Count von Moltke died, 1891.
April 25—St. Mark.
Oliver Cromwell born, 1599.
Toronto occupied by U.S. troops, 1813.
Battle of Almanza, 1707.
Rebellion Losses Bill passed, 1849.

THE WEATHER.

Summer heat to-day, after a night of rain. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	46	Min	54
8 a. m	50	8 a. m	56
Noon	56	Noon	70

PROBABILITIES.

Moderate to fresh southerly and south-westerly winds; mostly fair and continued warm, with a few local showers.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St.

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.

QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer." BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Five tramps slept in the cells.

Over 9 doz. shirts sold at Schuster's from April 10th.

Children's Straw Tam O'Shanters. Very nobby goods at Brasier's.

During the storm last night a barn on the Canifton road was struck by lightning.

Stainless black cotton half hose, 2 pairs for 25c. at Harry's.

Ask Burrows for printed results of his Co'y's latest paid endowments.

All the latest Cycling Caps at Brasier's. Any shape, color or cloth you desire.

A number of bicycle riders will have to answer the charge of riding on the sidewalks, Monday next.

Children's Tam O'Shanters—best value in the city. See them at 20 and 25 cents. at Brasier's.

Over 9 doz. shirts sold at the great shirt guessing contest.

Rev. V. H. Cowsert's lecture on Cuba, which was to have been given last evening, was postponed on account of the rain.

See Brasier's Stiff Hat Specials at $2.25. The Jarman and Wakefield Special—They are leaders and sellers.

There was a good market this morning. Butter sold at from 18c to 20c per lb.; eggs, 9c per doz.

All kinds of stand-up and turn-down collars, 2 for 25c., at Harry's.

Robert Scott has been elected by acclamation to fill the vacancy in the Tyendinaga Township Council caused by the death of George Munroe.

Ladies' Cycling Tams, very becoming and pretty. The Latest American Noyelty at Brasier's.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

You can get all the modern plans. The best possible returns in a good Canadian Co., by insuring your life with Burrows.

See our window for sound argument in furnishings for the men folks.—W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher. 2t

His Lordship Bishop Hamilton, of Ottawa, will conduct confirmation services at St. Thomas' church to-morrow morning and at Christ church to-morrow evening.

We have a few pairs of Ladies' and Gents' fine boots at One Dollar per pair. Our Gents Boots are worth fully fifty per cent more than price asked.—VERMILYEA & SON.

If you are looking for Colored Shirts, different and better than the ordinary, you ought to see ours. Prices always the lowest. —W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher. 2t

W. H. Daniels reported to the police that he either lost, or had stolen a valise off a hack as he was being driven to the station. It was afterwards recovered.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

The Hub Hotel has changed hands. It will no longer be known as the "Hub." Mr. Henry Leavens will have it thoroughly renovated, and in future it will be known as the Vendome.

The Veterans are to show their esteem for the Honorary Vice-President of their Association, Lt.-Col. James Brown, by attending his funeral in a body. Their parade is to form at the Church st. armory at 2 p.m. on Monday.

Since the License Inspector of North Hastings died, there appears to be considerable wire-pulling, knifing and general trouble in the Grit camp over the new appointment. There are two Liberal aspirants for the office, and the party stalwarts are divided. The end is not yet.

The brethren of the I.O.O.F. will to-morrow celebrate the twenty-eighth anniversary of their order by parading to the Baptist church, where the Rev. V. H. Cowsert, the pastor, will preach. A concert and assembly will be held on Monday night in the I.O.O.F. assembly room, Robertson block.

The press is full of the various gold region news, but not much is yet spoken of the "Yukon" gold belt in Alaska. This is probably the most fabulously rich country in the world. S. Burrows, General Ticket Agent, can give you some very interesting pamphlets regarding the resources of the country, and sell the tickets if you wish to visit it.

Souris, Man., Sept. 21, 1896.

Messrs. Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Dear Sirs,—I find your goods taking remarkably well with my customers, and they appear to give every satisfaction, as indicated by the fact of our having sold one-half gross of your Kidney-Lills alone during the month of August.

S. S. Smith, Souris, Man.

Battalion Notes.

Corp. Pringle and Privates Dunn and H. Brown, have received their certificates from the London School of Infantry, where they recently took courses.

The reason the 15th was omitted from the list of battalions from which men will be taken to form a Jubilee Battalion to go to England, is that the Government have to take four men from a regiment, as it requires that number for a section. The 15th and several other good battalions, including the 6th Fusiliers of Montreal, had to be omitted.

F. Company drills every Wednesday evening and Capt. Stewart requests a full turnout.

The officers of the 15th will form part of the escort at Col. Brown's funeral on Monday afternoon.

Listowel, Sept. 22nd 1896.

Edmanson, Bates & Co.,

Gentlemen,—I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chase's Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure and Linseed and Turpentine are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of my customers have spoken highly in their praise. Yours truly,

J. A. HACKING.

—Pietro Acciarito, the man who attempted to stab King Humbert on Thursday, has been declared insane.

—The 11-year-old daughter of Mr. Wm. S. Trott, of Caradoc township, was burned to death on Thursday, her clothing having ignited while she was playing around a bonfire.

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

ST. GEORGE'S DAY.

Local Englishmen Celebrate the Anniversary of the Death of their Patron Saint.

The Sons of England of the city, held a very successful smoking concert in the 'Prentice Boys' hall last evening, and despite the downpour of rain, there was a good number of the brethren present. The evening was most enjoyably spent in games, songs, recitations and speeches.

Mr. Charles Hudson acted as Chairman. He opened the programme with a stirring speech, overflowing with patriotic sentiments. He referred to the coming Diamond Jubilee and called upon all Britons to assist in the great celebration. Following was the programme of the evening:

Bro. Jos. Petty, song; Bro. J. H. Bell, recitation; Bro. S. Tufts, song; Bro. D. H. Ackerill, recitation; Bro. H. F. Ketcheson, address; Mr. Alex. Milne, song; Mr. John H. Hill, song; Mr. Jas. Boyd, a few remarks; Mr. Chas. Palmer, Napanee, recitations; Bro. F. Burham, recitation; Bro. Dr. W. W. Boyce, speech; Bro. Geo. Hill, song; Bro. Thos. Waymark, speech.

Bro. J. W. London, P. S. G. P., of the order, was present and made a short speech in which he briefly referred to the manner in which the Sons of England would celebrate the Queen's jubilee day. As an illustration of the brotherly feeling that exists among Englishmen, he read the following greeting from St. George's Society, of Kingston:

"St. George's Society, of Kingston, Ont., sends cordial greetings upon the eve of the National Anniversary and wishes you and yours good cheer and pleasant memories of the Old Land.

"Our hearts, our hopes are all with thee.
Our hearts, our hopes, our prayers, our tears
Our faith triumphant o'er our fears,
Are all with thee, are all with thee."

EDW. J. B. PENSE,
President.
J. FORTESQUE,
Secretary.

The press representatives were called upon and a vote of thanks tendered the Chairman for the efficient manner in which he had discharged his duties. The "Maple Leaf" and "God Save the Queen" were then most heartily sung. During the evening refreshments were served by the Committee in charge and the evening was one of rare enjoyment.

What Haines & Lockett Say.

We are putting new stock into the Coleman store, where we have had our sale, and shall try and make the place as comfortable and attractive as possible while our own place 's rebuilding. What damaged stock there is left will be sold at very low prices till all is sold out. Meantime new lines of seasonable shoes are arriving daily—HAINES & LOCKETT.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

THE BABCOCKS AGAIN.

Maria Baker charged Geo. Babcock with abusive language. The evidence was so contradictory that the Magistrate did not feel safe in immediately giving judgment. Later—Fine $1 and costs.

REFUSED TO GIVE UP A STOVE.

Melissa Babcock charged William Babcock with refusing to give up a stove which she claims as her property. He was ordered to give up the stove and one dollar and costs.

MELISSA AGAIN.

Gussie Powley charged Melissa Babcock with using insulting and abusive language. This was a woman's quarrel, in which Melissa's tongue and arms appears to have taken the most prominent part. Melissa said "she was fighting two of them, and if her brother Bill had not ketched her she would have downed her to the ground." She further said "that if she had got licked she would have taken it like a woman." Melissa was fined $1.

ORGAN CASE.

Queen vs. Asseltine, an organ case, was laid over for a week owing to the illness of the deft.

The Double Male Quartette

will sing at the Oddfellows' anniversary concert on Monday evening next in the Oddfellows' Hall, on which occasion the composition of the quartette will be as follows:

H. McIninch, F. Brenton	1st Tenors
F. Lewis, F. C. Clarke	2nd Tenors
Geo. E. Fax, F. Hick	1st Bassos
Paul Lalonde, Geo. Pearce	2nd Bassos

This will be the first public opportunity this season of hearing Lalonde, the great basso, assisted by the quartette in their stirring rendition of the Anvil Chorus. Tickets to concert and hop 25c.

Amusement Notes.

MR. GEORGE FOX.

The Toronto Globe has the following to say of Mr. Geo. Fox, who appears with Mr. R. Watkin-Mills at the Carman Opera House on Monday evening, May 3rd: "Mr. George Fox is making steady and satisfactory progress in his art, and it is not venturing too much to predict that this talented young Canadian will yet take high rank as an artist. The subscription list will open on Monday morning, April 26th, at 10 a.m. Subscribers to have first choice of seats. Prices—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c.

Two Prices in Clothing.

The Oak Hall will sell you, for instance, an all wool suit for $5, the same price to every man, no more or less. The house that does two prices will ask you $8 for the same suit, you may offer them $7, $6.50 or even $6. They take your offer and make more than the price of the suit and you "got left." It's so every time. Buy your clothing at the Oak Hall.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Mr. W. S. Horne, returned missionary from China, will address the Men's meeting Sunday at 4:15. Rev. R. Wallace will lead the meeting and have his collection of curios. Mr. Horne will wear the native costume. All men invited.

Oddfellows' Concert.

Geo. E. Fax, our popular humorist, will sing "Since McCarthy Changed the Number on the Door," and "Hold Your Head up Like a Man," at the Oddfellows' concert on Monday evening next. Tickets to concert and hop 25c. 2t

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray.

OBITUARY.

LIEUT.-COL. JAMES BROWN.

A long and active career was brought to a close at 7:15 this morning, when Lieut.-Col. James Brown, after a lingering and painful illness, crossed the bar. His ailment was a disease of the stomach and from his inability to take sufficient nourishment his death was mainly due. The lamp of life had burned low for two weeks and his death was not unexpected.

James Brown was born in the Parish of Inch, Aberdeenshire, Scotland, in September, 1823, and was thus in his 74th year. He came to Canada with his parents when ten years of age and early in his teens learned the trade of a moulder. He and his brother George bought the old foundry on the lot bounded by Mill, Great St. James and Church sts. from the late Capt. Jacob Bonter in 1846. George died in 1855 and Jas. carried on the business until the formation of the G. & J. Brown Manufacturing Co. in 1887 and had retained a controlling interest in the business ever since.

Col. Brown took a deep interest in municipal matters. He represented the Town of Belleville as Reeve in the County Council before it was set apart from the County. He was for several years a Councillor in the Town Council and was Mayor in 1862-63.

Deceased had had a long and active military career. He was made Lieutenant of the Belleville Rifles when that company was formed in 1857. The late Major Le Vesconte was his Captain and Sir Mackenzie Bowell was the Ensign of the company. He served at Amherstburg in 1864-65 and at Aultsville in 1866. He was promoted to the rank of Lieut-Col. upon the formation of the 49th Battalion Hastings Rifles in 1866 and retained command of the regiment up to the time of his death.

Col. Brown was a member of St. Andrew's church. He was one of the oldest members of St. Andrew's Society and was identified with the old Order of Oddfellows. He was unmarried. His brother Alexander died in 1888. One sister, Mrs. Grace Keith, survives him.

The deceased began his political career in 1861, when, in compliance with a largely signed requisition from the Conservatives, he—although declaring himself a Baldwin Reformer—contested South Hastings for the Legislative Assembly with the late Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, who was then at the height of his power and popularity. The constituency was composed of the Town of Belleville, the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga and the Village of Trenton. Mr. Brown had majorities in Belleville, Tyendinaga and Trenton, but Thurlow and Sidney went so strongly Grit that he was defeated by 126. In 1867, however, his turn came. He was chosen as the Conservative candidate for West Hastings for the Commons in the first election after Confederation, and defeated the late Dr. Rufus Holden by 460. In 1872 he was again the Conservative standard bearer, and defeated Mr. R. S. Patterson by 454. In 1874 he was elected by acclamation as an Independent, but soon became a supporter of the Mackenzie Government, and, as their candidate in 1878, he was returned by a majority of 251 over his old opponent, the Hon. Lewis Wallbridge. In 1882, however, the late Alexander Robertson left him in a minority of 236, and Mr. Brown did not thereafter busy himself greatly with politics, although he remained a Liberal.

Of James Brown it can be said that he was a man of genial temperament and of the most kindly impulses; that he was a true friend, a good citizen and a loyal British subject—one whom it was a pleasure to know and be associated with. He will be mourned by many and his name will be numbered among those of the worthies of this loved place of his dwelling, of which he never wearied.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Bridge st., at 3 p.m. on Monday, with full military honors. Several military officers are expected from regiments in this district. The services will be conducted at the house at 2:30 p.m.

MRS. ELEANOR HAMILTON.

After a brief illness Mrs. Eleanor Hamilton died at the residence of her son in Smith's Falls on Monday, 19th inst. Deceased retained all her faculties to the last; she never wore glasses. Mrs. Hamilton's maiden name was Booth, and she was born near Bath nearly 95 years ago. She was married twice, her first husband being the late Dr. Phelps. Mr. Hamilton, her second husband, died about fifty years ago. Seven children four sons and three daughters—survive her. They are: James, Thurlow; Dr. Hamilton, Toronto; Dyer, Smith Falls; Andrew, Philadelphia; Mrs. Donald Vandewaters, Sidney; Mrs. (Dr.) Willson and Miss Hester, this city. Mrs. Hamilton was widely known and universally respected.

MRS. JOHN MORRIS.

Mrs. John Morris, of the 8th concession of Tyendinaga, died yesterday after months of illness. The cause of death was consumption. Deceased was born in Tyendinaga in 1829, being thus 68 years of age. Deceased was a daughter of the late Robt. Gibson, of Tyendinaga. She leaves a husband and five children, three sons and two daughters.

A Gentle Reminder.

You may not need an umbrella to-day but you might to-morrow; it will pay you to save money while the sun shines by buying one of Harry's $1.00 umbrellas.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

SPORTING NEWS.

BASE BALL

"Babe" Elliott will not play baseball this season with the Kingston Granites. He will train for the track and enter all amateur bicycle races in this district.

Capt. W. Dehaney will catch for the Kingston Granite baseball club this season, vice E. Elliott resigned. George Sullivan will pitch.

W. Tuttle is captain of a crack baseball team at Jayville, N. Y. The team is one of the swiftest in northern New York.

Following were the results of the games in the National League yesterday: At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 4, Chicago 3; at Baltimore—Baltimore 7, Boston 5; at Washington—Washington 7, Brooklyn 8; at Philadelphia—Philadelphia 12, New York 7.

Toronto won at Reading, Pa., yesterday by 5 to 4. Gaston pitched for Toronto.

The Prize Winner.

Mr. Geo. Bennett, of Vandervoort's Grocery, guessed the number of shirts sold from April 10th. His guess was 112. Geo is quite delighted with the fine silk umbrella which he received this morning.—CHAS. SCHUSTER.

PERSONAL.

D. W. Wright, Madoc is in the city.

Jno. Line, London, is at the Quinte.

F. W. Taylor, Deseronto, is at the Quinte.

Mr. and Mrs. Baile, Montreal, are at the Quinte.

Mr. E. McNeill is spending a few days in Toronto.

W. R. Carmichael arrived in the city this morning.

Mr. Donald Patterson's condition was slightly improved this morning.

Miss Bertie Grange, of Napanee, who has been visiting Mrs. Edgar Foster, returned home to-day.

F. R. Mallory, Frankford, has passed his first year's examination at the Ontario Agricultural College.

Mr. H. F. Ketcheson, of Sault St. Marie, arrived in the city last evening to spend a few days with his family.

Mrs. and Master Maitland Roy, of Peterborough, who have been visiting Mrs. R. M. Roy and Mrs. T. B. Wragg, returned home to-day.

Miss Bertie Dougall, Hotel st., gave a progressive pedro party last evening in honor of her young guest, Miss Olive Walker, of Toronto. Miss Connie Weller won the first prize.

A. D. Griffin, W. A. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Baile, Alex. Leslie, F. Sweetman, T. Christian, F. A. Rodden, Montreal; H. J. Lipseonel, J. J. Deavitt, R. Matthews, J. Johnston, J. H. L. Patterson, Toronto; W. R. Draffin, Kingston; D. Montgomery, Guelph; F. W. Taylor, Deseronto; Jno. Line, London, are at the Quinte.

J. W. Shields, Hamilton; C. W. Le Page, F. Creen, J. S. McKay, Crawford Wright, Toronto; L. Kennedy, Galt; Jas. Whitton, Wellman's Corners; Paul Clark, Picton; B. Robinson, Lindsay; J. F. Brightman, Rochester; J. T. Le Sueur and W. J. Dunn, Montreal: S. Westover, Foxboro; H. H. Bonter and J. T. May, Brighton; J. B. Yott, C.P.R Junction; R. A. Sloan, Peterborough, are at the Anglo.

Keep Your Eyes

In good condition by wearing properly fitted glasses. When these are necessary, if in doubt, call on ALEX. RAY, Druggist and Optician.

Educational Work.

Last evening in the parlors of Bridge st. church, despite the downpour of rain, a committee representing the various Young People's Societies and temperance organizations of the city, met to consider some aggressive educational temperance work. After a full discussion of the matter, it was decided to engage the services of Mr. D.H. Lent, of Baltimore, Ont.—now in the city—to give two of his addresses on the effects of alcohol on our bodies, purses and politics, the lectures to be given in the Bridge st. church, Tuesday and Thursday evenings, April 27th and 29th. Mr. Lent comes very warmly commended. He teaches through the life by means of charts and magic lantern views as well as through the ear, and brightens the whole with popular prohibition songs. A full house may be expected, there being only a silver collection at the door.

One Minute Cure for Toothache.

Magical in potency and power, penetrating at once to the diseased nerve, Nerviline—nerve pain cure—cures toothache in a moment. Nerviline, the most marvellous pain remedy known to science, may be used for all nerve pains. Test at once its efficacy.

Offered the Paymastership.

Major Biggar, of the 15th Battalion, has been offered the Paymastership of the Jubilee Battalion. Mr. Biggar has not accepted the offer, but is being urged by his many friends to take the position. He would fill the position with honor to himself and to the city of his residence.

Experience proves the merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

DEATHS.

BROWN—At Belleville, on Saturday, April 24th, 1897, JAMES BROWN, aged 74 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Bridge street, on Monday afternoon, April 26th, at 3 o'clock. Service at the house at 2:30 o'clock.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only—MONDAY, May 3rd.
R. Watkin-Mills,
ENGLAND'S BARITONE.
George Fox,
CANADA'S VIOLIN VIRTUOSO.
A subscription list will be opened at Riggs' Music store on Monday morning, April 26, at 10 a.m. Subscribers to have first choice of seats.
PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
W. S. JONES, director and accompanist.

This Cut Represents Gilray's Curtain Stretcher......

Which saves you all the bother of pinning your lace curtains out on a carpet to dry after washing. The price is $2.00, and you will save that amount many times over by using them, as they do not tear or injure your curtains in any way, and they will last a lifetime with careful using. When not in use they fold up in a very small parcel.

OUR STOCK of CURTAINS

offers very special attractions to intending purchasers. See our values before buying any.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

APRIL SHOWERS BRING MAY FLOWERS.

....They also bring a ready sale for our....

Ladies' Umbrellas ∴

We can help you in making a selection. See our Fancy Handles.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

Baby Carriages.

Ingenuity in the manufacture of "Wheels" for the Babies keeps pace with the bicycle craze.

Our Baby Carriages are well up to the front in the race of modern improvements.

When baby "goes-a-wheeling," see to it that he or she rides in one of our '97 Baby Carriages.

The latest improvement is an "extension back," which permits of a child lying down at full length to sleep as comfortably as in its little cot at home.

Wall Papers.

One word—the '97 designs are far and away in advance of anything ever produced before—beautiful rich colorings, magnificent designs; perfectly appointed in every respect.

C. B. Scantlebury.

If you have any dyeing or cleaning you wish attended to this spring remember we hold the sole agency for R. PARKER & CO., Toronto. They do perfect work and do it as rapidly as is best for it to be done.

The Steadily Increasing Demand

For our Tea Biscuits and Scones is certainly an evidence of their excellence and superiority over others. Fresh almost daily. 10c dozen.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
CASH STRICTLY.

Hat-wear.

New hats are wanted, and you know that no place in town can you get the quantity, the quality and the variety to choose from as at BRASIER'S. This is no new story, but it's good enough to repeat again and again.

You want hat-worth for the least money. We give it. Hats for all heads—Old, Middle-aged or Young—we're dictators in hat styles. Highest in quality—lowest in price—always.

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

The Seed

That gives best satisfaction and yields best results is to be found at ......

R. TEMPLETON & CO'Y'S.

Just have a look before buying elsewhere.

'Phone 219 J. Owen

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Try our Tinsmith on stove repairs. Stoves taken down on the shortest notice.

PLUMBING AND GAS-FITTING.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

HATS - HATS HATS

Do You Want a Nobby Hat.
Do You Want the Latest in Bicycle Caps.

We are now showing a complete range in the above.

HATS FOR MEN.
HATS FOR BOYS.
TAMS FOR THE CHILDREN.

Everything new and nobby at popular prices.

Visit us in our new store.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

We have just received, direct from the makers in Switzerland, a fine lot of Swiss Lace Curtains and Sash Nets, Window Shade Laces and Fringes.

Our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Furniture Coverings, etc., is very complete, and the prices will be found lower than any other house in Belleville.

Have just put into stock a beautiful lot of American Picture Mouldings, and some very pretty pictures suitable for studies or framing.

Do not be afraid to come in and look at our goods, even if you are not out to buy.

T. P. BROWN'S
Opposite Bank of Commerce.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUONEY proprietor. dtf

A Graduate o Toronto University says "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy which always effects a cure

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.

Going East.	(Arrive.)
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

THE NEW TARIFF.

The Laurier-Tarte Administration have presented their new tariff to Parliament, and it has proved, as was anticipated, to be an almost complete abandonment of the latest professions of the party who are responsible for it. Instead of utterly destroying the principle of protection, which has for many years been one of the articles of their political creed, from which they did not depart in their public utterances—except in manufacturing districts—they have retained many of the imposts of that character which existed in the N. P. notably the coal duty—and instead of discriminating against Great Britain, as they proposed in the general elections of 1891 and up to 1893, they now, with a hypocrisy that must disgust everyone who read their anti-British tirades when seeking commercial annexation to the United States, propose to discriminate in favor of the mother country.

In order to demonstrate the gross hypocrisy of Mr. Laurier in this respect, let us quote from his utterances in Parliament in May, 1891, after the defeat of his party on that question. Mr. Laurier said, as per page 27 of the official report:

"While they commit the mistake of basing their trade policy, uniformity of allegiance and a mere sentiment, we of the Liberal party maintain that the policy of this country must be based not upon sentiment but upon business principles; and, fresh as we come from the people, I say that the only policy which will benefit this country is unrestricted reciprocity and continental freedom of trade. Sir Charles Tupper says in an article published a few days ago in the 'North American Review,' that the delusion, as he calls it, of unrestricted reciprocity was dead and buried. Dead and buried! I am as good an authority on the subject as Sir Charles Tupper, and I say that it is more alive than ever."

Two-headed Janus has a very able successor in the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, who, in matters commercial, has been "everything by turns and nothing long," and has apparently, after boxing the compass on "matters of commerce," returned to where he started from in 1872, namely the ranks of the protectionists. This is further evidenced by the announcement that he and his Finance Minister have not as yet made up their minds respecting export duties on saw-logs, pulp wood and other imposts of a like protective character.

As to coal; during the last Dominion general election campaign, the Toronto Globe appealed to the Ontario manufacturers to strike for free coal. It described the coal and iron duties as "the handcuffs of industrial restriction," which it promised on behalf of its party should be struck off just as soon as the Grits were given a chance of doing it. It reasoned in this way:

"There is proof that the million dollars collected from Ontario annually upon her coal imports is a tribute to the coal industry which it can do without. Ontario's natural coal supply is in Pennsylvania, and the duty has not been sufficient to change nature's dispensation; and if it can be shown that Quebec's natural supply is there, what need of a duty? It is a million dollars a year paid by Ontario for the benefit of the maritime provinces, so that the coal mines might be able year after year to send 750,000 tons into Quebec free from United States competition."

Hon Wilfrid Laurier, on January 22nd, 1896, at Sohmer Park, Montreal, said in his speech before a great gathering:

"I say that if we were to have a revenue tariff raw materials would be free. Raw materials are not free to-day under the protective system. There are certain raw materials which are free. Wool is free; thank heaven they have not thought of taxing it. Cotton is free also. But is iron free? Cotton is a raw material, and wool is a raw material for certain manufactures. But there are two articles which are raw material of every manufacture, and these articles are coal and iron, and are they free? If you have a revenue tariff the object would be to develop the country, and raw materials should be free under such a tariff."

Sir Richard Cartwright said in the House of Commons:

"Now, if there be a principle of political economy clearer than another, it is the principle that the worst tax which could be imposed is a tax on a necessary of life, like coal. Moreover, it is a tax exceedingly partial and unjust in its operation."

And yet this "raw material" has not been freed of taxation—this "exceedingly partial and unjust" tax has not been reduced by even one cent a ton! And, of course, Messrs. Laurier and Cartwright are consistent; for are they not "honorable men?" So are they all—all "honorable" men.

Space does not permit fuller discussion of the tariff to-day. There is, this, however, to be said, that the changes in the iron duties will be highly mischievous, despite the bonus provision. The increase in the excise duty will close many of the smaller cigar factories, whilst the lowering of the import duty on petroleum will greatly injure, if it does not destroy, the Canadian refining industry, while it will be of no sensible advantage to the consumer.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

"Tear down those blawsted signs" at the bridges, or stop fast driving over those structures.

The Ontario rejoices loudly over the N. P. victory in Nova Scotia. New converts are always demonstrative.

The Underwriters' Association have lowered the fire insurance rating of the city. What action do the city authorities propose to take in the premises?

Who gave the Yankee hardware travellers the tip as to tariff reductions which caused them to invade Canada with their samples some two or three weeks ago?

How is it that no provision has been made for the increase in the subsidies to provinces, to which Mr. Laurier and Sir Oliver Mowat are fully committed? Truly, this is an era of "economy" with a vengeance.

It is amusing to read the comments of some of our contemporaries on military movements on the Grecian frontier, of which they have no comprehension whatever, and on the topography of a country of which they evidently possess no knowledge.

It is interesting, and highly suggestive, to note that the expenditure proposed by Mr. Fielding is the largest ever outlined by a Finance Minister in Canada. How does that fact accord with the fierce denunciation of our expenditure year after year by the Liberal party as being unreasonably large?

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

BRITAIN WANTS PEACE

But Will Maintain Her Supremacy in South Africa

The Debate in the Cape Parliament Resumed—A Policy of Moderation and Conciliation Urged—Sir Gordon Sprigg, the Premier, Says the Way to Secure Peace is to Redress the Grievances of the Uitlanders—Mr. Sauer Says If Britain Uses Force It Will Mean Civil War—Mr. Schreiner Talks of Ominous Clouds.

Cape Town, April 23.—In the Cape Parliament to-day the debate on the so-called "peace motion," adjourned on April 16, was resumed. The motion referred to urged the adoption of a policy of moderation and conciliation in the settlement of differences in the interpretation of treaties and conventions. An amendment was introduced to the effect that the ends desired would be best attained by a strict observance of the London Convention, and by the redress of the genuine grievances of the Uitlanders. Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, the Premier, to-day said the way for the Transvaal Republic to subdue the excitement was to redress the grievances of the Uitlanders. He did not believe there would be war, because he could not see how it was going to arise, though he explained that building of forts and the importing of ammunition and guns was no way to secure peace. Continuing, the premier asserted that the last thing the Imperial Government desired was war, and if war occurred it would be the fault of the Transvaal. Great Britain was determined to maintain the London Convention and her position as the paramount power in Africa. The Transvaal autonomy, he asserted, was not worth a year's purchase without the protection of Great Britain.

Mr. Sauer condemned the attitude of the Premier, and suggested that if Great Britain used force it would mean civil war.

Mr. M. P. Schreiner, the former Premier of Cape Colony, said he did not agree with the martial utterance of the Premier. Continuing, Mr. Schreiner remarked that the situation was full of aminous clouds, and he expressed the hope that the lightning would not strike.

A SPLENDID EXAMPLE.

French Law Which Should Be Introduced In This Country.

In an article on the necessity of sound sires for horse breeding, a contemporary says: "Every stallion in France standing for public service must have a Government veterinary certificate." Here is an excellent suggestion for rendering such service to horse breeders just now, when they are awakening to the fact that sound, well-bred animals will fetch higher prices in the near future than they have in the past; although those who ought to know, contend that at no time, even during the depression through which we have passed or are now passing, have horses possessing real merit been a drug on the market, or fetched any but fair prices. These dealers, whose opinions are entitled to full credit, are unanimous in stating that there is a dearth of good horses in the country; and should the demand at all equal their expectations, there will be a general desire on the part of those who have dams suitable for the purpose, to breed to suit the anticipated demand. With no particular leaning for parental government, it seems that just here is where a little paternalism would come in to public advantage. It is entirely possible, in every state where horse-raising can be conducted profitably, and where a board of agriculture is established with a veterinary department affiliated with it, for such a board to issue a certificate of soundness to every stallion owner seeking public patronage for his horse's service. This certificate would be an immense safeguard for the breeder, for not one in twenty horsemen are competent to pass confidently upon a horse's constitution. The possession of the certificate would entitle the owner to offer the services of the horse at a reasonable fee, inasmuch as he would be in greater demand for his certified soundness; at the same time the want of warranty would drive unsound animals out of the market and out of competition. But even if farmers were asked to pay higher fees than they have been accustomed to pay, the guarantee that the sire was sound would be worth the money. The idea offers a suggestion to some individual or association to take up what is undoubtedly an important subject.—Journal of Agriculture.

We wish we could make everybody believe that promptness is prevention; that there should be no delay when you are losing flesh and when you are pale, especially if a cough be present. The continued use of Scott's Emulsion in the early stages of lung affections does prevent the development of Consumption. Your doctor will tell you this is true and we state it without wishing to make any false claims or false promises. Free book tells more on the subject.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

A Claim AND .... An Offer

WE CLAIM there is only one preparation in Canada to-day that is guaranteed to cure BRONCHITIS, and that is DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE. It is MOTHER'S cure for her child when it is all stuffed up with CROUP and coughing its little lungs out with WHOOPING COUGH. One small dose immediately stops that cough. By loosening the phlegm, puts the little one to sleep and rest. Dr. Chase compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of turpentine and linseed. WE OFFER to refund the price if Dr. Chase's Syrup will not do all that it is claimed to do.

Sold on a guarantee at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard St. Price, 25c.

OSMAN TAKES CHARGE

Edhem Pasha Superseded by the Hero of Plevna.

Floods Have Stopped the Turkish Advance Towards Larissa—Events at the Front Have Caused Depression at Constantinople—Greeks Attacking Fort Izzedin, in Crete—The Situation Highly Critical—Prince Constantine Playing the Defensive Game—Communication Interrupted.

London, April 23.—The Times' correspondent at Canea says that to-day the insurgents are attacking Fort Izzedin, which is occupied by the international troops in addition to the Turkish garrison. Three war ships have left Suda and anchored opposite the fort. The admirals have gone to reconnoitre in a torpedo boat. Col. Vassos has written to the admirals to ask whether the powers are in alliance with Turkey. The object of this inquiry is obvious.

The Athens correspondent of The Times says: Those in authority here regard the situation as highly critical, despite the favorable news from Epirus. Fighting continues at Mati. The Crown Prince Constantine has ordered his troops to maintain a strictly defensive attitude. A portion of the western squadron has been detached to bombard the fortress Parga, opposite Pax Island. The Turks have suffered unexpectedly severe reverses.

A despatch to The Standard from Constantinople says: The Russian Government has sharply ordered Bulgaria to keep quiet, yet Bulgaria has given the Porte notice that she will mobilize her troops to-morrow (Saturday) unless the Berats (the warrants for five more Bulgarian bishops in Macedonia) and the appointments of Bulgarian commercial agents at Uskub and Monastir are granted.

The correspondent of The Daily News at Constantinople says: It is reported that all telegraphic communication with Constantinople is now cut off, except by way of Odessa. I am assured that Izzet Bey has been received again into the favor of the Sultan.

A despatch to The Daily News from Canea says that Col. Vassos has notified the admirals that he has been ordered to attack the Turks.

The Times correspondent at Canea says it is reported there that Col. Vassos has received this order.

A despatch to The Daily News from Larissa, dated Wednesday, says that the Greeks are about to assume the offensive against Vigla and Salonica and that the Greeks have occupied Karya.

The Athens correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that the Crown Prince Constantine has wired to King George as follows:

"The Turks are quiet to-day, owing to our success yesterday (Thursday). We have destroyed the Turkish battery at Ligaria. The Turks have retired from Nezeros and Rapsani. The action of our fleet at Katerina was excellent."

The Chronicle's correspondent at Athens says:

"The Turks are greatly dismayed by the destruction of their stores at Katerina and at Litochorion. Commodore Sachtouris destroyed the stores from the coast to the foot of Mount Olympus. Nothing remains, therefore, for Edhem Pasha to carry away but hunger. The coast road being barred, the only remaining road from Salonica is the Verria road, eight days from Elassona. The reports of the injury to the railway line by the blowing up of bridges and a tunnel are confirmed. It is reported here (Athens) that the Turkish troops will be withdrawn from Crete.

More Wounded Greeks Roasted.

Athens, April 23.—Among the wounded who arrived here are several who state that a number of the Greek wounded at Gritzovali, unable to follow the Greek retreat, were shut up in a small church by the Turks, who set fire to the buildings and burned them to death.

General Militia Called Out

Athens, April 23.—It has been decided to call out several classes of the Landwehr, or militia. In Greece, all able-bodied males from 21 years of age and upwards are liable to be called upon for military service. The total service is for 19 years, of which two years with considerable terms of leave of absence, must be passed with the color. Eight and seven years are then passed in the reserve and the remainder of the total term of 19 years is passed in the militia, or Landwehr.

Their names are in the paper every day. In the obituary column. The names of men killed by neglect of their health combined with overwork. They should serve as a warning to others who are fast following in their footsteps. No man can stand the strain of modern business competition who wilfully neglects his health. It is not good policy to overwork, but the man who looks after his health can stand a great deal of it. The man who neglects his health is soon unfitted for work. When a man's digestion is disordered and his bowels are irregular, his blood becomes impure and the body is badly nourished. The victim of these conditions suffers from brain fag, nervous prostration, and debility, and eventually falls a victim to consumption.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery corrects the digestion, invigorates the liver, improves the appetite and regulates the bowels. It is the best blood-purifier, blood-maker, flesh-builder, and nerve tonic. It makes a man well, strong, clear-headed and fit for business. It enables him to stand a reasonable amount of overwork. All good druggists sell it. There's nothing "just as good."

Chas. Faulhaber, of Brownlee, Cherry Co., Neb., writes: "I have used Dr. Pierce's medicines, especially the 'Golden Medical Discovery' with much benefit. Some time ago I was troubled with great distress in my arms and hands. It got so bad I could not sleep at night. I thought it was the muscles of my arms that caused the trouble. I began taking the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' Soon I felt a decided improvement, and before I had taken the second bottle the aching was all gone, and it has not returned. I have a copy of your 'Common Sense Medical Adviser' and would not do without it for any money."

Knowing how to take care of health is half the battle against illness. Dr. Pierce's great book, "Common Sense Medical Adviser" is the educator of the age. This book reached a sale of 680,000 copies at $1.50 each. Within its 1,008 pages is compressed the best that Dr. Pierce has gathered by study and practice in thirty years. It is illustrated with over 300 drawings, some of them colored. Its 90 pages addressed exclusively to women are worth the original price of the book. A new edition in paper covers is now ready for free distribution. By sending 31 cents in one-cent stamps to pay for customs and mailing, you will receive this great book. For cloth binding send 50 stamps. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Montenegrins Ready to Fight.

Cettinje, Montenegro, April 23.—The Crown Prince Danilo, in an address to the Montenegrin troops to-day, said:

"We sincerely hope this conflict (the war between Turkey and Greece), will cost as little human life as possible. Our interests thus far, have not been affected; but, should the force of circumstances or, which God forbid, some unhappy event in any way prejudice our interests, we will instantly prove ourselves brave and worthy sons of our beloved fatherland."

Greek Fleet Bombarding.

Corfu, April 23.—The western Greek squadron is bombarding Santi Quaranta and doing great damage to the town. All the Government and private buildings have been destroyed, with the exception of the Austrian agency. All the stores and merchandise on the quays have been burned.

Want to Shake Off the Yoke

Paris, April 23.—The Politique Coloniale publishes telegrams from the Sporades and the Island of Samos, off the coast of Asia Minor, declaring that the inhabitants are impatiently awaiting the arrival of the Greek fleet as a signal to shake off the Turkish yoke.

A Greek Victory.

Salonica, April 23.—The news is received here that on Tuesday, after a fierce battle, the Greeks occupied Karya. Fighting continues all along the line.

OSMAN TAKES COMMAND.

Edhem Pasha Supplanted by the Old Hero of Plevna.

Constantinople, April 23, afternoon.—An additional force of Redifs or army reserves has been called out to reinforce the Turkish troops operating against the Greeks. They consist of the Koniah Brigade, from Cesaere, a division from Smyrna belonging to the third army corps; three brigades from the fourth army corps and a division of the fifth army corps. These men will total up 72 additional battalions of troops, numbering 50,400 men.

It is now definitely announced that Osman Pasha, the hero of Plevna, has been appointed commander-in chief of the Turkish army, having its headquarters at Elassona. Edhem Pasha has been recalled. In addition, Said Edin Pasha has been appointed to command the Turkish army, having its headquarters at Janina, replacing Ahmed Hafiz Pasha, who is recalled.

The new Turkish commanders start for their posts this evening.

STOPPED BY FLOODS.

Turkish Troops Halted and Pontoons Sent for Greeks Blew Up the Bridge.

Constantinople, April 22 (delayed in transmission.)—It is stated here that one of the Turkish brigades which was pushed forward on the plain of Larissa has been unable to advance further owing to floods caused by rains and the consequent rise of the River Salambria.

Edhem Pasha has telegraphed, asking for the immediate despatch of pontoons to enable the troops to cross the river, the Greeks having blown up the bridge.

These reports have had a very depressing effect here when taken in conjunction with the formidable resistance which the Turks have met with around Tyrnavo, and it is stated tat Osman Pasha, the hero of Plevna, is to be sent to the seat of war in order to direct the military operations against the Greeks. This report has since been confirmed, apparently, by the statement that Osman Pasha, who, for some time past has had the honor of being selected to taste all the dishes served to the Sultan, and to see that they are safely conveyed untouched from the kitchen to His Majesty, has actually been ordered to the front.

In addition, the Turkish military authorities are considering the despatch of considerable reinforcements to the frontier, but, in spite of the difficulties encountered, no doubt is felt among the Turkish military men here that the Turks will ultimately occupy Larissa, though it is admitted the task will be harder than was imagined, the Government having confidently expected to capture the Greek headquarters by Tuesday morning last. A despatch from Salonica admits that the Greek forces have been successful in their operations against a Turkish division near Louros, Epirus, and another message from the same place announces that a squadron of Greek warships is bombarding Fort Karaburun, on the Gulf of Salonica.

THE POWERS WILL INTERVENE.

That is Provided the Participants in the Struggle Ask Them to.

Brussels, April 23.—Le Nord to-day announces that all the powers have given their assent to the note of the Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, Count Mouravieff, assuring the Greeks and Turks of the friendly interference of the powers in the present struggle as soon as asked for by either side.

Turks Fled Hastily.

Arta, April 22 (delayed in transmission), 6 p.m.—The Turks have abandoned Kiafa and Kosnitzadeson, on the left bank of the Acachphos. The inhabitants fled precipitately, leaving their belongings. All along the route to Fort Imaret (captured by the Greeks), there were evidences of the hasty flight of the Turkish households. The belongings of the Turks were everywhere scattered about.

The prefect of Arta has reached Filipiada. He was received with acclamation by the population. A number of Greek wounded have been brought to Filipiada. The dead were left unburied all along the route. The headquarters of Col. Manos, the commander of the Greek forces in Epirus, are at Stina.

A lively fusilade continues between the Greek and Turkish outposts around Arta. In the villages abandoned by the Turks the Greeks found a considerable quantity of ammunition.

Even Women are Arming

Athens, April 23.—The excitement here continues to be most intense. Advices received here to-day from Volo say that even the women are arming themselves to do battle with the Turks.

Prevesa Citadel Still Held.

Berlin, April 23.—A telegram received here from Constantinople says that while it is true that the town of Prevesa has been partly destroyed by the guns of the Greek warship and those of a battery which the Greeks erected, the Citadel of Prevesa is not damaged and is still held by the Turks.

Rural Miscellany.

Plan to grow more grass and clover. Study the requirements of the soil as well as of the market.

Select the crops with respect to their adaptability to the farm.

It is not only an item to increase quantity but to improve the quality of the crops.

Colts should be trained to walk fast before attempting to improve them in any other gait.

On the farm, as in any other line of business, it is an item to save labor and economize time.

Manure adds to the productiveness of land as soon as it is applied, but all of the substances will not be used up in one season.

The farm products should be put in the form in which they will bring the most money and yet leave the farm in the most productive condition.

While the farm may not always show large returns in the way of cash, yet with good management the farmer may be reasonably sure of a good living.

BICYCLE CLOTHING COMFORT!

The Enjoyment of Riding a Wheel is discounted 50 per cent. when you are not properly clothed for it.

The proper attire for the '97 Wheelman is not a heavy expense, if purchased here. Our suits have all the good points of the made-to order kind without its large price. We have some in Scotch Tweed effects, Knickerbockers, Patch Pockets, double seat, at

...$5 and $6...

BICYCLE PANTS.

Those who do not wish a complete suit can get the proper knickerbocker pants only, made of good tweed, double seats and all the improvements. Prices

...$1.50 and $2.50...

OAK HALL.

For the ... Lenten Season

Fresh Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines in Tins. Finest Brands.
Bloater Paste in Small Jars.
Anchovy Paste in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—139 and 157.

Removed

We are now
All Removed
to our new
Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, traveles with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. MCINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her.—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 900 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE
— AND —
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
Representing the following first-class Companies:
The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.
The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.
The London and Lancashire,
Of Liverpool, England.
REAL ESTATE.
Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.
Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.
APPLY TO
JAMES BOOTH.

Cramps, Colic, Colds,
Croup, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain-Killer
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

ARE YOU A VICTIM

Of Terrible Kidney Troubles?

Or Have You Any Symptoms of the Disease?

Paine's Celery Compound Will Quickly Banish Them.

The Only True Cure for the Awful Affliction.

This most insidious and deceptive of all diseases is on the increase, and is cutting down its thousands every year. It works for many months on its victims before they are aware of their true condition. Then there is fear and dread alarm, and some physician is hurriedly consulted. Experimenting on the suffering one is then proceeded with, but soon—too soon—the verdict of "incurable" is rendered, and the victim is left to die.

Medical science, up to the present, can boast of but one positive cure for kidney ailments such as Bright's Disease and Diabetes; it is Paine's Celery Compound, a medicine that goes right to the seat of the awful and dreaded malady.

After a short trial of Paine's Celery Compound the sufferer from kidney troubles gets rid of backache, headache, constipation, bloating, and that constant call to urinate. The wonderful Compound acts gently on the kidneys, the liver, the stomach, and all the organs of digestion, and brings them into perfect and harmonious relationship with each other.

Paine's Celery Compound will surely cure you, as it has cured others; no case is too difficult for its life-giving virtues. If you desire a cure and freedom from all fatal results put your trust at once in Paine's Celery Compound, the only reliable kidney cure in the world. Avoid all substitutes.

Humphreys' No. 10

promotes

DIGESTION.

By curing Dyspepsia; strengthening the Weak Stomach; stimulating the Liver; invigorating the Kidneys; renewing the Gastric Juices; toning up the System; making new Blood; quieting the Nerves; inducing sleep and thus raising the spirits; dispelling despondency and allowing the Dyspeptic to enjoy the pleasures of the table.

It is one of Dr. Humphreys' favorite prescriptions and is just as reliable as his famous

"77" FOR COLDS.

Dr. Humphreys' Homœopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggist's or mailed free. Sold by druggists or sent on receipt of 25 cts., 50 cts. or $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., cor. William and John sts., New York.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices firm. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8 to $8.50, west, and shorts $9.50 to $10.

Wheat—The local market is quiet and firm. Red winter wheat is quoted at 77c, and white at 78c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 84c, Midland, and 75c to 76c, afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 82c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is dull, with but little demand. No. 1 quoted at 29c to 30c, No. 2 at 25c to 26c, and No. 3 extra at 23c. Feed barley 20c to 21c, west.

Oats—The market is quiet and firm. Sales of white west at 20c. Mixed are quoted at 18½c to 19c, west. White on the Midland quoted at 22c.

Peas—The market is firm, there being sales to-day at 40c to 41c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 25c. west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices firm, with quotations 33c to 34c, outside.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The receipts of live stock at the Western markets to-day were 42 car loads, including 200 head of sheep and lambs and 1600 hogs. The quality of the cattle was better, and the demand fairly good. Exporters sold at 3¾c to 4½c per lb., the latter for a fancy lot. Bulls rule at 3c to 3¼c, and stockers at 2½c to 3c. Butchers' cattle firmer, with good demand; the best sold at 3½c to 3¾c, good to medium at 2¾c to 3c, inferior at 2c to 2¼c per lb. Milch cows sell at $20 to $35 each, and calves at $4 to $10 each.

Spring lambs are unchanged, with sales at $2.50 to $5 each.

Sheep and lambs steady, with receipts of 200 head. Choice sheep sold at 3¼c to 3½c per lb., and butchers' at 2¾c to 3c. Lambs are firm, there being sales at 5¼c to 5¾c per lb.

Hogs unchanged, with receipts of 1600. The best sold at 5c, weighed off cars, thick fats at 4½c to 4⅝c, light weights at 4⅝c, sows at 3¼c to 3½c, and stags at 2½c per pound.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 23.—Spring wheat 6s 6¼d to 6s 7½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 5d to 6s 6d; corn, 2s 7½d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 6d; do., light, 26s 0d; do. short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 6d.

London—Wheat off coast quiet and steady; on passage nominally unchanged. Maize on passage quiet and steady.

Liverpool—Spot wheat firm; futures irregular at 6s 1¾d for May, 6s 2¼d for July and 6s 1d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7¾d for May and 2s 9¾d for July.

Paris—Wheat 22f 25c for May. Flour 45f 50c for April and May.

London—Close—Wheat on passage firm, but little doing. Maize on passage firm.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat futures dull at 6s 2d for May and July and 6s 1d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7¾d for May.

NEVER WORRY

Take them and go about your business—they do their Work while you are doing yours.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are purely vegetable and act upon the liver without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. 10 cents a vial.

They are system renovators, blood purifiers, and builders; every gland and tissue in the whole anatomy is benefitted and stimulated in the use of them.

THE INDIAN ARMY.

What Native Fighters Could Do Against European.

When Lord Beaconsfield sent some six or seven India native regiments to the Island of Malta he intended to demonstrate the fact that in the event of a war between England and any European power it would be possible to raise an army a million strong from the vast recruiting grounds of India. It was a statesmanlike action, and very few military officers of standing have ever ventured to call in question the wisdom and expediency of the measure. It has been reserved for the present Commander-in-Chief, Viscount Wolseley, to publish to the world his conviction that the native troops of India could not be trusted in a European war. The opinion has been put forth in opposition to that of Lord Roberts, and not without some slight suspicion of rivalry and jealousy. Those who have lived in India any length of time are fully aware of the low estimate formed of the native troops by officers of English regiments, and, as Lord Wolseley has had only very short experience of India, when he served with the Eightieth Foot in the Burmese war of 1852-53, it is but reasonable to suppose that he has imbibed these prejudices. On the other hand, the whole of the military life of Gen. Roberts has been passed in India, from the time when he served with distinguished bravery throughout the India mutiny campaign, and received a Victoria Cross for personal valor in the field, to his historic march from Cabul to Candahar, when with a picked force of 9,000 he emerged from the trackless regions of Afghanistan and inflicted a crushing defeat upon Ayoob Khan, the protege of Russia.

The fighting qualities of the troops which form Britain's native Indian army of 250,000 natives is not a matter of opinion. It is a fact of history. Take, for instance, the Sikh regiments. At the battle of Chillianwalla Lord Gough was under the impression that he had been thoroughly defeated by the Sikhs, and no one who has ever seen a Sikh regiment march behind one of the finest British regiments has doubted for a moment their fighting qualities. These men stand six feet; they are men of war from their youth; they have no fear of death; to them fighting is a recreation. This cannot be said of the raw material of which the regiments of the line in the British army are composed.

The Goorkha is probably the best soldier in the world. He is sturdily built, of an average height of 5 feet 3 inches, with a physiognomy of a Chinese Tartar character. During my twenty years' residence in a large military station in India, I never heard the fighting qualities of the Goorkha called in question. The British soldier likes the sturdy little Goorkha. In the Afghan war, when encamped before Cabul, it was found that the baggage of the Goorkha regiment had not arrived, and the Highlanders volunteered to lend the Goorkha boys their military coats for the night when on duty. The singular fighting powers of the Goorkhas were first discovered in the Nepaulese war of 1814-16, when the British troops met them as enemies for the only time in their history. England had a force of 30,000 in the field, and the Goorkhas only 10,000, and it took two years of tough fighting to bring them to terms. The British glory in the charge of Balaklava, but it finds a parallel in the siege of Kalungla in 1815, when the Goorkhas lost 530 out of their noble little band of 600, and inflicted upon the British the heavy loss of 750.

In the event of England's having to fight any European power single-handed there can be no question as to the advisability of bringing these Sikh and Goorkha regiments into the field, and the very fact that an experienced officer like Lord Roberts endorses such action will convince any one who has seen these native soldiers day after day during a long life in India that the native troops can be trusted.

In judging of the Indian native army it must be remembered that its general organization is not on the lines of class regiments. The native regiments are for the most part made up of different races and religions; one company of Punjabia Moslems, another of Sikhs, another of Dogras, another of Goorkhas, another of Pathans, and so on. Regiments so constituted may be difficult to handle on foreign soil, but they could be easily reorganized for a European war. The Sikhs and Goorkhas have no caste prejudice, and if they were landed on the shores of Europe they would eat the Britisher's food and drink the Britisher's toddy even with a greater relish than that of Tommy Atkins himself.

I have never met with an officer of experience who has not been ready to confess that for difficult service he would rather lead a company of native soldiers than one of the British army. In these native soldiers you have men of great powers of endurance. They can do without stimulants for weeks, and can carry five days' rations on their backs. They can sleep on the ground with very little covering either on the sunny plains of India or on the snow-capped mountains of Afghanistan. They never complain, and their one conception of duty is faithfulness to those who pay them.

But besides the Goorkhas and Sikhs there is an immense recruiting ground on the frontiers of India. The numerous Pathan tribes, inhabiting the long line of frontier between India and Afghanistan, number as many as 200,000 fighting men, and from these tribes the Pathan soldier is enlisted. They are historic fighters. Their ancestors swelled the armies of Mahmud of Ghuzni, and of Baber, and they are fighters still. I remember during the Afghan war spending an evening in the midst of the Khyber Pass in the camp of a distinguished English General, who, like Lord Wolseley, had never served with native troops, and he expressed to me his surprise at the soldierlike qualities of these tribesmen. "Every one of them," he said, "is a born skirmisher. In single combat Tommy Atkins has no chance with him." The Pathan soldier is brave but impulsive, but when enlisted under British officers and treated kindly he manifests the highest qualities. The editor of one of the London newspapers, who was formerly a Captain in the Indian army, owes his life to the bravery and devotion of a Pathan soldier, Sirdar Afzul Khan, who has now attained to the highest and most honorable position in the Indian army open to a native.

To those who are but slightly acquainted with the condition of things in India the fact that 70,000 British troops keep in check a native force of nearly 300,000,000 is taken as an evidence that the native is not good for much as far as fighting goes. But it must be remembered that ever since the Indian mutiny of 1857-58 the artillery and the guns of the forts are entirely in the hands of Englishmen, and that no native receives a military education calculated to fit him to lead an army in modern warfare. It was demonstrated in the mutiny that it was the absence of native generals which made the mutineers so helpless, and the same may be said now. In the whole native army there is not a single man to be found to assume the command of a force in the field.

If it had been asserted twenty years ago that the Japanese were a race of soldiers the statement would have been called in question, but this had been demonstrated in the recent war. Those who, like myself, have been interested in the native regiments of India, have lived among them, spoken their language, and imbibed their thoughts, know very well that there are latent energies in the great empire of India which have not yet been called forth. These energies, however, would be called forth in the event of Great Britain's having to maintain her integrity in the face of Europe. If the fighting races are estranged from British rule it will be probably by such utterances as those put forth by Lord Wolseley, for there is nothing which the native of India abominates and detests than the conscious superiority of the Britsh conqueror.

In 1869, as I sat in the veranda of my house at Posharsar with the late Ameer Shere Ali Khan of Cabul, we were discussing this very question, whether the tribes of Central Asia would stand by England in the event of a Russian invasion. "Pardri," he said, "if ever such a time does come, it will be seen that we are a nation of men."

THOMAS P. HUGHES.

TIME IS NEEDED

To Figure Out Just What the Effect of the New Tariff Will be—How About the Zollverein?

Ottawa, April 23.—(Special.)—Members on both sides of the House have not yet recovered from the astonishment with which the new tariff affected them. It is admitted that it will take some time to properly realize the effect which the new rate of duties, especially under the reciprocal clause, will have upon the business interests of the country. Leading manufacturers who are here to-day do not object to the reciprocal idea as it affects the Mother Country, but they are kicking, and kicking most vigorously, that under most favored nation treatment Germany, especially with her goods, which are the product of cheap labor, should be able to get them into Canada without any corresponding return to us. It is felt that the action of the Government in adopting this preferential basis will undoubtedly elicit a declaration from the Imperial Government that Germany and Belgium must share with England in this one-eighth reduction. The effect must be to stimulate the movement for the abrogation of treaties between Great Britain and these countries, a desideratum which Canada has been advocating for years past.

About the crossest men in Canada to-day are the oil refiners. They consider they have suffered the worst blow through the new tariff that the Government has administered to any industry. The abolition of regulations forbidding the importation of oil in tanks, by which the Standard Oil Company will now be able to bring its oil to Canada in tank vessels, throws the door open entirely to the giant monopoly of the United States. The Ontario oil men concede that the Maritime Provinces are lost to them altogether as a market, the American oil under the new tariff being placed in those provinces far cheaper than the Ontario product. The change made by the Government in these duties is equivalent to a cut of 3 cents a gallon. The World the other day foreshadowed a reduction of 1 cent a gallon on refined oil. This was what refiners anticipated, but they never counted upon any change in the regulations, and this is what makes them very sore. Both Mr. Lister and Mr. Fraser, the representatives of Lambton in the House of Commons, are very gloomy to-day as a result of the manner in which the Government has given them the double-cross.

Mr. Wood, M.P. for Hamilton, it is said, is long on iron, and in view of the reduction in duties stands to lose from $40,000 to $60,000. Mr. MacPherson, too, the other Hamilton representative it is said, is stocked up with sugar. Had duties gone up much he would have been several thousand dollars ahead.

A militia general order was issued to-day, but the changes are unimportant. Among them are the following: 5th Kingston Field Battery, Major William Melleville Drennan is granted the brevet rank of Lieut.-Colonel.

30th Wellington Battalion—Surgeon Captain John George Mennie, having left the limits, his name is removed from the list of officers; to be surgeon: Lieutenant Gerald O'Reilly, M. D., vice Mennie, retired.

31st Grey Battalion—No. 4 company, Capt. Samuel J. McGirr resigns his commission, and to retain the rank of captain on retirement; to be captain, 2nd Lieut. Harry Alexander Hunter, vice McGirr, retired.

33rd Huron Battalion—No. 7 company, to be 2nd lieutenant provisionally, Andrew Wells Forrester, vice Beacon, retired.

34th Ontario Battalion—No. 5 company, Provisional 2nd Lieut. Ed Baird retires.

26th Peel Battalion—No. 2 company, to be lieutenant, 2nd Lieut. Frederick John Hailton, vice Chadwick, transferred.

40th Northumberland Battalion—No. 9 company, Provisional 2nd Lieut. Nelson William Massey.

49th Hastings Battalion—No. 2 company, Provisional 2nd Lieut. John W. Kingston.

The crusade in favor of compelling the railways to carry bicycles free as baggage continues. Mr. Lount to-day presented a petition in favor of the reform from 117 Torontonians, Mr. Gibson one from St. Catharines with over 400 signatures, Mr. Wood one from Brockville with 68 names, and Mr. Kendry one from Peterboro with 65 signatures.

Lava-Covered Ice Sheets.

One of the most interesting freaks of nature is the occurrence of subterranean ice sheets which differ materially from ice caves. Such an ice sheet is found at Mount Etna, of volcanic fame, and similar sheets are said to exist in Ireland. Sir Charles Lyell accounts for the one on Etna by the explanation that there must have been a great snow bank in existence at the time of an eruption of the volcano, and the lava stream must have flowed over the snow, which, in course of time, turned to solid ice underneath.

Johnson and Boswell.

"Boswell," roared Johnson, "come here. Do you know what I've discovered?"

"—nun—no—d—deed—doctor. Wuh—what?" stammered Boswell.

"This!" shrieked Johnson. "Your book is published with the title of Boswell's Johnson, when you know mighty well that you were Johnson's Boswell. I want that changed. Understand?" And Boswell meekly confessed that he understood.—Harper's Bazar.

Are you a— Public Speaker?

If so you cannot find anywhere a preparation to equal **DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE** for the throat and respiratory organs. We have hundreds of testimonials from public speakers, singers, ministers and others. One rev. gentleman says: "I never think of entering my pulpit without Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine at my side." Such indorsations from the ministry should give confidence in Dr. Chase's Medicine.

If you are troubled with that tickling sore throat, so common among speakers and singers, you will find **DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE** a positive and permanent cure. Teaspoonful dose, price 25 cents. Edmanson, Bates & Co., sole manufacturers for Canada, 45 Lombard street, Toronto.

FOSTER ON THE TARIFF

The Ex-Minister of Finance Makes Some Strong Points.

A Series of Kaleidoscopic Changes—Nobody Could Tell One Moment What Was Coming Next—Liberal Pledges Ignored—Nine-Tenths of the Conservative Tariff Adopted—Mr. McMullen Talked About Thieves and Perpetrated a Pun—The Liberals Have Broken Faith With the Patrons—Government Claimed to Have Acted Illegally.

Ottawa, April 23.—(Special.)—Hon. G. E. Foster this afternoon took up the budget. He began by regretting the temporary absence of the Finance Minister and Controller of Customs, observing that it was at least a satisfaction to have present the Finance Minister in esse. [Sir Richard smiled.]

As to the Budget Speech, which lasted from 4.30 until midnight, nobody could tell one moment what was coming next; it was a series of kaleidoscopic changes and varieties. Nor had anyone yet been able to ascertain just what is this new tariff, or what the real effect of the tariff is intended to be. And in this connection Mr. Foster complained that, contrary to all practice, the Opposition had not been furnished with a copy of the resolutions, and, contrary to all procedure, the tariff items were not even read over by the Minister of Finance. His own criticism would, therefore, have to be general upon the Budget Speech.

As there was no room for speculation, all the financial figures relating to 1895-6 having been brought down, he had no fault to find with Mr. Fielding's presentation of the facts under that head. But as if to pick himself up before knocking himself down, the Finance Minister entered upon a long abuse of the National Policy, in advance of his statement of the last year of Conservative rule, which turned out to be the most satisfactory tribute to its policy. Mr. Fielding had shown that in 1895-6 the expenditure was $900,000 less than his (Mr. Foster's) estimate, and less by $1,200,000 than the expenditure of the previous year. But the record was excellent, as regards the trade, which last year had reached a gain of thirteen millions—high-water mark. The taxation of 1895-6 was 18 per cent. on an average, and the customs tax per capita was $3.94, against a per capita tax of $3.95 in 1875.

The fact that the agricultural schedule has been left without change was a splendid vindication of the Conservative policy in protecting that industry against the abuse of the honorable gentlemen opposite, and, further, under that policy the exports of agricultural produce, as of manufactured goods, had largely increased. [Cheers.]

Then Mr. Fielding had estimated for the year 1896 a revenue of $37,296,665; but he forgot that if he made his Budget Speech in March he would have had to report a decline of $700,000, and still, yesterday he was ahead of last year in receipts; because in six weeks his revenue had jumped up $2,228,000. To that extent he had borrowed from the future, so that instead of $37,296,665, he would have a revenue, according to Mr. Foster's estimate, of but $30,000,000; and an expenditure of not $37,800,000, but of $38,600,000; therefore, Mr. Fielding's estimated deficit of half a million, which he was good enough to say might be doubled, would really amount at the end of the year to $2,000,000. And instead of adding but $1,750,000, Mr. Fielding would add $4,000,000 to the debt.

Then Mr. Foster went on to ask, what pledges of the Liberal party during the last six years, aye, of 18 years, had been carried out in the financial or tariff policy just laid down. The safety of all free institutions was in the honorable principle of keeping faith with the people. If the trickery of catchy and insincere professions were to be imported into the public affairs of this country, good bye to public confidence and political morality. [Cheers.]

Mr. Foster proceeded to quote from Opposition speeches, those of Messrs. Laurier and Mills, wherein they promised to cut down the expenditure by $4,000,000. They had made a contract with the people and broken it.

Mr. McMullen: We do not have thieves, anyway.

Mr. Foster: The honorable member for North Wellington, as I understand him, and he will correct me if I did not, said: "We do not have thieves, anyway." [No response.] He does not deny it, Mr. Speaker. He means that we had thieves on our side of the House. Sir, his leader herded with thieves, took thieves' money, and with it placed deposits to keep his men from being turned out at the elections; took thieves' money, knowing afterwards that it was thieves' money, allowing this party to prove it; sitting there today and not making any proposition to restore it to the impoverished Quebec treasury. He slept with Pacaud, and Pacaud told upon him. Does my honorable friend want to know anything more about thieves? The honorable gentleman had better not appeal to time. Time passes, and time will make some revelations yet. [Loud Opposition cheers.]

As to their tariff pledges, had they kept them? asked Mr. Foster.

"We promised to turn you out," said Mr. Somerville, amidst laughter.

"That's just it," was Mr. Foster's keen retort. "My hon. friend has struck the key. That was their pledge, indeed; that was all they cared. Their leader sounded it earlier in the session. When confronted with broken pledges, all he could reply was to shrug his shoulders and exclaim, 'Oh, well, we're here and you're there.'" [Laughter.]

Mr. Foster went on to say that he proposed to read just what were these tariff pledges, publicly made throughout the country.

Dr. Landerkin: Oh, read us the prohibition pledge!

That appeal, replied Mr. Foster, touched him deeply. If the hon. gentleman, who doubtless felt his own needs so keenly, would come to him in private he would be happy to administer the pledge to him. [Roars of laughter.]

The Government, Mr. Foster continued, had, despite their denunciations of protection as "legalized robbery," adopted nine-tenths of the protective tariff of their predecessors. True, the Finance Minister last night declared that it was never the intention of the Liberals to destroy protection at once. Not at once. Why there was Mr. Laurier's public declaration that, having obtained power, the Liberals would "cut the head off protection at once and trample upon its body."

He then took up some of the declarations of Mr. Davies. In St. John he had said that by free trade the Liberals would "unlock the golden doors of prosperity." Mr. Fielding at the same meeting said the Conservative tariff corrupted thousands, and yet this same tariff was being kept on. Where was the conscience of Mr. Davies, that he could permit the continuance of "the legalized robbery" which he had repeatedly denounced? And yet, under the tariff which he now supported, rice was protected, sugar was protected, and 35 per cent. was imposed on hundreds of tariff items. In many cases increases as high as 15 per cent. had been imposed. Coal oil duties had been denounced as "the oil outrage," and, after wrestling with it, all they could take off was 1 cent a gallon. [Laughter.]

Continuing, Mr. Foster cited the convention speech of the Premier, who denounced protection as a fraud, delusion and robbery. These embodied the Liberal policy up to the general elections of last year, when the Government began to look around. Evidences of shakiness became apparent. The Government refused to define the principle upon which they would ultimately base their tariff. Then came the Tariff Commission. For 17 years they knew all about it, but suddenly the change came.

Another evidence of the Government's change was the delay in calling the session, and still further from the hints of betrayal which appeared in Liberal papers, as, for instance, The Montreal Witness and The Farmers' Sun. The latter said those Liberals who were advocating surrender of party tariff policy were apostates from the faith. The Witness for days past had been condemning the prospective surrender of Liberal principles. Yesterday saw a spectacle in Parliament the like of which had never been previously seen, nor would be again. Mr. Fielding's comments on the causes which led to the adoption of the National Policy gave him (Mr. Foster) an excellent opportunity to point out that the underlying, impelling influences for the adoption of that policy were the arguments of stalwart Liberals like Mr. Joly, Mr. Laurier and Mr. Charlton.

To the delight of the Opposition, Mr. Foster read the utterances of these gentlemen, delivered away back in the 70's, advocating protection to Canadian industries.

Adverting to the Finance Minister's contention that the indisposition of the United States to a reciprocal tariff was one of the reasons which led to the present tariff, he (Mr. Foster) declared that at no time during the past 15 years had there been any positive prospect of reciprocity. Three points had been mentioned by Mr. Fielding as helpful to the trade of the country: they were convenience, transport and patriotism. That reference to protection was an unfortunate one, for had not Mr. Laurier at Boston declared it was a fatal mistake to suppose that British allegiance was the basis of trade? Had he not said that he would prefer an American quarter as readily as an English sixpence? [Laughter.]

When, after recess, the House met again, some time was taken up with private bills, so it was 8.30 when Mr. Foster resumed. He did so by stating that the tariff showed, first, that the Liberal party had adopted the principle of protection, in some cases lightening the duties, in others adding to the protective duties. Therefore there could now be no difference as to the acceptance of protection as the guiding principle of this country. More, the only novel feature of the new tariff is one that is only possible because of the adoption of the protective principle, namely, their second or reciprocal schedule. The very essential element of protection was the retention of something to give in exchange for concessions from other countries. Thus, after 18 years of virulent denunciation of the abuses of protection, the Liberals had embalmed protection in the statute book.

As to where the Liberal excuse for this turn came, the Liberal platform of 1893 was based on a speculation that things were looking more like reciprocity in the United States, so the tariff walls were to be lowered; but now Mr. Fielding says they are still looking for reciprocity, therefore they are keeping up the tariff. Where is the consistency in this? Is it that a principle with the hon. gentlemen opposite is not a principle, once it has had a few days to cool? [Laughter.] The argument of the Liberals had been for years that we should not hurt ourselves by raising the tariff because the United States did so. In 1893 the McKinley tariff was in operation, today the Dingley tariff was about to be enforced, and the difference was but 1 or 2, or at most 3 per cent., between the two. "I'm a Liberal of the old English school," is a meaningless boast in Mr. Laurier's mouth to-day, for where is the sturdy and steady principle of honor therein implied to be found in the present change of face?

As to the breaking of the pledges, there was a compact made between Sir Richard Cartwright and the Patrons, assisted by the Postmaster-General, to obtain their support. Mr. Mulock for that reason had railed against the Governor-General's salary and introduced a bill to abolish it. If it was a good thing then it is better now that he has the power to do it. Will he do it? [Cries of "No, no!"] Then Mr. Mulock was going to abolish passes. Will he do it, now that he is in power? No, he is where he is, the Patrons are where they are. Will they abolish the Senate? No, they are diligently appointing their friends and praying that Senators will die so they can appoint more. [Laughter.] Sir Richard, too, was fond once of talking of Sir Leonard Tilley as the pasha of three tails, because he had appointed a son-in-law to office. What now about the Minister, who had just appointed a son to office?

Sir Richard Cartwright: You appointed your cousins to office.

Mr. Foster: Oh, but then I never sang the song of the Pasha—[laughter]—and I do not believe that the hon. Minister finds his seat very comfortable to-day, sitting there as he does an English gentleman and a knight, who has given his word and gone back upon it! [Cheers.]

Then Mr. Foster went on to say that in Opposition Mr. Mulock had introduced a bill to prevent a member taking an office within several months after resigning from the House. Yet the first act of the Government was to appoint a member (Mr. Devlin) to office, to buy off his bounden opposition to the Government on the Manitoba school question. Both the Postmaster-General and Sir Richard subscribed to the Patrons' platform, which, among other things, denounced railway passes to members, and asked that cottons should be made free, but the passes remain and the duty on cottons is increased.

Sir Richard denied it.

Mr. Foster replied that the duty on cottons, white and grey, such as went into general use, had been increased from 22 1-2 per cent. to 25 per cent. He knew his hon. friend was sore.

Mr. McMullen: So're you.

The House passed from the momentary enjoyment of Mr. McMullen's pun to the ex-Finance Minister's speech.

Mr. Foster went on to read from the Patron platform the demands for free tweeds and woolens. These, said Mr. Foster, had been reduced, but still Mr. Fielding kept upon them what he called the highest figure of his tariff, namely, 35 per cent. Then the duty on cement had been increased by 20 per cent. True, barbed wire had been made free.

A Conservative Member: Not till the Grit speculators have unloaded.

"Exactly," said Mr. Foster, "and the same with binder twine, which is only to become free next January."

The Government had reduced the duty on iron, but contrary to proclaimed Liberal principles had made it up to the manufacturers by bounties. [Hear, hear.] Corn had been made free, which would please some farmers and disappoint others who relied on the consumption of our coarse grains. The Patrons asked for free coal oil and Mr. Davies had stumped the country on a free coal oil can. The new tariff reduced the duty 1 cent per gallon. [Laughter.] The Patrons asked for a tariff for revenue only; the answer of the Government was a protective tariff as high as and higher than the tariff of the Conservative party.

Have the Patrons, Mr. Foster asked, cause for complaint against the honorable gentlemen opposite? He insisted that they had; for the Government had not fulfilled a single one of the demands made in the Patron program. They had not made a single statement in the tariff demanded by the Patrons. All they had done was to drop three low revenue duties. He maintained also that by the present tariff the duties on luxuries were decreased by the reciprocal provisions and not increased, as demanded by the Patrons. He instanced silverware and jewelry as proof of this, and showed that the duties had been reduced to about 22 per cent. The Government had also adopted the classifications of the National Policy tariff, and they had not got rid of specific duties, as they promised to do in opposition. It was, in short, a tariff without any fixed principle—a tariff of expediency.

Turning to the increase of duties on liquors, tobacco and cigarets, he maintained that these would not lead to more revenue. On the contrary they would lead to smuggling and to a larger expenditure in watching the border than when more reasonable and really revenue-producing duties were imposed by the tariff.

Turning to the woolen duties, he predicted that the changes made in connection with them would ruin the woolen mills now in operation all over Canada. The tariff would also ruin the business of building buggies and pleasure vehicles, and lead to the mere assembling, in the factories of this country, of parts imported from abroad. It would be the same with the shirt and collar making industry. With the ad valorem duties of the new tariff, all that business would go to Troy or to Germany or England, and the means of livelihood would be taken from 4000 homes in the neighborhood of the large cities of this country.

Why, Mr. Foster next asked, had the 60 cents duty on coal not been taken off, as had been promised by the Premier in a speech he had made at Montreal, and which had been condemned in the House by the present Minister of Trade and Commerce? It had not only not been taken off, but a duty was threatened on anthracite coal, which was paid almost entirely by the people of Ontario. Mr. Foster also complained that there had been no reduction in the duty on cleaned rice, in accordance with the promises of the Liberals when in Opposition, to cheapen the food of the people.

As to the provision in the tariff bill for breaking down trusts by placing articles monopolized by trusts on the free list, Mr. Foster declared that was a power which no Government ought to ask. In its own interest, in the interest of clean and pure government, in the interest of satisfactory justice in this country, no government ought to possess such powers. Who was to be the judge in such cases, he asked? The Cabinet, which was a partisan body of men. If there was a disposition towards corruption that clause was the most powerful engine for corruption which could possibly be devised.

Coming to the reciprocal clauses of the bill Mr. Foster said he would leave the discussion of them in detail to Sir Charles Tupper, who was acquainted with the subject. He would, however, like to call attention to their indefiniteness, and to make his objection to the power of tariff making and treaty making being left in the hands of the Controller of Customs.

Mr. Foster complained that the Government was keeping the House in the dark as to the workings of the new tariff, except upon spirits and tobaccos. He called upon the Premier to tell Parliament and the country whether the Government was willing to extend the trade advantages proposed to Great Britain to Belgium and the German zollverein.

Mr. Laurier: If the honorable gentleman wants my answer, I say no, decidedly no, to Belgium and Germany.

Mr. Foster, in reply, read from a return submitted to the Imperial Parliament, showing that it was absolutely impossible for any British colony to give preferential treatment to British goods which was not accorded to Belgium and Germany. The whole question was well understood in England. Therefore, the preferential tariff will have to include all countries having favored nation treaties with Britain, and besides, our own treaty with France obliged us to give that country as low a tariff as Great Britain or any other country, so that French, as well as German and Belgium goods, will have to be admitted at the preferential rate. So that either Mr. Laurier was holding out false promises, or he was prepared to signalize this Jubilee year by flouting Great Britain as to the most important of her Imperial treaties. [Hear, hear.] Did he say that when the Customs Houses opened next day they would be authorized to accept British goods at one-eighth less than the general tariff?

Mr. Laurier: Yes.

Mr. Foster replied that in that event the Government was acting illegally. Had an Order-in-Council to that effect been passed upon recommendation of the Controller of Customs?

Mr. Laurier replied that the usual course was followed, that which Mr. Foster had often adopted, of laying the tariff resolutions upon the table, when it was understood they went immediately into effect.

Mr. Foster added that the preferential clauses were no part of the tariff proper. To that extent the Government had certainly acted illegally. He concluded by announcing that, having to catch the train for Toronto, he would be deprived of hearing Sir Richard Cartwright's speech in reply.

Sir Richard said that, rather than deprive his honorable friend of that pleasure, he himself would defer his remarks until the next sitting of the House, and, accordingly moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House adjourned at 10.10 p.m.

Mothers

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter:

"It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not live over three months. She had a bad

Cough

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." MRS. ADDIE PECK, 12 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y.

"I will say that my mother has not stated my case in as strong words as I would have done. Hood's Sarsaparilla has truly cured me and I am now well." CORA PECK, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

The Sacredness of Prayer Rugs.

Verses from the Koran and other passages considered sacred are generally stamped on the fabrics used as prayer rugs by the Mohammedans, and it is criminal in Oriental law to export such pieces. This is doubtless because use by the Occidentals means the treading of the sacred words under infidel feet, and when you think it over it is not to be wondered at. A few years ago an American succeeded in getting two such pieces as near home as Paris, but the inducements offered to him to return them to the Oriental dealer were potent enough to effect their purpose.

Good Pasture for Hogs.

Oats and peas grown together make a good hog pasture.

The Difference.

Young Writer (to editor of Monthly Review)—If you think my article so good, why don't you let me put my name to it?

Editor—Because nobody would read it if I did.

Young Writer—But you had an article by the Duke of Ditchwater in your last number, and you put his name to it.

Editor—Exactly; but nobody would have read it if I hadn't.—Pick-Me-Up.

A CRIPPLE FOR LIFE.

SO DOCTORS SAID CONCERNING RICHARD B. COLLINS.

HE SPENT MONTHS IN THE TORONTO HOSPITAL WITHOUT ANY BENEFIT—PINK PILLS CURE HIM AFTER ALL OTHER TREATMENT FAILED.

(From the Echo, Wiarton, Ont.)

The Echo presents to its readers the following plain statement of fact, with the simple comment that a medicine that can perform so remarkable a cure is simply invaluable, and it is no wonder that the aggregate of its sales throughout the country is enormous.

I, Richard B. Collins, hereby make the following statement, which can be confirmed by any number of witnesses in this section of the country: I first began to complain about five years ago. I had then been working in a fish shanty, and was wet almost the whole time, summer and winter. I was then confined to the house for three months. This was my first attack and on getting better I commenced work again the first of the following February and continued at it until the next January when I took a much worse attack. The doctors pronounced it rheumatism and after treating me for that disease until about the first of May, they discovered that my trouble was disease of the hip joint, and advised me to go to an hospital. I went to Toronto and stayed in the hospital five weeks and then returned home. I, however, did not recover, and was compelled during the following summer to go back to the hospital where I remained three months, getting worse all the time. I was told I could not be cured and when I left was only able to walk by the aid of crutches. I then came home and was not there long before I was taken to my bed. I continued in this state until January following, when I was advised by several friends to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I took their advice and before I had finished the fifth box I began to improve, and by the time I had completed a dozen boxes I was able to walk without crutches, and have never used them since. I was able to do light work in a short time, and in January last (1897) I commenced working in the woods and have no trouble from the hip unless over-exerted. During the last three years I have spent $300.00 in doctors' bills and medicines, trying everything recommended, but without any good results until I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, to which I owe my restored condition, as the doctors gave up all hopes of ever seeing me out of bed alive and well. I may say that before I began taking Pink Pills during my last attack, I put in many a night so bad that I never expected to be alive in the morning."

Rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, nervous headache, nervous prostration and diseases depending upon humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc., all disappear before a fair treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They give a healthy glow to the pale and sallow complexions and build up and renew the entire system. Sold by all dealers and post paid at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Do not be persuaded to take some substitute.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

Bright Trimmings.

In looking at all the trimmings you cannot fail to be reminded of the effects of which the last scenes in pantomimes have made us familiar. The cup sequins, that look like jewels, very infrequently replace them, and a great deal of silver and steel is used alone and together. All these bright tones of colorings have even crept into belts, which are made of stuff that resembles the old Flemish leather, only the colors are very light, such as pink, blue, mauve, or green, intermixed with silver or gold. Another valuable collection of trimmings, with both edges alike, waved or scalloped, have a lace-like foundation, completely hidden by paillettes and embroidery, and others show no groundwork at all, but simply consist of small over-lapping sequins, those for the groundwork black, with bright red, green or mauve on the surface. Switzerland has sent a large convoy of trimmings into our market, made principally of silk, admirable as to color, especially those of pompadour designs. Then there are a good many ribbon-like trimmings brocaded and having picot edges, also gay in coloring.

Spring Blouses.

Blouses for wear under jackets and coats are made perfectly plain, or tucked horizontally in the back and in the front with side plaits turning away from a vest of white satin covered with white point or Venetian lace, finished at the neck with two falls of lace, with a knot of velvet in the centre to match, the velvet points or revers, or decorations of any sort at the back of the collar. Quite vivid contrasts of color are seen, as, for instance, a blouse of figured taffeta on a violet ground has a knot at the throat of the most vivid burnt orange, with the same colored velvet at the back of the collar. A gray blouse has accessories of primrose velvet. These knots at the throat are small and closely tied.

Stains on Wall Paper.

Fresh stains upon wall paper where people have rested their heads can be removed by covering the spot with a mixture of pipe clay and water made into a soft paste and letting it remain over night. Then brush it off with a stiff whisk broom.

DANGER! DANGER!

Women Should Exercise Great Care.

The women, who buy eighty-five per cent. of all goods that are used in the home, should be very careful when they purchase dyes for home dying.

Some dealers, for the sake of large profits, are selling adulterated foreign and home made dyes, and frequently tell their customers that they are as good as the Diamond Dyes.

Such statements are false and misleading. No dyes in the world equal the Diamond Dyes in strength, purity and fastness of color. Every package is warranted to do the best work, and they are sold as low as the worthless dyes.

Do not be persuaded to use dyes that will ruin your goods. Insist upon getting Diamond Dyes; all reliable dealers keep them in stock.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

FOR ADOPTION—A healthy female infant. Address Box 443, Belleville Post Office. [A23d&w2t

WANTED—A Clerk, male. Apply to W. C. MIKEL. 4-21d6t

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

HOUSE TO RENT—A Brick House on Grove st.; good cellar and cistern; 9 rooms, all in good repair. Apply to PATRICK O'HORO. 4-19d6tp

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. f7tdeodtf

NOTICE.

THE members of the St. Andrew's Society will please meet at their rooms, West Robertson Block, at 2:30 p.m. on Monday next, to attend the funeral of ex-President Col. James Brown.

D. B. ROBERTSON,
President.

Saturday, April 24.

LOST.

COLLIE DOG, white breast and paws; answers to the name of Vic. Return to G. GLENCO HULME, Hotel st. 1t

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

I Have for sale a quantity of good hard wood and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of mill wood, at the CENTRAL WOOD YARD, west end of Footbridge. Office, third door west Footbridge. dtf EDWARD NEWMAN.

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,
Honorary Spanish Consul.
Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26 1ly

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. fJ15d&wtf

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received for excavating for, and building three manholes from the Front street sewer according to plans and specifications to be seen at my office, where tenders should be left with me, addressed to Thos. Luscombe, Esq., Chairman of Public Works, Belleville, with the names of two good sureties, up to noon of Tuesday, the 27th day of April inst. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

D. B. ROBERTSON,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office, April 23rd, 1897. d2t

Daily Intelligencer.

JAMES BROWN.

In this day's issue we record the demise of our old and esteemed friend—Lieut.-Colonel JAMES BROWN. The profound sorrow which this announcement will create will not be confined to this Bay of Quinte district, in which the deceased passed the greater portion of more than sixty years of his life, but will be felt in all parts of the country, particularly amongst military men and politicians of the older generation.

Mr. Brown's career, of which full particulars are given in another column, affords a fine example to the young men of the time. Commencing at the lowest rung of the ladder, he worked himself up to a high position in the country. He served his fellow citizens faithfully as Town Councillor and Mayor, and in the County Council as Deputy Reeve. He became their representative in Parliament, and served for fifteen years in that capacity. He served his country as Lieutenant and Lieutenant-Colonel in her Volunteer force. He was, in a word, ever ready to cast aside all considerations of self, when his fellow-citizens or his country called.

Mr. Brown's genialty and unselfishness, his unvarying kindness to his employees, his unassuming demeanor, won for him the love of all classes, and for many years no man in Belleville was more popular than "Jem" Brown, as he was familiarly called by the people, who loved him. That love was never forfeited, and he will ever be spoken of in terms of affection by those who knew him best, whilst his name will go down to posterity as that of a good man who did his duty faithfully and well.

—Mrs. John Brown, a widow of Orono, committed suicide by hanging.

—The T., H. & B. station at Smithville was struck by lightning and burned.

—Mr. Wm. Lethbridge, of Fingal, fell out of his waggon, was run over and killed.

—Mr. Samuel Colgate, head of the great soap and perfume house of Samuel Colgate & Co., died at New York.

—At Cornwall R. E. Schell was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary for forging a promissory note.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

—Charges of offensive partisanship and of interference in the late elections have been made against Capts. Dunn, McGregor, and Pearson, of the fishery protection cruisers Petrel, Bayfield, and Dolphin, respectively, and Mr. Seager, of Goderich, Ont., will hold an investigation.

—The French mail steamer Pro Patria left St. Pierre ten days ago for the French shore of Newfoundland. No news has been heard of her and it is feared that she is lost with all hands. She took a large number of fishermen as passengers.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

SPRING OVERCOATS.

NOW is the time to order. We have a full range of choice goods.

Arthur McGie.
Merchant Tailor, 300 Front st., Belleville.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

"Peace."
"Lot,"

Will be the subjects of the sermons at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. by the Rev. Charles E. McIntyre to-morrow in

BRIDGE ST. METHODIST CHURCH.

2:30 p.m.—Sunday School.

Strangers in the city, students at Albert College, the Business Colleges, the schools, and all other visitors welcomed.

HOLLOWAY ST. METHODIST CHURCH
Rev. Robt. Cade, D.D., Pastor.
(Services to-morrow, April 25th.)

10 a.m.—Class Meetings.
11 a.m.—Sermon: "The Wise Preacher."
2:30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7 p.m.—Sermon: "Wisdom and Her Ways."

Students, strangers and citizens always welcome.

TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH
Church St.
Rev. E. Roberts, Pastor.

10 a.m.—Class Meeting.
11 a.m.—"Character Building, Temperance and Patience."
2.30—Sabbath School.
6.30—Epworth League prayer meeting.
7p.m.—Mr. D. H. Lent, the popular lecturer, will preach. Subject: "Jonah's Mission to Nenevah."

All will be made welcome to these services.

Wild With Eczema

Hands and Limbs Covered with Blisters, and Great Red Blotches.

Scratched Until Almost Wild. Burned Like Fire. Sleep Impossible.

Cuticura Brings Speedy Relief, and a Permanent Cure at a Cost of $2.

I was a sufferer for eight years from that most distressing of all diseases, Eczema, but can now say truthfully that I am entirely cured. I tried some of the best physicians in the country, but they did me little good. The palms of my hands were covered, and would become inflamed; little white blisters at first would appear, then they would peel off, leaving a red, smooth surface which would burn like fire and itch; well, there is no name for it. On the inside of the upper part of both my limbs, great red blotches, not unlike hives, would appear, and as soon as I became warm, the burning and itching would begin. Night after night I would lie awake all night and scratch and almost go wild. I heard of CUTICURA remedies, got a box of CUTICURA (ointment), a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT (blood purifier), and gave them a thorough trial, and after a few applications I noticed the redness and inflammation disappear; *before I had used one box there was not a sign of Eczema left.* I can truthfully assert that $2.00 worth of CUTICURA REMEDIES cured me. Any one I meet who has Eczema, I do not hesitate a moment in recommending your remedies.

JOHN D. PORTE,
1115 Carson St., Pittsburg, Pa.

INSTANT RELIEF AND SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOR.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "All About the Blood, Skin, and Scalp," mailed free.

FALLING HAIR Pimply Faces, Baby Blemishes, Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

BURIAL OF JAPAN'S EMPRESS.

Curious Mixture of Old and New in the Funeral Observances.

(Special Correspondence.)

Tokyo, (Special).—The death of her Majesty the Empress Dowager on Jan. 11, was the first incident of its kind since the beginning of the present Meiji era, which dates from 1867. It has thus given an opportunity to observe how strictly the ancient mourning and funeral customs of Japan would be maintained and how much allowance would be made for the necessities and changed circumstances of a modern, progressive nation. The result has been, of course, an admixture of the old and the new, the antiquated and the newfangled, the oriental and the occidental. This entire subject has been so interesting that I shall beg leave to go quite into detail and treat at considerable length the various matters related to Japan in mourning in 1897, the thirtieth year of the Meiji era.

THE LATE EMPRESS DOWAGER.

In the first place there was no unseemly haste in making official announcement of the fact. Her Majesty died at 6 p.m., Jan. 11, but the vernacular papers of the next morning did not mention the fact. An "extra" of the Hochi Shimbun, published that evening, merely announced the exhaustion and dangerous condition of the illustrious patient, and the papers of the next morning could not publish the news of her decease. Early in the morning of the 12th an official announcement was sent to the foreign legations, but the general public notice was not issued till 5 p.m. of that day.

On the 13th inst. the following instructions were issued:

"With reference to the decease of her Imperial Majesty the Empress Dowager, there will be public mourning for a period of thirty days, commencing from the 12th inst.

"Professional singers, actors and musicians will desist from the practice of their callings for fifteen days. In the event of the bier's being carried out or the interment's taking place subsequently to the expiration of the above fifteen days, they will further abstain from the practice of their callings on the day of the carrying out and the day of interment.

"All other persons (i.e., non-professionals) will abstain from the above pastimes during the space of thirty days."

As another mark of respect it was ordered that "the national flag, whenever flown, shall be surmounted by a strip of black cloth of the same length as the flag during the first fifteen days, and of half the flag's length during the last fifteen days." It was interesting to notice that hardly anywhere was the black strip cut after the fifteenth day. In fact, it may be said, that in general there was a strong desire, not only on the part of the Japanese, but also among foreigners, to err on the side of a strict observance.

It will be sufficient to take notice of the regulations for the costume of civilians. In the case of full dress for men, the costume may consist of a dark haori (overcoat) with the wearer's crest between the shoulders, a hakama (a sort of divided skirt), and a piece of black material sewn on the left shoulder. Many persons, however, simply pinned on the black cloth, some with a safety-pin. In case, however, of ordinary dress, it was sufficient to wear the piece of black cloth.

The full dress of women must comprise a dark hanten (corresponding to the man's haori), a white neckerchief and no ornaments in the hair. The piece of black cloth must also be worn on the left shoulder in both ordinary and full dress. In case of European costume the rules of occidental etiquette must be observed. It will be observed that black was thus adopted as the mourning color, though white is generally used in the orient at such a time. However, even on this occasion, white gloves and white neckties are prescribed. With that exception in the court mourning, all parts of the dress must be of the same color. Shoulder straps, epaulets, badges, etc., must be covered with black ribbon. It might be added here that the immense demand for black crape raised the price in Tokyo from 1.50 yen to 6 and 7 yen per yard within a week. The supply in both Tokyo and Yokohoma was soon exhausted and telegrams had to be sent to Shanghai and Hong Kong for a further supply. So much time was needed in the preparations for the obsequies that about three weeks elapsed before everything was ready, so that the corpse could be removed from the city. It was necessary, for instance, that a special hearse be constructed "in strict conformity with antique rules," one of which was that "the wheels must emit a groaning sound as they revolve." This consideration prevented many expert builders from taking the contract; but finally, one carpenter, more than 70 years old, who had assisted 30 years ago in making the funeral car of the late Emperor Komei, husband of the late Empress Dowager, was found, and undertook the task.

It was also necessary that three oxen, of a peculiar kind, should be harnessed, one after another, to the funeral car. It was necessary that the one between the shafts have black and white spots on the body, a white star on the forehead, and white stockings on the forelegs. The one immediately in front of the shafts was to have a dun skin with black flecks, and the leader was to be pure black. Much search was required to find the first of these three, but at last he was discovered at Fushimi, a town some five miles from Kyoto. Specific rules have to be followed with regard to the animals themselves. These rules extended to the breast-plate, the collar, the traces and the sash around the trunk.

The driver of the hearse must come from a certain family, named Yoshido, whose members for more than six centuries have performed that office; and the coffin must be carried from the palace to the railway station by the inhabitants of a certain village, on that account formerly exempt from taxation. The coffin was double, and the outer shell covered with white satin, having an embroidered design, over which black silk crape was laid. The grave was eighteen feet deep. All these points are matters of legal regulation.

On Tuesday, Feb. 2, the remains of her Imperial Majesty the late Empress Dowager, were carried from the Aoyama palace, and placed in the train for transfer to Kyoto, where the obsequies took place. This ceremony is called by the Japanese Shitsu-kwan, or the 'exodus of the coffin.' There has been no previous example of it during the Meiji era, and rumor says that long consultations and minute researches were required for the purpose of elaborating the various details. The observances commenced with a salut d'adieu in the Aoyama detached palace at 9 o'clock in the forenoon.

The special train carrying the funeral party came straight through to Kyoto, and was appropriately received at every station. The obsequies at the ancient capital were held Feb. 7 and 8, and were highly ritualistic. On both sides of the street along which the funeral procession was to pass from the palace to the mausoleum black curtains of cotton shirting were stretched.

The procession was about two English miles in length. At 6.20 p.m. the hearse left the Sakaye-machi gate of the palace, and at 8.45 p.m. crossed Yume-no-ukihashi, the 'bridge of dreams.' Up to this point honors had been paid to the remains as though they represented a person still alive. But a special ritual for the newly-dead had now to be gone through. This concluded, the mournful cortege proceeded at 9 o'clock to the temple of Senyo, where the funeral service proper was conducted. Some thousand persons took part in this, the ceremonies not concluding till fully 12.30 o'clock.

WHETHER YOU BUY...

"TETLEY'S" 40c., 50c., 60c., or 70c. blend

You are getting the best value for your money.

"Tetley's" TEAS

"FROM ANCIENT INDIA AND SWEET CEYLON."

QUEBEC HEARD FROM.

HENRY G. CARROLL, M.P. FOR KAMOURASKA QUE., SOUNDS THE PRAISES OF DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER.

It will be noticed by those who have studied the testimonials for this wonderful catarrah remedy, that they are thoroughly unsectional in character. Every province in the Dominion, through its members of parliament, and most prominent citizens, has told the peculiar effectiveness of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It is of a character that overcomes any local or climatic conditions, and as with Mr. Carroll, it is a most effective remedy for catarrhal troubles, in whatever shape, not omitting hay fever, where it works like a charm, and in every case is speedy in effect. Sold by R. Templeton.

THE SKY IN MAY, 1897.

Astronomical Law Is Right Against the Great Injustice of the United Kingdom Toward Australia, Newfoundland and Canada.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

SIR,—The marvellous celestial objects in evidence easy for all to see during May, in the middle of each evening, are, at the zenith, the Great Bear and Berenice's Hair. In the north, the Dragon presents itself under the best conditions for observation. Cepheus appears above the Polar star. Perseus and Andromeda glide along the horizon. Cygnus (the swan) begins to rise to a considerable height in the sky. In the south, are the great quadrilateral of Leo; Spica of Virgo and her retinue; Hydra carrying the Crater and Corvus. Gemini and Procyon are setting in the western sky; Arcturus shines high in the south-east; the two scales of Libra have just risen in the south-east, following Spica. In the east, the Serpent and Ophiuchus are rising. Bootes and the Crown are already high in the sky, accompanied by Hercules. Vega of Lyra shines in the east-north-east, and Deneb Cygni, in the north-east. In the west Castor and Pollux and Cancer are slowly descending. Procyon and the last stars of Taurus are setting. Capella shines in the north-west.

The principal planets in view, easily seen by all, are Venus in Aries, Mars in Gemini, Jupiter in Leo, a little to the east of Regulus, to which it gets nearer every day, and Saturn, the most wonderful of the celestial worlds, in the Scorpion, to the south-east, not far from the red sun Antares.

Astronomy is the science of worlds and souls, of mind and matter. Man on this planet is not yet reasonable nor has he arrived at the age of reason. For example, let us take the nation which is the greatest importer of wheat, and let us ask who would pay a British Duty of five cents per bushel on this grain imported from Canada to to the United Kingdom? and we have the answer:—The Canadian farmer, because THE PRODUCER INVARIABLY PAYS DUTY, IN INVERSE PROPORTION TO THE CONTROL HE EXERCISES ON THE MARKET OF THE COUNTRY WHICH IMPOSES IT. The astronomical law will apply in all cases, never failing to give the right answer. This British Duty would not give even the worth of a fraction of the smallest piece of money to the wheat producer of Great Britain, but it would take off five cents per bushel from the profit of the Canadian wheat grower, thus enriching the English exchequer. The price never affects the case at all, control alone is always the test.

Who in Great Britain and Ireland knows that to work or to produce, to give or to receive, comes from God, while to collect and to pay, to buy and to sell, come from the opposite source? No one. There was never anything to prevent England, with its great Australian continent and its British North America, from collecting duties on cheese and butter, grain, cattle and horses imported from foreign countries, which were in competition for the European immigration of the agricultural class. By not doing this Great Britain has allowed other countries to increase their population and enrich themselves at the expense of the immense United Empire of Greater Britain.

When, on this star-encircled earth, will man be just and wise, and know the true free trade, giving or receiving the products in a manner to allow man to be born free, without debts, but rich, and not marked French, Spanish, American, English or Canadian, in order to create at last on this celestial island men of peace, citizens of the world and of Heaven?

WILFRED MARSAN,
Director of Westmount Astronomical Observatory, Montreal.

HEART DISEASE STRIKES DOWN ALL CLASSES.

THE ESSENTIAL MATTER IS TO BE PREPARED FOR ANY EMERGENCY

It is painful to pick up the daily papers and observe how people of all classes are being stricken down with the heart disease apoplexy. One day it is the farmer in the field, again the laborer carrying his hod, or, as this week a prominent architect in Ottawa. Perhaps it is not too strong a statement, that 80 per cent of the people of Canada are afflicted with heart disease to some degree. What a blessing it is then, that there exists a medicine like Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, which is so quick in producing relief. Instantly the patient obtains that ease that is so longed for when the heart is afflicted. There is absolutely no case of heart disease that it will not help, and with few exceptions, will produce a radical cure. Sold by R. Templeton.

—The 48th Highlanders, of Toronto, have entered a team of eight men in various events in the Royal Military Tournament at Islington, Eng., which begins on the 27th prox. They are the only representatives Canada will have at the tournament.

A Chance

TO GET READY FOR WASHDAY.

SATURDAY we will sell a set of Sensible Sad Irons, 3 Irons, Handle and Stand, for 57 Cents, and an 11 inch Roll Royal Canadian Wringer for $2.10, and some other goods at special bargains for that day. See our south window.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.,
HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE.
STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

UNRESERVED AUCTION

—OF HIGH CLASS—

ANCIENT - AND - MODERN FURNITURE.

Tuesday, April 27,
1897, at 9:30 a.m.

TO wind up the Estate of H. CAROLINE WALLBRIDGE, I am instructed to sell the whole of the Furniture in the WHITE HOUSE, corner of Front and Dundas streets, comprising:

10 Solid Walnut Bed-room Sets.
1 Solid Oak Bed-room Set.
Drawing Room Furniture.
Dining Room Furniture.
2 Sideboards.
7 Chests of Drawers.
3 Solid Walnut Wardrobes.

and hundreds of other articles too numerous to mention.

J. G. DAVISON,
Auctioneer.

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N. B.—The White House property will also be offered for sale at 12 o'clock noon.

The Phrenoline Medicines

THE ONLY ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE PREPARATIONS ON THE MARKET

Pleasant, Pure and Healthful

PHRENOLINE Rheumatic Specific	Guaranteed to cure Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Gout and Neuralgia.
PHRENOLINE Pills	A sure cure for Headache, Dizziness Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Paralysis, Convulsions, Heart Disease, etc., etc.

Manufactured on Honor and Sold on Merit.

Sold in Belleville only by
D. M. Waters. apr

CAMPHOR,
MOTH BALLS,
MOTH PAPER,
—FOR SALE AT—
THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THERE will be offered for sale by J. G. Davison, Auctioneer, on Wednesday, 26th May, 1897, at three o'clock p.m., at the City Hall, Belleville, the following valuable properties:

The Nosworthy Block, corner Bridge and Pinnacle streets.

Residence north side of Bridge street, east of Ann street.

Residence east side Albert street, north of Bridge street.

For particulars of sale and further descriptions, etc., apply to

HENRY PRINGLE, Executor. F. E. O'FLYNN, Solicitor.

Dated at Belleville, 20th April 1897. deodtd

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our - Tables. -

Flower's Bargain House,
378 FRONT STREET.

THE ALE AND PORTER
OF
JOHN LABATT,
LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, CHICAGO.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN
WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,
AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.
THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.
18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.
Fireproof Brick, a carload.
Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.
Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

The Cleveland ..at $75.00..

Is Positively the best value for a Wheel in the market.

The demand for them is great. It just means that you are buying a high-grade $100 wheel for $75.00. Don't miss this chance. Our $100 Cleveland is a marvel of neatness, simplicity and workmanship.

The Foster Co. Ltd
Frank S. Foster, Manager.

POSTPONED.

STEAMER
"ALEXANDRIA"

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y., AND RETURN.

Announced for Friday, April 23, has (owing to delay in opening of St. Lawrence River Canals, been postponed ....until....

Friday, April 30th

FARE for Round - Trip - $1.50 FARE for Round - Trip -

Str. "VARUNA"

A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.
J. W. HEPBURN, Agent Picton

The Mark . . . of the Moth

Will soon make its appearance if you let him have his own way. Don't let him have his own way, use our

MOTH CAMPHOR.

Howard's English Camphor in 1 oz. cakes, Persian Insect Powder, or English Lavander Flowers.

A fresh supply of each just received at

McKeown's Drug Store

Many a Young Man.

When from over-work, possibly assisted by an inherited weakness, the health fails and rest of medical treatment must be restored to, then no medicine can be employed with the same beneficial results as Scott's Emulsion.

Don't Carry a Lot of Tools

Ride DUNLOP TIRES for your own comfort's sake—then YOUR HANDS are the only tools ever needed.

DUNLOP'S are a success—popular the world over. CERTAIN to please you, and fully guaranteed.

American Dunlop Tire Co.,
TORONTO.

A. N. REID,
FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

Cream Puffs,

Filled with Whipped Cream,
fresh at 11 a. m. and 3 p.m
Price 20 cents per dozen.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Why Buy
BABY CARRIAGES & FURNITURE
From Tickell & Sons Co'y?
BECAUSE They Offer BARGAINS.

The Daily Intelligencer. Part 2.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL – LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL – CHARITY IN ALL

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO SATURDAY, APRIL 24 1897. NO. 299

These Competitions will be conducted monthly during 1897.

FIRST PRIZES—10 Stearns' Bicycles EACH MONTH.

SECOND PRIZES—25 Gold Watches EACH MONTH.

SEND THIS TOP PORTION

$1,625 Given Away EACH MONTH IN BICYCLES AND WATCHES FOR SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS.

HOW TO OBTAIN THEM. Competitors to save as many "Sunlight" Soap Wrappers as they can collect. Cut off the top portion of each wrapper—that portion containing the heading "SUNLIGHT SOAP." These (called "Coupons") are to be sent enclosed with a sheet of paper on which the competitor has written his or her full name and address, and the number of coupons sent in, postage paid, to Messrs. Lever Bros. Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, marked on the postal wrapper (top left hand corner) with the number of the district competitor lives in. The districts are as follows:

NAME OF DISTRICT.

1 Western Ontario, consisting of Counties York, Simcoe and all Counties W. and S. of these.
2 Eastern Ontario, consisting of Counties Ontario, Muskoka and all Counties E. and N. of these.
3 Province of Quebec.
4 Province of New Brunswick.
5 Province of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

The bicycles are the celebrated Stearns, manufactured by E. C. Stearns & Co., Syracuse, N. Y., and Toronto, Ont. Each wheel is guaranteed by the makers, and has complete attachments.

LEVER BROS., LTD., 23 SCOTT STREET, TORONTO.

RULES. 1. Every month during 1897, in each of the five districts, prizes will be awarded as follows:

The two competitors who send in the largest numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside, will each receive, at winner's option, a lady's or gent's Stearns' Bicycle with complete attachments.

The five competitors who send in the next largest numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside, will each receive, at winner's option, a lady's or gent's Gold Watch, value $25.

2. The competition will close the last day of each month during 1897. Coupons received too late for one month's competition will be put into the next.

3. Competitors who obtain wrappers from unsold soap in dealer's stock will be disqualified. Employees of Messrs. Lever Bros., Ltd., and their families are debarred from competing.

4. A printed list of winners in competitor's district will be forwarded to competitors 21 days after each competition closes.

5. Messrs. Lever Bros. Ltd., will endeavor to award the prizes fairly to the best of their ability and judgment, but it is understood that all who compete agree to accept the award of Messrs. Lever Bros., Ltd., as final.

CONFOUND IT!
I'VE FORGOTTEN TO GET
A PACKAGE OF
OLD CHUM
SMOKING TOBACO 10¢ PKG

A WELL PAINTED FLOOR

with a rug is always clean. It saves your time, your back, and your patience. At the start it costs less than a carpet. It is cleaner, healthier and easy to take care of.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS SPECIAL FLOOR PAINT

is the best floor paint made. It is easy to put on, and will stand the hard uses a floor always gets. Color cards showing shades, will be mailed free upon application.

Our booklet, "Paint Points," is a plain practical talk on paint. It tells the difference between good paint and poor paint. It tells just the particular paint to use for each purpose—for houses, fences, roofs, barns, bath tubs, cupboards, shelves, buggies, boats, furniture, tables, chairs, settees, and every other paintable thing. Send for it to-day—it is free. For booklet, address 19 St. Antoine Street, Montreal.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.
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He won't use it, because its "shine" lasts too long, and seems too simple. 'Pays him better to use a wax pore-filler, and polish up a previous polish. Paid by the week, instead of by the pair, he'd shine the actual leather, hard and smooth surfaced, with

SLATER SHOE POLISH

HAINES & LOCKETT, SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.

A Woman's Ideal

Eudora
The Ideal
Dress Fabric.

Has just been realised in Priestley's ideal dress fabric, the new EUDORA,—superior even to his other famous weaves—extra width, extra weight, extra draping and fitting qualities. Soft—rich—firm—durable—dust proof. In black only.

Wrapped on "THE VARNISHED BOARD."
Priestley's name stamped on every five yards. 13

MUSIC IN CHURCHES.

REV. DR. TALMAGE ON THE POWER OF THE HUMAN VOICE.

The Great Preacher Also Dilates on Musical Instruments of All Kinds, But Especially Upon the Organ of the Churches.

Rev. Dr. Talmage preached a wonderful sermon on Sunday from the text, Genesis iv, 21, "His brother's name was Jubal; he was the father of all such as handle the harp and organ."

Lamech had two boys, the one a herdsman and the other a musician. Jubal, the younger son, was the first organ builder. He started the first sound that rolled from the wondrous instrument which has had so much to do with the worship of the ages. But what improvements have been made under the hands of organ builders such as Bernhard, Sebastian Bach and George Hogarth and Joseph Booth and Thomas Robjohn, clear down to George and Edward Jardine of our own day. I do not wonder that when the first full organ that we read of as given in 757 by an emperor of the east to a king of France sounded forth its full grandeur, a woman fell into a delirium from which her reason was never restored.

The majesty of a great organ skillfully played is almost too much for human endurance, but how much the instrument has done in the re-enforcement of divine service it will take all time and all eternity to celebrate.

There has been much discussion as to where music was born. I think that at the beginning, when the morning stars sang together, and all the suns of God shouted for joy, that the earth heard the echo. The cloud on which the angels stood to celebrate the creation was the birthplace of song. Inanimate nature is full of God's stringed and wind instruments. Silence itself—perfect silence—is only a musical rest in God's great anthem of worship. Wind among the leaves, insects humming in the summer air, the rush of billow upon beach, the ocean far out sounding its everlasting psalm, the bobolink on the edge of the forest, the quail whistling up from the grass, are music.

On Blackwell's Island I heard, coming up from a window of the lunatic asylum, a very sweet song. It was sung by one who had lost her reason, and I have come to believe that even the deranged and disordered elements of nature would make music to our ear if we only had acuteness enough to listen. I suppose that even the sounds in nature that are repulsive make harmony in God's ear. You know that you may come so near to an orchestra that the sounds are painful instead of pleasurable, and I think we stand so near devastating storm and frightful whirlwind we cannot hear that which makes to God's ear and the ear of the spirits above us a music as complete as it is tremendous.

The day of judgment, which will be a day of uproar and tumult, I suppose will bring no disonance to the ears of those who can calmly listen; although it be as when some great performer is executing some boisterous piece of music, he sometimes breaks down the instrument on which he plays; so it may be on that last day that the grand march of God, played by the fingers of thunder and earthquake and conflagration, may break down the world upon which the music is executed.

Not only is inanimate nature full of music, but God has wonderfully organized the human voice so that in the plainest throat and lungs there are fourteen direct muscles which can make over sixteen thousand different sounds and there are thirty indirect muscles which can make, it has been estimated, more than one hundred and seventy-three millions of sounds! Now, I say, when God has so constructed the human voice, and when He has filled the whole earth with harmony, and when He recognized it in the ancient temple, I have a right to come to the conclusion that God loved music.

I propose to speak about sacred music, first showing you its importance, and then stating some of the obstacles to its advancement.

I draw the first argument for the importance of sacred music from the fact that God commanded it. Through Paul he tells us to admonish one another in psalms and hymns and spiritual songs, and through David he cries out, "Sing ye to God, all ye kingdoms of the earth." And there are hundreds of other passages I might name, proving that it is as much a man's duty to sing as it is his duty to pray. Indeed, I think there are more commands in the Bible to sing than there are to pray. God not alone asks for the human voice, but for instruments of music. He asks for the cymbal and the harp, and the trumpet, as well as the organ.

And I suppose that, in the last days of the church, the harp, the flute, the trumpet and all the instruments of music, whether they have been in the service of righteousness or sin, will be brought by their masters and laid down at the feet of Christ, and then sounded in the church's triumph, on her way from suffering into glory. "Praise ye the Lord!" Praise Him with your voices. Praise Him with stringed instruments and with organs.

I draw another argument for the importance of this exercise from the impressiveness of this exercise. You know something of what secular music has achieved. You know it has made its impression on governments, upon laws, upon literature, upon whole generations. One inspiring national air is worth thirty thousand men as a standing army. There comes a time in the battle when one bugle is worth a thousand muskets. I have to tell you that no nation, no church, can afford to severely economize in music.

Many of you are illustrations of what sacred song can do. Through it you were brought into the kingdom of Jesus Christ. You stood out against the argument and the warning of the pulpit, but when, in the sweet words of Isaac Watts or Charles Wesley or John Newton or Toplady the love of Jesus was sung to your soul, then you surrendered as armed castle that could not be taken by a host lifts its window to listen to a harp's trill. There was a Scotch soldier dying in New Orleans and a Scotch minister came to him to give him the consolations of the Gospel. The man turned over on his pillow and said, "Don't talk to me about religion." Then the Scotch minister began to sing a familiar hymn of Scotland that was composed by David Dickenson, beginning with the words:

> "Oh, mother, dear Jerusalem,
> When shall I come to thee?"

He sang it to the tune of "Dundee," and everybody in Scotland knows that; and as he began to sing the dying soldier turned over on his pillow and said to the minister, "Where did you learn that?" "Why," replied the minister, "my mother taught me that." "So did mine," said the dying Scotch soldier; and the very foundation of his heart was upturned, and then and there he yielded himself to Christ. Oh, it has an irresistible power. Luther's sermons have been forgotten, but his "Judgment Hymn" sings on through the ages, and will keep on singing until the blast of the archangel's trumpet shall bring about that very day which the hymn celebrates.

In addition to the inspiring music of our own day, we have a glorious inheritance of church psalmody which has come down fragrant with the devotions of other generations—tunes no more worn out than they were when our great-grandfathers climbed up on them from the church pew to glory! Dear old souls, how they used to sing! when they were cheerful, our grandfathers and grandmothers used to sing "Colchester." When they were very meditative, then the board meeting house rang with "South Street" and "St. Edmond's." Were they struck through with great tenderness they sang "Woodstock." Were they wrapped in visions of the glory of the church they sang "Zion." Were they overborne with the love and glory of the Christ they sang "Ariel." And in those days there were certain tunes married to certain hymns, and they have lived in peace a great while, these two old people and we have no right to divorce them. "What God hath joined together let no man put asunder." But how hard hearted we must be if all the sacred music of the past and all the sacred music of the present does not start us heavenward.

I have also noticed the power of sacred song to sooth perturbation. You may have come in here this morning with a great many worriments and anxieties, yet perhaps in the singing of this first hymn you lost all your worriments and anxieties. You have read in the Bible of Saul and how he was sad and angry and how the boy David came in and played the evil spirit out of him. A Spanish king was melancholy. The windows were all closed. He sat in the darkness. Nothing could bring him forth until Faranelli came and discoursed music for three or four days to him. On the fourth day he looked up and wept and rejoiced, and the windows were thrown open, and that which all the splendors of the court could not do the power of song accomplished. If you have anxieties and worriments try this heavenly charm upon them. Do not sit down on the bank of the hymn, but plunge in, that the devil of care may be brought out of you.

It also arouses to action. A singing church is always a triumphant church! If a congregation is silent during an exercise, or partially silent, it is the silence of death. If, when the hymn is given out, you hear the faint hum of here and there a father and mother in Israel while the vast majority are silent, the minister of Christ who is preaching needs to have a very strong constitution if he does not get the chills. He needs not only the grace of God, but nerves like whalebone. It is amazing how some people who have voice enough to discharge all this duty. I really believe that if the church of Christ could rise up and sing as they ought to sing, that where we have a hundred souls brought into the kingdom of Christ there would be a thousand.

But I must now speak of some of the obstacles in the way of the advancement of this sacred music; and the first is that it has been pressed into the service of superstition. I am far from believing that music ought always to be positively religious. Refined art has opened places where music has been secularized, and lawfully so. The drawing room, the musical club, the orchestra, the concert, by the gratification of pure taste, and the production of harmless amusement and the improvement of talent have become great forces in the advancement of our civilization. Music has as much right to laugh in Surrey gardens as it has to pray in St. Paul's. In the kingdom of nature we have the glad fifing of the wind as well as the long meter psalm of the thunder. But while all this is so, every observer has noticed that this art which God intended for the improvement of the ear, and the voice, and the head, and the heart, has often been impressed into the service of false religions. False religions have depended more upon the hymning of their congregations than upon the pulpit proclamation of their dogmas. Tartini, the musical composer, dreamed one night that Satan snatched from his hand an instrument and played upon it something very sweet—a dream that has often been fulfilled in our day—the voice and the instruments that ought to have been devoted to Christ, captured from the church and applied to purposes of superstition.

Another obstacle has been an inordinate fear of criticism. The vast majority of people singing in church never want anybody else to hear them sing. Everybody is waiting for somebody else to do his duty, if we all sang, then the inaccuracies that are evident when only a few sing would not be heard at all; they would be drowned out. God only asks you to do as well as you can, and then if you get the wrong pitch or keep wrong time He will forgive any deficiency of the ear and imperfection of the voice. Angels will not laugh if you should lose your place in the musical scale or come in at the last a bar behind. There are three schools of singing, I am told—the German school, the Italian school, and the French school of singing. Now, I would like to add a fourth school, and that is the school of Christ. The voice of contrite, broken heart, although it may not be able to stand human criticism, makes better music to God's ear than the most artistic performance when the heart is wanting. I know it is easier to preach on this than it is to practice; but I sing for two reasons—first, because I like it, and next, because I want to encourage those who do not know how. I have but very little faculty in that direction, yet I am resolved to sing. God has commanded it and I dare not be silent. He calls on the beasts, on the cattle, on the dragons to praise Him, and we ought not to be behind the cattle and the dragons.

Another obstacle that has been in the way of the advancement of this holy art is the fact that there has been so much angry discussion on the subject of music. There are those who would have this exercise conducted by musical instruments. In the same church there are those who do not like musical instruments, and so it is organ and no organ, and there is a fight. In this way scores and scores of churches are entirely crippled as to all influence, and the music is a damage rather than a praise.

Another obstacle in the advancement of this art has been the erroneous notion that this part of the service could be conducted by delegation. Churches have said: "Oh, what an easy time we shall have. This minister will do the preaching, the choir will do the singing, and we will have nothing to do." And you know as well as I that there are a great multitude of churches all through this land where the people are not expected to sing, the whole work is done by delegation of four or six or ten persons, and the audience is silent. In such a church in Syracuse an old elder persisted in singing, and so the choir appointed a committee to go and ask the squire if he would not stop. You know that in a great multitude of churches the choirs are expected to do the singing, and the great mass of the people are expected to be silent, and if you utter your voice you are interfering. There they stand, the four with opera glass dangling at their side, singing "Rock of Ages Cleft for Me," with the same spirit that the night before on the stage they took their part in the "Grand Duchess" or "Don Giovanni."

My Christian friends, have we a right to delegate to others the discharge of this duty which God demands of us? Suppose that four wood thrushes should propose to do all the singing some bright day when the woods are ringing with birds' voices. It is decided that four wood thrushes shall do all the singing of the forest. Let all other voices keep silent. How beautifully the four warble. It is really fine music. But how long will you keep the forest still? Why, Christ would come into the forest and look up as He looked through the olives, and He would wave His hand and say, "Let everything that hath breath praise the Lord," and keeping time with the stroke of innumerable wings, there would be five thousand bird voices leaping into harmony. Suppose this delegation of musical performers were tried in heaven! Suppose that four choice singers should try to do the singing of the upper temple. Hush, now, thrones and dominions and principalities. David! be still, though you were "the sweet singer of Israel." Paul! keep quiet, though you have come to that crown of rejoicing. Richard Baxter! keep still, though this is the "Saint's Everlasting Rest." Four spirits now do all the singing. But how long would heaven be quiet? How long? "Hallelujah!" would cry some glorified Methodist from under the altar. "Praise the Lord" would sing the martyrs from among the thrones. "Thanks be unto God Who Giveth Us the Victory!" a great multitude of redeemed spirits would cry. Myriads of voices coming into the harmony, and the one hundred and forty and four thousand breaking forth into one acclamation. Stop that loud singing! stop! Oh, no, they cannot hear me. You might as well try to drown the thunder of the sky or beat back the roar of the sea, for every soul in heaven has resolved to do its own singing. Alas! that we should have tried on earth that which they cannot do in heaven, and instead of joining all our voices in the praise of the Most High God, delegating perhaps to unconsecrated men and women this most solemn and most delightful service.

There will be a great revolution on this subject in all our churches. God will come down by His spirit and rouse up the old hymns and tunes that have not been more than half awake since the time of our grandfathers. The silent pews in the church will break forth into music, and when the conductor takes his place on the Sabbath day there will be a great host of voices rushing into the harmony. My Christian friends, if we have no taste for this service on earth, what will we do in heaven, where they all sing, and sing forever?

I want to rouse you to a unanimity in Christian song that has never yet been exhibited. Come now, clear your throats and get ready for this duty or you will never hear the end of this. I never shall forget hearing a Frenchman sing the "Marseillaise" on the Champs Elysees, Paris, just before the batttle of Sedan, in 1870. I never saw such enthusiasm before or since. As he sang that national air, oh! how the Frenchmen shouted! Have you ever in an English assemblage heard a band play "God Save the Queen?" If you have you know something about the enthusiasm of a national air. Now, I tell you that these songs we sing Sabbath by Sabbath are the national airs of Jesus Christ and of the kingdom of heaven, and if you do not learn to sing them here, how do you ever expect to sing the song of Moses and the Lamb? I should not be surprised at all if some of the best anthems of heaven were made up of some of the best songs of earth. May God increase our reverence for Christian psalmody, and keep us from disgracing it by our indifference and frivolity. When Cromwell's army went into battle, he stood at the head of them one day and gave out the long meter doxology to the tune of the "Old Hundredth," and that great host, company by company, regiment by regiment, battalion by battalion, joined in the doxology:

> Praise God, from whom all blessings flow,
> Praise Him, all creatures here below;
> Praise Him above, ye heavenly host,
> Praise Father, Son and Holy Ghost.

And while they sang they marched, and while they marched they fought, and while they fought they got the victory. Oh, men and women of Jesus Christ, let us go into all our conflicts singing the praises of God, and then, instead of falling back, as we often do, from defeat to defeat, we will be marching on from victory to victory.

Glory to the Father and to the Son and to the Holy Ghost, as it was in the beginning is now and ever shall be, world without end. Amen.

Cooking Small Fish.

In The Ladies Home Journal Mrs. S. T. Rorer, in telling how to fry the small fish, quotes the old saying; "Small fish should swim twice—once in water and once in oil." "Smelts, trout, whitebait, perch and catfish," she says, "are, perhaps, more palatable fried than broiled. Small fish may be stripped—that is, the intestines may be pushed out under the gills, so that the fish may retain their shape. Wash and dry, then dust with salt and pepper, dip in egg and roll in breadcrumbs, or they may be rolled in cornmeal. Have ready a good sized pan with sufficient oil to cover. Put the fish in a frying basket, then into the oil at a temperature of 360 degrees Fahrenheit, and cook for about five minutes. Drain on brown paper and serve. Where a small quantity of fat is used, and the fish cooked on one side and then turned and cooked on the other, the method is really not frying—it is sautering; the result is much more indigestible than real frying. Catfish are frequently fried in this way without being dipped in crumbs. Sunfish may be rolled in flour or cornmeal and carefully fried in dripping, oil or lard. A mixture of dripping and lard makes a better frying material than lard alone. A pure vegetable oil is freer from danger of disease germs than either. Never use butter for frying fish; it boils at a low temperature, consequently burns quickly; the butyric acid softens the fiber of the fish, destroys the flavor, and causes it to become soft as soon as taken from the pan."

The Value of Salt.

Common salt ground to a fine powder will remove the stain of hard-boiled eggs from silver spoons quicker than anything else. Coarse salt, however, will scratch them. A little salt will remove the stain of tea from cups or of vinegar from table linen.

Salt and water will clean willow or rattan furniture and will keep matting from turning yellow, as it will if wiped off with clear water. After sweeping a carpet which is somewhat faded, scatter coarse, damp table salt over it, and brush it vigorously. A fresh supply of dust may be extracted from the carpet in this way and the faded colors will be perceptibly brightened. A handful of salt added to a tubful of water, in which colored cambric and other cottons are soaked before they are washed, will prevent the colors running. Rinse the goods in salted water and dry them as rapidly as possible. Do not use too much salt, however, as it hardens the water and prevents the dirt coming out as well as the color.—New York Tribune.

Frocks for Small Girls.

"It is no longer considered necessary," writes Emma M. Hooper, in The Ladies' Home Journal, "to set aside certain fabrics for little girls' wear, as nowadays they wear everything that their mothers do, except real lace and jewels. Care is taken, however, to use only small-patterned materials for their frocks. In colors, white is always in good taste, also baby blue and pink, and this spring green is very much in vogue, as well as golden brown, red, French and navy blue, pearl gray and pale yellow. Black is used only as a trimming in velvet ribbon or mohair braid. Satin and taffeta ribbons are used as trimmings, also white, yellowish and linen-colored embroideries. Valenciennes and net top laces are used in white and butter shades with insertion to match."

Not every housekeeper knows the difference between an infusion and a decoction. Probably that is the reason why so many of them make tea, which should be an infusion, a decoction instead. An infusion is made by pouring boiling water upon the article and letting it steep without boiling. Decoctions are much stronger and are made by allowing the water to continue to boil.

REVEL IN TEA GOWNS.

Charming and Picturesque Invalids of the Riviera.

(Special Correspondence.)

Nice, (Special.)—The considerable proportion of invalids among the visitors to the Riviera makes the study of tea gowns more or less profitable. The terraces of certain of the great hotels and the gardens and balconies of the villas become at favorable hours of the day the scenes of international expositions of negligees. A hooded beach-chair is one of the favorite theatres of exhibition. Such a sheltered seat under a palm tree or a hedge of roses, with a little stand at one side for a book or tea-cup, a puffy cushion for the feet and two or three more behind the back, makes the ideal of comfort for a woman not too ill to consider backgrounds. A pagoda-like tent, with bright-colored canvas for a roof and a table and three or four garden chairs for furniture, is as good as a sign hung out to tell the passer that here the searcher after the picturesque is sure to find material.

One terrace of which I know is overrun by the great purple flowers of the bougainvillea. Two or three datepalms hang above it, but do not keep out the early spring sunshine. On one side is an outlook over the dazzling Mediterranean, on the other a descent into a garden of myrtle and laurels. That terrace is as good as a spider's web to trap tea gowns. The flies come out every day as soon as the sun is well up, to read French novels, to entertain callers, to be languidly attractive to young officers.

The tea gowns that are caught are of an especial breed, for they are planned with reference to the garden hats that accompany them. I was noticing one this morning that would not in all latitudes be recognized as a tea gown. It was a loose princess robe of accordion-plaited glace silk. The color is hard to name; it was a pale sea green with a dash of white and shot with a rosy pink that warmed it and gave a deeper and brighter tone. The bodice fastened at one side and turned back slightly at the throat with a flat, square collar of guipure, broad enough to come down upon the shoulders. The sleeves had the very small shoulder puffs that belong to so many of the spring dresses, and were cut quite tight to the arms. The belt was a band of deep green velvet, with bows and long streamers in front of glace silk edged with white lisse ruching. The hat was a large one of green straw, turned on one side with a paste buckle and trimmed with pink velvet and white feathers. The wearer of this costume was a young woman of unknown nationality, who was occupied with embroidery and a handsome Frenchman.

An American girl whose beauty does credit to her country, but who sets Gallic teeth on edge by her free use of French words with a Yankee Doodle pronunciation, has been writing letters on the same terrace in a princess gown of "orchid" hued chine silk—that is to say, silk of a very delicate mauve, almost a tint for light mourning, but relieved of any such suggestion by the broad stripes of oriental brocade in mauve and gold with which it is overlaid. Three of these stripes make a stole shaped Watteau back; one hangs straight and loose in front from throat to hem, and others start from under the girdle on the sides. The sleeves are of plain mauve silk gathered in at the wrists under deep cuffs of embroidery studded with sequins. A band of the same embroidery with a chiffon ruche to head it stands up about the throat, and the girdle, which confines the waist at the sides only, is of gold galon set with jewels. Such a gown might look odd with a hat anywhere but in the Riviera; in this invalid's paradise it is altogether correct within the bounds of the garden in the morning with its accompaniment of broad, high hat of sunburnt straw, trimmed with white feathers.

Another tea gown to talk about is worn by a Russian countess. It is of green crepe de chine, accordion-plaited throughout, gathered at the waist under a draped belt of yellow satin ribbon, and worn with a bolero of yellowish guipure studded with topaz and rubies. Loose scarfs of warm red chiffon hang from the bolero almost to the ground. The sleeves come just below the elbows and are mixed of dark green and red chiffon.

A leader of fashion in Paris who has been displaying the newest things in her wardrobe to us of the south for a few days past has worn among other pretty things a tea gown of embroidered crepe de chine in white, but with the design so raised that it has the appearance of being embossed. This beautiful robe is cut as a double princess gown. The under robe has a very deep border of the embroidery about the hem. The upper robe is like a long polonaise, with deep bands of embroidery edging it all around. The bodice of the polonaise is slightly open to show the lisse front of the under gown, but the embroidered strips that finish it are brought nearly together by the belt of broad white ribbon tying in the back with long streamers. The sleeves are wholly of the embroidered crepe and are almost tight fitting. A topaz belt-clasp gives the only color suggestion.

SUNNING THEMSELVES IN TEA GOWNS.

Another toilet exhibited by the same lady is not only of the tea-gown order, but possesses many of the elements of the negligee. It is of a creamy yellow crepe de chine, with a blouse bodice finished in front with a cascade of lace from throat to waist line. A trellis of narrow black velvet ribbon buttoned with turquoise and topaz is carried down either side of the blouse, the two lines meeting at the waist and reappearing on the left side below the belt to wander down the skirt half way to the ground. Each is finished at the bottom by a bunch of ribbon loops and long ribbon ends. The wide sleeves stop just below the elbows. The small hat that goes with this costume is of topaz yellow lisse trimmed with roses.

Fresh looking spring hats are appearing every day. One large one of pale yellow straw was worn this morning for the first time in the casino. It was high-crowned, and had a wide flat brim. Its trimmings were blue ribbons and white plumes. It belonged with a dress of cream-colored glace silk dashed ever so lightly with brown and figured with forget-me-nots. The fine blue and yellow flowers covered the waist and sleeves thickly, and the skirt for about two-thirds of the distance up from the hem. The top of the skirt was of solid color; many of the spring silks are woven that way. The full blouse was unornamented, except for frills of lace let in at its opening up and down the left side. The sleeves had little fullness and were finished at the wrists by lace frills and bands of blue velvet ribbon. The belt was a band of blue velvet, under which was thrust a bunch of roses. The costume as a whole was one of the best I have seen.

Flower toques seem to be as popular as they were last year. One is made entirely of yellow and black passion flowers. Just at one side it has a knot of deep yellow velvet, while over the crown waves a long yellow and white osprey. Another toque in coarse violet straw has a brim of Irish guipure. About the crown is a wreath of Parma violets, with a little foliage, finished with an aigrette of deep rose camellias.

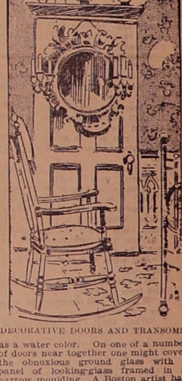
Camellias, by the way, are becoming a most fashionable flower. I noticed yesterday a large picture hat of black straw almost covered with white camellias. A small hat of black tulle is trimmed with a single large deep-red camellia, rising from bows of lighter red satin. This last was sent from Paris for wear at Monte Carlo.

FOR DOORS AND TRANSOMS.

How to Decorate Them so as to Produce an Artistic Effect.

However many portieres we may hang, we cannot dispense entirely with doors, and the number absolutely necessary makes the hall of an apartment look very much like a steamer with its rows of staterooms. For the ordinary door something may be done by hanging a curtain inside the door frame on the hall side. On a door usually kept closed, like a storeroom door, a long rug may be hung, against which may be fastened a brass plaque or other Oriental property.

The best thing for the doors with lights of glass in them is to cover the space filled with glass with a panel of some decorative material stretched very tightly, the edge covered with a narrow moulding painted or stained to match the door. For a plain material, denim is as good as anything. Japanese leather paper is most effective, and there are cretonnes almost as beautiful as a water color. On one of a number of doors near together one might cover the obnoxious ground glass with a panel of looking-glass framed in a narrow moulding. A Boston artist has a door entirely covered with a sheet of looking glass, over which is hung a bamboo portiere, giving the effect of a vista into another room. In treating the different doors one should aim at variety. It is a great help to divide the length of the hall by a curtain, a tall screen or an openwork partition.



DECORATIVE DOORS AND TRANSOMS.

The insides of the doors must be covered with something in harmony with the prevailing colors of the bedrooms to which they belong. For styles see the head cut of this column. For a blue room, try a piece of dark blue crepe figured with white, and use it for a background for a few unframed etchings. Against a panel of green denim, fine water color reproductions of landscapes in low tones, or studies of flowers in white or yellow. A sconce with a round mirror, with candles matching the ground in color, may be hung upon a door with good effect. Avoid lace or muslin arrangements as savoring of the vestibules.

Transoms are of no use except to accumulate dust, but they are an article of faith with some builders. If you really belive in the ventilating value of a transom, remove the window entirely and supply its place with a silk curtain, loose at the lower edge, which will flutter to and fro not unpleasingly. You may close the transom entirely and cover the opening with a drapery, which will be a good background, and just below it may fix a shelf, which will hold a plaster cast or two and a pot of some bright colored ware. Sometimes there is light enough in the hall to admit of having a jar filled with long sprays of German ivy or tradescantia growing in water, set upon such a shelf. Again, you may conceal your transom with a mass of the dried palm leaves which are sold in the Oriental shops. Or a panel of fretwork may take the place of the discarded window, and the transom still be useful as a ventilator. When two transoms come close together, try the shelf and drapery arrangement for one and the palms for the other, arranging the latter so they will rest partly against the drapery. Against the inner or flat side of a transom you may with advantage hang a picture of such shape and size as to entirely conceal the opening and its frame, fastening it flatly against the wall.

Try.

For bleeding at the nose, powdered alum, as a snuff.

For a burn, prepared chalk, made into a thick paste with lard.

For toothache, oil of cloves, applied in the tooth with cotton.

For a cough, a small piece of resin in a vessel on the back of the stove.

For sore throat, sage tea, with vinegar to make it acid and sugar to make it sweet.

For bad breath, six to ten drops of chloride of lime in a wineglass of water each morning.

For whooping cough, two ounces of olive oil, one ounce of amber and one drachm of oil of cloves, rubbed on the chest at bedtime.—Good Housekeeping.

about a little child, yet Lady Culmore had had no children, no little brothers and sisters. What could it be? It seemed useless thinking.

The change in my lover grieved me exceedingly. It was not that he loved me less—I could see that—but that his mind was so preoccupied. He had been anxious that our engagement should be made public; now he never spoke of it. He had been anxious that we should be married in the autumn; now he never mentioned marriage. Yet I felt quite sure in my heart that it was not for want of love, nor because he loved me less.

One morning—it was in the beginning of July, and the tiger-lilies were all in bloom—he was standing in the porch, looking round him with certainly the saddest expression I had ever seen on his face. I went up to him and clasped both my hands round his arm.

"You look so unhappy, Ulric," I said. "You have never been yourself since the day of our picnic. What can I do to win back the smiles?"

"Bear with me, my darling," he said, "until I have made up my mind what to do. Kate," he added suddenly, "you are one of the noblest and least mercenary of women. Has it occurred to you, that if my brother dies without children, the estate and title come to me?"

I WENT UP TO HIM AND CLASPED BOTH MY HANDS ROUND HIS ARM.

"No, I have not thought of it."

"It is so," he said sadly. "If no son be born to Rudolph, I shall be Sir Ulric Culmore."

He looked so grave, and he spoke so sadly, that I could not help saying—

"You do not look very happy about it, Ulric."

"I am not," he replied. "I—I fear there has been a great wrong done. If—oh, Heaven, how can I even say the words?—if what I dread be true, I will take neither title nor estate. I would rather go out to the backwoods and make a fortune there."

"Shall you never tell me what it is, Ulric?" I asked.

"It would serve no purpose, Kate, and would only imbitter your life," he replied. "You say rightly that I have not been the same man since the thought came to me, and it would be as bad for you."

"Are you always going to be miserable, gloomy and sad, Ulric?" I asked.

"Not always, darling, I hope," he answered, with a sigh.

"When shall you be your own self, Ulric? I love the old self the best. You were so bright, so happy and blithe. When will the Ulric I love come back again?"

"When this terrible doubt is settled," he replied.

"And when will that be be?" I asked.

He stood silent for some minutes, and then answered:

"When I find courage to speak to my brother."

"When shall you find courage?" I pursued after a time.

"I do not know, Kate; honestly speaking, I do not know. If I am correct in my terrible suspicion, then there is very little happiness for us in this world. If I am not correct, my brother will be so bitterly angry with me for the suspicion that he will never forgive me. I must watch for my opportunity, Kate."

Later on that same day Sir Rudolph called him into the library, and showed him the plans for some alterations at Brooke Hall. He related to me all that passed between them.

"Uric, come and look at these plans," said Sir Rudolph. "They came this morning from Millsom, in London. What do you think of them?"

The brothers bent over the papers. Their opinions did not quite agree; Sir Rudolph liked one set, Ulric the other.

"I shall choose these," said Sir Rudolph, pointing to the set that Ulric preferred.

"No," laughed Ulric; "Brooke Hall belongs to you, Rudolph, let the alterations be in accordance with your taste, not with mine."

"True, Brooke Hall is mine, but I shall never live there. It will never be home to me any more. I hate the place, and I intend never to enter it again."

"Hate Brooke Hall!" cried Ulric. "Why, I thought you liked it?"

"I did a short time since; I do not now."

"How has the place displeased you, Rudolph?"

Sir Rudolph's face darkened.

"That does not matter, Ulric," he said. "I do not care about being questioned. In the natural course of things the Hall must come to you when I die."

"Nonsense! You will have sons and daughters of your own, Rudolph. I have no wish to succeed you. My career is marked out for me, and I hope to make myself famous."

Sir Rudolph laid both hands on Ulric's shoulders, and looked into his face.

"We have loved each other truly, have we not, Ulric?"

"Yes, and shall always do so," replied Ulric.

"Then take my word for it, brother, that no son or daughter of mine will ever succeed me. You will be Sir Ulric Culmore of Brooke; and I pray heaven with my whole heart that you may have a happier life than mine."

"Yet," said Ulric, "you have had everything to make you happy."

"Outwardly happy, yes. Every heart knows its own secrets. I had dreamed—Heaven knows how I had dreamed—of a very different life from this."

Then the brothers faced each other.

"In the old days we had no secrets from each other," said Ulric, earnestly. "When you were a gay, careless, young lieutenant, and I a struggling barrister, we knew each other's thoughts, Ru. I knew of your love for Nest, and you knew how I was looking for an ideal that I have since found. We had not a secret from each other. We stood true brothers, heart to heart, face to face, no shadow between us, loving, loyal and true. Now, Ru., tell me what stands between us."

"A secret," answered Sir Rudolph.

"I know it," answered Ulric. "Whose secret is it?"

"If it were mine," replied Sir Rudolph, "you would have been made acquainted with it long ago. It concerns another, and I hold it."

"Can you not intrust it to me?" asked Ulric.

"I would, but the other who shares it will not. Better far not to know it. It has blighted my life; it might blight yours."

"Perhaps," said Ulric, "I might help you."

"Impossible. There is no help. There is nothing but patient endurance until life ends; and the greatest mercy I can ask from Heaven is that mine may end soon."

"As we are talking, Ru, more in the old fashion than the new, let me ask you one thing. What has gone wrong between you and Nest?"

Sir Rudolph's face paled, and his lip quivered.

"I can not tell you; I would if I could."

"Is it this same secret that has blighted your life, Ru? Has it come between your wife and yourself?"

"Yes," he replied, after a pause, "it is the same thing."

"And, Ru, will it always last? Shall you never take Nest in your arms again and kiss her with the old love?"

"Never," he replied—"never, so help me, Heaven!"

"Has she done that which you never can forgive, Ru?"

"She has," he replied. "I would not answer such questions to any other living creature," said Sir Rudolph. "To you, my brother, I may say this much—no more"

"And shall you live and die, Ru, without telling us what this terrible secret is which has spoiled your life?"

"I hope so," he replied; "it would do no one good, and would do much harm."

"My dear old Ru," said Ulric, "are you quite sure that this is wise? It is brotherly love, and not curiosity, that prompts me to speak. Are you wise in this? No man could bear such a burden long. You will break down. Now, while there is time, let me help you."

"You cannot help," he replied, gloomily.

"Do you mean to tell me that your whole life is to be spent in this fashion—hidden from the world, blighted—nay, worse, wasted? It is inconceivable. If a wrong has been done, let it be set right."

"It can never be set right," answered Sir Rudolph.

"Then forget it. What is the use of brooding over a sorrow that can never be healed? Be brave and strong, Ru. Trample it down, live it down. What is the use of all this tragical misery? Let us end it."

"There can be no end," said Sir Rudolph, solemnly. "Now, Ulric, we will discuss the matter no further."

"Ru, let me plead for Nest. I have never seen any one so unhappy. My heart aches when I look at her. When I think of the laughing, light-hearted girl of three years ago, I can not believe my eyes. She is like a woman dead in life. Could she not relent even ever so little? Could you not make a grand effort, and forgive?"

"My dear Ulric, you mean well, but you do not understand. If you love me, say no more. As it is, so it must remain. And now about the plans, Ulric; you must decide."

And Ulric did decide with tears in his eyes. He could not bear to think that his noble, kindly, generous brother should suffer so terribly.

Some few days after that, I went one morning into the library, and I found Lady Culmore standing at the window. I knew that Ulric had been writing some letters there. She did not move when I went in, and I did not disturb her. I found my book, and waited to see if she would speak to me, if she wanted anything, or if I could do anything for her.

I shall never forget the white face that was turned to mine.

"Kate," she said, in a low voice, "come here; I want you."

I went to her.

"Have you noticed any change in Ulric's manner to me?" she asked.

"No," I answered. "He has always seemed very fond of you, and is so now."

"Then it must be my fancy. Please Heaven it is so! I thought he looked curiously at me, and spoke sternly."

SIR RUDOLPH LAID BOTH HIS HANDS ON ULRIC'S SHOULDERS AND LOOKED INTO HIS FACE.

"There, you must be wrong," I said, "for I do not think Ulric could speak sternly if he tried. Lady Culmore," I added, suddenly. "I wonder how much of your trouble is fancy?"

"None of it," she answered. "My trouble is real enough. The most intolerable part of it is that I wake at times and for a few minutes believe it is all a dream. How I dread the gradual growing certainty! I love Ulric, Kate," she added, mournfully; "I should not like him to grow cold to me."

"Why should he, Lady Culmore?" I asked.

"I can not tell; but there has been something I have not liked, something I never saw in his eyes before, although I have seen it in Rudolph's often."

I wondered if Ulric still had the same idea or suspicion that he had spoken of to me, and if it was that which had affected his manner to her.

CHAPTER XII.

Lately we had one visitor to Ullamere, and that was the Reverend John Thornleigh, rector of Ulladale, though why he came I could not imagine. I was the only member of the household who went to church; the servants were, one and all, Dissenters—even the old butler; yet the rector persisted in calling. He and I had become very good friends. He liked to talk to me. I knew afterwards that he loved me, and would have asked me to be his wife but that he heard of my engagement.

His wife was dead—had died when his only son was born; and nothing seemed to give him such comfort as talking to me about her. When the rector was announced, if by any accident we were all three together, Sir Rudolph and Lady Culmore would remain for a short time. It was a great embarrassment to the rector—I could see that. Apart he could talk to them, but together, he looked in a state of bewilderment from one to the other. He saw plainly enough the terms on which they lived; that no unnecessary word ever passed between them; that strangers could not be less to each other than this husband and wife. He saw that all efforts to draw them nearer together were quite unavailing. It was distressing to him, and, unlike myself, he never became accustomed to it. I did. At first it was uncomfortable, but from force of habit, the time came when I could carry on conversation with both at the same time, without the slightest embarrassment. The rector could not. He grew confused; he appealed from one to the other. His appeals were met with stern coldness by Sir Rudolph, with an excess of embarrassment by Lady Culmore. Of the two he liked Lady Culmore best. She was always most kind to him, and ready to help his charitable work when he needed it.

I was present once when he said to her:

"Lady Culmore, do you never attend any place of worship?"

And she made answer, "Never."

The rector was a good man. He had a real love for his profession. Moreover, he was clever and accomplished. He looked just a little shocked when Lady Culmore answered thus.

"Do you not think," he began. But she interrupted him.

"If you please, Mr. Thornleigh, we will not discuss the matter. I yield at once. I am quite sure that every ont ought to go to some place of worship. I have my own reasons for staying away, and they are known only to one."

What could any man say in answer to that?

Then the rector grew more confidential with me. He talked a great deal about Sir Rudolph and Lady Culmore. They were two of the pleasantest people he had ever met, he said, and he deeply deplored the terrible estrangement between them. Like every one else who knew them, he wondered greatly what had caused it. He was a true friend of theirs, and, knowing that, we talked always in the hope that we might be able to do something. But, after a time, I saw that it was impracticable; there was nothing to be done.

The rector never tired of talking to me about his little child. I went to see him at the rectory. On my return I told Lady Culmore all about his sweet baby ways.

"Do ask him here, Lady Culmore," I said. "You cannot think how the presence of a child brightens the house. These rooms would be very different with a child playing and laughing, or even crying in them. Do ask him, Lady Culmore," I urged, "I am sure it would cheer and amuse you."

She grew very pale—so pale that I thought she would swoon.

"My dear, it would simply kill me," she replied.

"How could the visit of a sweet little boy like little Willie hurt you?" I asked, in some surprise.

She made no answer to the question, and I continued—

"It would please Sir Rudolph, I am sure."

"It would not," she cried; "you are quite mistaken. It would—" Then she stopped abuptly. "No, Miss Forster; if you wish me well, never let any children come to Ullamere."

"Do you not like children?" I asked.

"Yes," she answered, wearily. "I suppose it is part of the nature of all women to love them."

"I am not quite sure of that, Lady Culmore," I answered. "I have seen and known women who did not like children at all."

So I relinquished my idea.

I was with Sir Rudolph and Lady Culmore another day when the rector came to ask their help. It was for a poor woman whose child was very ill, and the rector dwelt much on the child's sufferings.

"It seems to me such an awful thing," he said, "for a little child to die of want."

He did not perceive, as I did, how the expression of both his listeners' faces changed, Sir Rudolph's growing stony and cold, Lady Culmore's wearing that terribly embarrassed air that came over her at times. I hastened to speak, hoping that I should turn the tide of conversation.

"I do not think it worse for a child to die of want than for a grown up person so to die."

The rector shook his head.

"I have a theory of my own about the death of infants," he said.

Thinking to divert the conversation from what might be a dangerous channel, I said quickly—

"What is your theory, Mr. Thornleigh?"

"It is this, Miss Forster. In the case of grown-up men and women, you know the extent of their capabilities—you know exactly what they are; they may be clever, they may be the reverse. But, if an infant dies, you do not know what loss the world sustains; he may be an embryo Milton or Shakespeare. So the death of a child, it seems to me, is much sadder than that of a grown-up person."

There was something in this view of the case; and I was so much interested in it that for a few moments I forgot Lady Culmore. A deep sigh drew my attention to her. I saw her turn away from us with a look of such intense anguish on her face as I had never seen on human face before, while Sir Rudolph had grown white as death.

I hastened to say that this was a new idea to me, that I had always thought adult life the more valuable; then I asked the rector some idle questions about the bell-ringers, and Sir Rudolph made his escape. Lady Culmore seemed to breathe more freely after he had gone, and the rector received all that he desired. Thinking over one incident after another, it seemed clear to me that whatever was the secret, the tragedy, the mystery of Lady Culmore's life, it was connected with a little child.

I HASTENED TO SAY THIS WAS A NEW IDEA TO ME.

CHAPTER XIII.

A most unexpected event happened ere long—the rector was invited to dinner. It apepars a trivial incident in itself, hardly worth recording, but it led to greater events. It must have been at Ulric's suggestion. Sir Rudolph never asked any human being near the place, and Lady Culmore dreaded seeing any one. I may mention that Ulric had pretended to be dreadfully jealous of the rector and his baby son, and that I was both young and foolish enough to be flattered by his jealousy, and thought it a great thing to have such a tall, handsome man jealous about me.

One bright sunny morning, when I was starting with Ulric for the lake, the rector was announced, and I was obliged to stay and entertain him—neither the master nor the mistress of the house was to be seen. Ulric's face darkened.

"Is there really no one but you, Kate, to entertain visitors? The rector is what you ladies call 'such a handsome man!' Do not stay long, dear. Think of the pleasant time we shall have, the boat gliding over the lake among the water-lilies—a delightful prospect for a warm day."

"I must hear what he has to say, Ulric," I remonstrated.

As it happened, the rector had a great deal to say. He was very anxious about the inhabitants of Ulladale; the town was very unhealthy; and, as Sir Rudolph owned a deal of property there, he wished to see him and talk to him about it. Some of the houses, the rector said, were so badly built, so badly ventilated, that they were neither more nor less than traps for fever and death.

"Do not think that I am an alarmist," he added, but, Miss Forster, if fever does break out there, it will be fatal for many."

I advised him to see Sir Rudolph. So it came about that the rector was invited to dinner—an event in the Ullamere household.

It was a warm day. The air was faint with the breath of roses, heavy and still; there was no movement in the sprays of the jasmine. That evening Lady Culmore looked most beautiful. She wore a dress of white lace trimmed with leaves and long trailing grasses; a diamond star shone in her fair hair, a diamond cross lay on her white breast. She had dressed, as usual, to charm the eyes of her husband, and they never even rested on her.

To please my lover, I wore a pretty primrose silk, cut square, with short sleeves. I had beautiful white, rounded arms, he said, and insisted on my showing them; they were made to be admired, and he would not have them hidden.

That was the most cheerful dinner I remember at Ullamere. The unnatural coldness and silence of husband and wife were not noticed so much when there was a visitor present. The rector had plenty to say, Ulric was in better spirits than I had seen him for some time.

Suddenly—I can not remember how it began—the conversation turned on capital punishment, and the rector quoted the well-known words that "the worst use to which you can put a man is to hang him." I noticed that at first neither Sir Rudolph nor Lody Culmore joined in the conversation. They sat listening in silence, Sir Rudolph looked paler than usual, Lady Culmore with an unusual flush on her beautiful face. The rector and Ulric argued the question hotly, Ulric being in favor of and the rector against the punishment of death.

"I have often thought," said the rector, "that those words, 'a life for a life,' are capable of many interpretations."

"Do you not believe," asked Ulric, "that the man who deliberately takes a human life should pay the penalty of his crime with his own?"

"No, I do not," replied the rector. "Men are such strange mixtures of good and evil. I do not see the use of hanging a man. It does no good; it can not restore the dead to life."

"It deters others from committing the same crime," declared Ulric.

"I do not think so," said the rector. "When a man in the heat of passion kills another, he does not stop to think about the last execution."

"Opinions differ," said Ulric. "Where life is taken in the mad heat of passion, it is perhaps hardly murder. It is when life is taken after cool, calm deliberation, after thought and reflection, that call the deed murder."

The word fell painfully on our ears.

"It is a horrible word—'murder,'" I said. "The very sound of it is terrible."

"I read a strange story the other day," said the rector, "one that struck me very forcibly. A man murdered his wife, how or why I forget; she had given him some provocation perhaps. He ran away, when, of course, a 'hue and cry,' was sent out, and the police were soon after him. He had hidden himself in a low part of the town, and in the very home where he was concealed a terrible fire occurred. A poor woman was sleeping in one of the upper rooms, and her cries were heard. This man who had murdered his wife risked, absolutely risked his life to save the woman, who was a stranger to him. He rushed through the flames and suffocating smoke; the hair was burned from his head, his face and hands suffered, but he saved her life. While she was in the act of blessing and thanking him for it, the police captured him. 'You will hang me for killing my wife,' he said to them. 'I killed her because she provoked me; but I am sorry for it.' Some one present quoted the words, 'A life for a life.' 'That is Scripture,' said the man, calmly. 'I have literally fulfilled it. I killed my wife, but I have given life to this woman, inasmuch as I have saved her from death. Truely it is a life for a life.' The story struck me as being a strange one," added the rector.

Something induced me to look at Lady Culmore's face. Her eyes were fixed on the rector's face; she hung upon each word that fell from his lips. There was a strange light in her eyes that I had never seen there before.

"Yes," said Ulric; "but the man was mistaken. The proper reading of the words is that whosoever takes a man's life shall pay for it with his own."

"If one life pays for another," Lady Culmore broke in, "how can it matter whose life it is?"

Every one looked up in wonder. Her clear, sweet tones vibrated through the room, her beautiful face was flushed. Sir Rudolph regarded her in astonishment. She went on:

"If any one takes a life and gives a life, does not that equalize matters?" she asked; and I detected something of scornful bitterness in her voice. "If the life given be more valuable than the life taken does not that more than discharge the debt?"

"No," said the rector, in a distinct voice that seemed to startle us—"No. That is the view of a distorted mind, Lady Culmore, of one that does not distinguish clearly between right and wrong."

I saw her shrink as she would have shrunk from a blow.

"What a gloomy conversation!" cried Ulric suddenly. "How can we have drifted into it? Let us dismiss the subject. Lady Culmore, you ought to have dismissed us."

"I have been greatly interested," she said: and again there was something new and strange in her voice, while the light still flashed in her eyes.

During the long discussion husband and wife hardly looked at each other. But at the words "a life for a life" I saw Lady Culmore raise her eyes and fix them on her husband's face. Who could read them with their messages of love, regret, and hope?

So the evening passed; and, when the rector had gone, Sir Rudolph, with a hasty "Good-night," retired also. Lady Culmore, who seemed quite abstracted, walked to the window and drew the blind aside. She stood there looking out into the darkness.

"Kate," whispered my lover, "come here; I want you;" and we went into the conservatory, which was dimly lighted. "My dear"—with a quiet caress—"you have behaved wonderfully well this evening."

"I always behave well, Ulric."

"You did not flirt with the rector at all, and I must make full amends. He has a fine face; he argues well, too. Kate, I am sure that he admires you. Does the bracelet fit, darling?"

This was merely an excuse to hold up my arm and kiss it. I pointed to Lady Culmore standing at the window.

"She will not see me," said Ulric; "and if she does, it will not matter. Fancy, dearest, what I suffer, sitting all night watching your beautiful face, and never able to kiss the lips I love or gaze into the eyes that hold all bliss for me. Kate, I must be indemnified."

It was useless pointing to Lady Culmore. It was useless to do or say anything; and, to be quite honest, perhaps I did not mind so very much.

"WHO IS WHAT?" I ASKED.

"Remember," said my lover, with a flush on his handsome face—"remember that I shall speak to my brother to-morrow. I will not put up with another day's delay."

He bade me "Good-night," in his usual lover-like fashion, and went away. Then I crossed over to Lady Culmore. She turned to me when I spoke to her.

"Oh, my dear," she said, "who is it?"

"Who is what?" I asked.

"You should see your own face, Kate; you should see your own eyes. As we stand side by side, you are the very picture of happiness, as I am the picture of woe."

I was ashamed of myself; I wished that I could drive the light of happiness from my face and eyes.

"I am haunted," she said, "by those words, 'A life for a life!' What a strange conversation that was, Kate!"

"Neither cheerful nor pleasant," I replied. "And if I were you, Lady Culmore, I would forget all about it."

"I wish," she cried, passionately, "that I could forget all about myself, even to my very name!"

CHAPTER XVI.

Ulric had no chance of fulfilling this threat on the following day, for Sir Rudolph rode off early in the morning to Ulladale, to inspect the houses of which the rector had spoken. The heat was intense. The heavens were like molten brass. The white lilies drooped, the roses hung their heads; the birds had hidden themselves in their leafy coverts; there was not a ripple on the lake, nor a whisper of wind from the mountain tops to relieve the settled, intense heat.

"I wish Sir Rudolph had not gone to Ulladale to-day," said Lady Culmore; "it is so hot, and he will be in and out of those horrible houses. I shall be miserable about him. I have such a sense of coming sorrow on me."

Ulric laughed.

"Now, Nest, we will not have that. Things are bad enough; we will not have any forbodings of coming sorrow."

"I can not help it,' she said, with pale, trembling lips.

It was a long, quiet day. Ulric and I spent the morning under the cedar. He read and I worked, with various little happy interludes.

Night came and Sir Rudolph returned in safety. Although Lady Culmore had been anxious concerning him all day, she did not go out to meet him, she gave utterance to none of the joy she felt at seeing him; but I saw that her whole heart went out to him, though she repressed all outward sign of emotion.

Dinner was an utter failure; no one was hungry, no one could eat. Even Ulric succumbed to the heat, and had little to say.

In the drawing room afterward, Lady Culmore, in her white dress seated herself in the shadow. Sir Rudolph opened the windows wide, and pushed away the hangings.

"Let us have what little air there is," he said.

"Kate," exclaimed Ulric, suddenly, "sing for us. I found a quaint song the other day, and I brought it home with me."

He placed it on the piano, and I sang it. It was called "Two Pictures."

"I sat in the gathering shadows
  And I looked to the west away;
There the hand of an unseen artist
  Was painting, at close of day,
A strange and beautiful picture
  That filled my soul with awe,
And made men think of the city
  No mortals ever saw.

"'Paint me, O wonderful artist,'
  I cried when the shadows came,
And bid the marvelous glory
  Of the western hills aflame—
'Paint me the face of an angel!'
  And lo, before my eyes
Was the face of my sainted mother
  Who dwells in Paradise!

"'Paint me the face of a sinner!'
  A darker shadow swept
Down the hills, and I thought, in the twilight
  The unseen artist wept;
And, lo, from a magical pencil
  A face in a moment had grown,
The sad white face of a sinner,
  And I knew it for my own!"

Two white hands were laid gently upon my shoulder, and a tearful voice whispered—

"Kate, do you love me?"

"You know that I do, Lady Culmore," I replied.

"Then do not sing another note; I can not bear it. I used to sing once. My voice, they said, was sweet and clear as a silver bell; and I loved music."

"I have never heard you sing, Lady Culmore," I said.

"I have not sung a note since—since we came here," she returned; "and I never shall sing again." And then we parted for the night.

The rector had not been near us all day, nor had he had any news of little Willie; but on the following morning, when we sat at breakfast, all four together, for a wonder, he was announced. He came in looking very anxious, with dark shadows beneath his eyes. Before he greeted us he cried, in a distressed voice:

"Little Willie is very ill."

We were all grieved. The poor rector seemed heartbroken.

"What is the matter?" asked Ulric. "One must not attach too much importance to the ailments of children. They seem to be at death's door one day, and they are quite well again the next."

"Yes; but he is very ill," said the rector gravely. "I was sent for early this morning to visit the poor woman who lives by the west lake. As I was returning, I met Dr. Johnston, who had just been to see my little boy, and he tells me that he is very ill indeed. I thought I would call here, and ask you to let the groom drive me home I shall reach the rectory so much more quickly."

Sir Rudolph insisted on driving him himself; and he left us all very sorrowful.

That evening we were just finishing dinner when a note came from the rectory which was addressed to me. It told the terrible news that little Willie was ill of small-pox of the malignant type. The nurse had taken him to some cottage where a woman lay stricken with it, and the child had caught the contagion. To add to the rector's distress, the nurse had fled from the house when she discovered what was the matter; the young house-maid, afraid of losing her good looks, also left at once, and there was no one to attend to his darling boy but the old housekeeper. I read the letter aloud, and then rose from my chair.

"Lady Culmore," I said, "will you let me go to the rectory? I will nurse the child; I am not afraid, and I love little Willie. He must not want for care."

Ah, there was the same strange light on her beautiful face that I had remarked before, the same clear, unearthly radiance in her eyes!

"No," she replied, "I will not let you go, Kate. If it be really malignant small-pox, it is very contagious and generally fatal."

A strong arm was thrown around me; I felt myself drawn close to a faithful, loving heart.

"You are not your own to do what you like with. You are mine, and I forbid you to go."

I clung to Ulric, weeping.

"The little child—I must go to the little child!" I sobbed.

"You shall not go near it," he said. "You are mine. There are plenty of clever, trained nurses who can do the work better than you. I will not let you risk your life."

We had forgotten the presence of others; we had forgotten everything except each other. An astonished cry from Lady Culmore roused me.

"Ulric—Kate!" she exclaimed.

My lover raised his drak, handsome, flushed face.

"I forgot," he said. "I was going to tell you this morning. You know nothing of this, Rudolph, my brother, Nest"—I noticed, even at that moment, that he did not say, "Nest, my sister"—"I love Kate, and she has promised to be my wife."

The next moment Sir Rudolph had crossed the room, and, taking me from Ulric's arms, kissed me.

"A good and charming wife you will have, Ulric," he said; and then a great sadness came over his face. I knew he was thinking of the time when he had made choice of a wife.

Lady Culmore came up to me hurriedly.

"Kate, I half guessed it. I was sure you loved some one. I have seen such a love-light in your eyes. I am very glad it is Ulric, for he will be so good to you."

She threw her arms around me, and, as she kissed me, I heard her sigh. Neither husband nor wife looked at each other. On Sir Rudolph's face there was an expression of great relief.

"Your news is good news to me, Ulric," he said—"very good news. Welcome, Kate!"—to me. And for the first time I noticed toleration in his eyes when he looked at Lady Culmore.

I thanked them for their kindly greeting, resolving in my heart that I would be a true and loving sister to them.

"But little Willie," I said—"we must not forget him. You who love me let me go to nurse him. I shall come back soon; I am not afraid. The little one will die without care."

"Once and for all, I say 'No!'" cried Ulric. You shall not go. I am sorry for the rector, sorry from my heart for the child; but I cannot sacrifice you for them. What do you say, Rudolph?"

"I say decidedly that she must not go," replied Sir Rudolph. "I will not hear of it."

Then Lady Culmore came to us.

"No, you must not go, Kate. For you are love, life, and brightness; for me—Ah, well, dear, you would fill any station far better than I should. I will go to nurse the sick child."

She turned to her husband, her face eagerly expectant. She went up to him with clasped hands. She did not touch him; one rebuff had been enough for her.

"Heaven has sent me this chance," she said. "You see it for yourself. Oh, let me go! Do not refuse me, Rudolph. It is my first prayer to you since—"

"Hush!" he said, but not unkindly. "Hush!"

"Let me go, Rudolph!" she cried. "Heaven has sent me this chance; let me avail myself of it. You know—you know"—and, as she bent her head near him, I heard her say, "a life for a life." Let me save this one; let me give mine for it, if needs must be! Say that I may go, Rudolph!"

Still he hesitated, and a look came into his eyes that I had never seen there before. He must have loved her with desperate passion once.

"You ask me to let you go to certain death. Do you know that?"

"Yes, I know; but I may save a life. In any case, I shall offer mine for it. And, if I die, you will forgive me? Ah, do not turn from me, Rudolph, beloved; do not be angry with me! You will forgive me when I lie dying; and Heaven will be good to me, and let me die when I am looking on your face. Oh, beloved, I will die a hundred deaths for one word of pardon from you—a hundred deaths!"

His eyes were full of tears. I saw that he dared not trust himself to speak.

"Certain death has no fear for me with the prospect of your forgiveness and a farewell from you when I lie in the dark shadow. Oh, beloved, what is my life but living death? Oh, love, if I loved you less, I should suffer less! May I go?"

When I asked the question, he had answered promptly "No," when she asked it, he hesitated. Yet from that moment I knew that he loved her with his whole soul. What could possibly have come between these two who loved each other with so great a love? Ulric and I looked on, fascinated. They forgot us.

"Think," she said to him, "what an atonement it will be! When you remember my sin, you will remember also the amends I tried to make. Ah, beloved," she cried, bursting into passionate tears, "you told me yourself you could love me no more in life, but you might in death! Oh, that I might die—die by fire, by torture, by the sword, if with it I might have pardon from you and die looking on you! Rudolph, beloved, may I go?"

He was none the less a brave man that the tears fell from his eyes as he answered—

"Yes."

CHAPTER XV.

There was some little commotion in the household when it was known that Lady Culmore had gone to the rectory. Was the master mad, the servants asked each other, to let her go there when he knew what had happened? A beautiful creature like that to go into the very arms of death?

Mrs. Harper came to me with tears in her eyes.

"I always thought it would end in this way!" she said. "You will see, miss, my lady will die. I say she is a saint and a martyr, let who will say different."

And, indeed, that seemed the only opinion about the matter. Small-pox had been almost unknown in the pretty town of Ulladale. Some poor girl born there had been in service in Liverpool, had come home ill with it, and from her the contagion had spread. The people were terrified. Neither for love nor money could the rector get anyone to go to his house.

"THINK," SHE SAID TO HIM, "WHAT AN ATONEMENT IT WILL BE!"

Sir Rudolph was restless and miserable after his wife was gone. Ulric and I made no allusion to the discussion that had taken place between them. It was a sacred matter between husband and wife. Whatever wonder or curiosity it raised in us, we never spoke of it.

We were very dull at Ullamere, after Lady Culmore went. Happily one of the housemaids had no fear, and would accompany her, so that we had the comfort of knowing that she was not alone. Neither Sir Rudolph nor Ulric had any fear of contagion. They went over to the rectory two or three times every day. Lady Culmore never saw them; she would not leave little Willie, and the rector would not allow them to enter the house.

Day succeeded day, and still the little fellow lay battling with the fell disease. On all sides we heard hearty praises of Lady Culmore. Meanwhile a nurse from London had been installed at the rectory, but little Willie would have none of her. The servants said that Lady Culmore was giving her life for him, little knowing how true their words were. At first, none of the doctors had hope. Malignant small-pox at the age of 3 was most exceptional, and they did not see the slightest chance of recovery; but Lady Culmore's nursing was so invaluable that, if anything could save him, that would. Onlookers related afterward, with tears in their eyes, how she nursed and tended the little one; how she soothed his long agony; how she never left him, either by night or day, but was satisfied with broken snatches of sleep by his side; how the little fellow moaned for her, cried for her, and would never be pacified but by her.

It was an anxious time for us; and Sir Rudolph was most unhappy. At last news came from the rectory. Little Willie was decidedly better; he had asked for the kitten and for "Kate." Ulric's face cleared as he read the letter.

"We shall have some happy days yet," he said. "I shall be glad to see the child safe and well."

Years afterward I saw the letter that Lady Culmore wrote to her husband when the child was believed to be out of danger, little dreaming that, after all her care, he would be amongst the angels first.

ULRIC'S FACE CLEARED AS HE READ THE LETTER.

"Beloved Rudolph.—Do you remember the words 'A life for a life?' I took away one; I have saved another. The child is out of danger, and will recover; but I am very ill. Shall I come home to die, or will my atonement be more complete if I remain away from you? Remember, you promised that I should die looking on your face. I feel that Heaven has forgiven me."

There was weeping and wailing at Ullmere when it was known that Lady Culmore lay at death's door. She had not been smitten down by small-pox, although she had hung over the child night and day, soothing him; but fever had stricken her. She had no warning of her coming illness. She fell one night as she was singing the child to sleep. She rallied sufficiently to write that letter, and she rallied no more.

Every precaution was taken, and Lady Culmore was brought to her old rooms in the eastern wing.

She was alarmingly ill. The doctors called it low fever. I think that it was exhaustion, and that she had really given her life to the child. She had all her senses, all her faculties, but no strength. She could not raise her hands. To my intense delight, I was allowed to help in nursing her, and I tried my best to cheer her. The sun came shining into her room; the summer air was sweet now with heliotrope and mignonette. We could hear the birds singing, and the wind stirring the branches of the trees. But there were no terrible fancies now, there was no dream of a child's voice crying, or of a child's tiny hand rapping against the window pane. Sometimes in her sleep she spoke of little Willie.

One morning she called me to her. I knelt down by her side, and she drew my face down to hers.

"Kate," she said, "I loved you the first moment I saw you. I am so glad, my dear, that you will be Lady Culmore."

"I shall never be Lady Culmore," I said. "I am to be Ulric's wife."

"Rudolph will never marry again, and I am going to die," she replied. "You will be Lady Culmore, Kate, and I am glad of it. I wonder when I shall die? I am impatinet for the time, for I have a fancy that Rudolph will let me die in his arms. Let me know when the doctors tell you that my hour has come. When I am gone you will all know the truth about me. I could not bear that you should know it while I live; but you can not hurt me by words or looks when I am dead."

"Nor would I ever willingly hurt you at all," I said; but she whispered faintly—

"You do not know, dear; you do not know what I did."

"I do not care!" I cried impetuously. "I am quite sure you could not do anything very wrong."

"You think so," she murmured, with a faint wringing of the hands. "Kate, you will know my story some day; always remember that it was for his sake, because I loved him so. You must not forget."

Thinking over the whole story as I do now, I am sure that the best thing she could have done was to keep her sad story secret. Even loving her as I did, I could not, after I had heard it, have gone to her and kissed her. It was much better that we should not know the truth while she still lived. What could we have said to her?

One evening Lady Culmore was lying, as I thought, still; not a sound broke the silence. It was my turn to sit up with her, and one of the nurses sat in the adjoining room. I was thinking that Lady Culmore slept soundly, and was perhaps a trifle better, when suddenly she opened her eyes, with a bright, pleased, surprised smile. She half raised herself on her elbow and looked at the door. Even to this hour I can recall the thrill of horror that passed through me when I saw and heard her. With a bright smile she looked at the door, and held out her hands, as though in loving greeting.

"Little Willie," she exclaimed, in her low weak voice, "little Willie, how did you come here?" Her eyes seemed to follow some shadowy form, as though it moved from the door to her bedside. "Little Willie," she cried again, "what brought you here?" She seemed to wait for his answer; and then she added, "To take me with you--me? Are you quite sure, darling?" Another pause; then she said, "Of course I will. I must see Sir Rudolph; then I will come. Wait for me, little Willie."

I knew that he was at home in his little white bed, fast asleep, and well watched. I touched her gently.

"Lady Culmore," I said, "you are dreaming."

She looked at me, and I saw death in her eyes.

"I am not dreaming, Kate, I am wide awake. Do you see little Willie? There he stands, my dear, the little darling child. He says that he has come for me, that he has been sent for me—wretched, guilty, miserable me!"

"Dear Lady Culmore, you are dreaming," I said. "Little Willie is safe at home."

"She does not see you, Willie dear," she remarked, faintly, "but I do. Wait for me. Kate, call for Rudolph; the message has come."

Yes, there was death in her eyes, those beautiful eyes that had shed so many tears, and would shed no more. I roused the nurse and sent for Sir Rudolph and Ulric. Verily the hour was come.

In less than five minutes they were both in the room, and, looking at the white face on the pillow they saw at once that the Angel of Death stood over her.

"My poor Nest!" cried Sir Rudolph, and he sank upon his knees with a bitter cry.

Before I relate what happened next, let me say that the first news which reached us in the morning was that little Willie was dead. He had died quite suddenly in the middle of the night.

CHAPTER XVI.

Lady Culmore opened her eyes at the sound of her husband's voice, and laid her hand upon his bowed head.

"You will let me touch you, Rudolph," she said, "now that I am dying? You promised me forgiveness, and a last farewell. Oh, love, kiss me! Oh, love, how I have loved you!"

The sweet, faint voice sounded clearly and distinctly in the room. She looked round on Ulric and myself with loving eyes.

"You will tell them when I am dead," she said. "Tell them all the truth and let them judge me as they will. If I have sinned, I have suffered. To live near you always, to see you, to breathe the same air with you, to be called by your name, yet to be further apart from you than an utter stranger—oh, love, that has been torment to me! I have seemed to die every hour since that horrible night. I see my sin, my terrible sin, and I am glad to die." With a sudden accession of strength she rose and cried in a voice that was almost terrible, "Love, let me die in your arms!"

"Grant her request, Rudolph," said Ulric.

Sir Rudolph rose from his knees and took her in his arms. With a cry that I shall never forget, she laid her head upon his breast.

"Let me die looking on you," she said in a plaintive voice; and clasping her arms round him, she added: "Listen to me, beloved. Here, on my death bed, I avow the great sin of my life. It has been wild, mad, passionate love for you. I have given you the love I should have given to Heaven. I have lived for you, sinned for you—I die for you."

He bent down—ah, thank Heaven, he did it!—and kissed the pale lips. He whispered something to her, and she replied. Then I heard her say:

"Tell them as soon as I am dead, Rudolph, before you call strangers in."

She lay silent for some minutes, with a light of rapture on her face.

"At last—oh, my love, at last!" she said, "Rudolph, say once more that you forgive me."

"I forgive you, my darling," he answered, his voice trembling—"I forgive you. Die in peace; and may Heaven pardon you as I do."

I saw a smile pass over her pallid features; and she died, as she had prayed that she might, with her eyes fixed on his face.

"RUDOLF, SAY ONCE MORE THAT YOU FORGIVE ME."

He laid her down gently to rest, weeping such bitter, passionate tears as men seldom shed.

"Have I been too hard on her?" he cried. "Have I judged her too harshly? Was I too severe? Oh, Nest, it is all too late now."

Too late! Her ears were closed to all mortal sounds. Words of love or regret of passion or sorrow would reach her never more.

"A life lost, wrecked, ruined!" he said. "Oh, Nest, in our happy young days how little we dreamed of this! Mercy is best. I—I wish I had been more merciful. But she died as she wished to die."

Ulric and I stood by in silence. Sir Rudolph knelt down by the dead woman's side, and I can not think of his passion of grief now without tears.

The pent-up love of long months was lavished on her then. He kissed the white brow and the golden rippling hair, he called her by every endearing name. One such word a few short hours before would have flooded her whole soul wit hjoy; now the white face was still, and the lips that had sighed, pleaded and prayed, were closed forever.

"ate," whispered Ulric, "come away. We will leave him here."

But Ruloph looked up at us with weeping eyes.

"Nay," he said, "do not go yet. You know what she said. I was to tell you her story as soon as she was dead. Let me tell it to you now, and it will be buried within her."

"So, standing there, his hand clasping the hand of his dead wife, Sir Rudolph told us the story of her life and her sin.

When Sir John Culmore, father of Rudolph and of Ulric, died, he left three sons—the eldest, Richard, who succeeded him; the second, Rudolph, who was then a captain in the army; the third, Ulric, my lover, who was a barrister practicing in town. When Sir John died, he was succeeded by his eldest son, who then became Sir Richard Culmore of Brooke. He was a kind, generous man, and devoted to his brothers. Captain Rudloph Culmore and Ulric spent the greater part of their leisure time at Brooke. Between the brothers the greatest possible affection—nay, the most tender love, existed.

They resembled each other greatly. They were tall, dark, handsome men, noble and generous. The two younger sons had but a very small patrimony. Rudolph lost the greater part of his money in some speculation by which he had hoped to double it; Ulric worked hard at his profession. Sir Richard was generosity itself. He insisted upon making both brothers a very handsome allowance. They were unwilling, to accept it, but they made a compromise. They agreed to take it until the elder brother married; then they persisted in saying, he would want it himself.

So it was arranged, and very happy they all were. At last Sir Richard, during one of his visits to London, fell in love with Ethel, daughter of Lady Hazlewood. Captain Rudolph Culmore, rendered curious by his brother's enthusiastic description of his betrothed, went to see her, and at once became a victim to the charms of her cousin, Nest Hazlewood, an orphan whom Lady Halewood had adopted when the girl't parents died. Sir Richard was delighted.

There was some question just then about the captain's regiment being ordered abroad, so that on that score, apart from other obstacles, nothing was said about his immediate marriage. But there was no obstacle to that of the heir of Brooke with Ethel Halewood; therefore the important ceremony took place without loss of time.

The bride was a beautiful and queenly woman, fair, graceful and stately. She was deeply in love with her husband, who had a passionate affection for her.

The two brothers were present at the wedding; Nest Hazlewood was one of the bride-maids. The event passed off with the greatest eclat. The happy bride and bridegroom went off to the Continent, and returned, afted six weeks' absence in great state to Brooke.

Nest was persuaded to live with her cousin, and for a few months everything went merrily, "as a marriage-bell." The captain heard no more of the departure of his regiment, and was continually running over to Brooke.

Captain Culmore had only his pay—he had lost his priviate fortune—and beautiful Nest had nothing, so that it might, and probably would be, years before their marriage could take place. The eldest brother, Sir Richard, made mot liberal offers to Rudolph. He would have shared his income with him, but the captain would not consent. It would be an injustice to take it, he said, now that Sir Richard was married, and might have children of his own to provide for. He said that Nest and he loved each other truly, and were not afraid to wait—that he should do his best, and work hard for promotion.

The captain was passionately attached to Miss Hazlewood, but he was marriage as a necessity which there looked upon the postponement of the moe philosophical than she was. He was no need to bewail, while she brooded in silence over what she considered a most cruel fate.

CHAPTER XVII.

Sir Richard and Lady Culmore had been married a little over a year when a terrible tragedy happened. Sir Richard was killed by the bursting of a gun. The bullet lodged in his heart, and he fell dead instantaneously. There was terrible consternation and distress. Messages and telegrams were dispatched in haste, and before the end of the day both brothers were at the Hall. No words could tell their grief at the news.

Sir Richard had left no will; but after a long conference with the lawyers and an interview with Lady Culmore herself, it was arranged that everything should for a time remain as it was. Lady Culmore, desolate, for a few months she would be the mother of a little child. If this child were a boy, he would, of course, succeed both to title and estate—if a daughter, Captain Culmore would be the heir. He himself behaved most nobly. Nothing could exceed his kindness to the young widow. He insisted that she should remain at Brooke Hall, that every care and attention should be lavished on her. He went continually to visit her. He was as kind and devoted as the most loving brother could possibly have been. Nest Hazlewood remained during this anxious period with her cousin at Brooke, and she, too, as nurse, was most devoted. There were times when Nest rebelled against the fate of her lover and herself.

"It does seem hard," she would say to him, "that a little child should stand between you and this grand inheritance."

But the captain would laugh at her, and never made the slightest comment on the state of affairs. His brother's wife and child were sacred to him. If he felt the lightest disappointment, he never showed it. But Nest with difficulty concealed her annoyance.

So the days and weeks passed anxiously, and at last the hour came when Lady Culmore was blessel by the birth of a son and heir. Captain Culmore had been sent for, and he arrived an hour before the young mother died. She lived only to place the child in Rudolph's arms.

"I should like him to be called Bertie," she said, "and I intrust him to you—you and Nest."

They both knelt by her side. She took a hand of each, and held it in her own.

"No trust could be more scared than this which I confide to you both," she said. "Take care of my little son. I leavec him to you; let him be to you as a son of your own. You will look after his interests, Rnudolph; it will be many a day before the broad lands of Brooke fall to him. Nest, you have been like a sister to me; take care of my child. You will be married and you must come to live here to be the guardians of my child."

And, kneeling there, they promised her most faithfully to care for and cherish the child as thought it were their own.

I will tell the remainder of the story in Sir Rudolph's own words. He was still kneeling by the side of the bed, and his tempest of grief was over.

"Kate, you will perhaps understand me best," he said, "when I tell you that from the moment the young mother, dying, placed the child in my arms, I loved it tenderly. I am not ashamed," continued Sir Rudolph, "to tell you that I knelt down and kissed the little face of my brother's son, that I promised loyal fealty and true service to him. I promised to look after his interests as though they were my own.

HE WAS STILL KNEELING BY THE SIDE OF THE BED, AND HIS TEMPEST OF GRIEF WAS OVER.

"'Sir Albert Culmore of Brooke!' I said, saluting in soldier fashion the baby-heir.

"We had taken the child into the nursery which the poor young mother had prepared with such loving care. We installer te Sir Bertie in great state. A nurse had been engaged for him. She was a tall, staut woman; and she sat before the fire with the little bundle of white flannel and white lace on her knee. Her name was Martha Jennings.

"Do you think the little one is strong, nurse?' I asked.

"'No one can tell, sir,' she answered, 'at this age. It will be agaist him, poor little child, losing his mother.

"I laid my hand upon Nest's sholder. 'This lady will be the most tender of mothers to him,' I said.

"But the nurse shook her head.

"'A child has but one mother, sir,' she said.

"Nest bent down to kiss him.

"'I will be a loving mother to you, baby,' she said.

"And I wondered if the mother in Heaven could see the fair little child lying there, with its two protectors, Nest and myself. Ah, poor Nest!

"Lady Culmore was laid to sleep by her husband's side, and I wrote for prolonged leave of absence. If not the heir to the estate, I was the agent for it—steward for the child and his rights. The leave of absence was granted, and I was very busy. There was much to do insettling the affairs of the estate. Ulric came down to help me whenever he could. I grew to love my fair little nephew. I used to call him the chieftain. I made it a practice to kneel by the pretty cot where he slept and pray for him. I liked to go there in the morning and at night. A tender passionate love was growing in my heart for the baby-heir, my dead brother's son. True, the little fellow had deprived me of title, estate and wealth; but I did not seem to love him one jot the less. The nurse smiled when she saw me kneeling by the cot, kissing the little hand. I always like to remember that one day she said to me—

"'You are a good man, sir. Excuse me, but some gentlemen would hate a child who had come between them and such a property.'

"I laughed, for this seemed absurd and contemptible. Hate that fair, tender little creatuare, whose father was my own brother! Oh, no, never! Rather would I love and cherish him. One morning Nest and myself were standing by the little cot, and she said to me—

"'What a fragile, tender life it is! And to think that this is all that stands between you and fortune!'

"I kissed her beautiful upturned face.

"'Do not encourage such thoughts, much less utter them, Nest,' I said.

"'Nevertheless it does seem strange, Rudolph,' she persisted; 'that such a tiny child should deprive you of everything.'

"'We were all tiny children once upon a time,' I replied.

"I knew that Nest cried at times over what seemed the hardness of our fate. There was no prospect of our marriage for some time yet.

"One morning Mrs. Jennings, told me that the child was not well, and a little late a letter came from headquarters, saying that our regiment was ordered abroad, though not on active service. The news was almost a death-blow to Nest. She clung to me, poor child, weeping passionately. I must not go, she said; she would die if I left her. I soothed and calmed her. I told her that, if I went, she must remain, and take good care of the little heir. I shall never forget her anguish at the thought of our separation.

"I must hasten to the end of my story. The child got worse during the day and the next morning he was dead. The doctor said he had died in convulsions, and added that the little one was so delicate that he had never really thought he would live. The nurse was overwhelmed with grief. It struck me afterward, although I did not think much of it at the time, that she never looked me in the face when she spoke of the child. The little heir was dead. I thanked Heaven, as I stood by the little one's side, that even in my thoughts I had never wished him harm, that I had never for one moment grudged him his rich inheritance, nor felt that he was in my way."

Sir Rudolph paused for a few moments, looking earnestly on the face of his dead wife. Then he turned to us again.

"When the child died, you remember, Ulric, I sent at once for you. I succeeded to the title and estate. I was sorry for the child; but it had been such a fragile life that I did not greatly mourn. We buried the little one. Nest then went back to her aunt, and it was arranged that she should remain with her until we were married. I did not think it strange that she should suggest taking the nurse, Martha Jennings, with her. The woman professed great attachment to her, while Nest seemed to rely greatly on her. Nor, when we were married, did I think it strange that Nest should want to bring the nurse with her to Brooke Hall. I imagined that she liked her for my little nephew's sake, and that the child formed a tie between them which women only could understand.

"The cloud caused by so many deaths hung over us for some time, and then gradually we learned to look back on the past with calmness. We were young and I was more happy with my wife than words can tell. You know, both of you, how she loved me. I think no man in the world was every more beloved.

"I remember that my first sensation of uneasiness arose from not'cing how completely Nest was under the control of the nurse; and I did not altogether like the woman's manner to her. More than once I found my wife in tears, and when I inquired the reason she put me off with an evasive answer. Yet, Heaven knows, these were but trifles which brought me no gleam of suspicion of the reality to come.

"I wish," continued Sir Rudolph, "that I were not compelled to tell you the rest. I do so only by her command, now that she is dead. I would fain bury her secret with her, poor, misguided Nest!

"I must confess now that there were times when I felt uneasy about Nest. She was so changed. She seemed to love me, if possible, more than every. She was most devoted to me, but she puzzled me. She was abstracted, and did not seem quite sure of herself.

"About a week before Christmas Day Mrs. Jennings was taken suddenly ill. Nest seemed much distressed. We sent for the doctor from Avonsleigh, and he pronounced her to be in great danger. At first no one thought much of her illness, nor did we say anything before our friends—the house was filled with guests—lest they should be nervous. One of the house-maids undertook to nurse her, and we hoped for the best. At nine o'clock on the morning of Christmas Eve I was as happy as any one in England. I rose from the breakfast table, after making plans for the day with my guests. Nest met me in the hall, where the men-servants had jsut placed a great bunch of mistletoe. I took up a spray, and held it over Nest's head. As I saw her face then I never beheld it more. I kissed the lips that had never worn anything but the sweetest smiles for me, and at the same moment the housemaid who was in attendance on the sick woman came to me.

"'Sir Rudolph,' she said, 'Mrs. Jennings bade me ask you if you would go to her. She is much worse, and she wants to see you.'

"I was on the point of saying that I would go at once, when I saw a terrible change came over my wife's face. She looked for one moment as though she was going to faint. She clasped my hand and said:

"'You must not go, Rudolph. It is only a woman's foolish fancy.'

"'I can not refuse the poor creature. I must go, Nest,' I said.

"'You shall not!' she cried desperately and she clung to me with such earnestness that I could hardly free myself.

"'Why do you wish me not to see her, Nest?' I asked.

"'Because she is wicked and malicious,' was the answer. 'She will tell you anything. She has mad fancies. Oh, Rudolph, beloved, for Heaven's sake do not go near her!'

"There was something startling in her manner. I could not understand it. Was she afraid for herself, or for me?

"'I can not refuse the request of a dying woman,' I said, more sternly than I had ever spoken to her before; but you can come with me, Nest.'

"She shrank back, shuddering.

"'No, no!' she cried.

"'Then let me go alone, and trust me.'

"I shall never forget the despair on her face when I left her. I shall never forget the cry that came from her lips.

"'I shall not be long, Nest,' I said.

"I knew where the sick woman was lying, and I hastened thither. I found the nurse at the point of death. A servant was sitting with her; and the sick woman looked at me with an imploring face.

"'Send her away, Sir Rudolph,' she said, 'I want to speak to you.'

"The woman went, and we were left alone.

"'Sir Rudolph,' said the nurse, 'I know before I speak that the words I have to say will break your heart. I meant to die without uttering them, but I cannot. I dare not depart with this secret undisclosed. I—I must confess the truth.'

"'Certainly,' I said. 'If you have anything on your mind, you had better tell me.'

"'Ah, sir,' she said pityingly, 'it will break your heart! You will never be happy again—I know you so well, sir; and yet, if I die without telling you, I feel I shall never sleep in my grave. I could not rest; I should come back from the dead to tell you.'

"'Tell me now,' I said, for her words had excited in me a certain horror that I could not endure—'tell me at once!'

"She beckoned to me to go closer to her, and I did so. She raised her hand, and I placed my ear to her lips.

"'I dare not speak aloud,' she said. 'Even the walls have ears, and they might hear me. What I have to say is a fatal secret that you must tell to no one. Another life hangs on it. Sir Rudolph, your wife, Lady Culmore, poisoned the little baby heir herself.'

"I started back from her with a feeling of loathing and horror impossible to describe. My fair, gentle Nest slay that little, tender babe! I was filled with anger.

"'You are raving!' I cried. 'It is a mad, wicked fancy!'

"'Sir,' she said calmly, 'it is the truth—the plain, simple truth; and I can die easily now that I have told it. Sir, as surely as Heaven is above us, Lady Culmore killed the child. I saw her do it with my own eyes. I will tell you; you shall judge for yourself.'

"There was no help for it; I was compelled to listen and I had begun to fear—ah, me, how terrible!

"'You remember,' she said, 'that the baby was taken ill, and that we nursed him assiduously, no one more tenderly, more kindly than Miss Nest. The night he died we were rather anxious about him, and Miss Hazlewood said she would sit by his cot while I went down to supper. I was quite willing. I went to see if the child was all right. He was fast asleep, and looked, to my thinking, better; there was more color in the fair little face. As I left the room, Sir Rudolph, I was struck by the peculiar expression on Miss Hazlewood's face. I could not describe it—a cruel look it seemed to me. I went down-stairs, but Miss Hazlewood's look haunted me. Not that I had any fear; I would rather have suspected a saint of doing harm to the child than Miss Hazlewood. I could not rest down-stairs. I went back. I saw Miss Hazlewood on her knees by the side of the cradle. She held a little bottle in one hand and a spoon in the other. As I walked in at the door, I saw her, with a steady hand, drop two drops from the bottle into the spoon. Then, before I could cross the room, before I had time to speak, the child had swallowed the contents of the teaspoon. I caught her, as I may say, red-handed. She neither saw nor heard me, she was so deeply engrossed in giving the child the fatal dose. I sprung forward.

"'"What are you doing?"' I cried.

"'For a moment she seemed paralyzed with fear.

"'"What are you doing?" I cried again, almost beside myself.

"'"Giving baby his medicine," she said. 'It is just time.'

"'She tried to hide the bottle; but I would not let her, and in the struggle she dropped it. The contents were spilled upon the pillow. I picked up the bottle. On it was a label with the one terrible word—'Poison.'

"'"You dropped some of this into the teaspoon!' I cried. 'You guilty, miserable woman, you have killed the child!'

"'She did not deny it. She fell at my feet, groveling, crying out that it was such a fragile little life, and that it parted you from her. She clung to me with cries and tears. She told me that your regiment was ordered abroad, and that it would be years before you could return and marry her—long years—but that, if the child died, and you succeeded to the baronetcy, you would be obliged' to sell out and then you would marry her at once. 'And I love him so,' she cried, plaintively; 'I love him so dearly!' That was all she kept repeating—'I love him so!' It was a terrible scene, sir—the child already dead in his cot, and the beautiful lady, with her white despairing face, crouching on the ground.

"'I could not let him go!' she moaned. 'He has been so faithful, so loyal, so good; he has loved me so well. Every one else's love prospers. Why should we spend all the best years of our lives apart? He might die abroad, he whom I love with my whole heart. And it was only one little life, so fragile, so weak, that stood between him and wealth.'

"'She bent over the little one's body.

"'"See," she cried; "it has not suffered; it breathed only for a short space and then died. A few minutes ago it was a weak, struggling little creature; now it is a bright angel in heaven. I have done no serious wrong. I have set the little soul free, and I need not part from my love. I have given him fortune, wealth, all that my heart desired for him."

"'"The law will tell a different story, Miss Hazlewood," I said. "In the eyes of the law,as well as before heaven,the life of a little child is as sacred as that of a grown-up person."

"'Do you know, Sir Rudolph,' said the nurse, 'I do not think that up to that time she had looked upon the deed as murder? She had thought only or removing the obstacle that lay between you, sir, and wealth—that lay between herself and her love. She had never thought of the fact that she put herself within the power of the law. If you had but seen her when I told her that she had committed a murder and deserved to be hanged! To prove the truth of all I say, sir, look at this. I have saved it from that time to this.'

"She drew from beneath her pillow a little bottle, with the word 'Poison' on the label of it, and a frilled white linen pillow-case, in which holes had been burned.

"'You can tell how deadly the poison was when you see that it has burned the linen in this fashion,' said the nurse. 'But the child did not suffer one minute; it died at once. Well, sir, Miss Hazlewood cried, wept, prayed, pleaded, until at last I promised not to tell her secret; but I can not keep it in death.'

"'How am I to know this story is true?' I asked. 'These things you show me are no proof.'

"'A soul on the brink of eternity does not lie, sir. Lady Culmore paid me well to keep the secret, but I have very often been on the point of telling you.'

"'I do not believe you even now,' I cried.

"'Look behind you, sir,' she said. 'You will read the truth there.'

"I glanced in the direction in which she pointed, and there I saw my wife standing with ghastly terror on her face and desperate fear in her eyes. I held the bottle up to her.

"'Is it true?' I asked.

"And she fell upon her knees, cowering, as she cried out—

"'Yes, it is true!'

"I can not describe," continued Sir Rudolph, "My feelings of horror. Since the shock I have never been the same man. An hour later I stood with my unfortunate wife in her boudoir, resolved that we should part that hour, never to meet again. I had loved her very dearly; but, when I knew that she had taken the life of that fair little child, loathing took the place of love.

"I told her, in grave, measured words, that we must part that night, never more to meet. I told her that the struggle in my heart was a hard one; that I felt inclined to deliver her up to justice and to the fate she deserved. But she was a woman, and my wife—I could not see her hanged. I hesitated, as it seemed to me, between two sins—screening a murderer, and giving up to justice the wife who had sinned for me.

"If I talked to you forever, Ulric, Kate, I could not tell you all the details of the horrible scene. Poor, beautiful Nest! Her grief was terrible to witness. She clung to me, she knelt at my feet, she prayed and pleaded with such passionate despair that it might almost have moved a heart of stone. What she had done had been done for love of me. What did that little fragile life matter? What was it in comparison with my fortune, my love and hers? I saw that what the old nurse had said was true—she did not regard the deed she had committed as murder.

"Ah, you cannot tell what it was to me to have the woman I loved best in the world crouching in tears at my feet! This woman, weeping, praying, was my darling Nest; the face I had loved, the white hands I had kissed and caressed, were those of a murderess, and that murderess was my wife! Hour after hour passed on that terrible Christmas Eve. We were still together, and I was unable to decide what to do. I could not give her up to justice. She was my wife, and she had sinned for me; yet the murder was none the less a terrible one. No man was ever more wretched or more bewildered. Poor Nest, how she loved me! She crouched at my feet in an agony of tears, and I could not soothe her. She was worn and exhausted with the passion of her grief.

"'Do not send me from you, love!' she cried, in a voice like that of a dying woman. 'Kill me, if you will. I should bless even death at your hands!'

"What was I to do? She had committed a cruel crime, she deserved punishment; yet as she clung to my feet in tears, how could I decide?

"'It was all for you, love,' she moaned. 'I could not bear that you should go across the sea. I have loved you so dearly and so long, it seemed as though we should never be happy!'

"'Happy! As though sin could ever lead to happiness!'

"'I would have killed myself, Rudolph,' she said, 'to make you happy.'

"And I knew it was true. I could not give her up to justice, and I certainly could not take her to my heart again, although she had sinned for me.

"We had been three hours together when a sudden idea occurred to me. We could be husband and wife no more. I could never kiss the face of a murderess; I could never touch the hands that had taken the life of that fair little child. All was over between my once beloved Nest and me—over forever. But I could shield her in some measure. She should never, if I could help it, mix with the world again. The idea occurred to me to bring her to Ullamere—no place could be more out of the world—and to live out here the remainder of our sorrowful lives apart. I would keep her secret on those conditions. She must be content to live alone without friends or visitors.

"For myself, so hot was my indignation, that I swore I would never touch her hands again; and she promised that she would never even lay a finger on me. Poor Nest! She broke that promise only once. We were to live together—that is, under one roof—but were to be further apart than strangers; more than the bitterness of death lay between us. She was never to approach my rooms nor I hers. We were to speak only whehn necessity compelled us. So I hoped to compromise matters, to punish her for her sin, and in some measure to shield her from the consequences. Yet I felt that I had made a most miserable compromise.

"I remember that she looked at me, a hopeless despair shining in her eyes.

"'Rudolph,' she said, 'the sentence

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The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

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you have passed is heavier than the sentence of death; but I accept it, and submit to it, coming from you.'

"Then came two or three days that I shall never forget, the abrupt breaking up the party of friends, the surprise of the servants. Some of them I left in charge of Brooke! the two most faithful I brought here. I left orders for the funeral of the old nurse, who died a few hours after she had confessed that miserable secret to me—and then we came here.

"Here we have lived since in the very depths of misery. I adhered strictly to the rules laid down. I could not forgive my wife her crime, although I knew it had been committed from love of me. Every day it grew more horrible in my eyes,and every day the distance between us increased. Every time I saw those hands of hers I fancied them holding the fatal dose, until I—oh, may heaven forgive me!—until I hate her. I never looked at her, I never heard the sound of her voice, without thinking of the murdered child.

"Only heaven knows the misery of our life. She asked me once to go with her to church at Ulladale, and I laughed in scorn. A vile criminal, and the man who had hidden the murder of a child, and that child his own brother's, at church! No; the bare idea was revolting to me.

"I remember one morning she came to me and knelt at my feet. She prayed me to give her one kind word, one kind look, and I repulsed her. She looked at me long and steadily.

'"Rudolph,' she said, 'your conduct is right, no doubt; but I would rather have been hanged."

"After that I noticed a great change in her. I do not think, frankly speaking,that she never realized the enormity of her sin. I believe there had always been a faint hope in her heart that I should forgive her and take her back again, poor child! The stories that I heard from the servants about her were so deplorable that I decided on finding a companion for her. Kate, who came as poor Nest's companion, will be your wife, Ulric; and may heaven send you a happier lot than has fallen to me!

"I could never tell you what I have suffered. When I have seen her most miserable, my heart has relented toward her and I have longed to say a kind word to her; then my loathing has returned, and I could not speak it. Life has been nothing but torture for me and for her. Least of all could I bear to see her touch or speak to a child. She knew that, and in my presence never attempted it. What would have become of us had her death not taken place, I cannot tell. It was better for her, better for me.

"She sinned, but she suffered; through all the time of bitter enstrangement she loved me as well and as passionately as ever. She tried to atone for her sin. How she pleaded to me that she might nurse the rector's child!

"'I took a life, beloved,' she said, 'for love of you; let me save one, and then heaven may pardon me. If heaven is merciful, you must be merciful.'

"That is her story. How do you judge her?"

Closed forever were the lips that might have pleaded in self-defence, the eyes that had shed so many bitter tears. She could tell us nothing of the passion and love that had driven her mad, of her sorrow and despair, her torture and anguish. She lay silent. Heaven would judge her. Dare we?

Rudolph bent down and kissed her with burning tears.

"Who will judge her?" he asked.

And no voice replied.

"What flowers will you place in her hands, Kate?" said Ulric, softly.

Ah, me, not the white roses of innocence or the red blossoms of guilt! In her golden hair, on her silent heart, in her white hands, I placed purple passion flowers, the truest emblem of her.

* * * * * * *

I am Lady Culmore now, for Sir Rudolph went back into the army, and was slain at Isandula. Then Ulric gave up the bar and we were married, and went to live at Brooke. The memory of the fair little child, of its young mother, of beautiful Nest, has faded now; but Ulric, more my lover than ever since he has been my husband, says that, when he sees the mistletoe, the white berries look like tears upon it; and he will not have it near us at Christmas time.

But, though tears lie on the mistletoe, the berries on the holly are ruddily red as of old; and they, with the green laurels, tell the same happy story and seem to breathe to us the same good wish as always—"A merry Christmas and a happy New Year."

THE END.

Hakluyt's Zeal.

The great work of Hakluyt is the "Principal Navigations," in three folio volumes, a monument of useful labor. Nothing could stop or daunt him when there was a chance of obtaining new information. He rode 200 miles to have an interview with the last survivor of Master Hore's expedition to America in 1536. He saved numerous journals and narratives from destruction and the deeds they record from oblivion. His work gave a stimulus to colonial and to maritime enterprise, and it inspired our literature. Shakespeare owed much to Hakluyt's "Principal Navigations." Milton owed much more. As the years passed on Richard Hakluyt, in his own quaint language, continued "to wade still further and further in the sweet studie of the historie of cosmographie," and he achieved his great task, which was, in his own words, "to incorporate into one body the torn and scattered limbs of our ancient and late navigations by sea." He declared "geography and chronology to be the sun and moon, the right eye and the left, of all history."—Geographical Journal.

The Bravest of the Brave.

Holding the baby in his left arm while he grasped his sabre with the right, Capt. Highuchi marched to the capture of the next fort, receiving at one time a bullet through his cap. The fort was taken in gallant style, the baby meanwhile looking on in wondering surprise at the din and uproar of the battle, perfectly content to rest on the kind-hearted captain's shoulders. When all was over this gallant officer gave his tiny charge to some of his troopers, who bore the child in safety to a Chinese house in a village hard by.—Heroic Japan.

Stepped It Off.

It is a commonly-accepted theory that a man steps three feet, and many a tract of land has been "stepped off" instead of measured with a chain. In the west they obviate the difficulties of surveys by the land being divided into sections, but in Pennsylvania much of the property, especially in the mountains, must still be described by metes and bounds.

In one of the counties in Western Pennsylvania are two brothers, one of whom is tall and lank, the other short and fat. Many years ago they purchased a tract of mountain land calling for a mile square. They divided the labor of measuring it, one stepping off one side, the other the other side. Then they fenced it in and were perfectly satisfied until recently when suit was brought to recover a considerable tract of the land. Each brother swore that they knew the measurement to be right, and told how it had been done. Then, as the spectators saw the short legs of the one, scarcely long enough to reach the floor when he sat in a chair, and the elongated extremities of the other, there was a general laugh, in which the judge and attorney joined. Upon surveying, it was found that one line was a mile and a half long, and the other only a little over half a mile.

BITTER AND SWEET.

The apple that grows highest is the best upon the tree;
The rose that is most fragrant always has the sharpest thorn;
The pearl that is the purest lies with'n the deepest sea,
And the deeds that live the longest are hardest efforts born!

The love that's won too lightly is not treasured as a gem;
The words that flow too freely never have the greatest weight;
Man appreciates his blessings if he has to strive for them,
But never knows their value if they're passed up on a plate!

THE AFTERMATH.

The sad eyes of the girl standing at one of the windows of Mrs. Staunton's mansion were not, as they seemed to be, fixed on the last falling snow. Ethel Matherson's thoughts were far away. She was dreaming of the days before her father's death, when, in he distant former home, Col. Matherson's idolized only child, she had been so zealously guarded from life's sharp edges. But in the prime of life her father had been snatched from her by death.

So little remained for her of her father's once large fortune, when all his debts had been paid and she had so signally failed in giving lessons in music and fancy work, despite her own proficiency in these arts, that this little had soon disappeared.

It was at this juncture that her wealthy cousin, Julia Staunton, widowed and childless, had dawned on her horizon as a possible helper with an offer of making her a companion. Ethel had gone to her with misgivings, for the letter in which the offer was made was far from cordial.

Her fears had not, it proved, been without cause, for she had been made a veritable drudge. Mrs. Staunton had been quick to seize upon her skill in lace-making and embroidery, so that, when not engaged in reading aloud or otherwise amusing her, Ethel was kept constantly busy with fancy work of the most delicate and intricate pattern. Thus it was that many a night, with aching heart and smarting eyes, the girl had cried herself to sleep.

On the afternoon on which we found her at the window she had gained a brief respite due to the fact that her cousin had gone on a shopping expedition. Suddenly there was a tap at the door, and in response to Ethel's invitation to enter, a trim maid came in, bearing a lamp with a rose tinted glow through the room.

"Shall I draw the curtains, Miss Ethel ?" she asked with a kindly glance at the sad-faced girl.

"Yes, Mary," Ethel replied, as she sank into a chair. "Mrs. Staunton has not returned yet ?" she questioned.

"No, miss, but I think she will soon be here. 'Tis getting late."

The girl withdrew, closing the door after her. Presently Ethel heard a carriage stop in the street below, followed by the clang of the hall doors. She heard the rustle of her cousin's garments as that lady came up the stairs and to her door.

She entered with a smile which, when Ethel was the object on which her eyes rested, she was in so happy a mood that she even failed to note that her companion's hands were, for once, idle.

"Such a delightful time as I have had!" she cried, with vivacity. "I met him down town and we had a very pleasant lunch together—Maj. Horton, you know."

"I am glad you enjoyed your trip, Cousin Julia," Ethel said.

"His attentions are becoming quite marked, don't you think? Why, he has already been here twice this week! I determined from the first to win that man, for, will you believe it, at the beginning of our acquaintance he actually seemed to avoid me."

For some moments she was silent, her eyes fixed meditatively on the floor.

"He has invited me to go driving with him to-morrow and asked that you might accompany me. Your companion, I presume, will be that odious Mr. Thompson. By the way, Ethel, I wish you would leave off calling me 'Cousin Julia.' It might be better that the major did not know of our relationship."

"Must I go ?" Ethel asked, pleadingly. "It hurts me to take part in any gaiety. It seems disloyal to poor papa. Cannot some one go in my stead ?"

The widow eyed her with displeasure.

"I do wish you would give up that sentimental nonsense," she declared. "It is only in books that such things occur. Major Horton has asked you on my account, as my companion, to go, and go you must."

Her sharp eyes fell on Ethel's idle hands.

"You have not finished the violets on that scarf which you began yesterday, have you ? How inconsiderate ! You know I want it just as soon as you can possibly finish it. Pray get it at once."

Ethel complied with a half-uttered sigh, and presently her cousin left her, with many instructions to hasten the scarf's completion.

The day ended as had so many of its predecessors. Ethel, with aching heart and weary eyes, cried herself to sleep.

Mrs. Staunton, standing before her mirror, surveyed herself with critical eyes. Every detail of her handsome costume was dwelt upon.

"Yes," she suddenly announced to her reflected self, "it is just the thing." She was so deep in thought that she did not know she spoke aloud. "Maj. Horton is extremely fond of music. More than once I have seen him moved to tears by it. When he has arrived I will have Ethel go into the music room and play some of her most touching selections, in the midst of which I will go down."

She paused, giving the image in the mirror a knowing nod.

"Well," she resumed, "music has done greater things than move a heart to make a declaration of love."

Ethel, in her room, had let the lace she was making fall into her lap as, with clasped hands and far-away gaze, she sat dreaming.

Yesterday had been the day of the driving expedition, and a somewhat amusing incident had taken place at the very outset. On leaving the house Maj. Horton had asked Mrs. Staunton which seat she preferred, and she, secure in the faith that he would drive, had answered in all sweetness: "Oh, the front, by all means !" The Major handed her in, and then, to her surprise, "that odious Mr. Thompson" took the seat beside her, and the major, with a bow, took that beside Ethel. Little did he dream of the storm that was raging in the breast of the outwardly smiling widow.

How Ethel had enjoyed the drive! How kind the major had been, and how interestingly he had talked. How handsome he was, with his strong, noble face, his graceful, well-knit figure, and his finely-turned head, with its iron-gray hair. Poor Ethel! It had indeed been a red-letter day in her calendar.

She was aroused from her reverie by the sound of her cousin's voice at the door.

"I wish you would go into the music room at once, Ethel," she said, hurriedly, "and play some of those soft dreamy bits you were practicing yesterday."

Ethel was well pleased, for the one pleasure her dreary life afforded was that of keeping up her music. It was one of the few things on which she and Mrs. Staunton were of the same mind. She did not give a thought to her cousin's strange manner, but, sitting down at the piano, did as she had been bidden.

After a while her thoughts strayed away from the music her fingers were producing and she fell to dreaming of the halcyon days, when, in the dear old home, her father sitting near with book or paper, she had sung to him in the twilight.

Her fingers wandered slowly over the keys, striking mournful chords here and there; then, without her volition, they strayed into one of the old songs her father had most dearly loved. A wave of emotion swept over her, and the tears welled into her eyes and fell slowly one by one. She ceased playing suddenly and buried her face in her hands.

O, what a change has come into her life since those happy days! The dear father gone! So little to enjoy at present, nothing to look forward to in the future.

She did not hear a step behind her, and it was not until a gentle hand was laid upon her bowed head that she started up and saw Maj. Horton, whose eyes, bright with tears, were bent upon her.

"My dear child," he said, taking her hand and drawing her gently to him, "what is troubling you ? There is something wrong, I am sure. I have noticed your sadness before. Tell me, have I guessed aright that your life here is unhappy?"

She stood at his side in silence, a delicate flush upon her cheeks, the tears shining on her long lashes. How kindly his brown eyes, and how strong his arm to lean upon!

With a sudden movement she hid her face on his shoulder, the tears falling unrestrainedly, and told him all—all the trouble, the unhappiness, the grieving for her dead father.

"Ethel," he said, excitedly, "there is a home I know of which needs a mistress to brighten it; a heart which has silently chosen one, but feared to make known its desire lest its owner fell too far short of a young girl's dream of a lover. That home and heart are mine, and you are the one on which that heart is set."

She started back quickly and gazed at him in wonder. He released her hand and turned sadly away.

"Forgive me," he said tremulously. "I see I have pained you. I was wrong to think one so young and fair could entertain a regard for one as old and ugly as I."

Suddenly he started. A little hand was laid timidly upon his arm, and a sweet pathetic voice was speaking.

"Old and ugly," it said. "Not to me."

He turned swiftly and gathered her into his arms, pressing a kiss on her lips.

"I know now," she whispered, "that I have almost worshipped you from the first. But it was the worship one gives to heroes. I scarcely dared own it to myself, you seemed so far removed from me; so brave and strong."

"And I, dearest," he responded, "looked upon you as something to be admired only at a distance. Whenever I called here it was—let me whisper a secret to you—with a hope of seeing you. To-day, as I sat alone, I heard you begin to play, and it was almost more than I could do to restrain from stealing in and catching a glimpse of you. When you played that last sweet song I could restrain myself no longer, for it was one my dear sister used to play to me. Something I could not resist impelled me to go to you. I saw you crying, and knew that, as I had often suspected, your life was far from happy. And now let us think no more of the cheerless past, but rather of the joyous future."

Mrs. Staunton, after bidding Ethel go into the music-room, returned to her own boudoir. After what seemed a judicious wait she stole down, entering the drawing room with one of her sweetest smiles on her lips. She started blankly for the room was empty. It was then, too, that she noticed that the music had ceased. She sank down weakly. Whatever did it mean ?

Suddenly she rose and went to the door. Surely, issuing from the music room she heard voices. With swift steps she crossed the hall, entering the room just as Maj. Horton had finished speaking.

He stepped forward, his arm encircling Ethel. "Congratulate me, dear Mrs. Staunton," he said, "on having won for my wife the sweetest woman the sun shines on."

To say that Mrs. Staunton was stunned would but faintly express that lady's feelings. Suddenly she rallied. For her own sake it would not do to betray her astonishment, so, with a bravery worthy of much commendation, she did congratulate them both.

Ethel, in her happy home, cherishes no ill will toward her cousin, nor do I think, even were she aware of how that lady designed her for a tool to accomplish her own ends, she could find it in her heart to condemn her, since through it, by a jest of fate, she gained the noblest husband in the world.—The Princess.

WHAT MATTERS IT?

What matters it if on the morn
  Dull mists obscure and darken
And nature's charms droop low, forlorn,
  As if to grief they'd harken?
If later on the glorious sun
  Bursts forth in all its glory,
'Tis as if day had just begun
  And clouds were but a story.

What matters it if life's young dream
  Be sometimes rudely shattered,
And often hopes that brightest seem
  Be darkened, torn, and scattered,
If after all our guiding star
  Full bright and clear emerges
And fairer still, no more afar,
  Our grief to sunshine verges?

What matters it if on the sea
  The ship may fight and tremble,
Tossed here and yon as winds decree
  Where furies wild assemble,
If when the tempest voice is stilled
  And storm gods have retreated,
She still sails on, with glory filled,
  Full tried and not defeated?

What matters it when life is done,
  If, when we look behind us,
We see no glorious victories won
  Or earthly ties that bind us,
If, looking forward to the day,
  We see a hopeful gleaming,
With angels smiling on the way
  And radiant sunlight streaming?

God will forgive our many sins,
  Will heal hearts that are broken,
Bind up the wounds when life begins,
  Blot out words we have spoken,
What matter it, then, after all,
  If hearts with grief are beating?
We are but waiting for the call
  And God's eternal greeting.

To Make Dairying Successful

Dairy and roll butter should be sent to the market as quickly as it is churned, for every day it lies around the store or sits around the house it goes off flavor and loses its freshness and deteriorates in value. Roll butter should be nicely wrapped in chese cloth, each roll separately, which should be wet in strong brine before it is put on the butter. It should then be packed in tubs, clean boxes or half barrels, which should always be lined with cheese cloth or parchment paper. Tub butter should be packed in tubs that will hold about the amount of one churning, so that there won't be two different colors in the tub. In salting your butter put in nearly an ounce of salt to one pound of butter, and use fine salt. Don't work it too much; have the buttermilk well washed out before salting. Don't let it remain exposed to the air, as it will lose its flavor; we want all the flavor we can get in butter.—Hoard's Dairyman.

Incidents of African Travel.

My men are tired, footsore, and hungry, and some sick, and I myself have a very sore heel; a day's rest is desirable for everybody. My sick men are suffering from sore heads and maimed feet. They got their stomachs full of mtama flour and fish to-day, and have been standing on their heads and dancing. There is no better remedy for African ailments than a full belly. African travelers nearly always have crow's feet sprawling from the outside corners of the eyes, which should be credited to the constant blinking caused by the sun's rays and by the long grass drooping over trails in the wet season, the sharp-pointed blades cutting, spatting and flicking one's face.—The Century.

Miles of Oil Wells.

Among the 15000 oil wells drilled in the last two years were 3500 dry holes, representing probably an outlay of $6,000,000 or more, absolutely valueless. Could all the wells drilled in the two years be put one below another in a continuous string, and a cable with a sandpump be hanging in the hole thus made, to pull the sand pump from the bottom of the hole would require about the same time that it takes for a passenger to start from San Francisco and cross the continent, and then embark and sail across the sea to London, provided the sandpump travels at the speed of fast trains and fast steamers. A month would be consumed in lowering the pump and bringing up one bailer full of sand and water.

THE CUP OF TEARS.

"The cup which my father hath given me, shall I not drink it?"

No letter lay beside it, no messenger did say
Who sent the sombre token that on my threshold lay.
A cypress wreath drooped from it, my soul grew sick with fears,
For well I knew its meaning, it was the cup of tears.

I gazed into the chalice, and saw, with lips of snow,
As in a prophet's vision, the sad years come and go;
I felt the thirst and longing, and the burning pain that sears
The eyelids of those mortals who drink the cup of tears.

I stooped and read each symbol etched on its heavy brim;
I scanned the thorny pattern that wreathed the cruel rim;
There was the torch inverted, and there the lonely years
Were carved in gloomy pictures upon my cup of tears.

I pushed the goblet from me, and in my anguish said,
"I cannot drink the potion, Oh, give me back my dead!
Thou art all compassion, whose name my soul reveres,
Give back the eyes I long for, and take this cup of tears!"

Then spake a voice beside me, "My child! it may not be.
Canst thou not trust thy Father to pour a draught for thee?
Believe that all is wisdom which mystery appears,
And drink with lifted forehead thy sacred cup of tears."

And then the Presence vanished, without adieu or sign,
To carry cups of sorrow to other lives like mine.
O God, be very pitiful to whom this Presence nears
And help us to be loving who drink the cup of tears.

GIRL WORTH HAVING.

"Your father is better now, Miss Marcia, and I'm going to let you sit with him a little while, so that your mother can rest. But be careful that you don't let him talk too much, won't you?"

"Yes, doctor. But do you think papa will ever be well again, just as well as he used to be?"

"It will be a long time before he will be, and he may never be, but I hope he may be quite strong, and able to get much enjoyment out of life even if he must spend the rest of his days as a cripple."

Marcia winced a little at that word, and the tears filled her eyes, but she bravely forced him back. She did not intend that the doctor should see her crying; she was afraid he would think she was not womanly enough to help take care of her father.

"It will be hard for him to be a cripple, and hard for us to see him helpless, but it is so much better than for us not to have him at all, that I can't feel an other way than thankful about it." Even as Marcia spoke, her voice trembled with suppressed feeling, but her lips smiled as pleasantly as usual, and that was very pleasant.

"Papa," she said, cheerily, a minute later, "I've beaten them all; they just had to let me take care of you. They couldn't hatch up another excuse to prevent it. That's what comes of persistence. The doctor said you mustn't talk, but he didn't say I mustn't; neither did he forbid my kissing you, just once. There!"

"She'll do," said the doctor to himself, as he started off. He had been playing eavesdropper, to find out if it were really safe to leave a 16-year-old girl in charge of his very sick patient. Marcia had only seen her father once before since he had fallen from the high building on which he was helping to build a chimney, and she had been hastily summoned from school, because they thought he was dying. The old doctor had feared that she would "make a scene," when she did see him. But the wife was tired, the sick man would have no strange nurse, and he had been calling for Marcia, so it had been thought best to try her.

"If that bright-eyed girl had only been a boy, there would be a little brighter outlook for poor Morris," mused the doctor, as he rode towards the next patient's house, "for then there would be a prospect of help at some future time; but now it certainly looks very dark for him."

It surely did look dark, and the sick man in spite of the repeated injunction not to worry, could not help wondering over and over again what was to become of them all, and how they were to keep out of the poorhouse. A workingman, with a family to feed and clothe and educate, and who has only his own hands to depend on, can generally manage to lay up but little for the proverbial "rainy day." But when the rainy day has not only put in its appearance, but has rendered the head of the house forever unfit for labor, the outlook is far from pleasant. The Morris family were fortunate in having their little home all paid for, and enough money to help them through the first weeks of their great trouble; but, in the eyes of their neighbors, they were unfortunate in having no boys in the wamily. "If Marcia had only been a boy, and could go to work!" had been said in her presence over and over again, when sympathetic friends had dropped in with well-meant advice and suggestions as to the best way for the troubled family to earn their daily bread.

"Why can't I work, if I'm not a boy?" demanded Marcia.

"Why, you can, of course," was the answer, "but what will it amount to? Girls get so little for their work; but with a boy it is different. A boy of 16 is capable of earning very good wages."

"Never mind, girls," Marcia would say, turning to her three younger sisters, "we won't cry because we're girls till we're very sure that girls are no good, will we? I believe we can help papa and mamma just as much as if we were boys."

"So do I," answered each one of the sisters, who always believed everything Marcia said.

But let us go back to the sick room and see how Marcia is getting along in her new role of nurse.

"As I said before, papa, you mustn't talk, but there is no reason why you shouldn't listen. At least the doctor didn't say you shouldn't. I've been thinking of something for two or three days, and now my mind is made up to try it, if you are willing. That is one reason why I was so determined to take care of you all by myself. I haven't said a word about it to mamma yet, for she is so perfectly distracted that she can't think of anything else but just you. But I'm ore heartless, thank fortune! I speculated on what you were thinking about, and was sure it was money. You've been worrying about how we were going to live, haven't you? Wink your eyes fast, this way, if I've guessed right. There, I knew it all the time. Are you tired? Just shake our head, but don't speak. Oh, papa, don't laugh! don't, for anything! for that will excite you, and then I'll get scolded, and they won't let me see you again!"

"You're most too careful," said the sick man. "I have been allowed to talk a little all along, and I guess it won't hurt me to say yes and no now."

"Oh, won't it?" I'm awfully glad, for it was almost too much for my gravity to see you lying there, blinking like a sleepy owl. But I know you mustn't talk much, or the doctor wouldn't have laid such fearful commands on me. Well, what I wanted to say is this: I believe I've thought of something I can do to help support the family. I'm going to be traveling saleswoman for a grocery store.'

Mr. Morris looked at his daughter in amazement and opened his mouth to echo her las remarkable statement, but a plump hand instantly covered it and a merry laugh sounded in his ear.

"Oh, papa, don't speak, please don't! I suspect I have spoiled everything by giggling out in that way, but you did look so funny! Actually, papa, you did look too horrified for anything. Do you suppose anyone heard me laughing? I hope not, for I haven't got half through with you yet. Now be patient, and I'll explain. I was thinking how easily Mr. Bailey made a living. You know he is traveling salesman for a grocery store; and I came pretty near wishing that I was a boy so that I could go and do likewise. Guess I should have wished it, if I hadn't been taken with the idea that I could do it anyway, so I called on Mr. Allen at once—your look of horror grows more intense, but don't you dare utter a syllable—and laid the plan before him with many misgivings, much trembling, and a few tears on my stubby eyelashes. Honestly, papa, I was pretty nearly frightened to death; but Mr. Allen says he will give me ten per cent. commission on all the groceries I can sell, and I am to deliver everything but flour and heavy things of that sort. I thought if I could make Dobbin useful, then we shouldn't be obliged to sell him, and you will need him when you are able to ride out. There's a great many people in this city, and it seems as if I could persuade a few of them to buy their groceries of me, doesn't it? What do you think of the plan? Are you willing I should try?"

Mr. Morris nodded his assent. There was no need this time for his daughter to warn him not to speak, for he couldn't have said a word had he tried.

"All right, papa," answered Marcia, "I'll begin to-morrow, and, oh, how I do hope I shall succeed! I might go out as a child-nurse or housework girl, but I couldn't earn much, and I don't want to go away from home. I want to earn just as much money as a boy would, and stay at home, too. And, you see, if I can work up in this, Gertie can help me after awhile."

Mamma came in just then, and was informed that papa was much better, for he had been receiving treatment from an excellent mind-cure physician, whose services he wouldn't exchange for a dozen Mr. Wilsons.

Marcia went at her new work energetically, just as she did everything else. She found many disagreeable things about it, and met many impolite people, and experienced not a few discouragements, but she would not give up, and she finally succeeded in earning a very good living for her family. Every forenoon is spent in taking orders for groceries; every afternoon in delivering them. She is prompt, businesslike and pleasant, and is welcomed in many homes where a man would not be tolerated. As fast as she got regular customers whose patronage she was sure of, she put them on her list to be visited on certain days of the week, and gradually Gertie was brought to be of use in taking their orders, while Marcia went into new quarters to "drum up new trade," as she delighted in calling it.

Mr. Morris is not able to work, and never will be again, but their pretty little home has not been mortgaged, as the neighbors said it would have to be; the horse and buggy have not been sold, the family is not in debt, nor do they depend on their neighbors for help, and everyone is obliged to confess that they get along quite as well as they could have had Marcia been a boy.

CHAT ABOUT FASHION.

New Colors and New Gowns Which Have the Stamp of Approval

(Special Correspondence.)

Paris, (Special.)—The coat and skirt suit for the coming summer differs from last year's among other points in the small amount of shirt front displayed. A new example which illustrates a cut that promises to be very successful is of China blue and white cheviot in hair-line stripes with a shot blue and white silk lining. The skirt is untrimmed except down the middle plait in the back, where from waist to hem are set cross rows of narrow dark blue braid fastened with small silver buttons at either end. The coat is long enough to come well down upon the hips; it is close fitting in the back and half-fitting at the sides, with straight fronts that turn back at the neck in a narrow flat collar and small revers. The sleeves are close-fitting. The double-breasted waistcoat of tan pique is spotted with red and blue buttons almost to the throat, and the small triangle of shirt it shows is nearly hidden under a rather large cravat, spotted white and blue. The collar is higher than last year's; closer it could not be.

Plum color will remain in favor throughout the spring. Some very pretty reddish violet and purple shades appear in the new materials, with a large amount of mauve. Gray and orange is a favorite combination, as well as gray, orange and blue. Light green is, perhaps, the most fashionable spring color; it is used by itself, in stripes with dark or light blue, and in odd combinations with red and brown. Fawn color, green and yellow is another combination. Red and blue plaids are making a struggle to assert themselves and are sometimes very attractive in soft shades.

SPRING MODELS FROM PARIS.

Woolen brocades are in higher favor than for some years, not for warmth's sake, but to give color and variety to a dress which might otherwise have a silk bodice or blouse, if these did not now require genius to keep them from getting wearisome by iteration. A soft, pale green wool shirt, for example, is trimmed with a flat band of black after the nature of a tuck, near the hem, and is worn with a bodice of blue and dark green woolen brocade, made with pretty cape-like revers, edged with a black band, like that upon the skirt, and giving the effect of a light wrap for spring wear. Comformably with this idea the bodice has narrow basques showing below the belt in jacket style.

A few of the spring dresses are made with the polonaise. That this style, which has been heralded for months, is really here, there can now be no question. Whether or not it will find any large amount of favor is another matter. For the present it is tentative, experimental. The most successful attempt I have seen in this direction is a dress worn by Jane Hading on the stage of the Gymnase. It was a cream-colored chine silk, striped with pink and sparkling with silver thread. An ornamental panel upon the front of the skirt was of white grenadine, caught with fan plaitings of lace over pink. A frill of coquille plaitings of lace, with a rosebud in the middle of every shell, ran about the hem except across the front panel. The polonaise was of pale pink chine silk, stiped with cream and threaded as before with silver. It was made low in the neck and with a trim fitting bodice opening over the bust in brace-like revers, to show the under bodice of white grenadine like the skirt panel. Below the narrow belt of pink velvet the draperies of the polonaise fell in full and graceful lines almost the skirt length, but with difference enough to emphasize the meaning of the demarcation. The decolletage was edged with coquille frills, which also made the short sleeves. The polonaise was finished all about with a narrow gold galon.

A rich evening gown of green satin brocaded with silver is cut after the princess model, with low heart-shaped bodice and train. A long scarf of old lace thrown about the shoulders is caught about the arms with diamond butterflies, and falls on either side of the front to the ground.

ELLEN OSBORN.

Evidence of It.

"Hallowe'en pranks are no modern invention," remarked Fosdick.

"How ancient are they ?" asked Keedick.

"The Bible speaks about somebody who carried off the gates of Gaza."

Genteel.

If there is any word more disagreeable than another, it is the word "genteel." It is a word that suggests patched poverty and old china dishes with nothing in them. It is a word that women like, but that men abominate.

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NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Chap. 110 R. S. O. 1887 that all persons having claims against the estate of Emma Jane Chapman late of the Township of Thurlow in the County of Hastings, deceased, who died on or about the 14th day of December 1895, are required on or before the 15th day of May 1897, to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned, Solicitor for the Administrator, their Christian and Surnames and addresses and a statement of their claims with particulars and description duly sworn to and the nature of security (if any) held by them.

And after said date the Administrator, The Toronto General Trusts Co., will distribute the assets of the said Estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which it then had notice; and the said Administrator will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof of whose claims notice shall not then have been received as aforesaid.

W. JEFFERS DIAMOND,
Solicitor for Administrator.
Belleville, April 15th, 1897. 17-24-1-8.

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VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO MONDAY, APRIL 26 1897. NO. 300

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Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 26.—I. O. O. F. established in America, 1819.
Parliament House at Montreal burned, 1849.
Cromwell born, 1599.

THE WEATHER.

Seasonable rains have followed each other closely. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	32	Min	35
8 a. m	56	8 a. m	48
Noon	68	Noon	50

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Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

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Stainless black cotton half hose, 2 pairs for 25c. at Harry's.

The late rains have gladdened the hearts of the farmers.

All kinds of stand-up and turn-down collars, 2 for 25c., at Harry's.

There will not be any Wednesday evening service in St. Andrew's church this week.

The St. Andrew's Y. M. G. will meet this evening at the residence of Mrs. Canniff, Bellevue Terrace.

A party of river drivers was sent north this morning from here to take charge of the Rathbun Co.'s drive.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

Anglers are capturing thousands of perch and bull-heads, which are running up the river to feed on the spawn of the pickerel.

Traffic is very quiet on the Grand Trunk at present. There were twenty-three train crews here this morning with nothing to do.

The Ministerial Association had a largely attended meeting this morning, when the subject of the preacher's qualifications was discussed.

See our special values in Boys' Boots, sizes 11 to 13, at 65c per pair; sizes 1 to 5, 75c per pair; special extra value at one dollar per pair.—VERMILYEA & SON.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

Some cyclists think that the by-law re sidewalk riding should be so amended so as to allow the use of the south side of certain walks during business hours and bad weather when it is impossible to use the roads.

The examination papers for shading from the round, and model drawing have been received from the Educational Department and an examination will be held Thursday. Geometrical and free hand drawing examinations, will be held Saturday.

County Constable G. S. Johnson, brought up this morning from the Township of Tyendinaga, two children, aged 2½ years, and 1 year respectively. The parents have separated and the mother has left them, and as the S. P. C. A. have a transfer of them, Mr. Johnson took them to Mr. S. Harkins', College Hill, where they have been placed for adoption.

The G. T. R. has transferred its insurance policies from the Home Insurance Company of New York, to the Alliance, of London, of which company Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, president of the G.T.R., is a director. The average rate charged by the Home Company was 57 cents and the Alliance made an offer of 47 cents, which was accepted. The change, it is stated, has been made solely on account of the saving which it effects.

A Gentle Reminder.

You may not need an umbrella to-day but you might to-morrow; it will pay you to save money while the sun shines by buying one of Harry's $1.00 umbrellas.

PERSONAL.

Lieut. Ed. Cross, Madoc, is at the Quinte.

Lt.-Col. Duff, Kingston, is at the Quinte.

Lieut.-Col. Cotton, Kingston, is at the Quinte.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Skinner, Picton, are at the Quinte.

Mr. W. F. W. Carstairs, has been seriously ill at Iroquois.

Capt. J. R. Orr and D. E. K. Stewart, Madoc, are at the Quinte.

J. Earl Halliwell, Stirling, is in the city attending Col. Brown's funeral.

The Rev. Mr. McLean will meet the trustees of Queen's University this week.

Mr. John Doyle, jr., returned to Queen's College to-day to attend the summer session.

Miss Ethel Gorman and Miss Helen Wallbridge return to the Bishop Strachan School, Toronto, to-morrow.

Mr. H. Corby, M.P., Mrs. and the Misses Corby have accepted an invitation to dine with Lord and Lady Aberdeen this evening. Mr. Corby left for Ottawa at 11 o'clock this morning.

Arrivals From South America at Ontario Business College.

Messrs. J. A. Headecker and R. J. Wreford arrived in the city on Saturday last from British Guiana, South America, to attend Ontario Business College. They came from British Guiana to New York on the steamship "Tjomo," and were eleven days on the voyage. Students from several of the West India Islands are coming next month. O. B. C. continues to be what it has been for so many years, the most widely attended Business College in America.

Reformed Episcopal Church.

Yesterday morning the Rev. Mr. Trotter's text was, "If when we were enemies we were reconciled to God by the death of His Son, much more being reconciled we shall be saved by His life." His main points were, the basis and consummation salvation. In the evening his subject was the "Magna Charta," of christians from 1 cor. 3: 21—23. Good services.

Many a Young Man.

When from over-work, possibly assisted by an inherited weakness, the health fails and rest of medical treatment must be restored, to then no medicine can be employed with the same beneficial results as Scott's Emulsion.

THE LIFE OF DR. CHASE.

As a compiler of Chase's Recipe Book, his name is familiar in every household in the land, while as a physician his works on simple formulas left an imprint of his name that will be handed down from generation to generation. His last great medicine, in the form of his Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, is having the large public patronage that his Ointment, Pills and Catarrh Cure are having. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is especially adapted for all bronchital and asthmatic troubles.

COL. BROWN'S OBSEQUIES.

An Imposing Military Funeral This Afternoon.

Commanding Officers Bear the Remains to and From the Gun Carriage—The Veterans do Honor to Their Dead Comrade—Buried With Full Military Honors.

Mournful indeed was the procession that followed the remains of the late Col. Brown to their long home this afternoon, and, had the weather been less inclement this forenoon, many persons had intended coming from the country.

Col. Hambly, to whose care the military part of the funeral was entrusted, did his duty well and arranged every detail. Detachments from different companies of the 49th arrived in the city this morning to take part in the funeral, and with members of the No. 1 Company, formed the firing party and part of the military escort this afternoon. A gun carriage and five horses in charge of Corporal Benson, Drivers Kampfer, Laird and Cook, and Gunner Ross, came up from A Battery, Kingston, to convey the remains from the house to the cemetery.

Lieut.-Col. Cotton, D.O.C., arrived early this morning, and Lieut.-Col. Duff, of the 4th Hussars, Kingston, came to the city at noon.

At 2 o'clock the friends and relatives of the deceased began to gather at the residence on Bridge st., and at 2:30 Rev. M. W. Maclean commenced the solemn funeral service, which lasted nearly half an hour. The casket, wound in a Union Jack, was then conveyed to the gun carriage by Lieut.-Col. Cotton, Lieut.-Col Duff, Lieut.-Col. Ponton, Lieut.-Col. Lazier, Surgeon Lieut.-Col. Tracy, Surgeon Major Farley.

The Firing Party was under command of Major Lennox.

The procession left the residence for the cemetery in the following order:

Firing Party of 49th, with Arms Reversed.
Band,
Rev. M. W. Maclean in carriage,
Bearers | Gun Carriage, Casket and Flowers | Bearers
Deceased's Charger, with Boots Reversed.
Chief Mourners,
Military Escort,
Veterans of '66.
St. Andrew's Society.
Mayor, Council and City Officials.
Employes of G. & J. Brown Mfg. Co.
Citizens on Foot.
Citizens in Carriages.

The cortege proceeded down Bridge st., across the lower bridge to Commercial st. and thence to the cemetery, where the remains were interred according to military usage by the firing of three volleys over the grave. Capt. Lennox, of Melrose, commanded the escort, which consisted of men from the 15th and 49th Battalions.

Among the mourners were Lt.-Col. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, a comrade in arms with the late Col. Brown in the old Belleville Rifles, and Lieut. Col. Wills.

On the casket were several beautiful floral emblems from the following friends of the deceased:—

Pillow of roses, with inscription "Our Chief, "66-'97" from the Veterans of '66; anchor, Mrs Keith; pillow, with inscription "Uncle" from nieces, Misses Webster and Misses Waters; pillow from Marsh & Henthorn; wreath from Messrs. T. Ritchie and C. M. Stork; anchor from Mr. and Mrs. (Dr.) Farley; bouquets, Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Hambly and Lieut. W. T. Watts.

The following Regimental order was posted in No. 1 Co.'s armory:—

HEADQUARTERS 49TH BATT., H. R.
April 24th, 1897.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS:—

No. 1.

It is with feelings of deepest sorrow that the Officer in Command finds it his duty to convey to the Officers, Non-Com. Officers and Men of the 49th Batt. the sad information of the death of Lieut.-Col. James Brown, who has commanded the Batt. for long period of nearly thirty-one years with unsullied honor to himself and everyone concerned.

By many of you who have had the privilege of being associated with him since the formation of the Batt. in 1866, and by those of you who have likewise experienced the warm friendship of his true, open hearted and forbearing disposition in the discharge of his official duties, there will be deeply felt the loss—the irreparable loss—sustained by the Batt. at large in the removal by death of a chief who, as a faithful officer, comrade and friend, as the central figure in the history and life of the Batt. from its very inception, was ever ready with truest devotion for the call of duty and for sustaining the honor, integrity and interests of his command.

The officer commanding expresses the feelings of the Officers, Non-Com. Officers and Men of the 49th Batt. in saying that no man was more highly esteemed in all the relations of life, or whose memory in connection with the history and prosperity of the Batt., will be more deeply and lovingly cherished than that of our late honored Commanding Officer, Lieut.-Col. James Brown.

No. 2.

The funeral will leave the late residence of deceased at 3 p.m. on Monday, the 26th inst, and the Officers, Non-Com. Officers and Men of the 49th Batt., together with our comrades of the 15th Batt., A.L.I., are respectfully invited to attend.

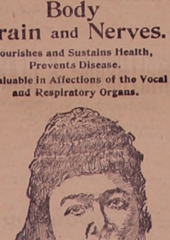
By order,
A. HOFFMAN SMITH,
Adjutant.

NOTES.

Mayor Johnson, Ald. Petrie, and many others in the procession served under Col. Brown in years past in the 49th. Mayor Johnson retired a few years ago retaining the ranks of Lieutenant.

The party from "A" Battery were a smart looking lot of men and their horses were fine animals.

Capts. Graham, of Sidney, and Orr, of Madoc, were in the military escort.



VIN MARIANI
(MARIANI WINE)
THE IDEAL TONIC FOR
Body Brain and Nerves.
Nourishes and Sustains Health, Prevents Disease.
Invaluable in Affections of the Vocal and Respiratory Organs.

"It is most valuable in strengthening the throat and chest. It has been very beneficial to me, and I always have a supply with me. I have recommended it to many artists with the best results."
Ev. ALBANI-GYE

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
MONTREAL,
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA
ALSO FOR Gold Lack Sec Champagne
Old Empire Rye Whisky

Boys' Suits Reduced.

A line of very pretty boys' suits, $5 for the three pieces and $4 for the two pieces have been reduced to $4 and $3. Now for the reason. In showing these suits we have discovered that in the pressing a slight mistake has been made, and the gloss remains on the coats. It won't hurt them a bit and you make $1 a suit.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

A LIQUOR CASE.

The present tenants of the Hub Hotel are charged by Mr. Daniels, the ex-tenant, with selling liquor without a license. The defence show that they have received a provisional permit to sell until a new license is received. Case dismissed.

CYCLISTS FINED.

Several cyclists were fined $2 for using the walks. The Magistrate thought that there were now a sufficient number of wheel owners in the city to get up a lengthy petition and make themselves felt, so as to have the By-law so amended that they would not be coming before the court so frequently.

What Haines & Lockett Say.

We are putting new stock into the Coleman store, where we have had our sale, and shall try and make the place as comfortable and attractive as possible while our own place 's rebuilding. What damaged stock there is left will be sold at very low prices till all is sold out. Meantime new lines of seasonable shoes are arriving daily—HAINES & LOCKETT.

Police Notes.

15 tramps!!!

Wm. Thompson, a half witted man, was arrested on a charge of vagrancy, but was allowed to go upon his promise to leave the city.

Several business places were found open.

The chief's old dog "Sport" has been missing for a couple of days. It is thought that he has been poisoned.

Oddfellows' Concert.

Geo. E. Fax, our popular humorist, will sing "Since McCarthy Changed the Number on the Door," and "Hold Your Head up Like a Man," at the Oddfellows' concert this evening. Tickets to concert and hop 25c. 2t

Married at St. Michael's.

At seven o'clock this morning Mr. Joseph McDonald, jr., son of Joseph McDonald, of Wellington st., was married to Miss Jennette Dowrie, daughter of Mr. John Dowrie, Master Carpenter at the D. & D. Institute. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mons. Farrelly in the presence of a few friends of the contracting parties. The happy couple afterwards drove to the residence of the bride's parents on West Bridge st., where they partook of the wedding breakfast. They left at noon for their future home in Syracuse, where Mr. McDonald has a good situation.

The Double Male Quartette

will sing at the Oddfellows' anniversary concert this evening at 8 o'clock in the Oddfellows' Hall, on which occasion the composition of the quartette will be as follows:

H. McIninch, F. Brenton	1st Tenors
F. Lewis, F. C. Clarke	2nd Tenors
Geo. E. Fax, F. Hick	1st Bassos
Paul Lalonde, Geo. Pearce	2nd Bassos

This will be the first public opportunity this season of hearing Lalonde, the great basso, assisted by the quartette in their stirring rendition of the Anvil Chorus. Tickets to concert and hop 25c.

Amusement Notes.

R. WATKIN MILLS.

The Toledo Sunday Morning Courier of the 4th of April last says of Mr. Mills' singing at the Westminster Church: "In oratorio, and a wonderful field it is, Watkin Mills is at his very best, and is par excellence an exponent of that peculiar school. Mr. Mills is a great singer, thoroughly at home with his audience. The English baritone is a delightful entertainer, and the evening was all too short." Mr. Mills sings in Belleville at the Carman Opera House on the 3rd of May next. Seats are selling rapidly.

DR. CHASE CURES BACKACHE.

Kidney trouble generally begins with a single pain in the back, and in time develops into Bright's Disease. People troubled with stricture, impediments, stoppage of water, or a frequent desire to urinate at night, will find Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a blessing. Read the wonderful cures in another column. One pill is a dose, and if taken every other night will positively cure kidney trouble.

The Beaver Leaves.

The tug Beaver, command by her owner Capt. Bonar, left to-day with a tow of timber for Kingston. She will proceed thence to the Cornwall Canal, where she will be employed during the season. Mr. Jas. Bonar is acting as engineer on the Beaver.

The Oddfellows of the City March to the Baptist Church

And Hear an Eloquent and Practical Discourse—Rev. V. H. Cowsert Preaches Grandly on "Friendship, Love and Truth."

Rain marred the Oddfellows' Parade yesterday morning, but notwithstanding the inclement weather the brethren, to the number of about 150, including some few members of outside lodges, headed by the I. O. O. F. band, marched to the Baptist church and listened to an eloquent and striking sermon by the Pastor, Rev. Mr. Cowsert. The young and virile divine was at his best, and his sermon contained food for thought not only applicable to Oddfellows, but to all. The route of the procession was up Front st. to Victoria avenue and thence to the church. Chief Newton acted as Marshal in an eminently satisfactory manner. The sacred edifice was filled, and the service was both solemn and inspiring. After the singing of the Doxology the Rev. Mr. Cowsert offered prayer and the hymn "Come ye that Love the Lord" was sung. The Pastor then read a passage of scripture and welcomed the visitors in a short address, in which he said, among other things, that all Christians were Odd-fellows, for did not the Apostle Peter say "ye are peculiar people!" It seemed sometimes as though in this world good people were looked on as exceedingly odd.

During the offertory the choir sang, very harmoniously, "I am the Resurrection."

In beginning his sermon the Rev. gentlemen said that as the emblem of the Oddfellows was three links, so he would divide his sermon into three parts and would take three texts, the first John XV., 15:—"Henceforth I call you not servants * * *; but I have called you friends." The second, John XV., 13:—"Greater love hath no man than this, that he lay down his life for his friend." The third, John XVIII., 36:—"Pilate saith unto Him, 'What is truth?' John XIV., 6:—"Jesus saith unto him, 'I am the truth.'"

It is well for us in this world to take a due account of friendship. The world's friendship is inadequate to our needs. Where shall we find such friendship as the world needs? Jesus was the world's ideal friend. The best of human friendships are sometimes influenced by selfishness. Jesus thought of His friends first and Himself last. Jesus was impartial; it was impossible for us to be so. His friendship was confined to no class. While He had friends among the rich, He was peculiarly the friend of the poor. "The common people heard Him gladly." Man makes friends with those from whom he expects the most; Jesus made friends with those to whom He expected to give the most. Speaking on his second text, the preacher said that nowhere was Jesus' love more manifested than in His dealings with Peter, after the latter had denied Him at the inn and had practically read himself out of the disciples. One would think that the Saviour's first words after meeting the recreant one would be of upbraiding; but no, Jesus only talked of love. Jesus' friendship was [illegible] in the sense that he was true to a man's faults as well as to his virtues. While it is the fashion of earthly friends to say good to our faces and bad to our backs, Jesus said hard things to His followers' faces and kept His encomiums concerning them for the ears of others. How gentle Jesus was in all His miracles; Jesus was so surcharged with sympathy that He couldn't help imparting it, and it always went to lead and to bless. In tender fashion Jesus was the ideal friend. It is impossible to do one deed of charity and love without following in the footsteps of Jesus. You who have stretched forth your hands to dry the tears of widows and orphans, have you made friends with Jesus? If you have not, do so to-day, and in so doing you will so lift up the world that all will be brighter for it. There is plenty of love lying around loose if you want to let it go in talk. "Greater love hath no man than this: that he lay down his life for his friend." Jesus did what no mortal man ever did, He laid down His life for His enemies.

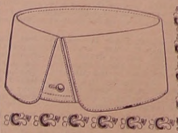
Jesus was the embodiment of truth. Truth is a broad word; a deep word. Never but one correct answer to Pilate's question had been given, and that was the saying of Jesus: "I am the truth." You will never find truth till you come to Jesus Christ. The Rev. gentleman's eloquent peroration expressed the hope that the visitors would so shape their lives and keep the three links so intertwined that when the shadows flee away their hearts might be bound close to Him who is the ideal Friend, the perfection of Love and the embodiment of Truth.

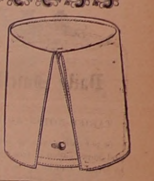
After the sermon the male voices of the choir sang an anthem, "Jesus waits to Save," in a manner which made a deep impression upon the congregation. The rain was falling thickly when the parade re-formed and the line of march was altered so as to go down Victoria Avenue and down Front st. to Belleville Lodge rooms, where the brethren dispersed, and so ended Belleville Oddfellows' celebration of the 78th anniversary of the founding of the I.O.O.F.

BIRTH.

CLINTON—On the 25th inst., the wife of Dr. Clinton, of a daughter.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only—MONDAY, May 3rd.
R. Watkin-Mills,
ENGLAND'S BARITONE.
George Fox,
CANADA'S VIOLIN VIRTUOSO.
A subscription list will be opened at Riggs' Music store on Monday morning, April 26, at 10 a.m. Subscribers to have first choice of seats.
PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
W. S. JONES, director and accompanist.





New Styles.

The Very Latest Styles

Now showing in Ladies' Cuffs and Collars, Blouses, Blouse Sets, Silk Gloves, Kid Gloves, Chiffons, Braids, Parasols, Ladies' Ties, Summer Hosiery, etc., etc.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

APRIL SHOWERS
BRING
MAY FLOWERS.
....They also bring a ready sale for our....
Ladies' Umbrellas ∴
We can help you in making a selection. See our Fancy Handles.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

WALL PAPER LOGIC.

It is the Natural Supposition

—that a customer for Wall Paper or Draperies, is more anxious to make a selection that will prove DECORATIVE than to save a few cents a roll or yard as the case may be.

If the article of barter is a household necessity such as a wash-tub, the principle of the thing is manifestly different.

Such an article a family must have, but no one cares what it looks like so that it does not leak and a woman is wise in going where she can save on its cost.

In any branch of the decorative field, however, a premium should be placed on unusual artistic excellence; surely, then, the brains that evolved a "stunning" pattern, and the labor and experimenting represented in producing an odd shade of color, have a value in dollars and cents as well as the ingredients that go to make up the paper upon which these smart effects are printed.

C. B. Scantlebury.

The Steadily Increasing Demand

For our Tea Biscuits and Scones is certainly an evidence of their excellence and superiority over others. Fresh almost daily. 10c dozen.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
CASH STRICTLY.

Hat-wear.

New hats are wanted, and you know that no place in town can you get the quantity, the quality and the variety to choose from as at BRASIER'S. This is no new story, but it's good enough to repeat again and again.

You want hat-worth for the least money. We give it. Hats for all heads—Old, Middle-aged or Young—we're dictators in hat styles. Highest in quality—lowest in price—always.

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

The Seed

That gives best satisfaction and yields best results is to be found at ......

R. TEMPLETON & CO'Y'S.

Just have a look before buying elsewhere.

'Phone 219 J. Owen

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Try our Tinsmith on stove repairs. Stoves taken down on the shortest notice.

PLUMBING AND GAS-FITTING.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

HATS - HATS HATS

Do You Want a Nobby Hat.
Do You Want the Latest in Bicycle Caps.

We are now showing a complete range in the above.

HATS FOR MEN.
HATS FOR BOYS.
TAMS FOR THE CHILDREN.

Everything new and nobby at popular prices.

Visit us in our new store.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

We have just received, direct from the makers in Switzerland, a fine lot of Swiss Lace Curtains and Sash Nets, Window Shade Laces and Fringes.

Our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Furniture Coverings, etc. is very complete, and the prices will be found lower than any other house in Belleville.

Have just put into stock a beautiful lot of American Picture Mouldings, and some very pretty pictures suitable for studies or framing.

Do not be afraid to come in and look at our goods, even if you are not out to buy.

T. P. BROWN'S
Opposite Bank of Commerce.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUGNETT proprietor. dtf

A Graduate of Toronto University says

"My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy which always effects a cure

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m.
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m.
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY,

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m.
Mixed	3:10 p.m.
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.

Going East.	(Arrive.)
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:10 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m.
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

TARIFF NOTES AND NOTIONS.

6c per gallon on coal oil is protection, and 5c per gallon is free trade—according to Messrs. Laurier & Co.

60c per ton on coal is protection when levied by the Conservatives, but when the Liberals impose 60c per ton on coal it is free trade—according to Laurier, Cartwright & Co.

The "double schedule" looks as if, instead of benefiting Great Britain, it may be loaded up the other way.

A local dry goods merchant considers that there has been "a substantial increase" on the goods which his firm import.

In preference to further remarks of our own, a number of opinions from contemporaries and from merchants and manufacturers are appended :

TORONTO TRADES.

Among dry goods men who are interested in the manufacture of articles of clothing the opinion prevails, and was given sharp expression to, that the decrease of duty on woollens equalizing it to the duty on ready-made clothing, while it would not materially effect market prices, was a serious blow to Canadian labor.

The manufacturers of barbed wire, nails, etc., being hard hit, were very much dissatisfied.

In the book trade the opinions differed. In some lines it was stated the tariff would effect an improvement, while in others the whole situation is viewed with alarm. For instance, the tariff on British copyrights is expected to seriously interfere with the importation of good literature, while opening the door to a less desirable class of books.

Among tobacco dealers, wholesale and retail, there was universal condemnation. The new tariff, they said, meant increased cost to the consumer for imported cigars. They did not, as a whole, mind the increase on cigarettes.

MONTREAL TRADES.

Montreal, April 23.—When the tariff bill was read by the Montreal merchants this morning, the Conservatives appeared better satisfied than the Liberals, the free trade section of the latter being completely in the dumps.

The cotton people were more than pleased until the Collector of Customs received an intimation from Ottawa that the reduction on British goods would go into immediate effect, and then the tune of the cotton kings was considerably changed. The sugar refiners have no doubt been hardly dealt with and the reduction of the duty on the refined article from 64c to 50c will render competition with the German bounty-fed sugars almost impossible.

The iron men are also badly hurt, while Pillow, Hersey & Co. intimate that they will have to close up some of their departments.

The rice manufacturers are wiped out and as a result the trade advanced the price of rice three-eighths of a cent, saying that the imported rice will cost one-half a cent per pound in excess of the old mill prices.

The millers are pretty well pleased, Mr. Robert Meighen, President of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, declaring that he thinks the tariff fairly satisfactory, although he adds that the Government in some cases approached and even went beyond the danger mark.

Mr. J. C. Shaub, Chief Engineer and Manager of the Hamilton Bridge Works, who was in the city to-day, said that if the provisions of the new tariff regarding bridges were put into effect this company would have to close up.

LONDON TRADES.

The cigar manufacturing trade feel that they have been especially hard hit by the Fielding tariff. The fact is important to London, as there are some seventeen cigar factories in this city. No other city in the Dominion manufactures in this line so largely. The increased duty comes as a great surprise to the trade, and they held an indignation meeting to-night, at which the Government was warmly criticised. They had asked for an increase of $2 per pound Customs duty on imported cigars, and they got only 50 cents, while the Internal revenue tax is increased $3 per thousand. The manufacturers feel that their grievance is a special one, because they cannot increase the price of cigars to correspond with the increased duty.

Manager Allen, of the Western Wire and Nail Works, states that the removal of the duty on barbed wire, to take place in January, will very seriously affect them. The immense American mills are expected to practically swamp the Canadian trade.

ESTEEMED CONTEMPORARIES.

Hamilton Spectator: Canada has exchanged a 35 per cent. protective tariff for a 35 per cent. "free trade" tariff.

* * * *

Every bushel of American corn which comes into Canada will displace a bushel of peas, oats or other coarse grain grown in Canada, and thus reduce the price of the farmer's product.

Montreal Star: If the free traders who are supposed to form the rank and file of the Government's supporters, and the reformed free traders who are in the Cabinet are satisfied, there is no reason why the Dominion should not have a long rest from tariff agitation. We could almost imagine Mr. Foster himself introducing such a tariff as this. * * * * The Government has shown a good deal of good sense in continuing to a very large extent the tariff policy under which Canada has prospered. A few months in office and a systematic enquiry have evidently done much to modify the crude theories which were good enough when dissociated from the responsibilities of office.

Toronto Evening News: A first reading of the new tariff leaves the impression that the Liberal Government has practically adopted the National Policy, which they have so heartily condemned for the past twenty years. Mr. Fielding seems to have accepted the advice recently tendered him and stolen the clothes of the other fellow; he also displays the utmost cheerfulness in doing so.

Toronto World: If the tariff does not hit many industries or only hits them slightly, then the Liberals have, under all their pyrotechnics, adopted the National Policy as their own. * * * * To our mind it comes down to this, that the Liberals, now that they are in office, have accepted the Conservative trade policy and are wearing the Conservative clothes before the whole country. But the Conservatives have the record of being honest in their adhesion to these principles, while the Liberals have yet to prove themselves so. But they are in power and that is a lot towards it.

Toronto Telegram: It is clear that a change and not a revolution has been effected. But if the Liberal policy is to deprive the manufacturers of protection essential to life, death by the starvation due to tariff changes is scarcely preferable to death by the violence of a revolution in the fiscal policy of the nation.

London Free Press: The list is marked by a widespread attempt to make a show of improvement, with the result that the old tariff is practically not much departed from in its general features. The threat to "sweep away every vestige of protection" has been recanted; and for this much the new Ministry deserves less of public reprobation than if they had carried out their often expressed resolve.

Montreal Trade Review: As had been anticipated there are few important changes, and no drastic new departures, indicated in the changes in the tariff brought down by the Ministry. The principle of protection has been adhered to throughout, and there is no attempt at a free trade policy or even to materially reduce the existing duties.

Pall Mall Gazette, London, England: "The Canadian Liberals have found the Conservatives bathing, and gone off with their clothes."

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

ATHENS IS IN GLOOM

Yet the Greeks are Disposed to Continue the Fight.

A General Belief That the Powers Are Taking Steps to Stop the Fight—Will the War End This Week? Great Satisfaction at Constantinople Over the Success of the Ottoman Army—What London Correspondents Say About the Position of the Powers.

Athens, April 24, 6.30 p.m.—Larissa has been completely evacuated by the Greeks, who spiked their guns in position and carried away all of the moveable cannon and munitions of war. The wounded remain at Larissa under the protection of the Red Cross flag.

Riccotti Garibaldi visited the Students' Club, where he received the Municipal Council. An address which he made created intense enthusiasm. He was followed to his hotel by thousands of people.

Midnight.—Special despatches received from the frontier assert that the Turks attacking Mati were repulsed seven times yesterday. At 6 o'clock in the evening the Greek forces were obliged to give way. The Greeks retreated in good order on Karaclas, where they are entrenched. From Arta the Greeks occupied the heights of Pentesigadia. It is believed that the military operations in Epirus will soon be terminated.

The Bad News.

Athens, April 25, 2.15 a.m.—Saturday's papers counsel the people of Athens to receive the bad news with patience and sang froid considering that the army fought courageously in defence of the national honor, paying the price by heavy sacrifices

Italy Interferes.

Rome, April 24.—The departure of volunteers for Greece is being prevented by the police of the various towns.

To Assist Wounded Greeks.

Aarau, Switzerland, April 24.—The Red Cross Society is organizing ambulance corps for the purpose of assisting the Greek wounded.

Will the Powers Intervene?

London, April 24.—A despatch to The Observer from Rome says that the Cabinet is of the opinion that after the first pitched battle between the Greeks and Turks in which large forces are engaged the powers will intervene and secure an armistice.

Bombardment of Defenceless Towns.

Constantinople, April 24.—The bombardment of defenceless towns like Santi Quaranta has excited much adverse comment here. Similar criticism has been made concerning the bombardment of Prevesa, which was destroyed, although the fire on the Greek fleet was from the forts.

An extra session of te Cabinet is being held at the Yildiz Kiosk. The French military attache has gone to the front for the purpose of reporting the progress of the war to his Government.

Latest From Arta.

Athens, April 25.—A despatch from Arta reports that the Greeks have captured Plaket. Another despatch says that Plaket and Pentepigadia have been occupied by the Greeks after being abandoned by the Turks, who have also abandoned Kaletzia. Col. Manos in force has advanced beyond Pentepigadia en route to Janina. It is reported at Arta that a rising has occurred in the interior of Epirus.

Larissa's Fall.

Athens, April 25, 4 p.m.—About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the official in charge of the telegraph office at Larissa, observing a cloud of dust raised by the advancing cavalry of the Turks, asked leave to dynamite the office. He was directed to leave it. Since 3.30 p.m. (Saturday) the Larissa office has made no response to calls from Athens.

Edhem Pasha's Blow.

Athens, April 25.—A despatch from Reveni says that Edhem Pasha, on learning that the Greeks had been ordered to fall back, attempted to deliver a crushing blow with a considerable force which had been resting 36 hours, and succeeded in breaking through the Greek lines in several places.

Osman Pasha at Work.

Salonica, April 25.—Osman Pasha arrived here last evening and was received with great enthusiasm. He went forward at once to the scene of conflict. Greek subjects here, on agreeing to place themselves under the Turkish authorities upon certain conditions, will be allowed to remain.

Greeks Will Fight It Out.

Athens, April 25, 5 a.m.—The Greek Government has decided to persevere in the struggle, and to resist the further advance of the Turks with greater energy than has hitherto been displayed. It is officially declared that the new line of defence is far stronger than the frontier where the Turks gained their advantage in consequence of the superiority of their positions.

IS THIS THE LAST WEEK?

The European Powers Said to be Taking Steps for Peace.

London, April 25.—What seems likely to be the last week of war is entered upon to-day. It is difficult from the tangle of conflicting telegrams to understand the exact position of affairs.

Following the Greek defeat at Larissa London opinion to-day is almost unanimous that the end is in sight; and this view is probably shared by the powers, as they are already moving to intervene.

It is believed that intervention will first take the form of a suggestion of armistice, to which the combatants would no doubt agree. Since yesterday the British Foreign Office has been in close communication with the other members of the European concert, Great Britain suggesting that the time has now arrived for them to act. The French, the German and the Italian Governments have already responded, offering to agree, though the German Government adds as a condition that it will be necessary first to exact a pledge from Greece to obey the mandate of Europe when this mandate is again given. The British Foreign Office believes Greece will give this undertaking, as the disasters which have overtaken her have demonstrated that Turkey still possesses a formidable fighting machine, a fact which must have a sobering effect upon the popular demand for war at Athens, and which will permit the Greek nation to climb down without disgrace, after a superb vindication of personal courage of the Greek troops and a gratifying demonstration of Hellenic patriotism. If the Greeks listen to reason and the arguments which will be pressed by England at Athens and by Russia at Constantinople, it is not improbable that a decision will be reached by Tuesday, before which it is not supposed here that Edhem Pasha or Osman Pasha will have time to do more than to appear at Pharsala.

GLOOM IN ATHENS.

There are Still Many Who Want to Continue the Fight.

Athens, April 25, noon.—It is useless to deny that a very gloomy view of war prospects is taken here by the better informed. There are, however, no signs of a panic. The city exhibits an attitude of dignified endurance, while many still show an unabated enthusiasm for fight. This symptom is particularly noticeable among the wounded now in Athens. Their one desire seems to be to be healed in order that they may rejoin the colors. Naturally this is much fostered by the confirmation of the reports that the Turks have burned the Greek wounded in a church at Kurtziovali. The Turks lighted fires on the bodies of the wounded. Many of the Greek wounded implored their comrades to kill them; others committed suicide. Although it is said that the Greeks carried off all of their guns from Tyrnavo and Larissa, and also destroyed all the provisions at both places, they could not transport the guns to Pharsala.

It is reluctantly believed by some in Athenian circles that the retreat was somewhat disorderly, and that some of the guns were abandoned with but feeble defence. It seems probable, however, that in the main the retreat was in good order.

This morning the word goes forth here that the Government will persevere in the struggle with greater determination. The report, however, has not served to allay the growing irritation at the belief that, even if Greece could not hold her own, the non-offensive policy manifested in the orders of the Crown Prince not to attack was idiotic and un-Grecian. The retreat to Pharsala is considered a poor response to the fiery speeches of Crown Prince Constantin to his troops

Naturally all sorts of reasons are advanced as to why the Greeks retreated, the more candid admitting that the Turks were too strong. It is also pointed out that the Turkish cavalry did much to turn the scale in favor of Edhem Pasha's movements.

The Greek fleet is also the subject of many curious reports, one of which asserts that the eastern squadron has bombarded Dedeagatch. It is known that the Turks yesterday ordered that all the lanterns in the lighthouses in the Gulf of Salonica should remain unlit. Five ironclads and four torpedo boats are operating along the coast between Platamona and Katerina. The British and French subjects residing at Volo have wired to their respective envoys here begging for the despatch of warships to Volo to protect them. The envoys have wired to their Governments and to the admirals at Canea, but at Athens it is considered unnecessary to comply with the request, as an attack upon Volo is no part of the Turkish program.

Despatches from Arta somewhat modify yesterday's reports and tone down the glowing prospects, although the Athenians are still hoping that the capture of Janina may come as an offset to the retreat from Thessaly. There is no confirmation of the report that a white flag has been seen flying over Prevesa citadel, and Pentepigadia has not yet been captured.

Col. Coumanouros, with a battalion of 1200, engaged 2500 Turks at 3.30 p.m. yesterday (Saturday) on the plain in front of Pentepigadia. The battle lasted until 7.30 in the evening. The result is not yet known here, though it is understood that the Greeks lost 150 killed and wounded. Col. Coumanouros had no artillery.

Col. Manos has returned to Arta with the third division. The second brigade, under Col. Bozares, is 20 kilometres from Arta. Its forward movement is reported interrupted.

DYSPEPSIA

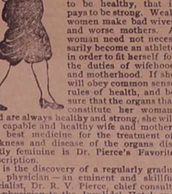
CURED BY DR. CHASE.

. . FOR EIGHTEEN YEARS W.W.HODGES SUFFERED —DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS EFFECTED AN ALMOST MIRACULOUS CURE. . . . .

MESSRS. EDMANSON, BATES & CO.,
Toronto.

DEAR SIRS,—I take the liberty of writing to you regarding my experience with *DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS*, and the wonderful cure of dyspepsia of 18 years' standing effected by them with three boxes. I am as well as I ever was, and am a man of 64 years of age. I have recommended *DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS* to a great number of people and they all say they are worth their weight in gold. If you desire any further statement or certificate of my case, I will be pleased to furnish one.

Yours truly,
W. W. HODGES,
Holland Landing, Ont.



Women nowadays are learning that it pays to be healthy, that it pays to be strong. Weak women make bad wives and worse mothers. A woman need not necessarily become an athlete in order to fit herself for the duties of wifehood and motherhood. If she will obey common sense rules of health, and be sure that the organs that constitute her womanhood are always healthy and strong, she will be a capable and healthy wife and mother. The best medicine for the treatment of weakness and disease of the organs distinctly feminine is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It is the discovery of a regularly graduated physician—an eminent and skillful specialist, Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. There are on file at that institution letters of over 90,000 women testifying to the marvelous merits of the "Favorite Prescription." It acts directly on the organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. It makes them strong and healthy. It cures all weakness and disease. It smoothes the way to almost pangless maternity. It insures healthy children. All good druggists sell it.

Mrs. H. F. Reynolds, of North Fenton, Broome Co., N. Y., writes: "I thought I would write you a few lines as I have been taking your medicine and using it in my family. I have just taken another bottle of your 'Favorite Prescription' and it has done me lots of good. I think it is a grand medicine."

The newly-wedded wife, above all other women, needs a good medical book. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser fills this want. It contains over 1000 pages and 300 illustrations. Several chapters are devoted to the physiology of the organs distinctly feminine. Send 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of customs and mailing *only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., for a *free* copy, paper-covered. If a cloth binding is wanted, send 50 one-cent stamps.

SATISFACTION AT CONSTANTINOPLE

Because the Ottoman Troops are in Possession of Larissa.

Constantinople, April 25.—The triumphant success of the Turkish arms has caused the liveliest satisfaction here. The following telegram from Edhem Pasha is posted everywhere: "Larissa was occupied to-day by the cavalry of the Imperial army. The Hellenic troops fled in disorder, abandoning a large quantity of arms and ammunition."

This has been put up as a bulletin in many places, while the people are also reading Edhem Pasha's despatch announcing his possession of a strategic position in front of Tyrnavo, which runs as follows: "The hill of Lesdaki, the most important dominant point to the north of Larissa, was taken by the Ottoman troops Friday. Hamid Pasha's division, having left Koskasi (Karya), effected a juncture with the other Imperial troops at Milorin. The town of Tyrnavo, which is situated two hours from Larissa, was occupied to-day by the Elassona army corps. The Ottoman troops continue to advance toward the plain of Larissa.

Osman Pasha has been given secret instructions. A despatch from Smyrna says that the Redifs, who were called out yesterday, are intended for the towns of Smyrna, Vurla and Scalanova, in order to prevent disturbances by the Greeks residing there. A meeting of the Council of Ministers on Saturday considered the expulsion of Hellenic subjects from Turkey. Marked irritation is displayed in official circles at the intervention of the foreign embassies on this subject, as it is feared that some trouble might arise from the ships of the powers sent to protect foreigners at Salonica. The consuls at Janina telegraphed the ambassadors here last Friday that the Albanian battalions had mutinied and were refusing to march, as well as threatening to attack the town. The Mussulman population, according to these advices, had quitted Janina en masse, some fleeing into the country and others taking refuge in the fortress. The consuls described their own position and that of the Christian element at Janina as most critical, the Vali having refused to distribute arms and ammunition to enable the inhabitants to defend Janina against the Albanians. The envoys called the attention of Tewfik Pasha to the matter and demanded the adoption of effective measures to protect the inhabitants. These representations have been renewed to the Porte to-day.

High Honors for Edhem

Constantinople, April 25.—The Sultan has conferred high decorations upon Edhem Pasha and upon the commanders of the six divisions of the army engaged in Grecian territory.

An Escort for Lord Aberdeen.

Montreal, April 25.—(Special.)—Word was received to-day that four New York State Senators and two high state officials would come to Canada and escort Lord Aberdeen to New York to take part in the Grant memorial demonstration.

The book trade is up in arms against the tariff and will send a delegation to Ottawa to ask a change.

MANY BASEBALL GAMES.

SATURDAY IN THE NATIONAL.

At Washington—Norton was able to keep the visitors' hits scattered with the exception of in the third innings. This, together with the loose fielding of the Brooklyns, gave Washington the game. Norton's batting also aided the Senators. Attendance 2500. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Washington	1 0 0 0 3 2 1 1 *	8	11	4
Brooklyn	0 0 3 1 1 0 1 0 0	6	15	5

Batteries—Norton and McGuire; Kennedy and A. Smith.

At Philadelphia—The Phillies whaled Jouett Meekin mightily, and defeated New York hands down. Their record was 17 hits with a total of 26. The game was an ordinary one and outside of the local club's hitting the only noteworthy feature was Lajoie's individual batting. He had two singles, a double and two triples. Carsey pitched a good game, the visitors' hits being scattered. Attendance 12,762. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	2 1 2 2 0 2 0 3 0	12	17	6
New York	0 1 0 0 1 0 0 2 0	4	9	4

Batteries—Carsey and Clements; Meekin and, Wilson.

At Cincinnati—Good fielding and timely batting won the game for the Reds. The Colts again started off as sure winners, but finished weak. Not an error was made by either team. Roger Denser was in the box for the Chicagos and pitched a good game, as did also Dammon, the new left-hander of the Reds. Attendance 5000. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 2 *	4	8	0
Chicago	1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0	3	8	0

Batteries—Dammon and Peitz; Denser and Kittridge.

At Louisville—The Indians were defeated again in a slow but interesting game. The score was close until the ninth inning, when the Colonels batted out four runs and clinched the victory. Burkett was put out of the game in the first inning, and O'Connor in the ninth inning by Umpire McDermott for abusive language. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Louisville	2 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 4	9	9	2
Cleveland	1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0	3	4	5

Batteries—Hill and Dexter; Cuppy, Zimmer and O'Connor.

At St. Louis—Unfavorable weather kept down attendance; the game was called in the first half of the sixth inning on account of rain. Hawley's wild pitching, giving eight men first base, and the Browns five hits, out of which they scored five runs, won them the game. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	3 0 0 1 1	5	5	1
Pittsburg	0 0 1 0 0	1	5	2

Batteries—Hart and McFarland; Hawley and Merritt.

At Baltimore, the Champions succeeded in making it three straights from Boston. It was clearly a pitchers' battle until the seventh innings, when Klobedanz gave out, and allowed two singles, a double and two triples, netting five runs. Duffy's running catch of Robinson's long fly to left in the eighth was a feature of the game. Attendance, 5000. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 0 1 0 0 0 5 1 *	7	10	3
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	1	8	2

Batteries—Corbett and Robinson; Klobedanz and Yeager.

TORONTO WON AND LOST.

Newark, April 25.—Toronto lost on Saturday, 9—2, and to-day won by 7—6. In the first game the home team batted Toronto's pitchers hard and won easily. Wittrock kept the hits well scattered. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Newark	0 3 2 0 2 0 0 0 2	9	16	7
Toronto	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	12	3

Batteries—Wittrock and Hodge; Staley and Baker, McGinnis and Casey.

About 5000 people witnessed the Sunday game, which Toronto won by bunching hits late in the contest. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0 0 0 0 0 4 1 2 *	7	9	0
Newark	0 1 0 0 0 0 5 0 0	6	11	2

Batteries—McPartlin and Casey; Staley, McMackin and Rothfars.

He Was Born In Toronto.

New York, April 25.—William B. Somerville, superintendent of the W. U. Telegraph Company's press service, died to-night. Mr. Somerville was born in Toronto, April 28, 1840.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market continues quiet and prices rule firm. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8 to $8.50 west, and shorts $9.50 to $10.

Wheat—The local market is quiet, with the feeling firm. Red winter wheat is quoted at 77c, and white at 78c. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 84c to 85c, Midland, and 76c to 77c afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 82c to 83c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is quiet, with the demand restricted. No. 1 quoted at 29c to 30c, No. 2 at 25c to 26c, and No. 3 extra at 23c. Feed barley 20c to 21c west.

Oats—The market is quiet and firm.

BICYCLE CLOTHING COMFORT!

The Enjoyment of Riding a Wheel is discounted 50 per cent. when you are not properly clothed for it.

The proper attire for the '97 Wheelman is not a heavy expense, if purchased here. Our suits have all the good points of the made-to-order kind without its large price. We have some in Scotch Tweed effects, Knickerbockers, Patch Pockets, double seat, at

...$5 and $6...

BICYCLE PANTS.

Those who do not wish a complete suit can get the proper knickerbocker pants only, made of good tweed, double seats and all the improvements. Prices

...$1.50 and $2.50...

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten
Season

Fresh
Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.

Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.

Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies

FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins

Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.

Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.

Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—139 and 157.

Removed

We are now
All Removed
to our new
Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, traveles with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE

— AND —

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

Representing the following first-class Companies:

The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.

The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.

The London and Lancashire,
Of Liverpool, England.

REAL ESTATE.

Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.

Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.

APPLY TO
JAMES BOOTH.

Cramps, Colic, Colds,

Croup, Coughs, Toothache,

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all *BOWEL COMPLAINTS.*

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Verbitzsky's Stratagem.

What had Alexander Verbitzsky and I done that the secret service of our father, the Czar, should dog us for five months, and in the end drive us to Siberia, whence we have, by the goodness of God, escaped from Holy Russia, our mother? They called us Nihilists—as if Nihilists were of one way of thinking!

We did not belong to the Terrorists,—the section that believes in killing the tyrant or his agents in hope that the hearts of the mighty may be shaken as Pharaoh's was in Egypt long ago. No; we were two students of nineteen years old, belonging to the section of "pleasantists," or of Peaceful Education. Its members solemnly devote all their lives to teaching the poor people to read, think, save, avoid vodka, and seek quietly for such liberty with order as here in America all enjoy. Was that a work a crime in Verbitzsky and me?

Was it a crime for us to steal to the freight shed of the Moscow and St. Petersburg Railway that night December two years ago? We sat in the superintendent's dark office, and talked to the eight trainmen that were brought in by the guard of the eastern gate, who had belonged to all the sections, but was no longer "active."

We were there to prevent a crime. At the risk of our lives, we two went to save the Czar of all the Russias, though well he knew that Dmitry Nolenki, chief of the secret police, had offered a reward for our capture.

Boris Knojukhou and the other seven trainmen who came with him had been chosen, with ten others who were not Nihilists, to operate the train that was to bear His Imperial Majesty next day to St. Petersburg. Now Boris was one of the Section of Terror, and most terrible was his scheme. Kojukhov was not really his name I may tell you. Little did the Czar's railway agents suspect that Boris was a noble, and brother to the gentle girl that had been sent to Siberia. No wonder the heart of Boris was hot and his brain partly crazed when he learned of Zina's death in the starvation strike at the Olek Mines.

Verbitzsky was a cousin to Zina and Boris, and as his young head was a wise one, Boris wished to consult him. We both went, hoping to persuade him out of the crime he meditated.

"No," said Boris, "my mind is made up. I may never have such another chance. I will fling these two bombs under the foremost car at the middle of the Volga Bridge. The tyrant and his staff shall all plunge with us down to death in the river."

"The bombs—have you them here?" asked Verbitzsky in the dark.

"I have them in my hands," said Boris, tapping them lightly together. "I have carried them in my inner clothing for a week. They give me warmth at my heart as I think how they shall free Holy Russia."

There was a stir of dismay in the dark office. The comrades, though willing to risk death at the Volga Bridge, were horrified by Kojukhov's tapping of the iron bombs together, and all rose in fear of their explosion, all except Verbitzsky and me.

"For God's sake, be more careful, Boris!" said my friend.

"Oh, you're afraid, too?" said Kojukhov. "Pah! you cowards of the Peace Section!" He tapped the bombs together again.

"I am afraid," said Verbitsky. "Why should I die for your reckless folly? Will any good happen if you explode the bombs here? You will destroy all of us, and our friends the watchmen, and the freight-sheds containing the property of many worthy people."

"You are a fool, Verbitsky!" said his cousin. "Come here. Whisper."

Something Boris then whispered in my comrade's ear. When Verbitzsky spoke again his voice was calmer.

"Let me feel the shape," he said.

"Here," said Boris, as if handing something to Verbitzsky.

At that moment the outer door of the freight shed resounded with a heavy blow. The next blow, as from a heavy maul, pounded the door open.

"The police!" shouted Boris. "They must have dogged you, Alexander, for they don't suspect me." He dashed out of the dark office into the great dark shed.

As we all ran forth, glancing at the main door about seventy feet distant, we saw a squad of police outlined against the moonlit sky beyond the great open space of railway yard. My eyes were dazzled by a headlight that one of them carried. By that lamp they must have seen us clearly; for as we started to run away down the long shed they opened fire, and I stumbled over Borris Kojukhov as he fell with a shriek.

Rising, I dodged aside thinking to avoid bullets, and then dashed against a bale of wool, one of a long row. Clambering over it, I dropped beside a man crouching on the other side.

"Michael, is it you?" whispered Verbitsky.

"Yes. We're lost, of course?"

"No. Keep still. Let them pass."

The police ran past us down the middle aisle left between high walls of wool bales. They did not notice the narrow side lane in which we were crouching.

"Come. I know a way out," said Verbitsky. "I was all over here this morning, looking round, in case we should be surprised to-night."

"What's this?" I whispered, groping, and touching something in his hand.

"Kojukhov's bombs. I have them both. Come. Ah, poor Boris, he's with Zina now!"

The bomb was a section of iron pipe about two inches in diameter and eighteen inches long. Its ends were closed with iron caps. Filled with nitroglycerine, such pipes are terrible shells, which explode by concussion. I was amazed to think of the recklessness of Boris in tapping them together.

"Put them down, Verbitzky!" I whispered, as we groped our way between high walls of bales.

"No, no, they're weapons!" he whispered. "We may need them."

"Then for the love of the saints, be careful!"

"Don't be afraid," he said, as we neared a small side door.

"Meantime, we heard the police run after the Terrorists, who brought up at the great door at the south end. As they tore away the bar and opened the door they shouted with dismay. They had been confronted by another squad of police! For a few moments a confusion of sounds came to us, all somewhat muffled by passing up and over the high walls of baled wool.

"Boris! Where are you?" cried one.

"He's killed!" cried another.

"Oh, if we had the bombs!"

"He gave them to Verbitzsky."

"Verbitzsky, where are you? Throw them! Let us all die together!"

"Yes, it's death to be taken!"

Then we heard shots, blows, and shrieks, all in confusion. After a little there was clatter of grounded arms, and then no sound but the heavy breathing of men who had been struggling hard. That silence was a bad thing for Verbitzsky and me, because the police heard the opening of the small side door through which Alexander next moment led. In a moment we dashed out into the clear night, over the tracks, toward the Petrovsky Gardens.

(To be continued.

POLITICIANS PUZZLED

Don't Know Where They Stand on Favored Nation Clause.

The Government Takes the Ground That Canada, Under Her Charter, Is Fiscally Independent of the Mother Country, and Therefore Not Bound to Observe Britain's Trade Treaty With Germany and Belgium, Therefore German Goods Will Not Receive the Favors Allowed to British Goods Entering Canada—New Regulations for the Royal Military College—General News From Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 25.—(Special.)—The Premier's declaration on Friday evening that Germany and Belgium will, under existing circumstances, not participate in the benefits of the new tariff, while to a certain extent relieving the tension of the public mind, has mystified the politicians, who are anxious to know how it is proposed to overcome the most favored nation clause. All documentary evidence on this point is against the Government, and yet when Mr. Laurier says that Germany is not to enjoy the benefits of the reciprocal clause, it is evident there is something more behind all this than is yet apparent. Either there will be a prompt repudiation by Mr. Chamberlain of the Premier's announcement or the reverse will be the case—the Imperial Government will accept the situation and sustain the action of the Dominion on this point. The Ministers are not very communicative on the point. Possibly they are reserving their ammunition, and to-morrow Sir Richard may fire some of it off. Although the contention has not yet been publicly announced, it will be found that the Government takes the view that by special Act of the Imperial Parliament, viz., the B.N.A. Act, Canada is fiscally independent of the Mother Country. Should Great Britain accede to this view, then it follows as a matter of course that the Canadian Government is well within its right in excluding Germany and other countries from the operation of the reciprocal clause until they give us a fair equivalent.

There is this to be said of the situation as it exists to-day: It is a fair inference that the Government cannot have acted as it has without some sort of understanding with the Home Government. Indeed, it is stated that while ostensibly Mr. Dobell went to England a month ago regarding the fast Atlantic steamship question, his real object was to see Mr. Chamberlain and explain to him the nature of the reciprocal proposals of the Government. On this particular mission Mr. Dobell has manifested a commendable degree of reticence, not usually attributable to him. If Mr. Chamberlain accepts Mr. Laurier's view as the corect one, then an important point has been gained.

It will be remembered that it was a Liberal Ministry in England which refused to accede to Canada's request for denunciation of the German and Belgian treaties. Some politicians here hold that possibly Mr. Chamberlain thinks the time has arrived, and especially since the tremendous outcry in England against goods "made in Germany," to accede to Canada's request, and may have decided to do what his predecessors in office declined to do. But, after all, public sentiment in England is opposed to the abrogation of the German treaty, and when the full facts are known, it will be found that our Government relies, as justification for its action, not on the possible denunciation of the existing treaties by Great Britain, but on the contention that Canada is fiscally independent and can do just as she pleases in tariff matters. A moment's reflection will show that no other colony of the Empire is in the same position as the Dominion, no other colony possessing an Imperial charter. The Government has consulted many eminent authorities on the point, and will hold to this view.

English press comments on the tariff received here, show that the action of the Government regarding trade preferences for the Mother Country is evidently gratifying to the English people. It is questionable whether any colonial Premier has ever received such an honor as that which came to Mr. Laurier yesterday, when the great organ of the Empire, The London Times, telegraphed its hearty congratulations to the Premier on his tariff.

The Government has decided upon a line of policy with regard to the Royal Military College, which must commend itself to the community generally. There was a good deal of kicking a few years ago when the fees for cadets at the Royal Military College were increased from $100 to $200, as it was felt this was legislation in favor of the classes as against the masses. Col. Kitson, the new commandant, was in town yesterday, and was notified by the Government that his recommendation for popularizing the college and making education thereat more accessible to sons of the middle and working classes, had been acceded to. The annual fee has been reduced from $200 to $100 and the course of instruction from four years to three years. Hitherto the total cost for the education of a young man at Kingston has averaged $1400 for a four years' course. Now, with a three years' course and the reduction of the annual fixed charge, the total will not exceed $750. Under the new arrangement, more attention will be paid to instruction in mathematics and civil engineering, and the time thus devoted to these subjects will be taken from the present military training and free-hand drawing. The latter will no longer be a compulsory subject. It is hoped by this change that parents who hitherto have been debarred from sending their sons to the college on account of the expense, will now avail themselves of it. While the cost is to be reduced, there will be no diminution in the efficiency of the college work to enable graduates to obtain appointments in after life. It is proposed to hold out inducements to cadets to enter the college by reserving certain appointments in the public service of Canada of a military nature for graduates, but these will not exceed 50 per cent. of the total number of the graduates, and no such appointment will be given to any graduate unless he comes within the first half of the honor list. In order to give parents an opportunity of thinking the matter over, it has been decided to receive applications for permission to take part in the next matriculation examination up to Aug. 1 next, instead of May 15. The next matriculation examination will be held at the several headquarters military districts about Aug. 15.

Mr. P. J. Loughrin, of Sault Ste. Marie and Mr. Peter Ryan of Toronto met here yesterday and had it hot and heavy on the pulpwood question. The argument resulted in Mr Loughrin challenging Mr. Ryan to meet him on a public platform in any hall in Ottawa to discuss the question. Mr. Loughrin said he could connect Mr. Ryan's objections to an export duty on pulpwood with his interests, which are closely connected with those of a foreign firm. He states that the president of the Niagara Falls Pulp and Paper Company is also president of the Manitoulin Island Railway Company, of which Mr. Ryan is one of the principal promoters. In Mr. Loughrin's opinion, the head of the alien pulp and paper company has something to do with moulding Mr. Ryan's opinions on export duties on pulpwood. Mr. Loughrin thinks the foreign firm alluded to are asking money at the expense of the Canadian workingman and Canadian interests. He has challenged Mr. Ryan to a public discussion of the question. If Mr. Ryan will put up $500, Mr. Loughrin will put up a similar amount, both to go to an Ottawa charity if the meeting is not in favor of Mr Loughrin's argument.

Mgr. Mery Del Val arrived quietly in the city on Friday, the fact being unknown to nearly everyone in town. He was driven to Ban't Cottage on O'Connor-street, the city residence of Sir Donald Smith, and he will remain there during his stay in the Capital. His Grace Archbishop Duhamel was informed of his arrival and called at the house in the afternoon. Yesterday the ablegate had a large number of callers, chiefly clergymen. Among the many who paid their respects was Bishop Laurin of Pembroke, who was with His Excellency for some time. Mgr. Del Val's stay in town will extend at least two weeks, before his departure for Manitoba.

The Ottawa and Gatineau and the Pontiac and Pacific Junction Railway Companies are desirous of extending their lines into and through the city of Hull to the bank of the Ottawa River, to erect a commodious station at the junction of the railways, and to build a workshop for the use of both roads. An application has been made to the Hull City Council, asking the council to grant these rights.

A meeting of the executive of the local Council of Women was held yesterday. Her Excellency the Countess of Aberdeen presided. The business for the annual meeting, June 14-19, in Halifax, was discussed. Among other things on the programme for this meeting is a reception to be given by Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Countess of Aberdeen.

Ottawa people are greatly annoyed because their crack corps, the 43rd, has not been invited to send representatives with the Jubilee Battalion to England. For two years the 43rd Rifles stood first in the general efficiency competitions of the infantry militia, so that practically it has proved itself during two years past the foremost organization of the entire infantry. Under the circumstances it is thought only fair that the corps should have been asked to participate.

A case of great interest to stenographers was heard in the Exchequer Court, G. B. Bradley, chief of The Hansard staff, suing the Crown for $2,000 said to be owing to plaintiff for shorthand work in connection with the prohibition commission. The point at issue is whether 30 cents a folio is a fair charge for ten copies of the evidence. The Department of Finance holds the price is too high and thinks, in view of the fact that Hansard men receive salaries of $2000 each, 25 cents per folio for 10 copies should be sufficient.

Although the afternoon was showery, the local St. George's Society had a splendid turnout for their Jubilee church service. All the city lodges of the Sons of England took part in the parade, which was headed by the Guards' band. The Englishmen made a fine showing on their way to St. Alban's Church. Rev. Mr. Bogert, one of the chaplains of the society, preached an appropriate sermon. Hon. Mr. Fielding, who is president of the St. George's Society of Halifax, and Hon. Mr. Dobell were among those present.

The Speaker of the Senate and Mme. Pelletier gave an at home in their chambers in the Senate wing last evening. There was a large and fashionable attendance.

Charles Kurz, who got into a fight in one of the lumber camps on the Parry Sound Railway and had his skull crushed in by one of his assailants, died at the hospital here to-day.

DR. PETERS DECAPITATED.

The German African Commissioner Dismissed From the Service and Mulcted in the Costs.

Berlin, April 24.—(Special Cable Letter.)—The indictment of Dr. Peters, the German African Commissioner, whose trial on charges of ill-treating African natives has taken place in private, before the Disciplinary Court for German Protectorates, charged him firstly, with arbitrarily hanging a negro boy in 1881 and with hanging a girl in 1892; secondly, with unjustly making war upon Chief Malalia in November, 1891, and thirdly, with furnishing incorrect reports to the superior authorities.

Dr. Peters protested that he was not guilty and affirmed he believed he had the power of life or death over all the blacks on the station, except those who were members of the German colonial force. He admitted having undertaken extensive campaigns against his instructions, but, he contended, the situation was then dangerous, as an attack on the part of the Warongos was feared, and he claimed he was obliged to inflict the death penalty in order to save German prestige when the station house was broken into, because he had previously announced that the penalty of death would be the punishment for so doing, the question of sex being quite subordinate. Dr. Peters admitted he had flogged three negresses, but he denied he had executed his concubine for adultery, explaining that she was hanged for conspiracy with a native chief against the expedition.

Lieuts. Pachman and Jancke testified in support of Dr. Peters.

Dr. Peters was sentenced to-day to dismissal from the Imperial service and to pay the costs of the trial.

The principal innovation which Germany will propose at the international postal congress in Washington will be the raising of the letter weight from 15 to 20 grammes. This is supported by France and Belgium, they being the two main transit countries who would lose largely thereby, as the fees would not be increased with the increased weight and increased work. In fact, Germany proposes to remit entirely the transit fees hitherto paid to those countries. On the other hand, the proposals to raise postal money orders up to 1000 francs ($200) and to reduce the fees therefor, as well as to increase postal packages to 5 kilos are looked upon as certain to be accepted.

German emigration for the month of March has again diminished, being only 1938 persons, as compared with 3120 persons during March, 1896.

At the Surgical Congress, in session here, Prof. Marwedel of Heidelberg strongly recommended the general adoption of the American Murphy button in operations on the intestines and cited 97 successful cases in his own practice.

SEWED UP A MAN'S HEART.

A Wonderful Surgical Operation Which a German Doctor Claims to Have Performed.

Berlin, April 25.—At a meeting here of the surgical congress, Dr. Rehe of Frankfort reported a successful operation upon the human heart, the first case of the kind in the history of surgery. The account of the case as given by Dr. Rehe caused a sensation among the assembled savans, who listened eagerly as the doctor gave the details of the operation. Interest was added to the description by the introduction of the patient to the congress.

In telling of the case Dr. Rehe said that the man had ben stabbed in the heart. In the ordinary course his death would have been certain in a very short time. He was, however, hurriedly conveyed to the hospital, where Dr. Rehe was in attendance. The doctor had him at once taken to the operating room, where he laid bare the heart and found that there was a wound on the right side of the organ. He sewed up the orifice made by the stabber, and then applied general treatment for arresting the hemorrhage. The heart worked violently during the operation, but despite the commotion of the organ the patient made good progress and soon recovered.

THE EXPECTED HAS HAPPENED.

Duchess of York Presents Prince George With a Daughter and Britain With Another Princess.

London, April 25.—Her Royal Highness the Duchess of York was safely delivered of a daughter at York Cottage, Sandringham, at 3.30 this afternoon. Mother and child are both well.

Finances in New York.

New York, April 24.—The New York Financier says this week: The New York banks made heavy gains from the interior last week, and the clearing house statement issued April 24 shows an increase of $2,772,400 in cash holdings. Deposits expanded $5,925,600, which is the largest income reported for weeks past. The total deposits in fact have been exceeded only twice

Bank

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina, Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 75 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. He gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

"I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a very good medicine, especially as a blood purifier. It has done me good many times. For several years I suffered greatly with pains of

Neuralgia

in one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pills very much." ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

CECIL RHODES' GAME.

The Ex-Premier of Cape Colony Among His Friends.

He Likens His Conflict With President Kruger to a Game of Cards and Says He Played Fairly—The Delagoa Bay Demonstration and Mr. Chamberlain's Return to London Thought to Mean an Important Move of Some Sort—Talk of a German Intrigue With France and Russia Against Britain.

London, April 24.—A sudden revival of interest in the Transvaal is noticeable here. Lord Rosemead, the retiring Governor of Cape Colony and High Commissioner in British South Africa, has left Cape Town for England, and Cecil Rhodes is taking full advantage of his absence. Yesterday in a speech replying to an address welcoming him back to Cape Town Mr. Rhodes described his conflict with President Kruger of the Transvaal Republic as a game of cards that had been quite fairly played.

Sir Alfred Milner, the new Governor and British High Commissioner, who sailed from England a few days ago, has not arrived in Cape Town, and there is consequently nobody there to watch and control Mr. Rhodes.

The return of Mr. Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, to London yesterday from his Easter holidays, and the appearance of a British squadron in Delagoa Bay are associated with the South African complications. It is thought here, that Mr. Rhodes is prepared to resume his game of cards, playing his hand independently of the British Government.

SOME IMPORTANT MOVE.

Is Britain Making a Deal by Which to Secure Control of Mozambique?

London, April 24.—The sudden despatch of the Cape of Good Hope squadron of British warships to Delagoa Bay has created considerable excitement here. It is the general impression that Great Britain is preparing for some important move. According to one statement, the Government has learned that several German warships had been ordered to Delagoa Bay, and consequently it was determined to forestall the Germans. The Globe, however, believes the explanation is that Great Britain can possibly obtain full control of Mozambique under the Portuguese flag, in return for cancelling the large compensation which Portugal will be condemned to pay Great Britain as a result of the Delagoa award. Great Britain would thus administer Mozambique as she does Egypt, and the naval demonstration was intended to ward off the opposition of other powers.

The Times publishes an interesting article from a special correspondent, who sums up the situation in South Africa, saying:

"As seething a mass of unassimilated elements it would be hard to equal. In South Africa of the present day there is no rest. South Africa is more unsettled than at the beginning of last year."

A blue book, published to-day, contains a grave warning to the Transvaal in a despatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, to the British High Commissioner in South Africa, Lord Rosemead, dated March 6, in which, referring to the Transvaal alien immigration bill as a breach of the London convention, Mr. Chamberlain regrets that in spite of the repeated assurances of President Kruger of his respect for the convention, the British Government has so frequently been obliged to complain of infringement of the convention, or action of the Transvaal, calculated to lead to an infringement.

Intriguing Against Britain.

London, April 25.—The Times' correspondent at Paris has been informed that the object of Prince Hohenlohe's visit to M. Hanotaux, the French Foreign Minister, was to discuss the situation in the Transvaal, and to persuade France, and through her Russia, to support Germany in resisting Great Britain's imperious attitude towards the Boers, in exchange for Germany's support of France in the Eyptian question.

SERIOUS FLOOD AT MORRIS, MAN.

People Living in Barns and the Upper Storeys of Their Houses—Rowboats Have to be Used to Get About

Winnipeg, April 25.—(Special.)—The flood situation at Morris and settlements along Red River, between there and Winnipeg, is now reported to be very serious. The Red River has risen to a higher point than in 30 years, and the whole town of Morris is under water. The water is up to the tops of desks in the schools, and to the tops of store counters. People are living in barns and upper storeys of their houses, and can only move about in rowboats. The Manitoba Government sent a steamer from Winnipeg to relieve any distress that might exist, but the people were all found well supplied with provisions, though, of course, suffering many discomforts. The high water may last a couple of days longer, and then Winnipeg will get it. However, Winnipeg's location is high, and beyond the flooding of the electric power houses and putting the city in darkness, it can do little harm.

Evidence of It.

"Hallowe'en pranks are no modern invention," remarked Fosdick.

"How ancient are they?" asked Keedick.

"The Bible speaks about somebody who carried off the gates of Gaza."

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the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.

Canadian Branch, Bovril, Limited,
27 St. Peter St., Montreal.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

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BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

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Beauty to the teeth,
Fragrance to the breath,
And that rosy, healthful color to the gums.

O-d-o-r-o-m-a is pronounced expert chemists

THE Perfect Tooth Powder

The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable, if you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

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Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite.

50c. & $1 per Bottle

Be sure you get the genuine | DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. MONTREAL

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With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don' risk that by another kind—like newfangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P HUDSON, Agent.
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HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

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I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief. —J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

Price 25c. | Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd, Sole Proprietors, MONTREAL.

New Millinery,
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New Blouses,
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New Laces,

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PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

THE "INTELLIGENCER"

Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

TO purchase for cash and not to exceed $1,000, a small house and lot. Taylor's Hill preferred. Address F. W., care this office. d2t-26-28p

ROOMS WANTED—Suitable for a Dental Office. Send particulars to "Dentist," Drawer 1030, Belleville P.O. 1t

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

WANTED—A Clerk, male. Apply to W. C. MIKEL. 4-21d6t

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. [7]deodtf

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

I Have for sale a quantity of good hard wood and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of mill wood, at the CENTRAL WOOD YARD, west end of Footbridge. Office, third door west Footbridge. dtf EDWARD NEWMAN.

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

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FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

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RHEUMATISM
TAKE
Bristol's
SARSAPARILLA
IT IS
PROMPT
RELIABLE
AND NEVER FAILS.
IT WILL
MAKE
YOU WELL
Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it
BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

Daily Intelligencer.

CONFIRMATION SERVICES.

Bishop Hamilton Administers the Holy Rite to Over Sixty Candidates.

His Lordship Bishop Hamilton, of Ottawa, conducted Confirmation services in St. Thomas' church in the morning and at Christ Church in the evening and over sixty candidates received the holy rite.

AT ST THOMAS' CHURCH.

There was a large congregation at St. Thomas' church in the morning to take part in the solemn service. His Lordship addressed the candidates at some length on the duties and responsibilities they were assuming and gave them good advice for the guidance of their future lives.

Confirmation, he said, was not the commencement of their religious lives. Religion by some was considered a succession of feelings, but the Heavenly Father would never allow a matter so important to us all to depend upon conditions so uncertain. Some people could be moved to tears or ecstasies of joy by a few words, while others were sluggish and had not the same feelings. Let your common sense tell you when you have religion, he said. St Mark says, "I am the true vine and ye are the branches thereof." Spiritual life begins in Christ. The branches derived their life from the vine, so Christ imparted His life to us. In Baptism they were grafted to Christ, the true vine. By one spirit we were all baptised into one body. Many who had been baptised were not fruit for God and this was one of the greatest scandals of religion. When men were baptised they still retained all their human powers and it remained with them to follow God or resist Him. That explained why so many went astray. He urged the candidates to submit themselves fully to God. The step they were taking would not deprive them of the choice between good and evil. The choice they made would make all the difference in their future lives. God might influence them but he could not compel them to lead Christian lives. The ceremony of confirmation was the same to-day as it was 1800 years ago when the Apostles administered it in the cities of Judea. It might to some persons seem a strange way to convey a spiritual blessing—the laying on of man's hands—but God had ordered it and that to the believing man was quite sufficient. They did not need any deep emotions or strange feelings to make them holy.

His Lordship then proceed to confirm the twenty-seven candidates, who presented themselves at his feet. The service was most solemn and impressive. There were some mutes among the candidates, and His Lordship's remarks were interpreted to them by Mr. Campbell, of the D. and D. Institute.

AT CHRIST CHURCH.

It was a very large congregation that gathered in Christ Church last evening to witness the confirmation of the thirty-four candidates presented by Rev. C. J. Hutton, Rector of the church.

His Lordship, in his address to the candidates, dwelt at some length on the Anglican faith and pointed out to them what should rule and govern their faith. God told them to search the scriptures, but He did not mean that they should interpret them. Many people could not read What would become of them? To the fact that the people did not find out the same truths in the blessed book was due the numerous religious denominations of our day. The creeds do not contain opinions, but facts, and thus they were the true foundation of their faith. The confessions of faith drawn up after the Reformation have largely been forgotten, because they were simply opinions. There could be no room for difference between men on matters of faith, for God had told us what we should and should not do. He compared the dying hours of those whose faith was misty. Some ministers would ask the dying, "Do you feel that you are saved?" What a cruel mockery to modern Christians. Christ never bade ministers to go and mock the dying men and women by appealing to their feelings. The clergyman went to the dying with something more definite. He asked them, "Dost thou believe in God the Father, etc.," going through all the precious articles. They repeated the creeds in all their services as an act of faith, not as an act of memory. They should believe not only in God the Father, God the Son and God the Holy Ghost, but in the Holy Catholic Church, which was the body of Christ. He advised the candidates to exercise the greatest care in their future lives and not to grow discouraged, for they were not fighting the battle of life single handed. Many people in this province thought they could be transformed from a sinner to a saint in in a twinkling, but it could not be done. It took time. They must first leave off sin and then learn God's will. As with a child it took years to develop into perfection.

The singing of the choirs at both services was exceptionally good. His Lordship does not depend upon eloquence or flowery speech to create an impression, but presents his arguments in plain, unvarnished English that makes his discourse not only lucid, but refreshing.

Try ARTHUR McGIE
MERCHANT TAILOR, 300 Front St., Belleville, for your
Spring or Summer Suit.

A fine line of Pantings & Spring Overcoats.

—OUR MOTTO.—

Prices to suit the times and a guaranteed fit. Call and be convinced.

DETECTIVE MURDERED.

Shot by a Colored Tramp--The Murderer in Gaol.

Provincial Detectives Campeau and Mahoney followed a couple of tramps, who had robbed McConnell's grocery in Chatham, to Bell River. The suspects were in a railway car, and when Mr. Mahoney went in to arrest them Charles Brown, colored, shot him with a revolver, fatally wounding the officer. Detective Campeau fired and wounded Brown, and the two prisoners were taken to Chatham, where Mahoney's ante-mortem statement was taken this morning.

Keep Your Eyes

In good condition by wearing properly fitted glasses. When these are necessary, if in doubt, call on ALEX. RAY, Druggist and Optician.

Experience proves the merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

THE SCIENTIFIC WORLD

WONDERFUL PROGRESS.

How the Inventor Has Changed the Working Conditions.

It is difficult for the rising generation to realize the important influence of invention in the changed conditions of the present as compared with those of half a cetury ago. True, they can read of them all, but the picture presented by the record is not as vividly impressed upon the memory as is that upon the mind of the denizen who has passed the fifty-year mark in actual observation of the world's progress.

A correspondent of New Ideas whose whole life has been devoted to agriculture, writes very entertainingly on the subject in that branch of labor. He says: "My first recollections of farm labor were in raking long windrows of hay with the hand rake. My brother and myself decided that there could be an improvement—that we could make a horse do the work. The result of our 'inventive' faculties was a long scantling, with wooden teeth about two feet in length inserted in holes bored in one side of it, and two old plow handles fastened near the center and at right angles, for grasping to steer the 'machine,' when a horse was hitched to the front, and we were thus enabled to rake a swath ten feet wide as fast as the horse could walk. True, when the rake was full we had to stop and 'back up' the horse, draw the rake from under the windrow, and lift it over to commence another raking; but it was a great improvement over the slow and laborious hand-rake. Then came the wooden-framed, 'revolving' horse-rake, which 'emptied' itself by the follower merely raising the handle so that the points of the teeth in front caught the ground, and we thought that 'farming made easy' had arrived, sure enough.

"But the ubiquitous inventor was still at work. There were other fields to conquer, and before the advent of many more 'haying seasons' he entered the field with the steel-toothed sulky-rake, with a spring seat for the driver, and which automatically unloaded itself by operation of a clutch in the wheel hub by merely touching a latch with the foot, and with which even a ten-year-old girl could do the work of ten men using the old hand-rake. This indeed, seemed 'perfection perfected,' and we only wondered that there was not a fan attachmnt to keep the flies off.

"Now, even that paragon of progression has been relegated to the rear by a raker and loader, which is attached to the rear of the hay wagon, which rakes the ground clean and deposits the hay on the wagon all ready for the horse fork, which, with two or three 'grabs,' deposits the whole load in the barn or rick. The crack farm laborer of my day, who prided himself on being able to take the last rakeful off the 'cradle' as it was swung around with a rythmic 'swish' by the man who was cutting the grain, and thus 'keep up' with him in binding the sheaves, now stands aghast at the self-binding reaper, which throws the perfectly-bound sheaves away from its path, and greedily reaches for more with a nonchalance that is wonderful.

"The inventor, too, has taken a wonderful load off from the 'women folks.' Churning day used to be looked forward to with a sort of dread, especially in hot weather, as it was often so difficult to make the butter 'come' just right—probably from an imperfect knowledge of the temperature required, etc. Now my son takes all the milk to the creamery, where it is put into a centrifugal 'separator,' and the butter literally 'whipped' out of it in a few minutes; and instead of waiting for the butter-buyer to come along in the fall and run his steel tryer down to the bottom of the tubs and firkins before making an offer, we receive a regular monthly dividend from the creamery, which amounts to a little more than formerly, and all the work taken away from the house."

Our friend well illustrates a portion of what the inventor has done in his line of labor, and it is but the reflex of the steady advancement in methods in all lines of industry. While the subject is practically inexhaustible, the thought occurs that with so many mechanical aids brought to bear in the performance of what has heretofore been considered the most irksome classes of labor, that it leaves the young man or woman of to days so much more time for recreation and improvement, which, if properly utilized, can but result in enlarged comprehension and better realization of the responsibilities which, properly met, will fit them to perform justly, wisely and magnanimously all the offices of life, both public and private.

Simplicity in Fumigation.

Wood-alcohol lamps constitute a new invention for disinfection which has been adopted by the Boston Board of Health, and which not only do the work without causing all the inconvenience of sulphur, but also much quicker and better. The active agent is formaldehyde gas which is manufactured in a very simple stove or lamp. These wood-alcohol lamps, now in use in Boston, which is one of the first to adopt them, look like very simple contrivances. Each consists of three sections. The base looks like a large milk pan, and is made of tin. The second section is of sheet iron, about two feet long and twelve inches in diameter. This fits over the first section in much the same manner as a chimney is fitted to a stove. A few inches from one end of this second section is a fine wire screen to check the flame of the burning alcohol. About ten inches above this screen is a second screen, coarser than the first, and made of asgestos soaked in platinum. The action of the alcohol on this platinized asbestos produces the gas.

Under this new arrangement the officer arrives with his stoves or lamps as they are called, places them in position, touches a match to the alcohol, a quart of which does the work of six pounds of sulphur, and in about three hours the work is done in a quicker, safer, more economical and more thorough manner than was possible under the old system. The formaldehyde gas will penetrate the woodwork and the walls to an extent impossible with sulphur. It does no damage, however. It will not injure anything in the house except the germs which it is intended to kill. It has a slight effect on iron and steel, and on fabrics which are dyed a certain shade of violet or red. About thirty of these lamps are now in use by the Health Department. They have passed the experimental stage. They are pronounced entirely successful.

Among the Poultry

Have troughs in which to feed all soft feed.

If your hens lay soft-shelled eggs they need more lime.

The sitting hen now has the floor. Take care of her.

Is there not room for a flock of geese on your farm? Study the situation.

A warm feed for breakfast goes a long way in inducing hens to lay just now.

Keep the direct rays of the sun from shining through glass on the incubator. They are growing stronger every day now, and may suddenly run the temperature up and spoil a hatch.

Have Everything Bright.

Many farmers, when their fences have gone down, buildings need repairing, and everything on the place looks like a wreck, become disgusted and offer their farms for sale. Of course, such a place is not attractive, and, if it finds a buyer, will be sold at a discount. A few dollars expended for paint, whitewash, lumber and nails, would add hundreds to its value, and many times, after such a place is fixed up, courage returns to the would-be seller, and he finds his farm a pleasant enough place for him to stay.

To Carpenters.

We have a full line of
Bailey Iron Planes
Stanley Wood
Bottom Planes
Disston's Saws
Disston's Files
and other latest and best goods.
All new and fresh.

PRICES LOW. A call solicited.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.,
HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE.
STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Sunday afternoon was attended by upwards of one hundred.

Mr. Horne, who was introduced by Rev. R. Wallace, spoke for half an hour on mission work in China. Mr. Horne was dressed in native costume, pigtail and all, and showed a number of curios, which were very instructive.

Men and Women Agree

That corns are painful, not easily cured and quite useless. Men and women who have used Putnam's Corn Extractor testify that it is the best, acts without pain, and cures. Use Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor.

Wedded Saturday Night.

Gilbert Seams and Annie Premo were married Saturday evening by the Rev. Canon Burke.

—It is said the tariff debate will occupy a month.

—The report of the labor riot at Fort Erie race track is denied.

—Mr. James Beith has been appointed Collector of Customs at Bowmanville.

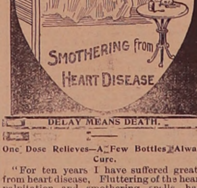
—Mr. A. D. Hardy, of Brantford, will succeed Judge Jones as County Judge of Brant.

—Mr. Charles Moss, Q. C., has been appointed a Judge of the Ontario Court of Appeal.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

—The Minister of Militia and Col. Kitson are reorganizing the Royal Military College at Kingston and reducing the fees.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray



DELAY MEANS DEATH.

One Dose Relieves—A Few Bottles Always Cure.

"For ten years I have suffered greatly from heart disease. Fluttering of the heart, palpitation and smothering spells have made my life miserable. When dropsy set in my physician said I must prepare my family for the worst. All this time I had seen Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure advertised. As a last resort I tried it, and think of my joy when I received great relief from one dose. One bottle cured my dropsy, and brought me out of bed, and five bottles have completely cured my heart. If you are troubled with any heart affection, and are in despair, as I was, use this remedy, for I know it will cure you."—Mrs. James Adams, Syracuse, N. Y.—Sold by R. Templeton.

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BABY'S OWN SOAP....

BEST INGREDIENTS MAKE IT GOOD.

BE SURE AND.....
GET THE GENUINE

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.
Montreal.

UNRESERVED AUCTION
—OF HIGH CLASS—
ANCIENT - AND - MODERN FURNITURE.
Tuesday, April 27,
1897, at 9:30 a.m.

TO wind up the Estate of H. CAROLINE WALLBRIDGE, I am instructed to sell the whole of the Furniture in the WHITE HOUSE, corner of Front and Dundas streets, comprising:

10 Solid Walnut Bed-room Sets.
1 Solid Oak Bed-room Set.
Drawing Room Furniture.
Dining Room Furniture.
2 Sideboards.
7 Chests of Drawers.
3 Solid Walnut Wardrobes.

and hundreds of other articles too numerous to mention.

J. G. DAVISON,
20d6tw1t Auctioneer.

N. B.—The White House property will also be offered for sale at 12 o'clock noon.

A. N. REID,
FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a
Bicycle Suit . . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞Call and be convinced.

POSTPONED.

STEAMER
"ALEXANDRIA"

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y.,
AND RETURN.

Announced for Friday, April 23, has (owing to delay in opening of St. Lawrence River Canals, been postponed ....until....

Friday, April 30th

FARE for Round - Trip - $1.50 FARE for Round - Trip -

Str. "VARUNA"
A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.

J. W. HEPBURN, Agent Picton.

The Mark . . .
of the Moth

Will soon make its appearance if you let him have his own way. Don't let him have his own way, use our

MOTH CAMPHOR.

Howard's English Camphor in 1 oz. cakes, Persian Insect Powder, or English Lavander Flowers.

A fresh supply of each just received at

McKeown's Drug Store

Cream Puffs,

Filled with Whipped Cream, fresh at 11 a. m. and 3 p.m

Price 20 cents per dozen.

ED. F. DICKENS.

CAMPHOR,
MOTH BALLS,
MOTH PAPER,
—FOR SALE AT—
THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

—Dr. Reid, of South Grenville, has given notice of a Bill in the House of Commons to regulate railway freight rates. He proposes the establishment of a commission.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.
THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

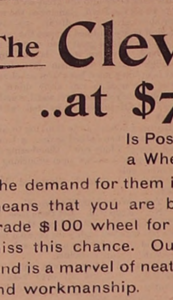
Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company



PRIESTLEY'S ...MASTERPIECE

The artist of the loom may have an ideal as well as the artist of the brush. Priestley's ideal was **the best**, and the masterpiece of his life is the new **EUDORA.** Soft—rich—firm—durable. Fitting easily—draping gracefully—extra width—extra weight—dust proof. Black only. Wrapped on "THE VARNISHED BOARD." Priestley's name stamped on every five yards.

Eudora The Ideal Dress Fabric

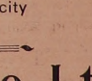
The Cleveland
..at $75.00..

Is Positively the best value for a Wheel in the market.

The demand for them is great. It just means that you are buying a high-grade $100 wheel for $75.00. Don't miss this chance. Our $100 Cleveland is a marvel of neatness, simplicity and workmanship.

The Foster Co. Ltd
Frank S Foster, Manager.

A fibre bath, followed by honest frictional brilliance. The life and glory of leather.



SLATER SHOE POLISH

Made to protect Slater Shoes

Black or colored leather. For Ladies, Gentlemens or Childrens Shoes.

HAINES & LOCKETT, SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Latest Magazines,
TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our - Tables. -
Flower's Bargain House,
378 FRONT STREET.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO TUESDAY, APRIL 27 1897. NO. 301

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel--70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Dress Goods.

Our Fancy Tweed effect Dress Goods at 24c, regular 30c yard goods, is unsurpassed. No bad shades, all the newest spring tints.

Plain and Fancy Lustres in plain and shot effects.

Plain all Wool Serges in all shades from 23c per yard.

Special Hard Twisted Serges suitable for Bicycle Suitings, in Greys, Fawns and Navys.

Dress Patterns.

In all the newest spring materials.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

A. O. U. W.
Y. M. C. A. Rooms.
R. T. of Temperance.
Court Dulmage, A O.F.
Canadian Order of Foresters.
Moira Encampment, I.O.O.F.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.

The Daily Intelligencer can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 27—Sir Mackenzie Bowell resigned the Premiership and Sir Charles Tupper called, 1896.
Macready, tragedian, died, 1873.
French army in Italy, 1859.
Andersonville prison opened, 1864.
Toronto taken, 1813.

THE WEATHER.

The temperature fell to the freezing point last night, but no harm was done to vegetation. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	40	Min	32
8 a. m	60	8 a. m	35
Noon	74	Noon	48

PROBABILITIES.

Fine; a little higher temperature; strong south and southwest winds, and warmer to-morrow.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.
QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

The Price of Prosperity
IS ADVERTISING IN THE
INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Stainless black cotton half hose, 2 pairs for 25c. at Harry's.

Ask Burrows for printed results of his Co'y's latest paid endowments.

All kinds of stand-up and turn-down collars, 2 for 25c., at Harry's.

The case of Stainton vs. Dalton was in progress before Judge Lazier this afternoon.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the Intelligencer. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

You can get all the modern plans. The best possible returns in a good Canadian Co., by insuring your life with Burrows.

We will place on our job tables this week some splendid values in Oxford shoes and button boots, you will find them all very low in pri e.—Vermilyea & Son.

While at pasture yesterday a horse owned by Mr. John Harris, gardener, West Belleville, had one of its eyes kicked out by another horse.

We have on the third floor of the Intelligencer Offic, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

All those interested in the study of Shakespeare are invited to meet Mr. W. Litty at 8 o'clock Monday evening, May 3rd, to arrange for a series of free lectures on Shakespere's dramas. 27-1

PERSONAL.

Ald. Falkiner is in Picton.

Judge Fraleck went to Kingston to-day.

Miss Essie Harris, Wickett st., is seriously ill.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell left for Ottawa to-day.

Drs. Gibson and Day left for Kingston at noon.

Miss Jennie Wright, of Tweed, is in the city.

Miss Addie Wolever returned to Stirling to-day.

Mrs. C. D. Macaulay's condition remains unchanged.

Miss Cora Fanning is progressing slowly toward recovery.

W. P. Hudson went to Ernesttown at 11:05 this morning.

Ald. J. A. Marshall is confined to his home through illness.

Mr. H. F. Ketcheson left to-day to return to Sau't Ste. Marie.

Mr. Wm. Keir, Q.C., will be Crown Prosecutor at the Assizes on May 10.

Mr. Thos. Walker, of Rawdon, ex-Warden of the County, was in the city to-day.

Capt. Mason, Adjutant of the 57th, has resigned and Lieut. Harold Archibald Morrow has been appointed to his place.

Mrs. J. H. Walker and her pretty little daughter have ended their visit with Mrs. Dougall and returned home to Toronto.

Mr. Wellington Boulter was yesterday elected Mayor of Picton, Ont., to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mayor Carter.

J. S. Jackson, Goderich; J. M. Sheak, J. Rosenbush, T. G. Lewis, Geo. Stockand, Wm. Cotter, Montreal; J. E. Halliwell, Stirling; M. J. Cockburn, London; Frank Ellis, Buffalo; C. S. Proctor, Herb. Bobinson, F. F. Cole, C. A. E. McHenry, J. H. S. Patterson, R. L. Brereton, Toronto, are at the Quinte.

Thos. Walker, Rawdon; Geo. S. Pitt, Auburn, Me.; Wm. Whittaker, North Williamsburgh; J. F. Gordon, Detroit; T. Coughlan, Hastings; W. Hodgins, E. J. Amey, Quebec; John Dalton, Jos. Stainton and G. E. Deroche, Deseronto; S. Westover, Foxboro; Alf. Gunyo, Brantford; J. P. McBride and W. W. Milbrook, Toronto; H. L. Hurlburt, Mitchen; Thos. Connor, Picton, are guests at the Anglo.

SENT FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

A Little Book That has Saved Dollars for Many a Family.

That useful little book issued by the makers of the celebrated Diamond Dyes, called "Successful Home Dyeing," has been a blessing to thousands of families. It has drawn attention to the fact that scores of dollars are wasted every year in an ordinary family by throwing away and discarding soiled, faded and half-worn wearing apparel.

This book shows how dresses, jackets, capes, shawls, coats, vests and pants can be renewed in color so that they are made as good as new by the use of Diamond Dyes.

You need this book as well as other women. Remember it is sent post free to your address. No other manufacturers of dyes in the world give the people such important information from time to time.

Amusement Notes.

R. WATKIN MILLS.

Mr. Mills' engagements are fast filling up, and he will be kept pretty busy until his return to England. He sings as follows:—April 13th, Cincinati, Ohio. April 15th, Columbus, Ohio. April 16th, Washington, D.C. April 18th, Boston, Mass. April 20th, Brockville, Ont. April 21st, Peterborough, Ont. April 22nd, Ottawa, Ont. April 23rd, Montreal, Que. April 27th, Quebec, Que. April 30th, Dayton, Ohio. May 3rd, Belleville, Ont. May 4th, Toronto, Ont. May 5th, Kingston, Ont.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

OBITUARY.

MRS. T. O. BOLGER.

This morning, at 8:30, says the Kingston News of yesterday, Mrs. Bolger, wife of Mr. T. O. Bolger, City Engineer, passed away after three days' illness. The many friends of the deceased were greatly shocked to hear of her sudden death, for up till last Friday night she was apparently enjoying the best of health and spirits.

Mrs. Bolger was born in Lanoraie, a little village in the Province of Quebec, about 49 years ago. Her maiden name was Cordelia Caisse. Twentyty six years ago she was united in marriage to Mr. T. Bolger, civil engineer. Six children were the result of this happy union. The eldest, Miss Cora, who was a novice in the Ursuline convent, Quebec, preceded her mother to the grave about five months ago. The five remaining children are Miss May and Miss Olive; and Arthur, Oliver and Edmond. About twelve years ago she took up her residence in Kingston, where her husband was appointed City Engineer, and by her genial disposition she made a large circle of friends. Although she has always suffered from throat affection, she was very bright and cheerful, and never seemed to be happier than when she was surrounded by a number of young friends. Mrs. Bolger was a devout member of St. Mary's congregation, and took a deep interest in the charitable works in connection with that church. On Friday night she was attacked by a stroke of apoplexy, and, notwithstanding all the medical skill and good nursing she received, she passed away peacefully this morning, without having regained consciousness. Mr. Bolger and his family have the sympathy of the community in their sorrow." Mr. and Mrs. Bolger lived for several years in this city, where they were highly respected.

MRS. JOHN A. M. GILBERT.

Rebecca, wife of Mr. John A. M. Gilbert, Marshall Road, died yesterday. Deceased, whose maiden name was VanHorn, was born in Sophiasburg township, Prince Edward, in 1827, and was consequently 70 years of age. She was married to Mr. Gilbert in 1847 and they soon after removed to Sidney. Her husband, one son and one daughter—N. Gilbert, barrister, Picton, and Mrs. Alex. Robertson, Thurlow--survive her. Deceased was a Methodist and a letter very highly respected. The funeral takes place on Wednesday at 2 p.m.

Boys' $2 Suits.

Good respectable suits, well made and good wearing, for boys 4 to 11 years of age, at the Oak Hall for $2. Any style you want, regular coat or blouse, pants all lined and coat well trimmed. Our boys' low priced suits for spring are something over which we are very proud, and we are sure will meet with the approval of our trade.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The basket ball match between the Sun and Intelligencer comes off to-night in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium at 8 o'clock. The Druggists and Dentists also play a game. One of the members will give an exhibition of club swinging. Chairs for ladies.

S. O. E. Excursion.

Mr. C. S. Proctor, Travelling Passenger Agent of the G.T.Ry., was in the city to-day to arrange with the Sons of England for their annual excursion. The final announcement will be made in a day or two.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

—The condition of the wounded man, Detective Mahoney, at Chatham, is very low, and his physicians give no hope for his recovery.

Miller's Compound Iron Pills cure St. Vitus Dance. 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

—The body of Edmond Pelletier, who was drowned in Lake St. Louis, Quebec, in November last, was found floating in the river near Boucherville.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—With reference to the Hundredth Regiment repatriation proposal, it is learned that the Queen favors the idea of the corps being sent to Canada.

—A Scotchman named A. G. McKenzie was found dead in his bed in a hotel in Lindsay, Ont., yesterday. No inquest will be held, as death was due to natural causes.

—Floods continue to do much damage in Quebec, many houses being inundated at Murray Bay and a hundred thousand logs being set adrift at River Etchemin.

—Dean John Raymond French, vice-chancellor of Syracuse University, died yesterday, at the age of seventy-two. He was regarded as one of the best mathematicians in the world.

—The case against Lieut. Eloff, the grandson of President Kruger, who was charged with slandering the Queen, has been dismissed on the ground that the evidence was conflicting.

—Mr. N. C. Ford, Town Clerk of Simcoe, Ont., one of the oldest residents of that town, died yesterday, aged 86. In 1892 Mr. Ford was the Conservative candidate in Norfolk against Mr. Blake, but was defeated.

—Mr. Justin McCarthy, until lately the heart of the Irish Parliamentary party, is dying, and his family have been summoned to his bedside. Mr. McCarthy was born at Cork, and is sixty-seven years of age.

—Ephriam Convoy, who is confined in Woodstock gaol awaiting trial on the charge of murdering the lad George Frost at Princeton, is failing in health and it is doubtful if he will live until September, when his trial takes place.

—Mrs. Johnson, of Hamilton, sued the T., H. & B. Railway for damages for the death of her husband, and was awarded $1,500, her infant daughter $500 and $300 costs. Mrs. Facer, in an action against the same road for the death of her husband, was awarded $1,500 damages and $300 costs.

Peterborough, Oct. 22, 1896.
To Messrs Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.
Gentlemen,—I take great pleasure in testifying to the merits of Dr. Chase's K. & L. Pills. They prove themselves to be just what they are recommended for and are one of the best selling pills that I have ever handled.
- J. D. TULLY, Druggist.

PARSONS PLEADS GUILTY.

Judgment Suspended Till Thursday--An Affecting Scene.

The trial of Thomas Parsons on several charges of house breaking and theft came on before Judge Lazier this morning. According to expectations Parsons pleaded "guilty" to the charges of entering Paterson & Sons' confectionery store and taking money and cigars therefrom and also of entering the store of E. D. Gough and stealing a large quantity of clothing, gloves and other articles.

The prisoner's wife and eight children, the eldest of whom is not more than fifteen years old, were in court, and several persons in the audience were deeply affected by the sad spectacle presented by the infants. They were all cleanly clad. When their father was led into court the children burst into tears and the prisoner was deeply moved.

County Crown Attorney Anderson, appearing for the prosecution, said his sympathies were with the accused and his children, but he had a public duty to perform, and he asked His Honor to pass such a sentence upon the prisoner as would act as a deterrent in future.

Mr. Lyons, on behalf of the prisoner, presented four letters for His Honor's perusal, and said he thought a suspended sentence would be sufficient to keep the prisoner in bounds in future. He had voluntarily acknowledged his fault, made restitution of the goods taken and now wanted to live a better life. He appealed to His Honor on behalf of the little children, who would suffer if the support of the father was taken from them.

Judge Lazier reserved sentence till Thursday.

Keep Your Eyes

In good condition by wearing properly fitted glasses. When these are necessary, if in doubt, call on Alex. Ray, Druggist and Optician.

Regimental Order.

Following is a copy of the regimental order issued by the commanding officer of the 15th battalion regarding the death of Lieut.-Col. Brown:

The Commanding Officer desires on behalf of the Officers, N. C. O. and men of the 15th Batt. A.L.I., to express and record the sincere and universal regret of all ranks at the death of Lieut.-Col Brown, Commanding Officer of our sister corps the 49th Hastings Rifles.

His faithful and veteran services in command of his regiment since its organization in September 1866, are almost unequalled by any commanding officer in Canada, and his personal worth, constant care for the welfare of his corps and unfailing courtesy have endeared him to all his comrades in arms, young and old, of all branches of the service.

As a token of respect to his memory and in recognition of "duty well done" in this city and district, the Battalion will furnish an escort for the funeral, to parade in review order at the Drill Shed at 1:30 p.m. Monday, the 26th April, at which it is expected that all Officers, N. C. Os. and Men will as far as possible attend.

By order,
(Sgd.) T. W. R McRae,
Lieut.,
Acting Ajt. 15th Batt., A L.I.

O. S. Doan, of Clinton, says not to go on suffering as he did for years with Salt Rheum, when a few boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment will cure you. Dr. Chase's Ointment cured Hiram Frey, of Norwood, after suffering ten years with Eczema on the leg. Chase's Ointment also cured his little girl of Eczema on her face.

Y. P. S. of C. E. Social.

The Young People's Society of John st. Church gave a social last evening, which proved very interesting to those present. Mr. J. R. Herdman occupied the chair. Mrs. Howe and Msss Tourgis gave piano solos; Miss Bonar and Mr. Munro sang a duet; Miss Herdman contributed a recitation; Miss Lang and Miss M. Sutherland also sang a duet; papers were read by Miss Fleming and Mr. John Cook; Miss Malloy gave a reading, and Rev. T. J. Thompson an address. The rest of the evening was spent in questions and answers taken from either side of an ordinary cent, and this part of the programme proved very amusing. Refreshments were served during the evening, and the affair was brought to a close shortly after ten o'clock.

A Gentle Reminder.

You may not need an umbrella to-day but you might to-morrow; it will pay you to save money while the sun shines by buying one of Harry's $1.00 umbrellas.

Consecration Service.

The Epworth League of Bridge st. Church held its monthly consecration service last evening with a fair attendance. Part of the hour was given up to a report of the recent convention in Madoc by the Secretary. This was attentively listened to and a cordial vote of thanked passed at the close.

Mr. D. H. Lent, the popular temperance lecturer, will deliver two lectures, illustrated by stereopticon views, in the S.S. rooms this week, Tuesday and Thursday evenings. Silver collection.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

Sport Has Been Found.

Chief Newton's faithful dog Sport was found this morning in the County Crown Attorney's room at the Court House, where he was left on Friday morning last. He looked some the worse for his enforced fast, but when released he made a lively hustle for home.

Experience proves the merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

ODDFELLOWS' CONCERT.

An Excellent Programme--An Enjoyable Hop Concludes the Affair.

The Oddfellows of this city united last evening in holding a concert and social hop in the hall of Belleville Lodge No. 81, and the affair was a great success. The attendance was large and thoroughly appreciated the efforts of the committee in charge. The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted to the entertainment of Grand Lodge in August next. Rev. A. L. Geen occupied the chair and briefly stated the object of the entertainment. Following was the programme:

Selection............Chalaupka's Orchestra
Selection.."The Bridge". Double Quartette
Solo........"Only Me"........Miss Gibson
Recitation...."For Country's Sake"......[Miss Kenyon
Song.."Hold Your Head up Like a Man"..[Mr. Fax
Piano Solo.................Miss Cunnington
Selection........"The Anvil Chorus"......[Double Quartette
Recitation......"The Sheriff's Mistake"....[Miss Gibson
Solo......"Love Hail a Little Maid"......[Master Cunnington
Song...."Since McCarthy Changed the Number on the Door"............Mr. Fax

Most of the numbers were encored, making altogether quite a lengthy programme. The Chairman briefly thanked those who had contributed to the programme. The floor was then cleared and dancing was enjoyed till after midnight.

What Haines & Lockett Say.

We are putting new stock into the Coleman store, where we have had our sale, and shall try and make the place as comfortable and attractive as possible while our own place 's rebuilding. What damaged stock there is left will be sold at very low prices till all is sold out. Meantime new lines of seasonable shoes are arriving daily—Haines & Lockett.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

Government Assay Office.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

Dear Sir,—Your readers were informed some weeks since that the Ontario Government had made an appropriation for the establishing of a Government assay office in Belleville. They would also like to know through whose fault it is that no move has been made on the part of the City towards carrying out the project. Or is the question of location or other interests to frustrate the whole matter? It would seem to a business man that valuable time is being lost, and the quicker a move is made the better.

The gentlemen who composed the delegation to Toronto have done their part in trying and succeeding in getting the necessary appropriation, and it only remains for the city to do its share. Would you allow me to make one or two suggestions? First, we have a capable assayer and a man whose reputation would influence capital. Where is he to come from? My answer is from one of the large laboratories in London. The salary for such a man should be a secondary consideration for the important and responsible position. The location of the office should be central, and on one of the business streets of the city, and in no way connected with City buildings or other business. As one of the delegates to Toronto, I would be very sorry to see a miserly spirit manifested in furnishing suitable quarters, or, if necessary, granting a sum that would do credit to the city and to the office.

Yours truly,
Heavy Taxpayer.

[Ed. Note.—Our correspondent is right in urging action in the matter of an assay office; but do the City Fathers know the terms upon which the appropriation was made? If so, we doubt not they will act promptly.]

Men and Women Agree

That corns are painful, not easily cured and quite useless. Men and women who have used Putnam's Corn Extractor testify that it is the best, acts without pain, and cures. Use Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor.

Police Notes.

Frank Simon, St. Charles street, reports having a stray collie pup at his place.

Four sought protection last night.

A telephone message was received to send an officer to George st. to arrest a tramp who was begging there yesterday.

A Mrs. Shultz had a small boy in court this morning charged with using insulting language towards her. The Magistrate lectured the culprit and allowed him to depart.

Mrs. S. James, Seaforth, suffered for years with what is called Old People's Rash. She was treated by many physicians without any result. Mr. Fear, the local druggist, recommended Dr. Chase's Ointment, which relieved the irritation at once, and speedily effected a permanent cure of the skin eruption. Mrs. James also says Dr. Chase's Ointment cured her of itching piles, which she had been troubled with for years.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

Returns of traffic earnings from April 14 to April 21, 1897:

1897	$366,000
1896	335,000
Increase	$ 31,000

Grand Trunk Railway.

Earnings from 14th to 21st April, 1897:

1897	$348,265
1896	341,486
Increase	$6,779

—The bye-elections in Winnipeg and Macdonald take place to-day.

Many a Young Man.

When from over-work, possibly assisted by an inherited weakness, the health fails and rest of medical treatment must be restored to, then no medicine can be employed with the same beneficial results as Scott's Emulsion.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only--MONDAY, May 3rd.

R. Watkin-Mills,
ENGLAND'S BARITONE.

George Fox,
CANADA'S VIOLIN VIRTUOSO.

A subscription list will be opened at Riggs' Music store on Monday morning, April 26, at 10 a.m. Subscribers to have first choice of seats.

PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
W. S. JONES, director and accompanist.

Under eminent scientific control.

"APENTA"

The Best Natural Aperient Water.

Relieves the kidneys, unloads the liver, and opens the bowels.

New Styles.

The Very Lat st Styles

Now showing in Ladies' Cuffs and Collars, Blouses, Blouse Sets, Silk Gloves, Kid Gloves, Chiffons, Braids, Parasols, Ladies' Ties, Summer Hosiery, etc., etc.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

APRIL SHOWERS
BRING
MAY FLOWERS.

....They also bring a ready sale for our....

Ladies' Umbrellas ∴

We can help you in making a selection. See our Fancy Handles.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

WALL PAPER LOGIC.

It is the Natural Supposition

—that a customer for Wall Paper or Draperies, is more anxious to make a selection that will prove DECORATIVE than to save a few cents a roll or yard as the case may be.

If the article of barter is a household necessity such as a wash-tub, the principle of the thing is manifestly different.

Such an article a family must have, but no one cares what it looks like so that it does not leak and a woman is wise in going where she can save on its cost.

In any branch of the decorative field, however, a premium should be placed on unusual artistic excellence; surely, then, the brains that evolved a "stunning" pattern, and the labor and experimenting represented in producing an odd shade of color, have a value in dollars and cents as well as the ingredients that go to make up the paper upon which these smart effects are printed.

C. B. Scantlebury.

Sandwich Cakes

at 10c each. These are not the ordinary sandwiches made of a sponge mixture, but a nice little two layer cake of butter mixture and nicely iced in various colors and flavors; will keep nice and fresh for several days.

ONLY 10c EACH.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
CASH STRICTLY.

Hats on Hand.

We should say so. Hats in variety and kind that give us easy leadership in the Hat business of Belleville. Hats that are standard—Hats for the grave or gay—Clerical Hats—Business Men's Hats—Young Men's Hats.

Ask for "OUR SPECIAL" in Stiff Hats—The Jarman and Wakefield Special—the latest shapes, unparalleled value at $2.25—a first-class Hat.

J. BRASIER,
The Leading Hatter.

The Seed

That gives best satisfaction and yields best results is to be found at ......

R. TEMPLETON & CO'Y'S.

Just have a look before buying elsewhere.

'Phone 219 J. Owen

Prices to Suit the Times.

Try our Tinsmith on stove repairs. Stoves taken down on the shortest notice.

PLUMBING AND GAS-FITTING.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

BEFORE BUYING
READY-MADE CLOTHING
INSPECT OUR STOCK.

Boys' 2-piece Suits....$2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50.
Boys' 3-piece Suits....$3.50, $4 [illegible], $6.00.
Youths' 3-piece Suits........$4.50, $5.00, $5.50, $6.00.
Men's Blue Serge Suits...$4.00 and $5.00
Men's Halifax Tweed Suits..........$5.00
Men's All Wool Tweed Suits..$6.00, $7.50
Men's Black and Navy Irish Serge Suits, $9.50 and $10.00.
Men's Black Venetian Coats and Vests, All Wool, Special..........$10.00
Men's Fine French Worsted Pants..$4.00
Men's All Wool Tweed Pants at $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.25.
Men's Overalls and Smocks, per suit, $1.00 and $1.50.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.
Men's Outfitter.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

We have just received, direct from the makers in Switzerland, a fine lot of Swiss Lace Curtains and Sash Nets, Window Shade Laces and Fringes.

Our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Furniture Coverings, etc., is very complete, and the prices will be found lower than any other house in Belleville.

Have just put into stock a beautiful lot of American Picture Mouldings, and some very pretty pictures suitable for studies or framing.

Do not be afraid to come in and look at our goods, even if you are not out to buy.

T. P. BROWN'S
Opposite Bank of Commerce.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. Tugnett proprietor. dtf

A Graduate o Toronto University says "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy which always effects a cure

You have tried
"77" for Grip and Colds
Now try
"10" for Dyspepsia.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25cts., 50cts. or $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John sts., New York.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.

Going East.	(Arrive.)
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

FURTHER TARIFF COMMENTS.

The failure of our Liberal rulers to embody in the tariff the principles which they proposed whilst in Opposition is so apparent that, although the minor organs have shouted a loud chorus in praise of all that the Government has done, the Globe has felt it necessary to attempt excuses for some of the most glaring offences against the professions of its party. In its issue of Saturday last the chief organ said "The duty on coal oil is reduced from 6 to 5 cents." As, however, in view of the old-time shouting of the Liberal party, an explanation as to the diminutiveness of this tiny mouse which the Grit mountain of denunciation had brought forth was necessary, the Globe returned to the subject in its issue of Monday, in which it said:

> As to coal oil, the truth is that it was felt, and the conclusion was reached with profound reluctance, that the industry could not survive a greater cut, particularly as it is argued that the new regulations make the cut of one cent equal to three cents The Government felt that to go further would be to destroy Petrolea and its industries, and that this was a responsibility that could not be lightly assumed. We have fostered these industries on a protectionist basis under Liberal and Conservative Governments, and it is hard and even perilous to summarily force a business so established down to a free trade level, and especially so in the teeth of the great Standard Oil monopoly.

Nothing could better exemplify the reckless mendacity and unprincipled humbug of the Liberal party than this very question of coal oil. As a sample of their utterances on the subject we give the following from the Hamilton Times of October, 1895:

> The tariff is not a tax, so the Tory papers tell us. A Buffalo gentleman, formerly a resident of Hamilton, told the writer yesterday that he could buy a single gallon of the best American coal oil in Buffalo for 8 cents, or have his 5-gallon can filled for 25 cents. In Hamilton the cost of 5 gallons of the same oil is $1.50. Allowing for the difference between the wine gallon and the Imperial gallon, what costs $1.50 in Hamilton costs 42 cents in Buffalo. The tariff is only about 257 per cent. of a tax.

And, in face of such denunciations of the coal oil duty as the foregoing, the Liberals have reduced the duty by 1c per gallon—equal to about 20c per head for every family who consume the articles—provided the trade do not pocket the cent! Another case of "great cry and little wool."

The facts in regard to this industry were as fully known to the Liberal leaders during the period of their condemnation of the duty as they are to-day; but they did not modify their denunciations of the duty until they were forced to deal with the matter. Such deception cannot but meet with the severest reprobation from the public who were thus humbugged.

Next as to coal: Mr. Laurier, Sir Richard Cartwright, Mr. Fielding and other leading gentlemen and the chief organs of the Liberal party united—when in Opposition—in declaring that if and when they came into office raw materials would be made free, and that coal was one of the most important of the raw materials, being a necessity to every manufacturer. What have they done with regard to coal, such as is used by manufacturers, in their tariff? The Globe, in its issue of Saturday, sorrowfully tells us that "Bituminous coal remains at the old duty of 60 cents, but "will be reduced to 40 if the American "duty is placed at that figure. On the "other hand, a duty on anthracite is announced to follow if the American duty "on bituminous remains at 40 cents." And our contemporary mildly rebukes its friends for adopting the Tory impost, and "going it one better," by saying that "except as "a means of inducing our neighbors to reduce their duties, there seems to be no "justification for enhancing the price of "soft coal, which is one of the bases of "manufacturing industry, or of hard coal, "which is a domestic necessity."

Evidently seeing the pitiful weakness alike of the position of its friends and of its own attempted excuse for their conduct, the Globe, as in the case of coal oil, returns to the subject in its Monday's issue and extends its comments as follows:

> The features of the tariff that will excite most criticism and give the least satisfaction to Liberals are the coal and oil duties. There is no doubt that the American coal owners and the American politicians felt that they would have the free run of the Canadian market no matter what measures Congress might take to exclude the coal of Nova Scotia from New England. The coal industry of Nova Scotia was threatened with exclusion from the American market, just as it was deprived of its measure of protection under the Canadian tariff. It is likely that the Nova Scotia coal producers and their workmen were fearful of the effects of the double blow and that it was sought to stay the hand of Congress. As a result of the warning from Canada the agents of the American coal producers are now lobbying at Washington against increase of the coal taxes, and meetings of miners have passed resolutions against the threatened increase of duties under the Dingley Bill. This lobby may be effective, Nova Scotia coal may not be robbed of the foothold it has gained in New England and we may not find it necessary to carry out the threat to reimpose and increase the coal duties. Whether or not it was wise to issue this warning it is not necessary now to discuss. At least it was uttered in the hope of winning fair play for an important Canadian industry, and, anxious as we are for cheap coal for the factories and homes of Ontario, there is probably nothing to do but give effect to the warning if it is disregarded at Washington.

A more transparent piece of inconsistency—a more easily apparent attempt to deceive—it is hardly possible to imagine. The Globe is an ardent advocate of free trade, the foundation of which system is the assertion that the consumer pays the duty. How, then, in the name of all that is sensible, could the United States Government or coal merchants be influenced by Canada's imposition of a duty on their coal if Canadians themselves pay that duty? The Globe must find a more plausible excuse than this—it must either wear a longer coat or steal a shorter codfish.

The Globe also tells us that "on certain "cotton goods there are increases, the "reason for which is not clearly explained." Which, for a party that has been howling against the duties on cottons as too high and as having caused "combines," is not so bad.

In future issues comments will be made on other branches of the subject.

THE COMMON YANKEE VIEW.

The following we clip from the American Cultivator, printed in Boston. It is an average view taken by United States people:

> Shades of American patriots! Think for the moment of a horde of Canadian lobbyists, from the Dominion Government official down to the captain of a towboat, swarming in Washington with the avowed purpose of influencing an American Congress in the matter of our lumber tariff! Do these Canadians suppose our senators will turn traitor to the interests of American labor and capital; to the interests of American prosperity, at their behest? They want reciprocity, which, from their standpoint, means a free exchange of Canadian lumber, logs, farm products, codfish and lobsters for American gold. We cannot prosper through reciprocity in the products of the farm, the sea and the forest, with which we are already bountifully supplied. Canada, being a British Colony, cannot even make a reciprocity treaty. The Imperial Government alone can negotiate treaties. Suppose a small army of Americans, headed by two or three Cabinet Ministers, embracing representatives in Congress, lumbermen, land owners, commission men, should besiege the British Parliament in London to legislate in our behalf on lumber and fish and coal. We would be the laughing stock of the world. We do not believe John Bull would take kindly to a lobby of foreigners.

Canada requires no "American gold." Our country, the best under the Sun, is one mass of gold and other valuable minerals, and we can do very well without playing in Uncle Sam's back yard at Washington or elsewhere. Why! Mr. Boston American Cultivator, we are the happiest, most contented, and by far the most prosperous people (as a whole) on the North American Continent, and can live and thrive very well indeed, in spite of your Dingley tariff and Alien Labor Law. Notwithstanding which Canada is prepared to deal with the United States or any other country upon fair and equitable terms. We hope that the practice of dancing attendance at Washington has ceased for the future.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

BAD MAN AND WOMAN.

They Were Guilty of One of the Meanest Crimes Known to the Law—The Woman Was From Berlin, Ont.

Buffalo, April 26.—Henry Lockman, alias Edward Mack, and wife were sentenced to-day to four years ten months and three years respectively in Auburn, N. Y., State Prison for abducting two girls of tender years for immoral purposes, and living upon the profits of their shame. When arraigned, Mrs. Mack said her real name was Mary Elizabeth Lockman, that she was 23 years old and a native of Berlin, Ont. She had been religiously educated in the Presbyterian church at that town. Edward Mack said he was born in Cincinnati. The judge severely rebuked both in pronouncing sentence.

He Got Better.

It was a sad scene. The old man lay on the bed, and by him sat the faithful wife, holding his worn hand in hers and forcing back the tears to greet his wondering look with a smile. She spoke words of comfort and of hope, but he felt the cold hand falling on him, and he turned his weary eyes up to her pale, worn face

"Jeannie, dear wife, I am going."

"Oh, no, John, not yet, not yet."

"Yes, dear wife," and he closed his eyes, "the end is near. The world—the world grows dark around me, gathering thicker and thicker, and I seem to hear sweet music."

"No, no, dear John; that's the brass band in the street."

"What?" said the dying man. "Have those scoundrels dared to come round here when they know I am dying? Give me my bootjack; I'll soon let 'em see!" and in a towering rage the old man jumped from his bed, and before his wife could think he had opened the window and had shied the bootjack at the band. "I've hit that Dutch leader, anyway," said he, and went back to bed and got better.

If we told you that your baby was starving, that it actually didn't get enough to eat, you might resent it. And yet there are thousands of babies who never get the fat they should in their food or who are not able to digest the fat that they do get. Fat is a necessity to your baby. It is baby life and baby beauty. A few drops of Scott's Emulsion for all little ones one, two and three years of age is better than cream for them. They thrive and grow on it.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

DR. CHASE'S
CURES
ITCHING PILES, ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM
OINTMENT

D. S. Doan, of Clinton, says: "DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT will cure Salt Rheum when all else has failed; believe what I say and try it. Don't go on suffering for years as I did."

DR. CHASE'S
I suffered with piles for years. Chase's Ointment completely cured me. Mrs. Jno. Gerrie, Fergus.
OINTMENT

Mrs. F. Pearson, Inglewood, Ont., says: "My baby, five months old, had eczema very badly on his face and head. I procured two boxes of the Ointment and when they had been used all signs of the disease had disappeared."

DR. CHASE'S
Edmanson, Bates & Co.
PRICE 60c.
45 Lombard St., Toronto
OINTMENT

THE BATTLE OF MATI

A Fierce Artillery Battle Opened the Engagement.

Turks at First Repulsed, But After Midday They Rallied and a Most Stubborn Fight Continued Until Nightfall, the Ottoman Troops Gaining Ground Slowly—Four Desperate Attacks on the Greek Position—Turkish Reports Say the Greek Retreat From Larissa Was Disorderly—Latest Reports From the Scene of Conflict.

Headquarters of the Greek Army, Larissa, April 26.—(Night, delayed in transmission.)—The development of the Greek position in front of Tyrnavo continues. Col. Audononitz, with a brigade of the second division, arrived from the west yesterday evening and took up a position south of Deliler, with the right wing, which is now 8000 strong and commanded by General Mavro Michaelis. The left wing is under the command of General Matropas, and is composed of 5000 infantry and six batteries of artillery, 36 guns. It occupies a position from the Mati road to Deliler. On the extreme right is the cavalry brigade, composed of five squadrons. The plan of the Greek commander is evidently not to press attacks until reinforcements arrive from Athens.

The Turks have no less than 9000 infantry, three squadrons of cavalry and 22 guns.

During Thursday night a battalion of Evzones was entrenched on a hill in the centre of the Greek position, and the whole of the Greek line has been advanced. The foreign legion was held in reserve.

From dawn until 10 o'clock a fierce artillery battle raged, and then a battalion of Greek infantry and a mountain battery open from the left of Mati on the Turkish line along the ridge above Mati and the mouth of the pass. The Turks retired under a galling fire, and for a time the Turkish artillery poured in shells, but they were harmless, bursting too high.

At mid-day firing ceased until 1 o'clock, when the Turks made a furious assault upon the Greeks with three battalions of infantry, supported by two batteries of artillery, pushing forward from Gritzovali toward Kutavi, which was held by Mavro Michaelis' infantry and the mountain batteries. The latter poured a hot fire on the advancing Turks, while both attacking and defending infantry engaged in rapid fire.

Then the Turks again tried shells, but without avail. Reinforcements soon came to the aid of the Greeks and the engagement was continued until nightfall, the Greeks stubbornly contesting the Turkish advance, though the Turks succeeded in gaining two kilometres during the course of the day.

Although four desperate attacks were made upon the Greek left by the Turkish batteries, the Greek cannon thundered fast and furious, while the Greek infantry, extended on the mountain side, poured rapid volleys into the Turkish lines, repelled each advance, and at nightfall the Greek left had gained ground.

It Was a Disorderly Retreat.

London, April 26.—A special despatch from the headquarters of the Turkish army, near Tyrnavo, Thessaly, published to-day, says: "I have just received from Edhem Pasha confirmation of the disorderly retreat of the Greeks. Seated in a captured Greek tent he said to me in French:

"'It is finished. No one, however, understands why the Greeks abandoned a position naturally strong and well fortified.'

"Edhem Pasha believed the Turks would have speedily crushed the Greeks, but it is said that the Greek commander was warned of the arrival of the Turks by a priest, belonging to a Greek village, who heard the Albanian soldiers singing. The Greeks fled southward, destroying bridges and leaving vast quantities of stores of barley, maize and sardines, and, above all, brandy. A Turkish officer jokingly remarked to me: 'The Greek officers must live on brandy.'

"At Tyrnavo the shops were found to be empty and the population had entirely disappeared.

"Edhem Pasha is maintaining strict order, has posted sentinels at the doors of all the churches, and all the prisoners are treated humanely."

Many a buisness man who is envied by his associates and acquaintances as a "lucky fellow" stands but a step from the grave. He has purchased success at the cost of health. For every step forward in wealth he has taken two backward in health. Now that he has almost achieved his ambition as a money-getter, he is standing on the verge of his grave. Just one more big business strain—just one more step backward in health—and he will step into his grave. No man has the right to gain money at the expense of health. He owes something to wife and children—something to himself. He may have health easily.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes men and women strong and well. It wards off disease. It makes pure blood, solid flesh, and strong nerves. When the arteries are filled with rich, pure blood, a man doesn't easily break down or get sick. He can stand almost any amount of work or strain. The "Golden Medical Discovery" corrects the all-embracing disorders that cause all manner of disease. It corrects disorders of the digestion, irregularities of the bowels, and impure blood. Druggists sell it.

"I was afflicted with pimples and boils, and running sores on face and neck," writes Robert S. Wert, of No. 615 Galloway Ave., Columbus, Ohio. "Nothing did me any good. I took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets;' before I had taken four bottles I was cured."

Every family should have Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. The book was cheap at $1.50—its regular price. Now, for a limited time, it may be had *for nothing*. 31 one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of customs and mailing *only*, will procure you the book in strong paper covers, post-paid. Or you can have the book in elegant cloth binding, for 50 stamps. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

LATEST WAR DESPATCHES.

Trikhala Said to Have Been Evacuated—The Occupation of Larissa.

Athens, April 27.—It is reported here that Trikhala has been evacuated and that the Turks are constructing temporary forts at Larissa.

The latest despatches from Epirus show that the Greeks have occupied all the positions around Pentepigadia. Col. Manos has asked for reinforcements in order to ensure his advance to Janina. Col. Dairakataris has this forenoon started with 2000 men to assist him. The report that Col. Manos has been ordered to retire is unfounded

The Proi, in a special edition this evening, announces that Gen. Smolenski has been appointed chief of staff of the army in Thessaly, with the power to choose the members of his staff. Gen. Smolenski is 45 years old and is very popular with the troops.

The dispositions of Greek soldiery for the defence of Pharsala have been carefully studied by the general staff and the Minister of War, and orders have been given for the occupation of the heights at Velegetino and Pilaslepi by independent brigades.

It is stated that Admiral Stamatellos will be appointed to the chief command of the eastern squadron.

The Asty publishes the following official note this evening: "After the recent events, which have materially excited public opinion, M. Delyannis to-day had a long interview with King George, who again assured the Premier that he was prepared to approve any decision the Government might reach with a view to the improvement of the situation. After the audience a Cabinet Council was held at 2 o'clock and is still sitting at 5. It is expected energetic decisions will be arrived at, but all reports as to the recalling of staff officers are premature."

Turks Blaming Greeks.

Constantinople, April 26—It is officially declared here that the Greeks before evacuating Larissa released all persons confined in the local jails, and that it was the latter who destroyed and pillaged the houses. According to the same statement, the Turkish troops were received with enthusiasm by such inhabitants as remained in town.

The Occupation of Larissa.

London, April 26.—The correspondent of The Times at Larissa, telegraphing from that point Sunday evening, says:

"The town was occupied by the Turkish cavalry at 6 this morning after a short skirmish. The Greek troops fled in a panic and most of the civilians abandoned their residences. The Turks captured six large guns in the fort and a mountain battery with several prisoners, among whom were officers and all the military stores. Edhem Pasha prohibited any pillaging, and there have been neither masacres nor outrages, though some of the Greeks burned their housese. The dead are not numerous. The Turks maintain excellent discipline. The Greek army fled to the mountain sides. Many of the inhabitants are already returning.

"At this moment, 6 p.m., the Ottoman troops are entering the town in triumph, trumpets playing and banners waving. Mustapha Malik Bey has been constituted commandant of the town. He has taken possession of the bank with the money it contains. The town will be held by a small garrison. Military operations in this quarter are for the time concluded. The cautious policy of Edhem Pasha is fully justified; and he deserves every congratulation as a skilful and humane general."

Osman to the Front.

Salonica, April 26.—Osman Pasha has left for Elassona to take command of the Turkish army.

What's Up Now?

Canea, Island of Crete, April 26.—The French cruiser Tronde and the Italian warship Sardegna have hurriedly sailed from Cretan waters for the Gulf of Salonica.

Greece's Dearly Bought Victory

Athens, April 26.—A telegram from Arta, dated 4 p.m. Sunday, says that at 9 that morning fighting was resumed at Pentepigadia and raged fiercely for several hours. The Greeks were compelled to withdraw, but, on being reinforced, re-attacked the fort and finally captured it, the Turks retiring without offering much resistance. The Greeks suffered severely.

A FEARFUL PANIC.

Turks Committed Great Havoc London Correspondents Narrowly Escaped.

London, April 26.—The Post's Athens correspondent says: "A terrible panic took place Friday night during the retreat, which became a miserable rout, the Turkish cavalry using rifles, bayonets and revolvers indiscriminately. The correspondents of The London Times and of the Reuter Telegram Company were nearly killed. Mr. Williams, who represents The Daily Chronicle, remained at Tyrnavo. Other correspondents lost their sketches and their baggage."

The correspondent adds: "The gravity of the situation is not appreciated here."

The Morning Post's correspondent at Arta says that the Greek fleet is bombarding Nicopolis, two hours' sail from Prevesa. He adds: "I deeply regret to say that Clement Harris, the English volunteer and son of Admiral Harris, was killed at Pentepigadia."

The Daily Chronicle's Athens correspondent says: "King George means to go to the front and to make a decided stand at Pharsala, which was the line of defence advised by General Vossur and some members of his staff from the very beginning.

"The Greeks have destroyed the railway from Larissa to Volo. It is reported that the Greeks have arrived in the vicinity of Janina."

A despatch to The Times from Pentepigadia, dated Saturday, and describing the battle, says: "The Greeks, though weary and without food or water, fought like heroes. The reinforcements they expected failing to arrive, and their ammunition being exhausted, they were compelled to retire. I met scores of them on the road with their cartridge belts empty and completely fagged out.

"This morning the Greek reinforcements arrived, whereupon the Turks again abandoned the position. All the Greek wounded who fell into their hands were killed and mutilated by the Turks."

A despatch to The Times from Milouna, dated Saturday, says: "The Greeks abandoned Kritiri during the night and fled. The Turks are now marching on Larissa. Edhem Pasha will not allow his troops to enter the town, which, but little damaged, is surrounded by a cordon of cavalry. An officer with a squadron of horses has been despatched for the protection of the Greek monastery in case of any disorder.

"The Greeks in the flight forgot to cut the telegraph line between Milouna and Tyrnavo. The Turkish cavalry have reached the environs of Krissa and have taken several Greek soldiers captive. They say that a perfect panic prevailed in the town.

"Edhem Pasha makes his headquarters in Greece to-night. The Sultan has sent him the Immiaz Order of brilliants. The coast road between Elassona and Milouna has been finished, and thus a supply of provisions and ammunition is assured. The discipline of the army is excellent. To-day it is rumored here that Crown Prince Constantine has fled. The Turkish loss so far has not been great, only about 400 at the most.

Philippine Rebellion Still Alive.

Madrid, April 26.—A despatch to The Heraldo from Manilla, capital of the Philippine Islands, says that 25,000 insurgents who have not submitted to the Spaniards have taken up a position in the mountains and are offering a stout resistance to the troops. The recall of Capt.-Gen. Polavieja, it is added, has produced a bad impression in the Philippine Islands.

BICYCLE—
CLOTHING—
COMFORT!

The Enjoyment of Riding a Wheel is discounted 50 per cent. when you are not properly clothed for it.

The proper attire for the '97 Wheelman is not a heavy expense, if purchased here. Our suits have all the good points of the made-to order kind without its large price. We have some in Scotch Tweed effects, Knickerbockers, Patch Pockets, double seat, at

...$5 and $6...

BICYCLE PANTS.

Those who do not wish a complete suit can get the proper knickerbocker pants only, made of good tweed, double seats and all the improvements. Prices

...$1.50 and $2.50...

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten
Season

Fresh
Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.
Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.
Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies
FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins
Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.
Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.
Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—139 and 187.

Removed
We are now
All Removed
to our new
Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, traveles with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

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If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

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Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

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Verbitzsky's Stratagem.

(Continued.)

As we reached the railway yard the police ran round their end of the wool-shed in pursuit—ten of them. The others stayed with the prisoners.

"Don't fire! Don't shoot!" cried a voice we knew well,—the voice of Dmitry Nolenki, chief of the secret police.

"One of them is Verbitzsky!" he cried to his men. "The conspirator I've been after for four months. A hundred roubles for him who first seizes him! He must be taken alive!"

That offer, I suppose, was what pushed them to such eagerness that they all soon felt themselves at our mercy. And that offer was what caused them to follow so silently, lest other police should overhear a tumult and run to head us off.

Verbitzsky, though encumbered by the bombs, kept the lead, for he was a very swift runner. I followed close at his heels. We could hear nothing in the great walled-in railway yard except the clack of feet on gravel, and sometimes on the network of steel tracks that shone silvery as the hard snow under the round moon.

My comrade ran like a man who knows exactly where he means to go. Indeed, he had already determined to follow a plan that had long before occurred to him. It was a vision of what one or two desperate men with bombs might do at close quarters against a number with pistols.

As Verbitzsky approached the south end of the yard, which is excavated deeply and walled in from the surrounding streets, he turned, to my amazement, away from the line that led into the suburbs, and ran along four tracks that led under a street bridge.

This bridge was fully thirty feet overhead, and flanked by wings of masonry. The four tracks led into a small yard, almost surrounded by high stone warehouses; a yard devoted solely to turn-tables for locomotives. There was no exit from it except under the bridge that we passed beneath.

"Good!" we heard Nolenki cry, fifty yards behind. "We have them now in a trap!"

At that, Verbitzsky, still in the moonlight, slackened speed, half-turned as if in hesitation, then ran on more slowly, with zigzag steps, as if desperately looking for a way out. But he said to me in a low, panting voice:—

"We shall escape. Do exactly as I do."

When the police were not fifty feet behind us, Verbitzsky jumped down about seven feet into a wide pit. I jumped to his side. We were now standing in the walled-in excavation for a new locomotive turn-table. This pit was stil free from its machinery and platform.

"We are done now!" I said, staring around as Verbitzsky stopped in the middle of the circular pit, which was some forty feet wide.

Just as the police came crowding to the edge, Verbitzsky fell on his knees as if in surrender. In their eagerness to first lay hands on him, all the police jumped down except the chief, Dmitry. Some fell. As those who kept their feet rushed toward Verbitzsky he sprang up and ran to the opposite wall, with me at his heels.

Three seconds later the foremost police were within fifteen feet of us. Then Verbitzsky raised his terrible bombs.

From high above the roofs of the warehouses the full moon so clearly illuminated the yard that we could see every button on our assailants' coats, and even the puffs of fat Nolenki's breath. He stood panting on the opposite wall of the excavation.

"Halt, or die!" cried Verbitzsky, in a terrible voice.

The bombs were clearly to be seen in his hands. Every policeman in Moscow knew of the destruction done, only six days before, by just such weapons. The foremost men halted instantly. The impetus of those behind brought all together in a bunch—nine expectants of instant death. Verbitzsky spoke again:—

"If any man moves hand or foot, I'll throw these," he cried. "Listen!"

"Why, you fool," said Nolenki, a rather slow-witted man, "you can't escape. Surrender instantly."

He drew his revolver and pointed it at us.

"Michael," said Verbitzsky to me, in that steely voice which I had never before heard from my gentle comrade, "Michael, Nolenki can shoot but one of us before he dies. Take this bomb. Now if if he hits me you throw your bomb at him. If he hits you I will throw mine."

"Infernal villians!" gasped the chief; but we could see his pistol wavering.

"Michael," resumed Verbitzsky, "we will give Nolenki a chance for his life. Obey me exactly! Listen! If Dmitry Nolenki does not jump down into this pit before I say five, throw your bomb straight at him! I will, at the moment I say five, throw mine at these rascals."

"Madman!" cried Nolenki. "Do you think to—"

He stopped as if paralyzed. I suppose he had suddenly understood that the explosion of a bomb in that small, high-walled yard would kill every man in it.

"One!" cried Verbitzsky.

"But I may not hit him!" said I

"No matter. If it explodes within thirty feet of him he will move no more."

I took one step forward and raised the bomb. Did I mean to throw it? I do not know. I think not. But I knew we must make the threat or be captured and hung. And I felt certain that the bomb would be exploded anyway when Verbitzsky should say "Five." He would then throw his, and mine would explode by the concussion.

"Two!" said Nerbitzsky.

Dimitry Nolenki had lowered his pistol. He glanced behind him uneasily.

"If he runs, throw it!" said Verbitzsky, loudly. "THREE!"

The chief of the Moscow secret police was reputed a brave man, but he was only a cruel one. Now his knees trembled so that we could see them shake, and his teeth chattered in the still cold night. Verbitzsky told me afterwards that he feared the man's slow brain had become so paralyzed by fright that he might not be able to think and obey and jump down. That would have placed my comrade and me in a dreadful dilemma, but quite a different one from what you may suppose.

As if to make Nolenki reflect, Verbitzsky spoke more slowly:—

"If Dmitry Nolenki jumps down into this pit before I say five, do not throw the bomb at him. You understand, Michael, do not throw if he jumps down instantly. FOUR!"

Nolenki's legs were so weak that he could not walk to the edge. In trying to do so he stumbled, fell, crawled, and came in head first, a mere heap.

"Wise Nolenki!" said my comrade, with a laugh. Then in his tone of desperate resolution, "Nolenki, get down on your knees, and put your head against that wall. Don't move now—if you wish to live."

"Now, men," he cried to the others in military fashion, "right about, face!"

They hesitated, perhaps fearful that he would throw at them when they turned.

"About! instantly!" he cried. They all turned.

(To be continued.)

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray

CHANGED HIS GOGGLES

Sir Richard Does Not See Things So Blue Now.

The Member for South Oxford Resumes the Budget Debate and Chaffs Mr Foster He Argues for the New Tariff and Says He Was About to Introduce the Same Kind of Trade Policy in 1876, but "Political Exigencies" Prevented It—Sir Charles Tupper Replies Vigorously and With Point to the Blue Ruin Knight.

Ottawa, April 26.—(Special.)—Sir Richard Cartwright to-day resumed the debate on the budget amid Liberal cheers. He began by some chafing of Hon. Mr. Foster, and went on to say that the Government could not violently disturb existing interests, but it was not possible to wipe out the abuses of eighteen years with one stroke of the pen. He was not particularly anxious to defend this tariff in the abstract. He did not pretend to say it was a perfectly ideal tariff, but under existing circumstances it was a fairly good one and redeemed the pledges which the Government had made to the country. If the Government had made a mistake in that tariff they would not be too proud to correct the error and remedy any injustice—[hear, hear]—but he would say to the Opposition that they would not find many mistakes. [Laughter and cheers.] When the Liberals took office they found the ship of state waterlogged and dismantled; it was drifting on the rocks, while the crew were in almost open mutiny. [Hear, hear.] Well, the ship now was in better hands, the mutineers were under the hatches, where they would be kept—[laughter]—and to his free trade friends he would say the ship's head was now turned in the right direction and towards the open sea. [Hear, hear.] The late tariff had been purged from any monstrous iniquities; the duties of 50, 60 or 70 per cent., disguised under the mask of specific and ad valorem duties, had been got rid of.

If Great Britain in 1862-65 made treaties with Belgium and Germany, it was in his opinion intended that those treaties should only apply to colonies which had not been conceded self-governing powers and the right of regulating their own fiscal policy. In his judgment that would be the fair construction to put upon it.

But with regard to the offer which the Government now made, it was not a preferential offer at all in the true legal sense of the word. That offer was open to all the world; it was open to Americans, to Germans, to Belgians, to the whole world, if they could avail themselves of it. Legally, Mr. Foster might be correct, but, in fact, England was the only country which admitted articles on these terms. Now, the question had been put to the Government as to what they were going to do if the British Government did not see the thing in the same light as Canada. Well, he would reply that they meant to fight this point legally and constitutionally; that was the only way to get a decision upon it. If the decision went against Canada, then they would appeal to the British Government and to the British nation to repeal those clauses, which should not have been enacted to our detriment.

But how would these proposals be received in England? He proceeded to read an editorial from The London Times of to-day, which had evidently been specially cabled to the Government, which said that this new departure on the part of Canada was most gratifying to all who desired to see the Empire knit more closely together. The editorial went on to say that the earliest opportunity should be taken to get rid of the "favored nation clause." "We regret,' continued the editorial, "to see the attitude of Mr. Foster. [Laughter and cheers.] It is unfair to attempt to discredit the proposals as a refusal to be bound by Imperial treaties. We cannot believe that the other followers of Sir John Macdonald will, on merely partisan grounds, endeavor to obstruct the adoption of this plan for closer commercial union with Great Britain. [Liberal cheers.]

The editorial closed with a tribute to Mr. Laurier. "Of no little significance," it said, "is the fact that it is by the first French-Canadian statesman, the Liberal and Catholic Prime Minister of the Dominion, that it has been brought about." [Cheers.]

Sir Charles Tupper: May I ask Sir Richard Cartwright, in order to give the House the benefit of being able to form an estimate of what he has just read from The London Times, if he will be kind enough to favor the House with a transcript of the communication to The London Times or The London Press on which that was based.

Sir Richard: I am not aware what communications passed, but I take it for granted that The London Times is tolerably well advised.

Mr. Laurier: I beg to say, on behalf of the Government, that no transcript whatever went from the Government to the press.

Some Honorable Members: Hear, hear.

Sir Charles Tupper: Gentlemen opposite seem to be very anxious to prevent any light being thrown upon this important question. I did not assume that the Government had sent any transcript. But, if the information forwarded to The London Times by its correspondent here on that question is as inaccurate as on other important questions, it is impossible for us to form a judgment on that question without having it before us.

Sir Richard: I think I can relieve the honorable gentleman's mind. I think he will find that the opinion of The Times is pretty unanimously echoed by the English press.

Sir Charles Tupper: I do not confine it to The Times. I assume that what went to one newspaper went to the other. But, to know the value of any statement of the London press, we must know on what it is based.

Sir Richard: I assume that it was based on the resolution introduced in this House.

He proceeded to read the statements of The London Daily News and other English papers.

Dealing with the disabilities under which Canada was alleged to remain as regards the making of preferential trade arrangements, Sir Richard contended that Canada's grave and peculiar position on the continent conferred corresponding advantages and privileges with regard to her freedom in trade matters. As to the United States, he favored the most friendly treatment of that country by our Government and press, but if the United States would not make trade arrangements with us, Canada had no recourse but to make her own tariff, just as the United States were making theirs, and no blame to them either. But the preferential offer was equally open to the States. Britain would be appealed to in this matter, he said. If Britain responded, well and good; if not, still well, for Canada had at least shown her good disposition and the Government was not going to be frightened out of it by the spectre of a deluge of Belgian and German goods, which, after all, would for a while but give the Canadian consumer his supplies a little cheaper. The Government was advocating only what was just and advantageous to the whole Empire, and hoped to succeed in a policy which would tend to make the Empire a reality and not merely a name. The effort was bound to succeed, so that great and important issues depend upon the action of last week.

Mr. McNeill arose as Sir Richard concluded and remarked that, as Sir Richard had mentioned his name as one who might be led to vote against life-long professions for the sake of party, he would like to ask him if this was an offer of preferential trade to England.

Sir Richard replied that it was an offer of preferential trade to all countries, but was in fact an offer of preferential trade to England, because England would be the most likely to profit by it, and it was certainly more preferential towards England than the National Policy, which had largely reduced our imports from the Old Country.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER REPLIES.

Preferential Clauses Held Out as a Sop to Liberal Free Traders.

Sir Charles Tupper began his reply after recess amid Opposition cheers. He condemned the proposals brought forward as being illegal and unconstitutional. Of course nobody knew from the budget speech just what the fiscal policy of the country was to be. Still it was evident that these so-called preferential clauses were held out as a sop to the Liberals to mollify them for the abandonment of free trade tendencies. Mr. Foster's criticism was based upon this phase of the subject, and was perfectly justifiable. The Globe itself admitted that at the close of the speech nobody was able to arrive at any satisfactory conclusion as to what was intended. The same demon, indefiniteness, seemed to pursue the Liberal leaders. Mr. Fielding set out with a condemnation of protection, which vied with Sir Richard's blue ruin speeches of other days. Nor was Mr. tions, when he held up to the admirations, when he held up to the admiration of the House Mr. Mackenzie's fortitude in refusing protection to the manufacturers. What did that hon gentleman now think of his argument, in view of the statement made but an hour or two ago by Sir Richard Cartwright, that the tariff now before the House was the one he himself wanted to introduce in 1876, but was prevented from bringing in by political exigencies? [Cheers.]

Sir Charles then recounted the circumstances under which the National Policy was introduced, after the incapacity of the Liberals had driven them from power. And when the National Policy was submitted to the House the Opposition did the Conservative Government the justice to say that they had honorably redeemed their promises. To show what protection had done, Sir Charles read a statement of the trade and finance for two five-year periods of Liberal and Conservative rule respectively, which demonstrated an export decrease of 18 millions in the former and an increase of 28 millions in the latter; a decrease in imports of 46 millions in the former and an increase of 4 1-2 millions in the latter; an increase of 40 millions in debt in the former and an increase of but 8 1-2 millions in the latter; an increase of half a million annually in the debt interest under the Liberals, an increase of but $100,000 under the Conservatives. Sir Richard went a little too far when he accused Mr. Foster of having cooked accounts to hide a deficit; for not only was it untrue, but Sir Richard himself stood publicly convicted of having cooked accounts by transferring half a million from capital expenditure to ordinary in the estimate of his predecessor in order to make out a deficit against that predecessor.

Turning to the resolution which Mr. Fielding claimed to be a preferential offer to Great Britain, Sir Charles read it and characterized the whole as a jumble of incomprehensible terms, meaning nothing, but capable of being read to mean anything. It was this, though, that the Finance Minister trumpeted aloud as a measure of preference towards the Mother Country, knowing full well that the Imperial treaties forbade it. There existed among both parties, and generally throughout Canada, a feeling of loyal satisfaction with every movement calculated to draw Canada and the Mother Country closer together. [Cheers.] But that feeling has been played upon has been abused by hon. gentlemen opposite, when they make such a proposal in the face of the law and constitution. The Globe wanted to know if Sir Charles Tupper supposed England was going to send out troops to prevent Canada opening her Custom Houses to British goods on preferential terms; or if an order from Downing-street regarding our customs would be worth anything unless countersigned by Controller Paterson? With all his high appreciation of the Controller, Sir Charles would answer that it was placing Mr. Paterson in a most remarkable position to authorize him to defy the constitution and flount the Imperial treaties of Great Britain, which he would be doing if he ordered the admission of British goods at a lower rate of duty than was collected upon goods from countries having favored nation treaties with Great Britain. The man who undertakes to flount his illegal and unconstitutional acts in the face of Imperial obligations is guilty, said Sir Charles, of grave disrespect to Great Britain. Nay more, those nations could claim damage from Great Britain for any injury to their trade caused by such action on the part of her colony. Then Sir Charles read from the British Commons Hansard the report of the opinion of the legal advisers of the Crown, to the effect that while Great Britain might discriminate in favor of her colonies, or the colonies in favor of each other, it was not legal for the colonies to discriminate in favor of the Mother Country. Absolute inability to deal with this question properly had placed the Government in one of the most humiliating positions in which any Government in Canada had ever been placed. It was an act of supreme transcendent folly for the Government to put Canada in the position of open and direct hostility to the Mother Country.

This setting at defiance of all the solemn treaties of Great Britain was but an idle boast. It was calculated to involve this country not only in disgrace but most serious loss. If the Government dared to carry out this wild project of instructing their customs officers to collect a higher rate on goods from Germany and Belgium than from England, the Government would have to make good all the embarrassment of trade, all the loss, all the trouble and inconvenience to trade that must follow as a matter of course. After all the uncertainty taht Canada had suffered, after the longing desire of the country to know what the fiscal policy of the Government was to be, it was a high crime on the part of this Government to continue to prolong that uncertainty and perpetuate such loss and injury to the people of Canada. [Cheers.]

Sir Charles devoted some time to showing that the Conservative policy was not an anti-British one, as Sir Richard Cartwright had attempted to show. That policy had increased trade with Gerat Britain; it had been the cause of the building of the C. P. R. and the opening up of the Northwest, and under these circumstances how could it be fairly said that the National Policy was an anti-British one? He noticed that the other day an hon. member introduced a bill regarding trade marks, and to make it a penal offence if a person appropriated a trade mark that did not belong to him. That hon. member would have to come down on the Minister of Finance for having stolen the trade mark of the United Empire Trade League. Had the Government of which he (Sir Charles) was the head been sustained last June, long ere this he would have submitted to Parliament and endeavored to obtain sanction to a proposal for carrying out this policy of preferential trade between Great Britain and Canada. He had no doubt that such a policy would be formulated, and in such a way as to show Her Majesty's Government they would be consulting the interests of Canada and the Empire if they gave effect to such a proposal. If they wanted to promote preferential trade with Great Britain they had an opportunity of obtaining not only the introduction of British goods at a lower rate of duty, but of approaching Her Majesty's Government with a proposal that would secure an advantage to the products of this country. He cited Mr. Chamberlain's speech at the Third Congress of Chambers of Congress of the Empire, in which in effect that gentleman said if the colonies wanted preferential trade they had only to say so.

At Westmount last May Mr. Laurier had said if his party were returned to power they would send commissioners to London to arrange for a basis of preferential trade. Instead of carrying out that pledge they had given to the country this miserable system of differential treatment, undertaken in the teeth of the treaties and the solemn obligations of the Mother Country. In his judgment, the Government had actually deprived themselves of the means of securing preferential treatment with the Mother Country, because, if Lord Salisbury were now to go to the Imperial Parliament with a proposition of this character, he would be met with the objection that Canada had nothing now to offer in return. To-day Sir Richard aCrtwright had thrown off his disguise. The Government's real object was to obtain free trade with all countries. If the Governor-General did his duty in regard to this measure he would withhold the Royal assent from this measure, and then what would be the result? The country would be thrown already into inextricable confusion. If the Governor-General did not disallow the bill he was bound to forward it to the Home Government, and within 24 hours after reaching the table of the Colonial Secretary it would be disallowed, and the entire revenue bill of this country would be thrown into confusion. Sir Richard Cartwright knew this to-day, and gloated over the position in which his party was placed, and doubtless felt he had had his revenge. Personally he (Sir Charles) deplored the ruin that the Government was inflicting on the industries of Canada. But, from a party standpoint, they were doing the work of the Conservatives, as they were showing the people of this country that no reliance could be placed on Liberal promises and professions.

Referring to Mr. Fielding's famous interview with the coal mine owners, he said taht no Finance Minister had ever betrayed his position as had that hon. gentleman in divulging to the gentlemen who interviewed him what the coal tariff was to be. The Nova Scotia provincial elections had been sprung on the Province, and the result would be that the country would have to pay a million and a quarter for it, Premier Murray having announced that he had reason to believe that outstanding provincial claims on account of money spent on the Eastern Extension Railway after it was taken over by the Government would be paid by the present Ministry.

Sir Charles quoted many of the speeches of Liberal leaders in favor of commercial union, including Sir Richard Cartwright's declaration at Oshawa, acknowledging that he was prepared to discriminate against Great Britain.

In conclusion he said: "Are we to be lectured on the subject of loyalty by gentlemen who, five years ago, roamed through this country endeavoring to strike down British interests and to establish continental free trade at the cost of every sentiment of British loyalty? No, sir; we stand ready to do everything that men can do to uphold a support any and every measure calculated to draw the great parent state and this country more closely together. Proud of our connection, loyal as we have been from the first hour of our existence down to the present hour, devoted to the Crown and to British institutions, we stand to-day where we have always stood, ready to do battle as best we can in behalf and for the benefit of the suffering industries of Canada. [Cheers.] Sir, if the battle of protection and free trade is to be fought over again, whether our number be large or small, we are not afraid to do battle under that banner which carried us to victory before, and under which the great Liberal-Conservative party made Canada what it is to-day. [Cheers.] Under that banner, after having won the victory, we used that victory to lift this country out of a condition of depression and despondency such as Canada had never known before. We raised it step by step until, regarding everything that indicates the greatness and prosperity of the country, we occupied the highest and proudest position that any party could ever occupy." [Loud cheers.]

Th House adjourned at 11.30 p.m.

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need, in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 13 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." MRS. M. M. MESSENGER, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market was quiet to-day, with prices nominally unchanged. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.70 to $3.75.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8 to $8.50 west, and shorts $9.50 to $10. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 84c to 85c, Midland, and 75c to 76c afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 82c Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is quiet, with the demand restricted. No. 1 quoted at 29c to 30c, No. 2 at 25c to 26c, and No. 3 extra at 23c. Feed barley 20c to 21c west.

Oats—The market is quiet, with no changes in prices. Sales of white west at 20c to 21c. Mixed are quoted at 19c to 19½c west. White on the Midland quoted at 22c to 23c.

Peas—The market is easier, there being sales to-day at 40c north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 22c to 23c west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices steady, with quotations 33c to 34c outside.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 26.—Spring wheat, 6s 7d to 6s 8d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 5½d to 6s 6½d; corn, 2s 7½d; peas, 4s 3d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 6d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 50s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage firm. English country markets firm. Maize on passage firm.

Liverpool—Spot wheat firm; futures quiet at 6s 3¾d for May and July and 6s 2¾d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 8¾d for May, 2s 10¼d for July and 3s 0¼d for Sept. Flour, 22s 6d.

Paris—Wheat, 22f 40c for May; flour, 45f 5c for May.

London—Close—Wheat on passage quiet. Maize quiet and steady.

Paris—Close—Wheat steady at 22f 30c for May; flour, 45f 20c for May.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat depressed at 6s 1¼d for May and July and 6s 0¼d for Sept. Maize dull at 2s 7¼d for May, 2s 9¼d for July and 2s 11¾d for Sept. Flour, 22s 6d.

Genteel.

If there is any word more disagreeable than another, it is the word "genteel." It is a word that suggests patched poverty and old china dishes with nothing in them. It is a word that women like, but that men abominate.

WELL BEGUN IS HALF DONE

Start wash day with good soap, pure soap; that's half the battle won.

SURPRISE SOAP is made especially for washing clothes, makes them clean and fresh and sweet, with little rubbing.

It's best for this and every use.

Dont forget the name. SURPRISE.

THE INTELLIGENCER BINDERY

Makes a Specialty of

Ledgers, Journals,

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And all Descriptions of

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MAGAZINES - - - - -
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MAP MOUNTING AND VARNISHING.

☞Estimates cheerfully furnished for every class of work

Address—— INTELLIGENCER, Belleville.

BOVRIL...

the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.

Canadian Branch, Bovril, Limited,
27 St. Peter St., Montreal.

THIS IS THE LABEL

That proves you've bought the best thread sold in the market.

CLAPPERTON'S THREAD

is strong, even, and does not snarl.

It is sold at same price as other kinds that do not give as much satisfaction.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

FULLY EQUIPPED

- TOURIST CAR -

Leaves NORTH BAY
Every THURSDAY
And TORONTO
Every FRIDAY
FOR THE

GOLD FIELDS

KOOTENAY AND CARIBOO, BRITISH COLUMBIA
AND ALL PACIFIC COAST POINTS.

Lowest Rates Best Accommodation
Quickest Time Most Scenic Route

Application for berths should be made to any Canadian Pacific Ry. Agent, or C. E. McPherson, Toronto.

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent Belleville.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy: in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., Proprietors, MONTREAL.

The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable, if you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite.

50c. & $1 per Bottle

Be sure you get the genuine | DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. MONTREAL

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

Pain-Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism,
Colic, Colds, Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

Dont Play..

With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don' risk that by another kind—like newfangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

MRS. TUGNETT

HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

THE "INTELLIGENCER"

Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

R. W. ADAMS

REPRESENTS the following good companies: Insurance Company of North America; Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.; office with Northrup & Roberts, barristers, 12 Bridge st.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

WANTED—A Clerk, male. Apply to W. C. MIKEL. 4-21d6t

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory. The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6d f

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. [761-codtf

LOST.

ON Sunday last, between St. Andrew's Church and Lower Bridge, a Gold Bar Brooch. Finder will please leave it at City Treasurer's Office. d1tp

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

I Have for sale a quantity of good hard wood and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of mill wood, at the CENTRAL WOOD YARD, west end of Footbridge. Office, third door west Footbridge. dtf EDWARD NEWMAN.

MINING SHARES

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices. R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,
Honorary Spanish Consul.
Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

Relief for Lung Troubles

The D&L EMULSION

In CONSUMPTION and all LUNG DISEASES, SPITTING OF BLOOD, COUGH, LOSS OF APPETITE, DEBILITY, the benefits of this article are most manifest.

By the aid of The "D. & L." Emulsion, I have got rid of a hacking cough which had troubled me for over a year, and have gained considerably in weight. I liked this Emulsion so well I was glad when the time came around to take it.

T. H. WINGHAM, C.E., Montreal

50c. and $1 per Bottle

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD., MONTREAL

Daily Intelligencer.

TROUT FISHING.

It is Illegal to Catch the Speckled Beauties Until Monday Next.

It has been erroneously given out from Ottawa that the fishing of speckled trout may commence on May 1st. This is an error and anybody who has arranged to go fishing on Saturday should cancel his arrangements at once. The Act expressly reads: "No one shall fish for, catch, kill, buy, sell, or possess any speckled trout, (salvelinus fontinalis) between the 15th day of September and the 1st day of May, both days inclusive, in each year."

This year fishing cannot commence until May 3rd. May 1st is included in the close season and May 2nd is the Lord's day, to fish on which is a breach of the game laws.

The Game Warden states that the law will be rigidly enforced in spite of the Ottawa announcement.

Try ARTHUR McGIE, MERCHANT TAILOR, 300 Front St., Belleville, for your Spring or Summer Suit.

A fine line of Pantings & Spring Overcoats
—OUR MOTTO.—
Prices to suit the times and a guaranteed fit. Call and be convinced.

Pests of Australia and New Zealand.

Rabbits are not the only things imported into Australasia which have proved nuisances. The London Field says that the house, or English, sparrow, which has proved so troublesome in America, is just as bad in New Zealand, Tasmania and Australia, into which it was imported at about the time when it was brought to Canada. In Australia the sparrows have proved most troublesome to farmers who grow wheat and oats. The English skylarks, which many have wished to bring into this country, have pulled up five acres of field floss as soon as they sprouted on a New Zealand farm. Plants have grown with disastrous luxuriance when taken to the region of Australia. Gorse, sweet briar, brambles, watercress, thistles, etc., have spread through New Zealand; gorse and sweet briar and California thistle through Tasmania, and prickly pear through Australia. The result has been to crowd out more useful native plants and to spread ruin in fields of wheat and oats.

Rare Metals From Tasmania.

Among the many valuable discoveries of late in the colony of Tasmania, one which has created much interest in mining circles is an extensive deposit of zircons and the rare earths used in the manufacture of incandescent gas mantels. The zircon is a gem of considerable brilliancy and hardness, is heavier than the diamond, and when discolored by heat has been used for encrusting the back of watch cases, the stones resembling diamonds in being perfectly white and of good lustre. The other gems found in this deposit besides zircons are sapphires and cinnamon rubies. The element zirconia found in the deposit is the most important metal used in the manufacture of Welsbach mantels, forming about 60 per cent. of the composition; thorium, valuable for the white light it emits; lanthanium, valuable for white light; erbium, which gives a greenish tint, and yttrium are among the other rare earths found here.

MORE HONORS

For Paine's Celery Compound.

A Tribute of Praise That Should Cheer the Sick and Suffering.

ANOTHER VICTORY IN THE CITY OF MONTREAL.

Mr. Alfred Ducharme, 317 Beaudry Street, Montreal, is now a happy and contented man, and his great desire is that the sick and suffering should know how he was enabled to cast off the burdens of debility, weakness and rheumatism, that his doctors had failed to grapple with. His experience with Paine's Celery Compound bears out in every particular the immense mass of testimony given by others in the past, that Paine's Celery Compound cures and makes people well. Mr. Ducharme says:

"Having a desire to benefit others, I am pleased to testify to the wonderful results I obtained from the use of your well-known Paine's Celery Compound.

"For a long time I was subject to spells of weakness that rendered me quite unfit for work. At such times my nervous condition was very alarming, and I felt as if my life was coming to an end.

"My sufferings were increased owing to violent attacks of rheumatism, and altogether I was as helpless as a child. Friends strongly advised me to use Paine's Celery Compound, as they had seen such grand results from its use. I used the Compound, and the results were astonishing and happy.

"Paine's Celery Compound has done for me what the doctors failed to do. It has made me active and strong, able to work every day, and has given me a new lease of life.

"Every sick, weak and broken down man and woman should use Paine's Celery Compound; there is nothing like it in the world."

PHARSALOS.

Where the Greeks Will Make Their Next Stand.

Pharsalos, or Phersala, is a town of 2,500 inhabitants on the site of the ancient place of the same name, where was fought the famous battle in which Caesar finally overthrew Pompey. The town lies on the south bank of a branch of the Salambria or Peneus River, and at the foot, on the north side, of the Chassidiari Mountains, a range less than four thousand feet high. It is about twenty-four miles due south from Larissa, with which it is connected by an ancient road, now in good condition. About midway between the two lies the village of Hissarlik. It does not appear that Pharsalos is more readily to be defended against the Turkish advance than was Larissa. Its only natural defenses are the two small rivers, the Pharsalitis and the Kutchuk, which must be crossed before it can be reached from the north. These are spanned by stone bridges, which may be blown up if they cannot be defended, but the Turks would have little difficulty in fording the rivers, or perhaps in constructing new bridges of their own. The railroad from Volo to Trikhala and Kalambaka passes just north of Pharsalos.

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

THE BISLEY BUILDING

Major Perley on Hand to Superintend Construction.

The Rule Compelling Jubilee Battalion Men to Hold Military Certificates Cancelled—Disappointing Information for Ambitious Mayors—No Knighthoods to Be Dispensed on the Jubilee Occasion—Tariff Delegations at the Capital—Judicial Appointments in Ontario—Mr. Charles Moss Succeeds Chief Justice Haggarty—Opposition Caucus—General Ottawa News.

Ottawa, April 26.—(Special.)—Col. Tilton, chairman of the Bisley Building Committee of the D. R. A., has been notified of the safe arrival in England of Major Perley, who has taken up his residence at Bisley in order to superintend the erection of the Canadian building. Sir Henry Fletcher, chairman of the National Rifle Association, turned the first sod. The association is rendering Major Perley invaluable assistance, and a portion of the foundation will, it is expected, be in by the end of the week. The site given by the National Rifle Association is not surpassed by any other on the range, and the building, when finished, will be a credit to Canada and an excellent model for the other colonies.

The Department of Militia recognizes the force of the objection that the rule laid down for the selection of men for the Jubilee Battalion that they must have certificates of qualification from one of the military schools of instruction cannot be carried out. Had it been insisted upon it is certain that the best men could not have been chosen. Commanding officers of the different corps asked to furnish men have now been notified that the order is withdrawn, and they can use their own discretion in the matter.

There is sad news for the mayors of leading Canadian cities who expect knighthood on the occasion of the Queen's Jubilee. It is authoritatively announced that no honors of this class are to be conferred. A difficulty would arise in making a selection. Supposing the Mayors of Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa were chosen, why should His Worship of Hamilton be overlooked and Halifax and St. John and Winnipeg and Victoria, and so on? It is felt, under the circumstances, that the best plan to avoid jealousy will be to confer a title on no chief magistrates. Consequently this intimation is made now, so that the expectant ones may not be disappointed when they take up their favorite family journal on the morning of June 22.

Tariff delegations are flocking to Ottawa to secure, if possible, modifications in the resolutions as they pass through committee. Representatives of the Montreal Rolling Mills were here to-day kicking against the tariff schedules, while tobacco manufacturers from all over the country are here to urge more favorable consideration to their position.

Dr. Bradley, Chief of The Hansard Staff, secured judgment in the Exchequer Court to-day on nearly every point in his suit against the Crown for the balance of the money due on account of reporting the Prohibition Commission.

Mr. Richardson gives notice of a bill respecting the attachment of the salaries of Dominion employes. The bill will provide for salaries of civil servants being garnished in the same way as the salaries of other employes.

Mr. Davin gives notice of four amendments to the motion to go into Committee of Supply: (1) That consistency and policy and good faith with the western farmer alike demand that the cheaper cottons shall be placed on the free list; (2) that agricultural implements be placed on the free list; (3) that coal oil, "a necessary of life," be placed on the free list; (4) that sawn boards, planks, deals or other lumber, undressed or dressed on one side only, be placed on the free list.

Mr. A. D. Hardy, brother of the Premier of Ontario, has been appointed County Judge of Brant, in the room and stead of Judge Jones, who retires.

Mr. Charles Moss, Q. C., of Toronto, has been appointed to the vacancy in the Ontario Court of Appeals, caused by the retirement of Chief Justice Hagarty.

Premier Greenway is in town on immigration business. There is also an outstanding claim which Manitoba has against the Dominion, and which Mr. Greenway may look into before he returns. He says that the Dominion Government will carry both seats in Manitoba to-morrow.

An Opposition caucus is to be held to-morrow. It is said that the meeting is to consider the course the Conservatives should pursue in regard to the tariff. The general feeling now is that the best policy of the Opposition would be to look for prorogation as early as possible. This being the talk, the probability is that Parliament will be prorogued about the middle of June.

Rev. Mr. Winter of the West End Methodist Church is a redhot opponent of Sunday cars. Preaching yesterday, he stated that he had little sympathy with strikes, but he sincerely hoped every railway employe and other person forced to work on Sunday would go out on strike to have the day observed as a day of rest. He would recognize, he said, no necessity for people using the cars on Sunday.

The Senate resumes to-morrow, after three weeks' recess. The only items that appear are a few notices of motion, which may serve material for discussion until other matters come up from the lower chamber.

THE WIDOW'S ERROR.

"If you please, mum, Mr. Marlowe's compliments, and he'd like a few words with you on very especial business."

Jemima, the maid of all work, was breathless with the haste she had made and her round eyes glistened like pale blue marbles. The Widow Purvey took her hands out of the batch of biscuits she was kneading up and hurriedly shook the flour off her arms.

"What is it, Mimy?" said she. "Anything wrong about his room?"

"The Lord only knows," said Jemima, evidently much excited.

"Where is he?"

"A-walkin' up and down the best back parlor like a wild beast, ma'am, at a show!"

"Bless my soul!" panted Mrs. Purvey; "what can have happened?"

And hastily straightening her cap ribbons and tying on a ruffled black silk apron the Widow Purvey made haste to give audience to her best boarder.

The Widow Purvey was fat, fair and 50, with a little capital, which she had invested in furniture for a boarding house, and very fairly she succeeded, on the whole, especially since Mr. Marlowe, a whimsical old bachelor engaged in the China tea trade, had taken her best front room at her own price.

"Gents are always better than ladies," said Mrs. Purvey to her intimate friend, Miss Larkspur, the milliner. "Mrs. Hyde is the only lady in my establishment now, and although she's quite genteel—French teacher in a young ladies' school—I shall give her a month's notice the very minute I hear of an eligible single gentleman to take her place."

"Ain't she reg'lar pay?" asked Miss Larkspur, snipping off bias pieces of silk.

"Oh, yes, reg'lar enough, but I never did fancy these pale, stuck-up chits that have seen better days and wear turned silk and dyed gloves! She ain't a bit better than I am, and yet she always has that patronizing way with her that you'd think she was a princess and we her hired maids."

And thus matters stood on the October morning when the Widow Purvey hurried up to the back parlor where Mr. Geoffrey Marlowe, a fine-looking gentleman with a healthy, fresh color and iron-gray whiskers, was walking up and down with his hands in his pockets.

"You've been a long time coming, Mrs. Purvey," said he, a little imperiously.

"I' sorry to keep you waiting, sir," said the widow, all in a flutter.

"Sit down," said Mr. Marlowe, motioning her towards a chair. "I have something of great importance to say to you."

"Now, he is going to tell me that the place don't suit, and he's going to change his boarding house," said Mrs. Purvey to herself, feeling her heart beat within her; but she only smiled faintly and said: "Indeed!"

"It's a little embarrassing," said Mrs. Marlowe, feeling his whiskers dubiously.

"Don't mind me, sir," said Mrs. Purvey.

"The fact is," said Mr. Marlowe, "I'm thinking of making a change."

"I'm sorry the place don't suit you, sir," faltered the widow.

"But it does," said Mr. Marlowe. "I shall not leave you, Mrs. Purvey. Your mugalatawney soup suits me exactly, and you've caught my precise ideas on salad dressing and curry sauce. No, The change of which I speak refers to—ahem!—another thing, Mrs. Purvey."

"La, sir," said Mrs. Purvey, simpering.

"You and I aren't feather-headed young people, Mrs. Puvey, to play mock modest, are we?" said the bachelor. "So I may as well be frank. I am thinking of marrying, Mrs. Purvey!"

"Dear me!" said the landlady, looking down at the patterns of the carpet.

"And I dare say you can guess to whom," said Mr. Marlowe, in high good humor.

Mrs. Purvey twisted her black silk apron string around and around, hardly able to believe her own ears.

"La, sir," faltered she, "I'm sure I never thought of such a thing."

"I rather expected to surprise you," said Mr. Marlowe. "But don't you see, after all, it's the most natural thing in the world? Here I am settled down in a place that exactly suits me; why should I leave it? Here I am, a blunt old bachelor of 50—why shouldn't I marry a widow who, like myself, has seen something of the world?"

A widow! That settled the question.

"Sure enough, sir," said Mrs. Purvey, feeling as if she were soaring up into a world of white satin and tulle, orange blossoms and wedding cake.

"What do you say to a month from Monday next?" demanded Mr. Marlowe.

"La, sir—since you're so set upon it—"

"Can you have things ready?"

"I'll do my best, sir," fluttered the widow.

"And one thing, remember—I don't want this matter talked about."

"No, to be sure not," said Mrs. Purvey, accustomed to defer in all things to the whims of her lodger.

"Let affairs go on just exactly as if nothing was about to happen until the very wedding day," insisted Mr. Marlowe.

"Certainly, sir," said Mrs. Purvey.

"That'll do," said Mr. Marlowe. "We understand each other, don't we?"

Mrs. Purvey nodded and giggled.

"Then I won't detain you any longer!" said Mr. Marlowe, deliberately walking back into his own room.

"Well!" said Mrs. Purvey, drawing a long breath. "I never was courted that way before. But he's eccentric, and always was, poor dear, and he's yet to be a husband. He might have just asked me for a kiss, though, and he might have called me 'Mavina' instead of Mrs. Purvey! But everyone has their whims, and Mr. Marlowe is as chuck full of 'em as an egg is of meat! What will Letitia Larkspur say? And that stuck up Mrs. Hyde! I'll give her a week's warning at once, for it don't stand to nature as I shall keep on taking boarders after I'm Mrs. Marowe. I wonder shall I wear white silk or dove color? I suppose it will be a church wedding! A month's a dreadful short time to get ready in, but I can hire what sewing I want done, and it won't do to disappoint Mr. Marlowe!"

Little Miss Hyde, engaged in correcting French copy books in her room was surprised at the lack of ceremony with which Mrs. Purvey let her know that her room would be wanted that day week!

"It will inconvenience me considerably," she said, hesitatingly.

"I can't help that," said Mrs. Purvey, with a toss of the head.

The weeks passed away. Widow Purvey thought it rather strange that her bridegroom-elect should be so undemonstrative, and that all his tete-a-tetes should be confined to the subjects of pudding sauce and shirt buttons. But then, as Miss Larkspur said, there never was any accounting for the freaks of an old bachelor; and when the bridal eve came and Mr. Marlowe condescended to express approval of the wedding breakfast as set out in the dining-room over night Mrs. Purvey shed tears.

"What are you crying about. I hate to see women cry," said Mr. Marlowe, sharply.

"I can't help it. Such a change for me!" whimpered the widow.

"Oh, pshaw!" said Mr. Marlowe, irritably. "Change? It's no change at all. Here we are just as we always have been. I don't see anything to cry about. Remember the carriages are to be at the door at 12 precisely."

"I'll be ready," said Mrs. Purvey, swallowing a sob.

And she was ready—dove-colored silk, dress hat and all—for, according to the advice of Miss Letitia Larkspur, she had abandoned the idea of white satin and tulle veil as rather inappropriate to her age and condition of widowhood.

"Please, ma'am," said Jemima, bursting, red-faced and panting, into the room, "the carriage has been waitin' this ever so long!"

"But where's Mr. Marlowe?" demanded the bride-expectant.

"Please, ma'am, he went half an hour ago," said Jemima.

"Oh!" said Mrs. Purvey, "I suppose it's etiquette to go in separate carriages, but it ain't the way me and Purvey managed it. Give me my fan, 'Mimy—and my bouquet—and don't forget the smelling bottle. Now I'm ready."

"Please, ma'am," bawled Jemima, who had rushed to the window on hearing the sound of carriage wheels, "they've come back! And Mr. Marlowe, he's a-handin' a lady dressed in brown silk, with a bird of paradise in her hat, out of the front carriage."

"Dear me," said Mrs. Purvey, hurrying downstairs. "What can it all mean?"

And she hastened into the presence of Mr. Marlowe, who stood in the best parlor, with Miss Hyde leaning on his arm.

"You're too late to witness the ceremony," chuckled the quondam old bachelor. "We're married."

"Who are married?" shrieked Mrs. Purvey, growing pallid under her rouge.

"Bessie Hyde, ma'am, and your humble servant. Why, whom did you suppose?" demanded Mr. Marlowe, opening his eyes very wide.

"Lawk-a-massy!" cried Jemima, rushing forward to support the widow's swooning form, "Missus s'posed you was goin' to marry her!"

"Then she was a fool!" said Mr. Marlowe, briskly. "Come, Bessie, my dear, we have no time to lose if we are to catch the three o'clock train."

Mrs. Purvey came out of her swoon and into her senses with commendable alacrity. If she had lost a bridegroom that was no reason why she should also lose a first-class pair of boarders. She tied an apron over her dun-colored silk, and hurried to help serve the breakfast.

"It was an awkward mistake," said she to Letitia Larkspur, "but life is full of mistakes. And perhaps I'm better off just as I am."

"No doubt, no doubt," said Miss Larkspur, whose theory was based upon that of the fabled fox who once lost his caudal appendage. "Matrimony's dreadful uncertain."

"Even at the last moment," said Mrs. Purvey, with an involuntary groan.—New York Ledger.

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We have a full line of
Bailey Iron Planes
Stanley Wood
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Disston's Saws
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and other latest and best goods.
All new and fresh.
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Baby's Own Soap—
care and skill in making and the best materials are the reason.
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New Styles Ladies' Blouses just in from 65c to $2.00. Paris and New York Veilings. Novelties in Hats and Flowers. Laces of all kinds. Full stock P. D. Corsets.

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Cream Puffs,
Filled with Whipped Cream,
fresh at 11 a. m. and 3 p.m
Price 20 cents per dozen.
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CAMPHOR,
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—FOR SALE AT—
THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THERE will be offered for sale by J. G. Davison, Auctioneer, on Wednesday, 26th May, 1897, at three o'clock p.m., at the City Hall, Belleville, the following valuable properties:

The Nosworthy Block, corner Bridge and Pinnacle streets.

Residence north side of Bridge street, east of Ann street.

Residence east side Albert street, north of Bridge street.

For particulars of sale and further descriptions, etc., apply to

HENRY PRINGLE, Executor. F. E. O'FLYNN, Solicitor.

Dated at Belleville, 20th April 1897. deodtd

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TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our
- Tables. -
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375 FRONT STREET.

"D.&L." MENTHOL PLASTER

I have prescribed Menthol Plaster in a number of cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, and am very much pleased with the effects and pleasantness of its application.—W. H. CARPENTER, M.D., Hotel Oxford, Boston.

I have used Menthol Plasters in several cases of muscular rheumatism, and find in every case that it gave almost instant and permanent relief. —J. B. MOORE M.D., Washington, D.C.

It Cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Pains in Back or Side, or any Muscular Pains.

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WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN
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Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,
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THOS. STEWART,
Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.
Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

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Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

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PRIESTLEY'S ...MASTERPIECE

The artist of the loom may have an ideal as well as the artist of the brush. Priestley's ideal was **the best,** and the masterpiece of his life is the new **EUDORA.** Soft—rich—firm—durable. Fitting easily—draping gracefully—extra width—extra weight—dust proof. Black only. Wrapped on "THE VARNISHED BOARD." Priestley's name stamped on every five yards.

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Is Positively the best value for a Wheel in the market.

The demand for them is great. It just means that you are buying a high-grade $100 wheel for $75.00. Don't miss this chance. Our $100 Cleveland is a marvel of neatness, simplicity and workmanship.

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OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

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Will soon make its appearance if you let him have his own way. Don't let him have his own way, use our

MOTH CAMPHOR.

Howard's English Camphor in 1 oz. cakes, Persian Insect Powder, or English Lavander Flowers. A fresh supply of each just received at

McKeown's Drug Store

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

POSTPONED.

STEAMER
"ALEXANDRIA"

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y., AND RETURN.

Announced for Friday, April 23, has (owing to delay in opening of St. Lawrence River Canals, been postponed ....until....

Friday, April 30th

FARE for Round Trip $1.50 FARE for Round Trip

Str. "VARUNA"

A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.

J. W. HEPBURN, Agent Picton.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28 1897. NO. 302

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel--70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

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Dress Goods.

Our Fancy Tweed effect Dress Goods at 24c, regular 30c yard goods, is unsurpassed. No bad shades, all the newest spring tints.

Plain and Fancy Lustres in plain and shot effects.

Plain all Wool Serges in all shades from 23c per yard.

Special Hard Twisted Serges suitable for Bicycle Suitings, in Greys, Fawns and Navys.

Dress Patterns.

In all the newest spring materials.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Y. M. C. A. Rooms.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
Quinte Encampment, I.O.O.F.
Lecture—Bridge St. Meth. Church.
J. W. A. Guild—St. Thomas' Church.
Prayer Meeting—Protestant Churches.
Juv. S.O.E. Oxford Lodge—S.O.E. Hall.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 28—Mutiny of the Bounty, 1789.
Second battle Plains of Abraham, 1760.
Agreement as to naval forces on the lakes, 1817.

THE WEATHER.

Seasonable warmth is again with us. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	50	Min	33
8 a. m	52	8 a. m	48
Noon	64	Noon	60

PROBABILITIES.

Winds mostly southerly; fine to-day, turning warmer; showery to-morrow.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

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CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

—James A. Cantlie & Co., of Montreal, have consented to assign on demand of the Bank of Montreal. The house was wrecked by the defalcations of a confidential clerk, who embezzled $60,000 or $70,000.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

—A queer misunderstanding occurred at Dr. McCarthy's residence, Barry. Burglars broke into the house, and the doctor, mistaking one of them for his son, asked him light a match. The burglar complied, mistaking the voice for that of his companion. Unfortunately the doctor failed to get a fair view of his visitor's face, and the burglars left suddenly.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray

Bicycle Riders, Attention!

If you desire to have the By-law which restricts Wheelmen and Wheelwomen from the use of our sidewalks (excepting on Front st.) during rainy and muddy weather, amended, fill in the following blank form and send or bring the same to the INTELLIGENCER Office.

In another column will be found a few suggestions that Wheelmen might petition for.

NAME (IN FULL).	RESIDENCE

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CITY AND DISTRICT

Stainless black cotton half hose, 2 pairs for 25c. at Harry's.

The barge Armand is loading 20,000 bushels of peas for F. F. Cole, consigned to Montreal.

All kinds of stand-up and turn-down collars, 2 for 25c., at Harry's.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

A little blue purse containing 15c. awaits an owner at the Police Station, also a glass and gold rim belonging to a pair of spectacles.

See the new stock Bow for ladies in Plaids, Fancies and the new Geranium Red. 25c each.—W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher. 2t.

We have just received a neat assortment of Ladies' Bicycle Leggings at 75 cents per pair. New color and style.—VERMILYEA & SON.

Just received a full range of Gents'. Bow Ties in all the newest designs at 15c and 25c each.—W. B. DEACON, Gents Furnisher. 2t.

The funeral of the late Mrs. J. A. M. Gilbert, took place this afternoon from her late residence in Sidney. Rev. E. Roberts conducted the services.

In the estate of the late Mary Kelly, of Trenton, probate of her will has been granted to her husband, Patrick Kelly, and Michael Hanahan. Estate $1035. T. A. O'Rourke solicitor.

The present year 1897 began on Friday, and has fifty-three Fridays in it. Superstitious people believe that this is ominous, and are looking for all sorts of terrible things to occur.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

The annual district meeting of the Methodists will be held in the Bridge street Methodist church, Belleville, on Tuesday, May 18—the ministerial session at 10 a.m.; the general session on Wednesday at 9:30 a.m.

All those interested in the study of Shakespere are invited to meet Mr. W. Libby at Alberta Hall at 8 o'clock Monday evening, May 3rd, to arrange for a series of free lectures on certain of Shakespeare's dramas. 28-1.

The Assay Office.

If "Heavy Taxpayer" will read the report of the last meeting of Council he will find that everything the local authorities can do in the matter has been done. Mayor Johnson laid the whole subject before Premier Hardy, who referred it to Mr. Blue, Superintendent of the Mining Bureau, who has not as yet reported. It is thus apparent that the local authorities are not blameable for the delay.

Many a Young Man.

When from over-work, possibly assisted by an inherited weakness, the health fails and rest of medical treatment must be restored to, then no medicine can be employed with the same beneficial results as Scott's Emulsion.

West Prince.

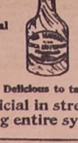
(Special to the INTELLIGENCER.)

HALIFAX, N.S., April 28.—Latest returns from West Prince, P.E.I., are as follows: Perry (Lib.), 1597; Hackett (Con.), 1493; one poll (Oyster Creek) yet to hear from. This place at last election gave Perry a majority of 14.

Experience proves the merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures all forms of blood diseases, tones the stomach, builds up the nerves.

—Several disasters are reported as a result of the storm on the St. Laurence. The big steamer Rosedale went on the rocks near Rock Island light and knocked a hole in her hull. The M. T. Company's barges also suffered heavily.

Ask for this Bottle



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Avoid Substitutions. Ask for 'Vin Mariani.'
At Druggists and Fancy Grocers.

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MONTREAL
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne. Old Empire Rye Whisky.

SPORTING NEWS.

BASKET BALL.

Considerable interest was manifested in the games of basket ball last night at the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium. The Dental Students beat the Drug Clerks by 10 to 5, while the INTELLIGENCER scored 4 to the Sun's 2.

The INTELLIGENCER fellows played a strong game. Jamieson was conspicuous all over the floor; Howe and Dulmage played a good forward, while Rous and Moore had an easy thing as backs.

The teams lined up as follows:

INTELLIGENCER.		SUN.
Dulmage	Forward	Dempsey
Howe	"	Robertson
Jamieson	Centre	Black
Rous	Back	Wilson
Moore	"	Duckworth
DRUG CLERKS.		DENTAL STUDENTS.
Wallace	Forward	Twining
Drumm	"	Robertson
Sutherland	Centre	Clarke
Ashton	Back	Reeves
Frost	"	Simmons

The club swinging exhibition by Messrs. Hitchon and Pitney added interest to the evening.

YACHTING.

An Irish Cup Challenger.

London, April 27.—A despatch to The Pall Mall Gazette from Belfast, published this afternoon, says that inquiries made tend to confirm the previous information to the effect that a yacht is about to be built in Ireland to compete not only for the Queen's Cup, but for the America's Cup. The yacht is to be built by a syndicate, including Mr. Gustav W. Wolff, member of Parliament for East Belfast and member of the Belfast shipbuilding firm of Harland & Wolff; the Marquis of Dufferin, who was recently British Ambassador at Paris, and Major Sherman Crawford. The new racer will probably be built in Hilditch's yard at Carrick Fergus, and she will fly the flag of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, of which the Marquis of Dufferin is Commodore.

FOOTBALL.

The football season was opened yesterday afternoon by the first game in the local league, between Albert College and the Crescents. The game was played on the D. and D. Institute grounds, and for the first twenty minutes was a spirited contest, but the Alberts were too heavy for the Crescents, and when the scoring began there was a land-slide in favor of the former. Altogether the Alberts scored seven goals to their opponents' nil; but two were disallowed, leaving the score 5 to 0. The game was loose and neither team showed any combination to speak of. H. P. Thomas refereed.

The Citys play their first game on Friday afternoon with the Crescents.

Colored Shirts.

Now is the time to buy your Colored Shirt for summer while stock is complete at Harry's. You can select from one hundred different patterns, ranging in price from 50c to $1.50. The material in each shirt is tested before being made up, so that you go no chances about fast colors, even in the cheapest line.—J. F. HARRY, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishings.

Amusement Notes.

A GREAT EVENT.

Beerbohm Tree has had more than ten thousand applications for seats for the opening night of Her Majesty's Theatre, London, England. The opening will occur to-night. In order to accommodate as many as possible, there will be two inaugural evenings, the second being an exact repetition of the first. The ceremony will comprise an overture especially composed for the occasion. At its conclusion Mrs. Tree, attired in classic costume, will appear in front of the curtain and deliver a rhymed address. The verses will begin with a quotation from "All's Well That Ends Well," Mr. Tree being of the opinion that the first words spoken from the stage of the new house should belong to Shakespeare. The last line will be "God Bless Her Majesty and Save the Queen." The curtain will then rise upon a select choir, of which Miss Clara Butt will be the soloist, and the National Anthem will be sung. The opening play will be Mr. Gilbert Parker's "The Seats of the Mighty."

R. WATKIN MILLS.

The "Toledo Bee" of April 2nd, says of Mr. Mills' singing there on the 1st inst: "R. Watkin Mills, the famous English Basso, appeared last night at Westminster church. A more delighted audience has not been brought together this season. His solos aroused the enthusiasm of the audience to a high pitch." When Mr. Mills sings in Belleville at the Carman Opera House on 3rd May, he will no doubt have a bumper house. The plan opens on Saturday, May 1st, at 10 o'clock at Riggs' music store. Prices 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.

Proper Ready-Made Clothing.

Have you ever tried Oak Hall clothing? You can't tell whether you like a dish or not until you have tasted it. Don't say you can't be suited in ready-to-wear clothing until you've tried what we keep. Here's where you get quality and nothing else. No stumbling over doubtful values or old styles. The people are with us. They are bound to extend their patronage to those from whom they receive the greatest satisfaction.

The Parsons Case.

An error was made yesterday in summarizing the remarks of County Attorney Anderson in the Parsons case. What he said was—not that he sympathized with the accused, but that he was exceedingly sorry for the family of the prisoner and regretted that his offences should have put them in the position in which they are.

Passed at Queen's.

Mr. E. L. Fralock, of this city, has passed his examination in junior physics and Mr. J. A. Petrie, son of Ald. Petrie, has passed in junior Latin and Junior Greek at Queen's University.

Bicycle Corps.

The Bicycle Corps of the 15th Batt. will meet to-morrow night at the Drill Shed.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY.

Two Families on Yeomans Street Receive Some Unwelcome Attention.

About 10:30 on Monday night last Mrs. J. Elliott, of Yeomans st., heard a noise at one of her upstairs windows and on looking for the cause was badly frightened to see a man trying to effect an entrance. She immediately ran and summoned her brother-in-law, Mr. Frank Elliott, who had retired, and when he had dressed and they returned the would-be burglar had decamped. Mrs. Elliott could not describe the man, except that he was dressed in light clothes. It appears that he climbed up from the rain barrel to the balcony and from that was trying to pry open one of the windows. Some one was afterwards heard at the windows of Mr. Cunningham, on the same street. Some of the residents of Yeomans street are rather nervous over the affair, but think it is traceable to tramps.

Mrs. S. James, Seaforth, suffered for years with what is called Old People's Rash. She was treated by many physicians without any result. Mr. Fear, the local druggist, recommended Dr. Chase's Ointment, which relieved the irritation at once, and speedily effected a permanent cure of the skin eruption. Mrs. James also says Dr. Chase's Ointment cured her of itching piles, which she had been troubled with for years.

U. E. LEAGUE.

Important Meeting at Ottawa--Preferential Trade Within the Empire.

(Special to the INTELLIGENCER.)

OTTAWA, April 28.—The annual meeting of the United Empire League was held held here to-day.

Lt.-Col. Denison, Toronto, President, occupied the chair, and there was a large attendance of members.

The annual report was adopted on motion of Lt.-Col. Denison, seconded by Hon. R. R. Dobell.

In seconding the report Mr. Dobell said that an Imperial Parliament where all the countries within the Empire would be represented was worth the aspirations of the British people.

A resolution, moved by Sir Charles Tupper, declaring in favor of the establishment of preferential trade within the Empire on the lines suggested by the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain and suggesting that the Canadian Government hold a conference with the Imperial Government to bring this about, was carried.

Lt.-Col Denison was re-elected President. Dalton McCarthy, M.P. and A. McNeill, M.P., were elected Vice-Presidents for Ontario.

Humors, pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT.

Willie Pepper charged John Clarke with disorderly conduct. They are boys living on Great St. James street. The Magistrate let Clarke off with a warning.

TRESPASS ON THE G. T. R.

Louis Morell, Sidney Bond, Robt. Hazelton were charged with trespass on the G. T. R. by County Constable Johnson. The three men were all respectably dressed and claimed to have trades. They were allowed to go.

TRESPASS AND ASSAULT.

Joshua Richardson charges Sarah Mortimer with several charges of trespass and assault, he also charges Emma and Charlotte Mortimer with trespass and assault. The parties live in Thurlow. Those concerned were not all in court. The case was laid over till Saturday next.

PERSONAL.

J. M. Lapum, Napanee, is at the Quinte.

Dr. Dulmadge went to Deseronto to-day.

Rev. M. W. Maclean went east at noon.

Mr. D. V. Sinclair went to Toronto yesterday.

Mr. John Williams returned from Napanee to-day, where he had been on business.

Mrs. Wolff, of Bellevue Terrace, is moving her household effects and family to Ottawa, where they will reside in future.

Mr. Geo. Thompson, compositor, has secured a position on the staff of the Montreal Star. He left for the east yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Malloy leave to-morrow to take up their residence in Newmarket. Miss Malloy will remain in Belleville for the present.

J. Hardie and Wm. T. Duke, Montreal; Wm. Wood, London; J. H. Vanderlip, S. G. Chamberlain, Geo. F. Davis, W. H. Fortier, Toronto; P. Ruder, Berlin; D. McIntyre, Hamilton; J. A. K. Drummond, Kingston; J. T. Frederick and A. E. Bailey, Campbellford; J. C. Rankin, Brighton, are registered at the Anglo.

W. E. Austin, N. A. Howie, Ed. Egan, J. Johnson, G. May, G. N. Bilton, Geo. R. Payne, R. Lee, L. Macdonald, G. T. Dillion, Toronto; T. S. Baillie, John Glegg, Frank Sumner, Montreal; Jas. H. Milnes, Buffalo; J. M. Lapum, Napanee; Chas. Maund, Kingston; W. G. Chater, Galt, are at the Quinte.

D. H. Lent's Lecture.

Mr. D. H. Lent gave a lecture in Bridge Street Church Sunday School rooms last evening to a fair-sized audience, who were highly pleased with what they heard and saw. Mr. Lent's lecture dealt with the effect of alcohol on the organs of the human system, being illustrated by stereopticon views. He will lecture again to-morrow evening.

—Mr. H. H. Bishop, of Uxbridge, was thrown out of his carriage in a runaway and it is feared fatally injured.

—Safe-crackers robbed Anderson's private bank at Oakville of $700. At Smithville the post office was blown open and $100 stolen.

—Fire at Newport News burned four vessels at the dock and destroyed $1,500,000 worth of property. Several sailors were terribly burned.

—At the convocation of the faculty of theology in Victoria University last night Mr. J. W. L. Forster's portrait of the late Mr. H. A. Massey was unveiled.

ATTENTION! BICYCLISTS.

Some Suggestions on Behalf of the Bicyclists of Belleville.

Now that there are a vast number of cyclists in this city, it has been suggested to the INTELLIGENCER that a petition be signed by all the bicyclists in Belleville to have the rigid by-law which is now in force amended so that our business men, ladies and children can have at least a share of the many miles of sidewalk which go unused and for which many of us pay heavy taxes. It is proposed that the blank form which can be found in our issue of to-day be cut out and signed by all the cyclists, and their supporters and handed in to this office. If you have not a form, send or hand in your name anyway. When the names are all in, it is suggested that one grand petition be made and presented to the City Council, praying that the by-law be so amended that cyclists can use the south walk of all streets running east and west and the east walk of all streets (except Front st.) running north and south, from six thirty o'clock a. m. to six thirty p. m, but in no case to allow them to use the walk on any street, if it is not provided with walks on both sides. That they are not to be allowed to ride on the walks after dark, to always be supplied with a bell or whistle, and that they shall not ride faster than five miles per hour; if any scorching is done, or any one knocked down and injured they may be punished by a heavy fine. From the present condition of our streets it is to be hoped that the many hundred wheelmen in our midst will be able to come to an understanding with the City Fathers, and get some amendments to the present by-law.

What Haines & Lockett Say.

We are putting new stock into the Coleman store, where we have had our sale, and shall try and make the place as comfortable and attractive as possible while our own place 's rebuilding. What damaged stock there is left will be sold at very low prices till all is sold out. Meantime new lines of seasonable shoes are arriving daily—HAINES & LOCKETT.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

RECTORY, 27th April, 1897.

I see in your issue of Monday last (4th page, column 4), a notice that Gilbert Seams and Annie Premo were married by me on Saturday night last. Will you kindly correct and deny the statement, as I did not marry the aforesaid persons? They called on me on Saturday evening last, but I resused to marry them, and Rev. T. Godden, who was here at the time, also refused.

Yours truly,
J. W. BURK,
Clk.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

SIR,—It was no doubt a very sad sight to see the numerous small children and wife of Parsons crying in court yesterday, but why should four of our citizens write asking clemency for a man who was caught "red-handed" in robbing a store, and in addition having found a large pile of goods at his house which had been stolen from various places? Would it not be better to give this thief his just deserts than to allow him off with a suspended sentence? It appears to me that it would be better for the city to take charge of his family than allow him his liberty, when it is well known that he has been at his nefarious work for some time.

Yours truly,
JUSTICE.

Keep Your Eyes

In good condition by wearing properly fitted glasses. When these are necessary, if in doubt, call on ALEX. RAY, Druggist and Optician.

Regimental Orders

The following orders have been issued by the Commanding Officer of the 49th Batt.:—

HEADQUARTERS 49TH BATT., H.R.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS:—

No. 1.

The Officer Commanding desires to express his sincere gratification with the attendance, performance of duty and soldierly behaviour of all concerned at the obsequies of the late lamented Lieut.-Col. James Brown.

No. 2

The sincere gratitude of the 49th Batt., H R., is herewith respectfully tendered to Lieut.-Col. Ponton, Officers and Men of the 15th Batt., A.L.I., for their kind and generous assistance in every way on the occasion above referred to.

By Order,
A. HOFFMAN SMITH,
Adjt. 49th Batt., H.R.

Men and Women Agree

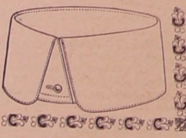
That corns are painful, not easily cured and quite useless. Men and women who have used Putnam's Corn Extractor testify that it is the best, acts without pain, and cures. Use Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor.

—In February, 1895, George Ballard, son of School Inspector Ballard of Hamilton, kicked a boy named Richard Neville, who, with some other boys, was teasing him. Neville's father carried the case to the courts, and has just secured a verdict of $250 and costs against M. Ballard, on the ground that his son is a cripple for life.

MARRIAGES.

BLAKELY-DEMILLE—At Brighton, April 26th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. C. W. Watch, Mr. W. E. BLAKELY to Miss ANNA HELENA MAITLAND, eldest daughter of I. B. DeMille, Esq., all of Brighton.

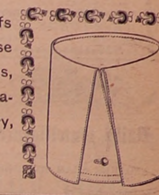
CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only--MONDAY, May 3rd.
R. Watkin-Mills,
ENGLAND'S BARITONE.
George Fox,
CANADA'S VIOLIN VIRTUOSO.
A subscription list will be opened at Riggs' Music store on Monday morning, April 26, at 10 a.m. Subscribers to have first choice of seats.
PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
W. S. JONES, director and accompanist.



New Styles.

The Very Latest Styles

Now showing in Ladies' Cuffs and Collars, Blouses, Blouse Sets, Silk Gloves, Kid Gloves, Chiffons, Braids, Parasols, Ladies' Ties, Summer Hosiery, etc., etc.



All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

APRIL SHOWERS
BRING
MAY FLOWERS.

....They also bring a ready sale for our....
Ladies' Umbrellas ∴
We can help you in making a selection. See our Fancy Handles.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

WALL PAPER LOGIC.
It is the Natural Supposition

—that a customer for Wall Paper or Draperies, is more anxious to make a selection that will prove DECORATIVE than to save a few cents a roll or yard as the case may be.

If the article of barter is a household necessity such as a wash-tub, the principle of the thing is manifestly different.

Such an article a family must have, but no one cares what it looks like so that it does not leak and a woman is wise in going where she can save on its cost.

In any branch of the decorative field, however, a premium should be placed on unusual artistic excellence; surely, then, the brains that evolved a "stunning" pattern, and the labor and experimenting represented in producing an odd shade of color, have a value in dollars and cents as well as the ingredients that go to make up the paper upon which these smart effects are printed.

C. B. Scantlebury.

Sandwich Cakes
at 10c each. These are not the ordinary sandwiches made of a sponge mixture, but a nice little two layer cake of butter mixture and nicely iced in various colors and flavors; will keep nice and fresh for several days.
ONLY 10c EACH.
CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
CASH STRICTLY.

Hats on Hand.
We should say so. Hats in variety and kind that give us easy leadership in the Hat business of Belleville. Hats that are standard—Hats for the grave or gay—Clerical Hats—Business Men's Hats—Young Men's Hats.
Ask for "OUR SPECIAL" in Stiff Hats—The Jarman and Wakefield Special—the latest shapes, unparalleled value at $2.25—a first-class Hat.
J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

The Seed
That gives best satisfaction and yields best results is to be found at......
R. TEMPLETON & CO'Y'S.
Just have a look before buying elsewhere.

'Phone 219 J. Owen
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
Try our Tinsmith on stove repairs. Stoves taken down on the shortest notice.
PLUMBING AND GAS-FITTING.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

CLOTHING
We absolutely guarantee the workmanship in our Ready-made Clothing. It means satisfaction or your money refunded. See the guarantee card in the pocket of each garment.
MEN'S SUITS.
Our Men's Suits are up-to-date models of comfort, style and fit, and each garment has a Shorey guarantee card in the pocket.
Ready-made Clothing.
Men's Furnishings.
Hats and Caps.
J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.
Men's Outfitter.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.
We have just received, direct from the makers in Switzerland, a fine lot of Swiss Lace Curtains and Sash Nets, Window Shade Laces and Fringes.
Our stock of Carpets, Curtains, Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Furniture Coverings, etc., is very complete, and the prices will be found lower than any other house in Belleville.
Have just put into stock a beautiful lot of American Picture Mouldings, and some very pretty pictures suitable for studies or framing.
Do not be afraid to come in and look at our goods, even if you are not out to buy.
T. P. BROWN'S
Opposite Bank of Commerce.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.
THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TUGNETT proprietor. dtf

A Graduate o Toronto University says "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy which always effects a cure

Wrapper Competition for every month of the year 1897

$1,625.
GIVEN AWAY EACH MONTH.
In Bicycles & Watches.
FOR
SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS.

For full particulars see advts. or apply to
LEVER BROS., LTD.
23 SCOTT ST., TORONTO

Daily Intelligencer.

ANOTHER SHAM EXPOSED.

The loud acclaims of the supporters of the Laurier-Tarte Government over the demonstration of their party's loyalty to the mother country - which had been under a cloud since their attempt to force upon Canada a disloyal policy in 1891—by the so-called double schedule attached to their tariff, have completely died out since the true nature of the proposed enactment has become apparent.

A closer reading of the clause shows that it is not a preferential enactment in favor of Great Britain, as Mr. Laurier intimated that it was, but simply a general clause, the application of which is not limited to any particular country, but is to be extended to all countries which choose to come within its terms. As to this there can be no doubt whatever, as Sir Richard Cartwright in his speech on the budget, delivered on Monday, said: "I say, with respect to the offer we now make, that it is not a preferential offer at all in the true legal sense of the word. That offer is open to all the world. The Americans may avail themselves of it, and so may the Germans and the Belgians. The whole world are welcome to avail themselves of it on the same terms and the same conditions on which England may take advantage of it."

Further on in the debate the following colloquy took place:

"Mr. McNeill—As my hon. friend mentioned my name and suggested that perhaps for party reasons I may be inclined to support a policy of which I do not approve or oppose a policy of which I did approve, would he be kind enough to tell me whether he considers this offer to England an offer of preferential trade?

"Sir Richard Cartwright—I tell the hon. gentleman that this is an offer of preferential trade to all countries that are qualified to come into it, but it is in fact a preferential offer to England, because that is the country of all others which will profit most by accepting the offer, and a remarkable contrast to the practical result of the National Policy, which resulted in almost destroying our trade with Great Britain, or at any rate reducing it from some $60,000,000 to $30,000,000 in very few years."

So vanishes into thin air the latest of the Grit false pretences.

But supposing that, as Mr. Laurier alleged, it was the intention of his Government to extend preferential treatment to Great Britain, their course was a series of blunders. In the first place, they failed to take the necessary steps to put the preferential clause in force in a legal manner, namely by order in council, and in the next place they failed to ascertain whether it would be possible to discriminate in favor of Great Britain without granting the same favors to Belgium, Germany, and all other countries which have "most favored nation" treaties with Britain—in which case Britain would not profit by the concession, but would rather be placed at a disadvantage in our market in many lines, as compared with her present position.

On this subject an Ottawa correspondent comments as follows:

The Liberals, for the most part, believe that the Government has had some communication with the Imperial authorities before launching out on differential lines. They say they feel certain that the Administration would not commit the blunder of ignorantly exposing Canadians to the competition of Europe, or of inviting a conflict with Imperial interests. The Conservatives take it for granted that if Great Britain's opinion has been asked it would be expressed on the same lines as it was in 1894, namely, that we are bound by the favored nation clauses. If this is the case, it follows that the Government has not waited to look before it leapt. On the subject the Ministers say little beyond admitting that the question may arise, and become the subject of diplomatic correspondence. It is probable that the question may not come immediately to an issue. Should Germany protest to England against a treaty isolation by Canada the matter will be communicated through the Governor-General to the Government. It is understood to be the programme of the Administration in such an event to submit a question to the Supreme Court for the purpose of finally having a deliverance by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. This may take time, but in the interim the industries threatened by German competition, and, indeed, competition from the whole of Europe, will experience considerable suspense, not by any means helpful.

It is safe to say that, no matter what has happened since the publication of the tariff, our Government had no communication with the Imperial authorities in this connection. The question as to discrimination was, it is understood, submitted to the Imperial Government in 1894 and was answered in the negative, and it is also mentioned by a contemporary that this matter was settled in the British Parliament in 1895. To the question how the terms of these treaties bore on the relations of the countries named with the colonies of Great Britain, Sir E. Grey answered for the British Government as follows:—These treaties (1) do not prevent preferential treatment by the United Kingdom in favor of British colonies; (2) they do prevent preferential treatment by British colonies in favor of the United Kingdom; (3) they do not prevent preferential treatment by the British colonies in favor of each other.

Mr. Foster and Sir Charles Tupper have shown that there are some eight or ten countries that have most favored nation treaties with Great Britain, in which Canada is included, without touching the French treaty, which covers France, Algeria and the French colonies. Canada is tied down by these several treaties so that she cannot give to English goods a lower tariff than she gives to those other treaty countries, unless and until those treaties have been first amended or dissolved.

How the Government will act in the premises remains to be seen.

Meantime it is but the plain truth to say that they have failed in their attempt to deceive and have blundered in an inexcusable manner, and that the Consuls of the nations interested are pressing the claims of their respective countries, under their treaties with Great Britain, to share in the "preferential" scale of duties under our tariff.

"RIGHT ABOUT FACE."

The Liberals of Canada are not seeking to discriminate against England, they are not seeking to escape Imperial responsibilities, they do not want to pull down the Empire. No, they want to take a man's part in broadening, strengthening and building up the glorious old mother of free communities, and in extending the beneficent sway of her wise commercial policy.—Toronto Globe.

Can this be the same Globe which, six years ago, was sneering at "the old flag" and proposing that Canada should do her part in "broadening, strengthening and building up the glorious old mother of free communities" by discriminating against her to the extent of about 50 per cent. in favor of the United States.

Truly, "time works wonders" and "the world do move."

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

IN AN INQUIRING MOOD

Commoners Wanted a Heap of Information Yesterday.

Dr. Reid Introduced a Bill to Regulate Freight Rates on Railways and Then, After the Questions and Answers, Controller Paterson Took Up the Budget Debate—Mr. Davin Followed, and After Him Messrs. Oliver, Craig and J. Ross Robertson—Mr. McMullen Moved the Adjournment.

Ottawa, Ont., April 27.—(Special.)—In the House to-day Dr. Reid introduced a bill to regulate freight rates on railways. He said the proposed measure was similar to the Interstate Commerce law of the United States. It is proposed to create a commission to settle all disputes between shippers and railways, and further that rates on short hauls should not be proportionately greater than the rates on long hauls.

Controller Paterson, answering Mr. Wood, said the tug Silver Spray and the schooner Mary Grover were seized in May, 1884, for not reporting goods landed at Michipicoten River. Messrs. Conmee and McLennan were the owners of the vessels.

Mr. Tarte told Mr. Monk the cost of the temporary roof over the Western block was $4500. The contract was let to Joseph Bourque of Hull without tender.

Sir Richard Cartwright, answering Mr. Casgrain, said the fortification walls at Quebec were in a bad state of repair, and the Government was taking steps to have them put into proper condition.

Mr. Davies told Mr. Casgrain that the appeal in the fisheries case would be heard in England during the coming summer.

Mr. Davies informed Mr. Casgrain that Dr. Lavoie of Quebec had been appointed inspector of the gulf fisheries during the absence of Commander Wakeham, who was to be in charge of the Hudson's Bay expedition. Dr. Lavoie's salary would be $1200 a year.

Mr. Laurier told Sir Charles Tupper that the main features of the agreement with the Grand Trunk Railway for the I.C.R. to enter Montreal were complete, but that there were important details still to be settled.

Mr. Mulock stated to Mr. Davin that Mrs. McManus, postmistress of Northfield, B.C., had been dismissed owing to the overbearing conduct of her husband. [Laughter.]

Mr. Fielding said that Charles Thibault, advocate of Waterloo, after 8 years and 9 months' service as secretary of the Board of Official Arbitrators, was superannuated in September, 1889, after paying $322 to the superannuation fund. Ten years had been added to his term of service. [Ironical cheers from the Government benches.] He had drawn as superannuation $6143 and as salary from 1880 to 1889 $16,272. [Liberal cheers.]

Mr. Laurier told Mr. LaRiviere that shortly after the conclusion of last session the Government invited the Government of Manitoba to negotiate on the school question. Accordingly three members of the Manitoba Government came to Ottawa and had several conferences with the Dominion Government. That was the arrangement now before the country. [Hear, hear.]

Mr. McNeill asked what interpretation the Controller of Customs placed on the words "on the whole" in the reciprocal clause.

Mr. Paterson said, without wishing to be discourteous, he could only say the words carried their own interpretation.

Mr. McNeill asked whether the words "on the average" would be a fair equivalent.

Mr. Patherson: I do not understand that if a country admitted but one or two or half a dozen articles that that would come within the category. At this moment the only country I have decided as coming within the scope of the clause is Great Britain and Ireland.

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

Mr. Paterson, Controller of Customs, Defends the Government Policy.

Mr. Paterson, after an introductory reference to previous speeches, justified the delay that had ensued between the time when the new Government took office and the introduction of the new tariff, claiming that the Government had done in a few months what had taken the Conservative Government a year to do in 1894. He denied that business had been paralyzed by the delay. True, there had been uncertainty and some anxiety, but nothing unusual in the case of any impending tariff revision. As to the tariff itself, Mr. Paterson claimed it fulfilled to the letter the pledges in the platform adopted by the Liberal party in 1893. The taxes had been reduced on every article except ales, spirits and tobaccos, and no industry had been unjustly treated. The Government took the grou[illegible]t the tariff should be a tariff for revenue, a tariff framed to raise the requisite revenue to carry on the government of the country; if there was any protection incidental thereto, as there must be, it followed as an incident and not as a principle. Hon. gentlemen oposite pretended not to be able to understand the reciprocal clause of the new tariff, albeit they denounced its provisions as unconstitutional. It was strange that these gentlemen, with the resolution in print in their hands, should not be able to comprehend it when newspapers thousands of miles away, receiving their reports by telegraph and cable, are able to understand it, and as The London Times did, comment favorably upon it and even commend it to the good judgment of the Opposition.

Proceeding upon this point, Mr. Paterson read from Sir Charles Tupper's speech before the Second Congress of Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, wherein he, speaking to the preferential trade resolution, declared that while Canada's loyalty was not dependent upon commercial benefits, preferential trade would be a strengthening of the bonds. And Sir Charles further had announced that Lord Salisbury, as well as every statesman, Liberal and Conservative, in England, was pledged to the abrogation of these favored nation treaties, which stood in the way of carrying out a preferential trade arrangement between Great Britain and the colonies. If Sir Charles believed that, Mr. Paterson asked when did he see the difficulty of carrying out the resolution before the House? The Conservatives themselves were all along in favor of preferential trade arrangements with England. The only difference was that the Tories knew it was right, but dare not do it. The effect of this resolution in England was such that never in the history of Canada had anything occurred that so touched the English heart. Such was the sympathetic effect in England thus aroused, Mr. Paterson said, that the chances were improved of getting the cattle schedule removed; while in Canada the new tariff altogether met with the approval of the people.

Mr. Davin replied. He referred to the uncomfortable position which the Liberals occupied in their new role of enthusiastic Britishers, after their 18 years' denunciation of the Conservatives because of their loyalty talk, and after their long advocacy of trade with the nearer markets of the United States. Whence came this talk of British preference? There was not a word about England in the resolution, and when asked what meant the words "On the whole" in that resolution the Government could not or would not give an answer. What was to prevent German and Belgian goods coming into Canada through England? It was said the Government had received a despatch from one of the Imperial secretaries of state saying that Her Majesty's Government was pleased with the expression of loyalty, but that the treaty could not be sanctioned. He asked the acting leader of the House (Mr. Davies) whether the report were true.

Mr. Davies: "I don't see why I should answer such a question as that. The hon. gentleman seems to know everything."

Mr. Davin complained that in regard to so important a matter the answer was simply trifling with the House. He then went on to criticise the Government upon their utter abandonment of principle. Not a word of explanation upon the tariff had been vouchsafed by the Finance Minister or those who followed him, so that each member had to interpret for himself, and, comparing the old and new tariff, Mr. Davin said the Northwest would be disappointed at not securing the removal of the duty on coal oil, which was a necessary of life. The duty on lumber, which was also a hardship to the Northwest, had also been allowed to remain. In his opinion the anti-combines clause was a scheme for terrorizing a section of the community just previous to an election.

Mr. Davin pointed out the hollowness of the preferential clause of the tariff, and criticized Sir Richard's mistaken notions concerning its effect and the manner it was sought to enforce it.

Mr. Oliver, Liberal member for Alberta, said that some features of the tariff were disappointing to him, but on the whole he favored it. A reduction of 1 cent a gallon on coal oil did not mean much when at Edmonton the article sold at 50 cents a gallon. The question of transportation was the great problem for the Northwest.

Mr. Craig (Conservative), East Durham, said that in some respects he approved of the tariff, but in his opinion, however, the Government had broken every promise they had previously made. They had presented a policy based largely on that of their predecessors. The tariff faced both ways. In framing it the Government had been rather more agile and dexterous than he had given them credit for. Protectionists were invited to keep their eye on the general tariff and not look at the special tariff, while free traders were told to keep in view the special tariff. Then it was suggested that the Government wanted to hit the United States, and a strange way they had adopted to do that. They proposed to do this by making corn free, reducing the duties on coal oil and wheat flour, and abolishing the duties on barbed wire and and binder twine. He regarded the reciprocity clause as dangerous because it made the Controller of Customs sole arbiter in this matter. It was, moreover, the thin edge of the wedge to destroy protection altogether. This preference with Great Britain was a pretended preference, as Germany, Belgium and 22 other countries must participate in it. Personally, he was a devoted son of the Empire, but he had been sent to Parliament to legislate for the workingmen of Canada, not for the Empire. A true preferential arrangement would receive his support, but the Government's proposal he regarded as dangerous. It gave concessions for nothing. While he was a loyal man, he was not loyal enough to see English or Germans doing the work of Canadians.

J. Ross Robertson (East Toronto) said he had always been a protectionist and controlled the first protectionist newspaper ever printed in Canada. By this tariff the leader of the Opposition had been robbed of his clothes, but he still retained the principles of protection, and it was his (Mr. Robertson's) duty to follow those principles, clothes or no clothes. [Cheers and laughter.] The Liberal party was half converted to the principles of protection. For the country's sake he rejoiced that the Government was half seas over on the voyage of protection. His place, however, was with those who stood for protection for the country's sake. The Government was a sort of wet nurse and suckled protection in order to earn a living for its party. [Laughter.] In his judgment there was too much free trade and too little protection in this tariff. He recognized in the Government an enemy to his principles, an enemy all the more dangerous because in this instance it was long-headed and far-seeing in its methods. The citadel of protection had been abandoned to its enemies by the folly of its friends.

Mr. McMullen moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House adjourned at 11 p.m.

LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

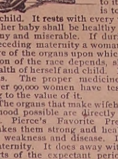
Linseed and Turpentine is not only a popular remedy, but the best known to medical science for the treatment of nervous membranes of respiratory organs.

DR. CHASE compounded this valuable syrup so as to take away the unpleasant taste of the turpentine and linseed. It was the Doctor's last and greatest remedy, and more of it is sold in Canada than all other cough medicines combined.

A Banker's Experience

HEREAFTER HE INTENDS TO
. . . . BE HIS OWN FAMILY DOCTOR

"I tried a bottle of *Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine* for a troublesome affection of the throat," writes Manager Thomas Dewson, of the Standard Bank, now of 14 Melbourne avenue, Toronto. "It proved effective. I regard the remedy as simple, cheap and exceedingly good. It has hitherto been my habit to consult a physician in troubles of this nature. **Hereafter, however, I intend to be my own family doctor.**"



Making the baby happy is a womanly woman's best pleasure. It is easy to make a healthy baby happy. Such a baby is born happy. Smiles and dimples are as natural to it as fretfulness is to a puny, sickly child. It rests with every woman whether her baby shall be healthy and happy, or puny and miserable. If during the period preceding maternity a woman takes proper care of the organs upon which the perpetuation of the race depends, she insures the health of herself and child. It is easy to do this. The proper medicine is at hand. Over 90,000 women have testified in writing to the value of it.

The organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible are directly acted upon by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It makes them strong and healthy. It cures all weakness and disease. It prepares for maternity. It does away with the discomforts of the expectant period. It insures baby's health and makes its advent easy and almost painless. Druggists sell more of the "Favorite Prescription" than of all other similar medicines combined.

"I am anxious to add my testimonial to your 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes Mrs. C. G. Brandon, of Fort Grant, Graham Co., Ariz. "I had been using the 'Prescription' for several months previous to my confinement, and I am sure I have been benefited greatly from the time I commenced to use it. I feel fully as well as ever I did in my life. Up to the very day when the baby was born I did all my own housework; and during confinement I had not the least symptoms of fever. The 'ordeal' was nothing to what I expected."

The woman who owns a copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser probably does not realize at once all that she gave in exchange for it. There was the price of $1.50. That paid for the large volume of 1,008 pages. Then, as day by day she looked into these pages, one by one she gave away her anxieties for her family's health. She learned how to make her children well. In the chapters especially treating of her own weaknesses, she learned the causes and the cures. 680,000 copies have been sold at $1.50 each. Now an edition in paper covers, will be distributed FREE. Send 31 one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., to cover the cost of customs and mailing only. Send 50 stamps for cloth binding.

BRITAIN IN DISGRACE

According to the Opinion of Sir William Harcourt.

Sir Charles E. H. Vincent Moved a Protection Resolution in the House of Commons, But It Did Not Go—The Same Gentleman Will Move Thanks to the Canadian Government for the Tariff Concessions to Great Britain.

London, April 27.—Sir Charles E. Howard Vincent, Conservative, and fair trader, member for the Central Division of Sheffield, moved in the House of Commons to-day. That in view of the great increase in the imports of foreign manufactured articles, and the consequent loss of employment to working people of this country, such goods should pay a toll of 10 per cent., the proceeds to be devoted to a fund for providing pensions for deserving helpless persons over 65 years of age.

Mr. A. J. Balfour, the Government leader in the House, and First Lord of the Treasury, replied. He said it was dangerous to admit a resolution to protect manufacturers without also protecting husbandry. Besides, he added, much could be said in favor of Great Britain's simple fiscal system, while the question of old age pensions was premature.

The motion of Sir Charles E. Howard Vincent was eventually negatived without a division.

London, April 27.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Charles E. H. Vincent, Conservative and Fair Trader, member for the central division of Sheffield, announced that he would move the following resolution a month hence:

"The House expresses grateful and fraternal recognition to the Government and people of the Dominion of Canada for the generous fiscal changes in favor of British trade and labor announced on Friday by the Parliament at Ottawa, and already in force, and hopes this first step towards a commercial federation of the Empire will be followed by Australia, South Africa and the other colonies."

The Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, replying, said the Government cordially appreciated the friendly spirit shown by the tariff action of Canada. "And," he added, "I understand the proposals do not depend upon any alteration of the system of free trade established in the United Kingdom."

London, April 27.—Sir William Vernon Harcourt, leader of the Liberal party in the House of Commons, addressed a large and important meeting of Welsh Liberal electors to-night at Abertillery. Discussing Cretan affairs, he declared that Great Britain had never before occupied a position of which she had so much reason to be ashamed. "The union of Crete and Greece," he said, "is the proper ultimate solution of the difficulties. If that had been permitted, there would have been no war. The powers are only anxious to preserve Turkish integrity as long as it suits themselves. The whole integrity formula is a sham. It has been said that a ukase has gone forth to let Greece perish. If that is the decision of England, and if the concert of Europe results in the doom of freedom in Greece, it will arouse in the breasts of all Englishmen, sentiments of the sternest indignation and the deepest disgust."

NEWS NOTES FROM OTTAWA

Talk Around the Lobbies—Tobacco Men Interview Mr. Fielding on the Tariff—Other Items.

Ottawa, April 22.—(Special.)—A report was current round the lobbies today that the Government had received a telegram from the Colonial Secretary stating that the Imperial authorities could not accept the reciprocal clause. The rumor created much talk, but on the highest authority your correspondent is in a position to say there is not a word of truth in it. As regards the question of the admission of Germany and Belgium to the privileges of Schedule D of the tariff, I understand that the Government admits that the point is a debatable one as to whether or not the most favored nation clause will apply, but naturally they put the most favorable construction upon the matter, and, even supposing they are beaten, their action will have given a great impetus to the movement to get rid of these obnoxious treaties.

A proclamation was issued to-day in an extra of The Canada Gazette, appointing June 22 as a public holiday, on which to celebrate Her Majesty's Diamond Jubilee. It reads: Whereas it seems to us fitting that a day should be set apart for the purpose of affording our loving subjects, the people of Canada, an opportunity of celebrating the 60th anniversary of our accession in such a manner as to manifest their devoted attachment to our throne and person and their thankfulness for the prosperity which, under the blessing of Almighty God, they have enjoyed during our reign.

Genteel.

If there is any word more disagreeable than another, it is the word "genteel." It is a word that suggests patched poverty and old china dishes with nothing in them. It is a word that women like, but that men abominate.

BRILLIANT SUCCESS

FROM YEAR TO YEAR has accompanied our methods of doing business. The finished garments, just from the tailor's bench, rightly deserve success, for nowhere can highest class, ready to dress, stylish clothing be purchased at our guaranteed absolute lowest figures. Keenest competition readily admits that our prices are a forcible, positive demonstration of the truth that we save the buyer from 20 to 30 per cent. on every garment.

Men's Spring Suits.
In All-Wool Thibets, Black and Blue Cheviots and Fancy Tweeds. Linings of the best farmers' Satin and Serges, at
$5 to $8.

Men's Nobby SPRING OVERCOATS.
Made of Coverts and Meltons, in all the new colors, splendidly lined and trimmed,
$5, $7, $10

Little Boys'
Dandy Sailor Suits, Made of Serges and trimmed in good shape. Just the thing for the small boy. Prices
$1 to $3

Men's Handsome Worsted Suits.
In latest effects, vest made with notch collar, pants cut according to latest fashion, beautifully tailored throughout, exactly like best ordered suit. All colors,
$10.00

Boys' Suits.
In three pieces, made from best tweeds, serges and cheviots, linings and trimmings none better. These suits sell ordinarily for $7 and $8. Our price,
Only $5

OAK HALL.

For the . . .
Lenten Season

Fresh Baltimore Oysters
Regular supplies direct from packers.
Finnan Haddies
Direct from Portland per express.
Canned Salmon
Canned Lobster
Canned Haddies
FRESH HERRINGS in Tins
KIPPERED HERRINGS in Tins
HERRINGS in Tomato Sauce in Tins
Sardines
in Tins. Finest Brands.
Bloater Paste
in Small Jars.
Anchovy Paste
in Small Jars.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,
GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones—130 and 157.

Removed
We are now
All Removed
to our new
Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, traveles with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed. T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
  The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
  To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her.—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE
—AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENCY
Representing the following first-class Companies:
The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.
The Waterloo Mutual,
Of Waterloo, Ontario.
The London and Lancashire,
Of Liverpool, England.
REAL ESTATE.
Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.
Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.
APPLY TO
JAMES BOOTH.

Cramps, Colic, Colds,
Croup, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles
Pain-Killer
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

THE "BIG" FOUR.

A Quartette of Remedies that are Effecting Wonderful Cures.

Dr. Chase's four great remedies are: Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, Dr. Chase's Ointment, Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, and Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, his latest and greatest discovery for all throat and lung affections.

"I was sick for three years," says James Simpson, of Newcomb Mills. "I tried various alleged patent cures and several boxes of a certain pill which has been greatly cracked up. I got no relief. Then I tried Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Since, I have been able to work every day and feel like a new man. Your pills alone cured me at a cost of 25c."

"I have been subject to severe colds every fall and spring," says Miss Hattie Delaney, of 174 Crawford street, Toronto. "I used many cough medicines, but none cured me until at a cost of 25 cents I tried Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine."

"My husband was troubled with the worst kind of piles," writes Mrs. Jane Potts, of Meyersburg. "He was often unable to work. Since using your Chase's Ointment he is completely cured. It is truly worth its weight in gold instead of the price you charge, only 60 cents."

"I bought a box of your Catarrh Cure for 25 cents at Mr. Boyle's drug store here," says Henry R. Nicholls of 176 Rectory street, London, Ont. "I am thankful to say it cured me."

Chase's remedies at all dealers. Edmanson, Bates & Co., manfrs., Toronto.

"THINK IT OVER."

An Improvement for '97

A bath room equipped with modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

Drop in and see us. Get our prices for good goods and satisfactory work.

Repairing orders attended without delay.

THE FOSTER CO., LTD

Phone 189.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MEDICAL.

DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

DRS. GOLDSMITH & GOLDSMITH. Office and residence, 55 Campbell st., on the hill, just above Merchants Bank. Telephone 95. P. D. Goldsmith, M.D., Ontario, L.S.A., L.R.C.P. and M.R.C.P., London, Eng. P. G. Goldsmith, M.D., late resident surgeon Children's Hospital, Toronto. ju6d&wly

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DENTIST—Office, Caldwell Block, Front Street. Residence, Bridge Street. 223d&wtf

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OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of Post Office.

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April 8, 1895. dtf

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Money to loan at 5 per cent interest.

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East Robertson Block, Front st., Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc. Private funds to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Mortgages and debentures purchased. Estates managed. Agents for the Canada Permanent Loan & Savings Co. Telephone 32.
J. PARKER THOMAS. S. D. LAZIER.

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(Successor to Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q.C., BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc Office, McAnnany building, corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont. Private and Company money to loan at 6 per cent. on easy terms upon good land security Charges moderate.

MISCELLANEOUS.

U. E. THOMPSON,

TOWN PASSENGER AGENT G. T. R Bridge Street.
Or at the Grand Trunk Depot.
GUNN,
Agent G.T.R.

A. G. NORTHRUP.

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Shire Hall Belleville. 226d&wly

I. DULMAGE, L.D.S., D.D.S., (Toronto University.

DENTIST—Office over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence on Forin Street. d.w.

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

Verbitzsky's Stratagem.

(Continued.)

"Now, men, you see your chief. At the word 'March,' go and kneel in a row beside him, your heads against that wall. Hump your backs as high as you can. If any man moves to get out all will suffer together. You understand?"

"Yes! yes! yes!" came in an agony of abasement from their lips.

"March!"

When they were all kneeling in a row, Verbitzsky said to me clearly:—

"Michael, you can easily get to the top of that wall from any one of their backs. No man will dare to move. Go! Wait on the edge! Take your bomb with you!"

I obeyed. I stood on a man's back. I laid my bomb with utmost care on the wall, over which I could then see. Then I easily lifted myself out by my hands and elbows.

"Good!" said Verbitzsky. "Now, Michael, stand there till I come. If they try to seize me, throw your bomb. We can all die together."

In half a minute he had stepped on Nolenki's back. Nolenki groaned with abasement. Next moment Verbitzsky was beside me.

"Give me your bomb. Now Michael," he said loudly, "I will stand guard over these wretches till I see you beyond the freight-sheds. Walk at an ordinary pace, lest you be seen and suspected."

"But you? They'll rise and fire at you as you run," I said.

"Of course they will. But you will escape. Here! Good bye!"

He embraced me, and whispered in my ear:

"Go the opposite way from the freight-sheds. Go out toward the Petrovsky Gardens. There are few police there. Run hard after you've walked out under the bridge and around the abutments. You will then be out of hearing."

"Go, dear friend," he said aloud, in a mournful voice. "I may never see you again. Possibly I may have to destroy myself and all here. Go!"

I obeyed precisely, and had not fairly reached the yard's end when Verbitzsky, running very silently, came up beside me.

"I think they must be still fancying that I'm standing over them," he chuckled.

"No, they are shooting! Now, out they come!"

From where we now stood in shadow we could see Nolenki and his men rush furiously out from under the bridge. They ran away from us toward the freight-sheds, shouting the alarm, while we calmly walked home to our unsuspected lodgings.

Not till then did I think of the bombs.

"Where are they?" I asked in alarm.

"I left them for the police. They will ruin Nolenki—it was he who sent poor Zina to Siberia and her death."

"Ruin him?" I said, wondering.

"Yes."

"Why?"

"They were not loaded."

"Not loaded!"

"That's what Boris whispered to me in the wool-shed office. He meant to load them to-morrow before going to His Imperial Majesty's train. Nolenki will be laughed to death in Moscow, if not sent to Siberia."

Verbitzsky was right. Nolenki, after being laughed nearly to death, was sent to Siberia in disgrace, and we both worked in the same gang with him for eight months before we escaped from the Ural Mines. No doubt he is working there yet.

THE END

AN AGENT'S STORY.

HE WAS TROUBLED WITH A CONSTANT FEELING OF LASSITUDE.

FELT AS THOUGH HE COULD LIE DOWN ANYWHERE AND GO ASLEEP—FOOD DISTRESSED HIM AND HIS CONDITION WAS ONE CONSTANT MISERY.

(From the Parrsboro, N. S. Leader.)

There is scarcely a man, woman or child in the busy mining town of Springhill, N. S., who does not know Mr. Moses Y. Boss, the trusty agent of A. R. Fulton, dealers in carriages and farm implements. Two yeaas ago the writer first met Mr. Boss, and was struck with the extreme pallor of his countenance. He seemed, in fact, like one in the deadly grip of consumption. Recently business again brought him to the home of the writer, but a remarkable change for the better had taken place in the interval. Upon enquiry it was learned that ill-health first induced Mr. Boss to go upon the road as salesmen in a hope that a change of scene would prove beneficial. The result, however, did not meet with his expectations. The food he ate distressed him, and the weakness and feeling of lassitude became intensified. To use his own words, he was so weak and nervous, and used up that he felt he "could have dropped down and gone to sleep anywhere." Driving tired him and when at home the slightest labor about his farm was irksome. He was in this hopeless and discouraged condition when a friend recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He decided to try one box, and before they were gone he found some benefit from them. He then bought four boxes more, and each week found an improvement in his condition. His stomach ceased to trouble him, the feeling of lassitude troubled him no more, and his labors were no longer irksome. By the time he had finished his fifth box, his health was fully restored, and has since continued to be excellent, and he is not backward in telling his friends the sterling worth of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure all diseases aaising from weak and improverished state of the blood, as anæmia, pale and sallow complexion, general muscular weakness, loss of appetite, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath, pains in the back, nervous headache, all forms of female weakness, hysteria, paralysis, locomotor ataxia, rheumatism and sciatica. They invigorate the blood and system when broken down by over work, worry diseases, excesses and indiscretions of living. They act directly on the blood, supplying to the latter its life saving qualities. They are genuine only with the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper round each box. Sold by all druggists or sent post paid at 50c per box, or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

CAMPHOR,
MOTH BALLS,
MOTH PAPER,
—FOR SALE AT—
THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

A CRISIS AT ATHENS

The Cabinet Ministers Said to Have Resigned.

Bitter Feeling Against King George and His Government Over the Defeat of the Army—Opinion That the War Will End Very Shortly Through the Intervention of the Powers—No Intention of Occupying Greek Territory—King George's Defence of His Own Position—Athenian Populace in a Dangerous State of Excitement.

Athens, April 27, midnight.—The fall of the Ministry is now regarded as certain.

Cabinet Has Resigned.

London, April 27.—A despatch to The Daily Mail from Paris says that the Greek Cabinet has resigned.

Looks Like a Revolution.

Athens, April 27.—Popular feeling points to a revolution in favor of a republic. The citizens are greatly excited at the revelations made by former Minister Ralli as to the conduct of the campaign. To-day large meetings have been held in Constitution-square and other places of public resort and fiery harangues have been delivered by well-known orators in denunciation of "those who would betray Greece."

This afternoon 500 men formed themselves into a volunteer body, forced their way into the gunsmiths' shops, armed themselves with rifles and revolvers, and paraded the street in front of M. Ralli's residence. Several deputies addressed them, exhorting them to remain calm and to await the progress of events. Finally they proceeded to the Royal Palace, where, after making a demonstration, they dispersed without further disorder. But the incident has made a great sensation.

WAR NEARING ITS END.

Affairs in the East Indicate Early Intervention by the Powers.

London, April 27.—The Evening News this afternoon publishes a despatch from Athens, dated 10.30 p.m., and saying the people there are frightfully incensed at the retreat of the troops. The despatch further says that the bitterness against King George and his Government is intensified by the news that the Greek army in Epirus has been ordered to suspend operations, pending reconsideration of the situation by the Ministers. Continuing, the despatch says:

"Indeed, it looks probable that tomorrow will see the end of the whole business. There is reason to believe the Government is contemplating the withdrawal of the Greek troops from Crete, and an appeal to the powers to settle the troubles. This change upon the part of the Government is due to Edhem Pasha having intimated his intention of marching upon Athens."

Powers Will Not Occupy Greek Territory.

London, April 27.—In the House of Commons this afternoon, the Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, Mr. George N. Curzon, replying to a question of Mr. Henry Labouchere, advanced Liberal member for Northampton, said no agreement had been reached relative to the withdrawal of the Turkish troops from Crete. A majority of the powers, he added, were of the opinion that the Greeks must leave first. [Cheers.]

Continuing, Mr. Curzon informed the House that the admirals of the foreign fleets in Cretan waters had decided that the deportation of the Turks would imperil 49,000 Cretan Mussulmans in Candia alone. In conclusion, Mr. Curzon remarked that the powers had no intention of occupying any portion of Greek territory and declaring it neutral.

A Cabinet Crisis Imminent.

Athens, April 27, 3 p.m.—The Legislative Assembly in the absence of a quorum has postponed the extraordinary session until 10 a.m. to-morrow.

A majority of the deputies have signed a manifesto exhorting the people to be calm. Nevertheless, there are gatherings in various parts of the city, and especially on the square in front of the Palace, where M. Ralli and the other leaders of the Opposition are conferring with the King.

The organ of M. Ralli says that the meeting of the Legislative Assembly is the result of a conference of the leaders of the Opposition, Sotiropolo, Ralli, Moupolo, Stouloudis and Carapanos, with the King and his Ministers. These leaders had pointed out the necessity of preserving order and the necessary measures to meet the danger, and urged the immediate meeting of the Legislative Assembly as a possible solution. The King and his Ministers consented to this.

After the conference a representative of the Associated Press had an interview with M. Stouloudis, one of the Opposition leaders. He said the leaders of the Opposition had impressed the King with the fact that it was his first duty to organize the Greek forces. To this the King had assented. The leaders also pointed out that a new Ministry must be the product of a vote taken in the Legislative Assembly.

Russia Glad of the Greek Defeat.

St. Petersburg, April 27.—In political circles pleasure is experienced at the Greek defeat, as it is looked upon as calculated to avert dangerous complications in the Balkans, which might have jeopardized the peace of Europe.

Some Greeks May Stay.

Constantinople, April 27.—The Turkish Government, acting upon the recommendations of the Ambassadors of the powers, has authorized the Greeks in the service of the Consulates, hospitals, foreign missions and postoffices to remain in Turkey. All other Greeks, however, will have to leave the Empire.

Campaign Practically Ended.

Constantinople, April 27.—The campaign in Thessaly is considered practically ended. Troops from Anatolia are arriving at Rodosto on route for Salonica to reinforce the army in Epirus.

Popular Ferment Partly Allayed.

London, April 27.—The correspondent of The Times at Athens will say to-morrow:

The popular ferment has been partly allayed by the dismissal of Constantine's staff, though the most violent section of the press still demands that the Crown Prince and Prince Nicholas be recalled. These newspapers do not say what would be gained by inflicting such an humiliation upon the Princes. It could not have been expected that at their age and with their experience of actual warfare, they would suddenly display a heavenborn genius for strategy. The fault lies elsewhere, but it is not easy to say where. The number of scapegoats is certainly large enough."

What the King Says.

London, April 27.—The correspondent of The Daily Telegraph at Athens will say to-morrow:

"I am at liberty to affirm that King George emphatically repudiates all responsibility for the precipitate retreat of the army. He asserts that he received a telegram from his aide-de-camp, Col. Sapountsake, asking him to allow the retreat. The King replied: 'I am at Athens and cannot form an adequate judgment as to what should be done in Thessaly; whereas, you are on the spot, acquainted with all the data, and, therefore, in a position to act according to the circumstances of the case. Exercise your best discretion.'"

RESTLESSNESS AT ATHENS.

A Revolutionary Feeling Appears to Exist at the Greek Capital

London, April 27.—The most serious feature in the Græco-Turkish emergency is the revolutionary feeling displayed at Athens.

Ex-Minister Ralli, leader of the principal opposition group in the Legislative Assembly, threatened that unless the military staff was changed he would issue a proclamation to the people. His statement acted like oil upon fire, and the popular excitement has flared up. Crowds assembled in the streets to discuss them, and wanted to march to the palace to read them to King George. Fortunately heavy showers drove the people indoors.

M. Delyannis, keenly alive to the necessity of immediate action, had an audience with the King, and after the interview announced that the staff of the Crown Prince would be recalled, and that ex-Minister Ralli, with three of his nominees, General Smolenski, General Mavromichali and Col. Dimopoulo, would be appointed to replace them.

M. Ralli in a published interview says: "The moment Constantine arrived at the seat of war the sole thought of the responsible commanders was not to attack or to withstand the Turks, but to effect a safe retreat if necessary. All orders emanated from the palace. Those issued by anyone else were ignored. When despatches were sent to General Mavromichali, he was not where he was supposed to be, having been moved on by superior orders."

M. Ralli attended the council at the palace.

Ralli's Conditions Accepted.

London, April 27.—The Daily Telegraph's Athens correspondent says today: "All of M. Ralli's conditions have been accepted. The King gives carte blanche to his Ministers. As the public begins to learn the truth anger against the palace party increases and a feeling of hostility against M. Delyannis is steadily growing. Late last night (Monday) crowds are parading menacingly in the vicinity of the palace.

"It is reported on good authority that arrangements are being made to enable the royal family to leave the country hastily in case of necessity. People had generally credited the rumors that the Crown Prince would be recalled and that the Government was willing to consider peace overtures. It is impossible to say what will happen when it is known that the war is to be continued and the Crown Prince retained in command."

Smolenski's Appointment Confirmed.

London, April 27.—The Athens correspondent of The Times confirms the appointment of General Smolenski as chief of staff of the Greek army in Thessaly, and adds: "Col. Staikos and Limbritis and Major Constantinides have been recalled from Crete to serve on the staff of the Crown Prince. The Ministerial Palingenesia announces that all the officers of Constantine's staff have been recalled.

"A telegram received here to-day (April 26) states that the Turks are within an hour's march of Volo. The Greek troops have been withdrawn from the town and are taking the wounded from the hospitals. Among the arrivals from Volo are ex-Minister Ralli, leader of the largest opposition group in the Boule. He has been at the scene of war, and was at Larissa last Friday evening. He has published his views in the Athens newspapers and has already succeeded in concentrating upon himself the attention of the public. Some believe he is preparing to play the role of a Greek Gambetta.

"In an interview M. Ralli unsparingly denounced Constantine's staff, which he holds responsible for all that has happened. He denies that there was any real battle at Mati, says the Greek troops were never defeated at that point, and attributes the sudden decision to abandon Tyrnavo and Larissa to the cowardice and incapacity of the general staff.

"Whatever may be the value of M. Ralli's strictures," continues The Times correspondent, "they seem for the moment echoed by the voice of the multitude. The Greek populace in many respects resembles the French, and the old cry 'Nous sommes trahis,' is being raised. It is now the fashion to denounce persons in high places; and newspapers which only the other day were eulogizing King George and M. Delyannis for having placed themselves at the head of a national crusade are now hounding on the people against the constituted authorities.

"Some are openly attacking the Crown Prince. Others go so far as to announce that he has been recalled, the wish apparently being father to the thought. Journals which formerly made war are now trying to make revolution. What may be the result of the present storm of obloquy it is difficult to foresee."

One Redeeming Act.

Constantinople, April 27.—The Turkish authorities have condemned to death the murderers of the agent who was distributing British and American relief funds at Diarbekir, Asiatic Turkey.

Turks Taking the Offensive.

Salonica, April 27.—The Turkish forces are assuming the offensive at Motzoro and Lures, Province of Epirus.

The Portuguese gunboat Guadiana arrived here to-day. Her commander reports having met two Greek cruisers and two Greek torpedo boats about 20 miles from this port. The commander of the Greek squadron ordered the commander of the Portuguese gunboat to go on board the largest of the Greek cruisers.

ALL WENT LIBERAL.

Winnipeg Was Very One-Sided—Macdonald Was Easy, Too—West Prince Was Close.

Winnipeg, April 27.—(Special.)—In all the history of Winnipeg it never witnessed so tame and lifeless a Dominion election contest as that which took place to-day. The Conservatives kept out of it entirely, taking no part whatever, and the result was an utter lack of interest and a very one-sided affair. Indeed, scores of people overlooked the fact that an election was going on. While at the last Dominion contest there were nearly 6000 votes cast, this time there are only 3000. Of this number, however, ex-Mayor Jameson, the Government candidate, secured nearly 1200 majority and if Mr. Taylor, the Independent candidate, saves his deposit, it will only be by two or three votes.

In Macdonald constituency Dr. Rutherford, the Government candidate, is elected by a good majority, but the returns will be incomplete until tomorrow. With those incomplete returns Rutherford has between 500 and 600 majority over his opponent, Kenneth McKenzie. Returns from the rural districts, however, may reduce this majority, as the Patrons are strongest in the outlying points.

A Very Close Thing.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., April 27.—An election for the Commons took place to-day in West Prince, to fill the vacancy caused by the unseating of Mr. Hackett, Conservative. The candidates were Mr. Perry, Liberal, and Mr. Hackett. At 8 p.m. Perry was seven votes ahead, with three places to hear from.

BRITAIN AND DELAGOA BAY.

Foreign Officials are Reticent, But it Is Believed That a Deal Is on With Portugal.

London, April 27.—The officials at the Foreign Office are reticent on the subject of the rumor that Great Britain has purchased Delagoa Bay and will fortify Inyak Island. But the opinion gains ground among close observers of the situation in South Africa that this is the objective point of the negotiations now known to be in progress between London and Lisbon. These negotiations began at the time of the last visit of the King of Portugal to England, which, though nominally undertaken for pleasure only, was really designed to lay the basis for a large Portuguese loan. Portuguese finances have grown worse rather than better during the last 18 months, and British capitalists are taking advantage of Portugal's necessity to drive the best bargain they can with her for the control, permanently or temporarily, of Delagoa Bay.

The Foreign Office officials declined to-day either to admit or to deny that the rumored purchase of Delagoa Bay is a fact. Should Great Britain acquire and fortify Inyak Island this would be her base of supplies in the event of hostilities with the Transvaal.

Gloom

Of ill health, despondency and despair, gives way to the sunshine of hope, happiness and health, upon taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it gives renewed life and vitality to the blood, and through that imparts nerve strength, vigor and energy to the whole body. Read this letter:

to

"Hood's Sarsaparilla helped me wonderfully, changed sickness to health, gloom to sunshine. No pen can describe what I suffered. I was deathly sick, had sick headaches every few days and those terrible tired, despondent feelings, with heart troubles so that I could not go up and

Sunshine

down stairs without clasping my hand over my heart and resting. In fact, it would almost take my breath away. I suffered so I did not care to live, yet I had much to live for. There is no pleasure in life if deprived of health, for life becomes a burden. Hood's Sarsaparilla does far more than advertised. After taking one bottle, it is sufficient to recommend itself." MRS. J. E. SMITH, Beloit, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25 cents.

NEWS FROM WINNIPEG.

Mr. Sifton Hearing Deputations—The Flood Situation Unchanged—Emerson and Morris in a Bad Plight.

Winnipeg, April 27.—(Special.)—Hon. Clifford Sifton will on Friday receive a deputation from the Winnipeg Board of Trade and City Council, which deputation will urge the building of locks at St. Andrew's Rapids, and thus making the Red River navigable for steamboats. On Friday evening Mr. Sifton leaves for Ottawa.

Joseph Tennant, Customs collector at Gretna, is one of the latest officials to be dismissed for alleged partisanship.

There is absolutely no change in the high water situation as far as Winnipeg is concerned. For thirty hours or more now the water of the Red River has been stationary. At Emerson the water is going down, and at Morris it is stationary. The worst stage has evidently been passed. Emerson and Morris, however, will feel the effects of the flood for some time. It will be a fortnight before business can be resumed in either town.

Senator McInnes Wants a Mint.

Ottawa, April 27.—(Special.)—The Senate resumed this evening after a three weeks' adjournment.

Senator McInnes of British Columbia gave notice of motion: That it is desirable and expedient that the Government should, at the earliest possible moment, establish a mint in Canada for the purpose of coining all the gold, silver and copper currency necessary to meet the commercial requirements of the country.

Serious Runaway at Uxbridge.

Uxbridge, April 27.—About 3 o'clock to-day a spirited team belonging to Mr. H. H. Bishop of this town, and driven by himself, ran away, throwing Mr. Bishop violently against the corner of the market building, breaking his leg, cutting his head and causing serious internal injuries. Mr. Bishop now lies in a very critical condition and little hopes of his recovery are entertained.

THE GAME OF BASEBALL.

Rusie Reappears in New York and Wins From Washington.

New York, April 27.—Amos Rusie, who has been out of the game for a year, made his first appearance to-day since re-entering the fold. He pitched winning ball from the start, and kept the hits well scattered, except in two innings, but he had the Senators at his mercy all the way. Score:

At New York—		R.	H.	E
New York	2 2 0 0 2 0 2 0 *	8	15	4
Washington	0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0	3	8	2

Batteries—Rusie and Wilson; McJames and Farrell. Umpire—Lynch.

At Philadelphia—		R.	H.	E
Philadelphia ...	3 0 3 0 1 0 1 2 0	10	14	2
Boston	1 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 4	8	17	5

Batteries—Orth and Clements; Nichols, Sullivan and Ganzell. Umpire—Hurst.

At Baltimore—		R.	H.	E
Baltimore	0 3 0 1 3 2 3 0 0	12	14	4
Brooklyn	2 0 0 0 2 2 0 1 1	8	14	4

Batteries—Pond and Robinson; Daub, A. Smith and Grim. Umpire—Emslie.

At Louisville—		R.	H.	E
Louisville	1 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 1	8	7	1
Pittsburg	0 1 0 0 0 2 0 2 1	6	11	7

Batteries—Cunningham and Dexter; Hastings and Merritt. Umpire—McDonald.

At Cincinnati—		R.	H.	E
Cincinnati	2 1 0 0 1 0 1 2 *	7	10	4
Cleveland	0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0	3	10	3

Batteries—Breitenstein and Peitz; McDermott and Zimmer. Umpire—Sheridan.

At St. Louis—		R.	H.	E
St. Louis	2 3 0 2 0 0 3 0 *	10	11	2
Chicago	2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4	5	2

Batteries—Donohue and McFarland; Terry and Kittridge. Umpire—McDonald.

At Syracuse—Syracuse 13, Buffalo 3.

The Eastern League season opens to-morrow, with Toronto at Providence, Buffalo at Springfield, Rochester at Wilkes Barre, and Syracuse at Scranton.

Levee Broken at Keokuk.

Keokuk, Ia., April 27.—Punt Levee, on the Illinois side, 13 miles below this city, broke this morning unexpectedly and threw the inhabitants into the wildest state of alarm. Twenty-five thousand acres of rich land will be overflowed. People had felt secure and were not prepared for the break. A wild rush to get families and stock out of the bottoms is being made. Much stock will be drowned, and there may be loss of human life.

A Weasel's Hypnotic Power.

A London correspondent writes: A friend on whose word I can rely told me the following: He saw a lark flying above the turnpike road, fluttering some four or five feet above the ground in evident distress. As he looked he saw a weasel in the middle of the road waiting for the bird to come down. This it did, falling helplessly close to the animal, which killed it and carried it away. This incident seems to show that a weasel has some fascination in his eye.

TIRED? OH, No.
This soap SURPRISE greatly lessens the work. It's pure soap, lathers freely, rubbing easy does the work. The clothes come out sweet and white without injury to the fabrics
SURPRISE is economical, it wears well.

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the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.

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The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable, if you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

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Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

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Leaves NORTH BAY
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For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

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Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy: in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

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Break Up a Cold in Time
BY USING
PYNY-PECTORAL

The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes:
"Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARBOUR, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes:
"As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

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It is a simple, safe and quick cure for
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CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. [78d-eodtf

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

I Have for sale a quantity of good hard wood and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of mill wood, at the CENTRAL WOOD YARD, west end of Footbridge. Office, third door west Footbridge. dtf EDWARD NEWMAN.

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices.

R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. [J15d&wtf

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

Belleville Markets.

INTELLIGENCER Office,
April 28, 1897.

The only changes in the prices this week worthy of note are a slight advance in deakins and a dollar rise on hay. Following are our weekly quotations:

WHEAT—White, 75c to 85c.
Red, 75c to 85c.
Spring, 75c to 80c.
BARLEY—No. 1, 25c.
No. 2, 23c.
No. 3, 20c to 23c.
OATS—White, 20c to 22c.
RYE—35c.
PEAS—Common, 40c to 43c.
Runner, 45c.
BUCKWHEAT—25c to 28c.
BUTTER—Roll, 14c to 20c.
EGGS—7c. to 10c. per doz.
LIVE HOGS—$4.00 to $4.75 per 100 lbs.
DRESSED HOGS—$5.50 to $6.50.
DRESSED BEEF—Hinds, 5 to 6c.
DRESSED BEEF—Fores, 2c to 3c.
LAMB—6 to 7c.
VEAL—5c.
HIDES—No. 1, $7.00; No. 2, $6.00
VEAL HIDES—7c per lb.
DEAKINS—45 to 50c.
SHEEP SKINS—Butchers prime $1.10 to $1.15.
TALLOW—Rough, 1½c
TALLOW—Rendered, 2½c.
LARD—9c. to 10c.
POTATOES—35c. to 50c. per bag.
HAY—$10 to $11 per ton.
CHICKENS—40c. to 50c. per pair.
DUCKS—50c. to 60c.
TURKEYS—75c. to $1.00.
ONIONS—20c. per peck.

Daily Intelligencer.

MADOC.

"Holy week" (as styled by the Roman Catholics and Church of England) services were conducted as usual in the churches of those two denominations, Rev. Mr. Burton having special services every day.

Mr. O'Connor, of Messrs. O'Connor & Richardson, hardware merchants, has commenced the erection of a fine dwelling on the north side of St. Lawrence street west, just outside the town limits. There will be a good deal of building here this summer, including Mr. Wood's block.

The Reeve, C. F. Aylsworth, having got a survey in the North West is obliged to leave soon. He is hesitating whether to resign or get a leave of absence. He prefers the first, but don't like to shirk the responsibility of standing by personal property assessment. He says he won't run again for Reeve.

A complaint was laid before A. F. Wood, J.P., to-day that a cooler, the property of one Michael Curran, of Tudor, had not exactly taken wings, but one thing was sworn to that it had been taken away and a search warrant was asked for to find it, which was granted and given to High Constable Huff. He will search certain premises suspected.

Hector Wood, President of White Lake Cheese Factory, Huntingdon, met with rather a serious accident on Friday. Driving a young spirited horse, lately purchased, he suddenly took a start, throwing Mr. Wood from the buggy, breaking his leg badly above the ankle. This will lay him up for some days.

Mr. John R. Orr, of the North Hastings Review, has made commendable progress in his Mining Bureau, and when Mr. Ford Sutton, son of Dr. Sutton, who has been at the Kingston Mining School, has his assay office completed, which we understand is nearly ready for work, there will be good chances of getting trustworthy information so far as assay office and mining bureau can assist.

The Kickapoo Indians have pitched their tent in our town, or rather its suburbs. The usual talking up of "cure alls" commences with music, instrumental and vocal. People will listen to good music and they will buy patent medicine of fakirs. It always has been so and will be on to the end of the chapter. People laugh at the gullibility of the crowd, but what is the difference between that and reading a patent medicine advertisement and then buying? Not a bit. In neither case is there any guarantee that the article is what it claims to be.

A complaint was also laid before the same Justice on Saturday by one Mrs. Hines, of Remington Corners, against her husband for non support. They have been married only about 18 months, and yet this is the third time he has deserted her. There is a child. The whole story was in a sense a comedy as well as a tragedy. This being the third time, she was going to have no more nonsense and teach him a lesson. This last time he "talked about her." The Justice took the information and said he would decide what to do.

Wilson Hulin, stage proprietor and mail carrier for a number of years, has lately removed to Bancroft, where he has taken charge of the mail and stage route from Maynooth, via Bancroft to Ormsby (Rathbun Station) on the C. O. Railway. Mr. Hulin has had stage routes and mail service under his charge at different times from Madoc to Flinton, via Actinolite; Madoc to Tweed; Madoc to El Dorado; Madoc to Ivanhoe, and Madoc to Belleville. Generally the service has been satisfactory to the public and P. O. Department. Connected with some of the above he had the express services. His absence from the town will be missed.

The death of Mr. E. Mouncey, late License Inspector, having made a vacancy in this office, it is interesting to note the scramble for the place. There are, it is safe to say, at least 25 applicants. These are from different parts of the county. There are favorites as to chances. The party, it is understood, are not in accord. At one time Mr. Jefferson Caverly is sure. Then Mr. Henry Elliott is the man. Next you are told Mr. Milne, of Stirling, has the strongest claims of any in the party. Then there are others who think R. T. Gray on his merits should win; and the latest rumor that has reached us is that Dr. Faulkner, having the patronage as the last Grit candidate for the Local, has accepted it himself. Most of those named would make good officers; so outsiders are not troubled. In fact, there is not much faith in party inspectors, that they will do much beyond the mere routine duties of office. If they do that well, it is about as much as is hoped for.

Rev. E. W. Mackay preached in St. Peter's church here on Sunday to the Oddfellows, who assembled there at the morning service. They were accompanied by their band. The church was full and the Rev. gentleman preached an eloquent sermon, the subject matter being that, while charitable organizations were good in their way and while it might be right and commendable to have secrets in the interests of certain classes of these orders, and while the fatherhood of God and brotherhood of man might be the professed foundation for such societies and carry with them a professed high ideal, yet so far as the members were concerned it could never take the place of the great truths of God's revealed word, that the chief end of man was to glorify him, and that any act to commend itself to him must be unselfish and actuated by the love that thinketh no evil. In so far as societies led to this they were on the right path; without it their righteousness was dross.

The Assessors of our town have a hard road to travel. The elections turned on two points, assessment of personal property and the repeal of the cow by-law. The cow by-law will remain; those against it are a very small minority, but the personal property is being hunted up in all directions. For Assessors to continue in old grooves does not create much friction, but let them strike out new lines and you might as well seek to pull down a hornet's nest. No doubt the assessment law is as near equitable as you can hope to make it so long as we continue to assess at values based on all that a man claims as his. Henry George's theory of assessing only lands would relieve much of the present trouble; whether it would be more equitable in the main is another thing. As it is here it looks as if the County Judge would have some work. No matter how equitable the Assessors may be according to law there will seem to be extreme cases. For instance, a sewing girl has by diligence and saving laid by $1,200, when asked has she any property, yes, a lot, cost $125. Any personal? What is personal? Chattels of any kind, money, etc. Have $1,200. Then we must assess it. Another party has $20,000 in mortgages at 6 per cent.; he is assessed for $1,200. Is that fair? True the answer is "lands on which are the mortgages are assessed some where else." Yet in our town the $20,000 and the $1,200 pay taxes alike.

Peter Welsh, of Springbrook, Rawdon, laid information before A. F. Wood, Esq., against Thos. Reid, of that place, for selling liquor to minors, the minor's case specially considered being his own son, Wallace Welsh. There were about a dozen witnesses. A. A. McDonald appeared for the defence. The charge was that on a certain evening young Welsh went into Reid's Hotel at three different times, took young lads with him, called for whiskey himself, drank it and paid for it and also what they took. The different times and the drinking were clearly proved and that in the end Welsh became stupidly drunk, but as to whiskey all the others took soft drinks; heard Welsh call for whiskey, but didn't know what he took. Welsh, aged 15, swore positively he took whiskey every time. For the defence one of the boys swore he heard Reid tell young Welsh he could not sell him liquor. Others swore that Welsh drank whiskey from a bottle in the afternoon and was the worse for liquor before night. Reid (hotel keeper) swore that he never sold Welsh intoxicating liquor at any time. On the night in question he came in drunk and called for whiskey; told him he could not sell to him, but to get rid of him gave him pop. This was confirmed by a party who resides in the house and occasionally acts as barkeeper. He was one who served the boys that night. Welsh asked for whiskey; refused him and turned him out. He was drunk. There was one fact well established, namely that since Christmas young Welsh had been learning to drink somewhere and made rapid progress, and on the night in question he was not only drunk but had to be carried home. Young Welsh was a bright boy and seemed much crushed by statements that contradicted his testimony. The Justice said he was in deep sympathy with the parent who tried to punish guilty parties who sold liquor to his son. The wrong done was far-reaching and there was no possible excuse and if parties were proved guilty before him he would not hesitate to inflict the highest penalties of the law. But the landlord had rights also—he was duly licensed. The evidence went to show that he kept a respectable house. His own evidence and the evidence of the bar tender were positive that they did not sell liquor to Welsh, that they warned him they could not and would not. There was no evidence corrobrative of Welsh's testimony. He would have to dismiss the case with costs.

Try ARTHUR McGIE, MERCHANT TAILOR, 300 Front St., Belleville, for your

Spring or Summer Suit.

A fine line of Pantings & Spring Overcoats

—OUR MOTTO.—

Prices to suit the times and a guaranteed fit. Call and be convinced.

Be Careful With That Lamp!

I sincerly hope that Mrs. Filmer has abandoned the custom of keeping an oil lamp burning in her room of nights. She does not say what the necessity was, but I trust it no longer exists. If possible to avoid it, no light should burn in a room wherein people are sleeping. The reasons ought to be plain enough, yet we all need lessons in common caution. This lady had hers, and was fortunate in coming out of the affair as well as she did.

Writing about it she says; "It was in the summer of 1886, not long after the death of my husband. I had been used to keeping an oil lamp burning in my room for convenience during the night. One night I accidentally overturned the lamp, and a blaze kindled in an instant. Terrified half out of my wits I sprang from my bed, seized the burning articles and ran downstairs with them just in time to prevent further disaster. Happily for me, I escaped with slight burns, but not from consequences of another kind.

"The fright and shock quite prostrated me. Do what I would, after the danger was all over, I was unable to banish the subject from my thoughts. My nerves seemed completely unhinged, and I rapidly grew feeble, excitable, and debilitated. My appetite failed, and I had no relish for my ordinary food. There was a bad taste in my mouth, headache, distress after eating, loss of flesh and ambition, with a disposition to worry and fret over things which, when I was well, had no influence with me whatever. I sought to build up my strength with beef tea and other nutritious and digestible forms of diet, without success.

"The doctors whom I consulted said I was suffering from nervous debility and weakness. They gave me prescriptions, which the chemist made up for me; but they had no effect, and what I suffered I have no words to tell you. My health appeared to have been all broken up suddenly, as a railway train goes to pieces in a collision. Month after month I struggled with this strange ailment, but could find no remedy to relieve me. Not until January, 1887, did I see my way out of the trouble which followed an adventure of that fearful night.

"At that time (January 1887) I chanced to come upon a little book about Mother Seigel's Syrup, as a cure for indigestion and dyspepsia and the complaints attending it. Letters that were printed in that book from others who had been cured by this remedy, gave me confidence, and I got a bottle from Mr. J. H. Brown, patent medicine dealer, 15, High Street, Margate. After taking it I felt decidedly better. I could eat and digest needed food; my nerves were more under control, and I got better sleep and rest. I will merely add that, feeling sure that Mother Seigel's Syrup was helping me, I continued to take it, and eventually recovered my health. For this I thank Mother Seigel's Syrup; and if you think so singular an experience as mine would be of interest or use to any one, you may have my consent to publish it. (Signed) (Mrs.) C. L. Filmer, Thanet Cottage, Drapers Road, Margate, July 24th, 1895."

Now I invite the reader's attention to a double fact: First (as is daily shown in these articles), that indeigestion will disorder and disease the nervous system; and (second) that a violent shock to the nervous system will produce indigestion of a profound and intractable type. The latter fact is illustrated by the case we are now considering. There is no space here to treat of it at length. Let it suffice for the present that, either way, the remedy must be addressed to the digestion—not to the nerves. No competent physician treats a so-called "nervous" disease as a nervous disease. He seeks for the location of the force, which is commonly the stomach; corrects that if he can, and leaves the nerves to right themselves, as they always do. This is what Mother Seigel's Syrup did for Mrs. Filmer, and will do for you, in case (which Providence forbid) you are ever overthrown in like manner.

—Simon Lowry of Hamilton was compelled by the Police Magistrate to pay $5 to Miss Jennie Cohen for tearing her jacket in a street collision. The young lady presented him with the remains of the garment.

O. S. Doan, of Clinton, says not to go on suffering as he did for years with Salt Rheum, when a few boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment will cure you. Dr. Chase's Ointment cured Hiram Frey, of Norwood, after suffering ten years with Eczema on the leg. Chase's Ointment also cured his little girl of Eczema on her face.

TERRIBLE HUMOR

A Little Boy's Sufferings. Covered with Sores and Raw from Scratching. Cured by Cuticura.

About eighteen months ago my baby boy (now three years old) broke out with horrible sores all over his body, which tortured him night and day. He would scratch to such an extent, that his face and such parts of his body that he could reach with his hands were almost raw from scratching. After being under treatment by doctors for three months the child got worse, and there seemed nothing that would relieve him.

He had wasted away to a mere skeleton, from want of sleep. A Mr. J. G. Ahern, of the Gate City Loan Co., who happened to call at our residence, was attracted by the fearful screams of the child, and asked if he might see him. He was brought in, and upon seeing him, Mr. Ahern said, that "while it was the worst case he had ever seen, he felt satisfied that it could be speedily cured by the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES." I finally consented to try them, purchasing the CUTICURA SOAP, CUTICURA ointment, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and used them according to directions. Before we had been using them three weeks, we noticed a decided change for the better, the itching began to subside and a healing process had set in. *In seven weeks from the time we began with CUTICURA REMEDIES, my little one was completely cured,* and without a sign of the trouble left. It is over a year since he has been cured; there has been no return of the trouble, and the little man is now fat and hearty, with a beautiful, clear skin.

MRS. L. M. RENFRE, 158 Mills St., Atlanta, Ga.

Sworn to before Jos. F. Anthony, N. P., Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 25, 1896.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Humor," free.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR With Clean Scalp produced by CUTICURA SOAP.

The "WHY"

One teaspoonful of Tetley's is found to equal one dessertspoonful of most other teas.

40c. PER LB.
50c.
60c.
70c.

WHY?—Because our sealed packets **contain only TEA-LEAVES,**—no dried stalks or other adulterations.

Tetley's TEAS

"FROM ANCIENT INDIA AND SWEET CEYLON."

To Carpenters.

We have a full line of

Bailey Iron Planes
Stanley Wood
Bottom Planes
Disston's Saws
Disston's Files

and other latest and best goods. All new and fresh.

PRICES LOW. A call solicited.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.,

HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE.
STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

NOTICE.

Under Section 617 of "The Consolidated Municipal Act of 1892."

TAKE NOTICE that the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Belleville intends to carry out the following local improvement, viz: To construct a sewer on William street from the centre of Forin street to Bridge street to connect with the sewer thereon and to assess the final cost thereof by means of a special rate upon the property fronting or abutting thereon or to be immediately benefited thereby, unless the majority of the owners of such real property according to the last revised assessment roll of the Municipality of the City of Belleville representing at least one-half in value thereof petition the said Council against the same within one month after the 5th day of May, 1897, being the last day this notice is authorized to be published.

And take further notice that a statement showing the lands liable to pay the said assessment and the names of the owners thereof, as far as they can be ascertained from the last revised assessment roll, is now filed in my office and is open for inspection during office hours.

The estimated cost of the proposed sewer is $2,250; the City's share thereof $200.

Persons desiring to petition the said Council against undertaking the said proposed work must do so on or before the 7th day of June next.

D. B. ROBERTSON,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office,
Belleville, April 21st, 1897. d21-28-5

To Be Left Behind

Because of some tire trouble that can't be fixed is miserable.

Just Remember that

Dunlop Tires

are always "manageable" any place, and never need any tools but your hands to make a repair.

Send for our Catalogue. It's full of tire information.

American Dunlop Tire Co.,
TORONTO.

Cream Puffs,

Filled with Whipped Cream,
fresh at 11 a. m. and 3 p.m
Price 20 cents per dozen.

ED. F. DICKENS.

INSTANT DEATH from HEART DISEASE.

HEART DISEASE KILLS.

Relief in 30 Minutes.

The most pronounced symptoms of heart disease are palpitation, or fluttering of the heart, shortness of breath, weak or irregular pulse, smothering spells, swelling of feet or ankles, nightmare, spells of hunger or exhaustion. The brain may be congested, causing headaches, dizziness or vertigo. In short, whenever the heart flutters, or tires out easily, aches or palpitates, it is diseased and treatment is imperative. Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure has saved thousands of lives. It absolutely never fails to give perfect relief in 30 minutes, and to cure radically. Sold by R. Templeton J13d&w4t

Miller's Compound Iron Pills cure St. Vitus Dance. 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex Ray, 334 Front Street.

POSTPONED.

STEAMER

"ALEXANDRIA"

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y., AND RETURN.

Announced for Friday, April 23, has (owing to delay in opening of St. Lawrence River Canals, been postponed ....until....

Friday, April 30th

FARE for Round - Trip - **$1.50** FARE for Round - Trip -

Str. "VARUNA"

A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.
J. W. HEPBURN, Agent Picton.

A. N. REID,

FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . .

—TO THE—

Nobbiest Sunday Suit

that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞Call and be convinced.

Murray & Lanman's

FLORIDA WATER

THE SWEETEST
MOST FRAGRANT, MOST REFRESHING AND ENDURING OF ALL
PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, TOILET OR BATH.

ALL DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

The Mark . . . of the Moth

Will soon make its appearance if you let him have his own way. Don't let him have his own way, use our

MOTH CAMPHOR.

Howard's English Camphor in 1 oz. cakes, Persian Insect Powder, or English Lavander Flowers.

A fresh supply of each just received at

McKeown's Drug Store

- FASHIONABLE -

Millinery

...AT...

A. BRIGNALL'S

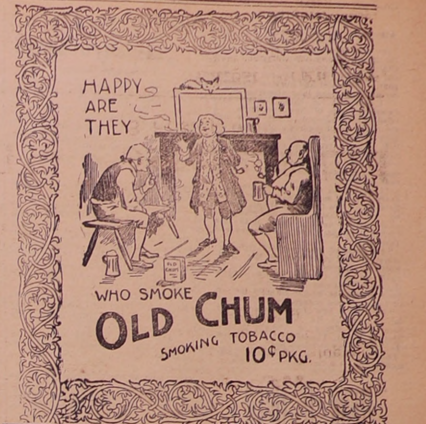
Millinery Parlors.

New Styles Ladies' Blouses just in from 65c to $2.00. Paris and New York Veilings. Novelties in Hats and Flowers. Laces of all kinds. Full stock P. D. Corsets.

LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w



THE SLATER SHOE

"Flat-tread" Shape

Best for feet which are long from ball to toe, and short from heel to ball. Ordinary Shoes curve upwards too sharply for such feet, bending them injuriously. Full ridged box toe, slightly curving sides, and stylish effect. Laced, Buttoned, Congress, or Oxford. Black—Tan—Seal Brown—Carmine—Wine. Sizes, 5 to 11 Widths, D. to E.E. Goodyear Welted. $3, $4, $5. Stamped on the sole.

CATALOGUE FREE **"The Slater Shoe"**

MAKERS — MONTREAL.

HAINES & LOCKETT, SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

PRIESTLEY'S ...MASTERPIECE

The artist of the loom may have an ideal as well as the artist of the brush. Priestley's ideal was **the best,** and the masterpiece of his life is the new **EUDORA.** Soft—rich—firm—durable. Fitting easily—draping gracefully—extra width—extra weight—dust proof. Black only. Wrapped on "THE VARNISHED BOARD." Priestley's name stamped on every five yards.

Eudora The Ideal Dress Fabric

The Cleveland ..at $75.00..

Is Positively the best value for a Wheel in the market.

The demand for them is great. It just means that you are buying a high-grade $100 wheel for $75.00. Don't miss this chance. Our $100 Cleveland is a marvel of neatness, simplicity and workmanship.

The Foster Co. Ltd

Frank S. Foster, Manager.

Ask your grocer for

Windsor Salt

For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

Latest Magazines,

TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our Tables.

Flower's Bargain House,
373 FRONT STREET.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO THURSDAY, APRIL 29 1897. NO. 303

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

Dress Goods.

Our Fancy Tweed effect Dress Goods at 24c, regular 30c yard goods, is unsurpassed. No bad shades, all the newest spring tints.

Plain and Fancy Lustres in plain and shot effects.

Plain all Wool Serges in all shades from 23c per yard.

Special Hard Twisted Serges suitable for Bicycle Suitings, in Greys, Fawns and Navys.

Dress Patterns.

In all the newest spring materials.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

Y. M. C. A. Rooms.
Council Committees.
Belleville 81, I. O. O. F.
Forest and Stream Club.
Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
C. O. O. F., Loyal Moira Lodge.
Choir Practice—John St. Church.
Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 29—Company of One Hundred Associates chartered, 1627.

THE WEATHER.

Mild and fine. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	54	Min	38
8 a. m.	54	8 a. m.	56
Noon	62	Noon	66

PROBABILITIES.

Showery weather; strong, cool northerly winds to-night; fair and cool to-morrow.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

The Diamond Jubilee.

Following is a copy of a circular issued by the Anglican Bishop of Ontario with reference to the celebration of the diamond jubilee by the Sons of England:

BISHOP'S ROOM,
MERCHANTS BANK CHAMBERS.
TORONTO, April 27, 1897.

MY DEAR BISHOP.—On behalf of the Sons of England Benevolent Society, a Colonial organization of a loyal and patriotic character, of which I am a member, I desire to co-operation of the Australian and New Zealand Bishops in carrying out a scheme which the society is arranging for the commemoration in succession throughout the Colonial Empire, on the 20th of June next, of the accession of Her Majesty the Queen, by the singing of the National Anthem and the offering of the State Prayers, in all the churches.

The accompanying papers will inform you of the details of the scheme, which I am sure, will commend themselves to your hearty approval; and I will only add that the Sons of England in Canada and South Africa embrace the most influential and intelligent members of the community, of all ranks, who are British born or descended, including a strong church element, and are doing a noble work not only in extending a helping hand to fellow countrymen, but is drawing closer the bonds which unite Englishmen in love and loyalty to the Throne and Empire.

Trusting that you may be able to arrange for such a celebration in the churches of your diocese, that the chain of hymn and prayer may be without break in its encircling of the Globe over which the Imperial Flag waves.

I remain,
Your faithful brother in Christ,
(Signed.) ARTHUR TORONTO.

Bicycle Riders, Attention!

If you desire to have the By-law which restricts Wheelmen and Wheelwomen from the use of our sidewalks (excepting on Front st.) during rainy and muddy weather, amended, fill in the following blank form and send or bring the same to the INTELLIGENCER Office.

NAME (IN FULL).	RESIDENCE.

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer." BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

Stainless black cotton half hose, 2 pairs for 25c. at Harry's.

All kinds of stand-up and turn-down collars, 2 for 25c., at Harry's.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

See the new stock Bow for ladies in Plaids, Fancies and the new Geranium Red. 35c each.—W. B. DEACON, Gents' Furnisher. 2t.

See our special in Ladies' Oxford shoes at 65 cts. per pair. Our 75c shoes are the same as we usually sell at one dollar, only much neater in style. We have some special values in Ladies' Oxfords in size three.—VERMILYEA & SON.

Just received a full range of Gents'. Bow Ties in all the newest designs at 15c and 25c each.—W. B. DEACON, Gents Furnisher. 2t.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

The Gananoque Departmental Store Company, capital $75,000 in $100 shares, is gazetted. The incorporators are David Darling, grocer; John Donovan and Henry Clarke Taylor, merchants; Josephus Thomas Green, agent, and Edwin Herbert Ellis, hardware merchant, all of Gananoque.

PERSONAL.

Morden Bird, Stirling, is at the Quinte.

Mr. W. H. Biggar, M.P.P., is in Toronto.

Dr. Jones, of Marmora, was in the city to-day.

Jas. Halbert, Thomasburg, is at the Quinte.

Mr. Andrew Denike left to-day for Cooperville, Mich.

Mr. W. Chisholm, of Bell & Biggar's office, is in Montreal.

Mr. Wm. Matheson left for Boston and New York yesterday.

Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Kirkpatrick arrived at New York last night.

Miss Jessie McLean, Alexander st., will give a dancing party this evening.

Miss Florence and Russell Haines, of Victoria avenue, are to give a driving party Friday afternoon.

Mr. W. S. Hodgins, of Waterloo, Inspector of the Ontario Mutual Life Insurance Co., was in the city to-day.

Mr. Henry Tammadge, formerly of Belleville, and now of Montreal, paid his old home a flying visit last night and returned home to-day.

Archbishop Cleary and Vicar-General Gauthier, who have been in the Southern States for the past three months, owing to ill-health of the Archbishop, have returned home.

T. A. Wilson, F. V. Chisdell, J. H. McClennan, J. Davitt, H. Green, E. W. Fisher, T. R. Caldwell, Toronto; Jas. Halbert, Thomasburg; T. O. Blyght, Towanda; W. J. Gallon, W. T. Ware, J. J. Crowlen, Montreal; Morden Bird, Stirling; H. H. Knight, Boston; Henry M. Jones, M.D., W. G. Mackechnie, Marmora, are at the Quinte.

J. L. Taylor and J. B. McRae, Galt; Wm. Bradshaw, Geo. West, L. Glover, T. L. Horner, B. B. Priest, J. C. Horner, C. S. McDonald, J. S. McKay, J. W. Parish, Toronto; A. M. Amos, Buffalo; M. A. Martin, E. B. James and H. Tammadge, Montreal; T. E. Breckenridge, Ogdensburg; Miles Connelly, S. T. Thompson and G. H. Williams, Napanee; W. Hawkes, Hamilton; A. B. Holbert and W. J. Wroughton, Greeley, Ia.; R. H. Smith and J. Galna, Detroit; E. J. McLelland, St. Catharines; G. H. Whitton, Marmora; H. A. Allan, Cobourg; S. C. May, St. Thomass; J. C. Shirk, Kingston; Mrs. Jas. Lawrence and Miss McGowan, Tweed, are registered at the Anglo.

UMFRAVILLE.

Mr. Geo Kelly, jr., is laid up with the grip.

Mr. David Anderson is also on the sick list.

Mr. T. Kavanagh, of Bancroft, was visiting his parents on Sunday.

The patrons of the Walkerville Cheese Factory have decided to erect a new factory on the old site. Davy Bros'., of Bancroft, have the contract, and expect to have it ready for operations by the 15th of May.

Last Wednesday evening Mr. T. Kelly, and Miss S. Campbell were united in the bonds of matrimony by the Rev. T. Leech, of Bancroft. The bride was assisted by Miss Edith Letts, while Mr. J. Kelly assisted the groom. The happy couple will take up their residence near Ormsby.

FOR THE BICYCLISTS.

Plea for Fair Play—Those Who Have Signed the Petition.

Already a large number have signed the petition for more liberal regulations as to bicycle riding in Belleville. The wheel has become a necessity to hundreds, and the same provision ought to be made for wheel riders as for those who are compelled to use any other class of vehicle. Wheelmen and wheel women are invited to sign the form of petition in this paper and send it to the INTELLIGENCER office.

The popularity of this movement is strongly attested by the following list of names of those in favor of it, handed in at this office to-day:

Rev. J. W. Burke, Rector St. Thomas' Church, Bridge st.; Wm. J. Embury, Dundas st.; H. Carre, Victoria Ave.; P. J. M. Anderson, Crown Att'y., Queen st.; Geo. A. Reid, Queen st.; R. S. Bell, Bridge st. West; T. P. Brown, Bridge st. East; T. M. Nash, Church st.; Chas. McKay, Charles st.; Frank S. Foster, Church st.; A. N. Reid, Queen st.; Chas. Dickens, Pinnacle st.; E. J. Butler. William st.; W. P. McMahon, North Front st.; John J. B. Flint, Charles st.; John E. Dempsey, Front st.; W. J. McCamon, Front st.; F. E. O'Flynn, Bridge st.; W. Bogart, Bridge st.; G. Stewart, George st.; M. Perkins, Bridge st; B. Stewart, George st.; Jean Donald, George st.; Lily Carman, Dundas st.; G. E. Eakins, Victoria Avenue; S. H. Eakins, Victoria Avenue; E. W. Lockett, Bridge st.; Kathleen Stork, Foster Avenue; H. Holton, Charles st.; H. M. Pringle, A. F. Pringle, B. Allen, S. O'Flynn, H. T. Rathbun, M. A. Vermilyea, M. H. Hamil- J. B. Rathbun, Bridge st.; A. Anderson, Queen st.; V. Anderson, Queen st.; P. Anderson, Queen st.; Albert Northrup, M. D. Ash, North Front st.; S. R. Burrows, Chatham st.; M. E. Phippen, H. Sprague, K. Hamilton, D. McIntyre, A. J. C. Lingham, A. I. Bird, E. Bird, Bridge st.; M. D. Ward, Charlotte st.; M. J. Clarke, Grier st.; Geo. R. Brown, Wilton st.; Hope McGinnis, Mill st.; T. W. R. McRae, Church st.; A. McAllister, Church st.; C. W. Pole, Pinnacle st.; A. F. McCuaig, William st.; H. Austin, Octavia st.; Ida Conant (Caldwell), Bridge st.; Florence Snell, College Hill; Mabel Snell, College Hill; Madeline Dumble, John st.; Jennie Galbraith, Bleecker ave.; Mabel Twining, Chatham st.; S. C. McFee, Foster ave.; H. F. C. Kelso, George st.; F. E. Osborne, College Hill; R. C. Chown, Victoria ave.; W. Allen Chown, Victoria ave.; M. B. Jamieson, Bridge st.; E. Finkle, Pinnacle st.; J. T. Osborne, Moira st.; G. P. Minaker, Queen st.; J. S. McKeown, Albert st.; John G. Phippen, Bridge st.; C. Pettingill, Victoria ave.; P. P. Doyle, Alexander st.; H. C. Hunt, Trenton Road; Phil Harrison, Benjamin st.; W. S. Clarke, Church st.; P. H. Carey, Grier st.; A. A. Roberts, George st.; J. F. Wills, Albert st.; C. H. Vermilyea, Bridge st.; G. W. VanTassel, Trenton Road; S. W. Vermilyea, Albert st.; Chas. Schuster, Dundas st.; E. T. Cherry, Chatham st.; Geo. L. Flower, Charles st.; C. J. Bowell, Albert st.; Rev. D. F. Bogert, Commercial st.; C. P. Holton, Charles st.; Dr. Yeomans, Pinnacle st.; Dr. Hugh Walker, George st.; Frank Stoutts, Mill st.; Wm. McGie, Form st.; J. W. Butterfield, Purdy st.; H. W. Greenleaf, Grier st.; E. Greatrix, Pinnacle st.; John G. Meagher, Harriet st.; H. E. J. Borbridge, 246 Foster ave.; Henry P. Thomas, Charlotte st.; E. Guss Potter, Dunbar st.; Miss Ethelind Thomas, Charlotte st.; Alex. Ray, Bridge st.; F. Charles Clarke, Bridge st.; H. H. Berkley, Foster Ave; R. T. Mussen, Bridge st.; W. R. Shaw, Pinnacle st.; F. C. Kenrick, Bridge st.; H. Fowell, Dundas st.

HE'S NOT A HERETIC.

The Petition Against Ian Maclaren Thrown Out of Court.

London, April 28.—At a meeting of the Presbyterian Synod, held to-day at Sunderland, the Business Committee decided to eject the petition, containing charges of heresy, which had been presented against the Rev. John Watson, D.D. (Ian Maclaren). The only way in which the petitioners can now revive the matter is by moving an amendment to the committee's report. But such an amendment would have little chance of adoption.

Health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by Alex. Ray

SPORTING NEWS.

THE WHEEL.

The Montreal Star will issue a bicycle edition on May 5th. All members of the Ramblers' Bicycle Club will receive a free copy. Those who wish to become members and receive this beautiful paper should send in their fee ($1) to the Secretary, Hull Austin, at the INTELLIGENCER office not later than to-morrow evening.

SIX MONTHS IN CENTRAL.

Judge Lazier Imposed the Above Sentence Upon Thos. Parsons This Morning.

Thos. Parsons came before Judge Lazier this morning for sentence. Mr. Lyons, on behalf of the prisoner, presented to the court a largely signed petition praying for leniency.

His Honor said in sentencing the prisoner he would take into account the letters and petition presented, but there was nothing in the offence that called for mitigation. The goods taken by him could not be used in the relief of his family. His punishment would be as light on his family as possible, and still deter the prisoner from future misconduct. He did not want to send him to the penitentiary, as a term there would fall heavily upon the family. The county gaol was no punishment for an offence of this kind, and the only course he saw open was to send Parsons to the Central Prison for six months. His Honor felt certain the family would not be allowed to suffer during the summer and the prisoner would be out in time to take care of them during the winter.

Parsons had nothing to say, but was very pale and evidently felt his position keenly. It was the general opinion of those present that he got off quite easy.

We Fit You Quick.

A merchant tailor will ask you to wait a week or ten days for a suit of clothes, and then it will have to be altered to fit, probably. He will be willing to wait some time for his pay, but he will see to it that you pay for that too. The Oak Hall can fit you out in five minutes, fit you just as well as the tailor, make any necessary alterations and have your suit home in an hour. You will have had a chance to see what you bought and to know just how the suit fits and looks. Besides you will have saved a good many dollars and be wearing as nice a suit as any man would want.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

REFUSED TO DELIVER GOODS.

Green vs. John Smith laid over for a week. W. P. McMahon for plff.

ABUSIVE LANGUAGE.

Gray vs. Post is a Huntingdon case wherein Gray charges Post with the use of such language as liar, drunkard and hypocrite, and said he went to church and pretended to be good, got on his knees and then got drunk. Gray also accused Post of setting his dog on his hens to worry them. County Constable Garratt attempted to prompt, or give a few pointers to the deft.'s counsel in an undertone during the time the evidence was being given by Gray, but was promptly "called down" by the Magistrate, who informed the constable that he was the one to talk to if he had any information to impart. During the time Mrs. Gray was being cross-examined by the counsel for the defence, the counsel for the plff. was dancing a very small boy on his knees, much to the delight of the mother. Loyal Post deliberately contradicted the evidence of a former witness. Loyal was put under a close cross-examination, during which his mother interrupted the court. A few moments later the boy appeared faint, when his mother walked up to him and deliberately carried him from the witness box, at the same time expressing her opinion to the plff.'s counsel. W. P. McMahon appeared for the plff., and E. J. Butler for the defence. The case against Post for abusive language was decided in favor of the plff., and the charge of setting a dog on Gray's hens was decided in favor of the defence.

Police Notes.

Four in for protection.

A telephone message was received from Northport this morning to be on the lookout for some parties that robbed the Post-office of that place. It was thought they had taken a boat for Belleville. As the boats arrived no one was arrested answering any description received. The police have met all boats.

What Haines & Lockett Say.

We are putting new stock into the Coleman store, where we have had our sale, and shall try and make the place as comfortable and attractive as possible while our own place 's rebuilding. What damaged stock there is left will be sold at very low prices till all is sold out. Meantime new lines of seasonable shoes are arriving daily—HAINES & LOCKETT.

Severely Injured.

Clarence, the nine year old son of Mr. W. E. Gladney, of Marmora, was clinging to the rear of a democrat, when his left foot became caught in the wheel and the leg was frightfully lacerated and twisted. Dr. Jones, who is in attendance, says the boy is progressing favorably, but will be laid up for some time.

Keep Your Eyes

In good condition by wearing properly fitted glasses. When these are necessary, if in doubt, call on ALEX. RAY, Druggist and Optician.

An Invitation Recital.

The pupils of Miss Ethelind G. Thomas will give an invitation recital at Power's Opera House at 4 p.m. on Saturday. The programme contains a number of selections from the leading composers and will undoubtedly prove enjoyable.

OBITUARY.

MRS. JOHN FOWELL.

An old and highly respected resident of Woodstock in the person of Mrs. John Fowell, sr., passed away on Friday, April 23rd, in the 80th year of her age. She was a daughter of the late James Corbet, an officer of a Dragoon Regiment, who sold his commission and came to Canada in 1815, settling first in Queenston, then in Mount Pleasant, and finally in Guelph, where he was agent of the Canada Company. She was a sister of the late Robt. Corbet, of Guelph, who was Postmaster of that town for about a quarter of a century, and of the late George Corbet, of Owen Sound.

Deceased had a family of ten children, six of whom are still living, viz: James, in Columbus, Ohio; John, of Woodstock; Harry, of Belleville; Edward C., of New York; and Mrs. John Wilson and Sarah, at home. She was preceded to the tomb by her late husband 18 years ago. Mrs. Fowell was a member of the Methodist church.

WILLIAM TAMMADGE.

Mr. William Tammadge, eldest son of Mr. Henry Tammadge, formerly of this city, died at his home in Toronto on Tuesday, April 27th, aged 38 years. His wife and two children survive him.

CLARA ROBLIN.

After an illness of some weeks, Clara Roblin died at the hospital yesterday from Bright's disease and other complications. Deceased, who was 29 years of age, had been employed as a domestic in the city. Two sisters—Mrs. Lewis Leavens, near Picton, and Miss Dora Roblin, of this city—survive her. The funeral takes place to-morrow.

The Assay Office.

Messrs. W. H. Biggar, M.P.P., and D. R. Leavens were a deputation to the Provincial Cabinet yesterday on behalf of the City of Belleville. They brought with them a letter signed by the Mayor, in which the offer of a building free of cost was made, as agreed upon when the Government granted $2,000 for the equipment and maintenance of an assay office in this city. The deputation urged upon the Cabinet the desirability that an assayist be appointed and that the office be opened at once. The Cabinet promised to attend to the matter at an early date.

All the Applications Granted.

The West Hastings License Commissioners at a meeting this forenoon concluded the granting of licenses, all the applicants being allowed licenses. Following are those for Sidney:

SIDNEY.—J. V. Brennan, G. W. Clark, Patrick McCambridge, Jas. Sweetman, S. Tufts.

Following are the applications left over for consideration, but since granted:

Trenton—J. A. Tompkins.

Belleville—J. Dumesnil, D. Deacon, Jos. McCormack, R. Burke, C. P. Hunter, H. H. Leavens, Mrs. Philip McGuire, E. J. Taylor, O'Brien House.

Navigation Notes.

Among the vessels so far chartered to carry grain to the Prescott elevator this season are the steamer J. J. Hill, 47,550 bushels of corn; schooner Aberdeen, 69,220 bushels of corn; schooner Middlesex, 41,120 bushels corn; schooner Hawaii, 35,450 bushels corn; schooner Winch, 42,350 bushels corn; steamer Viking, 50,000 bushels corn; schooner Grampian, 57,500 bushels corn; schooner Paisley, 62,000 bushels corn; steamer S. W. Glidden, 53,099 bushels wheat; steamer Germanic, 59,800 bushels corn; steamer J. H. Prentice, 27,500 bushels flax seed; steamer Arizona, 36,000 bushels corn.

More Arrivals From the West Indies at Ontario Business College.

We noted a day or two ago the arrival in the city of two young men from South America to attend Ontario Business College; we now announce the arrival on Monday last of Mr. Geo. Challenor, a prominent merchant from Barbados, West Indies, for the purpose of placing his son, who accompanied him, at O.B.C. They came from Barbadoes to New York on the steamship "Saba," which occupied eight days on the voyage. Mr. Challenor, sr., will visit England before returning to Barbadoes. He expresses himself as delighted with Belleville, and would stay a month here were it not that he has taken his passage on a steamer leaving next week.

BIRTH.

VANDEWATER—To Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Vandewater, 2nd concession of Sidney, on April 29th, a daughter. Picton papers please copy.

For Sale.

CARPETS,
CURTAINS, Etc.
Remember we will not be undersold.
T. P. BROWN'S
Opposite Bank of Commerce.

SEVERAL CASES
OF
THE VERY NEWEST SHAPES
IN
Ladies' and Misses'
STRAW HATS

JUST RECEIVED. Also New Laces in Cream and Butter Color; New Belts in Leather, Silk and Elastic; New Beltings in Black and the new iridescent colors; New Handkerchiefs, New Chiffons, and some very choice new styles in Ladies' Linen Collars.

A new lot of Ladies' Made Skirts and an assortment of New Blouses to sell at 50c.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

APRIL SHOWERS
BRING
MAY FLOWERS.

....They also bring a ready sale for our....
Ladies' Umbrellas ∴
We can help you in making a selection. See our Fancy Handles.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

WALL PAPER LOGIC.

It is the Natural Supposition

—that a customer for Wall Paper or Draperies, is more anxious to make a selection that will prove DECORATIVE than to save a few cents a roll or yard as the case may be.

If the article of barter is a household necessity such as a washtub, the principle of the thing is manifestly different.

Such an article a family must have, but no one cares what it looks like so that it does not leak and a woman is wise in going where she can save on its cost.

In any branch of the decorative field, however, a premium should be placed on unusual artistic excellence; surely, then, the brains that evolved a "stunning" pattern, and the labor and experimenting represented in producing an odd shade of color, have a value in dollars and cents as well as the ingredients that go to make up the paper upon which these smart effects are printed.

C. B. Scantlebury.

For
5 O'Clock Teas

Or receptions we are now making a very fine fancy mixed biscuit containing several varieties.

They are small, dainty, pretty, new in Belleville and ought to prove acceptable. See them in our window. 40c per lb.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
CASH STRICTLY.

The Seed

That gives best satisfaction and yields best results is to be found at ......

R. TEMPLETON & CO'Y'S.

Just have a look before buying elsewhere.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only—MONDAY, May 3rd.
R. Watkin-Mills,
ENGLAND'S BARITONE.
George Fox,
CANADA'S VIOLIN VIRTUOSO.

A subscription list will be opened at Riggs' Music store on Monday morning, April 26, at 10 a.m. Subscribers to have first choice of seats.

PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
W. S. JONES, director and accompanist.

'Phone 219 J. Owen
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Try our Tinsmith on stove repairs. Stoves taken down on the shortest notice.

PLUMBING AND GAS-FITTING.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

CLOTHING

We absolutely guarantee the workmanship in our Ready-made Clothing. It means satisfaction or your money refunded. See the guarantee card in the pocket of each garment.

MEN'S SUITS.

Our Men's Suits are up-to-date models of comfort, style and fit, and each garment has a Shorey guarantee card in the pocket.

Ready-made Clothing.
Men's Furnishings.
Hats and Caps.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.
Men's Outfitter.

Hats on Hand.

We should say so. Hats in variety and kind that give us easy leadership in the Hat business of Belleville. Hats that are standard—Hats for the grave or gay—Clerical Hats—Business Men's Hats—Young Men's Hats.

Ask for "OUR SPECIAL" in Stiff Hats—The Jarman and Wakefield Special—the latest shapes, unparalleled value at $2.25—a first-class Hat.

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman J. TURNER proprietor. dtf

A Graduate of Toronto University says "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years Our physician first recommended it and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy which always effects a cure

Under eminent scientific control.

"APENTA"

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER

"An Ideal Purgative."—Practitioner.

Two Good Things

"77" for Grip and Colds

"10" for Dyspepsia.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cts., 50 cts. or $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

Going East.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

Going West.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.

Going East.	(Arrive.)
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

A BAD MEMORY.

In its comments on the new tariff in its issue of the 23rd inst., the Globe remarked:

> The feature of the new tariff bill that will, in many quarters at least, be most heartily commended is that which at last sets right a state of affairs of which Liberal speakers and Liberal newspapers have complained for years past. This was the practical discrimination under the Tory tariff against British goods. For example, the average duty on importations from Britain in 1896 was 22 per cent., while the average duty on our purchases from the United States was 13 per cent. The percentage varied in different years, but it was always markedly against the mother country. Under all the circumstances, this was about the most irritating feature of the protectionist regime. It stamped our customs laws with the stigma of ingratitude.

That the Globe belongs to that class of whom the proverb says they should have long memories, is evident from the fact that but a few weeks since this self-same Globe noted this apparent discrimination and, despite its former attacks upon the N. P. founded on that allegation, gave the following concise and lucid explanation of it:

The account stands thus:

	Great Britain.	United States.
Exports	$63,690,283	$44,448,410
Imports	32,979,742	58,574,024

At first sight it seems strange that we should apparently favor the country which buys the smaller proportion of our products. But the fact is there is no favor in the matter at all. The imports from the United States include coal, raw cotton, wool, tobacco, hides, raw sugar, crude rubber and gutta percha, and corn for ensilage, some of which we cannot produce at all, others of which even protectionists admit it is more profitable to buy abroad than to try to produce at home.

If Mr. McInnes, M.P. for Nanaimo, sees fit to retort upon the chief organ of his party for the foul epithets which it hurled at him a short time ago, a fine opportunity is open to him in the foregoing facts.

FALSE TO THEIR PLEDGES.

The Montreal Witness, which is the leading English organ of the Liberals in Quebec, remarked previous to the "unveiling" of the tariff of the Laurier-Tarte combination:

> "No one can read the tariff plank of the Liberal party upon which the Government was elected and not be convinced that the Laurier Government stands to-day pledged in the face of all conditions to straight tariff reform. It is over and over again stated and implied in that plank that duties for any but revenue purposes are indefensible. There is not a word in the resolution which implies that protection might be necessary in case the United States adopted a higher tariff. It is quite true that the Liberals declared during the campaign that it was necessary to get back to a revenue tariff basis without a reduction so sudden or so great as to create disturbance, but that is altogether different from maintaining protective duties because the United States Congress maintains or raises them."

The Laurier-Tarte Government deliberately broke the pledge which the Witness states—and states correctly—was made by them, by their enactment regarding coal, which Mr. Fielding stated was retaliatory in its character.

And yet the Witness has not a word of condemnation of its friends for their desertion of the principles which they professed. As experts in swallowing their principles, the Liberals have no equals, and the Witness is one of their most noted performers.

FACING BOTH WAYS.

Finance Minister Fielding was very emphatic in support of his alleged retaliatory policy with regard to coal. And yet, as Mr. Craig pointed out in his speech on the tariff, the Government "hit" the States by taking the duty off corn, binder twine and barbed wire, by reducing the oil and wheat and flour and iron duties.

This double-faced attitude resembles that sometimes assumed by a dog, namely growling at one end and wagging his tail at his other extremity.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Grit "Cultivators."

Exchange.

Mr. Mulock is the wealthiest member of the present Administration. He is said to be a millionaire and his wife is another. Mr. Dobell and Sir Richard Cartwright are wealthy men also. It is said that Mr. Dobell is already a millionaire and getting richer fast. But it is believed that Mr. Bostock, one of the new members for British Columbia, is the wealthiest member of the House of Commons. He is a young man yet under 33 and has not been living in the west many years. His wealth is inherited and he claims a long line of illustrious ancestors. Mr. Bostock is not hoarding his wealth. He has established in British Columbia a weekly paper in magazine form something like Mr. Labouchere's Truth. Among newspaper men there is a tradition that he pays the editor a prodigious salary and that the paper has a solicitor retained at the rate of two or three thousand dollars a year, merely to give legal advice. The population of British Columbia is not large and Mr. Bostock's paper has not yet become a necessity to eastern homes. So that it is supposed to be sustained at the cost to the proprietor of a few hundred dollars a week, but all this is nothing to a man who is cultivating a constituency extending from the United States border to the North Pole, and containing the gold fields of the Kootenay, of the Cariboo and the Yukon, which are a few thousand miles apart. Mr. Bostock has made himself solid with the electorate over this vast territory. They say that it cost him from $50,000 to $100,000 to make himself a member for Yale and Cariboo. This money was not corruptly spent, as the Dominion law regards corruption, but was generously invested in the various districts as the part of the scheme of cultivation. Mr. Bostock does not spend his money ignorantly. He knows figures. He is an honor graduate in mathematics of Cambridge University.

Simply Nonsense.

Halifax Herald.

The talk about a preferential or lower tariff with reference to imports coming from England is, in the absence of a new arrangement with the Mother Country, simply nonsense. Great Britain has never given us the right in our tariff making to discriminate either against her or in her favor, and the Finance Minister's apparently solemn proposal to do so is pretentious nonsense. For Great Britain to permit it would be a radical change in her colonial policy, of which there has been no intimation of any probability. If she did permit it other countries would participate under the treaties, and if such a scheme were permitted it could only be reasonably regarded as an Imperial evil, tending as it would to delay the commercial organization of the Empire under a general scheme of British preferential trade.

Free Trade Varnish.

Mail and Empire.

Surely Sir Richard cannot fail to see that the interpretation his new-found British enthusiasm desires to force upon the Imperial authorities cuts both ways. As a matter of fact the only way out is the revision of the German and Belgian treaties. But, pending this action, action for which the late Government asked, action which may fairly be considered, if it is to result as it ought to in a genuine preferential project, it looks very much as if we should be bound, either to have no operative minimum tariff or to operate the tariff in favor of all the treaty countries. Sir Richard says the latter alternative is the one he will select. What, then, will be the position? Will we be extending a favor to England? Will we be moving in the direction of preferential British trade? Not at all. The preference will be against Great Britain, because we will be giving a favor to foreigners who do not give us favors similar to those extended by the Mother Land. It will also be against us, because it will submit our industry to extended competition. We believe this is the condition for which Sir Richard and his colleagues are really striving. In fact, they say so. The whole scheme, contemplating as it does the inclusion of every country under the sun, is simply a free trade scheme with a British varnish that rubs off at the first touch.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market was dull, with a weaker feeling to-day. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.70.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 west, and shorts $9.50 to $10.

Wheat—Business dull, with buyers holding off. The feeling generally is unsettled. Red winter wheat is quoted at 74c, and white at 75c outside. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 83c to 84c, Midland, and 74c afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 80c to 81c, Midland.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is quiet, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 29c to 30c, No. 2 at 26c to 27c and No. 3 extra at 24c. Feed barley 21c to 22c west.

Oats—The market is quiet, with no changes in prices. Sales of white west at 20½c to 21c west. Mixed are quoted at 19c to 19½c west. White on the Midland quoted at 23c to 24c.

Peas—The market is steady, there being sales to-day at 40½c to 41c, north and west.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with cars quoted at 24c west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices steady. Car lots are quoted at 32c to 33c east.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 28.—Spring wheat, 6s 5½d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 4d to 6s 5d; corn, 2s 7d; peas, 4s 3½d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 6d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25s 6d; tallow, 18s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 6d.

London—Wheat on passage 3d lower. English country markets partly 1s dearer. Maize on passage rather easier.

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures easy at 5s 11¾d for May, 6s 0½d for July and 5s 11½d for Sept. Maize quiet at 2s 7d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11¾d for Sept. Flour, 22s 6d.

Paris—Wheat, 22f 20c for May; flour, 44f 60c for May.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat easy at 5s 11½d for May, 6s for July and 5s 11¾d for Sept. Maize, 2s 7d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11½d for Sept. Flour, 22s 6d.

London—Close—Wheat on passage dull; maize on passage quiet.

The Sow and the Lady.

Lord Chancellor Hardwicke, who had a very thrifty wife, was fond of telling a story of his bailiff, who had been ordered by her ladyship to procure a sow of a particular description. The bailiff, one day, burst into the dining room at Wimpole, then full of company, and proclaimed in high glee: "I have been at Royston fair, my lady, and I have got a sow exactly of your ladyship's size."—Household Words.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites brings back the ruddy glow of life to pale cheeks, the lips become red, the ears lose their transparency, the step is quick and elastic, work is no longer a burden, exercise is not followed by exhaustion; and it does this because it furnishes the body with a needed food and changes diseased action to healthy. With a better circulation and improved nutrition, the rest follow.

For sale at 50 cents and $1.00 by all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, O

THE TRAIL OF DEATH

It begins at the Throat and ends at the Grave. How many a human life is unnecessarily sacrificed.

There are many remedies on the market for the cure of consumption, but consumption, once it reaches a certain stage, cannot be cured. In professing, therefore, to do what is impossible, these remedies prove themselves to be simply humbugs.

Consumption is a disease which destroys the tissue of the lungs. Once gone, no medicine can replace that tissue. Good medicine may arrest the disease even after one lung is wholly gone, as long as the other remains sound. Once both are attacked, however, the victim is doomed.

Just why people should risk their lives to this dread disease and go to great expense afterwards to check it, it is hard to conceive. It is much easier prevented than cured. Throat troubles and severe colds are its usual forerunners. A 25-cent bottle of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine will drive these away. It is, without doubt, the best medicine for the purpose to be had anywhere.

A DIFFICULT QUESTION

Sir M. Bowell Has Doubts in Regard to the Tariff.

The New Measure in the Form of a Bill Would Repeal All Other Tariff Laws—If Disallowed, the Old Tariff Would Remain in Force—Toronto Navy League Men Give the Premier Something New to Think About—A Liberal Caucus Which Was Not All Harmony—Railway Men Before the Committee—Other Ottawa News.

Ottawa, April 28—(Special.)—Sir Mackenzie Bowell, in speaking of the reciprocity tariff to-day, said that it involved a very difficult question, the effect and extent of the operation of the most favored nations clause in Great Britain's treaties. Guided by the decision given in the case of the French treaty, by the opinion expressed by Lord Kimberley respecting the inability of the colonies to grant preference in trade relations to the Mother Country without granting equal concessions to the nations having such treaties with Great Britain, Sir Mackenzie Bowell said he did not well see how the Home Government could approve the tariff, unless the explanation of the meaning of the provisions of the tariff by Sir Richard Cartwright were accepted, or they were prepared to denounce the favored nation clause in the treaties, which prevents preferential treatment of the Mother Country. What would be the position of affairs then was quite clear. This new tariff, when adopted in the form of a bill, would repeal all other existing tariff laws. Now, if the new law was disallowed by the Imperial Government, the laws that it repealed would still be in operation, and the old tariff would continue in force.

A careful analysis of the new tariff shows that out of 426 items on the dutiable list there are 39 1-2 increases, 40 1-2 decreases, 36 items are changed from specific or mixed to ad valorem, nearly all of these being decreases, while 308 items are unchanged.

Mr. W. B. McMurrich of the Toronto branch of the Navy League, and A. J. Wickham, secretary, accompanied by Messrs Lount, Osler and Russell, M. P.'s, waited upon Mr. Laurier this morning and strongly urged that the Government should take the initiative in the furtherance of the memorial sent to the Governor-General in December last asking that the Home Government be requested to adopt a comprehensive scheme for protection of inter-British trade routes by mercantile cruisers, manned and officered by a reformed royal navy reserve, which would permit the enrollment abroad of colonial seamen. It was pointed out that the Home Government had already allowed this concession in regard to Hong Kong, and were it extended to Canada it would have the effect of getting many of our young men into the navy. Mr Laurier said the subject was entirely new to him, but he sympathized much with the object the deputation had in view, and would bring the matter before his colleagues for consideration.

The Liberals held their first caucus of the session this morning. Mr. Scriver, M. P. for Huntingdon, presided and every Liberal M. P., as well as a majority of the Patrons, were present.

Mr. Laurier aroused a good deal of enthusiasm by his speech at the beginning of the meeting, but, if rumor can be believed, later on the feeling was by no means unanimous. The greater part of the time was taken up with a discussion of the tariff, and the more stalwart free traders did not mince words in denouncing what they considered a betrayal of the Liberal party's promises. Several other members objected from a protectionist standpoint. Sir Richard Cortwright set matters right so far as the free traders were concerned by assuring them that the Government's policy was in the direction they desired, and that as soon as the revenue allowed they would go further.

Incidentally the probable loss of revenue from prohibition was mentioned, and the caucus was told that if the plebiscite should result in favor of prohibition the Liberal party would have to come out straight for direct taxation.

The Crow's Nest Pass question was discussed briefly, but it, as well as the extension of the I. C. R. to Montreal, will be considered at a future caucus. Mr. Blair could not be present owing to illness.

The special committee on the railway bills of Messrs Casey and Maclean held a meeting this morning. Among the railway men present were Messrs. William Wainwright, assistant to the General Manager of the G. T. R., and Thomas Tait, Assistant General Manager of the C. P. R. It was the intention of the committee to hear the employes first, but as none of them turned up, the evidence of the employers was taken. Mr. Wainwright said that, bill or no bill, the Grand Trunk was doing the work called for. They were equipping freight cars with air brakes at a rapid rate, and already 2291 had been so equipped. Last year $40,000 was spent in raising all classes of box cars to a uniform height.

Mr. Tait stated that there was a standard height for the draw bars of freight cars, but it was impossible to have the tops of loaded cars of a uniform height, owing to the varying nature of the contents. In the future he did not think there would be any inconvenience or danger to trainmen. The C.P.R. intended to put on air brakes as fast as possible. The Westinghouse Company held all patents, and if Mr. Maclean's bill compelling the equipment of freight cars with air brakes was carried it would force the railways to buy from the Westinghouse Company at their own terms. In 1895 there were 2023 engines in Canada, of which 1500 freight engines were not equipped with air brakes. To equip these would cost $750,000. There were 57,447 freight cars, to equip which would cost $4,900,000, and the companies would have to borrow for this purpose. Last year the C.P.R. equipped 1463 cars and 53 engines, and this year he had authority to equip 3000 cars and 100 engines. Mr. Tait considered the fact that the railways were making fair progress should be sufficient for Parliament and for the men.

On the whole the railway companies opposed the devices and appliances which were asked for in both Mr. Casey's and Mr. Maclean's bills, considering that they were not equal to those now in use.

Mr. Foster, who is still a wheelman, presented a number of bicycle petitions to-day. Several other members are taking to cycling. Messrs. Flint and Davin ride the silent steed, and Clarke Wallace is negotiating for a tricycle.

The body of Joseph Girouard, a mill hand at J. R. Both's mill, who was drowned last fall, was found yesterday near Gatineau Point. Girouard was working at a band saw when a stick flew back, striking him with terrible force, sending him head foremost through a trapdoor to the water below. The body was not very much decomposed.

Mr. James Cotton, a well-known gentleman in this locality, died at Coteau du Lac at the advanced age of 86 years. Mr. Cotton in the early fifties was a very prominent figure in Western Canada, and as a contractor was interested in many important and extensive public works, notably in Port Stanley and the York county roads. In 1865 he came to Ottawa, bought out the old Union newspaper and established The Ottawa Times, and conducted it till about 1873, during which time it was known as the Conservative Government organ.

Mr. Ross Robertson will ask if the report of the commission which investigated the affairs of the Q. O. R. of Toronto had been received and if the report recommended the reinstatement of Col. Hamilton.

Hon. A. G. Blair is confined to his bed by a high fever

Hon. Mr. Tarte and Mdme. Tarte entertained a number of ladies and gentlemen at luncheon in the Senate restaurant this afternoon.

RESCUED 23 MEN.

They Were on a French Brigantine Which Was in a Helpless Condition.

New York, April 28.—The North German Lloyd steamer Munchen, Captain Kuhlmann, which arrived this afternoon from Bremen, reports that on April 21, in latitude 46.40, longitude 31.34, he fell in with the French fishing brigantine Marie, waterlogged and in a sinking condition. The steamer launched her lifeboats and succeeded in rescuing the entire crew of twenty-three men, and brought them to this port. The Marie was bound to the fishing banks, and on April 16 was dismasted in a hurricane. The vessel also sprang a leak, which gained, in spite of the constant efforts of her crew. The brigantine was sinking when the steamer bore down to the rescue.

IRWIN SIGNS MORE PLAYERS

And Toronto Captures the Final Exhibition Game in the East.

Brockton, Mass., April 28.—Toronto defeated Brockton, New England, club to-day, 9 to 8. Manager Irwin tried Williams, his new pitcher, the last six innings, and he showed up in splendid style. Williams pitched last year in Fall River and Lewiston. He is a good hitter and runner. Baker's catching and batting were the features of the game. Manager Irwin today purchased the release of Pitcher Brown from Baltimore and Pitcher Sitley from Newark. The team leaves to-night for Providence, where the championship season opens to-morrow. Score:

Toronto . . . . 2 5 0 1 0 0 1 0 *—9
Brockton . . . . 2 1 0 2 0 1 0 0 2—8

Two-base hits—Baker, Freeman, McGann. Three-base hits—Baker. Home runs—Shekard.

HAMILTON 15, REDS 9.

Hamilton, April 28.—(Special.)—The Toronto Red Stockings Baseball Team gave the Hamilton Canadian League Team a fair practice game of ball this afternoon. The Hamiltons made 23 hits off Lee, for a total of 30 bases, and made 15 runs. Hot ground hits were also responsible for a lot of errors. The Hamiltons did not play a very good game. Grimes was wild, and was hit for six singles in five innings, while Cramer was touched for three hits in four innings. Tommy McDonald made five hits for Hamilton. The score:

R.H.E.
Hamilton . . . . . . 2 2 0 5 1 1 1 3 0—15 23 7
Reds . . . . 0 2 2 0 1 0 2 0 2— 9 9 9

Batteries—Grimes, Cramer and Briggs and Conwell; Lee and Reid. Umpire—Flynn.

CINCINNATI LEADS THE LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia— R.H.T.
Philadelphia . . . . 1 1 1 0 0 2 0 0 0—5 10 5
Boston . . . . 2 0 0 0 1 0 2 1 *—6 8 2

Batteries—Field and Grady; Klobedanz and Yeager. Umpire—Hurst.

At New York— R.H.E.
New York . . . . . . 3 0 0 3 0 3 2 0 *—11 17 3
Washington . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1— 3 4 5

Batteries—Seymour and Warner; Norton, King and McGuire. Umpire—Lynch.

At Louisville— R.H.E.
Pittsburg . . . . . . 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 *—2 4 2
Louisville . . . . . . 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1 4 0

Batteries—Hill and Wilson; Hawley and Merritt. Umpire—McDermott.

At Baltimore— R.H.T.
Baltimore . . . . . 0 2 4 1 3 2 1 0 *—13 18 2
Brooklyn . . . . . . 1 1 1 0 0 1 2 0 0— 6 12 3

Batteries—Corbett and Clarke; Kennedy, Grim and Burrill. Umpire—Emslie.

At Cincinnati— R.H.E.
Cincinnati . . . . . 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 1 *—5 10 1
Cleveland . . . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 6 1

Batteries—Damman and Peitz; Cuppy and O'Connor. Umpire—Sheridan.

At St. Louis— R.H.E.
St. Louis . . . . . . 2 2 0 0 0 0 1 0—5 10 2
Chicago . . . . 0 1 3 0 0 0 2 0—6 9 5

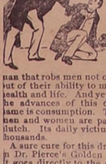
Batteries—Hart and McFarland; Griffith, Anson and Kittridge. Umpire—McDonald.

At Syracuse— R.H.E.
Syracuse . . . . . . 0 0 6 0 0 1 0 0 *—7 3 2
Buffalo . . . . 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—4 8 7

Batteries—Lampe and Ryan; Brown, Gregory and Smith. Umpire—Whitehill.

Milk the Year Round.

It is the belief of the prominent dairymen that the matter of having persistent milkers is largely in the hands of the men who control the dairy. Practical trials have been made, and it is found that a cow which receives the right attention and treatment will give milk the year round, while ones neglected will soon dry up. It is not wise, however, to milk a cow the full 12 months. She ought to have at least 60 days' rest, and will do enough better when she comes in to pay for it.—Dakota Field and Farm.



A man fears and abhors the highwayman who at the point of the revolver robs him of his money. The mere thought of the ruffian who robs by violence makes a man shudder. There is a deadlier enemy than the highwayman that robs men not only of their money, but of their ability to make it, and of their health and life. And yet men actually court the advances of this deadly enemy. Its name is consumption. Thousands of bright men and women are passive victims in its clutch. Its daily victims are numbered by thousands.

A sure cure for this dread disease is found in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It goes directly to the seat of the trouble. It restores vigorous action to the digestive organs, tones up the liver, and makes the appetite good. It makes the assimilation perfect and supplies the blood with the elements that build up healthy tissue. It acts upon the lungs driving out all impurities and disease germs. It soothes the shattered nerves and they resume their normal function of imparting healthy activity to all the organs of the body. All Druggists sell it. Nothing else is "just as good."

"Dr. Pierce, I am one of your most grateful patients," writes Mrs. Annie M. Norman, of Equinunk, Wayne Co., Pa. "I have taken 'Golden Medical Discovery,' also 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Pellets' with wonderful results. I am, as many of my friends tell me, like the dead brought to life. The doctors said I had consumption and death was only a matter of time. That was six years ago. I concluded to try your medicine. I continued until I had taken nine bottles of 'Discovery' and several bottles of 'Pellets.' I got well and have done a great deal of hard work since."

What more need be said of a book after the one statement: "680,000 copies sold at $1.50 each?" That book was Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. In that many homes it is known as the best medical book ever published in any language. Several chapters relate exclusively to diseases peculiar to women. There is now ready an enormous edition that is absolutely FREE. This edition is bound in heavy paper. Send thirty-one one-cent stamps to pay cost of customs and mailing only. If fine French cloth binding is desired, send 50 stamps. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

BRILLIANT SUCCESS

FROM YEAR TO YEAR has accompanied our methods of doing business. The finished garments, just from the tailor's bench, rightly deserve success, for nowhere can highest class, ready to dress, stylish clothing be purchased at our guaranteed absolute lowest figures. Keenest competition readily admits that our prices are a forcible, positive demonstration of the truth that we save the buyer from 20 to 30 per cent. on every garment.

Men's Spring Suits.

In All-Wool Thibets, Black and Blue Cheviots and Fancy Tweeds. Linings of the best farmers' Satin and Serges, at

$5 to $8.

Men's Nobby SPRING OVERCOATS.

Made of Coverts and Meltons, in all the new colors, splendidly lined and trimmed,

$5, $7, $10

Little Boys'

Dandy Sailor Suits, Made of Serges and trimmed in good shape. Just the thing for the small boy. Prices

$1 to $3

Men's Handsome Worsted Suits.

In latest effects, vest made with notch collar, pants cut according to latest fashion, beautifully tailored throughout, exactly like best ordered suit. All colors,

$10.00

Boys' Suits.

In three pieces, made from best tweeds, serges and cheviots, linings and trimmings none better. These suits sell ordinarily for $7 and $8. Our price,

Only $5

OAK HALL.

A. N. REID,
FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

KEEP THE SKIN SOFT AND WHITE WITH

BABY'S OWN SOAP....

BEST INGREDIENTS MAKE IT GOOD.

BE SURE AND.....
GET THE GENUINE

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.
Montreal.

A Thread
. . That Wont Snarl . .

What woman has not sighed for it—and felt happy—if by chance she got

. . A SPOOL OF . .

CLAPPERTON'S

There is no chance of its snarling, breaking, or being uneven—it is made by improved machinery which prevents any possibility of this.

SEE THE TRADE MARK ON THE SPOOL.

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. McINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

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Cramps, Colic, Colds,

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(PERRY DAVIS'.)

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

IT STRIKES HOME!

Chase's Ointment Cures All Skin Irritations.

GRACIE AITON.

Of the many skin diseases, eczema is one of the worst and most common. The one effective remedy so far discovered for it is Dr. Chase's Ointment. It has never been known to fail. Mr. Andrew Alton, of Hartland, N.B., says: "My little daughter, Grace Ella, aged three and a half, was a dreadful sufferer from eczema for three years. We tried a number of alleged cures and several doctors, but all without effect. Her's was indeed a bad case. Her little body was entirely covered with rash. One day our local druggist, Mr. Wm. E. Thistle, recommended me to try Dr. Chase's Ointment. I did so, and four boxes effected a complete cure and saved our child."

Dr Chase's Ointment is just as effective for piles, salt rheum and sores of all descriptions. For sale by all dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto; price 60 cents.

There is nothing to equal Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for severe colds and lung troubles. Large bottle 25 cents.

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A bath room equipped witl modern fixtures is the greatest luxury any household can afford. We can fit you up with fixtures, which for their sanitary perfection, simplicity, durability, neatness and attractiveness, cannot be excelled. What is more invigorating after the toil and heat of the day, or more refreshing after a spin on your bike, than a dip in the bath tub with the water at any temperature desired?

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

GETTING MONOTONOUS

Budget Debate Becoming a Stale Topic.

Before the Debate Was Resumed a Number of Questions Were Asked and Answered—The Dismissal of Mrs. McManus, Postmistress of Northfield, B.C., Brought Out a Pretty Hot Discussion In Which Mr. Davin Took a Prominent Part—Mr. Mulock Accused of Brutal Flippancy in Connection With the Case.

Ottawa, April 28.—(Special.)—In the House to-day the Premier, answering Mr. Davin, said the Government was at present investigating the outstanding accounts in connection with the Northwest Exhibition.

To Mr. Prior the Premier replied that it is the intention of the Government this year to prosecute surveys for the purpose of finding out the best route from the Pacific into the Yukon country.

The Government, Mr. Laurier said, in answer to another question by Mr. Prior, were aware that large quantities of goods were being smuggled through the Yukon country, but were not aware as to the best method of stopping it. The matter was, however, under consideration.

Mr. Prior enquired: Is it the intention of the Government to at once place a fast steamer in British Columbia waters to put a stop to the smuggling now carried on from the American side, and also to stop the poaching by American vessels in our deep sea fisheries?

In reply, Mr. Davies said last autumn the Government steamer Quadra was sent into Hecate Straits to enquire into the matter, and the official report did not justify the rumors of extensive smuggling. The department, however, had appointed, in conjunction with the customs, a special agent to go along the northern coast and make thorough enquiry into the complaints of smuggling and illegal fishing.

Mr. Prior was also informed that the Government intended to have the wreckew San Pedro removed from Victoria Harbor, but it would be necessary, however, to have an Act of Parliament passed to secure the Government against incurring damages for causing the removal of the wreck.

Mr. Prior further asked: Is it the intention of the Government to allow British Columbia fishermen to use fish traps in Canadian waters, when American fishermen are using traps in waters contiguous thereto?

Mr. Davies replied that he had declined to authorize the use of traps in Boundary Bay because of his promise to the fishermen out there to make no changes until Prof. Prince, the Commissioner of Fisheries, had made a thorough enquiry into the subject. Prof. Prince would leave shortly for the coast and would spend a long time there in order to look fully and carefully into the matter.

Mr. Davin called attention to an answer given by the Postmaster-General in answer to a question of his concerning the dismissal of Mrs. Isabella McManus, postmistress of Northfield, B.C. Mr. Mulock's reply was that the woman was dismissed because of her overbearing conduct and that of her husband towards many persons who were obliged to visit the postoffice.

To this Mr. Davin had observed that the woman's husband was not living, adding, "Has her husband been overbearing since he died?"

The rejoinder of the Postmaster-General was that the husband is living and the woman was dismissed on the report of the inspector.

"Now," said Mr. Davin, "I wish to say that the husband died last February, was buried three days afterwards, and I have not heard of any miracle being performed."

Continuing, Mr. Davin complained of the hardship that the woman had suffered by being dismissed, and that for a trivial complaint, so soon after her bereavement. He had a letter from the lady, in which she alluded to the fact that her husband, who was a mail carrier, died from the effects of an injury received while on duty; that he had seen active service as a British soldier, and had served in the Northwest Rebellion, without subsequent reward. These facts Mr. Davin corroborated from his own personal acquaintance with the dismissed postmistress and her deceased husband.

Mr. Mulock said this widow of his (Davin's), Mrs. McManus, had been dismissed on the report of the inspector on account of her overbearing manner; many complaints of a trivial character had been received against her.

Mr. Davin said the Postmaster-General's words were inexcusable in a Minister of the Crown. It was a piece of brutal flippancy on his part. He could only characterize Mr. Mulock's action as tyrannical. He had no doubt politics was behind all this, but it capped the climax when a poor widow was dismissed. Mrs. McManus was a former resident at Qu'Appelle and was a most respectable woman.

Mr. Foster said he thought Mr. Davin's language was not too strong. He must join in condemnation of the mean insinuation made by Mr. Mulock.

Mr. Lister: What was the insinuation?

Mr. Foster: Is the hon. gentleman the keeper of the Postmaster-General?

Mr. Lister: What was the insinuation? [Loud cries of order.]

Mr. Foster: The insinuation is well known and was uttered designedly.

Mr. Mulock: I made no insinuation. I cannot allow the hon. gentleman to charge me with making an insinuation.

Mr. Foster: The hon. gentleman was most unfortunate then in the choice of his language. He read from the report of the Postoffice Inspector, which said: "There hardly seems to be sufficient ground in the evidence of the petitioners to support the charge of mismanagement." The Postmaster-General had deliberately omitted that paragraph from the inspector's report. [Opposition cheers.] As for the observation that Mrs. McManus was overbearing, that same remark would apply to the Postmaster-General. [Hear, hear.]

Mr. Davis said that he knew Mrs. McManus when she lived at Qu'Appelle and kept a temperance hotel there, where she sold good whiskey. She also kept a dance house of not very reputable character. [Oh, oh.]

Mr. Quinn said it was evident from the slanderous statement of the last speaker that this matter was a question of politics. He felt bound to raise his voice against the pernicious system introduced by the Postmaster-General, and he called upon Mr. Fitzpatrick to endeavor to secure the reinstatement of Mrs. McManus.

Mr. McInnes, in whose constituency Northfield is, said the complaints against Mrs. McManus came from Conservatives. On one occasion, instead of handing out the mail, she had paraded up and down behind the wicket with a six-shooter in her fist. [Loud laughter.] When her husband met with an accident he was not engaged in carrying mails. He happened to be in a condition which coincided very much with the statement made by Mr. Davis. Dismissal took place before the man died, and when he was on a fair road to recovery. [Laughter.]

Sir Charles H. Tupper said it appeared from the Postoffice Inspector's report that the charges were practically dismissed. They were not supported by the evidence taken.

Mr. Osler said he felt humiliated, as a member of the House and a citizen of Canada, to think that our politics have reached such a condition that a dismissal had taken place on such evidence as had been read to the House. [Cheers.] He undertook to say that much stronger evidence could be procured against any postmaster in North York than in this particular case.

Mr. Prior said at least one case of offensive partisanship had been found, not as regards this poor woman, but the parties who sought to deprive her of her livelihood. Mr. McManus was a loyal citizen, one who had belonged to the Imperial army for many years and had fought and bled for his country. Seemingly from what Mr. McInnes stated, one woman had frightened the hon. member and his constituents.

After observations from Messrs. Laurier, Sutherland, McCleary and Lount the matter dropped.

Mr. McMullen resumed the debate on the budget. He said if the Opposition did not understand the tariff certainly the people of the country did, as was shown by the bye-elections yesterday. Mr. Chamberlain also apparently understood it, for he had expressed his approval of it. He proceeded to compare the Mackenzie and Fielding tariffs to show that as a rule duties would be lower under the latter than under the former. The Liberal tariff was diametrically opposed to protection. They did not propose to wear the filthy rags of protection. The slogan cry of the Liberal party was "Death to monopoly." He carefully analyzed the new tariff, and claimed that the Liberals had fulfilled their pledges to the country. Canada was now entering on a new and prosperous era.

Dr. Sproule after recess made a strong attack on the tariff as regards some of its features. He twitted the Liberals with having gone back on their ante-election pledges and wanted to know how Sir Richard reconciled it with his former cry of death to protection. The reciprocal tariff was very objectionable. He believed the Government had no right to enforce it, as it was a violation of British treaties. The violation of a treaty was the next thing to a declaration of war, but, even supposing the tariff was enforced, it would be giving Great Britain something for nothing. [Hear, hear.] Canada's duty was to look after her own interests first. This reciprocal clause, moreover, would involve a loss in revenue of three millions a year. He would like to know how the Government proposed to make up that deficiency.

Mr. Richardson followed, and immediately embalmed Kipling's new poem on Hansard. Then he discussed the tariff from a Manitoba standpoint, and put out the disabilities under which that province labored by way of customs tariff and freight rates. He mentioned that fruit was seldom seen on the table of a farmer. The cost of lumber was such as to compel settlers to live in poor houses and it checked mixed farmers, because the settlers could not afford to erect barns for housing stock. Coal, coal oil and agricultural implements were also high in price. He hoped there would be a further cut in coal oil. He claimed that the agricultural industry was entitled to every consideration at the hands of the Government.

Mr. Kloepfer called attention to the Liberal changes on tariff matters since 1891. Now their tariff amounted to putting another man's hat on their own heads. He went carefully over the tariff schedules, and showed how in those items that had been changed the Government had practically destroyed the industries affected. As a Canadian he believed in protecting Canadian interests first, so that our workingmen could earn a living. Personally he was an out and out protectionist. He believed in giving the home market to the farmers. Referring to the sewing machine business, in which he (Kloepfer) was interested, he said the reduction in duty in 1894 had had a most disastrous effect on the industry. Many American machines came in and a manufacturer at Guelph hadt o quit the business.

Mr. Wood (Hamilton): He did that before.

Mr. Kloepfer: You don't know anything about it. [Laughter.]

Continuing, he said a plant which cost $350,000 would not sell for $50,000. Certainly Mr. Wood would be the last man to buy it at that figure. [Laughter.] In conclusion, he expressed himself as opposed to the tariff proposals.

Mr. Douglas moved the adjournment of the debate.

The House adjourned at 11.10 p.m.

YUKON CHARTERED COMPANY.

Enormous Powers Sought From the Canadian Parliament—They Want to Run Everything.

Ottawa, April 28.—(Special.)—The British Yukon Chartered Company is seeking enormous powers by a bill now before the House. Besides authorizing construction of railways, running of steamers, and carrying on mining, etc., it seeks to do postal and police service for the Dominion Government, compensation therefor to be paid by a royalty on precious metals mined in the Yukon territory. The capital of the company is to be a million pounds in shares of £1 each, of which 750,000 will be preference shares. These preference shares are to rank first for dividends up to 5 per cent. If the profits do not reach that figure the 250,000 ordinary shares receive no dividend. The company also seeks power to issue bonds to the amount of £10,000 per mile upon its railway. As previously stated the company wants a guarantee from the Government on a million and a quarter dollars at 3 per cent.

A Blaze at Collingwood.

Collingwood, April 28.—This morning about 3 o'clock a fire occurred in some outbuildings in the rear of the residence on Pine-street, lately occupied by Mr. W. L. Wagner. When first noticed the flames were seen issuing from the back of the stable, but quickly spread to the house and other buildings, resulting in their complete destruction. The loss will be about $1000 in all, with insurance of $800 in the Liverpool & London & Globe. Mr. Wagner had only moved out of the house on Monday last on account of some damage caused by fire, which occurred early that morning, caused by the falling of a lamp.

This Has a Fine Old Flavor.

I read a story the other day with a fine old flavor that quite makes it worth the retelling.

In 1805, Pitt called a meeting of the British militia colonels to consider his Additional Force bill. Some objected to the clause which called them out under all circumstances, and argued that this should not be "except in case of actual invasion." "Then," said Pitt, "it would be too late." Presently they came to another clause, when the same objectors insisted on the militia not being liable to be sent out of the kingdom. "Except, I suppose," said Pitt, with cruel sarcasm, "in case of actual invasion."

SICK KIDNEYS

LIGHT WORK.

CURED KIDNEYS

HEAVY WORK.

When a man's Kidneys are deranged, he's not much good for work of any kind. In fact he does not feel like work. Sick Kidneys sap his strength and undermine his health by permitting the poisons to circulate in the system, that it is their duty to carry off.

Here was Mr. James Clark, of 190 York Street, Hamilton, Ont., a sufferer from Kidney disease. In consequence he was weak, had a poor appetite, and was only able to do the *lightest kind of work*. Since he has taken Ryckman's Kootenay Cure the pains have left him, his appetite has improved, and now he is employed at the grist mill of Mr. Robson, corner of York and Locke Streets, and his work is of a *very heavy nature.*

You see the wonderful change Kootenay can make in a man by setting his Kidneys right. The "new ingredient" does the work.

Full information and sworn statements of cures by addressing The Ryckman Medicine Co., Hamilton, Ont. "The Chart Book" free to any address.

One bottle lasts over a month.

GREEKS AGAIN BEATEN

The Epirus Campaign Has Resulted in Disaster.

Greek Commanders Appear to Have Blundered, and Their Opponents Took Advantage of It—Three Thousand Turkish Infantry Arrived Unexpectedly and Caught the Greeks Unawares—A Bloody Hand to Hand Fight Followed, the Turks Yelling Like Demons and Fighting Like Fiends—Greeks Were Hungry and Fatigued, Yet Fought Stubbornly

London, April 28.—A despatch to The Daily Mail, from Patras, dated Tuesday evening, says:

"The Greeks have suffered their first great reverse in Epirus, and the situation has changed with startling suddenness. When I last telegraphed the Turks were in full and disorderly retreat towards Janina and the Greeks were joyously advancing. For some unaccountable reason the absurdly inadequate force of only 1000 men was detached from Filliplada to seize Pentepighadia. On entering Pentepigadia some irregulars by mistake fired upon the Greeks. During the confusion which followed 3000 Turkish infantry arrived from Janina and instantly attacked the Greeks. A desperate and bloody hand-to-hand encounter ensued. The Turks uttered demoniacal yells and showed the greatest ferocity; while the Greeks, who had been without food all night long and were terribly outnumbered, were taken at considerable disadvantage.

"An hour after the fight began two companies of Turks occupied a hill on the Greek flank and opened a deadly fire. The Greeks broke in confusion and fled in hideous panic. With the greatest difficulty their officers rallied them and led them back to the front, where they renewed the battle against overpowering odds.

"Major Commundaro commanded them. All day he fought in the front line. Two horses were shot under him and he was twice wounded, but he seemed to bear a charmed life. A Greek lieutenant, an Italian volunteer and five privates rushed upon the Turks. Five of the seven dropped dead before they got anywhere near the enemy, and the sixth was wounded. Another private, when the Greeks fled, fought the Turks from behind a rock for five hours until he was killed.

"At 7 o'clock in the evening the Greek ammunition failed. The men were faint from want of food and the retreat was sounded.

"A second Greek force of infantry, cavalry and field artillery, advancing by another road, arrived an hour too late. This also retreated in great disorder.

"The Turks now hold Pentepigadia, which might, however, be attacked by artillery. The Greeks are greatly depressed and discouraged.

"The retreat is much discussed here and no one can explain it except upon the hypothesis that there was a risk of the Turks disembarking a force at Prevesa and so cutting off our escape. The Greeks have suffered a reverse, but Greek honor is not lost."

Larissa Given Over to Pillage.

London, April 28.—A despatch to The Times from Larissa, dated Monday, says:

According to the inhabitants left behind, the town was given over to pillage three days before the Turkish occupation. The pillagers were a mixed rabble of disbanded Greek soldiers, thieves and revolutionary members of the Ethnike Hetaria. These desperadoes also fought furiously among themselves and outraged women.

The Crown Prince Constantine was the last man to leave Larissa by the Sunday morning train.

Grumbkoff Pasha has started to return to Constantinople.

Again No Quorum.

Athens, April 28, midnight.—The Legislative Assembly met again this evening. Ninety-five deputies were present. As a quorum is 104, another adjournment was necessary. The adjournment was followed by considerable excitement and cries of disapproval from the gallery. It is rumored that the Greeks are still fighting in front of Pentepigadia.

Fears All is Over.

London, April 28.—Mr. Henry Norman, The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Athens, will say to-morrow:

All reports from the army at Pharsala are most discouraging. A strong man might perhaps succeed in galvanizing the nation into activity for a supreme effort, but unless such a man is forthcoming, I am afraid all is over."

THE PEOPLE DISSATISFIED.

Opposition Leader Ralli Tells King George What He Thinks—Disorderly Outbreaks.

Athens, April 28.—Former Minister Ralli told the King this morning that the Ministry no longer enjoyed the confidence of the people or of the Legislative Assembly.

King George replied: "If this is true, why do you not summon Parliament and elicit an expression of opinion in that way?"

M. Ralli and the Opposition seem determined not to accept the responsibility of office. On the other hand the Chamber will hardly vote confidence in the existing Government.

To-day (Tuesday) numerous disorderly outbreaks occurred at Piraeus (the port of Athens). The people invaded the cafes and smashed the portraits of the King.

A crisis in the Ministry of Marine has been caused by the receipt of a telegram from an officer with the eastern squadron, saying: "During the four days our fleet has spent at Skiathos we have been betrayed."

Hard on Constantine.

Paris, April 28.—The Matin to-day declares that the supersession of Prince Constantine, if made by a Royal decree, is equivalent to his renunciation of his rights to the crown. The Matin asserts that the replacing of the Premier, M. Delyannis, by M. Ralli, the Opposition leader, will not serve to arrest the course of popular indignation against the Royal family, adding that the Ministerial crisis, therefore, only precedes a dynastic crisis by a few days.

King George is credited with desiring to abdicate in favor of his second son, Prince George.

The Panic at Tyrnavo.

London, April 28.—The Times this morning prints the following from its correspondent at Volo:

After comparing many conflicting accounts of the panic at Tyrnavo, I believe the following to be substantially correct:

About sunset it was observed at the point selected for the headquarters for the Greek staff that the right wing was being turned by the Turkish cavalry. Accordingly orders were issued that as soon as it became dark the force should retire on Larissa. At the same time this intelligence was transmitted by flash signals to the Greek troops on the heights beyond in order that they might take the necessary steps for their own safety.

These orders reached the first line about 8.30, and the movement to retire began immediately. The men were tired out and hungry and sullen, having been kept all day under artillery fire without the excitement of real fighting. Those who have experienced real warfare know how raw troops under such circumstances are apt to lose cohesion and discipline and how, as the result of some little accident an orderly retreat may degenerate into a disorderly stampede.

In this case the accident seems to have been the flash signals on the heights which were interpreted to mean that those positions were being taken by the Turks. Simultaneously the cry was raised, nobody knows how, that the Turkish cavalry was advancing. In the darkness it was impossible to distinguish friend from foe. The first fugitives from the front arrived at Larissa about 1 a.m., when everybody was in bed. The news spread like wildfire and soon the whole town was in movement, everybody packing his goods and chattels, and preparing to flee from the doomed city, which, once delivered into their hands, would speedily be sacked by the bloodthirsty Bashi Bazouks.

A Greek Defeat.

Constantinople, April 28.—An official despatch received here from Salonica says that in an engagement at Losfakia the Greeks were compelled to retreat with a loss of 400 killed and many wounded.

The report of the bombardment of Karaburun is denied in this despatch. It is explained that the Greek fleet manoeuvred in the vicinity of Karaburun, but did not fire upon that place.

ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

Opposition Deputies of the Greek Chamber Call for Maintenance of Order.

Athens, April 28.—The Opposition deputies have issued the following address to the people:

"Fellow-citizens: In the critical period through which the country is passing, the summoning of the Chamber is considered necessary. The Opposition believes it to be its duty to address to all citizens a recommendation and a request to do all in their power to contribute to the maintenance of order, which is indispensable, not only for the safety of all, but because it constitutes an indispensable element for safeguarding the honor and rights of the nation.

"Let us not forget that the enemy is treading the soil of our country and that our army is confronting it. At such a moment anyone attempting to disturb order would be nothing but an ally of the Turks."

This address is signed by all the Opposition deputies now in Athens.

Special trains have been placed at the disposal of the Provincial deputies, in order to enable them to arrive in time to take part in the extraordinary session of the Legislative Assembly.

The French Minister here, M. F. A. Bouree, has telegraphed for the French warship Latouche Treville to return immediately to the Piraeus.

The merchants on Hermes-st. have organized a private guard to protect their stores and patrols have been placed in the streets near the bourse and telegraph office.

The address of the Opposition deputies had a calming effect upon the people. A better feeling now prevails here and there is little probability now of a dynastic crisis.

Turks Welcomed at Larissa.

London, April 28.—A despatch to The Daily Mail from Larissa, by way of Elassona, dated Sunday evening, eulogizes Edhem Pasha's conduct of the campaign. The correspondent says: "We first drove back the Greeks by correct and patient strategy, without hurry and without loss, and then we crowned our General's cautious moves by a bold, irresistible blow. The greater part of the Greeks had taken to wild, disorderly flight before the Turks arrived. There was literally no limit to the Greek disaster.

"The Crown Prince Constantine fled yesterday (Saturday) afternoon in the utmost fear of capture by the Turkish cavalry. According to all accounts they were close at his heels. Only another hour or two and Edhem Pasha might have brought off his greatest coup.

"The Greeks and the Turks fraternize. In a word, the Turkish army entered the town in the guise of friends rather than of conquerors. Turkish sentinels are placed at the corner of every street, but this was really unnecessary. Greeks and noncombatant refugees were not molested, and when they discovered this they began to promenade the streets freely. When the main body of Turkish troops entered the inhabitants received them with the wildest joy, with salutes, embraces and kisses. I myself was kissed on both cheeks, dragged to a cafe and compelled to drink because I wore a fez.

"This apparent anomaly is explained by the fact that the arrival of the Turks was the home-coming of many who had been driven away by the Greeks a month ago, and who had gone to Salonica and there volunteered to fight under the Turkish flag. As illustrating the moderation and discipline displayed by the Turks I can truthfully say that an ordinary crowd of Englishmen on Derby Day is much more difficult to restrain."

Attack on the Greeks.

London, April 28.—A special despatch from Volo, the port of Thessaly, announces that the Turkish advance forces have attacked the Greeks at Velestino, about eight miles west of Volo and on the railroad connecting the latter place with Larissa and the Pharsalas. The Turks, however, the despatch says, were repulsed with heavy losses and driven back as far as Tehortis.

General Smolenski, on hearing of the attack upon Velestino, made a sortie from Pharsalas in order to suppor the Greek force at Velestino.

Macedonians are Restless.

Sofia, April 28.—A large open air meeting of Macedonians was held here yesterday morning, at which many Bulgarians were present. The speakers denounced the policy of the Government and accused Prince Ferdinand of culpable inactivity. They declared that the present Russophile policy of Bulgaria could do nothing but work injury to the country. The crowd undertook to get up a demonstration in honor of the Greek diplomatic agent, but the police interfered.

Cripple

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

"Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism.

Made

Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

Well

take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon appetite came back; the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." URBAN HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

SEE THAT LINE
It's the wash, out early, done quickly, cleanly, white.
Pure Soap did it
SURPRISE SOAP
with power to clean without too hard rubbing, without injury to fabrics.
SURPRISE
is the name, don't forget it.

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Makes a Specialty of

Ledgers, Journals,
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BOVRIL...

the great English food for Brain, Blood, Bone, and Muscle, is now obtainable in Canada, and whether taken as a beverage for Luncheon, Supper, or at "odd times," it will relieve the mental and bodily overstrain so common to this high-pressure age.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it.

Canadian Branch, Bovril, Limited,
27 St. Peter St., Montreal.

The D. & L. Emulsion

Is invaluable, if you are run down, as it is a food as well as a medicine.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Will build you up if your general health is impaired.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is the best and most palatable preparation of Cod Liver Oil, agreeing with the most delicate stomachs.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is prescribed by the leading physicians of Canada.

The D. & L. Emulsion
Is a marvellous flesh producer and will give you an appetite.

50c. & $1 per Bottle

Be sure you get the genuine | DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD. MONTREAL

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

FULLY EQUIPPED
- TOURIST CAR -
Leaves NORTH BAY
Every THURSDAY
And TORONTO
Every FRIDAY
FOR THE
GOLD FIELDS
KOOTENAY AND CARIBOO, BRITISH COLUMBIA
AND ALL PACIFIC COAST POINTS.

Lowest Rates — Best Accommodation
Quickest Time — Most Scenic Route

Application for berths should be made to any Canadian Pacific Ry. Agent, or C. E. McPherson, Toronto.

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Ticket and General Agent
Belleville.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy: in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Break Up a Cold in Time

BY USING

PYNY-PECTORAL

The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSEPH NORWICK,
of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes:

"Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARBOUR,
of Little Rocher, N.B., writes:

"As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL

Pain-Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for

Cramps,	Cough,	Rheumatism,
Colic,	Colds,	Neuralgia,
Diarrhœa,	Croup,	Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

Dont Play..

With Two Kinds of Fire!

You insure against one kind, don' risk that by another kind—like newfangled insurance schemes. They may be all right, but you don't know it very much. They haven't been merited like the Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company; pay a good, honest price for secure insurance. We have that kind and the records prove it.

W. P HUDSON, Agent.
BELLEVILLE

"THE INTELLIGENCER"

Printing & Publishing House,

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, Canada.

The INTELLIGENCER Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd., have to-day sold out their whole plant, stock, accounts, &c., and good will of their business to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has appointed Mr. John W. London as his Printer and Publisher.

The paper will be issued as usual, Daily and Weekly, under the name of "THE INTELLIGENCER," at the old stand, Front st., Belleville, Ont.

All orders in Printing or Book-Binding promptly attended to.

Belleville Sept. 14th, 1896.

MRS. TUGNETT

HAS on hand some hundred of Switches and Braids, which she is selling at a low price. Orders taken for all kinds of hair work. Switches and Braids a specialty. Agents wanted. S. T.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. Sold by Alex. Ray.

R. W. ADAMS

REPRESENTS the following good companies: Insurance Company of North America; Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Canadian Railway Accident Insurance Co.; office with Northrup & Roberts, barristers, 12 Bridge st

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

For Situations or Servants, ONE cent per word each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Of Lost, Found, To Rent or For Sale, not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents for first insertion, and one cent per word for each subsequent insertion. One cent for each additional word over 25 words.

WANTED.

WANTED AT ONCE—Good live agents to canvass for the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER. Send in your name at once.

TO purchase for cash and not to exceed $1,000, a small house and lot. Taylor's Hill preferred. Address F. W., care this office. d2t-26-28p

SUE for your divorce in the United States. Albert L. Widdis, Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery, 720 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.

SOLICITORS WANTED FOR DR. TALMAGE'S "The Earth Girdled," or his famous tour around the world, a thrilling story of savage and barbarous lands. Four million Talmage's books sold, and "The Earth Girdled," is his latest and grandest. DEMAND ENORMOUS. Everybody wants this famous book; only $3.50. BIG BOOK, BIG COMMISSIONS. A gold mine for workers. CREDIT GIVEN. FREIGHT PAID. OUTFITS FREE. Drop all trash and sell the king of books and make $300 a month. Address for outfit and territory, The Dominion Company, Star Building, Chicago.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—A brick residence on Forin st. City water and in good repair. Apply to Miss Bogart, cor. John and Queen sts. 4-6dtf

HOUSES FOR SALE.

A GOOD brick house, 5 minutes' walk from Post Office. Well and stable. Apply to

J. W. BUTTERFIELD.

July 30 1895. f76deodtf

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

I Have for sale a quantity of good hard wood and mixed wood, cut and uncut. Also a quantity of mill wood, at the CENTRAL WOOD YARD, west end of Footbridge. Office, third door west Footbridge. dtf EDWARD NEWMAN.

BICYCLES.

GOOD wheels for sale, also Renting, Repairing, Riding Lessons and Bicycle Sundries. If you ride a wheel or want one, call on VICTOR WENSLEY, 331 Front st., old "Fair" store. Prices right. [d&w

"THE AGENCY."

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN — As I have a large district to cover, I would take it as a kindness if you drop a postal to me in case you wish to consult with me regarding the renovating or dyeing of your wearing apparel. C. C. Dickens, Agent. East side Pinnacle st., below market. d&w

MINING SHARES.

ALL Mining Shares bought and sold on commission only, at lowest market prices. R. W. ADAMS,
12 Bridge St.,
Belleville, Ont.

Standard Life Assurance Co. of Edinburgh, Scotland.

FUNDS invested in Canada, $13,000,000. The endowment policies of the Standard, combined with their Reserved Bonus plan and new free policy offers unequalled inducements. Royal Fire Insurance Co. of England; farm and city property insured at tariff rates. The Ocean Guarantee & Accident Corporation of London, Eng., covering the risk of accident and disease. • The Reliance Marine Insurance Co., of Liverpool, Eng. EDWARD McHUGH, Gen'l. Agent. Office with the Rathbun Co., Bridge st. fJ15d&wtf

J. ENOCH THOMPSON, J.P.K.C.R.,

Honorary Spanish Consul.

Mining and Syndicate Broker.

Mining Properties Sold. Capital Supplied for Development. Syndicates Formed. Companies Organized.

Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THERE will be offered for sale by J. G. Davison, Auctioneer, on Wednesday, 26th May, 1897, at three o'clock p.m., at the City Hall, Belleville, the following valuable properties:

The Nosworthy Block, corner Bridge and Pinnacle streets.

Residence north side of Bridge street, east of Ann street.

Residence east side Albert street, north of Bridge street.

For particulars of sale and further descriptions, etc., apply to

HENRY PRINGLE, Executor. F. E. O'FLYNN, Solicitor.

Dated at Belleville, 20th April 1897. dcodtd

AVONDALE.

Miss Emma Mills spent her holidays with friends in this locality.

Mr. LaRushe, of Kingston, was the guest of Mr. Geo. Eccles on Sunday.

Mr. Clarence Bush has returned home after spending a few days with friends in Johnstown.

Daily Intelligencer.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.

QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

"How Much Owest Thou Unto My Lord?"

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

SIR,—Having been criticised for an address given before the Y.M.C.A. on Sunday, April 18, I crave permission to explain my position through the medium of your columns.

Lev. 27 : 30-34 says, "The tenth is holy unto the Lord." Num. 18 : 20-26 and Deut. 14 : 28-29 direct its use for the support of priests, Levites and needy ones. This custom of tithing was common from the earliest times (Gen. 13: 12-22). God promised spiritual and financial blessings from a performance of it (Deut. 14 : 29), and a curse for failure to obey (Mal. 3 : 8-9). Seventy years of slavery taught the Jews that "to obey is better than sacrifice." They never forgot the lesson thus learned.

This law has never been repealed, but is binding on Christians to-day as much as "thou shalt not kill," etc., given at about the same time and place. Why did not our Saviour and apostles teach it? It was unnecessary; everyone did it. But our Saviour approved (Matt. 23 : 23). He went further and said "Sell all that thou hast and give to the poor, and come follow me" (Luke 18 : 22). All the disciples did this (Acts 4 : 34-35). And any attempt at deceiving was met and sternly dealt with (Acts 5 : 1-13).

When the Christian Church became influential, they secured the enactment of a law compelling everyone to pay tithes. It is the law in England to-day and in parts of Quebec, shame to say. It should be left binding only on a man's conscience.

Why should we give at least one-tenth? (1) It is God's law. (2) The performance brings blessing. (3) Failure to do it brings a curse. "The times of this ignorance God winked at, but now commandeth all men every where to repent." (4) Because of the needs of the world. (5) It compels system in business. (6) It avoids questionable methods of raising money for the Lord's cause—socials, concerts, bazzars, excursions, &c., &c.

What should we tithe? Our whole salary, net income, or net profits.

What should we do with it? Help the Lord's cause and His needy ones, not forgetting the temperance work.

Permit me to say to the Christian public that you are paying tithes to the devil now. If you do not believe it come to the lecture to-night in Bridge st. church and hear a discussion on the "effects of the liquor traffic on our pockets and our politics."

D. H. LENT.

Try ARTHUR McGIE
MERCHANT TAILOR, 300 Front St., Belleville, for your
Spring or Summer Suit.

A fine line of Pantings & Spring Overcoats

—OUR MOTTO.—

Prices to suit the times and a guaranteed fit. Call and be convinced.

Our Medical Memos.

From New York Medical Record.

THE MEDICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON has elected to honorary membership Dr. T. G. Roddick and Sir W. H. Hingston, of Montreal.

DEATHS FROM CHLOROFORM in Great Britain during January and February of the present year numbered twelve, as against seven for the first two months in 1896. During the first two weeks in March eight more deaths occurred.

A FILTHY WATER SUPPLY.—According to the Times-Herald, the water supplied by the City of Chicago is so bad that the Health Department has uttered the warning that not even boiled water is safe to use. Heavy rains and stirring up the water by high winds have so befouled the lake about the cribs that the city pipes are filled with diluted sewage.

THE PRINCE OF WALES' HOSPITAL FUND—In commemoration of the Queen's diamond jubilee, has been started by a subscription of £1,000 by Mr. W. W. Astor, formerly of New York.

KOCH'S MODIFIED TUBERCULIN.—Recent advices from our Berlin correspondent announce the fact that Prof. Robert Koch has perfected tuberculin so that he is enabled to assure the profession that it now stands in the same relation to tuberculosis as a healing serum as antitoxin does to diphtheria. At least, such is his assertion in the recent issue of the Deutsche Medicinische Wochenschrift.

THE PRESIDENT'S PHYSICIAN, it is reported, will be Dr. Newton L. Bates, medical director of the navy, who will be stationed in Washington for the coming four years. President Cleveland's physician was Dr. Robert O'Reilly of the army.

LEPROSY is said to be spreading in Spain in a somewhat alarming manner. In the village of Alcublas, near Valencia, more than a dozen families are said to be affected.

Build Up.

When the system is run down, a person becomes an easy prey to Consumption or Scrofula. Many valuable lives are saved by using Scott's Emulsion as soon as a decline in health is observed.

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

"SEATS OF THE MIGHTY."

Mr. Gilbert Parker's Play Favorably Received by a Brilliant Audience At London.

London, April 28.—Herbert Beerbohm Tree's new theatre, Her Majesty's, was opened to-night under circumstances of great social brilliancy. The general verdict is that it is the finest playhouse in London. So much interest centred in the opening that applicants for the seats in the pit waited at the pit doors from early morning until 7 o'clock this evening. Great crowds watched the arrivals. The Prince of Wales and Duke of Connaught occupied the Royal box. In other boxes and in the stalls were Col. John Hay, the American Ambassador, and Miss Hay, his daughter; Henry White, Secretary of the American Legation; the Lord Chief Justice, of England, Baron Russell of Killowen; the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies; Alfred Austin, the Poet Laureate; and Lady Randolph Churchill.

The inaugural function was begun by Mrs. Tree, who stepped before the curtain and delivered charmingly a short inaugural poem by the Poet Laureate. She had a most flattering reception.

The curtain was then lifted and the British National Anthem sung by a choral society seated on the stage.

The curtain was then lowered, to rise again upon the first act of Gilbert Parker's play, "The Seats of the Mighty." Both the text and the mounting were virtually the same as were used by Mr. Tree at the opening of his recent New York engagement at the Knickerbocker Theatre. The performance, while favorably received, was rather a personal success for Mr. Tree than an artistic success for the play itself.

PROMINENT BUSINESS MAN OF PETERBORO' CURED OF ECZEMA.

Mr. Thos. Gladman, bookkeeper for Adam Hall, Esq., stove and tinware dealer, Peterborough, writes the following facts: "Have been troubled for nine years with Eczema on my leg, and at times the itching was something terrible; tried many eminent doctors and was pronounced incurable. I had given up hopes of ever being cured when I was recommended by Mr. Madill, druggist, to try a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and I am happy to testify that after using two boxes I am completely cured."

DESERONTO.

APRIL 27th.

Thos. Hanley, Belleville, was in town last week.

Mr. S. Cross has been visiting friends in Toronto.

Miss Kennedy spent the Easter holidays in Toronto.

Sheriff Hope, of Belleville, was in town last week.

The Deseronto Foot Ball Club has been organized.

Dr. Hicks spent Easter in Picton and Cherry Valley.

Chas A. Crawford spent a few days in Toronto last week.

Dr Vandervoort spent Easter in Toronto visiting his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Maloney were in Belleville last week.

The Deseronto Benevolent Society intend erecting a hospital in town.

The cedar mill has been running over time lately to fill orders.

Miss Helen Rathbun, of Belleville, has been visiting friends in town.

Wm. Pearsall, of Shannonville, was in town last week.

Mrs. J. Moody, of Orangeville, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. J. Malley.

Miss Ella Butler, of Belleville, was the guest of Miss Poitras last week.

Dr. and Mrs. Dulmadge, of Cobourg, spent Easter in town.

Ered Knight, of the West End Pharmacy, has left for Cornwall.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bull, of Stirling, have been visiting friends in town.

Mayor Rathbun returned from his southern trip last week.

The Rev. A. Martin, of Forest, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church last Sunday morning.

The Deseronto carworks have completed four fine passenger coaches for the Montreal Park and Island Electric Railway.

His Lordship Bishop Hamilton, of Ottawa, held Confirmation services in St. Mark's church last night.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and it actually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

ADAMS.

Mr. Geo. Alyea spent Sunday at Mr. E. McFaul's, Allisonville.

Mr. and Mrs. Ely Smith, of Bloomfield, spent Sunday at Mr. Smith's.

Mrs. Wm. Carrington, we are now glad to state, is on the mend very nicely.

Mr. Simon Caughey, of Crofton, spent Sunday visiting at Mr. D. Adams.

Miss Alberta Adams, of Albert, spent her Easter Holidays under the parental roof.

Mr. Wm. Blakely spent Sunday visiting friends near Bowerman's, also did Mr. D. Jackson.

Miss Jennie Urquhart, of Albury, has been spending a few days here at her cousin's, Miss Isabel Adams.

Our Sabbath School has been reopened by our pastor, Rev A. H. Strike, for another term. Mr. S. L. Delong was unamiously chosen as Superintendent, Mr. Chas. Adams as Bible Class teacher, Messrs. Jas. E. Glenn and D. G. Jackson as teacher for the first intermediate classes, and Miss Isabel Adams for second intermediate. Our school is in a very prosperous condition.

BABY ECZEMA AND SCALD HEAD.

Infants and young children are peculiarly subject to this terrible disorder, and if not promptly arrested it will eventually become chronic. Dr. Chase made a special study of Eczema and disease of the skin, and we can confidently recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to cure all forms of Eczema. The first application soothes the irritation and puts the little sufferer to rest.

Montreal Markets.

Grain—The market is very firm, though there is not much business. Wheat, No. 2 hard, nominal; peas, per 60 lbs, in store, 49½c to 50c; oats, No. 2, white, in store, 25c to 25½c; rye, No. 2, 40c to 41c; barley, feed, 33c; buckwheat, per bus., 35½c to 36c.

Flour—There is a fair demand and a better tone to the market. Local values are about as follows: Straight rollers, $3.80 to $4.[illegible]; straight rollers, bags, $1.80 to $1.90; strong bakers', Man., $4.25 to $4.50; spring patents, Man., $4.50 to $4.80; winter wheat patents, $4.30 to $4.50.

Meal—The market remains in just about the same position. The demand is slow and prices are steady. Rolled, per bag, $1.35 to $1.40; do per brl, $2.75 to $2.85; granulated, $2.75 to $2.85; do per bag, $1.35 to $1.40; standard, per bag, $1.35.

Feed—Manitoba bran is steady at $12, and shorts at $13, in bulk. The demand is very slow.

Cheese—The market is dull and prices nominal at 10c to 10½c.

Butter—The market is easy at 17c to 17½c.

Eggs—There is a fair business at 9 to 9½c.

Provisions—There was not much change in the provision market this morning, and prices keep on about the same level. Following is a fair range:—Heavy Canada short cut mess, per brl, $13.50; heavy Canada long cut mess, $12.50; hams, 9½c to 12c; bacon, 9c to 11c; compound lard, 5c to 6c; extra pure, 6½c to 7½c; finest kettle lard, 7½c to 8½c.

LIVE STOCK.

At the East end abattoir this morning the offerings of live stock were 650 cattle, 50 sheep, 50 spring lambs, 500 calves, and 25 lean hogs. Owing to the increased receipts and the warmer weather the tone of the market was easier, and prices show a decline of fully ¼ to ½c per lb., as compared with this day week. There was a fair demand for export stock, and this relieved the market of its dulness to some extent, but at the close a number were left over. Receipts of sheep and lambs were 100 head, and they sold in mixed lots at 4c per lb., live weight.

CROOKSTON.

APRIL 26th.

Sugar weather has at last come to a close.

Miss Annie Smith is at present with friends in Tamworth.

Mr. Frank Green, of Deloro gold mines, is visiting at Mr. John Wickens'.

Mr. Edward Kerr, of Thomasburg, has taken up his residence on Front st.

Mr. J. Osborne, of West Huntingdon, was in town Saturday evening.

Mr. John Varney, who had been ill of scarlet fever, is able to be out again.

Mr. A. F. Tweedie has gone to Stirling to take up practice there.

Preparations are soon to begin toward the celebrated of the 12th, July next here, which will indeed be mirabile visu.

Mr. Joseph Naylor, of Omemee, has moved his family into the depot lately vacated by D. Smith.

The Public School teachers, viz. Miss McCan and Mr. McCaffrey, spent Easter holidays at their homes, Queensboro.

Mr. W. Francis, Birdsall's, paid a flying visit to his friends here last Saturday evening and Sunday.

A large number, besides delegates, attended the Convention held by E. L. and C. E. societies of the B. of Q. district and all report an excellent time.

The social given by the league on last Thursday evening was a success. The programme, which consisted of recitations, readings, speeches, music, both instrumental and vocal, with choruses from the choir, were well rendered. The decorating committee deserve great praise for the way they decorated and fixed the basement.

NO DANGER FOLLOWS the use of Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract. Containing as it does less than 3 per cent of alcohol it can be given to children, invalids and the most delicate patients. A dose represents less than 40 grains of alcohol and over 125 grains of rich extractive matter.

CARRYING PLACE.

At the annual Vestry meeting of St. John's church, Carrying Place, a large amount of important business was transacted. An agreement was made between Mr. Reuben Young and the Vestry with regard to the church debt. The debt amounts now to about $125. There is a subscription list that will cover a portion of this amount, and with the enthusiasm that is now shown in the parish the debt can be wiped out this Jubilee year. A protest was unanimously carried against the late arbitrary action of the authorities of Synod, in dealing with the Ameliasburg Endowment fund. On account of the pessimistic feeling in the Diocese, the April cheque was kept back in order to secure the Consolidated Fund against possible loss. Of course, all the Rectors suffer alike. The Rector stated to the Vestry and also on Sunday that on account of his small and irregularly paid stipend he was not really able to purchase a horse. He sadly needs a horse to keep up the parish work. He could purchase a good horse if the parishioners would only pay up what they are behind. He has had to hire a horse since he lost his own last fall. Mr. Pen. Peck was appointed by the Rector as Church Warden for the ensuing year. Mr. Davis, jr., was re-elected Church Warden by the people. Messrs. T. Porter, G. Herrington, Francis Peck and Harry Chase were appointed Sidesmen. Mr. John Peck was elected delegate to the Synod.

SPRINGBROOK.

A base ball team has been organized at Wellman's Corners named the Ramblers.

Mr. G. T. B. Russell, of Rednersville, Prince Edward County, is here again this spring, grafting fruit trees.

The Quarterly Official Board of the Methodist church will meet on Saturday at 2 p. m. Quarterly meeting, with sacramental services, on Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

Mr. Robert Stewart, druggist, of this place was one of the losers by the fire at Norwood, where he has another drug store. Loss covered by insurance.

The Women's Missionary Society held a concert in the church on the evening of Monday, 19th. The programme consisted of readings, recitations and sacred songs, also an address by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Balfour. A free-will offering was made at the close.

Court Springbrook, No. 36 I. O. F. intends holding a public demonstration at this place on Dominion day. Sister Courts will be invited to join with them. An active committee has been appointed to look after it.

HILLIER.

Mrs. Isaac Gerow, of Smithfield, was in this vicinity last week visiting relatives.

Mrs. Susan Weeks, of Consecon, spent a few days visiting at her sister's, Mrs. Benj. Palmer.

Mrs. Florence Young, from the York Road near Trenton, spent part of Friday and Saturday at her father's, Mr. Charles Young, of this place.

Work on farms here will be suspended for at least a week, so it is thought by some, on account of the heavy rain of last Friday night. Low land is flooded and water is running by the roadside deep enough to float a small boat.

George Martin had the misfortune a few days ago to lose a horse. It was tied under the old sheds that once belonged to the Prince Edward Hotel, Consecon, and being somewhat of a puller, it pulled back with such force that the old shed was pulled down on top of it, paralyzing it so it had to be shot.

Men and Women Agree

That corns are painful, not easily cured and quite useless. Men and women who have used Putnam's Corn Extractor testify that it is the best, acts without pain, and cures. Use Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor.

MELROSE

Mr. John Hawley, who has been very low with inflammation of the lungs, is now convalescent, under the care of Dr. Tanfear of this place.

Three ladies who live very close neighbors on the fourth line of Tyendinaga and whose ages will average 80, started out on foot one day last week to make a visit nearly a mile distant. They would not accept a conveyance, but rather go on foot. The names were Mrs. John Kelly, Mrs. R. Tripp and Mrs. Samuel Tripp.

While Mr. Wm. Sexsmith, of the 5th concession of Richmond, was drawing a load of milk to the Rathbun cheese factory on the 14th inst., the tongue of the waggon broke in descending a grade. The team became unmanageable and began running and kicking. He jumped from the waggon and escaped injury. The team ran into a freight train while crossing a roadway, killing one horse and breaking the waggon badly. The other horse was not hurt much.

FOXBORO.

APRIL 27.

The quarterly service for this circuit will be held next Sunday in the North Church.

Mr. A. L. Adams, pastor of this circuit, who underwent an operation last week, is improving rapidly.

Mr. A. McClatchie, M. A., preached in the North Church on Sunday morning, and Rev. Mr. Doxsee preached in the South Church in the evening. Both were educational services.

Mr. Leslie Ashley, one of our most popular young men, had the misfortune to cut his foot last week. As the wound is a severe one, he will be confined to the house for some time.

BAYSIDE.

Mr. James Ketcheson, of this place, spent Sunday in Wallbridge.

Mr. Chas. Ellis will stop this summer with Mr. P. Casey, of Sidney Crossing.

Quarterly services will be conducted in Wesley Church on Sunday next by Rev. W. J. Saunders.

Mr. Ketch Finkle has returned home after spending a few days with his sister at Sidney Crossing.

The Epworth League will meet on Sunday evening, May 2nd, instead of Monday, on account of the Quarterly Board meeting being held on that night. The meeting will be in charge of the Vice-Pres., Mr. O. S. Hicks, and Mrs. W. R. Graham.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray

---

FOR SATURDAY
MAY 1st,

We will offer to please some who did not get an opportunity on the past two Saturdays.

An All-Steel Hammer for 25c.

A Set of Sensible Sad Irons for 57c, and a

No. 30 Granite Wash Bowl for 13c.

ONLY A FEW LEFT, SO CALL EARLY at the

New Hardware Store.

W. W. CHOWN & CO.,

STORE OPPOSITE INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. d&w

See the Colored Signs in Windows.

Breakfast Cereals
Quaker Oats
IN PACKAGES.
Farinosa
IN PACKAGES.
Swiss Food
IN PACKAGES.
Rolled Barley
Rolled Wheat
Rolled Oats
Germ Wheat
OR WHEATLETS.
Breakfast Hominy

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE,

GROCERS & WINE MERCHANTS.
33 and 37 Bridge st.
Also at our Front st. store,
First door north of Ritchie's.
Telephones--130 and 157.

POSTPONED.

STEAMER
"ALEXANDRIA"

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y., AND RETURN.

Announced for Friday, April 23, has (owing to delay in opening of St. Lawrence River Canals, been postponed ....until....

Friday, April 30th

FARE for Round - Trip - $1.50 FARE for Round - Trip -

Str. "VARUNA"

A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.

J. W. HEPBURN, Agent Picton.

- FASHIONABLE -
Millinery
...AT...
A. BRIGNALL'S
Millinery Parlors.

New Styles Ladies' Blouses just in from 65c to $2.00. Paris and New York Veilings. Novelties in Hats and Flowers. Laces of all kinds. Full stock P. D. Corsets.

LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.

The Mark . . . of the Moth

Will soon make its appearance if you let him have his own way. Don't let him have his own way, use our

MOTH CAMPHOR.

Howard's English Camphor in 1 oz. cakes, Persian Insect Powder, or English Lavander Flowers. A fresh supply of each just received at

McKeown's Drug Store

CAMPHOR,
MOTH BALLS,
MOTH PAPER,
—FOR SALE AT—
THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

THE ALE AND PORTER
..........OF..........
JOHN LABATT,
LONDON, CANADA.

Awarded 10 GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE MEDALS and 12 DIPLOMAS at the World's Great Exhibitions, including Highest Points in America at the WORLD'S FAIR, Chicago.

For Sale to families in Belleville only by

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE and WESLEY BULLEN
WINE AND LIQUOR MERCHANTS.

Ask for John Labatt's London Ale,
AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT.

Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.
THOS. STEWART,

Coal, Wood, Grain and Seed Merchant. Office, Bridge St., Yards, foot of Front St.

Scranton Pea Coal - Dry Soft Cordwood,

The two favorite articles for fuel during the warm weather. A good supply of each on hand, and the Soft Wood will be sold cheap to make room for Green Hardwood. Pine Wood delivered to any part of the city at regular prices.

THE SEED TRADE

Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

Fireproof Brick, a carload.

Star Portland Cement, the best and cheapest. Sold by all dealers in the city.

Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

SOFT WOOD CHEAP.

The Rathbun Company

PRIESTLEY'S ...MASTERPIECE

The artist of the loom may have an ideal as well as the artist of the brush. Priestley's ideal was **the best,** and the masterpiece of his life is the new **EUDORA.** Soft—rich—firm—durable. Fitting easily—draping gracefully—extra width—extra weight—dust proof. Black only. Wrapped on "THE VARNISHED BOARD." Priestley's name stamped on every five yards.

Eudora The Ideal Dress Fabric

The Cleveland
..at $75.00..

Is Positively the best value for a Wheel in the market.

The demand for them is great. It just means that you are buying a high-grade $100 wheel for $75.00. Don't miss this chance. Our $100 Cleveland is a marvel of neatness, simplicity and workmanship.

The Foster Co. Ltd
Frank S Foster, Manager.

Removed

We are now All Removed to our new Store.

THE BEEHIVE.
CHAS. N. SULMAN

Latest Magazines,
TRADE and STORY PAPERS, SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, NOVELS, &c., will be found on our - Tables. -
Flower's Bargain House,
378 FRONT STREET.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

IN THE MATTER OF HARRIS & WALTON, INSOLVENTS.

THERE will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Office of the Assignee, Belleville, on Saturday, the 15th day of May, A. D. 1897, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, the following Real Estate situate in Belleville:

Parcel No. 1, Lot No. 65, on the East side of Chatham street

Parcel No. 2, Lot No. 1 on the South side of Mill street.

Parcel No. 3, Lot No. 27 on the East side of Charles street.

Parcel No. 4, Lot No. 363 on the North side of Pine street, east of Albion street.

Parcel No. 5, Lot No. 77, on the East side of Chatham st.

These properties are all desirable building lots;

Parcels Nos. 1, 2 and 5 will be sold free from encumbrances. Parcels Nos. 3 and 4 will be sold subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of one Mary Ann Anning for $600.

Terms of Sale, Cash.

For further particulars and conditions apply to

WM. LOTT, Assignee, Mill st.
or to E. GUSS PORTER,
Assignee's Solicitor.

Cream Puffs,

Filled with Whipped Cream, fresh at 11 a. m. and 3 p.m

Price 20 cents per dozen.

ED. F. DICKENS.

Tickell & Sons Co'y,
UNDERTAKERS.

The Daily Intelligencer.

CRESCENT BICYCLES $60.
E. & D. WHEELS $100.
You are making no experiment in buying a Crescent Wheel—70,000 sold in 1896.
JOHN LEWIS & CO'Y,
- - AGENTS. - -

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 30. BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO FRIDAY, APRIL 30 1897. NO. 304.

GLASGOW WAREHOUSE.

CASH PRICES...

Are daily becoming more popular.

"Why?"

Because you can buy more good Dry Goods from us for Cash than you can in any other store in town on Credit.

We have daily evidence of it.

Our low prices for good goods are being talked of in every home in Belleville.

No few articles marked below cost to attract the eye, all goods sold close for cash, but at a profit.

GIBSON & LAIDLAW

Daily Intelligencer.

THIS EVENING'S EVENTS.

- Choir Practice.
- Y. M. C. A. Rooms.
- Knights of the Maccabees.
- Salvation Army—Pinnacle st.
- Boys' Brigade—St. Andrew's Church.
- Meth. Church Reading room—Bridge st.
- Public Library—cor. Hotel and Front sts.

The DAILY INTELLIGENCER can be purchased at
Orrill's restaurant.
Hanwell's tobacco store.
Miss Martin's.
C. B. Scantlebury's, Front st.
H. McColl's, Bridge st., near Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Goldsmith's, opp. post office.
Mrs. W. N. Thomas' 270 Front st.
Robinson's Book Store—Front st.
Flower's Bargain House.

NEWSPAPERS!

All papers sold at the front office counter of the Intelligencer Office will be 2 cents each. Patrons will do well to secure their daily papers through a newsboy.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Announcement of births 25c; of marriages 50c; and of deaths 50c.

DAILY CALENDAR

Mere Mention of Important Events of Past Years.

April 30—Sir H. Bishop, composer, d., 1855
Sir J. Lubbock born, 1834.
Duke of Argyll born, 1823.
Vancouver names Mt. Baker, 1792.

THE WEATHER.

A dull morning, but a bright, pleasant day. Comparison with last year:

1896		1897	
Min	50	Min	43
8 a. m	52	8 a. m	46
Noon	68	Noon	60

PROBABILITIES.

Strong winds or moderate gales from northeast and north; unsettled and cooler, with rain.

We Employ a Thoroughly Competent and Practical Optician....

who is able to correct all known errors of vision, so there will be no doubt of our giving you the proper correction, as you can demonstrate by giving us a call. Best quality at right prices.

Angus McFee & Co. - - 310 Front St

CHAUNCEY ASHLEY, Issuer of MARRIAGE LICENSES, Division Court Office, Bridge st., opposite the Post Office; residence, first house east of W. W. Chown's Mfg. Co., Station Road.

MINING MARKET.

R. W. Adams, Agent.
QUOTATIONS.

NAME.	
Le Roi	$8 00
War Eagle	1 10
Josie	50
Jumbo	60
Iron Mask	46
Crown Point	50
Evening Star	25
Colonna	30
Monte Cristo	15
California	15
May Flower	15
St. Elmo	9
Poorman	7
Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.	15
West Le Roi	....
Big Three Co.	12
Great Western	18
Silverine	9
BOUNDARY.	
Old Ironsides	6
CAMP MCKINNEY.	
Cariboo	55
SLOCAN.	
Slocan Star	2 62
Wonderful	10
HASTINGS.	
Bannockburn	20

Men and Women Agree

That corns are painful, not easily cured and quite useless. Men and women who have used Putnam's Corn Extractor testify that it is the best, acts without pain, and cures. Use Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor.

Bicycle Riders, Attention!

IF you desire to have the By-law which restricts Wheelmen and Wheelwomen from the use of our sidewalks (excepting on Front st.) during rainy and muddy weather, amended, fill in the following blank form and send or bring the same to the INTELLIGENCER Office.

NAME (IN FULL).	RESIDENCE.
....	....
....	....
....	....

The Price of Prosperity IS ADVERTISING IN THE INTELLIGENCER. Our most successful merchants state that "The best results are derived from advertising in the Daily and Weekly Intelligencer."
BIGGEST AND BEST CIRCULATION.

CITY AND DISTRICT

"Turned Against Him."

This is the title of a long and highly interesting story, a first instalment of which will be published in the literary section of the INTELLIGENCER to-morrow. See that you get the paper complete, namely two sections of four pages each.

The oyster has but a short time to live.

This is the season for house-cleaning jokes.

Stainless black cotton half hose, 2 pairs for 25c. at Harry's.

The man who is a "brick" often has a marble heart.

All kinds of stand-up and turn-down collars, 2 for 25c., at Harry's.

Necessity is the mother of economy, and eternal hustle is the price of success.

The 15th Battalion will have its first parade of the season this evening.

STRAW TAM O'SHANTERS, very nobby and becoming for children. See them at Brasier's. 2t.

The Bicycle corps of the 15th Battalion will be re-organized again this year.

The time tables of the steamers Hero and North King will be found in our advertising columns.

The moth family always dance a two-step when they attend a camphor ball, or a tar paper tea party.

CHILDREN'S STRAW SAILORS.—A splendid assortment at 25cts. just received at Brasier's. 2t.

For Printing and Job Work patronize the INTELLIGENCER. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

An exchange says that no gentleman will wear a made-up necktie. We would like to know what the fellow who has neither wife nor sister to tie it is going to do now?

LADIES' CYCLING TAMS, very pretty and stylish, latest American novelty, at Brasier's Another shipment arrived to-day. 2t.

Large numbers of mullets are being caught in the river at present. The pickerel are about done running and red-fin suckers are coming up.

Spring fever is not a bad thing to get if it develops into an anxiety to clean up your surroundings and improve the appearance of things generally.

The plan for Watkin Mills' concert at the Carman Opera House on Monday evening will open at Riggs' Music Store to-morrow at 10 a.m. sharp.

Mr. D. H. Lent delivered his second lecture in Bridge st. church S. S. rooms last evening. His subject was "The Effects of Liquor on our Pockets and Politics."

CAPS-TO-GO-A-WHEELING-IN.—Largest stock, latest styles, newest colors, lowest prices, at Brasier's. We can fit you with a becoming cap in any shape or size you want. 2t.

We have on the third floor of the INTELLIGENCER Office, the only first-class Bindery in the city. Book-Binding and Repairing, quickly and neatly executed. Prices moderate.

—Johnny had a wealth of muscle
When he swung the basball bat;
But when forced to beat the carpet
He was weaker than a cat.

At a meeting of the Medical Council of Queen's University Dr. W. J. Gibson was re-appointed to serve five years on the committee to fill a vacancy in the medical faculty.

We have received several new lines of Boots in Chocolate Color, made by J. & T. Bell. See our Ladies' Lace Boots and Oxford Shoes in this color on coin toe.—VERMILYEA & SON.

Where are the prophets who predicted last fall that bicycling would be a passing fad by the middle of this summer? All signs indicate that there will be more wheels in use this season than ever before, and by a large majority.

The Jarman and Wakefield Special Stiff Hats are good sellers. Their superior quality at the price—$2.25—sell them. Here's your chance; latest style; quality the best; price only $2.25, at Brasier's. 2t.

Be loyal to your town. Buy what you want here. The merchant you patronize may some day be able to direct a dollar into your pocket; in any event, you needn't look for work or patronage from Toronto. When the "departmental" shark gets your money he is through with you.

The warm rains of the past week and the accompanying warm weather have given vegetation a mighty impetus. The face of the country has undergone a great change. Budding trees and luxuriant green grass indicate the benefits of the rainfall, and the husbandman's heart is glad.

Mr. J. S. McKeown's show window was dressed to-day and is attracting a lot of attention. The attractive objects are a number of small human skeletons, which represent the result of neglecting to take Kola Wine.

Amusement Notes.

WATKIN MILLS—FOX.

These two renowned artists appeared last night in the opera house, and the programme was a succession of delights. Mr. Mills was in excellent form, and his every number was richly enjoyed. Mr. George Fox appeared even more charming in violin solos last night than on his first visit here. He is a genuine artist, and fairly makes his instrument talk.—Brockville Recorder.

The plan will open at Riggs' music store to-morrow at 10 a.m. sharp.

Boys Underwear.

Boys' fine Balbriggan underwear, also a great range of boys' sweaters and colored shirts at Schuster's.

WHEELS ARE TURNING.

The People Sympathize With the Movement for Reason in the Restrictions.

In a letter to the Ontario, Mr. Anson Cartwright enlarges on the inconvenience of bicyclists riding on the sidewalk on Commercial st. Mr. Cartwright evidently does not understand that there would not be any riding on the walk on that street beyond Dundas st., there being but one walk thence westward. Let Mr. Cartwright and all who are unfavorably disposed towards the movement on behalf of the wheelmen and wheelwomen which the INTELLIGENCER has inaugurated, look at the list of those who have come forward in support of it.

Following is to-day's addition to the list, which is rapidly growing:

Jos. Caldwell, Bridge st.
Mrs. W. Hamilton, Merchants Bank.
Clifford Walker, John st.
Will J. Taylor, George st.
H. Steele, Albert st.
Albert Wensley, Charles st.
V. Wensley, Bleecker Ave.
J. Gurney, Bleecker Ave.
Rufus Wensley, Bleecker Ave.
George McGuire, Front st.
Jas. H. McGuire, Front st.
James McGuire, Front st.
F. G. Lockett, Bridge st.
L. C. Lockett, Bridge st.
E. J. Bogart, Bridge st.
J. H. Moon, Albert st.
Geo. N. Leavens, Mill st.
Joe Robb, 60 Alexander st.
Percy Pitney, Foster Ave.
Wm. Farnham, Front st.
W. H. Dingle, George st.
R. S. Sills, Victoria Ave.
J. A. McFee, Foster Ave.
John McFee, Foster Ave.
Donald Graham, Charles st.
W. G. Black, James st.
Glenco Hulme, Victoria Ave.
W. M. Nelson, Pinnacle st.
W. C. Mikel, Bridge st.
F. C. Bird.
Geo. Walton, Catherine st.
Jas. Smith.
Joseph Campbell.
Paul Lalonde, Dundas st.
C. W. Smith.
Chas. Colling, Mill st.
Ted Holden, Victoria Ave.
W. L. Conger, Victoria Ave.
Ned Foster, Victoria Ave.
John Davidson, Herchmer Ave.
E. W. Bishop, Victoria Ave.
H. P. Thompson, Coleman st.
L. B. Cooper, Moira st.
W. A. Pringle, Earl st.
W. E. Reid, North Front st.
John H. Bell, Boswell st.
F. Wilson, Pinnacle st.
John A. Torney, Coleman st.
Edith M. Wills, Albert st.
F. P. Carney, Great St. James st.

$10 Black Suits

The Oak Hall can down any house in the country for a $10 black suit. We have just received these goods and they are beauties. All wool imported clay worsteds, either sack or skirt coats, and the fit is perfect. Think of the price—only $10. They would cost at least $18 to order.

FOOTBALL.

The Crescents defaulted to the City's this afternoon.

The High School and Maple Leaf teams are playing a scheduled game on the D. and D. Institute grounds this afternoon.

VIN MARIANI
(MARIANI WINE)

No article that has ever been offered to the public has received so many voluntary testimonials from eminent people as this world famous tonic wine, Vin Mariani.

As a healthful invigorating and stimulating tonic it has no equal.

"I have much pleasure in stating that I have used the Vin Mariani for many years. I consider it a valuable stimulant."

Morell MacKenzie, M.D. London.
Court Physician to Her Majesty the Queen.

At Druggists & Fancy Grocers. Avoid substitutions.
Album of Portraits of Celebrities testifying to the merits of Vin Mariani sent free on application.
LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.,
MONTREAL.
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
Gold Lack Sec Champagne. Old Empire Rye Whisky.

PERSONAL.

Frank L. Webb, Colborne, is at the Quinte.

W. G. Wilson, Napanee, is at the Quinte.

Mrs. J. C. Jamieson left for Tamworth this morning.

Mr. Frank Naylor leaves this evening for Rochester.

Mr. C. R. W. Biggar, of Toronto, was in the city to-day.

The Misses Chatterson, North Front st., entertained last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Agnew leave this evening for Rochester, where they will reside in future.

Miss Ella Minns and Mrs. C. W. Weese leave this evening to visit friends in Rochester.

Mr. J. A. Petrie, in his examinations at Queen's passed in Junior and Senior Latin and Greek—four classes.

Miss Peacock, who has been taking a course at Ontario Business College, has graduated and left for her home in Port Hope to-day.

W. G. Wilson, Napanee; L. Gardner, W. L. McKenna, W. T. Heaslip, W. T. Ware, Alexander Peden, Montreal; Frank L. Webb, Colborne; G. Mackenzie, Ed. Egan, Toronto; W. N. Tiffin, Allandale, are at the Quinte.

O. Ferguson, Jas. Craig, L. A. Carscallen, W. Dunn, C. R. Cherry, O. Newcombe, W. A. Hensner, Toronto; John Dow, Gananoque; B. F. Ward, Barrie; W. McWilliams, B. Dunlay, Albert Warren, Percy Pinner, Marmora; O. Martin, Berlin; P. Stearne, Kingston; Robt. Coyle and B. H. Coyle, Colborne; A. D. Campbell, Montreal, are registered at the Anglo.

Reform Association.

The West Hasting Reform Association met yesterday afternoon in the club rooms for the election of officers and general business. There was not a large attendance, but those present came from all parts of the riding. The following officers were elected:

President, W. H. Austin, Trenton.

Vice-Presidents for Belleville, J. Lyons Biggar and John Williams. For Trenton, F. Sagar and John Nicholson. For Sidney, J. M. Farley and Dr. Simmons.

Sec-Treas., Charles Macaulay.

Mr. John G. Frost occupied the chair and addresses were delivered by the following gentlemen: F. E. O'Flynn, J. B. Young, Jas. M. Farley, H. C. Bleecker, E. G. Sills, Dr. Simmons, A. Parent, John Nicholson, J. L. Biggar, J. G. Frost, John Williams, W. J. McCamon, M. Wright, C. D. Macaulay and others.

The usual resolutions were passed and the meeting adjourned.

Protection.

This is the season when furs and woollens require protection from moths. Besides the ordinary moth and gum camphors, we have white tar paper in thin sheets, red cedar and white tar mixed. These are excellent preventives and free from any disagreeable odor.—ALEX RAY.

Mining Notes.

The gold-bearing vein on Mr. Thomas Cross' property in Madoc village has assayed from $28 to $73 per ton.

The interest that is being taken in North Hastings mining properties does not manifest itself very strongly in this city, but there is a deep under current that is growing rapidly and will burst forth in the near future. Several local parties have options on some very rich properties in the north and are quietly at work capitalizing two companies, which will make their announcements in a few weeks.

Ex-Ald. Laudenberger, who is prospecting in Elzevir, has some of the richest samples of ore found yet and when he returns to the city in a few days will be prepared to convince the skeptical few that our country is one of the richest in the world.

We have been informed that Ald. W. A. Hungerford has been offered $25,000 for one of his properties, but has refused.

Wilkinson Hats For $2

to-morrow at Schuster's.

Council Committees.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Ald. Luscombe, Chairman; President, Ald. Lott, Chisholm, Grills and Wallace. The tender for the Bleecker st. drain was recommended to be awarded to Michael Kelleher at $92. They also recommended that Walter Alford be given the contract for the three man holes at $42 each.

They further recommended that Victoria ave., Bridge st. and Canifton road be picked up, levelled off and rolled.

That the account of Alfred & Lear be paid, amounting to $6.80. Pay sheet No. 9. amounting to $340.81, to be paid.

MARKET AND CITY PROPERTY COMMITTEE.

Passed a few accounts and recommended that a new flag be purchased.

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHT COMMITTEE

Passed a few accounts.

Magistrate Flint's Court.

ASSAULT.

Edward Wardhaugh was charged with assaulting Albert Van Dusen. Case dismissed.

WAGES.

William Kerr had David Redner in court on a charge of non-payment of $13 wages, claimed to be due him. He hired with Redner, who lives in Prince Edward County, for seven months for $100, but was shortly afterwards told that his services were not required any longer. The defendant's counsel, Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, suggested that the case be settled by his client's payment of Kerr's work up to the day he left, with the costs of the case. Mr. E. Guss Porter said that was all his client wanted.

Build Up.

When the system is run down, a person becomes an easy prey to Consumption or Scrofula. Many valuable lives are saved by using Scott's Emulsion as soon as a decline in health is observed.

Correspondence.

Whilst correspondents will be accorded space for the expression of their ideas on topics of public interest, it must be in all cases understood that the views so expressed are simply those of the correspondents themselves.

Canada's Capital.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

It may not be a grave question whether existing mining regulations do not deter rather than encourage prospecting and mining development, but there can be no doubt about the need of some Government control of our timber. Probably the opinion of a layman in the lumber business would not be of much value, but I would like to quote a few sentences from a letter which I wrote to your paper some years ago, which will show that the question is not a new one and has been somewhat neglected. I wrote from the centre of operations and from timber limits, where I spent a short time in company with a veteran of experience, the late Alexander Sutherland:—"Beyond Byng Inlet there is a fine wharf used for supplies for the lumber camps, and there people who go in this month—October—come out again next May and only hear from the outside world once in the interval. The "Favorite" carried thousands of bushels of oats, also flour and pork, for the shanties near French River. Lumbering is the great and only industry. Just here, however, let me point out that at least seven of the largest mills, including all the mills at Midland, are closed down on account of the U. S. duty on lumber and the absence of an export duty on logs. American horses and men are sent over every year to get out the saw logs—of which one tug alone last season towed over 276,000, all of which are sawed and manufactured in Michigan, and it makes one sympathize with the indignation which is universal throughout all the district that timber limits should be sold without any provision that the lumber should be sawed in Ontario, or any protection against the free removal of logs. Next year more mills must close and the resources of the country are being depleted without any advantage coming to the district which needs it most. Not being a politician I am not personally in a position to understand the policy which may possibly justify this unconditional sale of part of our forests to those who do nothing in our country, further than to remove the material; but I do know what, regardless of politics, the universal public opinion throughout the whole of Northern Ontario is with regard to the slaughter of the lumber industry." I understand that matters are even worse since the above was written.

Yours truly,
W. N. PONTON.

Belleville, April 30, 1897.

What Haines & Lockett Say.

We are putting new stock into the Coleman store, where we have had our sale, and shall try and make the place as comfortable and attractive as possible while our own place 's rebuilding. What damaged stock there is left will be sold at very low prices till all is sold out. Meantime new lines of seasonable shoes are arriving daily—HAINES & LOCKETT.

—According to a despatch to the London Times from Cape Town the British Cape squadron will remain in Delagoa Bay until the middle of June.

Lake Ontario & Bay Quinte Steamboat Co.
LIMITED.

TRI-WEEKLY—BELLEVILLE AND ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Str. NORTH KING

Leaves on Sundays at 11:45 p.m. (direct.) Str. "Hero" leaves on Tuesdays and Thursdays at 11 p.m., connecting at Brighton with Str. "North King" for Charlotte, N.Y. (Port of Rochester.)
SUNDAY—Str. "North King" leaves for Kingston and Picton at 3:25 a.m.

STR. "HERO."

PICTON AND KINGSTON.

Leaves Belleville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6 a.m.
Arrives at Belleville on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 10:30 p.m.
Subject to change without notice.
For further information apply to
RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville.
H. H. GILDERSLEEVE,
Gen. Mgr., Kingston.

POSTPONED.

STEAMER
"ALEXANDRIA"

EXCURSION TO ROCHESTER, N. Y., AND RETURN.

Announced for Friday, April 23, has (owing to delay in opening of St. Lawrence River Canals, been postponed ....until....

Friday, April 30th

FARE for Round - Trip - $1.50 FARE for Round - Trip -

Str. "VARUNA"

A. HICKS, Captain.

WILL leave Trenton every morning, (Sunday excepted) at 7:00 o'clock, calling at Rednerville and all points between the head of the bay and Picton, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a. m., Deseronto at 10:20 a. m.

Will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks.

Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board.

Will leave Picton at 1 p. m. on return for the head of the bay; Deseronto, 2:30 p. m.; Belleville, at 4:30 p.m., and Trenton, at 6.

Omnibuses in waiting at Picton and Belleville.

THE RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.
J. W. HEPBURN, Agent Picton.

ART DECORATIONS In Wood.

We have just put in stock an assortment of Fancy Art Decorations in different kinds of Wood, consisting of Fancy Swing Grills for Curtains, Arch Grill Work by the foot, Fancy Centres and Ends for Grills, White Enamel Corrugated Poles for Curtains, Fancy Screens in various styles, Music Racks, Umbrella Stands, Jardaniere Stands, etc. We will be pleased to give estimates for Grills for any size or any shaped arch or doorway in Oak, Walnut or any wood desired.

CURTAIN SPECIALS.

We have just received another large lot of Lace Curtains, which we offer at very special prices.

All Goods Marked at Lowest Cash Prices.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.
ART DECORATORS AND HOUSE FURNISHERS.

These Are.... **SNAPS.**

We are showing===
44-inch Black Sicilian at ......35c.
48-inch " " at ......43c.
56-inch " " at ......50c.

ALSO

55 New Spring CAPES and JACKETS, which we offer at HALF-PRICE.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

Big Window Shade Deal.

At a remarkably low price we have just received from New York a huge shipment of WINDOW SHADES (Plain, Dado and Fringed), to be put on sale to-morrow (Saturday morning, May 1st) at the following prices:—

20c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c.

C. B. Scantlebury.

For 5 O'Clock Teas

Or receptions we are now making a very fine fancy mixed biscuit containing several varieties. They are small, dainty, pretty, new in Belleville and ought to prove acceptable. See them in our window. 40c per lb.

CHAS. S. CLAPP, The Bridge St. Confectioner and Baker.
Phone 243. Goods delivered.
CASH STRICTLY.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
A. Lesser, Manager.
One Night Only—MONDAY, May 3rd.
R. Watkin-Mills,
ENGLAND'S BARITONE.
George Fox,
CANADA'S VIOLIN VIRTUOSO.

A subscription list will be opened at Riggs' Music store on Monday morning, April 26, at 10 a.m. Subscribers to have first choice of seats.

PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
W. S. JONES, director and accompanist.

'Phone 219 J. Owen
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Try our Tinsmith on stove repairs. Stoves taken down on the shortest notice.

PLUMBING AND GAS-FITTING.
Shop, Pinnacle st., opposite the Market.

The Seed

That gives best satisfaction and yields best results is to be found at ......

R. TEMPLETON & CO'Y'S.

Just have a look before buying elsewhere.

CLOTHING

We absolutely guarantee the workmanship in our Ready-made Clothing. It means satisfaction or your money refunded. See the guarantee card in the pocket of each garment.

MEN'S SUITS.

Our Men's Suits are up-to-date models of comfort, style and fit, and each garment has a Shorey guarantee card in the pocket.

Ready-made Clothing.
Men's Furnishings.
Hats and Caps.

J. A. Vandervoort,
Cor. FRONT & CAMPBELL STS.
Men's Outfitter.

ADVICE TO BICYCLE RIDERS.

Always keep to the right—don't stop—until you reach this store; then buy yourself a cap, the only proper thing to wheel in.

AN IMMENSE ASSORTMENT; the latest styles; all colors; every shape and size, at popular prices,

25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c.

A stiff hat on a wheelman looks as much out of place as a straw hat in mid-winter. When you consider it, it's a fact, isn't it?

J. BRASIER,
THE LEADING HATTER.

GENTLEMEN, NOTICE.

THERE is no need of sending your clothes out of the city when you can get them cleaned or dyed equally well at the Belleville Steam Dye Works, South Coleman. J. TOONE, proprietor.

The best cough cure is Shiloh's Cure. A neglected cough is dangerous. Stop it at once with Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Grand Trunk Railway.

GOING EAST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m.
Mixed		6:30 a.m.
Mixed		3 a. m.
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Express	1:00 a.m.	1:05 a.m.
Local Passenger	9:00 p.m.	

GOING WEST.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
Express (ltd.) daily except Monday	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Local Passenger		6:15 a.m.
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

GRAND JUNCTION DIVISION.

Going West.	(Leave.)
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m.
Mixed	5:45 p.m.

Going East.	(Arrive.)
Mixed	8:30 a.m.
Mixed	11:40 a.m.
Mixed	4:40 p.m
Mixed	4:00 p. m.
Mail	3:30 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

SILLY AND UNGRACIOUS.

In its issue of April 29th the Globe remarked:

"The protection resolution in the British Parliament was sugar-coated, but that did not save it from being lost on what is called by courtesy a division. It was moved by Sir Charles E. Howard Vincent, whose fiscal hallucinations have awakened an indulgent interest in the British Parliament on several occasions."

The gentleman to whom the Globe thus refers as a sort of idiot with regard to questions of a fiscal character, is the very same person who has given notice of a resolution in the British House of Commons, over which the Globe has cackled a great deal, namely:

"That this House expresses grateful and fraternal recognition to the Government and people of Canada, of the generous fiscal changes in favor of British trade and labor."

It is very silly as well as ungracious for the Globe to thus depreciate the gentleman to whose notice of motion with reference to the Canadian tariff it attaches so much importance.

Sir Charles Howard Vincent is not only not a semi-idiot, as the Globe alleges, but has long been one of the leaders of the Protection movement in Great Britain, and is a gentleman of national reputation. That he has been deceived as to the nature of the "double schedule" in the Laurier-Tarte tariff there can be no doubt; but when he comes to learn its true intent and meaning, he will no doubt realize that he has been deceived.

"OUR LADY OF THE SNOWS."

Our Hamilton contemporaries the Spectator and the Herald very properly repudiate the name "Our Lady of the Snows" which Rudyard Kipling seeks to fasten upon Canada by means of the latest product of his erratic muse. The Herald remarks:

"Our Lady of the Snows" is undoubtedly a poetic conceit. When Kipling writes verse he cannot be otherwise than poetic. But the people of Canada have long since grown weary of their British friends who see nothing in Canada but snow, ice, snowshoes, Eskimos, polar bears, toboggans and ice palaces. It is unfortunate that, in his tribute to Canada, Kipling has followed in the rut, and has given Canada a world-wide advertisement which will have a tendency to keep home-seekers away from her fertile acres.

And the Spectator comments in characteristically vigorous style as follows:

Canada has snow—plenty of it; but snow is not the product that she is most proud of. India, which Kipling knows and loves so well, has immense tracts of sand and enormous stretches of low, swampy land; but Rudyard would think twice before he dubbed India "Our Lady of the Sands" or "Our Lady of the Muds."

Quite true. A much more appropriate, if less poetic, title for Canada might be chosen with reference to some article in which she excels, such as "Our Lady of the Cheese," or the wheat, bacon, timber, cattle, apples, &c. Or, failing to suit his fancy in that line, our mighty rivers and lakes might suggest a cognomen sufficiently euphonious to suit his most exacting poetic fancy and yet be more characteristic than Mr. Kipling's pretty misnomer.

HELPED HIMSELF.

It is announced that Dr. G. W. Faulkner, of Stirling, ex-Warden of the County, has settled all disputes amongst the army of applicants by appointing himself to the petty office of License Inspector for North Hastings, the patronage of which constituency he controls. Now the army will turn their guns on Dr. Faulkner. There will be "wigs on the green," and the selfish doctor will learn what his fellow-Grits think of him. The fight will be a very pretty one.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

"Joined together heart and hand,
Liberals for Free Trade shall stand."

Will the members of the Government please rise and sing?

The Hamilton Spectator suggests, and not inaptly, that if the Liberal-Conservative party doesn't get its name copyrighted the Grits will steal it before the session is over.

The Port Hope Grit paper interviewed manufacturers in that town as to the tariff, and from all but one received replies that it would be injurious.

The Mail and Empire remarks: "Mr. Mulock will be hearing one of these days that some postmaster happens to have a wife who is a scold. If so the unlucky official may expect to get the axe in the neck." Not unless the parties are Conservatives.

The Hamilton Spectator suggests, with both eyes wide open to business, that if Britain really wishes to show her gratitude to Canada for the new tariff, let her raise her embargo on Canadian cattle. That would be more satisfactory than eulogistic comments in the newspapers and in Parliament.

The woollen manufacturers, remarks the Ottawa Journal, are hit hard by both the preferential scheme and the ad valorem duties, two factors which will force them to meet British and German competition at far less advantage than they have hitherto enjoyed, and they have not been inordinately prosperous. The wheat-growers and flour millers are somewhat bothered. The abolition of the duties on mining machinery is a very questionable step, so long as other machinery is taxed.

John Ross Robertson, the independent M. P. for East Toronto, was a "white-headed boy" amongst the Liberals a short time ago when he voted with them on certain questions. Now he is persona non grata to them because, during the debate on the tariff, he uttered this home-truth, "The Opposition was the mother of protection, and loved it for its own sake, but the Government was a sort of wet-nurse, and suckled it for a living for its party. The Opposition had been robbed of its clothes by the Government, but the former still retained the principle of protection, and he intended to follow that principle, clothes or no clothes."

The Brockville Recorder remarks: "No shipments of pulp wood have been made from here this season and as a result it has accumulated at the C.P.R. dock since navigation opened. There is at present piled there enough to make a good sized cargo. Most of the wood shipped from here goes to Dexter, N.Y., where there are large paper mills." There ought not to be any more shipments of pulp wood to Dexter, N.Y., or any other portion of the United States. Canada has the raw material, and Canada, by imposing an export duty on it, can secure all the profits of the manufacture. The Opposition ought to move an amendment to that effect.

The People are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when all other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient.

TORONTO HORSE SHOW.

The Fashionable Event Opened Yesterday by Premier Hardy Under Most Favorable Conditions.

Toronto, April 30.

Up at the Armouries the third annual Canadian Horse Show is in full swing. With much millinery and bunting, the flare of trumpets and the prancing of steeds Mr. Stewart Houston and Premier Hardy yesterday afternoon formally inaugurated the great society function.

Among those who were present at the opening were:

Lieut-Col Otter and Mrs Otter, Mr and Mrs William Hendrie, sr, Hamilton; Mr and Mrs William Hendrie, jr, Hamilton; Mr and Mrs H N Crossley, Walter Beardmore, Robert Davies, Senator and Mrs Maclaren and the Misses Maclaren, Mr and Mrs Hume Blake, Mrs John Fraser, R J Christie, Mr and Mrs W R Riddell, Mr and Mrs Albert Gooderham, F G Cox, E W Cox, William McKenzie, W Douglas, Mr and Mrs S H Janes and the Misses Janes, Capt. Forrester, Mr and Mrs Carruthers, George A Stimson, Dr Andrew Smith, Mrs Smith, Miss Marion Barker, Major and Mrs Delamere, Hon Lyman Jones, Mrs and the Misses Jones, W H Cawthra, and Miss Cawthra, Sir Frank Smith, Richard Gibson (Delamere), Robert Beith, M P, and D Beith (Bowmanville), W E Wellington, John Macdonald, Robert Graham (Claremont), Edmund Bristol, Dr G Sterling Ryerson, M L A; Senator Cochrane, Hon James Young (Galt), Dr Macdonald, F L Fellowes, C E; Dr E J Elliott, T C Patteson, Dr R B Orr, Mr and Mrs S F McKinnon, Prof Goldwin Smith, E S Cox, Capt D M Robertson, Mrs F C Wade (Winnipeg), Mrs Henry Wade, Mrs Fred Barrett, Mrs G E Macrae, Mrs Hubert Macrae, J T Morton (Brantford).

Morning Awards.

Class 28. Clydesdale stallions foaled subsequent to and on Jan. 1, 1896—Prince of Blantyre, exhibited by Alexander Doherty, Ellesmere, Ont., 1.

Class 24. Shire stallion of any age—Rosseau Maid, exhibited by H N Crossley, Rosseau, 1; Midnight, alias Bess of Winona, exhibited by William Hendrie, Hamilton, Ont., 2.

Class 12. Hackney stallions foaled in 1894—Danish Duke, exhibited by Hillhurst Farm, Hillhurst, Que., 1.

Class 29. Stallions, Clydesdales, foaled previous to Jan. 1, 1895—Capt Willie, exhibited by Graham Bros., Claremont, 1; Bay Wattie, exhibited by William J Howard, Dollar, 2; Addison, exhibited by William Foster & Son, Humber, 3.

Class 22. Shire stallions foaled previous to Jan. 1, 1894—Duke of Blagdon (imp.), exhibited by J M Gardhouse, Highfield, Ont., 1; Darnley (imp.), exhibited by George Garbutt, Thistletown, Ont., 2.

Class 13. Hackney stallions foaled subsequent to or on Jan. 1, 1895—Hillhurst Sensation, exhibited by the Hillhurst Farm, Hillhurst, Que., 1; Lorenzo, exhibited by R Beith, Bowmanville, Ont., 2.

Class 6. Carriage or coach stallions foaled subsequent to or on Jan. 1, 1894, not less than 16 hands—Rainbow, exhibited by J L Reid, Derry West, Ont., 1; Pilot Chief, exhibited by William Galbraith, Brantford, 2.

Class 27. Clydesdale stallions, foaled in 1895—Goldfinder II., exhibited by James Henderson, Bolton, Ont., 1; Black Prince, exhibited by Robert Davies, Toronto, 2.

Class 8. Standard bred roadster stallions foaled subsequent to or on Jan. 1, 1894—Charity Ball, exhibited by A N Smeall, Dufferin Park, Toronto, 1; Lord Velvo, exhibited by S A Mackay, Shawville, Que., 2.

Class 57. Mare or gelding, delivery horses—Black Bess, exhibited by the Harry Webb Company, Toronto, 1; Nellie, exhibited by Thomas Bartrem, Toronto, 2.

Class 14. Hackney mares foaled subsequent to and on Jan. 1, 1894—Portia, exhibited by Robert Beith, Bowmanville, Ont., 1; Victoria, exhibited by H. N. Crossley, Rosseau, Ont., 2; Lady Isabel, exhibited by the Hillhurst Farm, Hillhurst, Que., 3; Millington Maid, exhibited by the Hillhurst Farm, 4.

Afternoon Awards.

Class 35. Harness horses. Mare or gelding over 15 hands 2 inches, to be shown to gig, dog cart or phaeton—Diamond Jubilee, exhibited by F. Doane, Toronto, 1; Chief, exhibited by George H. Gooderham, Toronto, 2; The President, exhibited by Isaac Watson, Toronto, 3; Chester, exhibited by the Toronto Horse Exchange, Toronto, reserve.

Class 10. Hackney stallions foaled previous to Jan. 1, 1894, over 15 hands 2 inches—Royal Standard (imp.), exhibited by Graham Bros., Claremont, Ont., 1; Courier (imp.), exhibited by Logie Farm, Mt. Albion, Ont., 2; Rosseau Performer (imp.), exhibited by H. N. Crossley, Rosseau, Ont., 3; Fireworks (imp.), exhibited by H. N. Crossley, 4.

Class 11. Hackney stallions foaled previous to Jan. 1, not exceeding 15 hands 2 inches—Banquo, exhibited by Robert Beith, Bowmanville, 1.

Class 26. Clydesdale stallions foaled in 1894—Young McQueen, exhibited by Graham Bros., Claremont, 1; King's Own, exhibited by Robert Davies, Toronto 2; McQueen, exhibited by Alex. Doherty, Ellesmere, 3.

Class 25. Clydesdale stallions foaled previous to Jan. 1, 1894—Prince of Quality, exhibited by Robert Davies, Toronto, Ont., 1; Str'aven Calient (imp.), exhibited by Graham Bros., Claremont, 2; King of Ardnacross (imp.), exhibited by Neil Smith, Brampton, 3; Merry Monarch, exhibited by Graham Bros., Claremont, 4.

Class 5. Carriage or coach stallions foaled previous to Jan. 1, 1894, not less than 16 hands in height—Graf Beremer (German), exhibited by James McCartney, Thamesford, Ont., 1; Ludwig (German), exhibited by George Cockburn, Baltimore, 2.

Class 41. Saddle horses, mare or gelding over 14 hands 2 inches, and not exceeding 15 hands 2 inches—Ulster, exhibited by D. Hughes Charles, Galt, 1; Valentyne, G. W. Beardmore, Toronto 2; Lady May, exhibited by Adam Beck, London, Ont., 3; Sunburn, exhibited by F. J. Capon, Toronto, 4.

Class 59. Best driving of pair of horses to four-wheeled vehicle—Adam Beck, London.

Class 47. Green hunters, up to carry 180 pounds, to hounds—Lady Rosebery, exhibited by Adam Beck, London, 1; My Lady, exhibited by Adam Beck, London, 2; Rufus, exhibited by Hume Blake, Toronto, 3; Don, exhibited by George W. Beardmore, Toronto.

Evening Awards.

Class 33. Sweepstakes for best Clydesdale stallions of any age, either Canadian or imported breed—Young McQueen, exhibited by Graham Bros., Claremont, 1.

Class 17. Sweepstakes, best hackney, any age—Royal Standard, exhibited by Graham Bros., Claremont.

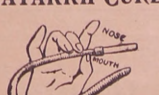
Class 21. Sweepstakes, best hackney stallion or entire colts by an imported sire, or out of an imported dam.—Banquo, exhibited by Robert Beith, Bowmanville, Ont.

Class 37. Pair of horses, over 15 hands 2 inches, to be shown to an appropriate four-wheeled vehicle—St. Elmo and Monte Cristo, exhibited by S. F. McKinnon, Toronto, 1; Bell and Chief, exhibited by George H. Gooderham, Toronto, 2; Blossom and Marengo, exhibited by T. A. Crow, Toronto, 3; Sir Charles and Wilfrid, exhibited by J. Ross Robertson, M.P., Toronto, 4.

Class 43. Ladies' saddle horses, not under 14 hands 3 inches—Dalmeny, exhibited by John A. Gunn, Toronto, 1; Vidette, exhibited by George A. Peters, Toronto, 2; Nora Creina, exhibited by Mrs. J. K. Kerr, Toronto 3.

Class 46. Qualified hunters, up to carry 190 lbs., to hounds—Sir James, gr. g., aged, exhibited by D. K. Smith, Toronto, 1; Misbehavior, bay m., 4, exhibited by Royal City Stables, Guelph, 2; Jack, blk. g., exhibited by G. W. Beardmore, Toronto 3.

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE



CURES cold in the head in ten minutes.
CURES incipient catarrh in from one to three days.
CURES chronic catarrh, hay fever and rose fever.
Complete, with blower free.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS
Price 25 Cents

The Baseball Record.

Providence, April 29.—It was a free batting and sharp fielding game, and both sides acquitted themselves well. The home team gained a splendid lead in the first innings, although the Torontos made a good rally as the game progressed. Settley gave eight bases on balls. The batting of Welgand, Knight, White and McCann was of the star order. Aside from a rattled period for Moss in the fifth inning, it was an errorless fielding game. Attendance 3000. Score:

Providence ....4 0 0 2 2 1 1 0 0—10
Toronto ....1 0 0 2 0 1 1 0 0— 5

At Wilkes-Barre—Wilkes-Barre and Rochester opened the Eastern League season before 2000 people, who saw the home team win by timely hitting. Score:

R.H.E
Wilkes-Barre .... 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 2 2—7 12 2
Rochester .... 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 8 4

Batteries—Roach and Gonding; Yerrick and Patterson.

At Scranton—Scranton defeated Syracuse before 3000 people. Score:

R.H.E
Scranton .... 0 2 1 2 0 2 1 1 3—12 11 2
Syracuse .... 6 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0— 8 5 5

Batteries—Harper and Boyd; Mullarkey and Shaw.

At Springfield—The season was inaugurated without any ceremony or display whatever by a game with Buffalo, in which the visitors won an easy victory in a quick, snappy game. Sensational catches by Gilroy and Green in left field and the activity and batting of old Sam Wise were the features. Score:

R.H.E
Buffalo .... 0 1 4 0 2 0 1 0 *—8 12 2
Springfield ...... 0 0 0 2 0 0 2 0 0—4 7 5

Batteries—Gray and Smith; Mains, Wood and Duncan.

CINCINNATI'S FIRST DEFEAT.

At Philadelphia— R. H. E
Philadelphia .. 1 0 2 3 0 5 0 1 0—12 14 3
Brooklyn ...... 2 1 2 2 0 1 0 0 3—11 16 2

Batetries—Carsey, Johnson and Clements; Payne, Daub and Grim. Umpire—Emslie.

Aat Washington— R. H. E
Washington ... 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 1— 5 11 1
Boston .... 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0— 3 8 6

Batetries—Mercer and Ferrell; Lewis and Ganzell. Umpire—Hurst.

At Baltimore— R. H. E
Baltimore ...... 1 0 0 4 0 1 0 0 *— 6 6 1
New York ...... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1— 3 9 3

Batteries—Nops and Robinson; Doheny and Wilson. Umpire—Lynch.

At Louisville— R. H. E
Louisville ..... 0 0 0 0 2 0 3 0 0— 5 7 2
Chicago .... 1 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0— 4 5 1

Batetries—Hemming and Dexter; Briggs and Kittridge. Umpire—McDonald.

At Cincinnati— R. H. E
Cincinnati ..... 2 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 0— 7 8 2
Pittsburg ...... 0 0 0 0 3 1 4 0 0— 8 11 3

Batetries—Dwyer, Ehret and Peitz; Killon and Sugden.

At St. Louis (called end 9th)— R. H. E
St. Louis ...... 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 1 2— 6 12 3
Cleveland ..... 2 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0— 6 14 1

Batetries—Esper and McFarland; Young and Zimmer.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The market was dull, with a weaker feeling to-day. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.70, middle freights.

Bran—Trade quiet, with bran quoted at $8.50 west, and shorts $9.50 to $10.

Buckwheat—The demand is moderate, with sales outside at 27c.

Barley—The market is quiet, with a moderate demand. No. 1 quoted at 29c to 30c, No. 2 at 26c to 27c and No. 3 extra at 24c. Feed barley 21c to 22c west.

Oats—The market is quiet, with no changes in prices. Sales of white west at 20½c to 21c west. Mixed are quoted at 19c to 19½c west. White on the Midland quoted at 23c to 24c.

Peas—The market is easier, with sales west to-day at 40c.

Oatmeal—The market is quiet and prices steady at $2.75 to $2.80.

Corn—Trade quiet, with sales at 23c to 24c west.

Rye—Trade quiet and prices steady. Car lots are quoted at 32c to 33c east.

Wheat—Business dull, with buyers holding off. The feeling generally is unsettled. Red winter wheat is quoted at 74c, and white at 75c to 76c outside. No. 1 Manitoba hard is quoted at 80c to 81c, Midland, and 74c afloat, Fort William. No. 2 hard 78c to 79c, Midland.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 29.—Spring wheat, 6s 5½d to 6s 6½d; red, no stock; No. 1 Cal., 6s 4d to 6s 5d; corn, 2s 7d; peas, 4s 3½d; pork, 50s 0d; lard, 21s 9d; bacon, l.c., heavy, 27s 0d; do., light, 26s 0d; do., short cut, 25c 6d; tallow, 17s 3d; cheese, white and colored, 56s 0d.

London—Wheat on passage dull and 3d lower. English country markets quiet and steady. Maize on passage easy.

Liverpool—Spot wheat steady. Futures steady at 5s 10½d for May, 5s 11¾d for July and 5s 10½d for Sept. Maize steady at 2s 7d for May, 2s 9½d for July and 2s 11¾d for Sept. Flour 22s 6d.

London—Close—Wheat on passage quiet. Maize quiet.

Paris—Close—Wheat 22f 10c for May; flour 43f 80c for May.

Liverpool—Close—Wheat steady at 5s 10¼d for May, 5s 11¼d for July and 5s 10½d for Sept. Maize 2s 7d for May, 2s 9¾d for July and 2s 11¾d for Sept. Flour 22s 6d.

A woman's looking-glass does not lie to her. If she looks carefully and owns the truth to herself, she will acknowledge that it shows to her, as it shows to others, a face full of the ugliness of suffering and pain. If a woman wants her mirror to reflect a pain-free face she should take proper care of her womanly self. She should see that the organs that are distinctly feminine are kept free from weakness and disease. By this means only can a woman remain fresh-looking and attractive.

Women may erase from their faces the lines of suffering by using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Over 90,000 women have testified in writing to its marvelous merits. It acts directly on the womanly organs. It makes them strong and healthy. It cures all weakness and disease. It allays inflammation, soothes pain, and calms and steadies and invigorates the pain-racked nerves. It prepares for wifehood and motherhood. It does away with the discomforts of the expectant period. It insures baby's health and makes its advent easy and almost painless. All good druggists sell it.

"I am going to write and tell you the benefits I have received from taking your medicines," writes Mrs. J. B. Clough, Box 203, Lisbon, Grafton Co., N. Hampshire. "I am the mother of a nice baby four and a half months old. He is a perfect child and weighs about eighteen pounds. If you remember I wrote you about a year ago about my condition. I cannot give too much praise to your 'Favorite Prescription' as it saved me a great deal of suffering. I got along remarkably well, this being my first baby."

"Knowledge is power." In a thorough knowledge of the human body lies the power that will at last stamp out weakness of the body and mediocrity of mentality. Dr. Pierce has taken a long look into the future through his "Common Sense Medical Adviser." It is full of just such knowledge as will do the family the most good. This book of over 1008 pages and finely illustrated has had an unprecedented sale. About 700,000 copies have been sold at $1.50 per volume. Now it can be had in paper covers for 31 cents in one-cent stamps. In fine cloth for 50 stamps, customs and postage pre-paid. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

ATTACK ON PHARSALA

The Turkish Army Follows Up Its Success.

Turks Take Possession of Trikhala Without Resistance—The New Ministers Will Forthwith Visit the Headquarters of the Greek Army—M. Delyannis Notified by King George That His Resignation Would be Acceptable—People of Athens Still in a State of Turmoil—All Sorts of Gossip About the War.

London, April 29.—The Athens correspondent of The Standard says:

The Turkish army, or its advance guard, has followed up the success before Larissa, and at 6 o'clock this evening (Thursday) began an attack in force on the Greek position at Pharsala.

The Official List.

Athens, April 29.—The following is the official list of the new Cabinet Ministers, as corrected this evening:

Premier and Minister of Marine, M. Ralli; Minister of War, M. Tsamavos; Minister of Finance, M. Simopoulo; Minister of Education, M. Carapanos; Minister of the Interior, M. Teotaoki.

Demetrius Ralli, the new Premier, and Minister of Marine, was the leader of the Opposition. He has been Minister of Justice and Minister of Interior and is well known as an able lawyer and orator. He is 50 years old and studied at the Universities of Athens and Paris.

Admiral Canaris and M. Deligeoris as well as M. Sotiropoulo, having declined portfolios, the new Ministry will take on a composite character and rely for its support upon a coalition of followers of M. Ralli and Tricoupists.

M. Delyannis made the following statement this afternoon: "Yesterday King George summoned me to the palace and declared that exceptional circumstances compelled him to replace the Cabinet and to form a new Ministry from the ranks of the Opposition. He begged me to second his efforts. I refused to tender my resignation, not because of my love of power, but in order that such a step might not be misinterpreted. I urged the King to use the privilege of the crown, declaring that I was ready to sign the Royal decree, provided the latter cast no blame upon us. I added that there was no reason to fear that such a measure would be considered by Europe as a censure upon the Government's policy. Judgment would be formed as to that after the new Cabinet had been tried."

M. Delyannis added: "I cannot divulge the policy which I considered necessary. I can only say that the country would have emerged from its trial without loss of territory, and could have obtained a rectification of the northern frontier by abandoning Crete according to the demands of the powers. The latter measure would have facilitated the task, inasmuch as the principle of Ottoman integrity would not have been impaired, while the peace of Europe would have been assured because of the rectification of the frontier line adjudged in the treaty of Berlin."

Fighting Going On.

Athens, April 29.—(11 p.m.)—The correspondent of the Associated Press says that according to a despatch from Pharsala General Smolenski's brigade has been engaged since 1 p.m. to-day in a fierce conflict with the Turkish army corps beyond Velestino, in the direction of Aiviale. A battalion of Evzones and a battery of artillery have been sent to reinforce the Greeks, whose position appears to be favorable.

Trikhala Falls.

Athens, April 30.—(1 a.m.)—A despatch just received from Pharsala, dated yesterday (Thursday), at 4 p.m., says that a Turkish army corps from Larissa has occupied Trikhala unresisted. The Greeks have fallen back on Pharsala. Railway communication between Volo and Pharsala has been restored. The advance guards of the Turkish divisions have moved forward from all points and taken up various positions on the Thessalian plains. Both armies are now in immediate contact and a great battle is believed to be imminent.

Women and Children Died.

Rome, April 29.—A despatch from Athens to The Messagero says that 600 women and children died during the terrible retreat from Tyrnavo to Larissa.

Delyannis Bounced.

Athens, April 29, 4 p.m.—The King summoned M. Delyannis, the Premier, this morning, and called upon him to tender his resignation. His Majesty subsequently entrusted the Opposition leaders with the task of forming a new Cabinet.

FLOURING MILLS BURNED.

Vick & Sons' Establishment at Orillia and George Reid's Mills at Dunnville Gone Up in Smoke.

Orillia, April 29.—Early this morning Messrs. George Vick & Sons' large roller flour mill was completely destroyed by fire. Loss about $20,000; insured in the Canadian Millers' Mutual Insurance Company of Hamilton for $5000; the Millers' & Manufacturers' Insurance Company of Toronto for $1500, and the Phoenix Insurance Company of Montreal for $3000. The cause of the fire is a mystery, it having originated in the grain warehouse in which was stored about 7000 bushels of wheat, besides a quantity of flour, etc.

Mill Burned at Dunnville.

Dunnville, Ont., April 29.—A serious fire occurred here about 9 o'clock this morning, destroying the large flour and feed mill of Mr. George Reid. The loss was $3000. Insurance $1500 in the London, Mutual & Waterloo. Cause of fire unknown.

One of the most satisfactory little improvements I have lately made is a balance on my grindstone. I turn with a treadle, operated by my foot, and this balance not only makes the stone turn easier, but also makes it run much steadier. To make the balance I got a piece of iron about five-eighths of an inch thick, 3 1-2 inches wide and 10 inches long. Had blacksmith punch a hole in iron 2 1-2 inches from one end, of size to fit on grindstone shaft, on end opposite treadle. It should be put on so that long end of iron would be opposite the little crank that treadle is fastened to, so that when treadle is being pressed by the foot the long end of iron will be going up, and when the treadle is going up the weight of iron will be going down and help rasie treadle, thus forming a balance.

Plowing Prevents Drought.

It will be found that where the soil is kept loose by plowing and cultivation its capacity for absorbing and holding water is much greater than where it is neglected. Thus every weed and surplus growth must be scrupulously kept down, as everything that grows is constantly drawing moisture from the soil. If we can get the upper and lower moisture in the soil to meet the battle is won, for the cultivation is favorable to the capillary action of the soil in drawing moisture from below, and cultivation will prevent its evaporation from the surface. If, however, there is a dry streak of soil a foot or more below the surface, vegetation will suffer accordingly.

Why Horses Like Oats.

It is not accidental that oats, the grain which, next to whole wheat, is best for furnishing growth to the muscles, should have always been the favorite food for horses. They are better than wheat for all animals except man, and as good also for a man, if properly prepared. It is the large proportion of hull which makes oats superior for horse feed, as the hull distends the nutriment and prevents it from compacting and heating in the stomach. Oat grain not only contains a large amount of nitrogenous nutriment, but it has besides a certain stimulative substance, which is peculiar to the oat.

BRILLIANT SUCCESS

FROM YEAR TO YEAR has accompanied our methods of doing business. The finished garments, just from the tailor's bench, rightly deserve success, for nowhere can highest class, ready to dress, stylish clothing be purchased at our guaranteed absolute lowest figures. Keenest competition readily admits that our prices are a forcible, positive demonstration of the truth that we save the buyer from 20 to 30 per cent. on every garment.

Men's Spring Suits.

In All-Wool Thibets, Black and Blue Cheviots and Fancy Tweeds. Linings of the best Farmers' Satin and Serges, at

$5 to $8.

Men's Nobby SPRING OVERCOATS.

Made of Coverts and Meltons, in all the new colors, splendidly lined and trimmed,

$5, $7, $10

Little Boys'

Dandy Sailor Suits, Made of Serges and trimmed in good shape. Just the thing for the small boy. Prices

$1. to $3

Men's Handsome Worsted Suits.

In latest effects, vest made with notch collar, pants cut according to latest fashion, beautifully tailored throughout, exactly like best ordered suit. All colors,

$10.00

Boys' Suits.

In three pieces, made from best tweeds, serges and cheviots, linings and trimmings none better. These suits sell ordinarily for $7 and $8. Our price,

Only $5

OAK HALL.

A. N. REID,
FRONT ST., BELLEVILLE.
MERCHANT TAILOR.

OUR SPRING GOODS HAVE ARRIVED

And we are prepared to make you anything from a

Bicycle Suit . .
—TO THE—
Nobbiest Sunday Suit
that you ever wore.

OUR PRICES are low, and our cutter makes clothes that are guaranteed to fit.

☞ Call and be convinced.

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Millinery
. . . AT . . .
A. BRIGNALL'S
Millinery Parlors.

New Styles Ladies' Blouses just in from 65c to $2.00. Paris and New York Veilings. Novelties in Hats and Flowers. Laces of all kinds Full stock P. D. Corsets.

LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.

CAMPHOR,
MOTH BALLS,
MOTH PAPER,
—FOR SALE AT—
THE PHARMACY,
D M. WATERS.

A Thread
. . That Wont Snarl . .

What woman has not sighed for it—and felt happy—if by chance she got

. . A SPOOL OF . .
CLAPPERTON'S

There is no chance of its snarling, breaking, or being uneven—it is made by improved machinery which prevents any possibility of this.

SEE THE TRADE MARK ON THE SPOOL

It is worse than madness to neglect a cough or cold which is easily subdued if taken in time becomes, when left to itself, the fore-runner of consumption and premature death. Inflammation, when it attacks the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes, travels with perilous rapidity; then do not delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that grasps this formidable foe of the human body, and drives it from the system. This medicine promotes a free and easy expectoration, subdues the cough, heals the diseased parts, and exerts a most wonderful influence in curing consumption, and other diseases of the throat and lungs. If parents wish to save the lives of their children, and themselves from much anxiety, trouble and expense, let them procure a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and whenever a child has taken cold, has a cough or hoarseness, give the Syrup according to directions.

The European hornet is much larger than the common wasp and has a temper in proportion to its size.

Untold Misery—What a well-known commercial traveller suffered, and how he was cured.—Gentlemen,—About five years ago I began to be troubled with Dyspepsia, and for three years suffered untold misery, from this terrible complaint. I was at that time travelling for Messrs. Walter Woods & Co., Hamilton, and was treated by some of the best physicians in the country, but all to no purpose. I continued to grow worse, one day I was induced to try a bottle of Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and to my great surprise and joy, I soon began to improve. I continued using this medicine and when the third bottle was finished, I was entirely cured; and as a year has elapsed since then, I fell confident that the cure is complete and permanent. To all afflicted with this distressing complaint I heartily recommend Northrup & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, believing that the persistant use of it will cure any case of dyspepsia.

Signed, T. S. MCINTEE.

The common silver dollar is almost exactly 1½ inches in diameter.

Out of sorts.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

No pleasure in prayer, no treasure in prayer

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excrutinating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose, without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

The poems of the early spring
The editor doth greet;
They warm the cockles of his heart,
To say nothing of his feet.

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand which oftentimes saves great suffering, and frequently saves valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a wide spread reputation for affording prompt relief for all summer complaints.

Dry picked poultry generally brings the best price.

Thousands Like Her,—Tena McLeod, Severn Bridge, writes: "I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for curing me of a severe cold that troubled me nearly all last winter." In order to give a quietess to a hacking cough, take a dose of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil thrice a day, or oftener if the cough spells render it necessary.

No part of Greece is forty miles from the sea nor ten miles from the hills.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood diseases. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases and it is the medicine for you to take if your blood is impure.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

There are 1,000 men to every 906 women in Greece.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, should try them.

The reason some advertising does not pay is the same reason that some seed does not grow.

There can be a difference of opinion on most subjects, but there is only one opinion as to the reliability of Mother Graves' Worm exterminator. It is safe, sure and and effectual.

The planting of seed does not make the harvest, and the doing of advertising does not sell the goods.

Are you a sufferer with corns? If you are get a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It has never been known to fail.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them.

Stranger (to man in front)—Won't you please ask your wife to take her hat off? I can't see the stage at all. Man in front—Ask her yourself—I don't care.

Their gentle action and good effect on the system really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them. Carter's Little Liver Pills may be termed "Perfection."

Under Charlemagne's laws an eye was put out for the first theft, the nose cut off for the second and the entire head for the third.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion Constipation Dizziness, Loss of Appetite Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Under the laws of Alfred the Great nearly all crimes were punished by fines for freemen and by the whipping post for thralls.

Diseased blood, constipation and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. Sold by Alex. Ray.

The consumption of soap in India only reaches the modest amount of one ounce per head annually.

A TRUE MALT EXTRACT should have for its principal object the nourishing and strengthening of the system, increasing the appetite, and acting on the other food as a digestive. This principle is embodied in "Wyeth's Liquid Malt Extract." The best to be had.

An aerolite which recently fell in Australia had a spot in one side nearly 12 inches in diameter, which was composed of pure copper.

Grover C. Connelly, of Richmond Corners, N.B., says of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure: "I am pleased I used Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I had it in a very severe form for nearly five years. I used several so-called cures, but got no relief. None of them did me any good. One box of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure completely cured me.

FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE
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· REAL ESTATE AGENCY ·

Representing the following first-class Companies:

The Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.
Of Manchester, England.

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Of Waterloo, Ontario.

The London and Lancashire,
Of Liverpool, England.

REAL ESTATE.

Farm and city property bought and sold or rented; rents collected, and real estate business generally transacted.

Office removed to residence, 321 Albert street, Belleville, Ont.

APPLY TO
JAMES BOOTH.

Cramps, Colic, Colds,
Croup, Coughs, Toothache,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY,
and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS.
A Sure, Safe, Quick Cure for these troubles is
Pain-Killer
(PERRY DAVIS'.)
Used Internally and Externally.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

AT STITTSVILLE!

The Town's Leading Merchant Laid Up

Rheumatism in various forms is one of the most common diseases there is. It arises generally from impure blood and a broken down system. In the limbs it is painful; in most of the internal organs dangerous, and in the heart usually fatal.

The experience of Mr. S. Mann, the well known general merchant of Stittsville, is interesting:

"Last winter I was badly afflicted with rheumatism. I decided to try Dr. Chase's Pills. To my surprise, I got immediate relief, and before I had used one box my affliction was gone.

"I was also troubled with biliousness for years, and at intervals of three or four weeks would be laid up with a severe headache and sick stomach. Since using Chase's Pills I have not had an attack of either.

"I may add that Dr. Chase's Ointment for piles and skin diseases in just as effective as Dr. Chase's Pills for blood troubles. I have a clerk who suffered terribly from bleeding piles. He tried Chase's Ointment and in a few days was completely cured."

All dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto. 25c.

Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for colds, bronchitis and consumption. Sure cure, 25 cents.

KEEP THE SKIN SOFT AND WHITE WITH

BABY'S OWN SOAP....

BEST INGREDIENTS MAKE IT GOOD.

BE SURE AND.....
GET THE GENUINE

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs.
Montreal.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MEDICAL.

DR. G. S. RYERSON.

60 COLLEGE STREET, Toronto, will be at Hotel Quinte on Saturday, April 10th, 1897, for consultation in eye, ear and throat cases. 248d&wly

DRS. GOLDSMITH & GOLDSMITH. Office and residence, 55 Campbell st., on the hill, just above Merchants Bank. Telephone 95. P. D. Goldsmith, M.D., Ontario, L.S.A., L.R.C.P. and M.R.C.P., London, Eng. P. G. Goldsmith, M.D., late resident surgeon Children's Hospital, Toronto. ju6d&wly

A. QUACKENBUSH, M. D., H.M.C. M.C., P.S.O.

HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office over Flint Jones store, Front street. Residence George Street, south of Bridge.

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DENTIST—Office, Caldwell Block, Front Street. Residence, Bridge Street. 223d&wtf

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OFFICE and Residence—corner of Bridge and George Streets—three streets east of Post Office.

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Money to loan at 5 per cent interest

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East Robertson Block, Front st., Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc. Private funds to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Mortgages and debentures purchased. Estates managed. Agents for the Canada Permanent Loan & Savings Co. Telephone 32.
J. PARKER THOMAS. S. D. LAZIER.

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(Successor to Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q.C., BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc Office, McAnnany building, corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville, Ont. Private and Company money to loan at 6 per cent. on easy terms upon good land security Charges moderate.

MISCELLANEOUS.

U. E. THOMPSON,

TOWN PASSENGER AGENT G. T. R Bridge Street.
Or at the Grand Trunk Depot.
GUNN,
Agent G.T.R.

A. G. NORTHRUP,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Shire Hall Belleville. 226d&wly

I. DULMAGE, L.D.S., D.D.S., (Toronto University.

DENTIST—Office over Brignall & Thompson's. Night calls at residence on Forin Street. d.w.

"Pills do not cure Constipation. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity of the bowels." Sold by Alex. Ray

THE SHY WIDOW

BY S. R. CROCKETT.

At first Stephen Turnberry had thought that it would come easy, but strangely enough, it did not. According to all the authorities it is easy to make love to a widow. Besides to comfort the afflicted comes natural to a sympathetic man, and Stephen Turnberry felt himself eminently qualified to console Clara Culsalmond. And it was no wonder that he did, for he was but forty years of age, a bachelor of the best standing and intentions. He had the leading draper's shop in the town, and could upon occasions dress like a prince of the blood. At least, so said all Cairn Edward—which had never seen anything nearer a prince of the blood than a military officer (Colonel Lester of the Volunteers) on a black, high-stepping horse. This gentleman's seat in the saddle was thought to be a very fine thing. People stepped off their shop fronts to look after him, remarking as they watched the Colonel's blue-corded riding breeches pounding the saddle:

"Saw ye ever the like o' that! I declare ye can see daylight atween his legs at every loup!"

But Stephen Turnberry, as he turned out to go to church on Sabbath morning, was felt to be the next thing to the Colonel on horseback. He was a deacon, a somewhat new-fangled office, which combined the fascinating freedom of the ordinary layman with the awe-inspiring dignity of the elder. For instance, an elder cannot be supposed to be in love under any circumstances whatever. The mind reels at the thought. On the other hand, it is an eminently right and proper thing that an unmarried deacon should be, if not in love, at least—to put it practically, and more in accordance with the sentiment of the town—"lookin' oot for a wife."

Now, the uninstructed, glancing casually in at the door of a kirk, observe two men standing with the "plate" between them. One of these is usually an elder, the other a deacon. The "plate" is the shallow wooden receptacle upon which are deposited the offerings of a devoted and (comparatively) liberal people. The prevailing color of the "plate" after the bulk of the congregation has passed in is decidedly brunette—in fact, of a dismal coppery hue, stray bits of blonde silver being stirred through the brown mass like the rare plums in a school pudding. Saunders Stitt, an elder in the Hill Kirk, had a way of stirring up all the sixpences to the top with his umbrella when the stream of worshippers slackened for an instant, which was considered very effective, though possibly unscriptural. Sometimes, however, even this failed of its desired effect, as, for instance, when Gib M'Kittrick saw three shillings in silver lying on the top, and put his penny back again in his pocket because he did not want his minister to be cockered up with spiritual pride on account of the large collection.

"O Lord, keep oor minister humble," was Gib's prayer, "an' we'll see an' keep him poor!"

The collection at the evening diet of worship was usually not large in the Hill Kirk.

Stephen Turnberry's minister had a stranger once preaching for him. At the close of the discourse he gripped his friend's hand, and said:

"O man, but you are the popular man. The collection's eighteenpence the night. A shilling's the regular thing."

His friend returned the hand grip, but said sadly:

"Then wae's me for my poppilarity! I pat in the sixpence mysel'!"

Clara Culsalmond was a pretty widow, but was in no way awe inspiring, except to Deacon Turnberry. In fact, she appeared an exceedingly pleasant person. She had been married to old Saunders Culsalmond, the retired corn factor and seedsman. She had originally come from England, a barbarious country, where it is reported that the wife has not much to say in the transaction—at last to begin with.

But Saunders did not live long. He grumbled so much at having a wife to spend his money, and wished so often that he were we'l out of his misery, that one day Providence took him at his word. In his prayer the minister glanced at the circumstances. "We hope," he said, for he was a cautious man, "we hope that our brother is now in a place where wailings and complaints are never heard."

It was there and then decided by those invited to the funeral that wherever this place might be, it would be considerable of a change for Saunders Culsalmond. The day after the funeral people began to arrange how soon it would be respectable for Clara Culsalmond to marry again. As to the man who should have her there were hardly two opinions. Stephen Turnberry was the man. Had he not been seen to blush when the widow chastely extended a daintily-gloved hand to him as he stood at the plate—a suspicious circumstance at the best, for it is the law of the ecclesiastical quarter deck that "Thou shalt not speak to the man at the plate."

Moreover when Clara Culsalmond went to his shop, Stephen Turnberry always waited on her himself, and the assistants and apprentices were expected to have business on the other side at the time. This is testified to by William Harper, apprentice draper, who got the yard-stick across his back for digging among the hat boxes below the counter while the Deacon was serving the Widow Culsalmond with No 6 gloves. Stephen believed in teaching his boys to do their work at the proper time. His system was to be kindly but firmly patriarchal, and a good, solid yard-stick can be used for at least two purposes. William Harper knows of three.

But in spite of all, months passed by, the second year of Clara's liberty and renewed good looks was drawing to a close, and still Stephen Turnberry was unable to screw up his courage to the asking point. Stephen often looked at Clara. He sometimes thought he could do it, if he had not to look higher than the dazzle of muslin that set off so well the dimple of her plump cheek and the contour of her neck—for Stephen was a connoisseur. But it is an ill-conditioned thing not to look a woman in the face on such an occasion and there was a restraining something in Clara's eyes which alarmed and confounded the deacon. He had made up to himself at least half-a-dozen well-considered forms of proposal, all of which had apparent good chances of success. The best of these was, "I hae been thinkin' o' furnishin' a drawin' room—what color do ye prefer for curtains?"

This was to end with, "But it'll never be thoroughly furnished till ye are sittin' in't yersel'."

(To be continued.

The Mark ...
of the Moth

Will soon make its appearance if you let him have his own way. Don't let him have his own way, use our

MOTH CAMPHOR.

Howard's English Camphor in 1 oz. cakes, Persian Insect Powder, or English Lavander Flowers.

A fresh supply of each just received at

McKeown's Drug Store

THE TARIFF DEBATE

Leaders Agree That it Shall Close To-Day.

After the Usual Routine of Questions and Answers, Rev. Mr. Douglas Resumed the Debate on the Budget — Mr. N. Clarke Wallace Made One of the Most Incisive Speeches of the Session, and Gave the Government Some Hard Nuts to Crack — Mr. Macdonald of Huron Defended the Government's Policy, and Mr. Bennett Made a Rattling Speech, Full of Sharp Criticism.

Ottawa, April 29.—(Special.)—There was a stormy time for about half an hour in the House this afternoon, arising over the interpretation which is to be placed upon the reciprocal clauses of the tariff. Previous to the discussion coming up, however, there was some preliminary skirmishing.

It has been mutually agreed between the two leaders that the tariff debate will close to-morrow. It is expected that Sir C. H. Tupper and Mr. Davies will speak. The feature of to-day's debate was the speech of Hon. Clarke Wallace. He made a capital speech from a business standpoint. Comparing the new with the old tariff he showed that the reduction given as preferences to English goods was more fancied than real, as the Government had previously put up the tariff. He pointed out that the tariff would lead to the introduction of shoddy from England, and as a consequence would injure the better class of goods made in Canada. Mr. Wallace's speech bristled with good points.

Mr. Laurier, replying to Mr. Lariviere, who is very persistent in asking for information on the school question, said that the negotiations which took place were confidential. When they were concluded the terms of the settlement adopted were communicated to the press, taken to Manitoba by the Manitoba Government, and afterwards embodied in an act of the Legislature.

Mr. McCleary started in to discuss the dismissal of Mr. Fairbrother, postmaster at Beamsville. He referred to the brutal treatment of Armenians by Turks, but such treatment was mild compared with that to which the Government had subjected one of its employes. He was about to enter into a discussion of the merits of the case, when Mr. Davies took the point that Mr. McCleary was out of order, as he had a notice on the paper governing this matter.

Mr. Speaker ruled that the point was well taken, and accordingly Mr. McCleary was shut off.

Mr. Paterson, replying to Mr. McNeill, said that he had not determined whether the tariffs of Germany and Belgium were on the whole as favorable to Canada as that made in schedule D of the new tariff—the reciprocal clause—is to those countries.

Mr. McNeill said it would seem, then, that the Government had placed this resolution on the paper in blank ignorance. Mr. McNeill proceeded thus far when he was interrupted by loud cries of "Order."

Mr. Davies arose and said the hon. gentleman could not anticipate the tariff discussion, and that was plainly and palpably what he was doing by expressing such an opinion.

Mr. Speaker said if Mr. McNeill was discussing a subject which arose out of the tariff resolutions he was not now in order. If it were a subject which had arisen since the tariff resolutions were placed on the table of the House, he did not see how he could prevent him from going on.

Mr. McNeill once more, therefore, returned to the charge and made remarks about the conduct of the Government in placing these resolutions upon the order paper without knowing what effect they would have. He was again interrupted by loud cries of "Order," and great confusion existed, but the Speaker succeeded in restoring order and good humor all round. He ruled, however against Mr. McNeill discussing the matter when it was properly before the House in the tariff debate.

Mr. Maclean (East York) called attention to an advertisement in a Montreal paper yesterday, signed by the Belgian Consul-General, stating that Belgium would insist upon goods from that country receiving the most favored nation treatment in Canada. He asked the Government what was their intention in regard to this announcement.

The Premier: The answer of the Government is what has already been stated. The Government do not admit that the German and Belgian treaties apply to the resolutions now before the House.

Mr. Foster: I want to ask whether it was to be understood or not that when an order was given to the Customs officials to allow British goods in at 1-8 reduction, that that included or excluded the British colonies.

Mr. Fielding: The decision of the Controller of Customs is that the only country at present entitled to the privileges of the reciprocal tariff is the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. There may be other countries which may become entitled to those privileges upon representations, but the decision of the Customs Department is to apply that tariff at present to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and to no other country.

Mr. Foster: Has any report been made by the Controller of Customs, up to the present, in accordance with that clause to the Governor-General-in-Council, and have the Government acted formally upon that report?

Mr. Fielding: The judgment of the Government is that the Controller of Customs has ample authority under the terms of the resolution to act for himself, subject to any later action which the Governor-in-Council may be pleased to take, and therefore no report from the Controller of Customs was necessary to immediate action, and I think I am correct in stating that, while the Controller of Customs has discussed the subject, no formal order has been passed up to this moment.

Mr. Paterson, in answer to Mr. Ives, said he would lay on the table the instructions sent to the different Customs officials calling for proof of the British origin of goods admitted under the preferential arrangements.

Rev. Mr. Douglas continued the debate on the tariff. He said he proposed to show that it affected the Great Northwest, where he lived. He would be disposed to accept the tariff, but there were some things he must bring to the notice of the Government. He was not in a position to agree to everything that had been done. He took exception to the duty on agricultural implements. He held that protection had not done the West any great service, and it was a matter for regret that the new tariff should do more for the manufacturer than the old tariff, because the duty on agricultural implements had been retained. Continuing, he claimed that the freight on coal oil from Petrolea to Lethbridge, $6.66 per ton, was three times what ought to be a fair rate, so that the reduction of one cent per gallon was but a slight relief. However, the people of the Northwest did not want to destroy the Petrolia industry, and if the Government would but allow the coal oil to go through in tank cars, that would be equivalent to a reduction of 5 1-2 cents. He also wanted the duty reduced on implements and fruit. The people of the Northwest were pretty well satisfied with the tariff, recognizing that it was but an instalment. He could understand the Opposition's vexation because their policy had been scooped from them. [Hear, hear.] If England took our surplus agricultural products we should take English manufactured goods, if they were better and cheaper than we could make in Canada.

Mr. N. Clarke Wallace replied that if, as the hon. gentleman boasted, the Government had scooped the Conservative policy, it meant that their tariff was largely protective, and how did the honorable gentleman's satisfaction with that square his own and his friends' campaign speeches? [Hear, hear.] But Mr. Wallace did not agree that the tariff was wholly a protectionist one: neither did it fulfil the pledge of free raw material. For instance, there was the duty on coal, and the duty of over 100 per cent. upon uncleaned rice. What the Government ought to do was to impose an export duty on saw logs and pulp wood. Then the ex-Controller proceeded to analyze the tariff changes. Where were the free raw materials promised by the Liberals? They had increased the duty on unshelled rice from 75c to 81c per hundredweight. The duty had been retained on bituminous coal and there was a prospect of a duty being placed on anthracite. The Government had placed corn on the free list, thus giving the United States that measure of benefit without providing for reciprocity. Free corn for free barley had been the Conservative policy. The Government boasted of its preferential treatment of British goods, but what had it really done? Simply added 25 per cent. to the tariff and then reduced it by 12 1-2 per cent. to Great Britain. They reminded Mr. Wallace of the fake shopkeeper who marked his 15c goods up to 25c and then advertised "Great reduction from 25c to 20c." [Laughter.] That was just what had been done in the case of linens, which chiefly came from Great Britain, and would continue to come from that country. Of linens, brown and bleached, flax and flax thread, etc., we imported in 1896 a total of $1,360,000, of which $1,292,000 worth came from Great Britain, and on this class of goods the Government had actually increased the tariff from 16 2-3 per cent. to 25 per cent. It might be asked why then did the Conservatives complain? They complained because of this class of goods not a dollar's worth was made in Canada, and for that reason the duty had been kept down to the revenue basis of about 20 per cent. Of cottons, printed, dyed and colored, we imported in all $2,600,000 worth in 1896; of which 80 per cent. or about $2,000,000, came from England. The remainder, some small special lines, were imported from the United States and would continue to be. Well, before the Government made the preferential cut of 12 per cent. on this class of goods, they added 16 2-3 per cent. Of other cotton goods we imported from Great Britain last year three and one-quarter millions out of $4,000,000 worth, so that we could not do a much greater business with the Old Country in these old lines than we were doing. In the matter of woolens the Government made a great boast of having removed the specific duties; but in every case where they abolished specific duties they have destroyed a Canadian industry and they really collect the most revenue on specific duties of all. On the five leading articles of revenue, yielding $11,639,000, the revenue was still collected by specific duties. If specific duties were such a monstrous thing, why had the Government retained them on wines, spirits, sugar and tobacco? Mr. Paterson, in his speech, declared that these specific duties were levied to disguise taxation. But Mr. Wallace contended that the specific duty was the only one the consumer really did understand. What did they know of cost in England upon which ad valorem duty was levied? The value of woolens, upon which specific duty was collected, was $873,000—the duty being 5c a pound and 25 per cent., equal to 32 1-2 per cent. The new duty is 35 per cent. Why should the protectionists complain of the increase? They complain because on goods costing 60c per yard and up, on which the duty was 18 1-2c, it is now 3c more. On goods costing 50c a yard the protection is 2c more. And these are the rich man's wear, upon which the protection is increased. But what of the poor man's wear—the goods made from wool, the product of Canadian farms? Why, on all goods costing under 40c per yard and weighing 12 ounces to the yard the protection is less than formerly, by 25 per cent. The manufacturer who makes from the finer grades of imported wools is more highly protected; the manufacturer who uses the coarser home-grown wools has had his protection reduced and will have to shut down. [Hear, hear.] And then the result will be, said Mr. Wallace, that we will have the lower-priced English shoddy goods imported instead of the honest Canadian woolen stuff. [Cheers.]

Mr. Wallace here read a telegram from Cobourg, announcing that the woolen mills there, which shut down last year, were offered for sale yesterday and could not be sold.

Mr. Somerville: The old tariff killed it.

"Not so," replied Mr. Wallace, "we had the protection down to the lowest point it would stand, and the prospect of a further reduction killed it."

Of $2,674,000 worth of woolens imported last year, $2,583,000 worth came from England. That was equal to 90 per cent. of the importation. How much more did the hon. gentlemen expect to get under their so-called preferential tariff? Some more would be imported, of course, but it would be of a class that would result in this, that for every 200 men formerly employed in the business here, 100 men would be walking the streets. [Hear, hear.] The duty on coarse yarns had been reduced to 15 per cent., while the manufacturer of carpets, who chiefly used these yarns, would get a protection of 35 per cent. This would wipe out the former. How Mr. McMullen used to weep and wail over the fact that diamonds, uncut, used to be admitted free, while the poor man's foods were taxed from 25 to 35 per cent.! Diamonds are still free, yet Mr. McMullen is satisfied. Perhaps Mr. McMullen is going to wear diamonds after this, said the ex-Controller, whereat the members roared again.

Mr. Wallace next dealt with the duty on spirits. A bushel of corn produced three gallons of proof whiskey. Adding to the cost of the corn, 25 1-2 cents a bushel, the 7 1-2 cents duty, it would make the cost 33 cents, or 11 cents a gallon. The by-products nearly paid the cost of manufacture, but, adding 4 cents, it would make the cost 15 cents a gallon. Now, the difference between the excise and customs was 50 cents a gallon, which represented the protection to the distiller, a protection of 50 cents per gallon, or 330 per cent. The United States excise duty was equal to $1.32 per imperial gallon, against our Customs duty of $2.40, so that on every gallon brought in "underground" there would be a profit to the smuggler of $1 per gallon, or $40 a barrel. The Government had, therefore, he believed, gone beyond the revenue-producing powers of this article.

Mr. Wallace contended that every increase in the duty on tobacco since 1884 had resulted in less manufacture, and he believed the Government had made a mistake in increasing it from 20 to 39 cents a pound, just as the former Government made a mistake in 1886 in increasing the duty from 12 to 20 cents, the reduction in output being due to smuggling. With the United States excise duty at 6 cents per pound the profit to the smuggler henceforth would be 33 cents, which on a caddy of 20 pounds would give $6.60, and this would prove sufficiently remunerative to extend smuggling operations well into the interior of the country. The increased duty on cigars would result in the manufacture of a poorer quality of the ordinary five-cent cigar and would drive the business from Ontario to Quebec, where labor is cheaper.

Mr. Wallace condemned the anti-monopoly clause of the tariff. It was a power that no Government should possess. And how would it be employed? Take a case that came out in the Combines Committee in 1888, when it was shown that 18 manufacturers in a certain line were in a combine, and 40 were outside of it. Would the Government punish combinesters and independents alike by reducing the duty, thus penalizing people who had done no wrong by lessening their protection? Moreover, it had been found that the most oppressive combines were not those of manufacturers. For instance, there was the Wholesale Grocers' Guild. There was no "punishment" those gentlemen would like better than a reduction of duty. The combine in anthracite coal was proven to be oppressive, yet there was no duty on that coal; and what, again, of the insurance companies, the undertakers and the egg dealers? No, the chief use of the anti-combine clause would be, he feared, to enable the Government to put the screws on the manufacturers at a critical period, say, before an election. This matter should be dealt with by the courts, and if the present anti-combine act was not strong enough, let Parliament amend it and have combinesters punished by the law of the land, not left to the caprice of a Government.

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering.

"I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." MRS. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

The power thus vested in the Controller of Customs was one that properly belonged to Parliament; it was greater than the treaty-making power, which was a power that Parliament zealously guarded.

Taking the tariff as a whole, said Mr. Wallace, in conclusion, he favored it in so far as it remained unchanged, but whenever changes had been made they would result in the wiping out of Canadian industries that furnished cheap and honest goods to the people. Mr. Laurier could satisfy his free trade supporters by pointing them to the speeches of the Finance Minister and Sir Richard Cartwright; and when his protectionist friends complained, he could point them to the nine-tenths of the Tory tariff left untouched. Because he believed the prosperity of Canada was bound up in a protective tariff, and that when the Government had departed from it they had made a very grave mistake—for those reasons he hoped the resolutions would not pass. [Cheers.]

Mr. Macdonald (Huron) defended the tariff as a great reform of the fiscal system. He highly eulogized Mr. Laurier as a statesman and leader.

Mr. Bennett said that there was a grave commercial crisis in Canada at present, due to the Government's bungling over the tariff He asked Mr. Laurier what had become of his promise of free coal and free iron. Then he proceeded to discuss the lumber industry and strongly advocated the imposition of an export duty on logs. Existing conditions of trade had closed 80 saw mills in Ontario, throwing out of work nearly 3000 men. He thought the Government should grapple with this question. As to a preferential tariff, he urged that the Government should say if it had an agreement with the home authorities. As to the combines clause, he said it would never pass in this House. The terrors of the Inquisition would be nothing compared to that clause. The Government surely never expected it would go into force. He urged the Government to endeavor to perfect a tariff which would be of real benefit to the country, and he was satisfied they could count on the assistance of the Opposition.

Mr. Bennett made an excellent speech, putting his points clearly and well.

Mr. Davis (Saskatchewan) accepted the tariff as a great boon to the Northwest. He was pleased that the luxuries had been taxed. He would have liked to see a duty on tea. He wanted the Government to grapple with the transportation problem. He said the freight on a carload of apples from Seaforth to Prince Albert was $5.18.

Mr. Kendry defended the principle of specific duties, particularly that on woolens. The removal of specific duties would cause Canada to be flooded with cheap shoddy goods from England. The closing of the woolen mills would mean a loss to farmers, as it would de[illegible] them of their market for wool.

Dr. Roche (Marquette) told a story of broken political promises by the Liberals with embellishments, which created great applause among his own friends.

Mr. Wilson (Lennox) in the course of a practical review of the tariff proposals, quoted from the evidence given before commissions and showed that the views of at least two industries—the pork packers and furniture manufacturers—had prevailed with the Government. What the Canadian manufacturer had to dread was surplus manufactures from the United States, which would be disposed of in Canada at slaughter prices. He sympathized with the desire to extend preferential treatment to Great Britain, but not with the tendency of the tariff to discriminate in favor of the United States, and in this connection he protested vigorously against the free corn proposal, as American corn would simply displace Canadian coarse grains in the home market.

Mr. Casey moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned at midnight.

Saloon Keeper Shot Dead.

Chicago, April 29.—Emil Sohlern, a saloon keeper at 197 Wells-street, was shot and instantly killed just before midnight last night by one of three men who had entered the saloon for the purpose of robbery. Twenty men were in the place at the time drinking, but none of them made any effort to capture the robbers or offer resistance, and the murderer and his companions escaped.

Trapped the Officer.

A little time ago a tradesman who carried on business in a large provincial town happened to see a man whom he knew to be an Inland Revenue officer prying into his shop window. After satisfying his curiosity, the officer entered the shop, notebook and pencil in hand, and thus addressed the proprietor:

"Mr. Robins, I understand?"

"Yes, I am Mr. Robins."

"You keep a trap, I believe?'

"That is so."

"Have you a license for it?"

"I have not."

"Had you a license last year?"

"No."

"Then why didn't you take out a license?"

"Well, I didn't think it was needed."

"Oh, indeed! How many does your trap hold?"

"When it's full, five."

"And how many wheels has it?"

"None."

"None! Why, what sort of a trap is it?"

"Oh, it's a mouse trap!"

The officer beat a hasty retreat, followed by the loud laughter of the mischief-loving Mr. Robins.—Tid-Bits.

A Drawback.

Aunt—Well, Ethel, how do you like our new little brother?

Ethel (aged 4)—I don't like him at all. He can't even speak English.—Judge.

Too Much for the Dog.

"Chappie, how in the world do you get by that savage bulldog when you call at Miss Bullion's?"

"Blow cigawette smoke in his face."

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HEAD

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Properties reported on. Our correspondents in London are always prepared to handle large properties if satisfactory reports are furnished. 49 King Street West, Toronto. f26d1y

—Sir William Vernon Harcourt and Mr. Joseph Chamberlain conducted a fiery debate in the House of Commons over the Imperial Government's policy towards the Transvaal.

—Emperor William is reported to have a detailed plan by which the interests of Germany, France and Belgium in the Transvaal are to be protected against British interests. It is also reported that Russia is embittered against England.

—Mr. Church, Liberal, was declared elected for Lunenburg, N. S., at the recount held yesterday. In the bye-election in Colchester, N. S. For the Dominion House, Mr. McClure, Liberal, was elected by six majority.

—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, presented another very satisfactory budget to the Imperial Parliament. Trade has increased 5 per cent., the national debt has been reduced seven and a half millions, and the surplus is nearly two and a half millions.

WYETH'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT. This preparation is the best Malt Extract that can be had, and contains less alcohol than any other like article. It is a strength giver, food digester, and acts as a tonic in all cases of debility.

Daily Intelligencer.

A Letter From Scotland.

Dear Maister Editor.—The attitude o' Wastern Scotland this Summer, an' Glasgow in parteeckler, has been stannin' wi' upraised hands an' e'ebroes, lauchin' frae lug to lug, a perfect incarnation o' astonishment an' delight, tempered wi' a wee hair o' alarm. Sic weather! No a cloud worth ca'n'ane for six weeks! For six weeks no an umbrella hoisted in Glascow toon! For six weeks a Canadian sun, glad o' the chance for ance, had it a' his ain way, an' he fairly birsled the claes off their backs. The glesca "Keelies" were beginnin' to sing: "'E Dunno Where 'e Are," an' ilka Saturday afternoon there were a' oot on the Clyde like as mony drou'hy jucks. A juck canna thrive withoot watter, an' nae mair can a Glasconian. It's his native element, an' if the watter'll no come poorin' doon on him, he maun e'en go poorin' doon on the watter. They are a sappy folk, the Glasconians—in mair ways than ane.

Hooever, the drouth's broken at last, the rain's doon in his auld wae an' wont, an' Glagow is hersel' again. Whether it was the foreign Continental weather that had affeckit their brains or no, I canna say, but there was an awfu' ruction in the Toon Cooncil aboot allowin' the folk that live as thick as three in a bed in tenement hooses, washin' the stour off their skins in the baths on a Sunday mornin'. Ae sensible man, on the principle o' the greatest gude to the greatest number, said they should be open frae seven i' the mornin' till five i' the afternoon; but anither ane, nae doot a re-incarnation o' some auld Hebrew, stood up an' said it was an insult an' an offence to the Deity to hae folk washin' their skin on the Sawbeth Day when they ough to be i' the kirk. An hoo could the bath attendant get to the kirk if a' the hunners o' dirty tradesmen spent the day in gettin' the week's dirt oot o' their pores, instead o' attendin' to their sowls. No! it was better the hunners should gang dirty than that man should not get to the kirk. Gie the folk baths on the Sawbeth, an' the next thing they would be clamorin' for the picture galleries open, an' the libraries, an' gude kens a' what, so they compromised by lettin' the baths be open frae seven till ten.

For a' that Glascow is a fine city—a great city; second in the Empire as to population, but second to nane in municipal management an' enterprise. An' what dings me (after oor Canadian experiences) is the complete absence o' a' kinds o' jobbery an' self-seekin' in the Toon Councilors an' Magistrates. They seek election for the honor o' haein' a say in the direction o' the affairs o' the great city they hae the prood boast o' bein' citizens o'; an' the man that would lay a tarry finger neb on the public finances, or use his position for his ain private end, micht as weel, like Judas, gae hang himsel' first as last. Never again would he daur to appear, Sawtan like, whaur the sons o' God were gathered together in the Cooncil Chamber o' Glascow Municipal Buildings. The fine auld pride in personal honesty an' integrity is as strong as ever. Ma conscience! A Bailie! A Magistrate o' the Toon Cooncil! Wha would daur to dim the glory o' sic a prood poseetion by makin' onything for the pooch oot o't!

Ye may lauch, but I tell ye it's just this spirit o' patriotism, this unselfish interest in the welfare of the city, that's ane of the great secrets of Glasgow's astonishin' development an' success. Sae let your readers put that in their pipes an' smoke it. Next week I'll gie ye sic a screed o' details aboot municipal socialism in this great grey toon as 'll gar ye open your 'tither e'e; for whaur dy'e think is the headquarters o' enlichtened, Christian socialism, stappin' forrit slowly but surely, measure by measure, turnin' the siller that comes frae the people back to the people in a beneficent, social cycle, insteed o' into the private pouch, an' that private pouch to be left in thoosans to thowtless loons that ken naething but meltin' gude siller in hell fire. Whaur, indeed, but amang the hard-headed, warm-hearted, grim Scotties that sit in the Cooncil Chamber fornent the Post Office in Glasgow.

Yours fraternally,
HUGH AIRLIE.
Ayrshire, Scotland.

Try ARTHUR McGIE MERCHANT TAILOR, 300 Front St., Belleville, for your

Spring or Summer Suit.

A fine line of Pantings & Spring Overcoats
—OUR MOTTO.—
Prices to suit the times and a guaranteed fit. Call and be convinced.

Smith on Trial.

Willis Saunders Smith, of Marmora, was on trial yesterday and to-day before Judge Lazier on the charge of criminally assaulting a girl named Minnie Downard, aged nine years, of the same place. If the charge is proven the sentence should be very severe. Mr. Anderson for the Crown; Mr. C. E. Lyons for the prisoner.

PROMINENT BUSINESS MAN OF PETERBORO' CURED OF ECZEMA.

Mr. Thos. Gladman, bookkeeper for Adam Hall, Esq., stove and tinware dealer, Peterborough, writes the following facts: "Have been troubled for nine years with Eczema on my leg, and at times the itching was something terrible; tried many eminent doctors and was pronounced incurable. I had given up hopes of ever being cured when I was recommended by Mr. Madill, druggist, to try a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and I am happy to testify that after using two boxes I am completely cured."

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Juniors of the Y.M.C.A. will have a hare and hounds race to-morrow at 9:30 morning if weather permits.

BABY ECZEMA AND SCALD HEAD.

Infants and young children are peculiarly subject to this terrible disorder, and if not promptly arrested it will eventually become chronic. Dr. Chase made a special study of Eczema and disease of the skin, and we can confidently recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to cure all forms of Eczema. The first application soothes the irritation and puts the little sufferer to rest.

—It is reported that the decree granting reforms in Cuba was signed at Madrid and is to take effect immediately.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is known to be an honest medicine, and tactually cures when all others fail. Take it now.

—Admiral Sir George Willis Watson, formerly commander of the British North American fleet, is dead. He was seventy years of age.

—An anti-departmental store movement was inaugurated at Toronto yesterday in the formation of the Retail Merchants' Association of Canada.

—It is expected that Mr. Geo. A. Kirkpatrick, Lieutenant Governor of Ontario, will reach Toronto to-morrow, after his long absence, very much restored in health.

—The log of the Mayflower was formally handed over yesterday by the Bishop of London to Mr. Bayard, the recent United States Ambassador to England.

—The Rochester Conference of the Wesleyan Methodist Church has found the Rev. R. C. Horner guilty of wrong acting, and has expelled him from the conference and the function of his ministry.

GOODS FROM BRITAIN.

A Liberal Interpretation Will be Allowed for a Time.

The Dominion Government Said to Have a Thorough Understanding With Mr. Chamberlain in Regard to the Tariff—Deputations From Montreal and Other Places—Hull Electric Co. Again Knocked Out.

Ottawa, April 29.—(Special.)—Officials of the Customs Department were busy to-day sending out instructions to collectors for their guidance in connection with the importation of goods from Great Britain. A declaration will be required with each entry that the goods are the growth, produce or manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland. Hence, it will be necessary on the part of shippers of British goods to Canada to attach such a declaration to the invoice. It may be made before a Mayor, Justice of the Peace or Notary Public. On shipments already en route to Canada the department will be disposed to allow collectors some discretion, and will put a liberal interpretation upon the regulation, but when this requirement is fully known, of course the rule will have to be strictly enforced.

It is said in political circles that the Government has a thorough understanding with Mr. Chamberlain in reference to its tariff policy. The Colonial Secretary is anxious to show his willingness to aid the colonies, and for that purpose is prepared to make a denunciation of the German and Belgian treaties one of his strong cards. Just now Germany does not appear to have great love for England, and Mr. Chamberlain is not the kind of man to be afraid of ruffling German feeling.

Tariff deputations were thick on the ground to-day. Representatives of the Gale Manufacturing and the Allan Manufacturing Companies of Toronto, together with a number of Montreal men engaged in the shirts, collars and cuffs industry, were here to-day to ask for a reduction in the duty on raw material.

Mr. R. C. Wilkins of Montreal wants the old duty on waterproofs and oilcloths restored.

Messrs. F. B. and T. F. Willet of Chambly are here to ask for reconsideration of the woolen schedules.

J. M. Jencks of Sherbrooke, a large manufacturer of mining machinery, is here to protest against mining machinery being put on the free list. His firm has contracts with companies in the Rossland district for mining machinery this year to the value of $750,000, and say if tariff protection is removed it will mean the entire ruination of their business.

The Finance Committee of the City Council to-night had before it a communication from the City Council of St. John asking co-operation in appealing to the Privy Council to settle the question of the right of municipal bodies to tax incomes of Dominion civil servants. In 1880 the City Council of Ottawa fought this question and were beaten. Subsequently an agreement was made with the Government through Sir Hector Langevin, that in consideration of certain financial aid from the Dominion, the corporation of Ottawa would not seek to tax the incomes of civil servants. The City Solicitor held that this agreement was still binding, and the committee accordingly decided to notify the city of St. John that no financial aid could be expected from Ottawa.

The Speaker of the House of Commons and Mrs. Edgar gave a dinner this evening to which the following were invited: Hon. Wilfrid and Mme. Laurier, Mrs. Wilson, Hon. L. H. Davies and Mrs. Davies, the Hon. the Speaker of the Senate and Mrs. Pelletier, Major-General Gascoigne and Mrs. Gascoigne, Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., and Lady Tupper, Hon. Sydney Fisher, Hon. George E. Foster and Mrs. Foster, Hon. J. I. Tarte and Mme. Tarte, Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick and Mrs. Fitzpatrick, Sir A. P. Caron and Lady Caron, Sir Oliver Mowat and Miss Mowat, Hon. A. G. Blair and Mrs. Blair, Hon. R. R. Dobell and Mrs. Dobell, Mr. Crawford, Mr. Neeve, A.D.C., Hon. William Mulock and Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere.

The Minister of Railways was not able to be out to-day. A meeting of the Railway Committee was held at his house to hear the application of H. A. Powell, M.P., on behalf of private parties, who desire a central railway to construct certain drawbridges. A decision was not reached.

The attention of shippers of cattle to the United States is drawn to the fact that several cattle have recently been rejected on account of their suffering from actinomycosis (lump jaw). It is in the interest of shippers to see that no animals suffering from this disease are exported, either to the United States or Europe. They run the risk of their animals being seized and destroyed.

Premier Laurier will, it is announced, leave for England on June 3. All his arrangements for the trip are about completed. It is said that he expects to find Parliament in session when he returns. This will not be welcome news to legislators.

A BICYCLE CHASE.

Milo Warren was making a call on a girl to whom he was fondly attached, although he had never told her so. But this was a case where actions speak louder than words, and—leave a girl alone for finding out if a young man regards her with favor. Every girl is clairvoyant where affairs of the heart are concerned.

They were talking about their birthdays and the pleasant custom of giving presents at such a time.

"Let me see," said Milo, thoughtfully, "did you say your birthday came in September, Miss Nellie?"

"I didn't say," remarked Miss Nellie, demurely.

"Then it was December, wasn't it? Some lucky fellow will be giving you a diamond, perhaps!"

"Or a souvenir spoon," laughed Nellie; "you know they made jewel-spoons for birthday gifts, but all the girls changed their birthdays to December, and the young men could not stand the expense, and they sent a petition to the manufacturers, asking them to discontinue the custom, so no more spoons are in the market."

"I—I—I—really wish you would tell me when your natal day arrives. I might at least send you a bunch of roses, in remembrance of all the—the—happy days we have spent together. Is it this month, Miss Nellie?"

"You remind me of the parlor game: 'Is it this? Is it that?'" said Miss Nellie, and then fearing that the young man was becoming sentimental she turned the conversation to other subjects.

But the next day Milo Warren dropped casually into the store where Miss Nellie Newton's best brother was engaged as bookkeeper, and inquired solemnly at the grated window, which permitted a segment of his countenance to appear, if that young man would take lunch with him.

"Certainly," was the brusque reply from a mouth full of pens; "I'll meet thee at Philippi—I mean at Hunger & Co.'s—in an hour."

He was there, and at the pleasant spread of good things provided Milo Warren propounded this conundrum:

"If you like a girl awfully, but haven't told her so, and you think she maybe likes you awfully—no, I don't mean that—but if that girl has a birthday, and you want to make her a present, and she wont tell you when it is—the birthday, you know—oh, hang it all, I'm everlastingly mixed up. Can't you help a fellow out?"

Lyman Newton laid aside his knife and fork, and looking Milo in the face asked, seriously:

"Any insanity in your family, Milo?"

"None that I ever heard of outside of my own case," was the depressed answer.

"Reducing your heroics to a plain statement, then, you want to give a girl of your acquaintance a birthday present."

"Exactly."

"Is she an Old Woman?"

"What do you mean?" roared Warren, turning red. "I'll thank you to speak with respect of my friends—besides I—"

"Oh, no harm done; don't get riled so easily. I wanted to know if she belonged to the past age or the present. I take it, then, that she's a New Woman?"

"I understand now. Yes, I believe she has advanced opinions, but she isn't one of those dreadful creatures that advocate the wearing of bloomers. Nellie is the soul of womanly modesty, and—"

"Nellie? Do you know this bright particular star?"

"Why, of course you do—I quite forgot—she's your sister!"

"Well, I like that! And you want to make her a birthday present and don't know the day. Sorry, old fellow, but I can't help you out. Nellie would take my head off if I told."

That ended the lunch, but an unforeseen thing happened. Just as Milo Warren left his company at the corner he saw an urchin he knew. It was the infliction known as Nellie's youngest brother, age seven, capacity for mischief seven times seven, precocity unlimited by any period of time.

Milo, with malice prepense, engaged the dear child in a surfeit of sweets, and then asked, as if the idea was not of the least consequence, and had just occurred to him:

"When does Sister Nellie have a birthday?"

The dear child looked at him for a moment, drew his mouth round under his ear, elevated both eyebrows, and said in a confiding, infantile voice:

"What'll yer give ter know?"

Advantageous terms being made, the boy puckered his mouth for a whistle, thought better of it and gave the following Saturday as his sister's birthday.

"An' if yer want to make yourself solid—see—just send her a real stunner of a bike."

"What! A bicycle? Does she ride?"

"How kin she? I reckon she kin learn, mister. You just send that bike—there ain't nothin' Nell wants wuss nor that."

With this advice, and being sworn to secrecy, the small terror bowed himself off.

It gave Milo Warren something to do to purchase that bicycle and have it delivered to Miss Nellie on her birthday in an anonymous manner. He expected it back every hour for about a week, but it did not come, and he felt safe. The small brother had not betrayed him after all.

But after a little he began to wish he had, for Miss Nellie had evidently mounted that bicycle and ridden out of his life. He called, but she was out on her bicyce, no matter what the hour was, noon or night, and he got himself run over on the street and knocked down daily by dashing out from sidewalk corners to see who the rider was, and getting hurt for his pains. When he could stand it no longer he came to a sudden resolve—he would buy a bicycle for himself, and perhaps be able to find Nellie.

And now began an exciting chase for life and liberty, for at one moment the amateur bicyclist was under the feet of a trampling horse, the next he was running over a wrathy pedestrian, and he usually ended his experiences by picking up his frisky steed and carrying it to the shop for repairs.

And all this time he never caught a glimpse of Nellie, but he was inclined to think he divined the cause. Judging from his own experience in learning to ride a bicycle, Nellie might be exercising her own fractious acquisition on some remote roadway outside the city limits—or, dreadful thought, might even be laid up herself for repairs. He called on the bookkeeper brother, but found him busy and noncommital. So he waited and tried to possess his soul with patience, and learn to ride a bicycle without the zigzag motion that had endangered the lives of the populace and nearly caused his arrest by the police.

Then he made the discovery that if he gave his wheel its head, it would behave much better than when he guided it carefully, to the end that it traversed both sides of the street at once. After acting like a thing possessed it learned to behave, and he found himself skimming along like a bird on the wing, with an exultant sense of freedom and delight, and he longed to see Nellie and tell her what he had been trying to say for months—that he loved her.

And at that moment there whizzed past him a vision in bloomers, one of those dreadful new women of whom he had heard, and now was to see. He almost felt that it was disloyalty to gentle little Nellie to ever look at such an apparition; but somehow she looked so quaint in her saucy jacket and baggy trousers, her neatly gaitered feet were so pert and independent, that Milo looked and looked again, then he gave a great whoop, and took after the flying wheel like a streak of lightning.

His confidence stood him instead of skill. He went spinning along in fine style until he reached a parallel with the girl with bloomers, then he leaned over to speak to her, toppled and fell in a heap, but not before he had gasped: "Nellie!"

That young lady skilfully eluded the wreck, made a fancy run and turn, and as Milo gathered himself up, said, pleasantly:

"Why, Mr. Warren, I didnt know that you rode a wheel."

"I don't," said the young man, ruefully, feeling of his elbow to determine whether it was dislocated or merely abraded, "but you, Miss Nellie, are quite an expert."

Miss Nellie murmured something about the wheel being a present from her brother, and that she had not cared to ride, but just did to please him.

"But you ought to see my little brother ride," she said, with enthusiasm; he rides the wheel when I am not using it, and he makes it spin. Why, he rides standing up, and I'm so afraid something will happen to him."

Milo was walking along, leading his wheel, as if he preferred that way, and Miss Nellie gave him several exhibitions of her skill, and each moment made a stronger and more lasting impression on the poor fellow's heart. But even bicycle courtship comes to an end, and they were at Nellie's home, and he must leave her, unless—he asked for a glass of water, and before it was brought he sat down with the wheel on the sidewalk.

It was a sudden and most effective stroke of art. Nellie cried and asked if he was killed anywhere; Mrs. Newton brought camphor; they got him into the house, and then he was able to speak, and said what was true enough—that he had lost his head for a moment.

The two most expert cyclists on the avenue are Milo and Nellie. You will recognize her by her brown bloomer suit, which is much admired, and he by the glad smile which mantles his expressive countenance. Nellie knows now who gave her the wheel, and Milo has had another example of the total depravity of the small brother. Nellie's birthday comes in January, put to expedite matters the imp changed it to July. However, all's well that ends well.—Detroit Free Press.

Good for a Bruise.

Wormwood boiled in vinegar and applied as hot as can be borne on a sprain or bruise is an invaluable remedy. The affected member should afterward be rolled in flannel to retain the heat.

How to Cook Vegetables.

When cooking vegetables do not entirely cover the kettle. It will be better to let part of the steam escape.

FOR SATURDAY

MAY 1st,

We will offer to please some who did not get an opportunity on the past two Saturdays.

An All-Steel Hammer for 25c.

A Set of Sensible Sad Irons for 57c, and a

No. 30 Granite Wash Bowl for 13c.

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—CARTS AND VELOCIPEDES.

A large variety of above to choose from.

A Few Prices on Staple Goods

Coats's Spools, 2 for 5c; 3 String Brooms, 10c; 3½ doz. Clothes Pegs, 5c; Best Baking Powder, 20c per lb.; Shoe Polish, 2 boxes for 5c; Best Matches, 10c box; Buttermilk Complexion Soap, 3 cakes for 10c; Lunch Baskets, 10c; Paint Brushes, 7c up; Buggy Whips, 7c up; Quaker Laundry Soap, 2 for 5c; Chicago H. N. Soap, 8 for 25c.

Japan Teas, 20c, 25c, 30c and 40c a lb. Tea checks or a present with each pound, at

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Is now on, and, as usual, my reputation for Good Clean Field Seeds will be fully sustained. Good prices will be paid for good seeds, but only good seeds wanted.

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Maple Flooring, Kiln Dried, from $22 up.

18 inch XX Cedar Shingles, good quality, $1.50.

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Lumber, rough and dressed, at all prices.

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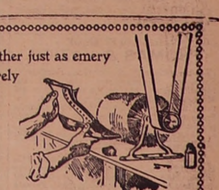

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